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# **Systems Interaction Results from the Digraph Matrix Analysis of a Nuclear Power Plant's High Pressure Safety Injection Systems Volume 2**

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I. J. Sacks, B. C. Ashmore, and H. P. Alesso

Prepared for  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission



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## ABSTRACT

Spatial and functional coupling (including human actions) of nuclear power plant systems that lead to interdependencies are called Systems Interactions. At present, the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) is investigating ways of identifying and evaluating systems interactions. One approach is based on graph-theoretic methods utilizing matrix representations of logic diagrams called Digraph Matrix Analysis (DMA).

Our objective in this report is to demonstrate the capabilities of Digraph Matrix Analysis to model an accident sequence (including front-line systems, support systems and human actions) as a continuous, well-integrated logic model in order to identify and evaluate functional systems interactions.

The selected accident sequence, loss of high pressure safety injection during a LOCA, was modeled and qualitative and quantitative comparisons were made to the Reactor Safety Study (WASH 1400) and other studies. The results demonstrate that: (1) DMA is highly capable of modeling and evaluating an accident sequence (including front-line systems, support systems, and human actions) as a continuous and well-integrated logic model in order to identify and evaluate systems interactions; (2) numerous, non-intuitive systems interactions were found between front-line and support systems that collectively contributed significantly to the overall failure probability, and (3) the reactor operators can provide a significant improvement in safety if they correctly respond to the failure of an automatic system.



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## PREFACE

This volume, the second of a two-volume report, contains:

Appendix B - the complete set of digraphs for the High Pressure Safety Injection System;

Appendix C - the corresponding adjacency listings; and

Appendix D - the data base used for the quantitative analysis.

Volume I included the main report and Appendix A.

APPENDIX B

COMPLETE SET OF FAILURE-ORIENTED DIGRAPHS FOR SIPIS.

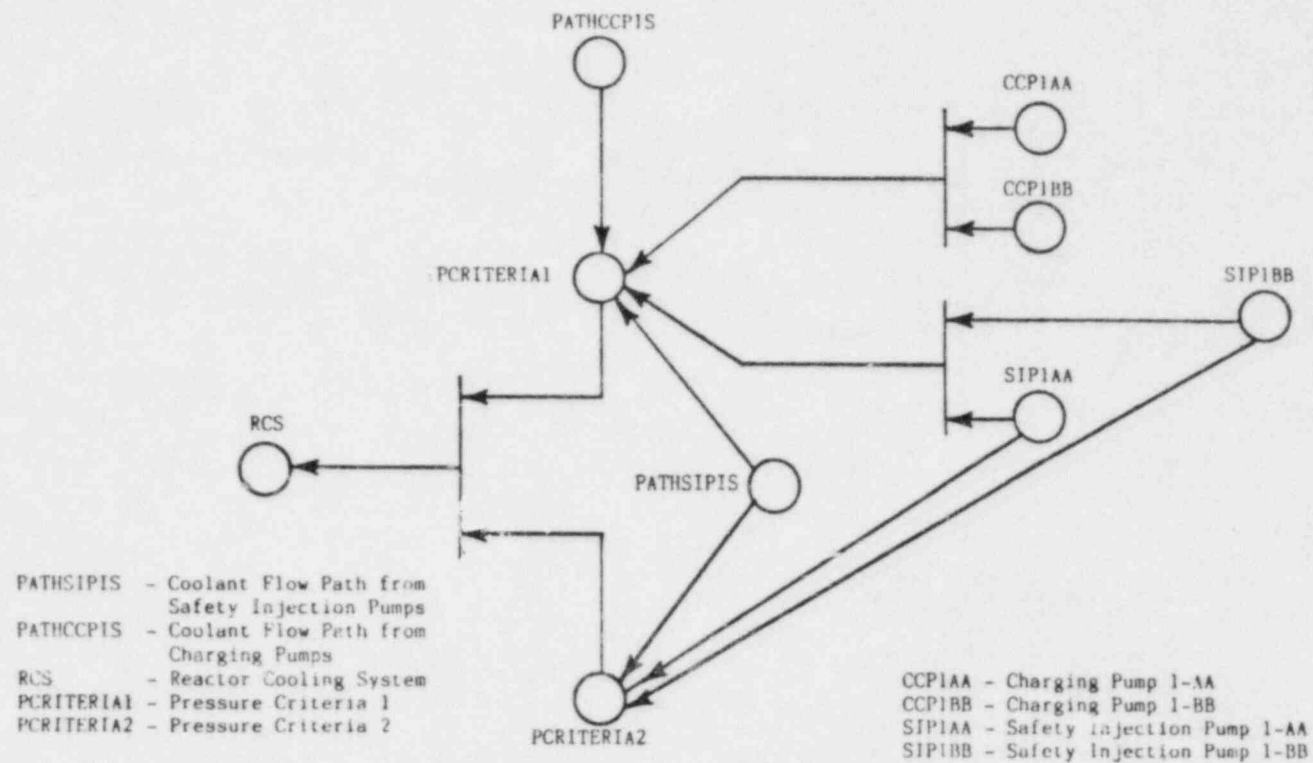


Figure B-1. RCS.DAT System Success Criteria For SI LOCA

B-4

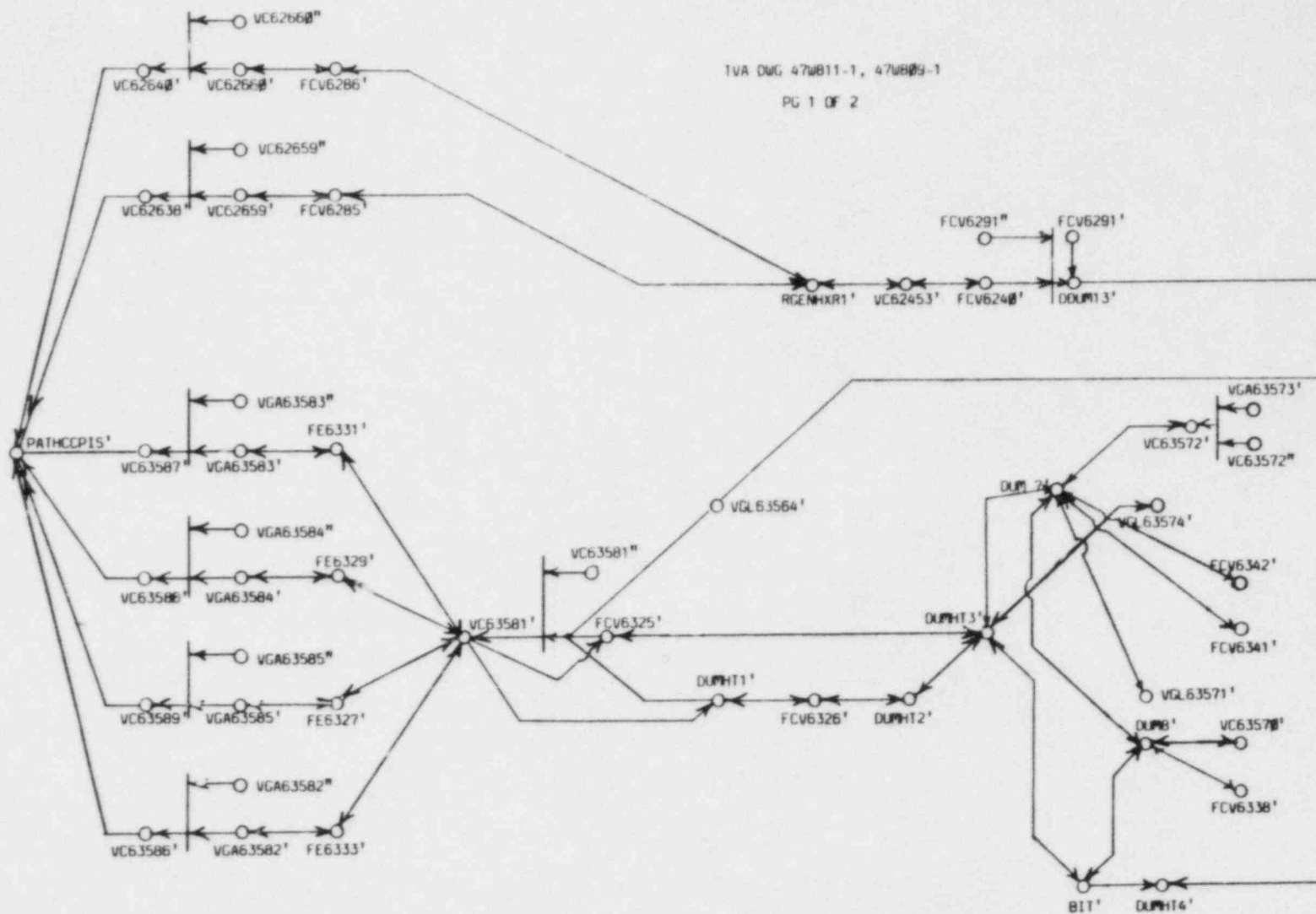
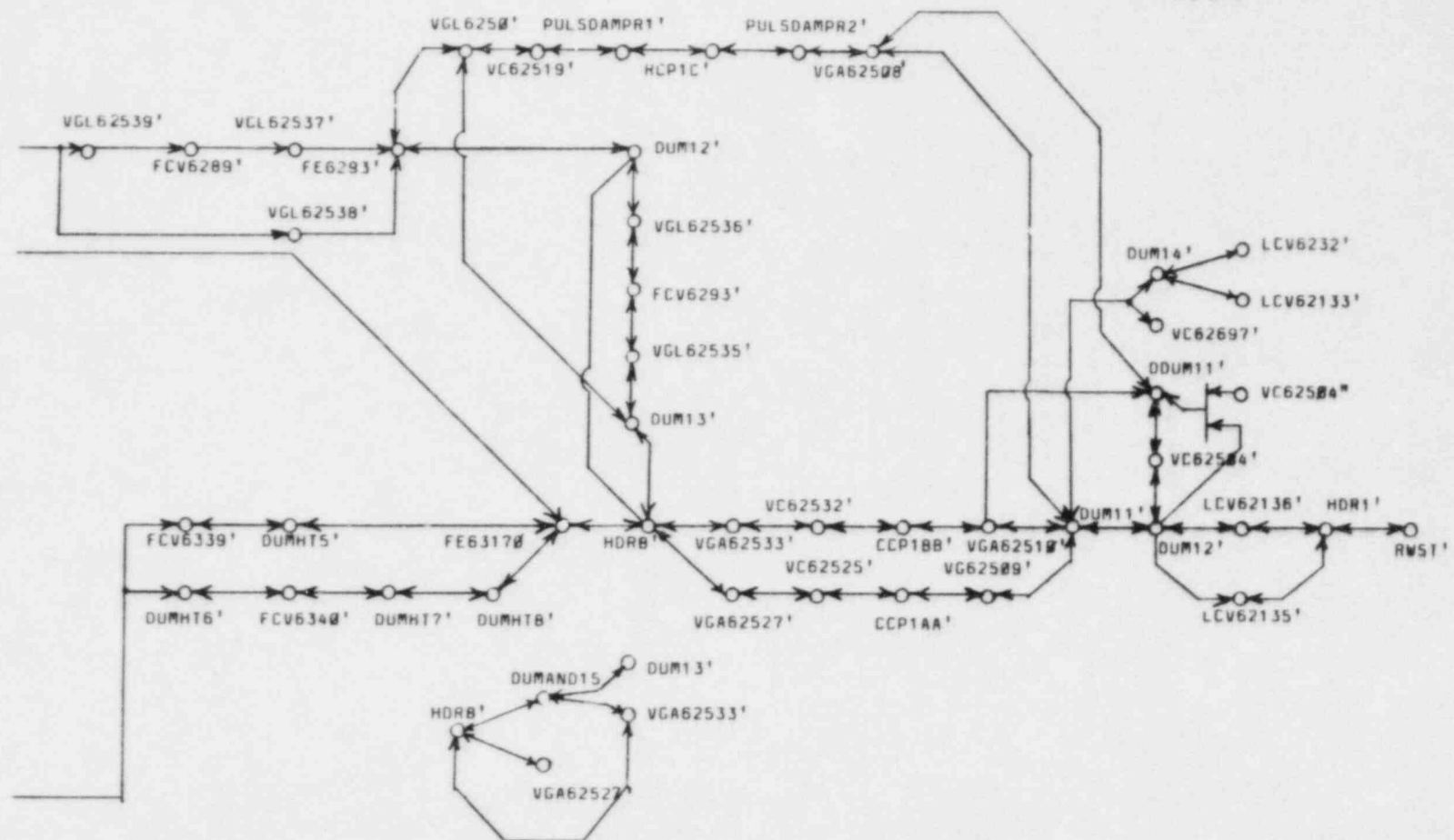


Figure B-2. CBREAK.DAT Break Model for CCPIS





B-6

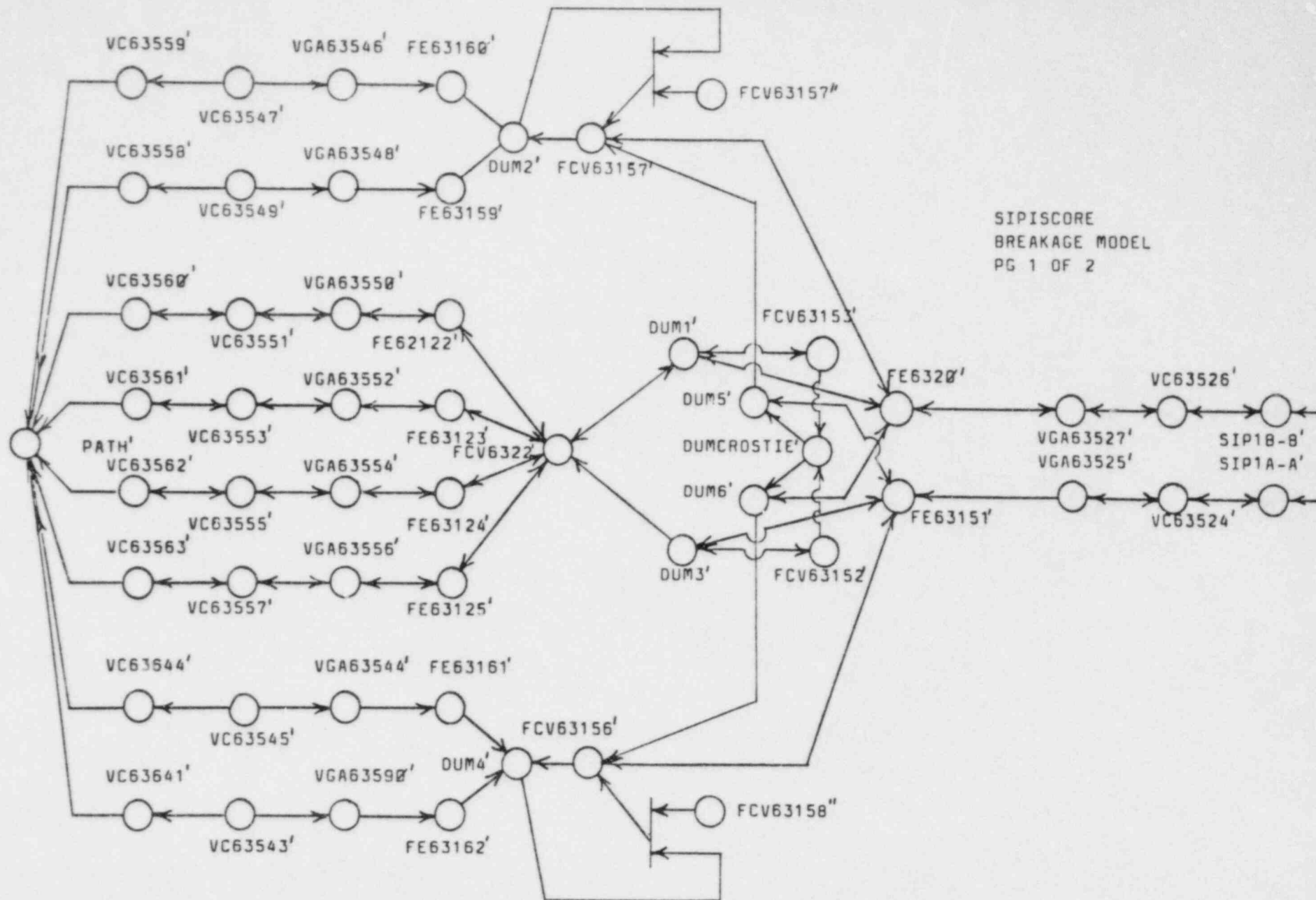
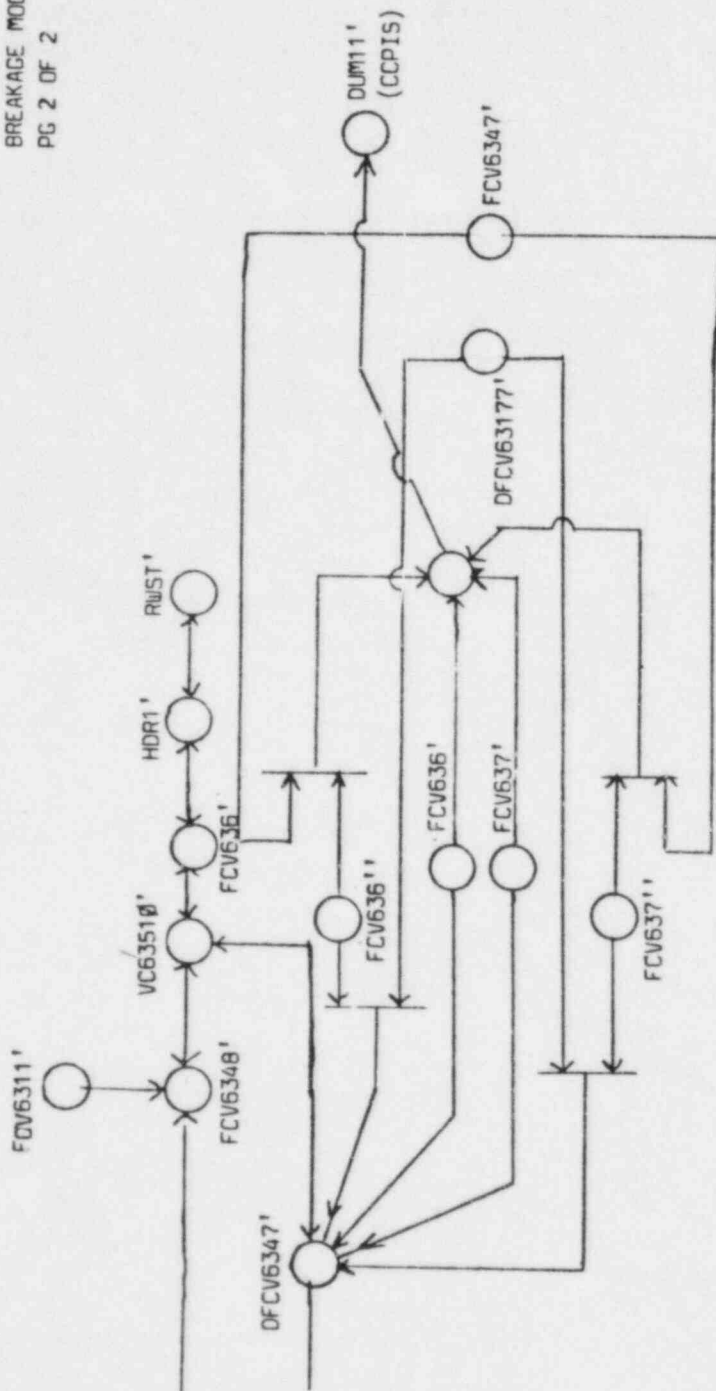


Figure B-3. SBREAK.DAT Break Model for SIPIS



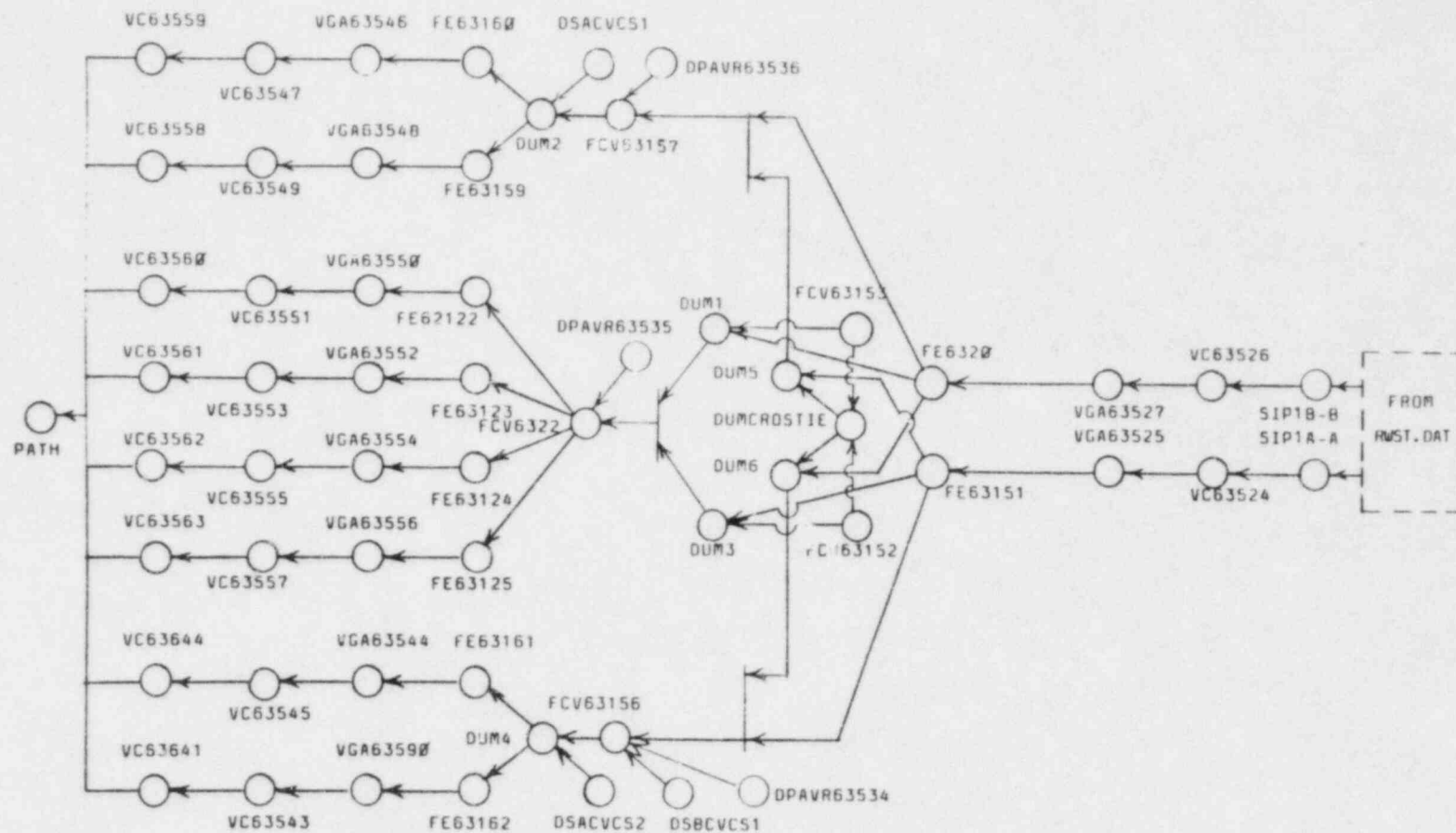


Figure B-4. SIPISCORE.DAT Front-Line Injection System SIPIS

TVA DWG 47W811-1, 47W809-1

PG 1 OF 2

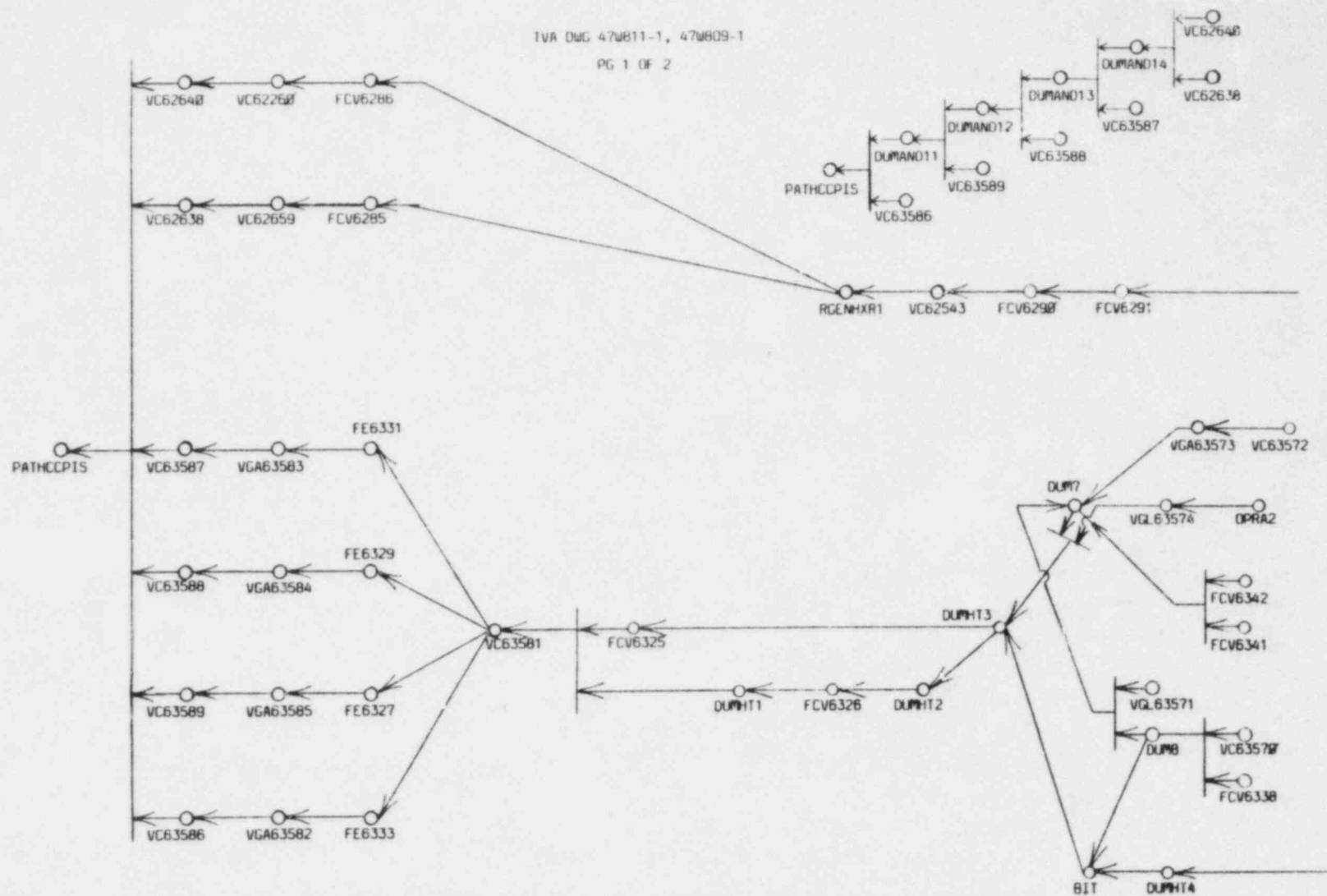
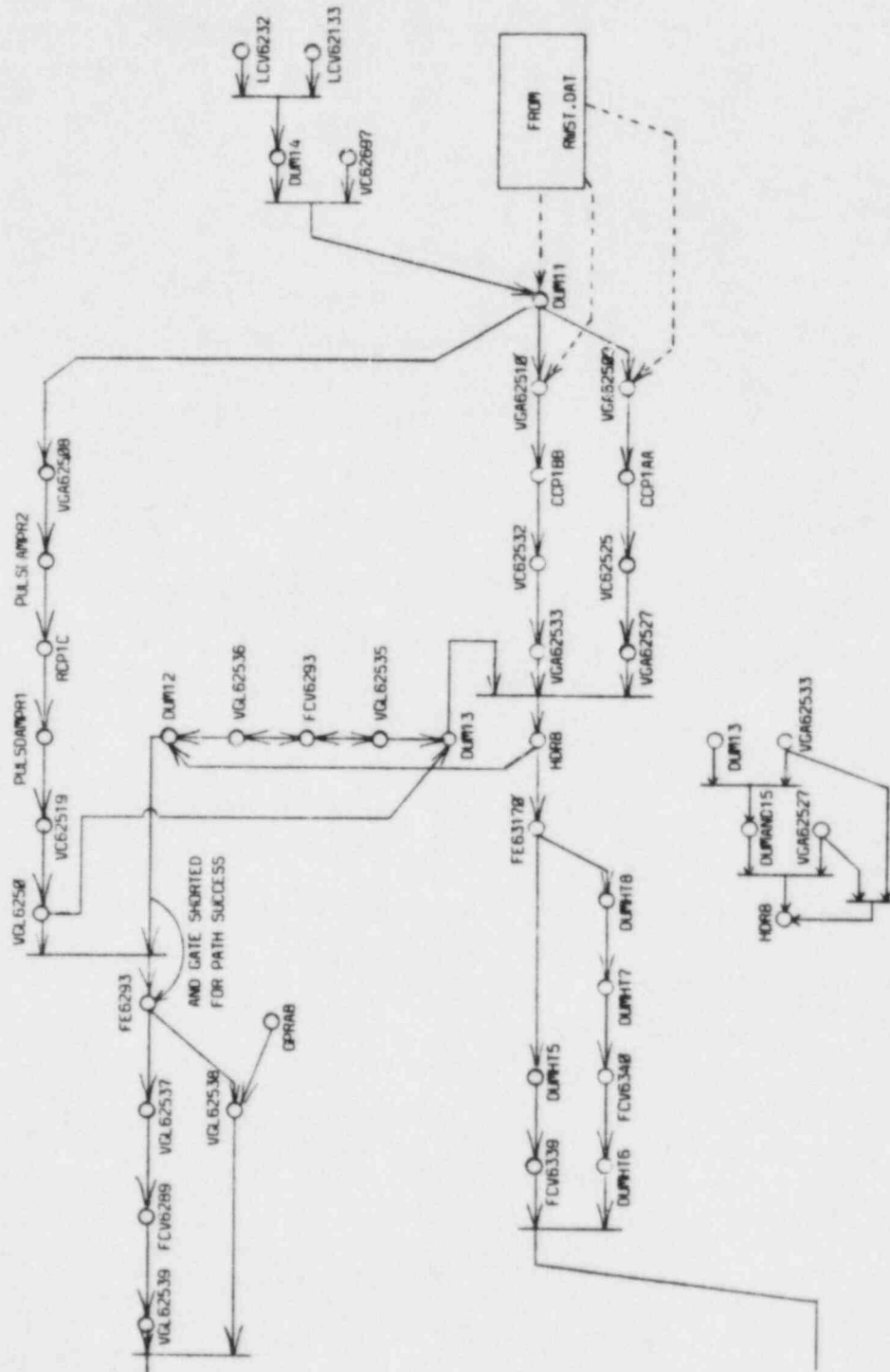


Figure B-5. CCPISCORE.DAT Front-Line Injection System CCPIS





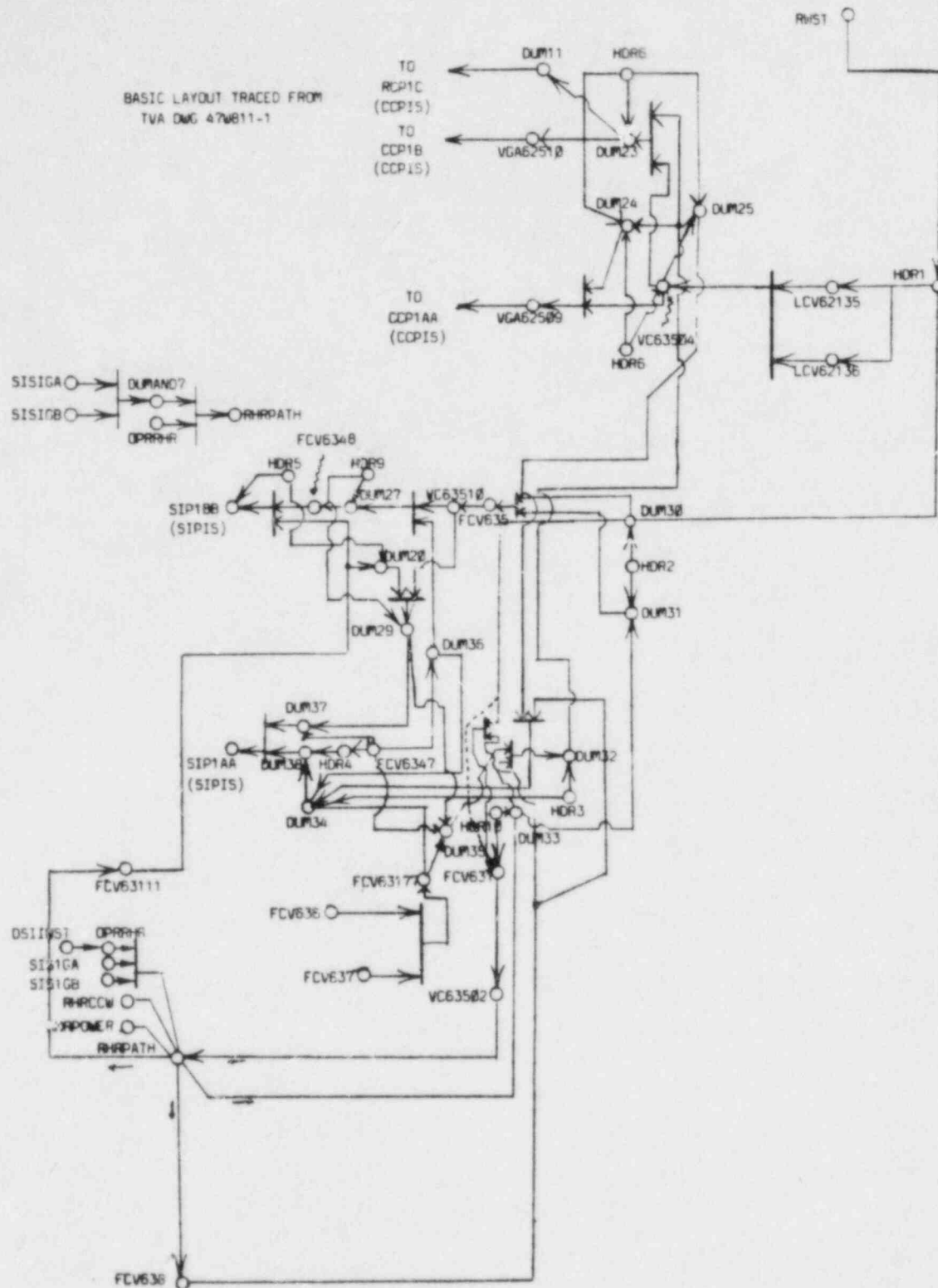
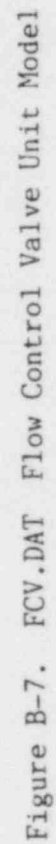


Figure B-6. RWST.DAT Network Connecting RWST to SIPIS & CCPIS





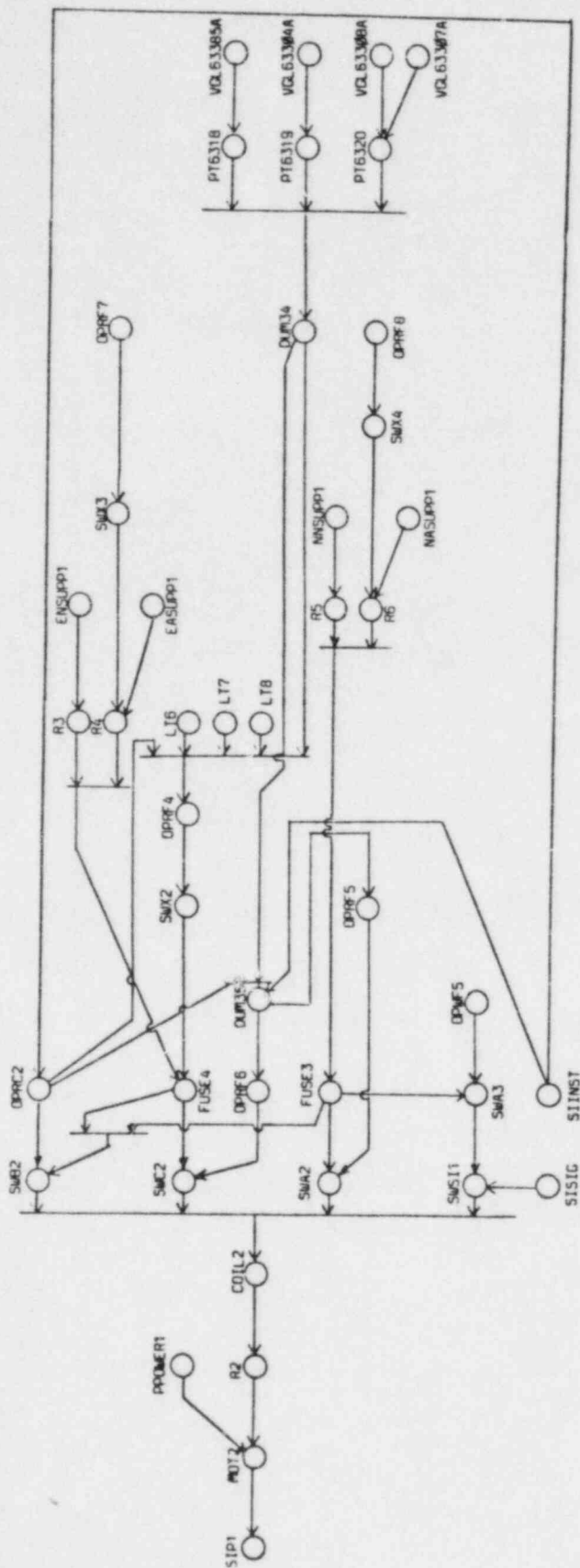


Figure B-9. PUMP.DAT Pump Unit Model

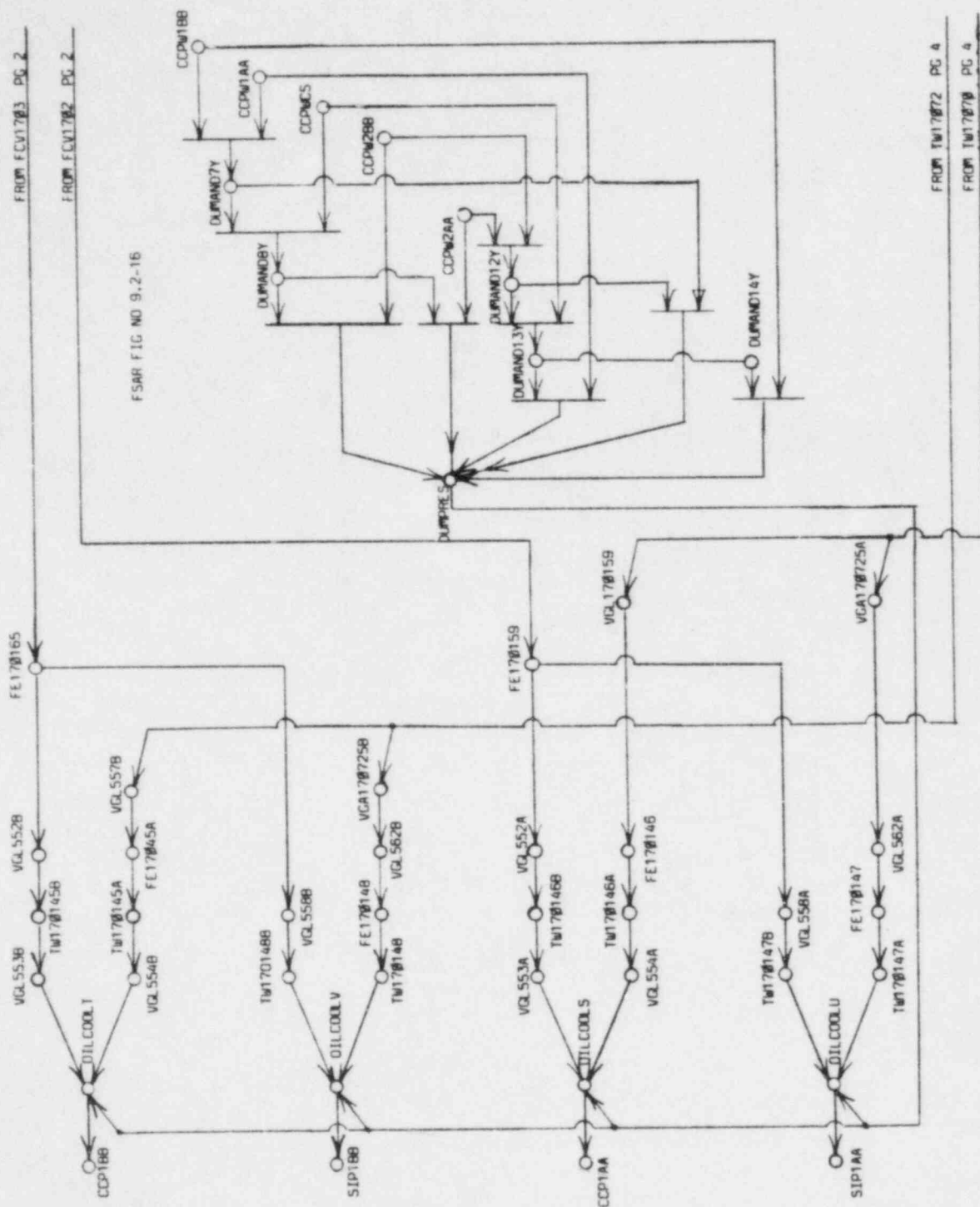
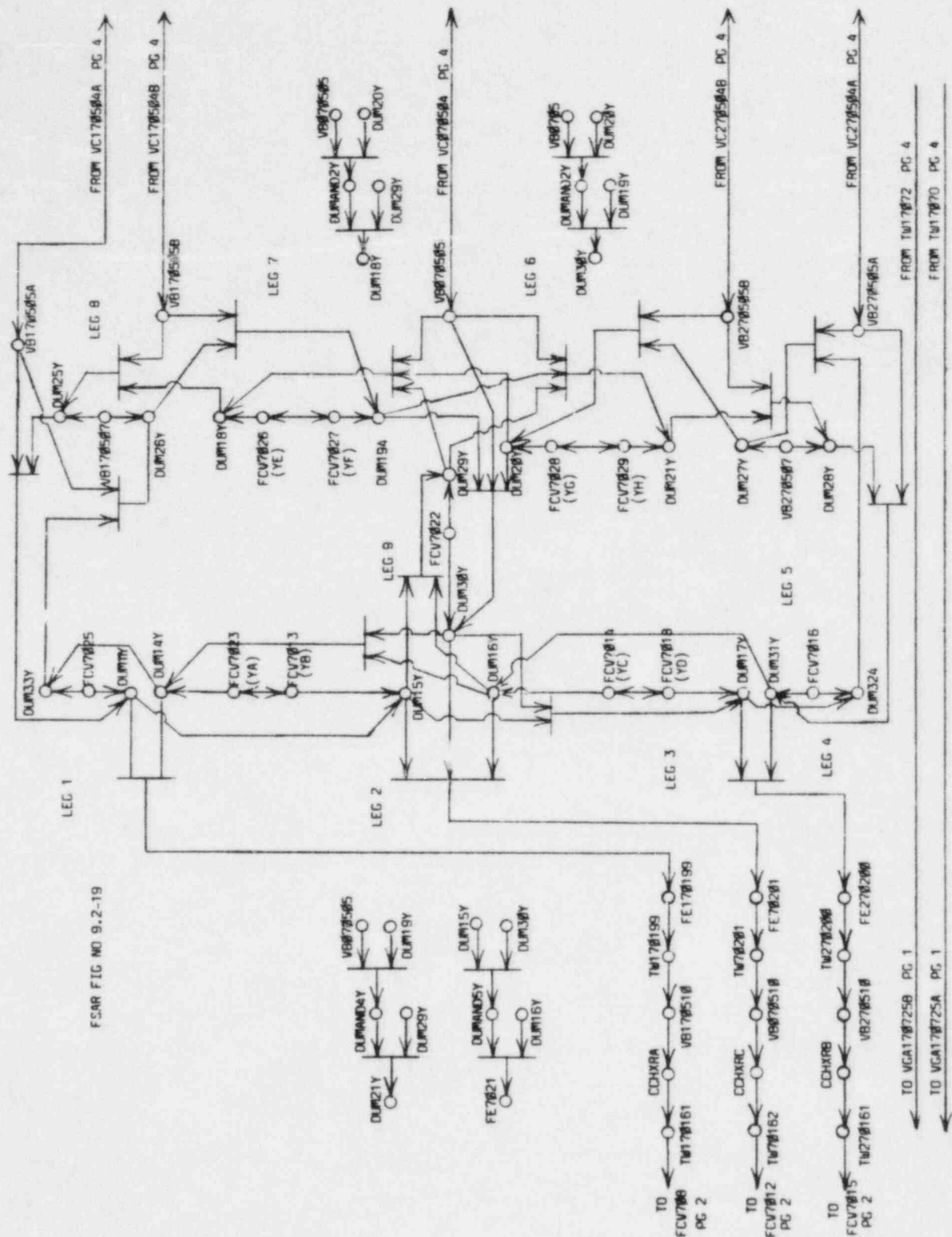
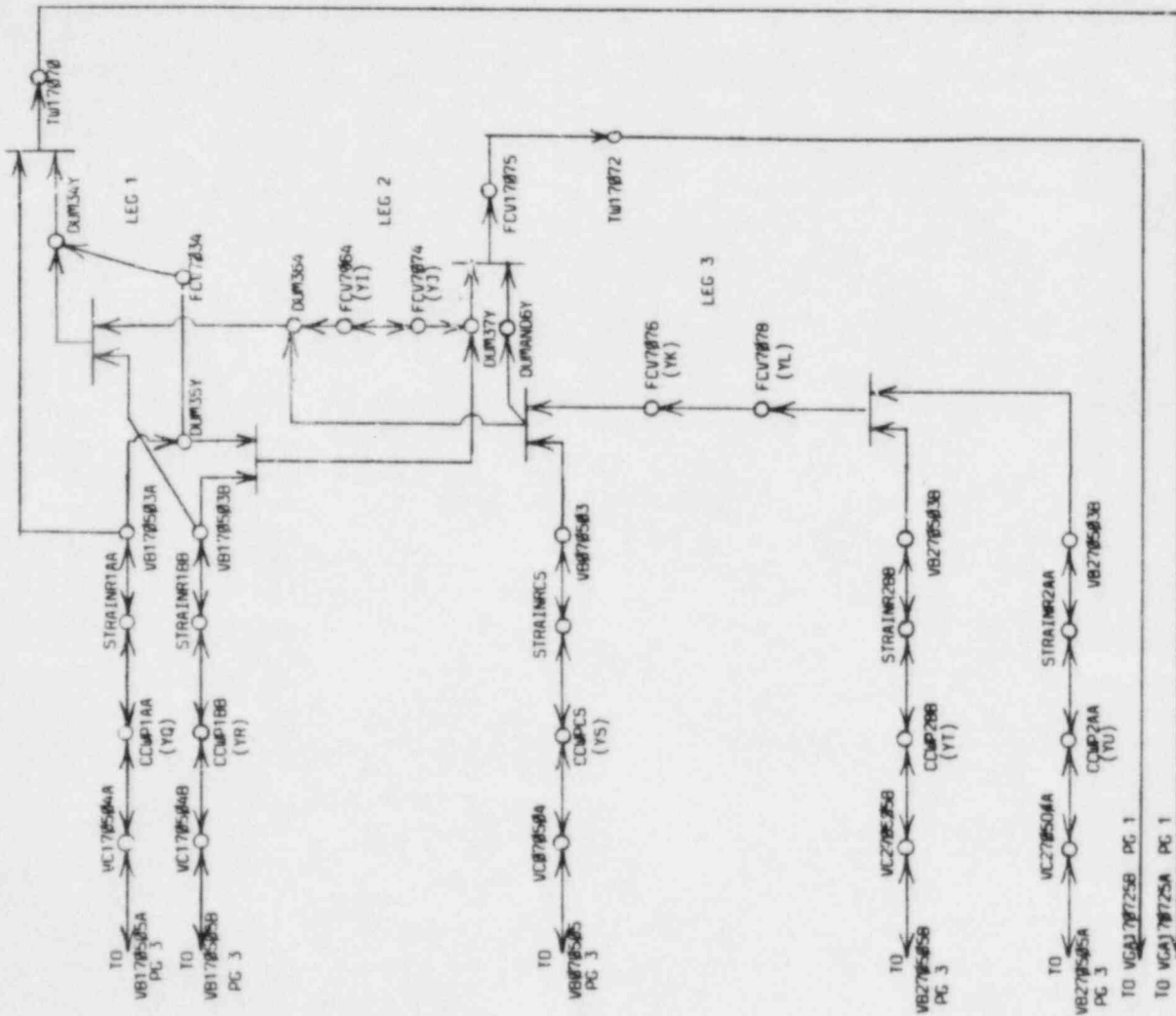


Figure B-10. CCS.DAT Component Coolant System









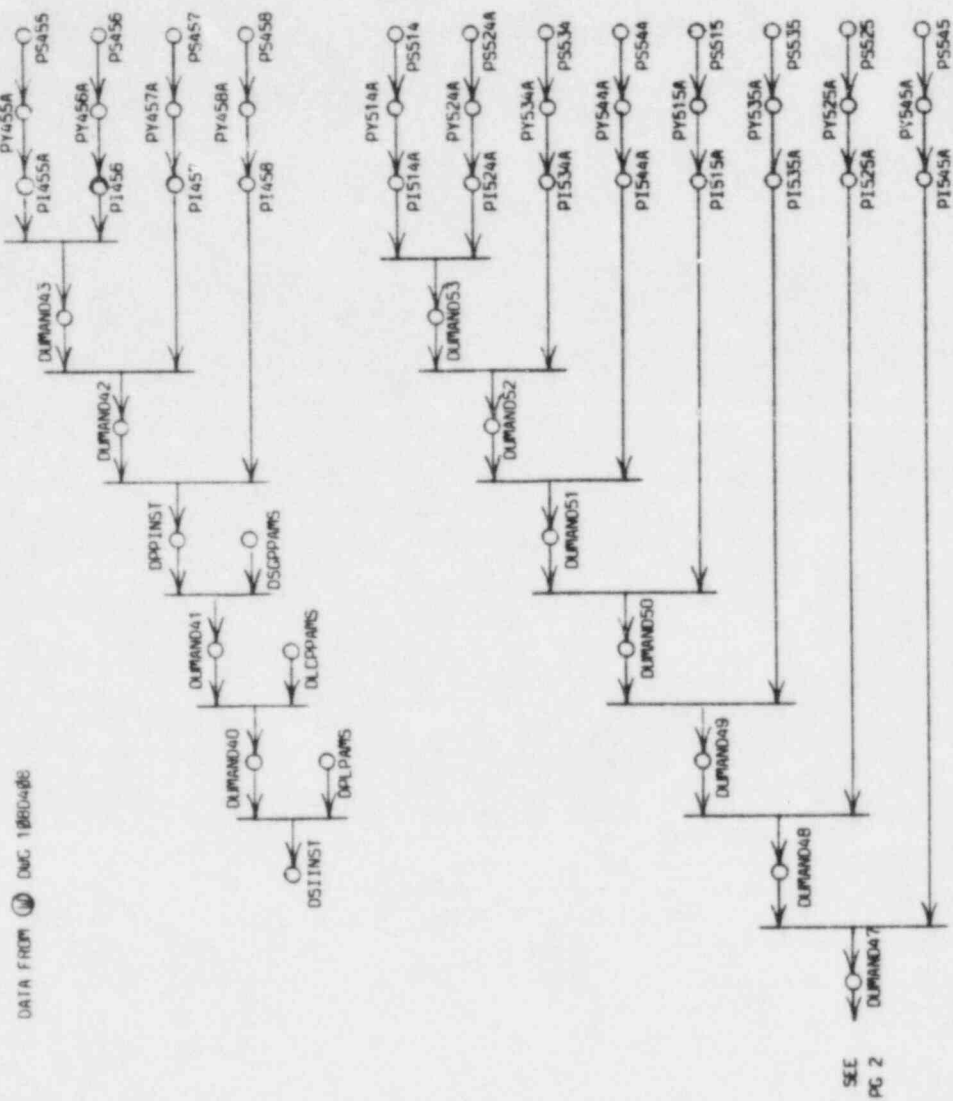
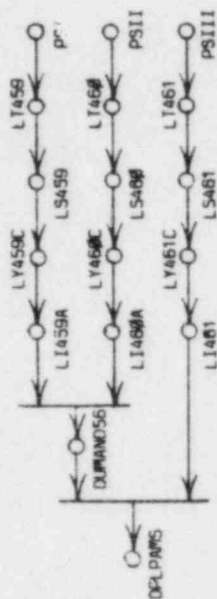
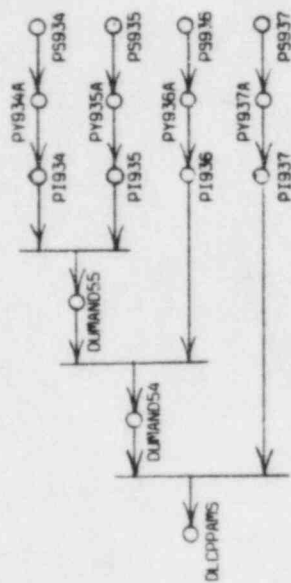


Figure B-11. DSIINST.DAT Safeguards Actuation Instrumentation



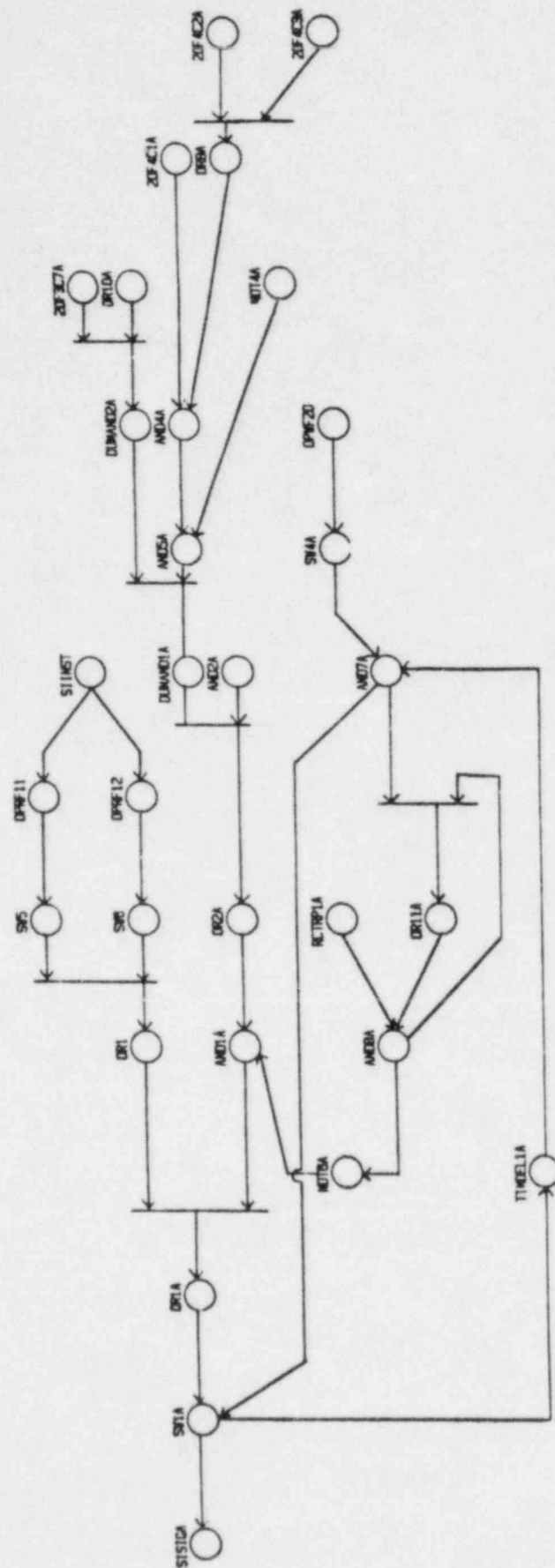


Figure B-12. SILOG1.DAT Output Logic for Automatic SISIG System

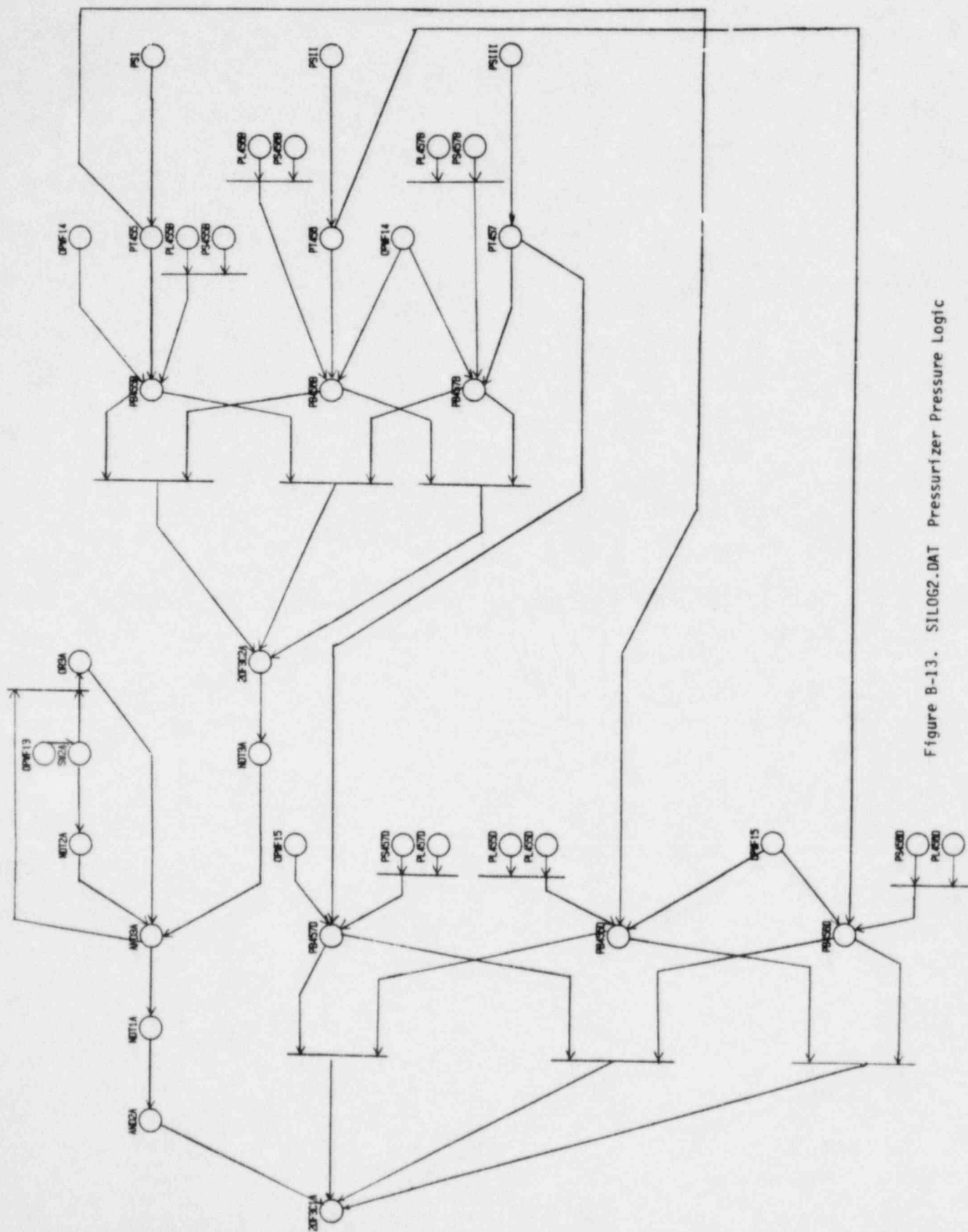


Figure B-13. SILOG2.DAT Pressurizer Pressure Logic



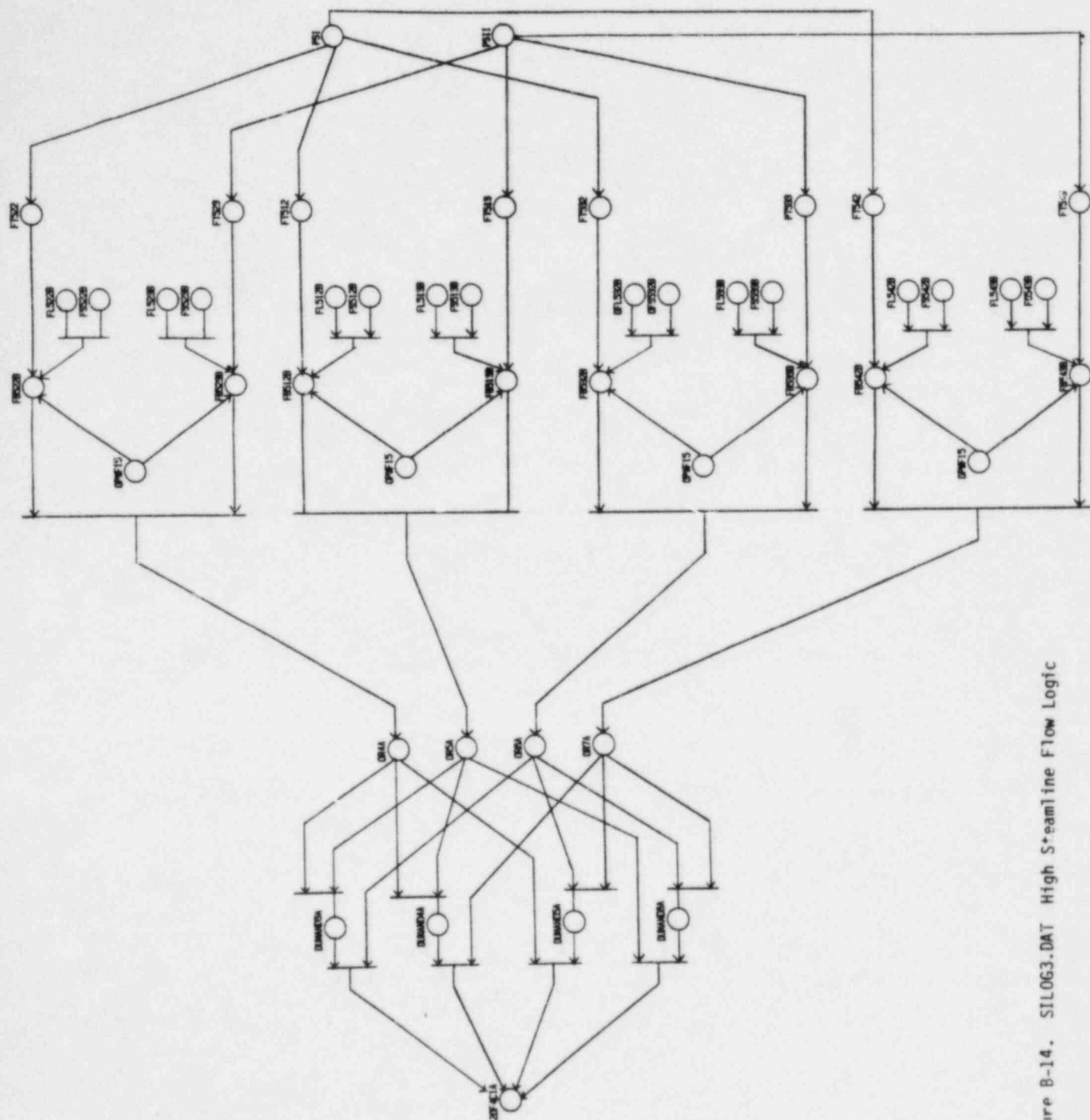


Figure B-14. SIL063.DAT High Steamline Flow Logic

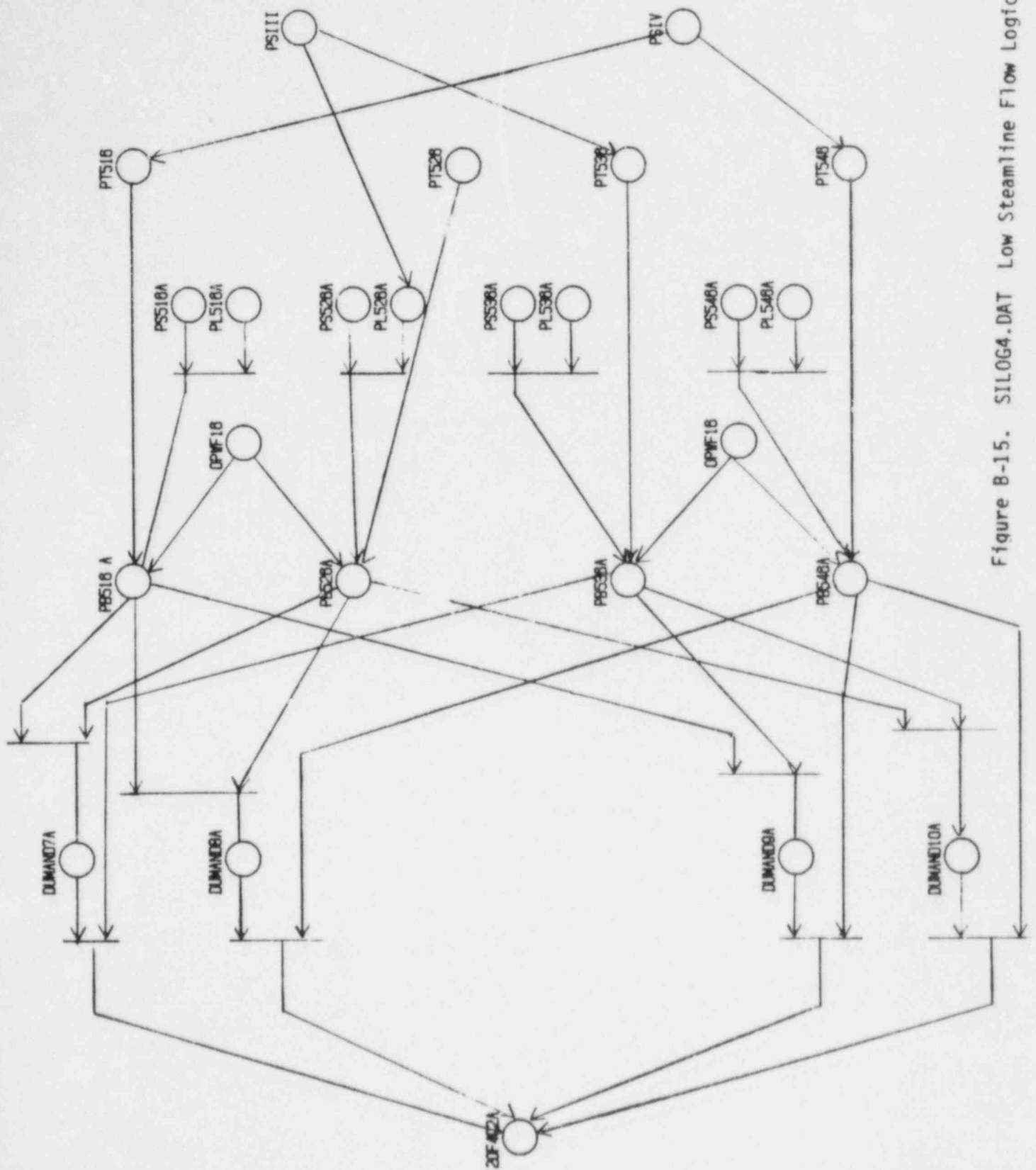


Figure B-15. SILOG4.DAT Low Steamline Flow Logic

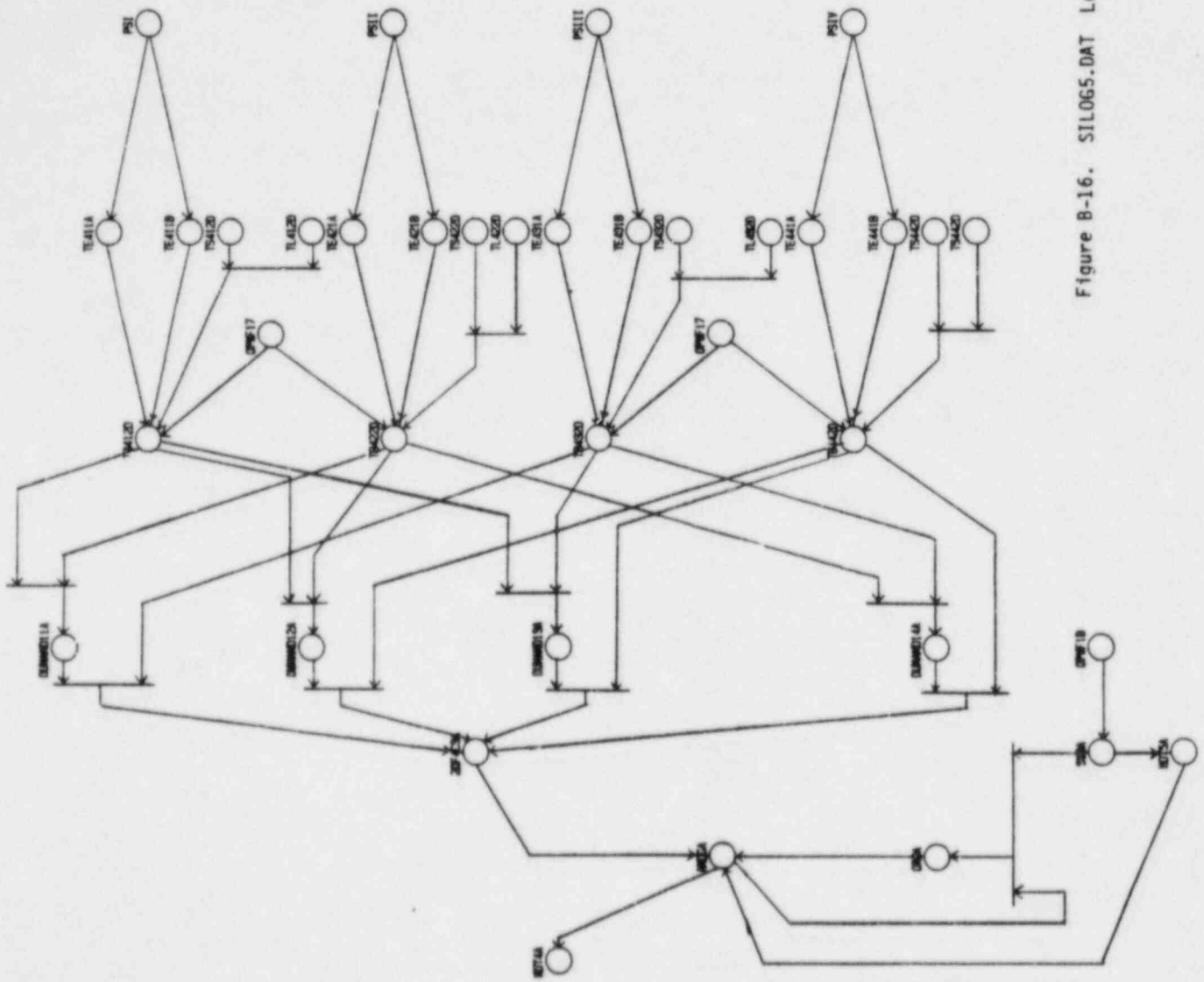


Figure B-16. SILOG5.DAT Low Low  $T_{avg}$  Logic

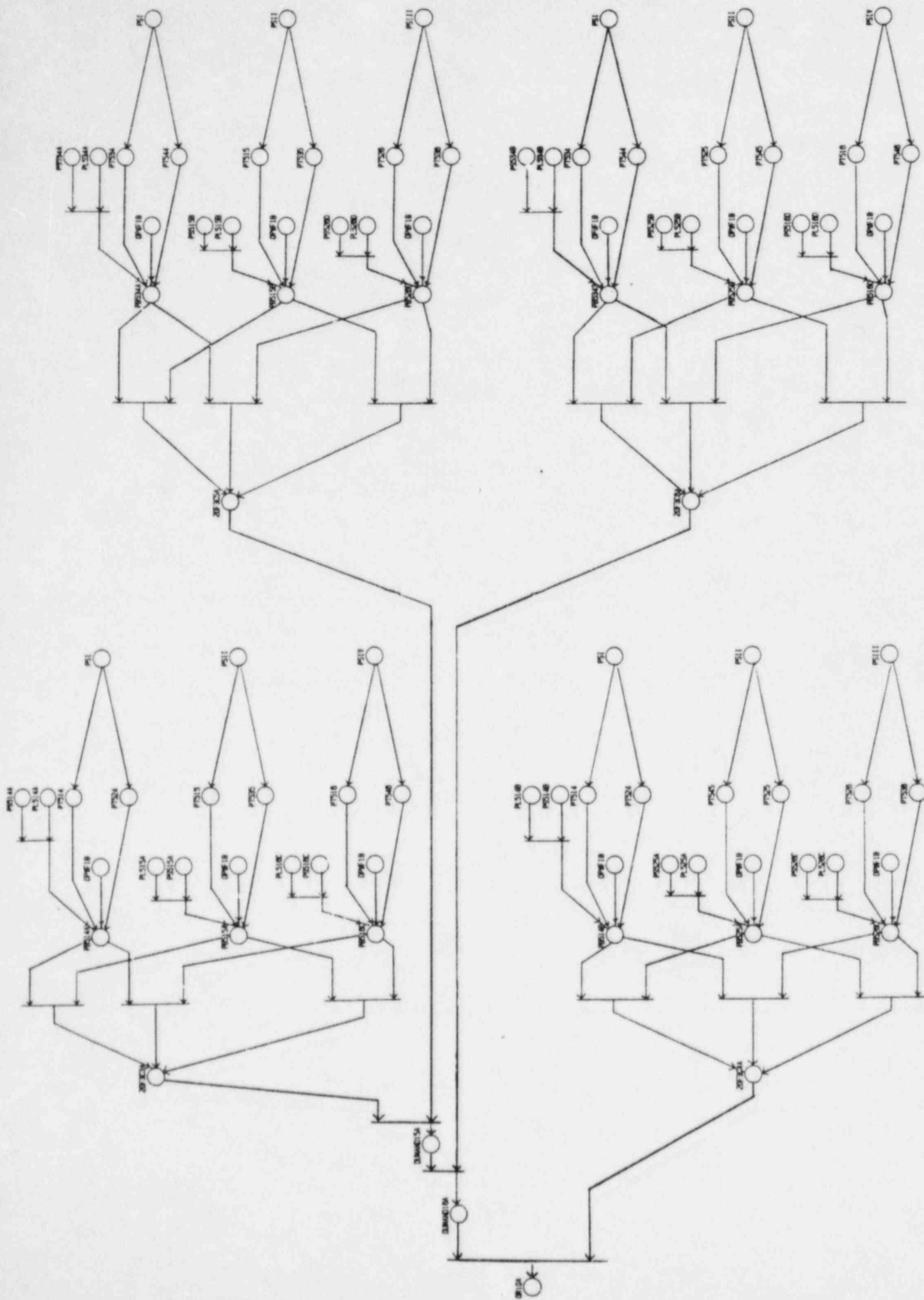


Figure B-17. SILOG6.DAT Steamline Differential Pressure Logic

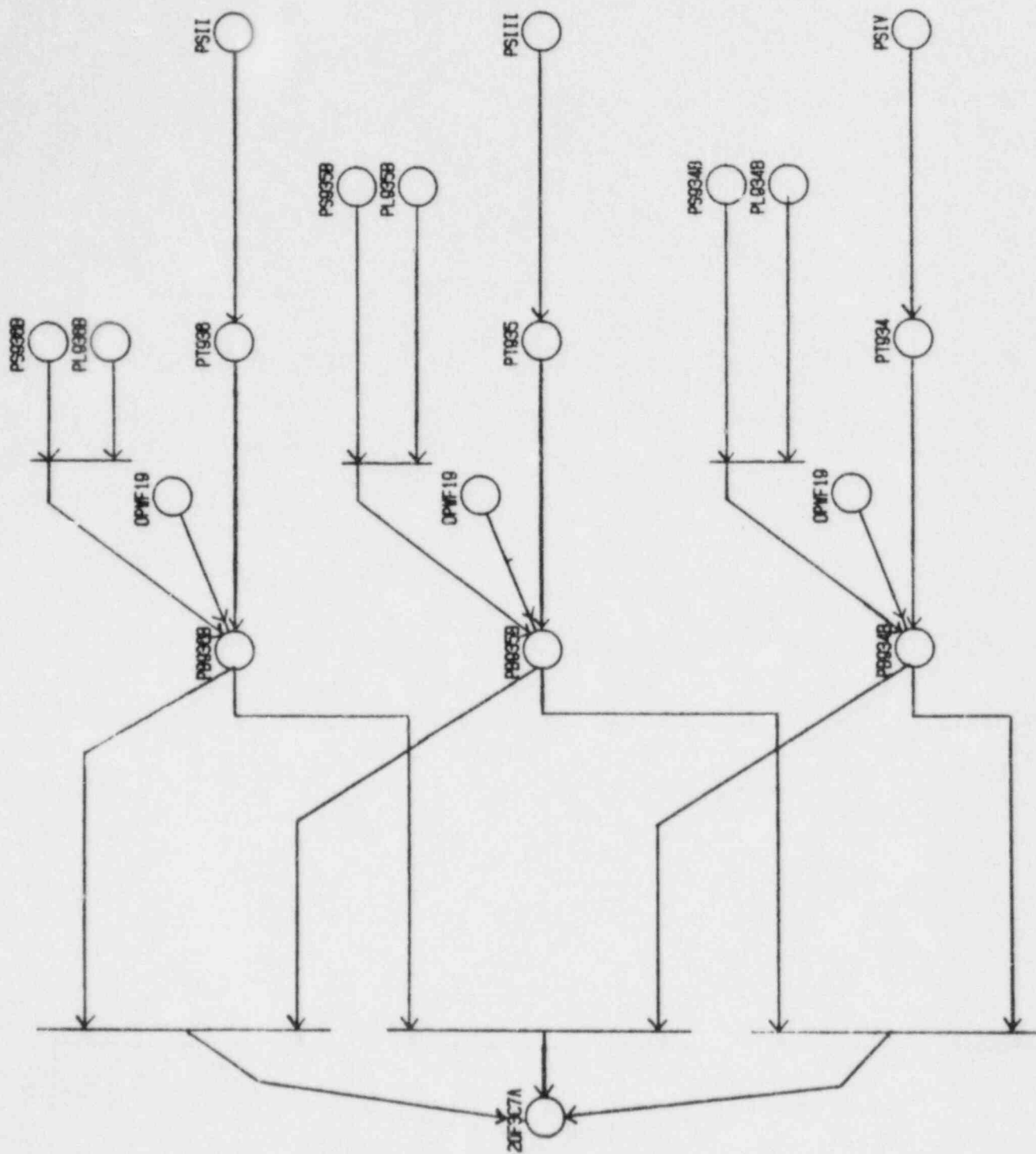
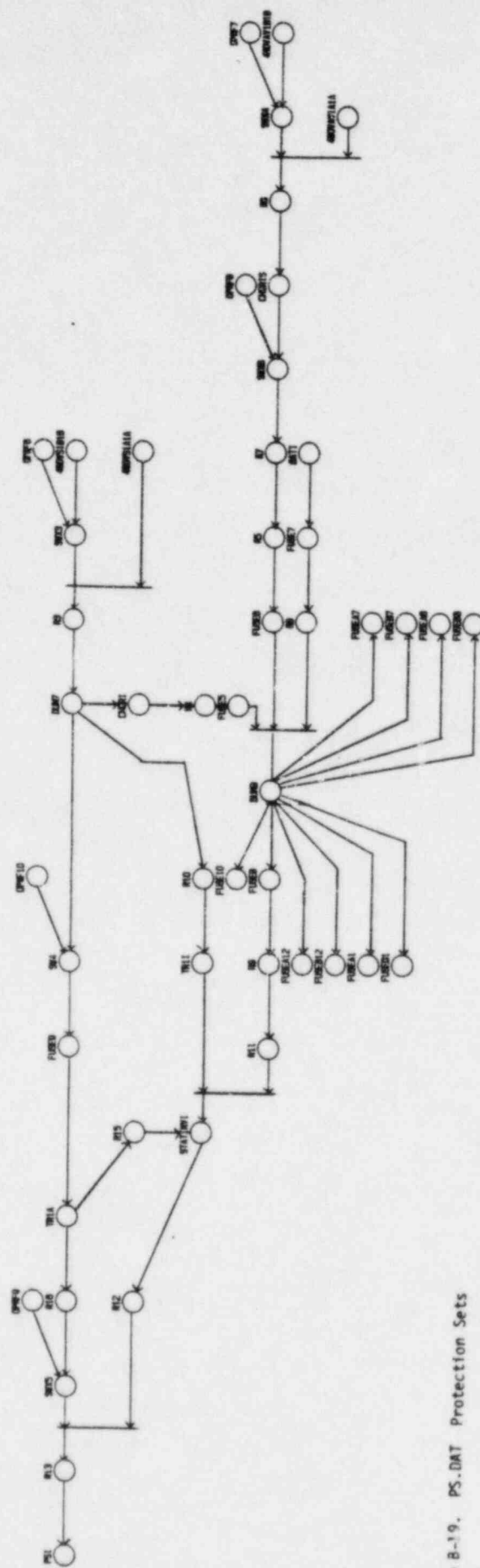


Figure B-18. SILOG7.DAT High Containment Pressure Logic



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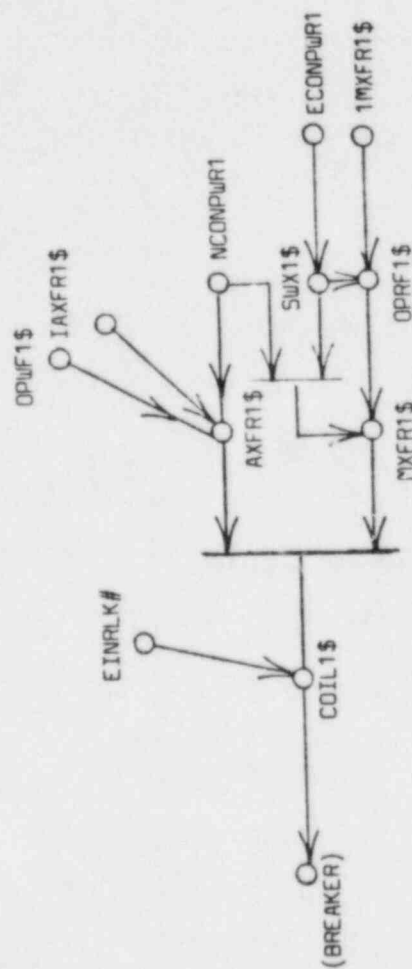


Figure B-21. BREAKER.DAT Breaker Interlock Connections

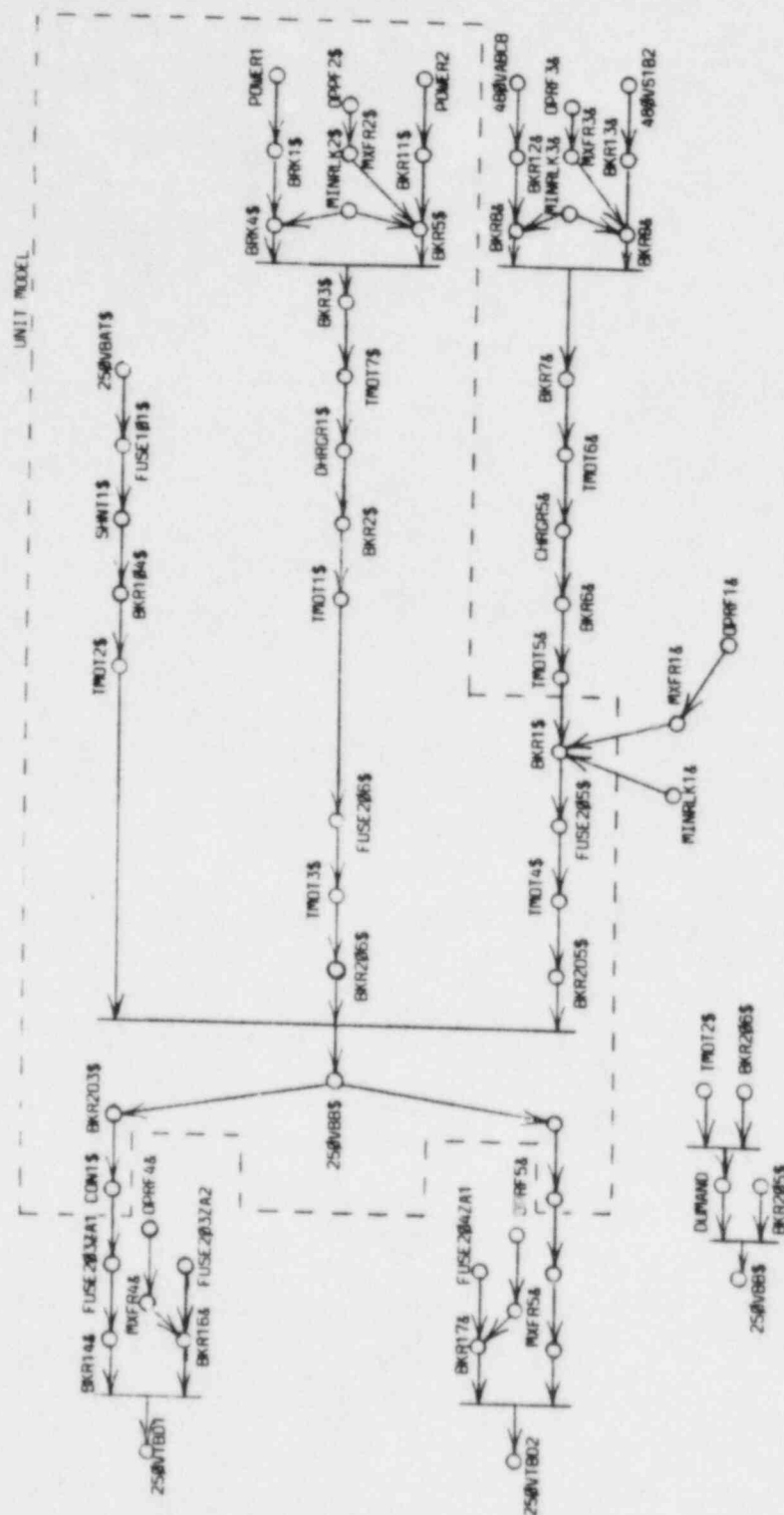


Figure B-22. 250VBAT.DAT 250 volt Battery Boards

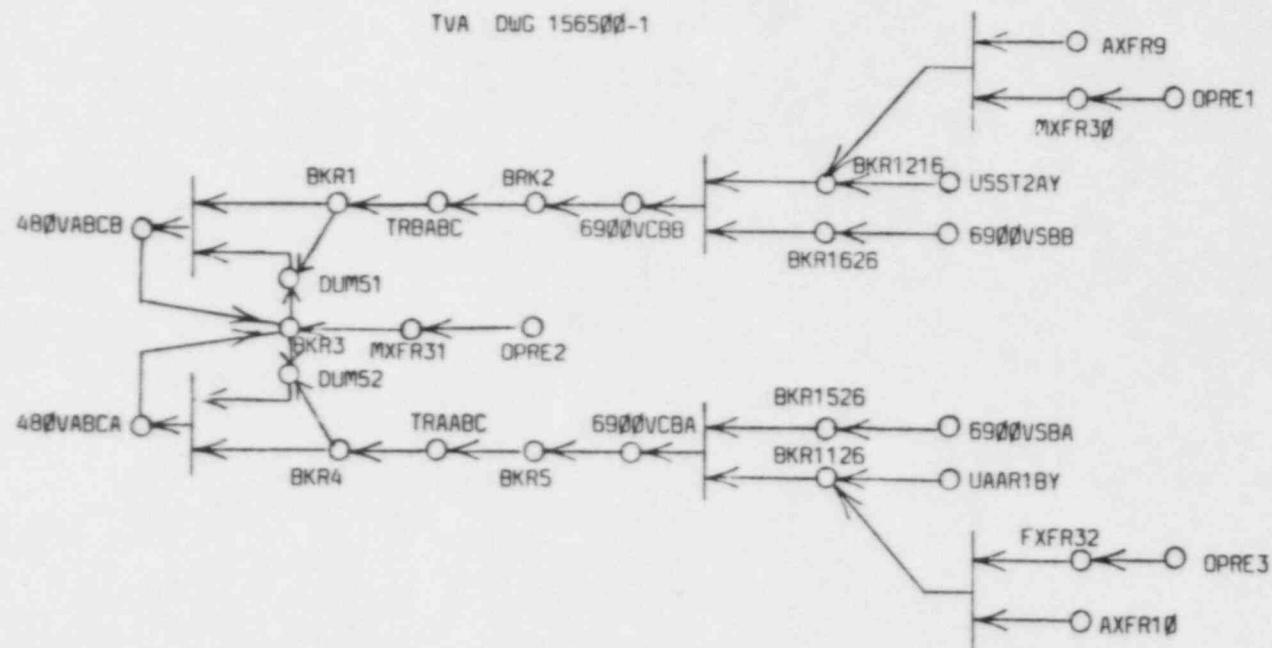


Figure B-23. 480VABC.DAT 480 volt Auxiliary Building Common Board

APPENDIX C

COMPLETE ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION PUMP SYSTEM

THE FOLLOWING ADJACENCY INPUT LISTING HAS BEEN PARTITIONED. THE PARTITIONS WERE GENERATED FROM THE UNIT MODELS LISTED ON PAGES C-5 THROUGH C-93.

## EXPLANATION OF DMA SYMBOL FORMAT

The symbols used to represent components in this DMA of the High Pressure Safety Injection System follow a consistent format. In general, the symbols contain the component identification used in the piping and instrumentation diagrams, and electrical line drawings. In some cases, a prefix has been added to indicate the type of component being modeled. For example, the prefix FCV has been used to identify flow control valves. The following list explains the prefix symbols used throughout this report.

125VVB	- 125 volt dc Vital Battery Board
480MOV	- 480 volt ac Motor Operated Valve Electrical Power Bus
480VS	- 480 volt ac Shutdown Board
6900VS	- 6900 volt ac Electrical Power Bus
BIT	- Boron Injection Tank
CCHXR	- Component Cooling Heat Exchanger
CCP	- Centrifugal Charging Pump
CCPISCORE	- Charging Pump Portion of Safety Injection System
CCS	- Component Cooling System
CCWP	- Component Cooling Water Pump
COIL	- Breaker Actuating Coil
EINRLK	- Electrical Interlock Transfer Device
EPS	- Electrical Power System (500 kvac to 480 vac)
FCV	- Flow Control Valve
FE	- In-line Flow Meter Orifice
FUSE	- Electrical Fuse
HDR	- Pipe Header
LCV	- Level Control Valve
MINRLK	- Mechanical Interlock Transfer Device
MOT	- Motor
OILCOOL	- Component Oil Cooler Interface with Component Cooling System
OFFSITE	- Master Node connected to all Offsite Power Sources
ONSITE	- Master Node connected to all Onsite Power Sources

OPR	- Operator Action to Override failed Component (Operator Right)
OPRMASTER	- Master Node connected to all OPR's
OPW	- Operator taking incorrect action (Operator Wrong)
PS	- Protection Set System (Vital Instrumentation and Control Power)
R	- Relay
RCS	- Reactor Cooling System (the Terminal Node)
RHR	- Residual Heat Removal System
RWST	- Refueling Water Storage Tank
SILOGIC	- Safety Injection Logic Actuation System
SIP	- Safety Injection Pump
SIPSCORE	- Safety Injection Pump Portion of Safety Injection System
SISIG	- Safety Injection Signal
STRAINR	- Strainer
SW	- Control Power Switch
TR	- Electrical Transformer
TW	- In-line Temperature Sensor
VB	- Butterfly Valve
VC	- Check Valve
VGA	- Gate Valve
VGL	- Globe Valve
X	- Component whose type could not be determined from the available documentation



\*\*\*\*\*

Model configured for total dependence on automatic systems by unit model partitioning FCV's and SILOGIC as follows:

- 1) FCV's replaced by an OR gate with power and signal as inputs.
- 2) SILOGIC is replaced with a 3/4 coincidence gate with the protection sets as inputs.

OPWF20 is not connected to SW4- which can suppress SISIG-.

Break models for both injections systems inserted after success criteria.

BCA 6/24/83

Unit model partitions configured for 1 local OP and 1 remote OP.

BCA 7/17/83

RWST crosstie enable'.

BCA 7/27/83

\*\*\*\*\*

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR FAILURE CRITERIA OF REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM FOR A SHALLOCA

##### DATA FROM HATTS BAR OPERATORS

Failure of reactor coolant system (RCS) is the result of failure of sufficient pressure OR the failure of an open path from the refueling water storage tank (RWST) to the RCS.

Failure criteria follow. There are two criteria, PCRTERIA1 and PCRTERIA2. Sufficient pressure is generated if at least one of these criteria succeeds along with success of corresponding path(s).

PCRTERIA1,RCS,PCRTERIA2	PCRTERIA1 fails if there isn't at least 1
CCP1AA,PCRTERIA1,CCP1BB	charging pump AND at least 1 safety inj. pump.
CCP1BB,PCRTERIA1,CCP1AA	
PATHCCPIS,PCRTERIA1,1	If PATHCCPIS fails, pressure from CCP's
SIP1AA,PCRTERIA1,SIP1BB	cannot propagate.
SIP1BB,PCRTERIA1,SIP1AA	
PATHSIPIS,PCRTERIA1,1	If PATHSIPIS fails, pressure from SIP's
	cannot propagate.
PCRTERIA2,RCS,PCRTERIA1	PCRTERIA2 fails if both safety inj. pumps
SIP1AA,PCRTERIA2,1	fail.
SIP1BB,PCRTERIA2,1	
PATHSIPIS,PCRTERIA2,1	If PATHSIPIS fails, pressure from SIP's
	cannot propagate.

\*\*\*\*\*

#### BREAK MODEL FOR SIPIS AND CCPIS

This model assumes that NO actions are taken by operators which would serve to keep the system from degrading. All components can fail by operators doing incorrect things.

This model is for break propagation without any mitigation except for check valves and normally closed valves. An unprimed node is true if it is blocking flow. A primed node is true if that component has ruptured. A double primed node is true if it cannot block flow.

The effect of a break can propagate across a pump regardless of whether it is pumping.

If a break can become detrimental only if 2 or more other independent (not unit modelled) events occur, effects of that break are not modelled.

- - - - -

Adjacency input is in two blocks. The first is the connections of the 188-198 primed components to the 45-58 DBREAK nodes. The grouping is the result of pre-processing with STRONG, FCOND, and COMPRS. The second block of adjacency data is the "effective" digraph for the break case. This digraph is the output of COMPRS with the prefix DBREAK- attached to each node number. After removing spaces and inserting commas, the resulting digraph complements the first block and represents the interaction of the groups of primed nodes.

\*\*\*\*\*

#### Grouping of primed nodes

^PATHSIPIS',DBREAK2,1  
^DBREAK2,PATHSIPIS,1  
^VC63641',DBREAK2,1  
^DUMAND26',DBREAK2,1  
^VC63644',DBREAK2,1  
^DUMAND25',DBREAK2,1  
^DUMAND24',DBREAK2,1  
^DUMAND23',DBREAK2,1  
^DUMAND22',DBREAK2,1  
^VC63568',DBREAK2,1  
^DUMAND21',DBREAK2,1  
^VC63558',DBREAK2,1

^VC63559',DBREAK2,1  
 ^VC63563',DBREAK3,1  
 ^VC63562',DBREAK3,1  
 ^VC63561',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FCV63157',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FE6320',DBREAK3,1  
 ^DUM5',DBREAK3,1  
 ^DUM1',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FCV63153',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FCV6322',DBREAK3,1  
 ^DUM3',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FE63151',DBREAK3,1  
 ^DUMCRSTIE',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FCV63152',DBREAK3,1  
 ^DUM6',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FCV63156',DBREAK3,1  
 ^VC63526',DBREAK3,1  
 ^VGA63527',DBREAK3,1  
 ^SIP186',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FCV6348',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FCV6311',DBREAK3,1  
 ^VC63551',DBREAK3,1  
 ^VGA63550',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FE63122',DBREAK3,1  
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 ^VC63510',DBREAK3,1  
 ^FCV635',DBREAK3,1  
 ^HDR1',DBREAK3,1  
 ^RWST',DBREAK3,1  
 ^VC63553',DBREAK3,1  
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 ^DDUM12',DBREAK3,1  
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 ^VC63559',DBREAK4,1  
 ^VC63547',DBREAK5,1

^VGA63546',DBREAK6,1  
 ^FE63160',DBREAK6,1  
 ^DUM2',DBREAK6,1  
 ^VGA6354B',DBREAK6,1  
 ^FE63159',DBREAK6,1  
 ^VC63549',DBREAK7,1  
 ^VC63558'',DBREAK8,1  
 ^FCV63157'',DBREAK9,1  
 ^DBREAK10,SIP1BB,1  
 ^DBREAK11,SIP1AA,1  
 ^FCV636',DBREAK12,1  
 ^DFCV63177',DBREAK13,1  
 ^DUM11',DBREAK13,1  
 ^FCV6325',DBREAK13,1  
 ^DUMHT3',DBREAK13,1  
 ^DUMHT1',DBREAK13,1  
 ^FCV6326',DBREAK13,1  
 ^DUMHT2',DBREAK13,1  
 ^DUM7',DBREAK13,1  
 ^VGL63574',DBREAK13,1  
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 ^DUM8',DBREAK13,1  
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 ^PULSDMPR1',DBREAK13,1  
 ^RCP1C',DBREAK13,1  
 ^PULSDMPR2',DBREAK13,1  
 ^DUM12',DBREAK13,1  
 ^FCV6293',DBREAK13,1  
 ^VGL62535',DBREAK13,1  
 ^FCV636'',DBREAK14,1  
 ^FCV637',DBREAK15,1  
 ^FCV637'',DBREAK16,1  
 ^FCV63177',DBREAK17,1  
 ^DBREAK18,RWST,1  
 ^VC63545',DBREAK19,1  
 ^VC63644'',DBREAK20,1  
 ^VGA63544',DBREAK21,1  
 ^FE63161',DBREAK21,1  
 ^DUM4',DBREAK21,1  
 ^VGA63590',DBREAK21,1  
 ^FE63162',DBREAK21,1  
 ^FCV63156'',DBREAK22,1  
 ^VC63543',DBREAK23,1  
 ^VC63641'',DBREAK24,1  
 ^PATHCCPIS',DBREAK25,1  
 ^DBREAK25,PATHCCPIS,1  
 ^DUMAND11',DBREAK25,1  
 ^DUMAND12',DBREAK25,1  
 ^DUMAND13',DBREAK25,1  
 ^DUMAND14',DBREAK25,1  
 ^VC62638',DBREAK25,1  
 ^VC62640',DBREAK25,1  
 ^VC63586',DBREAK26,1  
 ^VC63589',DBREAK27,1  
 ^VC63588',DBREAK28,1  
 ^VC63587',DBREAK29,1  
 ^VGA63583',DBREAK30,1

^FE6331', DBREAK30, 1  
 ^VC63581', DBREAK30, 1  
 ^VGA63584', DBREAK30, 1  
 ^FE6329', DBREAK30, 1  
 ^VGA63585', DBREAK30, 1  
 ^FE6327', DBREAK30, 1  
 ^VGA63582', DBREAK30, 1  
 ^FE6333', DBREAK30, 1  
 ^VC63587'', DBREAK31, 1  
 ^VC63588'', DBREAK32, 1  
 ^VC63589'', DBREAK33, 1  
 ^VC63586'', DBREAK34, 1  
 ^VC63581'', DBREAK35, 1  
 ^VGL63564', DBREAK36, 1  
 ^VGA63573', DBREAK37, 1  
 ^VC63572'', DBREAK38, 1  
 ^DBREAK39, CCP1BB, 1  
 ^DBREAK40, CCP1AA, 1  
 ^VC625#4', DBREAK41, 1  
 ^VC625#4'', DBREAK42, 1  
 ^VC62660', DBREAK43, 1  
 ^VC62640'', DBREAK44, 1  
 ^VC62659', DBREAK45, 1  
 ^VC62638'', DBREAK46, 1  
 ^FCV6290', DBREAK47, 1  
 ^FCV6291'', DBREAK48, 1  
 ^DBREAK49, RCP1C, 1

^

^ Effective digraph of break propogation

^DBREAK3, DBREAK2, 1  
 ^DBREAK5, DBREAK6, 1  
 ^DBREAK7, DBREAK6, 1  
 ^DBREAK3, DBREAK10, 1  
 ^DBREAK3, DBREAK2, 1  
 ^DBREAK3, DBREAK11, 1  
 ^DBREAK12, DBREAK3, 1  
 ^DBREAK15, DBREAK3, 1  
 ^DBREAK12, DBREAK13, 1  
 ^DBREAK15, DBREAK13, 1  
 ^DBREAK13, DBREAK17, 1  
 ^DBREAK3, DBREAK18, 1  
 ^DBREAK19, DBREAK21, 1  
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 ^DBREAK29, DBREAK30, 1  
 ^DBREAK28, DBREAK30, 1

^DBREAK27,DBREAK30,1  
 ^DBREAK26,DBREAK30,1  
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 ^DBREAK13,DBREAK39,1  
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 ^DBREAK41,DBREAK3,1  
 ^DBREAK41,DBREAK13,1  
 ^DBREAK13,DBREAK3,1  
 ^DBREAK13,DBREAK49,1  
 ^DBREAK4,DBREAK2,DBREAK5  
 ^DBREAK5,DBREAK2,DBREAK4  
 ^DBREAK6,DBREAK3,DBREAK9  
 ^DBREAK9,DBREAK3,DBREAK6  
 ^DBREAK3,DBREAK13,DBREAK14  
 ^DBREAK14,DBREAK13,DBREAK3  
 ^DBREAK43,DBREAK25,DBREAK44  
 ^DBREAK44,DBREAK25,DBREAK43  
 ^DBREAK30,DBREAK26,DBREAK34  
 ^DBREAK34,DBREAK26,DBREAK30  
 ^DBREAK30,DBREAK27,DBREAK33  
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 ^DBREAK32,DBREAK28,DBREAK30  
 ^DBREAK30,DBREAK29,DBREAK31  
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 ^DBREAK13,DBREAK30,DBREAK35  
 ^DBREAK35,DBREAK30,DBREAK13  
 ^DBREAK7,DBREAK2,DBREAK8  
 ^DBREAK8,DBREAK2,DBREAK7  
 ^DBREAK3,DBREAK13,DBREAK16  
 ^DBREAK16,DBREAK13,DBREAK3  
 ^DBREAK17,DBREAK3,DBREAK14  
 ^DBREAK14,DBREAK3,DBREAK17  
 ^DBREAK17,DBREAK3,DBREAK16  
 ^DBREAK16,DBREAK3,DBREAK17  
 ^DBREAK19,DBREAK2,DBREAK20  
 ^DBREAK20,DBREAK2,DBREAK19  
 ^DBREAK21,DBREAK3,DBREAK22  
 ^DBREAK22,DBREAK3,DBREAK21  
 ^DBREAK23,DBREAK2,DBREAK24  
 ^DBREAK24,DBREAK2,DBREAK23  
 ^DBREAK36,DBREAK30,DBREAK35  
 ^DBREAK35,DBREAK30,DBREAK36  
 ^DBREAK37,DBREAK13,DBREAK38  
 ^DBREAK38,DBREAK13,DBREAK37  
 ^DBREAK3,DBREAK13,DBREAK42  
 ^DBREAK42,DBREAK13,DBREAK3  
 ^DBREAK45,DBREAK25,DBREAK46  
 ^DBREAK46,DBREAK25,DBREAK45  
 ^DBREAK47,DBREAK13,DBREAK48  
 ^DBREAK48,DBREAK13,DBREAK47  
 ^



ADJACENCY INPUT FOR CENTRAL SIPIIS

DATA FROM TVA DWG. 47WB11-1

Expanded AND-gate input to PATHSIPIIS

VC63641,PATHSIPIIS,DUMAND26 VC- is a check valve.  
 DUMAND26,PATHSIPIIS,VC63641  
 VC63644,DUMAND26,DUMAND25  
 DUMAND25,DUMAND26,VC63644  
 VC63563,DUMAND25,DUMAND24  
 DUMAND24,DUMAND25,VC63563  
 VC63562,DUMAND24,DUMAND23  
 DUMAND23,DUMAND24,VC63562  
 VC63561,DUMAND23,DUMAND22  
 DUMAND22,DUMAND23,VC63561  
 VC63560,DUMAND22,DUMAND21  
 DUMAND21,DUMAND22,VC63560  
 VC63558,DUMAND21,VC63559  
 VC63559,DUMAND21,VC63558

There are normal and alternate paths to the core. The normal paths consist of one group of 4 branches which channel flow from pump trains A and/or B. The alternate paths consist of two groups of 2 branches. One group channels flow from pump train A through flow control valve FCV63156. The other group channels flow from pump train B through flow control valve FCV63157. Both FCV-'s are normally closed and require manual actuation and their models follow SIPIIS.DAT. Models of the two safety injection pumps SIPIAA and SIPIBB follow FCV- models.

Train B and alternate paths through FCV63157.

VC63547,VC63559,1	
DSA63165,VC63559,1	
VGA63546,VC63547,1	VGA- is a gate valve.
FE63160,VGA63546,1	FE- is a primary element flowmeter orifice.
DTA63650,FE63160,1	DT- is a tertiary degradation node. It represents flow diversion path upon break-
DTA63314A,FE63160,1	age or disconnection of hardware.
DTA63313A,DUM2,1	
DTA63649,DUM2,1	
DUM2,FE63160,1	
DSA63167,DUM2,1	
DSDCVCS1,VC63558,1	DS- is a secondary degradation node. It represents a flow diversion upon opening of at
VC63549,VC63558,1	least 2 offline valves in series.
DSA63166,VC63558,1	
VGA63548,VC63549,1	DP- (from 5 lines down) is a primary deg.
FE63159,VGA63548,1	node. It represents flow diversion upon opening
DTA63318A,FE63159,1	of a single valve, such as relief valve.
DTA6317A,FE63159,1	

DUM2,FE63159,1  
 FCV63157,DUM2,1  
 DPAVR63536,FCV63157,1  
 DTA63504,FCV63157,1  
 DTA63682,FCV63157,1

FCV- is flow control valve. ADJ input for this valve follows SIPIS.DAT.

#### Crosstie connection between train A and train B

FE6320,FCV63157,DUM5  
 DUM5,FCV63157,FE6320  
 FE6320,DUM1,1  
 FCV63153,DUM1,1  
 DUM1,FCV6322,DUM3  
 DUM3,FCV6322,DUM1  
 FE63151,DUM3,1  
 FE63151,DUM5,1  
 DUMCROSTIE,DUM5,1  
 FCV63153,DUMCROSTIE,1  
 FCV63152,DUMCROSTIE,1  
 DUMCROSTIE,DUM6,1  
 FCV63152,DUM3,1  
 FE6320,DUM6,1  
 DUM6,FCV63156,FE63151  
 FE63151,FCV63156,DUM6

FCV6322 is valve through which all flow passes to reach normal injection paths.

If DUMCROSTIE fails, there is no open path between the two trains thus keeping one pump train from being able to inject into the other's alternate injection paths.

VGA63527,FE6320,1  
 DTA63308A,FE6320,1  
 DTA63307A,FE6320,1  
 DTA63304A,FE6320,1  
 VC63526,VGA63527,1  
 DTA63385A,VC63526,1  
 SIP1BB,VC63526,1  
 DTA63512,SIP1BB,1  
 DTA63514,SIP1BB,1  
 DTA63302A,SIP1BB,1  
 DTAMISC1,SIP1BB,1

SIP- is a safety injection pump. Inputs to this are from RWST crosstie network.

#### Train A and paths through normal branches.

VC63551,VC63560,1  
 VGA63550,VC63551,1  
 FE63122,VGA63550,1  
 DTA63319A,FE63122,1  
 DTA63320A,FE63122,1  
 FCV6322,FE63122,1  
 DPAVR63535,FCV6322,1  
 DTA63539,FCV6322,1  
 DTA63653,FCV6322,1  
 FCV63153,FCV6322,FCV63152  
 FCV63152,FCV6322,FCV63153  
 VGA63525,FE63151,1

DTA63303A,FE63151,1  
DTA63305A,FE63151,1  
DTA63306A,FE63151,1  
VC63524,VGA63525,1  
DTA63386A,VC63524,1  
SIP1AA,VC63524,1  
DTA63517,SIP1AA,1

Connections to SIP- are from RWST crosstie network.

DTA63519,SIP1AA,1  
DTA63301A,SIP1AA,1  
DTAMISC2,SIP1AA,1  
VC63553,VC63561,1  
VGA63552,VC63553,1  
FE63123,VGA63552,1  
DTA63321A,FE63123,1  
DTA63322A,FE63123,1  
FCV6322,FE63123,1  
VC63555,VC63562,1  
VGA63554,VC63555,1  
FE63124,VGA63554,1  
DTA63323A,FE63124,1  
DTA63324A,FE63124,1  
FCV6322,FE63124,1  
VC63557,VC63563,1  
VGA63556,VC63557,1  
FE63125,VGA63556,1  
DTA63325A,FE63125,1  
DTA63326A,FE63125,1  
FCV6322,FE63125,1

Alternate paths from Train A through FCV63156.

VC63545,VC63644,1  
DSA63164,VC63644,1  
VGA63544,VC63545,1  
FE63161,VGA63544,1  
DTA63315A,FE63161,1  
DTA63316A,FE63161,1  
DTA63658,FE63161,1  
DUM4,FE63161,1  
DSA6321,DUM4,1  
DTA63657,DUM4,1  
FCV63156,DUM4,1  
DSB6323,FCV63156,1  
DPAVR63534,FCV63156,1  
DTA63541,FCV63156,1  
DTA63538,FCV63156,1  
VC63543,VC63641,1  
DSA63163,VC63641,1

VGA63590,VC63543,1  
FE63162,VGA63590,1  
DTA63311A,FE63162,1  
DTA63312A,FE63162,1  
DUM4,FE63162,1

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR CCPISCORE

DATA FROM TVA DWG's 47W811-1, 47W809-1

Expanded AND-gate input to PATHCCPIS

VC63586,PATHCCPIS,DUMAND11  
DUMAND11,PATHCCPIS,VC63586  
VC63589,DUMAND11,DUMAND12  
DUMAND12,DUMAND11,VC63587  
VC63588,DUMAND12,DUMAND13  
DUMAND13,DUMAND12,VC63588  
VC63587,DUMAND13,DUMAND14  
DUMAND14,DUMAND13,VC63587  
VC62638,DUMAND14,VC62640  
VC62640,DUMAND14,VC62638

In CCPIS there are normal and alternate injection paths to the core. The normal path is through the boron injection tank and then through 4 branches into the RCS. The alternate path is through the regenerative heat exchanger and then through 2 branches into RCS.

Four normal branches into RCS

VGA63583,VC63587,1  
FE6331,VGA63583,1  
DTA63332A,FE6331,1  
DTA63331A,FE6331,1  
VC63581,FE6331,1  
VGA63584,VC63588,1  
FE6329,VGA63584,1  
DTA63329A,FE6329,1  
DTA63330A,FE6329,1  
VC63581,FE6329,1  
VGA63585,VC63589,1  
FE6327,VGA63585,1  
DTA63327A,FE6327,1  
DTA63328A,FE6327,1  
VC63581,FE6327,1  
VGA63582,VC63586,1  
FE6333,VGA63582,1  
DTA6333A,FE6333,1  
DTA6334A,FE6333,1

FE- is an inline flow element for a differential pressure transducer.

VC63581,FE6333,1

Normal injection path

DSBB1TB1,VC63581,1  
DTA63515,VC63581,1  
DSB63174,VC63581,1  
DTA63651,VC63581,1  
DSB6324,VC63581,1  
DTA63652,VC63581,1  
DTA63513,VC63581,1  
FCV6325,VC63581,DUMHT1 DUMHT- is heat tracing for which a unit model exists.  
DUMHT3,FCV6325,1  
DUMHT1,VC63581,FCV6325  
FCV6326,DUMHT1,1  
DUMHT2,FCV6326,1  
DUMHT3,DUMHT2,1  
DPA63578,DUMHT3,1 Valve 63578 is used for local sampling.

Inputs to DUMHT3 follow. These represent shutoff of part of the recirculation phase of the boron recycle system. During safety injection, this shutoff must occur for the injection path to be successfully aligned.

DTA63576,DUMHT3,1  
DPAVR63577,DUMHT3,1  
DTA63341A,DPAVR63577,1  
DUM7,DUMHT3,V6L63574  
V6L63574,DUMHT3,DUM7 V6L63574 is a normally open valve which can be shut by local operator DPRA2.  
DPRA2,V6L63574,1  
FE6343,DUM7,1  
DTA63335A,FE6343,1  
DTA63336A,FE6343,1  
VGA63573,DUM7,1  
VC63572,VGA63573,1  
FCV6342,DUM7,FCV6341  
FCV6341,DUM7,FCV6342  
V6L63571,DUM7,DUM8  
DUM8,DUM7,V6L63571  
VC63570,DUM8,FCV6338  
FCV6338,DUM8,VC63570

BIT,DUMHT3,1 BIT is Boron Injection Tank  
DPA63569,BIT,1 Valve 63569 is used for local sampling.  
DUM8,BIT,1 DUM8 is the connection to the other part of the recirc. path  
DUMHT4,BIT,1 back to the boron recycling system.  
FCV6339,DUMHT4,DUMHT6  
DUMHT6,DUMHT4,FCV6339  
DUMHT5,FCV6339,1  
FE63170,DUMHT5,1

FCV6340,DUMHT6,1  
 DUMHT7,FCV6340,1  
 DUMHT8,DUMHT7,1  
 FE63170,DUMHT8,1  
 DSA63342A,FE63170,1  
 DSA63343A,FE63170,1  
 DSBBIT2,FE63170,1  
 DPCRCPIC2,FE63170,1 DPCRCPIC2 is degradation when RCPIC runs backwards.  
 HDR8,FE63170,1

DUM12,FE6293,1  
 VGA62533,HDR8,VGA62527  
 VGA62527,HDR8,VGA62533

HDR8 is the junction of the normal and alternate injection paths. Expanded AND-gate input to HDR8 follows. Input is from each of the three pump trains in the system. There are 2 centrifugal charging pumps and 1 reciprocating charging pump. The reciprocating charging pump train connects to the normal injection path by way of a series of 3 valves which comprise a crosstie connection. Flow from the charging pumps to the alternate injection path also passes through this crosstie.

DUM13,DUMAND15,VGA62533 DUM13 is flow from reciprocating charging pump (RCPIC)  
 VGA62533,DUMAND15,DUM13  
 DUMAND15,HDR8,VGA62527  
 VGA62527,HDR8,DUMAND15

VC62525,VGA62527,1  
 DSC62526,VGA62527,1  
 CCP1AA,VC62525,1 CCP1AA is Centrifugal Charging Pump 1AA.  
 DTA62522,VC62525,1  
 DTA62353A,VC62525,1  
 VGA62509,CCP1AA,1

VC62504,VGA62509,1 Inserted to disable crosstie from RWST.  
 VC62504,VGA62510,1  
 LCV62136,VC62504,LCV62135  
 LCV62135,VC62504,LCV62136  
 RWST,LCV62135,1  
 RWST,LCV62136,1

DPB62512,CCP1AA,1  
 DTATC2,CCP1AA,1 DTATC- is a test connection.  
 DTA62352A,CCP1AA,1  
 DSB62521,CCP1AA,1  
 DUM11,VGA62509,1 DUM11 is coolant input from RWST through 2 paths.

VC62532,VGA62533,1  
 DSC62534,VGA62533,1



CCP1BB,VC62532,1      CCP1BB is Centrifugal Charging Pump 1BB.  
 DTA62529,CCP1BB,1  
 DTA62351A,CCP1BB,1  
 V6A62510,CCP1BB,1  
 DTATC1,CCP1BB,1  
 DTA62350A,CCP1BB,1  
 DSB62528,CCP1BB,1  
 DPB62513,CCP1BB,1  
 DUM11,V6A62510,1  
  
 DSBALTBRS1,DUM11,1  
 DPB62699,DUM11,1  
 DPAVR62505,DUM11,1  
 DSCBRS1,DUM11,1  
 VC62697,DUM11,DUM14      VC62697 is in path to Chem. Vol. & Control Sys. (CVCS)  
 DUM14,DUM11,VC62697  
 DTC62653,DUM14,1  
 LCV62132,DUM14,LCV62133      Both LCV's close upon receipt of SIL06IC signal.  
 LCV62133,DUM14,LCV62132  
 DTB62507,DUM11,1

Two alternate branches into RCS

VC62660,VC62640,1  
 FCV6286,VC62660,1  
 DTA62704,FCV6286,1  
 RGENHXR1,FCV6286,1      RGENHXR1 is regenerative heat exchanger.  
 VC62659,VC62638,1  
 FCV6285,VC62659,1  
 RGENHXR1,FCV6285,1

Alternate injection path

DTA62545,RGENHXR1,1  
 DTA6287,RGENHXR1,1  
 DSB6284,RGENHXR1,1  
 VC62543,RGENHXR1,1  
 DTA62544,VC62543,1  
 DSD62709,VC62543,1  
 FCV6290,VC62543,1  
 DTA6290,FCV6290,1  
 FCV6291,FCV6290,1  
 V6L62539,FCV6291,V6L62538  
 FCV6289,V6L62539,1  
 DSA62542,V6L62539,1  
 V6L62537,FCV6289,1  
 DSA62541,FCV6289,1  
 FE6293,V6L62537,1  
 V6L62538,FCV6291,V6L62539



OPRAB,VGL62538,1  
 FE6293,VGL62538,1  
 DTA62342A,FE6293,1  
 DTA62343A,FE6293,1  
 DPCRCPIC1,FE6293,1  
 VGL6250,FE6293,DUM12  
 DTA62344A,VGL6250,1  
 VGL6250,DUM13,1  
 VC62519,VGL6250,1  
 PULSDAMPR1,VC62519,1  
 DTA62517,VC62519,1  
 DPAVR62518,VC62519,1  
 DSCUHI1,VC62519,1  
 DSB62516,VC62519,1  
 DTA62716,VC62519,1  
 RCPIC,PULSDAMPR1,1  
 DSB62515,RCPIC,1  
 PULSDAMPR2,RCPIC,1  
 VGL62508,PULSDAMPR2,1  
 DSB62514,PULSDAMPR2,1  
 DTATC3,PULSDAMPR2,1  
 DTA62712,PULSDAMPR2,1  
 DTA62349A,PULSDAMPR2,1  
 DTB62511,PULSDAMPR2,1  
 DUM11,VGL62508,1  
 DUM12,FE6293,VGL6250

VGL62538 is a normally closed valve which must be opened by local operator OPRAB.

DPCRCPIC1 is degradation when RCPIC runs backwards.  
 VGL6250 is input from recip. charging pump train.

DUM13 is flow from RCP train to CCP train via crosstie

PULSDAMPR- is pulse damper (one on each side of RCPIC)

DSCUHI- are connections to upper head injection system

RCPIC is reciprocating charging pump.

Crosstie between normal and alternate injection paths and between CCP's and RCP trains follows. The crosstie consists of 3 valves in series, all of which are normally open. Flow through these valves passes either to or from the RCP or CCP trains hence the connections between these valves are bidirectional. Output of the crosstie is DUM12, the path to RCP, and DUM13, the path from RCP.

VGL62536,DUM12,1  
 FCV6293,VGL62536,1  
 VGL62536,FCV6293,1  
 VGL62535,FCV6293,1  
 FCV6293,VGL62535,1  
 VGL62535,DUM13,1

HDR8,DUM12,1 HDR8 is junction of normal and alternate injection paths.

# ADJACENCY INPUT FOR CROSSTIE CONNECTION BETWEEN THE RWST AND THE TWO INJECTION SYSTEMS

DATA FROM TVA DWG. 47W811-1

This data models the connection of the refueling water storage tank (RWST) to the centrifugal charging pump injection system (CCPIS) and to the safety injection pump injection system (SIPIS) as well as crosstie connections between the injection systems. The modeling procedure is described below.

At each header, flow can exit through each of the pipes which form the junction (unless a check valve or pump constrains flow from flowing away from the header in a given pipe). Considering each exit path independently, the possible sources of flow to it are AND-ed together and input a dummy node. The sources are nodes adjacent to the header. The node representing the header OR's into this dummy and represents the necessity of an open path through the header to enable flow through the exit path being considered. This is repeated for each output from the header and the entire scheme is repeated at each header throughout the crosstie network.

## Network that inputs to CCPIS

DUM23,DUM11,1  
DUM23,V6A62510,1 DUM11 is connection to CCPIS.  
HDR6,DUM23,1 HDR- is a header (junction of 3 or more pipe lengths).  
DUM32,DUM23,VC63504  
VC63504,DUM23,DUM32  
HDR6,DUM24,1  
DUM32,DUM24,1 DUM24 is flow from SIPIS to CCPIS through HDR's 6 & 7.  
DUM24,V6A62509,VC63504  
VC63504,V6A62509,DUM24 V6A62509 is flow to CCPIS from either the LCV's or SIPIS.  
HDR7,DUM24,1  
HDR7,VC63504,1  
VC63504,DUM25,1  
HDR6,DUM25,1 DUM25 is flow from CCPIS to SIPIS through HDR's 6 and 7.  
LCV62135,VC63504,LCV62136  
LCV62136,VC63504,LCV62135  
HDR1,LCV62135,1 HDR1 is adjacent to the RWST and outputs to CCPIS and SIPIS.  
HDR1,LCV62136,1  
RWST,HDR1,1

## Network that inputs to SIPIS

DUM27,SIP1BB,FCV6311 SIP- is safety injection pump.  
HDR5,SIP1BB,1  
FCV6311,SIP1BB,DUM27  
HDR9,DUM27,1  
VC63510,DUM27,DUM36

DUM36,DUM27,VC63510	
DUM34,DUM36,1	DUM36 is flow through HDR4/FCV6347 from HDR3.
FCV6347,DUM36,1	
FCV635,VC63510,1	
DUM30,FCV635,DUM31	
DUM31,FCV635,DUM30	
HDR1,DUM30,1	
HDR2,DUM30,1	
HDR2,DUM31,1	
DUM33,DUM31,1	
HDR10,DUM33,1	
HDR10,FCV631,1	
DUM33,FCV631,DUM30	
DUM30,FCV631,DUM33	
DUM30,FCV631,1	Short circuit to break recirculation path.
FCV631,VC63502,1	
VC63502,RHRPATH,1	RHRPATH represents paths through RHR system enabled
RHRPOWER,RHRPATH,1	by power to the RHR pumps, component cooling water
RHRCCW,RHRPATH	to the pumps, and safety injection actuation to
OPRRHR,RHRPATH,DUMAND7	the pumps.
DSIINST,OPRRHR,1	
DUMAND7,RHRPATH,OPRRHR	
SIS16B,DUMAND7,SIS16A	
SIS16A,DUMAND7,SIS163	
RHRPATH,FCV6311,1	
FCV6311,DUM28,1	DUM28 represents flow up from RHRPATH, through HDR5,
HDR5,DUM28,1	and to HDR9.
DUM28,DUM29,VC63510	DUM29 is flow from HDR9 down to HDR4.
VC63510,DUM29,DUM28	
HDR9,DUM29,1	
DUM29,DUM37,1	
DUM37,SIP1AA,DUM38	
DUM38,SIP1AA,DUM37	
HDR4,DUM38,1	
DUM34,DUM38,1	
HDR4,FCV6347,1	
FCV6347,DUM37,1	
FCV636,FCV63177,FCV637 :	
FCV637,FCV63177,FCV636 :	These 4 lines represent path availability between
FCV63177,DUM35,1	: HDR3 and HDR4. DUM35 is flow to HDR3 and DUM34 is
FCV63177,DUM34,1	: flow from HDR3.
HDR3,DUM34,1	
DUM29,DUM35,1	
FCV6347,DUM35,1	
DUM35,DUM32,FCV638	
FCV638,DUM32,DUM35	
RHRPATH,FCV638,1	
FCV638,DUM34,DUM25	
DUM25,DUM34,FCV638	
HDR3,DUM32,1	
RHRPATH,DUM33,1	

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

\*\* FCV6311 \*\*

480MOV1B1B,FCV6311,OPRA1RA  
OPRA1RA,FCV6311,480MOV1B1B  
OPRF1RA,FCV6311,OPRA1RA  
OPRA1RA,FCV6311,OPRF1RA

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

\*\* FCV636 \*\*

OPRA1RB,FCV636,480MOV1B1B  
480MOV1B1B,FCV636,OPRA1RB  
OPRA1RB,FCV636,OPRF1RB  
OPRF1RB,FCV636,OPRA1RB

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

\*\* FCV637 \*\*

LINK1RC,FCV637,1      LINK1RC is connection from MOT1RC to FCV637. MOT1RC  
POWER1RC,FCV637,OPRA1RC  
OPRA1RC,FCV637,POWER1RC  
OPRF1RC,FCV637,OPRA1RC  
OPRA1RC,FCV637,OPRF1RC

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This valve cannot actuate electrically unless valve FCV637  
is closed (data from TVA Dwg. 45W751-2). The feedback/feed-  
forward transmission link LINKRC from FCV637 inputs to  
SW57RD in this valve.

\*\* FCV638 \*\*

LINK1RC,DUM13RD,1  
480MOV1A1A,DUM13RD,1  
DUM13RD,FCV638,OPRA1RD  
OPRA1RD,FCV638,DUM13RD  
OPRF1RD,FCV638,OPRA1RD  
OPRA1RD,FCV638,OPRF1RD

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

\*\* FCV6325 \*\*

OPRA6325,FCV6325,48#MOV1B1B  
48#MOV1B1B,FCV6325,OPRA6325

LINK1C is connection from MOT1C to FCV6325. MOT1C  
48#MOV1B1B is process electrical power.

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

\*\* FCV6326 \*\*

OPRA6326,FCV6326,48#MOV1A1A  
48#MOV1A1A,FCV6326,OPRA6326

LINK1D is connection from MOT1D to FCV6326. MOT1D  
48#MOV1A1A is process electrical power.

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

\*\* FCV6339 \*\*

OPRA6339,FCV6339,48#MOV1A1A  
48#MOV1A1A,FCV6339,OPRA6339

LINK1E is connection from MOT1E to FCV6339. MOT1E  
48#MOV1A1A is process electrical power.

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

\*\* FCV6340 \*\*

OPRA6340,FCV6340,48#MOV1B1B  
48#MOV1B1B,FCV6340,OPRA6340

LINK1F is connection from MOT1F to FCV6340. MOT1F  
48#MOV1B1B is process electrical power.

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SOLENOID FLOW CONTROL VALVE

DATA FROM TVA DWG. 45W600-63

No motive power is needed, only signal and actuation. No local operator. Remote OP ANDs with SIS16.

This unit model is for those solenoid valves which are closed for safety injection. Their closure is effected by cutting power to the solenoid.

\*\* FCV6338 \*\*

OPRA6338,FCV6338,SIS16B SOL16 is solenoid which, when de-energized, allows SIS16B,FCV6338,OPRA6338 ^LINK16

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SOLENOID FLOW CONTROL VALVE

DATA FROM TVA DWG. 45W600-63

No motive power is needed, only signal and actuation. No local operator. Remote OP ANDs with SIS16.

This unit model is for those solenoid valves which are closed for safety injection. Their closure is effected by cutting power to the solenoid.

\*. FCV6342 \*\*

OPRA6342,FCV6342,SIS16A SOL1H is solenoid which, when de-energized, allows SIS16A,FCV6342,OPRA6342

DATA FROM TVA DWG. 45W600-63

No motive power is needed, only signal and actuation. No local operator. Remote OP ANDs with SIS16.

This unit model is for those solenoid valves which are closed for safety injection. Their closure is effected by cutting power to the solenoid.

\*\* FCV6341 \*\*

OPRA6341,FCV6341,SIS16B SOL1R is solenoid which, when de-energized, allows SIS16B,FCV6341,OPRA6341

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED LEVEL CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-62-7

\*\* LCV62135 \*\*

OPRA62135,LCV62135,480MOV1A1A LINK1J is connection from MOT1J to LCV62135. MOT1J 480MOV1A1A,LCV62135,OPRA62135 480MOV1A1A is process electrical power.



ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED LEVEL CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-62-7

\*\* LCV62136 \*\*

OPRA62136,LCV62136,48#MOV1B1B      LINK1K is connection from MOT1K to LCV62136. MOT1K  
48#MOV1B1B,LCV62136,OPRA62136      48#MOV1B1B is process electrical power.

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED LEVEL CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-62-7

\*\* LCV62133 \*\*

OPRA62133,LCV62133,48#MOV1B1B      LINK1L is connection from MOT1L to LCV62133. MOT1L  
48#MOV1B1B,LCV62133,OPRA62133      48#MOV1B1B is process electrical power.

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED LEVEL CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-62-7

\*\* LCV62132 \*\*

OPRA62132,LCV62132,48#MOV1A1A      LINK1M is connection from MOT1M to LCV62132. MOT1M  
48#MOV1A1A,LCV62132,OPRA62132      48#MOV1A1A is process electrical power.



ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This valve shuts off the alternate injection paths upon receipt of SILOGIC, hence, its successful operation causes the alternate paths to fail. For the alternate paths to succeed, either this valve must fail to close or, if it has closed, it must be successfully opened manually. For the first case, the valve node is false even though it has failed to function as designed. Modelling this would require use of a NOT gate which isn't in any code now. This model will be for the second case, the ability of the valve to be successfully opened manually. FCV6290 is handled the same way.

\*\* FCV6291 \*\*

OPRR6291,FCV6291,OPRL6291

OPRL6291,FCV6291,OPRR6291

480MOV1B1B,FCV6291,OPRL6291      480MOV1B1B is process electrical power.

OPRL6291,FCV6291,480MOV1B1B

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This valve shuts off the alternate injection paths upon receipt of SILOGIC, hence, its successful operation causes the alternate paths to fail. For the alternate paths to succeed, either this valve must fail to close or, if it has closed, it must be successfully opened manually. For the first case, the valve node is false even though it has failed to function as designed. Modelling this would require use of a NOT gate which isn't in any code now. This model will be for the second case, the ability of the valve to be successfully opened manually. FCV6291 is handled the same way.

\*\* FCV6290 \*\*

480MOV1A1A,FCV6290,OPRL6290

OPRL6290,FCV6290,480MOV1A1A

OPRR6290,FCV6290,OPRL6290

OPRL6290,FCV6290,OPRR6290

LINK1P is connection from MOT1P to FCV6290. MOT1P

# ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SOLENOID FLOW CONTROL VALVE

DATA FROM TVA DWG. 45N600-63

This unit model is for those solenoid valves which are closed for safety injection. Their closure is effected by cutting power to the solenoid.

7/17: No singleton or doubleton OUTSIDE OF THE VALVE can keep this solenoid valve from working. It requires no active power, only a signal to de-energize the coil. Since no singleton or doubleton can kill DSIINST, the remote OP who uses it is OR'ed into the valve.

H\*\* FCV6286 \*\*  
OPRR6286,FCV6286,1

MOT2S,CCPIAA,1	MOT2S is driving motor and CCPIAA is pump.
R2S,MOT2S,1	R2S is relay.
690#VS1AA,R2S,1	690#VS1AAS is process electrical power.
COIL2S,R2S,1	COIL2S, when energized, closes R2S.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of switches to COIL2S

SWS11S,COIL2S,DUMAND8S	SWS11S switches on receipt of SIS.
DUMAND8S,COIL2S,SWS11S	
SWA2S,DUMAND8S,DUMAND7S	SWA2S uses normal control power to energize COIL2S.
DUMAND7S,DUMAND8S,SWA2S	
SWC2S,DUMAND7S,SWB2S	SWC2S uses emergency control power to energize COIL2S.
SWB2S,DUMAND7S,SWC2S	SWB2S is local control and uses norm. or emerg. power.
OPRC2S,SWB2S,1	OPRC2S is local operator.
DSIINST,OPRC2S,1	DSIINST is control room SIS indicator instrumentation.
FDATA2S,OPRC2S,1	

FUSE4S,SWC2S,1	FUSE4S is fuse for emergency control power.
R3S,DUM4S,R4S	
R4S,DUM4S,R3S	
DUM4S,FUSE4S,1	
FUSE10III,R3S,1	
FUSE10I,R4S,1	
SWX3S,R4S,1	
OPRF7S,SWX3S,1	
ANNIII,OPRF7S,1	ANN- is annunciator to indicate need to switch to alt. pwr.

SWX2S,FUSE4S,1                      SWX2S is switch from normal to emerg. control power.  
 OPRF4S,SWX2S,1                      OPRF4S operates SWX2S.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of transmitters/indicators to OPRF4S  
 FDATA2S,OPRF4S,DUMAND10S  
 DUMAND10S,OPRF4S,FDATA2S  
 LT8S,DUMAND10S,DUMAND9S LT8S indicates SWA2S status.  
 DUMAND9S,DUMAND10S,LT8S  
 LT7S,DUMAND9S,DUMAND6S LT7S indicates SWA3S status.  
 DUMAND6S,DUMAND9S,LT7S  
 LT6S,DUMAND6S,OPRC2S LT6S indicates control power status.  
 OPRC2S,DUMAND6S,LT6S

OPRF6S,SWC2S,1                      OPRF6S operates auxillary control switch SWC2S.  
 DUM35S,OPRF6S,1

FDATA2S,DUM35S,OPRC2S  
 OPRC2S,DUM35S,FDATA2S  
 DSIINST,DUM35S,1

FUSE3S,SWA2S,1                      FUSE3S is fuse for normal control power.  
 FUSE3S,LT7S,1                      Indicator lights LT7S and LT8S use norm. con. power.  
 FUSE3S,LT8S,1

FUSE3S,SWB2S,FUSE4S  
 FUSE4S,SWB2S,FUSE3S  
 DUM3S,FUSE3S,1  
 R5S,DUM3S,R6S  
 R6S,DUM3S,R5S  
 FUSE10I,R5S,1  
 FUSE10III,R6S,1  
 SWX4S,R6S,1

AMNI,OPRF8S,1  
 OPRF8S,SWX4S,1  
 FUSE3S,SWA3S,1  
 DUM35S,OPRF5S,1

SWA3S enables auto receipt of SIS.

OPRF5S,SWA2S,1  
 SWA3S,SWI1S,1  
 OPWF5S,SWA3S,1  
 SISIGA,SWI1S,1

OPRF5S operates SWA2SS, SWA3S which are both part of same actuator.

OPWF5S fails by not enabling SISIG receipt.  
 SISIGA is input from Safeguards Actuation Logic.

# ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION OR CENTRIFUGAL CHARGING PUMP

DATA FROM TVA DWG's 45W760-62-1, 45W760-63-1

## \*\* CCP1BB \*\*

MOT2T,CCP1BB,1	MOT2T is driving motor and CCP1BB is pump.
R2T,MOT2T,1	R2T is relay.
6900VSI1BB,R2T,1	6900VSI1BBT is process electrical power.
COIL2T,R2T,1	COIL2T, when energized, closes R2T.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of switches to COIL2T

SWS11T,COIL2T,DUMAND8T	SWS11T switches on receipt of SIS.
DUMAND8T,COIL2T,SWS11T	
SWA2T,DUMAND8T,DUMAND7T	SWA2T uses normal control power to energize COIL2T.
DUMAND7T,DUMAND8T,SWA2T	
SWC2T,DUMAND7T,SWB2T	SWC2T uses emergency control power to energize COIL2T.
SWB2T,DUMAND7T,SWC2T	SWB2T is local control and uses norm. or emerg. power.

OPRC2T,SWB2T,1	OPRC2T is local operator.
DSIINST,OPRC2T,1	DSIINST is control room SIS indicator instrumentation.
FDATA2T,OPRC2T,1	

FUSE4T,SWC2T,1	FUSE4T is fuse for emergency control power.
R3T,DUM4T,R4T	
R4T,DUM4T,R3T	
DUM4T,FUSE4T,1	
FUSE10IV,R3T,1	
FUSE10II,R4T,1	
SWX3T,R4T,1	
OPRF7T,SWX3T,1	
ANNIV,OPRF7T,1	ANN- is annunciator to indicate need to switch to alt. pwr.
SWX2T,FUSE4T,1	SWX2T is switch from normal to emerg. control power.
OPRF4T,SWX2T,1	OPRF4T operates SWX2T.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of transmitters/indicators to OPRF4T

FDATA2T,OPRF4T,DUMAND10T	
DUMAND10T,OPRF4T,FDATA2T	
LT8T,DUMAND10T,DUMAND9T	LT8T indicates SWA2T status.
DUMAND9T,DUMAND10T,LT8T	
LT7T,DUMAND9T,DUMAND6T	LT7T indicates SWA3T status.
DUMAND6T,DUMAND9T,LT7T	
LT6T,DUMAND6T,OPRC2T	LT6T indicates control power status.
OPRC2T,DUMAND6T,LT6T	

OPRF6T,SWC2T,1	OPRF6T operates auxillary control switch SWC2T.
DUM35T,OPRF6T,1	

FDATA2T,DUM35T,OPRC2T  
OPRC2T,DUM35T,FDATA2T  
DSIINST,DUM35T,1

FUSE3T,SWA2T,1  
FUSE3T,LT7T,1  
FUSE3T,LT8T,1  
FUSE3T,SWB2T,FUSE4T  
FUSE4T,SWB2T,FUSE3T  
DUM3T,FUSE3T,1  
R5T,DUM3T,R6T  
R6T,DUM3T,R5T  
FUSE10II,R5T,1  
FUSE10IV,R6T,1  
SWX4T,R6T,1  
ANN1I,OPRF8T,1  
OPRF8T,SWX4T,1  
FUSE3T,SWA3T,1  
DUM35T,OPRF5T,1  
OPRF5T,SWA2T,1  
SWA3T,SWS11T,1  
OPWF5T,SWA3T,1  
SIS16B,SWS11T,1

FUSE3T is fuse for normal control power.  
Indicator lights LT7T and LT8T use normal control power.

SWA3T enables auto receipt of SIS.

OPRF5T operates SWA2ST, SWA3T which are both part of same actuator.

OPWF5T fails by not enabling SIS16 receipt.  
SIS16B is input from Safeguards Actuation Logic.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

H\*\* FCV63156 \*\*  
48#MOV1A1A,FCV63156,OPRL63156  
OPRL63156,FCV63156,48#MOV1A1A  
OPRR63156,FCV63156,OPRL63156  
OPRL63156,FCV63156,OPRR63156

LINK1W is connection from MOT1W to FCV63156. MOT1W

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

H\*\* FCV63157 \*\*  
48#MOV1B1B,FCV63157,OPRL63157  
OPRL63157,FCV63157,48#MOV1B1B  
OPRR63157,FCV63157,OPRL63157  
OPRL63157,FCV63157,OPRR63157

LINK1X is connection from MOT1X to FCV63157. MOT1X

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION OR CENTRIFUGAL CHARGING PUMP

DATA FROM TVA DWG's 45W760-62-1, 45W760-63-1

\*\* SIPIAA \*\*

MOT2U, SIPIAA, 1	MOT2U is driving motor and SIPIAA is pump.
R2U, MOT2U, 1	R2U is relay.
6900VS1AA, R2U, 1	6900VS1AAU is process electrical power.
COIL2U, R2U, 1	COIL2U, when energized, closes R2U.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of switches to COIL2U

SWS11U, COIL2U, DUMAND8U	SWS11U switches on receipt of SIS.
DUMAND8U, COIL2U, SWS11U	
SWA2U, DUMAND8U, DUMAND7U	SWA2U uses normal control power to energize COIL2U.
DUMAND7U, DUMAND8U, SWA2U	
SWC2U, DUMAND7U, SWB2U	SWC2U uses emergency control power to energize COIL2U.
SWB2U, DUMAND7U, SWC2U	SWB2U is local control and uses norm. or emerg. power.

OPRC2U, SWB2U, 1	OPRC2U is local operator.
DSIINST, OPRC2U, 1	DSIINST is control room SIS indicator instrumentation.
FDATA2U, OPRC2U, 1	

FUSE4U, SWC2U, 1	FUSE4U is fuse for emergency control power.
R3U, DUM4U, R4U	
R4U, DUM4U, R3U	
DUM4S, FUSE4U, 1	
SWX2U, FUSE4U, 1	SWX2U is switch from normal to emerg. control power.
OPRF4U, SWX2U, 1	OPRF4U operates SWX2U.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of transmitters/indicators to OPRF4U

FDATA2U, OPRF4U, DUMAND10U	
DUMAND10U, OPRF4U, FDATA2U	
LT8U, DUMAND10U, DUMAND9U	LT8U indicates SWA2U status.



DUMAND9U, DUMAND10U, LT8U

LT7U, DUMAND9U, DUMAND6U LT7U indicates SWA3U status.

DUMAND6U, DUMAND9U, LT7U

LT6U, DUMAND6U, OPRC2U LT6U indicates control power status.

OPRC2U, DUMAND6U, LT6U

OPRF6U, SWC2U, 1

OPRF6U operates auxillary control switch SWC2U.

DUM35U, OPRF6U, 1

FDATA2U, DUM35U, OPRC2U

OPRC2U, DUM35U, FDATA2U

DSIINST, DUM35U, 1

FUSE3U, SWA2U, 1

FUSE3U is fuse for normal control power.

FUSE3U, LT7U, 1

Indicator lights LT7U and LT8U use norm. con. power.

FUSE3U, LT8U, 1

FUSE3U, SWB2U, FUSE4U

FUSE4U, SWB2U, FUSE3U

DUM3S, FUSE3U, 1

FUSE3U, SWA3U, 1

SWA3U enables auto receipt of SIS.

DUM35U, OPRF5U, 1

OPRF5U, SWA2U, 1

OPRF5U operates SWA25U, SWA3U which are both part of same actuator.

SWA3U, SWS11U, 1

OPWF5U, SWA3U, 1

OPWF5U fails by not enabling SIS16 receipt.

SIS16A, SWS11U, 1

SIS16A is input from Safeguards Actuation Logic.



ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION OR CENTRIFUGAL CHARGING PUMP  
DATA FROM TVA DWG's 45W760-62-1, 45W760-63-1

\*\* SIP1BB \*\*

MOT2V,SIP1BB,1	MOT2V is driving motor and SIP1BB is pump.
R2V,MOT2V,1	R2V is relay.
6900VS1BB,R2V,1	6900VS1BBV is process electrical power.
COIL2V,R2V,1	COIL2V, when energized, closes R2V.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of switches to COIL2V

SWS11V,COIL2V,DUMAND8V	SWS11V switches on receipt of SIS.
DUMAND8V,COIL2V,SWS11V	
SWA2V,DUMAND8V,DUMAND7V	SWA2V uses normal control power to energize COIL2V.
DUMAND7V,DUMAND8V,SWA2V	
SWC2V,DUMAND7V,SWB2V	SWC2V uses emergency control power to energize COIL2V.
SWB2V,DUMAND7V,SWC2V	SWB2V is local control and uses norm. or emerg. power.
OPRC2V,SWB2V,1	OPRC2V is local operator.
DSIINST,OPRC2V,1	DSIINST is control room SIS indicator instrumentation.
FDATA2V,OPRC2V,1	

FUSE4V,SWC2V,1  
R3V,DUM4V,R4V  
R4V,DUM4V,R3V  
DUM4T,FUSE4V,1  
SWX2V,FUSE4V,1  
OPRF4V,SWX2V,1

FUSE4V is fuse for emergency control power.

SWX2V is switch from normal to emerg. control power.  
OPRF4V operates SWX2V.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of transmitters/indicators to OPRF4V  
FDATA2V,OPRF4V,DUMAND10V  
DUMAND10V,OPRF4V,FDATA2V  
LT8V,DUMAND10V,DUMAND9V LT8V indicates SWA2V status.  
DUMAND9V,DUMAND10V,LT8V  
LT7V,DUMAND9V,DUMAND6V LT7V indicates SWA3V status.  
DUMAND6V,DUMAND9V,LT7V  
LT6V,DUMAND6V,OPRC2V LT6V indicates control power status.  
OPRC2V,DUMAND6V,LT6V

OPRF6V,SWC2V,1  
DUM35V,OPRF6V,1

OPRF6V operates auxillary control switch SWC2V.

FDATA2V,DUM35V,OPRC2V  
OPRC2V,DUM35V,FDATA2V  
DSIINST,DUM35V,1

FUSE3V,SWA2V,1  
FUSE3V,LT7V,1  
FUSE3V,LT8V,1  
FUSE3V,SWB2V,FUSE4V  
FUSE4V,SWB2V,FUSE3V  
DUM3T,FUSE3V,1  
FUSE3V,SWA3V,1  
DUM35V,OPRF5V,1  
OPRF5V,SWA2V,1  
SWA3V,SWSI1V,1  
OPWF5V,SWA3V,1  
SISI6B,SWSI1V,1

FUSE3V is fuse for normal control power.

Indicator lights LT7V and LT8V use norm. con. power.

SWA3V enables auto receipt of SIS.

OPRF5V operates SWA2SV, SWA3V which are both part of same actuator.

OPWF5SV fails by not enabling SISI6 receipt.

SISI6B is input from Safeguards Actuation Logic.

# ADJACENCY INPUT FOR COMPONENT COOLING SYSTEM

DATA FROM FSAR FIG.'s 9.2-16,19

This system is shared by both units but some components are designated to unit 1, unit 2, or to both units. In the figure, there is a prefix of 1-, 2-, or #-, respectively, for the above cases. In the digraph, the numerical prefix is moved to after the component type specification. For example, 1-FCV-703 becomes FCV1703. For those cases where there is no numerical prefix, the type specification is directly translated as usual.

Pressure failure criteria follow. Sufficient pressure (flow rate) is based upon at least two pumps succeeding. Failure to generate sufficient pressure therefore results when at least four pumps fail. Data from FSAR table 9.2-7.

DUMPRES,OILCOOLT,1 DUMPRS is failure of pumps to generate sufficient pressure. This fails all oil coolers.

DUMPRES,OILCOOLV,1

DUMPRES,OILCOOLS,1

DUMPRES,OILCOOLU,1

CCWP1BB,DUMPRES,DUMAND14Y

CCWP- is component cooling water pump.

DUMAND14Y,DUMPRES,CCWP1BB

DUMAND13Y,DUMAND14Y,1

CCWPCS,DUMAND13Y,DUMAND12Y

DUMAND12Y,DUMAND13Y,CCWPCS

CCWP2BB,DUMAND12Y,CCWP2AA

CCWP2AA,DUMAND12Y,CCWP2BB

DUMAND8Y,DUMPRES,CCWP2BB

CCWP2BB,DUMPRES,DUMAND8Y

DUMAND7Y,DUMAND8Y,CCWPCS

CCWPCS,DUMAND8Y,DUMAND7Y

CCWP1AA,DUMAND7Y,CCWP1BB

CCWP1BB,DUMAND7Y,CCWP1AA

CCWP1AA,DUMPRES,DUMAND13Y

DUMAND13Y,DUMPRES,CCWP1AA

DUMAND7Y,DUMPRES,DUMAND12Y

DUMAND12Y,DUMPRES,DUMAND7Y

DUMAND8Y,DUMPRES,CCWP2AA

CCWP2AA,DUMPRES,DUMAND8Y

Injection pump train 1BB

OILCOOLT,CCP1BB,1

OILCOOLT is the oil heat exchanger for CCP1BB.

VGL553B,OILCOOLT,1

TW170145B,VGL553B,1

TW- is an in-line temperature sensor.

VGL552B,TW170145B,1

FE170165,VGL552B,1

FE- is an in-line flow meter orifice.

FCV1703,FE170165,1

V6L554B,OILCOOLT,1  
TW170145A,V6L554B,1  
FE170145,TW170145A,1  
V6L557B,FE170145,1  
TW17072,V6L557B,1

OILCOOLV,SIP18B,1  
TW170148B,OILCOOLV,1  
V6L558B,TW170148B,1  
FE170165,V6L558B,1  
TW170148A,OILCOOLV,1

V6L562B,FE170148,1  
V6A170725B,V6L562B,1  
TW17072,V6A170725B,1  
FCV17075,TW17072,1

Injection pump train 1AA

OILCOOLS,CCP1AA,1  
V6L553A,OILCOOLS,1  
TW170146B,V6L553A,1  
V6L552A,TW170146B,1  
FE170159,V6L552A,1  
FCV1702,FE170159,1  
V6L554A,OILCOOLS,1  
FE170146,TW170146A,1  
V6L557A,FE170146,1  
TW17070,V6L557A,1

OILCOOLU,SIP1AA,1  
TW17014 ,OILCOOLU,1  
V6L558A,TW170147B,1  
FE170159,V6L558A,1  
TW170147A,OILCOOLU,1  
FE170147,TW170147A,1  
V6L562A,FE170147,1  
V6A170725A,V6L562A,1  
TW17070,V6A170725A,1

Adjacency input for the first crosstie network follows. This crosstie outputs to pump train 1AA through FCV1703 and to pump train 1BB through FCV1702. The inputs to the crosstie network are from 3 FCV's through which flow from each of the component cooling heat exchangers passes. The outputs from CCHXRA, B, and C pass into the network via FCV708, FCV7015, and FCV7012, respectively.

The network has been modelled by considering it as three legs linked together. Leg 1 is the segment bounded by FCV70195 and FCV70196, Leg 2 is the segment bounded by FCV709 and FCV7016, and Leg 3 is the segment bounded by FCV70194 and FCV70197. Flow through each leg is bi-directional.

Input to FCV1703

DUM3Y,FCV1703,DUMAND1Y DUM3Y is flow from left to right in Leg 1.

DUMAND1Y,FCV1703,DUM3Y

FCV7012,DUMAND1Y,DUM5Y DUM5Y is flow from right to left in Leg 2.

DUM5Y,DUMAND1Y,FCV7012

FCV709,DUM5Y,1

FCV7010,FCV709,1

FCV708,DUM5Y,DUM6Y DUM6Y is flow from left to right in Leg 3.

DUM6Y,DUM5Y,FCV708

FCV70197,DUM6Y,1

VB070515B,FCV70197,1 VB- is a butterfly valve.

FDATA3,OPRA2Y,1

OPRA2Y,VB070515B,1

VB070515A,VB070515B,1

FCV70194,VB070515A,1

FDATA3,OPRA1Y,1

OPRA1Y,VB070515A,1

FCV7015,DUM6Y,DUM2Y

DUM2Y,DUM6Y,FCV7015

FCV70195,DUM2Y,1

FCV70196,FCV70195,1

FCV7012,DUM2Y,DUM5Y

DUM5Y,DUM2Y,FCV7012

DUM2Y is flow from left to right in Leg 2.

Local operators are needed to re-orient VB-'s.

FCV70196,DUM3Y,1  
 FCV70195,FCV70196,1  
 FCV7015,DUM3Y,DUM7Y  
 DUM7Y,DUM3Y,FCV7015  
 FCV70194,DUM7Y,1  
 VB070515A,FCV70194,1  
 VB070515B,VB070515A,1  
 FCV70197,VB070515B,1  
 DUM10Y,DUM7Y,1  
 FCV7008,DUM10Y,DUM4Y  
 DUM4Y,DUM10Y,FCV7008  
 FCV7010,DUM4Y,1  
 FCV7009,FCV7010,1  
 FCV7012,DUM4Y,DUM3Y  
 DUM3Y,DUM4Y,FCV7012

DUM7Y is flow from right to left in Leg 3.

DUM4Y is flow from right to left in Leg 2.

Input to FCV1702  
 DUM10Y,FCV1702,DUM6Y  
 DUM6Y,FCV1702,DUM10Y

TW70162,FCV7012,1  
 CCHXRC,TW70162,1  
 VB070510,CCHXRC,1  
 TW70201,VB070510,1  
 FE70201,TW70201,1

CCHXRC is component cooling heat exchanger C. All 3 heat exchangers are modelled on the primary side only.

TW270161,FCV7015,1  
 CCHXRB,TW270161,1  
 VB270510,CCHXRB,1  
 TW270200,VB270510,1

CCHXRB is component cooling heat exchanger B.



FE270200,TW270200,1

TW170161,FCV700,1

CCHXRA,TW170161,1

CCHXRA is component cooling heat exchanger A.

VB170510,CCHXRA,1

TW170199,VB170510,1

FE170199,TW170199,1

Adjacency input for the 2nd crosstie network follows. This crosstie outputs to the 3 component cooling heat exchanger trains. The connections to trains A, B, and C are FE170199, 200, and 201, respectively. The inputs to the network are from the 5 component cooling water pump trains which connect to the network at VB170505A, VB170505, VB070505, VB270505B, and VB270505A.

The network is modelled by breaking it into 9 legs and these are depicted on the digraph. Each leg is bounded by dummy nodes for flow in each direction.

DUM11Y,FE170199,DUM14Y

Input to HXR train A is from Leg 1 or Leg 2.

DUM14Y,FE170199,DUM11Y

FCV7025,DUM11Y,1

VB170505A,DUM11Y,DUM25Y

DUM25Y,DUM11Y,VB170505A

VB170507,DUM25Y,1

DUM18Y,DUM25Y,VB170505B

FCV7026,DUM18Y,1

FCV7027,FCV7026,1

VB170505B,DUM25Y,DUM18Y

VB070505,DUMAND2Y,DUM20Y

These next 4 lines are a triple input AND-gate

DUM20Y,DUMAND2Y,VB070505

to DUM18Y. The inputs are from VB070505, Leg 6, and Leg 9.

DUMAND2Y,DUM18Y,DUM29Y

DUM29Y,DUM18Y,DUMAND2Y

FCV7022,DUM29Y,1

DUM15Y,DUM29Y,DUM16Y

DUM11Y,DUM15Y,1

FCV7013,DUM15Y,1

FCV7023,FCV7013,1

DUM16Y,DUM29Y,DUM15Y

FCV7014,DUM16Y,1

FCV7018,FCV7014,1

DUM31Y,DUM16Y,1

FCV7016,DUM31Y,1

VB270505A,DUM31Y,DUM28Y

DUM28Y,DUM31Y,VB270505A

VB270507,DUM28Y,1

VB270505B,DUM28Y,DUM21Y

DUM21Y,DUM28Y,VB270505B

FCV7029,DUM21Y,1

FCV7028,FCV7029,1



VB070505,DUMAND4Y,DUM19Y  
 DUM19Y,DUMAND4Y,VB070505  
 DUMAND4Y,DUM21Y,DUM29Y  
 DUM29Y,DUM21Y,DUMAND4Y  
 FCV7027,DUM19Y,1  
 FCV7026,FCV7027,1  
 VB170505B,DUM19Y,DUM26Y  
 DUM26Y,DUM19Y,VB170505B  
 VB170507,DUM26Y,1  
 VB170505A,DUM26Y,DUM33Y  
 DUM33Y,DUM26Y,VB170505A  
 FCV7025,DUM33Y,1  
 DUM14Y,DUM33Y,1  
 FCV7023,DUM14Y,1  
 FCV7013,FCV7023,1  
 DUM16Y,DUM14Y,DUM30Y  
 DUM30Y,DUM14Y,DUM16Y  
 FCV7022,DUM30Y,1  
 VB070505,DUMAND3Y,DUM20Y  
 DUM20Y,DUMAND3Y,VB070505  
 DUMAND3Y,DUM30Y,DUM19Y  
 DUM19Y,DUM30Y,DUMAND3Y  
 FCV7028,DUM20Y,1  
 FCV7029,FCV7028,1  
 DUM27Y,DUM20Y,VB270505B  
 VB270505B,DUM20Y,DUM27Y  
 VB270507,DUM27Y,1  
 VB270505A,DUM27Y,DUM32Y  
 DUM32Y,DUM27Y,VB270505A  
 FCV7016,DUM32Y,1  
 DUM17Y,DUM32Y,1  
 FCV7018,DUM17Y,1  
 FCV7014,FCV7018,1  
 DUM30Y,DUM17Y,DUM15Y  
 DUM15Y,DUM17Y,DUM30Y  
 DUM15Y,DUMAND5Y,DUM30Y  
 DUM30Y,DUMAND5Y,DUM15Y  
 DUMAND5Y,FE70201,DUM16Y  
 DUM16Y,FE70201,DUMAND5Y

These next 4 lines are a triple input AND-gate  
 to DUM21Y. The inputs are from VB070505,  
 Leg 7, and Leg 9.

These next 4 lines are a triple input AND-gate  
 to DUM30Y. The inputs are from VB070505,  
 Leg 6, and Leg 7.

Input to HXR train C is from Leg 2, Leg 9,  
 or Leg 3.

DUM17Y,FE270200,DUM31Y  
DUM31Y,FE270200,DUM17Y

Input to HXR train B is from Leg 3 or Leg 4.

Adjacency input for the five pump trains follows. Since the entire system pressure and suction is provided by these pumps, failure of a pump train propagates upstream to components dependent upon suction AND downstream to components dependent upon pressure. Hence, the pump trains are "strong", i.e., in each train all nodes reach to each other and then to those nodes bounding upstream and downstream.

VC170504A,VB170505A,1

VB170505A,VC170504A,1

CCWP1AA,VC170504A,1

VC170504A,CCWP1AA,1

CCWP- is component cooling water pump.

CCWP1AA,STRAINR1AA,1

STRAINR1AA,VB170503A,1

STRAINR- is a strainer which should be installed only only during system cleanup. Its failure represents its presence during normal operation AND its blockage of sufficient flow through the pump train.

VC170504B,VB170505B,1

VB170505B,VC170504B,1

CCWP1BB,VC170504B,1

VC170504B,CCWP1BB,1

CCWP1BB,STRAINR1BB,1

STRAINR1BB,VB170503B,1

VC070504,VB070505,1

VB070505,VC070504,1

CCWP0CS,VC070504,1

VC070504,CCWP0CS,1

CCWP0CS,STRAINR0CS,1

STRAINR0CS,VB070503,1

VC270504B,VB270505B,1

VB270505B,VC270504B,1

CCWP2BB,VC270504B,1

VC270504B,CCWP2BB,1

CCWP2BB,STRAINR2BB,1

STRAINR2BB,VB270503B,1

VC270504A,VB270505A,1

VB270505A,VC270504A,1

CCWP2AA,VC270504A,1

VC270504A,CCWP2AA,1

CCWP2AA,STRAINR2AA,1

STRAINR2AA,VB270503A,1

Adjacency input for the third crosstie network follows. This network is of a component represents failure of suction generated by pumps to be propagated upstream of the component to the oil coolers. Inputs to the network are the 5 pump trains and the outputs are the upstream oil cooler trains. The network is modelled as 3 legs.

VB170503A, TW17070, DUM34Y  
 DUM34Y, TW17070, VB170503A  
 FCV7034, DUM34Y, 1  
 VB170503B, DUM34Y, DUM36Y  
 DUM36Y, DUM34Y, VB170503B  
 FCV7064, DUM36Y, 1  
 FCV7074, FCV7064, 1  
 VB070503, DUM36Y, FCV7076  
 FCV7076, DUM36Y, VB070503  
 VB070503, DUMAND6Y, FCV7076  
 FCV7076, DUMAND6Y, VB070503  
 DUMAND6Y, FCV17075, DUM37Y  
 DUM37Y, FCV17075, DUMAND6Y  
 FCV7078, FCV7076, 1  
 VB270503B, FCV7078, FCV7039  
 FCV7039, FCV7078, VB270503B  
 VB270503A, FCV7039, 1  
 FCV7074, DUM37Y, 1  
 FCV7064, FCV7074, 1  
 VB170503B, DUM37Y, DUM35Y  
 DUM35Y, DUM37Y, VB170503B  
 FCV7034, DUM35Y, 1

Flow from oil cooler train 1AA can be drawn through either CCMP train 1AA or Leg 1.

Flow from oil cooler train 1BB can be drawn through either CCMP train CS, Leg 2, or Leg 3.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

##### DATA FROM TVA DWG 45M760-63-B

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve model open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DETINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YA, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

\*\* FCV7023 \*\*  
 FDATA3,FCV7023,1  
 480MOV1A2A,FCV7023,OPRL7023  
 OPRL7023,FCV7023,480MOV1A2A  
 OPRR7023,FCV7023,OPRL7023  
 OPRL7023,FCV7023,OPRR7023      LINK1YA is connection from MOT1YA to FCV7023. MOT1YA

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YB, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POWERYB.

\*\* FCV7013 \*\*  
 FDATA3,FCV7013,1  
 OPRR7013,FCV7013,OPRL7013  
 OPRL7013,FCV7013,OPRR7013      LINK1YB is connection from MOT1YB to FCV7013. MOT1YB

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YC, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POWERYC.

\*\* FCV7014 \*\*  
FDATA3,FCV7014,1  
OPRR7014,FCV7014,OPRL7014  
OPRL7014,FCV7014,OPRR7014

LINK1YC is connection from MOT1YC to FCV7014. MOT1YC

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YD, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

\*\* FCV7018 \*\*  
FDATA3,FCV7018,1  
480MOV2A2A,FCV7018,OPRL7018  
OPRL7018,FCV7018,480MOV2A2A  
OPRR7018,FCV7018,OPRL7018  
OPRL7018,FCV7018,OPRR7018

LINK1YD is connection from MOT1YD to FCV7018. MOT1YD

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YE, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POMERYE.

## FCV7026 ##  
FDATA3,FCV7026,1  
OPRR7026,FCV7026,OPRL7026  
OPRL7026,FCV7026,OPRR7026

LINK1YE is connection from MOT1YE to FCV7026. MOT1YE

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YF, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POWERYF.

## FCV7027 ##  
FDATA3,FCV7027,1  
OPRR7027,FCV7027,OPRL7027  
OPRL7027,FCV7027,OPRR7027  
^ Inputs to DUM11YF

LINK1YF is connection from MOT1YF to FCV7027. MOT1YF



ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YG, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POMERYG.

```
    ** FCV7028 **  
FDATA3,FCV7028,1  
OPRR7028,FCV7028,OPRL7028  
OPRL7028,FCV7028,OPRR7028      LINK1YG is connection from MOT1YG to FCV7028.  MOT1YG
```

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YH, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POMERYH.

```
    ** FCV7029 **  
FDATA3,FCV7029,1  
OPRR7029,FCV7029,OPRL7029  
OPRL7029,FCV7029,OPRR7029      LINK1YH is connection from MOT1YH to FCV7029.  MOT1YH
```



ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YI, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POWERYI.

```

** FCV7064 **
FDATA3,FCV7064,1
OPRR7064,FCV7064,OPRL7064
OPRL7064,FCV7064,OPRR7064      LINK1YI is connection from MOT1YI to FCV7064.  MOT1YI
```

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-B

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YJ, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POWERYJ.

```

** FCV7074 **
FDATA3,FCV7074,1
OPRR7074,FCV7074,OPRL7074
OPRL7074,FCV7074,OPRR7074      LINK1YJ is connection from MOT1YJ to FCV7074.  MOT1YJ
```

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YK, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POWERYK.

\*\* FCV7076 \*\*

FDATA3,FCV7076,1

OPRR7076,FCV7076,OPRL7076

OPRL7076,FCV7076,OPRR7076

LINK1YK is connection from MOT1YK to FCV7076. MOT1YK

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YL, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POWERYL.

\*\* FCV7078 \*\*

FDATA3,FCV7078,1

OPRR7078,FCV7078,OPRL7078

OPRL7078,FCV7078,OPRR7078

LINK1YL is connection from MOT1YL to FCV7078. MOT1YL

# ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YM, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

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** FCV70195 **
FDATA3,FCV70195,1
480MOV2A2A,FCV70195,OPRL70195
OPRL70195,FCV70195,480MOV2A2A
OPRR70195,FCV70195,OPRL70195
OPRL70195,FCV70195,OPRR70195

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LINK1YM is connection from MOTIYM to FCV70195. MOTIYM

# ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YM, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POMERYN.

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** FCV70196 **
FDATA3,FCV70196,1
OPRR70196,FCV70196,OPRL70196
OPRL70196,FCV70196,OPRR70196

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LINK1YM is connection from MOTIYM to FCV70196. MOTIYM

# ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1Y0, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

Process power source unknown for this valve and labelled POMERY0.

\*\* FCV709 \*\*

FDATA3,FCV709,1

OPRL709,FCV709,OPRR709

LINK1Y0 is connection from MOT1Y0 to FCV709. MOT1Y0

OPRR709,FCV709,OPRL709 ^MOT1Y0,FCV709,OPRA1Y0 is the motor that moves valve plug FCV709. OPRA1Y0

# ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45W760-63-8

This unit model is the same as the one used in the injection systems except that this valve needn't open upon receipt of the safety injection signal. Successful operation of the valve does not, therefore, require a connection to DSIINST, safety injection instrumentation. An operator knows whether to open the valve based upon component cooling system pressures and flow data. This required input to the operators is called FDATA3. This is not the same as FDATA1YP, the flow data in the immediate region of the valve which is used to indicate to the operator whether or not the valve is open or closed. Detailed modeling of the flow sensing network would probably have some overlap between the two FDATA's, tho.

\*\* FCV7010 \*\*

FDATA3,FCV7010,1

480MOV1A2A,FCV7010,OPRL7010

OPRL7010,FCV7010,480MOV1A2A

OPRL7010,FCV7010,OPRR7010

OPRR7010,FCV7010,OPRL7010

LINK1YP is connection from MOT1YP to FCV7010. MOT1YP

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION OR CENTRIFUGAL CHARGING PUMP

DATA FROM TVA DWG's 45W760-62-1, 45W760-63-1

This pump is normally on. The unit model consists only of connections from the process power to the pump.

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed that the control logic and the design of the control circuitry is the same for the CCMP's as for the SIP's and CCP's, with the exception of the low header pressure input in the CCMP's. This assumption is based on the logic diagram in FSAR figure 9.2-23.

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed in this unit model that control power is not needed to keep the relay mechanism closed which allows the process power to flow to the pump motor. This is based upon interpretation of notes describing the mechanism 45W760-62-1.

**\*\* CCWP1AA \*\***

MOT2YQ,CCWP1AA,1	MOT2YQ is driving motor and CCWP1AA is pump.
R2YQ,MOT2YQ,1	R2YQ is relay.
480VS1A1A,R2YQ,1	480VS1A1A is process electrical power.

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION OR CENTRIFUGAL CHARGING PUMP

DATA FROM TVA DWG's 45W760-62-1, 45W760-63-1

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed that the control logic and the design of the control circuitry is the same for the CCMP's as for the SIP's and CCP's, with the exception of the low header pressure input in the CCMP's. This assumption is based on the logic diagram in FSAR figure 9.2-23.

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed in this unit model that control power is not needed to keep the relay mechanism closed which allows the process power to flow to the pump motor. This is based upon interpretation of notes describing the mechanism in 45W760-62-1.

**\*\* CCWP1BB \*\***

MOT2YR,CCWP1BB,1	MOT2YR is driving motor and CCWP1BB is pump.
R2YR,MOT2YR,1	R2YR is relay.
480VS1B1B,R2YR,1	480VS1B1BYR is process electrical power.
COIL2YR,R2YR,1	COIL2YR, when energized, closes R2YR.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of switches to COIL2YR  
 SWS11YR, COIL2YR, DUMAND8YR SWS11YR switches on receipt of SIS.  
 DUMAND8YR, COIL2YR, SWS11YR  
 SWA2YR, DUMAND8YR, DUMAND7YR SWA2YR uses normal control power to energize COIL2YR.  
 DUMAND7YR, DUMAND8YR, SWA2YR  
 SMC2YR, DUMAND7YR, SWB2YR SMC2YR uses emergency control power to energize COIL2YR.  
 SWB2YR, DUMAND7YR, SMC2YR SWB2YR is local control and uses norm. or emerg. power.

OPRC2YR, SWB2YR, 1 OPRC2YR is local operator.  
 FDATA3, OPRC2YR, 1 FDATA3 is control room instrumentation monitoring  
 FDATA2YR, OPRC2YR, 1 flow (heat removal) in CCS to determine need to turn  
 this pump on.

FUSE4YR, SMC2YR, 1 FUSE4YR is fuse for emergency control power.  
 R3YR, FUSE4YR, R4YR  
 R4YR, FUSE4YR, R3YR  
 FUSE10IV, R3YR, 1  
 FUSE10II, R4YR, 1  
 SWX3YR, R4YR, 1  
 OPRF7YR, SWX3YR, 1  
 ANN1V, OPRF7YR, 1 ANN- is annunciator to signal need to switch to alternate pwr.  
 SWX2YR, FUSE4YR, 1 SWX2YR is switch from normal to emerg. control power.  
 OPRF4YR, SWX2YR, 1 OPRF4YR operates SWX2YR.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of transmitters/indicators to OPRF4YR  
 FDATA2YR, OPRF4YR, DUMAND10YR  
 DUMAND10YR, OPRF4YR, FDATA2YR  
 LT8YR, DUMAND10YR, DUMAND9YR LT8YR indicates SWA2YR status.  
 DUMAND9YR, DUMAND10YR, LT8YR  
 LT7YR, DUMAND9YR, DUMAND6YR LT7YR indicates SWA3YR status.  
 DUMAND6YR, DUMAND9YR, LT7YR  
 LT6YR, DUMAND6YR, OPRC2YR LT6YR indicates control power status.  
 OPRC2YR, DUMAND6YR, LT6YR

OPRF6YR, SMC2YR, 1 OPRF6YR operates auxiliary control switch SMC2YR.  
 DUM35YR, OPRF6YR, 1

FDATA2YR, DUM35YR, OPRC2YR  
 OPRC2YR, DUM35YR, FDATA2YR  
 FDATA3, DUM35YR, 1

FUSE3YR, SWA2YR, 1 FUSE3YR is fuse for normal control power.  
 FUSE3YR, LT7YR, 1 Indicator lights LT7YR and LT8YR use norm. con. power.  
 FUSE3YR, LT8YR, 1  
 FUSE3YR, SWB2YR, FUSE4YR  
 FUSE4YR, SWB2YR, FUSE3YR  
 R5YR, FUSE3YR, R6YR  
 R6YR, FUSE3YR, R5YR  
 FUSE10II, R5YR, 1



FUSE10IV,R6YR,1  
 SWX4YR,R6YR,1  
 ANN11,OPRF8YR,1 ANN- is annunciator to signal need to switch to alternate pwr.  
 OPRF8YR,SWX4YR,1  
 FUSE3YR,SWA3YR,1 SWA3YR enables auto receipt of SIS.  
 DUM35YR,OPRF5YR,1  
 OPRF5YR,SWA2YR,1 OPRF5YR operates SWA25YR, SWA3YR which are both part of same actuator.  
 SWA3YR,SWI1YR,1  
 OPRF5YR,SWA3YR,1 OPRF5YR fails by not enabling SISIG receipt.  
 SISIGB,SWI1YR,SMPRES1YR SISIGB is input from Safeguards Actuation Logic.  
 SMPRES1YR,SWI1YR,SISIGB SMPRES1YR is actuation switch of low pressure header.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION OR CENTRIFUGAL CHARGING PUMP

DATA FROM TVA DWG's 45W760-62-1, 45W760-63-1

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed that the control logic and the design of the control circuitry is the same for the CCMP's as for the SIP's and CCP's, with the exception of the low header pressure input in the CCMP's. This assumption is based on the logic diagram in FSAR figure 9.2-23.

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed in this unit model that control power is not needed to keep the relay mechanism closed which allows the process power to flow to the pump motor. This is based upon interpretation of notes describing the mechanism in 45W760-62-1.

The digraph model for CCMPCS consists of two redundant pump control digraphs AND-ed together with the output of the gate connecting to the motor. Each control system enables power from a different 480 volt shutdown bus, however, only one of the two shutdown busses (480VS2B2B) is normally enabled. To enable the other bus (480VS1A2A) requires an operator action.

#### \*\* CCMPCS \*\*

R2YS,MOT2Y,R2YV R2YS and R2YV are outputs of the 2 control systems.  
 R2YV,MOT2Y,R2YS  
 MINRLKSWG1,R2YSWG1,1 MINRLKSWG1 is manual interlock enabling power to the pump to be "swung" from either unit.  
 MINRLKSWG1,R2YSWG2,1  
 OPRF9Y,R2YSWG2,1 OPRF9Y must close R2YSWG2 to enable alternate power.  
 MOT2Y,CCMPCS,1

#### Control system for normal feeder

480VS2B2B,R2YSWG1,1 480VS2B2B is process electrical power.  
 R2YSWG1,R2YS,1



COIL2YS,R2YS,1                      COIL2YS, when energized, closes R2YS.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of switches to COIL2YS  
SWS11YS,COIL2YS,DUMAND8YS              SWS11YS switches on receipt of SIS.  
DUMAND8YS,COIL2YS,SWS11YS  
SMA2YS,DUMAND8YS,DUMAND7YS              SMA2YS uses normal control power to energize COIL2YS.  
DUMAND7YS,DUMAND8YS,SMA2YS  
SWC2YS,DUMAND7YS,SWB2YS SWC2YS uses emergency control power to energize COIL2YS.  
SWB2YS,DUMAND7YS,SWC2YS SWB2YS is local control and uses norm. or emerg. power.

OPRC2YS,SWB2YS,1                      OPRC2YS is local operator.  
FDATA3,OPRC2YS,1                      FDATA3 is control room instrumentation monitoring  
FDATA2YS,OPRC2YS,1                      flow (heat removal) in CCS to determine need to turn  
this pump on.

FUSE4YS,SWC2YS,1                      FUSE4YS is fuse for emergency control power.  
R3YS,FUSE4YS,R4YS  
R4YS,FUSE4YS,R3YS  
FUSE2011,R3YS,1  
FUSE201V,R4YS,1  
SWX3YS,R4YS,1  
OPRF7YS,SWX3YS,1  
ANN11,OPRF7YS,1 ANN- is annunciator to signal need to switch to alternate pwr.  
SWX2YS,FUSE4YS,1                      SWX2YS is switch from normal to emerg. control power.  
OPRF4YS,SWX2YS,1                      OPRF4YS operates SWX2YS.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of transmitters/indicators to OPRF4YS  
FDATA2YS,OPRF4YS,DUMAND10YS  
DUMAND10YS,OPRF4YS,FDATA2YS  
LT8YS,DUMAND10YS,DUMAND9YS              LT8YS indicates SMA2YS status.  
DUMAND9YS,DUMAND10YS,LT8YS  
LT7YS,DUMAND9YS,DUMAND6YS              LT7YS indicates SMA3YS status.  
DUMAND6YS,DUMAND9YS,LT7YS  
LT6YS,DUMAND6YS,OPRC2YS LT6YS indicates control power status.  
OPRC2YS,DUMAND6YS,LT6YS

OPRF6YS,SWC2YS,1                      OPRF6YS operates auxillary control switch SWC2YS.  
DUM35YS,OPRF6YS,1

FDATA2YS,DUM35YS,OPRC2YS  
OPRC2YS,DUM35YS,FDATA2YS  
FDATA3,DUM35YS,1

FUSE3YS,SMA2YS,1                      FUSE3YS is fuse for normal control power.  
FUSE3YS,LT7YS,1                      Indicator lights LT7YS and LT8YS use norm. con. power.  
FUSE3YS,LT8YS,1  
FUSE3YS,SWB2YS,FUSE4YS  
FUSE4YS,SWB2YS,FUSE3YS  
R5YS,FUSE3YS,R6YS

R6YS, FUSE3YS, R5YS

FUSE2#IV, R5YS, 1

FUSE2#II, R6YS, 1

SWX4YS, R6YS, 1

ANNIV, OPRF8YS, 1 ANN- is annunciator to signal need to switch to alternate pwr.

OPRF8YS, SWX4YS, 1

FUSE3YS, SWA3YS, 1

SWA3YS enables auto receipt of SIS.

DUM35YC, OPRF5YS, 1

OPRF5YS, SWA2YS, 1

OPRF5YS operates SWA2YS, SWA3YS which are both part of same actuator.

SWA3YS, SWSI1YS, 1

OPMF5YS, SWA3YS, 1

OPMF5YS fails by not enabling SISIG receipt.

SISI6B, SWSI1YS, 1

SISI6B is input from Safeguards Actuation Logic.

#### Control system for alternate feeder

48#VS1A2A, R2YSW62, 1 48#VS1A2A is process electrical power.

R2YSW62, R2YV, 1

COIL2YV, R2YV, 1

COIL2YV, when energized, closes R2YV.

#### Multiple AND-gate for inputs of switches to COIL2YV

SWSI1YV, COIL2YV, DUMAND8YV

SWSI1YV switches on receipt of SIS.

DUMAND8YV, COIL2YV, SWSI1YV

SWA2YV, DUMAND8YV, DUMAND7YV

SWA2YV uses normal control power to energize COIL2YV.

DUMAND7YV, DUMAND8YV, SWA2YV

SWC2YV, DUMAND7YV, SWB2YV SWC2YV uses emergency control power to energize COIL2YV.

SWB2YV, DUMAND7YV, SWC2YV SWB2YV is local control and uses norm. or emerg. power.

OPRC2YV, SWB2YV, 1

OPRC2YV is local operator.

FDATA3, OPRC2YV, 1

FDATA3 is control room instrumentation monitoring

FDATA2YV, OPRC2YV, 1

flow (heat removal) in CCS to determine need to turn this pump on.

FUSE4YV, SWC2YV, 1

FUSE4YV is fuse for emergency control power.

R3YV, FUSE4YV, R4YV

R4YV, FUSE4YV, R3YV

FUSE1#III, R3YV, 1

FUSE1#I, R4YV, 1

SWX3YV, R4YV, 1

OPRF7YV, SWX3YV, 1

ANNIII, OPRF7YV, 1 ANN- is annunciator to signal need to switch to alternate pwr.

SWX2YV, FUSE4YV, 1

SWX2YV is switch from normal to emerg. control power.

OPRF4YV, SWX2YV, 1

OPRF4YV operates SWX2YV.

#### Multiple AND-gate for inputs of transmitters/indicators to OPRF4YV

FDATA2YV, OPRF4YV, DUMAND1#YV

DUMAND1#YV, OPRF4YV, FDATA2YV

LT8YV, DUMAND1#YV, DUMAND9YV

LT8YV indicates SWA2YV status.

DUMAND9YV, DUMAND1#YV, LT8YV

LT7YV, DUMAND9YV, DUMAND6YV

LT7YV indicates SWA3YV status.

DUMAND6YV, DUMAND9YV, LT7YV  
LT6YV, DUMAND6YV, OPRC2YV LT6YV indicates control power status.  
OPRC2YV, DUMAND6YV, LT6YV

OPRF6YV, SMC2YV, 1                      OPRF6YV operates auxillary control switch SMC2YV.  
DUM35YV, OPRF6YV, 1

FDATA2YV, DUM35YV, OPRC2YV  
OPRC2YV, DUM35YV, FDATA2YV  
FDATA3, DUM35YV, 1

FUSE3YV, SWA2YV, 1                      FUSE3YV is fuse for normal control power.  
FUSE3YV, LT7YV, 1                      Indicator lights LT7YV and LT8YV use normal control power.  
FUSE3YV, LT8YV, 1

FUSE3YV, SWB2YV, FUSE4YV  
FUSE4YV, SWB2YV, FUSE3YV  
R5YV, FUSE3YV, R6YV  
R6YV, FUSE3YV, R5YV  
FUSE10I, R5YV, 1  
FUSE10III, R6YV, 1  
SWX4YV, R6YV, 1

ANNI, OPRF8YV, 1 ANN- is annunciator to signal need to switch to alternate power.  
OPRF8YV, SWX4YV, 1

FUSE3YV, SWA3YV, 1                      SWA3YV enables auto receipt of SIS.  
DUM35YV, OPRF5YV, 1

OPRF5YV, SWA2YV, 1                      OPRF5YV operates SWA2YV, SWA3YV which are both part of same actuator.  
SWA3YV, SMSI1YV, 1

OPWF5YV, SWA3YV, 1                      OPWF5YV fails by not enabling SISIG receipt.  
SISIGA, SMSI1YV, 1                      SISIGA is input from Safeguards Actuation Logic.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION OR CENTRIFUGAL CHARGING PUMP

DATA FROM TVA DWG's 45W76#-62-1, 45W76#-63-1

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed that the control logic and the design of the control circuitry is the same for the CCMP's as for the SIP's and CCP's, with the exception of the low header pressure input in the CCMP's. This assumption is based on the logic diagram in FSAR figure 9.2-23.

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed in this unit model that control power is not needed to keep the relay mechanism closed which allows the process power to flow to the pump motor. This is based upon interpretation of notes describing the mechanism in 45W76#-62-1.

\*\* CCMP2BB \*\*

MOT2YT, CCMP2BB, 1                      MOT2YT is driving motor and CCMP2BB is pump.

R2YT, MOT2YT, 1	R2YT is relay.
48#VS2B1B, R2YT, 1	48#VS2B1BYT is process electrical power.
COIL2YT, R2YT, 1	COIL2YT, when energized, closes R2YT.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of switches to COIL2YT

SWS11YT, COIL2YT, DUMAND8YT	SWS11YT switches on receipt of SIS.
DUMAND8YT, COIL2YT, SWS11YT	
SMA2YT, DUMAND8YT, DUMAND7YT	SMA2YT uses normal control power to energize COIL2YT.
DUMAND7YT, DUMAND8YT, SMA2YT	
SWC2YT, DUMAND7YT, SWB2YT	SWC2YT uses emergency control power to energize COIL2YT.
SWB2YT, DUMAND7YT, SWC2YT	SWB2YT is local control and uses norm. or emerg. power.

OPRC2YT, SWB2YT, 1	OPRC2YT is local operator.
FDATA3, OPRC2YT, 1	FDATA3 is control room instrumentation monitoring
FDATA2YT, OPRC2YT, 1	flow (heat removal) in CCS to determine need to turn this pump on.

FUSE4YT, SWC2YT, 1	FUSE4YT is fuse for emergency control power.
R3YT, FUSE4YT, R4YT	
R4YT, FUSE4YT, R3YT	
FUSE2#II, R3YT, 1	
FUSE2#IV, R4YT, 1	
SWX3YT, R4YT, 1	
OPRF7YT, SWX3YT, 1	
ANN11, OPRF7YT, 1	ANN- is annunciator to signal need to switch to alternate pwr.
SWX2YT, FUSE4YT, 1	SWX2YT is switch from normal to emerg. control power.
OPRF4YT, SWX2YT, 1	OPRF4YT operates SWX2YT.

Multiple AND-gate for inputs of transmitters/indicators to OPRF4YT

FDATA2YT, OPRF4YT, DUMAND1#YT	
DUMAND1#YT, OPRF4YT, FDATA2YT	
LT8YT, DUMAND1#YT, DUMAND9YT	LT8YT indicates SMA2YT status.
DUMAND9YT, DUMAND1#YT, LT8YT	
LT7YT, DUMAND9YT, DUMAND6YT	LT7YT indicates SMA3YT status.
DUMAND6YT, DUMAND9YT, LT7YT	
LT6YT, DUMAND6YT, OPRC2YT	LT6YT indicates control power status.
OPRC2YT, DUMAND6YT, LT6YT	

OPRF6YT, SWC2YT, 1	OPRF6YT operates auxillary control switch SWC2YT.
DUM35YT, OPRF6YT, 1	

FDATA2YT, DUM35YT, OPRC2YT
OPRC2YT, DUM35YT, FDATA2YT
FDATA3, DUM35YT, 1

FUSE3YT, SMA2YT, 1	FUSE3YT is fuse for normal control power.
FUSE3YT, LT7YT, 1	Indicator lights LT7YT and LT8YT use norm. con. power.
FUSE3YT, LT8YT, 1	
FUSE3YT, SWB2YT, FUSE4YT	

FUSE4YT, SWB2YT, FUSE3YT  
 R5YT, FUSE3YT, R6YT  
 R6YT, FUSE3YT, R5YT  
 FUSE20IV, R5YT, 1  
 FUSE20II, R6YT, 1  
 SWX4YT, R6YT, 1  
 ANNIV, OPRF8YT, 1  
 OPRF8YT, SWX4YT, 1  
 FUSE3YT, SWA3YT, 1  
 DUM35YT, OPRF5YT, 1  
 OPRF5YT, SWA2YT, 1  
 SWA3YT, SWSI1YT, 1  
 OPWF5YT, SWA3YT, 1  
 SISIGB, SWSI1YT, SMPRES1YT  
 SISIGB is input from Safeguards Actuation Logic.  
 SMPRES1YT, SWSI1YT, SISIGB SMPRES1YT is actuation switch of low pressure header.

SWA3YT enables auto receipt of SIS.

OPRF5YT operates SWA25YT, SWA3YT which are both part of same actuator.

OPWF5YT fails by not enabling SISIG receipt.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION OR CENTRIFUGAL CHARGING PUMP

DATA FROM TVA DWG's 45W760-62-1, 45W760-63-1

This pump is normally on. The unit model consists only of connections from the process power to the pump.

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed that the control logic and the design of the control circuitry is the same for the CCMP's as for the SIP's and CCP's, with the exception of the low header pressure input in the CCMP's. This assumption is based on the logic diagram in FSAR figure 9.2-23.

ASSUMPTION: It is assumed in this unit model that control power is not needed to keep the relay mechanism closed which allows the process power to flow to the pump motor. This is based upon interpretation of notes describing the mechanism in 45W760-62-1.

#### \*\* CCMP2AA \*\*

MOT2YU, CCMP2AA, 1	MOT2YU is driving motor and CCMP2AA is pump.
R2YU, MOT2YU, 1	R2YU is relay.
480VS2A1A, R2YU, 1	480VS2A1A is process electrical power.

The following is a 3/4 coincidence gate to model the fact that at least 3 of the 4 PS's must fail for SISIG- to fail.

DUM103, DSIINST, 1  
 OPWF20, DUM103, 1 OPWF20 can kill safety injection.  
 DUM103, SISIGA, 1

DUM103, SISI6B, 1  
 DUMAND101, DUM103, PSIV  
 PSIV, DUM103, DUMAND101  
 DUMAND100, DUMAND101, PSIII  
 PSIII, DUMAND101, DUMAND100  
 PSI, DUMAND100, PSII  
 PSII, DUMAND100, PSI  
 DUMAND101, DUM103, 1  
 PSIV, DUM103, DUMAND100  
 DUMAND100, DUM103, PSIV  
 PSI, DUM103, DUMAND102  
 DUMAND102, DUM103, PSI  
 PSIV, DUMAND102, PSIII  
 PSIII, DUMAND102, PSIV  
 DUMAND102, DUM103, PSII  
 PSII, DUM103, DUMAND102

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR PROTECTION SET UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DWG 45N700-1

##### \*\* PSI \*\*

R13I, PSI, 1  
 SWX5I, R13I, R12I  
 OPRF9I, SWX5I, 1  
 R16I, SWX5I, 1  
 TR1A, R16I, 1  
 FUSE9I, TR1A, 1  
 SW4I, FUSE9I, 1  
 OPMF10I, SW4I, 1  
 DUM7I, SW4I, 1  
 R3I, DUM7I, 1  
 SWX3I, R3I, 4B@VS1A1A  
 OPRF6I, SWX3I, 1  
 4B@VS1B1B, SWX3I, 1  
 4B@VS1A1A, R3I, SWX3I

R13 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching  
 (using SWX5 and OPRF9) between normal and auxillary  
 instrument power.

R16 is a relay in the 120VAC Instr. Power Dist. Panel.  
 TR1A is a transformer which feeds into 120VAC IPDP.

SW4 can cut power to 120VAC IPDP.  
 OPMF10 operates SW4.

R3 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching  
 (using SWX3 and OPRF6) between normal and alternate  
 feeder 480VAC shutdown boards 1A1A and 1B1B,  
 respectively.

R12I, R13I, SWX5I  
 STATINVI, R12I, 1  
 R15I, STATINVI, 1  
 TR1A, R15I, 1  
 TR1I, STATINVI, R1II  
 R10I, TR1I, 1  
 DUM7I, R10I, 1

R12 is relay connecting inverter to instr. power bd.  
 STATINVI is static inverter which needs synch signal  
 from 120VAC IPDP.

R15 is relay in 120VAC IPDP.  
 TR1I is transformer within the 120VAC vital inverter.  
 R10 is a relay which connects the 120VAC vital  
 inverter to the 480VAC shutdown feeders.

R11I,STATINVI,TR1I R11 connects to alternate path to static inverter.  
 R9I,R11I,1 R9 is relay in 125 VDC vital battery board.  
 FUSE8I,R9I,1  
 125VVB1,FUSE8I,1

Connections from 125VVB1 for solenoid valve power

125VVB1,FUSEA12,1  
 125VVB1,FUSEB12,1  
 125VVB1,FUSEA1,1  
 125VVB1,FUSEB1,1  
 125VVB1,FUSEB5,1  
 125VVB1,FUSEA5,1  
 125VVB1,FUSE10I,1 FUSE10 connects to 6.9kv shutdown board control power, unit 1.  
 125VVB1,FUSE20I,1 FUSE20 connects to 6.9kv shutdown board control power, unit 2.

Expanded AND-gate input to 125VVB

R8I,125VVB1,DUMAND11I R8 connects 125VVB to battery BAT1.  
 DUMAND11I,125VVB1,R8I  
 FUSE6I,DUMAND11I,FUSE5I FUSE6 connects 125VVB to auxillary 480VAC boards.  
 FUSE5I,DUMAND11I,FUSE6I FUSE5 connects 125VVB to normal 480VAC boards.

R4I,FUSE5I,1  
 CHGR1,R4I,1 CHGR1 is battery charger which is connected to normal  
 DUM7I,CHGR1,1 480VAC boards (i.e.,normal inverter feeder boards).  
 R5I,FUSE6I,1  
 R7I,R5I,1 R7 is normally open and is closed by operator OPRF8  
 SWX6I,R7I,1 actuating switch SWX6.  
 OPRF8I,SWX6I,1  
 CHGRIS,SWX6I,1 CHGRIS is spare battery charger.  
 R6I,CHGRIS,1 R6 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching  
 SWX4I,R6I,480VAV1A1A (using SWX4 and OPRF7) between the 2 aux. 480VAC bds.  
 OPRF7I,SWX4I,1  
 480VAV1B1B,SWX4I,1  
 480VAV1A1A,R6I,SWX4I  
 FUSE7I,R8I,1  
 BAT1,FUSE7I,1 BAT1 is battery.

\*\* PSII \*\*

R13II,PSII,1 R13 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching  
 SWX5II,R13II,R12II (using SWX5 and OPRF9) between normal and auxillary  
 OPRF9II,SWX5II,1 instrument power.  
 R16II,SWX5II,1 R16 is a relay in the 120VAC Instr. Power Dist. Panel.  
 TR1B,R16II,1 TR1A is a transformer which feeds into 120VAC IPDP.  
 FUSE9II,TR1B,1  
 SW4II,FUSE9II,1 SW4 can cut power to 120VAC IPDP.  
 OPWF10II,SW4II,1 OPWF10 operates SW4.  
 DUM7II,SW4II,1  
 R3II,DUM7II,1 R3 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching  
 SWX3II,R3II,480VS1B2B (using SWX3 and OPRF6) between normal and alternate



OPRF6II,SWX3II,1 feeder 480VAC shutdown boards 1A1A and 1B1B,  
480V51A2A,SWX3II,1 respectively.  
480V51B2B,R3II,SWX3II

R12II,R13II,SWX5II R12 is relay connecting inverter to instr. power bd.  
STATINVII,R12II,1 STATINVI is static inverter which needs synch signal  
R15II,STATINVII,1 from 120VAC IPDP.  
TR1B,R15II,1 R15 is relay in 120VAC IPDP.  
TR1II,STATINVII,R11II TR1I is transformer within the 120VAC vital inverter.  
R10II,TR1II,1 R10 is a relay which connects the 120VAC vital  
DUM7II,R10II,1 inverter to the 480VAC shutdown feeders.  
R11II,STATINVII,TR1II R11 connects to alternate path to static inverter.  
R9II,R11II,1 R9 is relay in 125 VDC vital battery board.

Expanded AND-gate input to 125VVB  
FUSE8II,R9II,1  
125VVBII,FUSE8II,1

Connections from 125VVBII for solenoid valve power  
125VVBII,FUSEA7,1  
125VVBII,FUSEB7,1  
125VVBII,FUSEA6,1  
125VVBII,FUSEB6,1

125VVBII,FUSE10II,1 FUSE10 connects to 6.9kv shutdown board control power, unit 1.  
125VVBII,FUSE20II,1 FUSE20 connects to 6.9kv shutdown board control power, unit 2.  
R8II,125VVBII,DUMAND11II R8 connects 125VVB to battery BATI.  
DUMAND11II,125VVBII,R8II  
FUSE6II,DUMAND11II,FUSE5II FUSE6 connects 125VVB to auxillary 480VAC boards.  
FUSE5II,DUMAND11II,FUSE6II FUSE5 connects 125VVB to normal 480VAC boards.

R4II,FUSE5II,1  
CHGR1I,R4II,1 CHGR1 is battery charger which is connected to normal  
DUM7II,CHGR1I,1 480VAC boards (i.e.,normal inverter feeder boards).  
R5II,FUSE6II,1  
R7I,R5II,1 R7 is normally open and is closed by operator OPRF8  
SWX6I,R7I,1 actuating switch SWX6.  
OPRF8I,SWX6I,1  
CHGR1S,SWX6I,1 CHGR1S is spare battery charger.  
R6I,CHGR1S,1 R6 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching  
SWX4I,R6I,480VAV1A1A (using SWX4 and OPRF7) between the 2 aux. 480VAC bds.  
OPRF7I,SWX4I,1  
480VAV1B1B,SWX4I,1  
480VAV1A1A,R6I,SWX4I  
FUSE7II,R8II,1  
BATII,FUSE7II,1 BATI is battery.

\*\* PSIII \*\*

R13III,PSIII,1	R13 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching
SWX5III,R13III,R12III	(using SWX5 and OPRF9) between normal and auxillary
OPRF9III,SWX5III,1	instrument power.
R16III,SWX5III,1	R16 is a relay in the 120VAC Instr. Power Dist. Panel.
TR2A,R16III,1	TR1A is a transformer which feeds into 120VAC IPDP.
FUSE9III,TR2A,1	
SW4III,FUSE9III,1	SW4 can cut power to 120VAC IPDP.
OPWF10III,SW4III,1	OPWF10 operates SW4.
DUM7III,SW4III,1	
R3III,DUM7III,1	R3 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching
SWX3III,R3III,480VS2A1A	(using SWX3 and OPRF6) between normal and alternate
OPRF6III,SWX3III,1	feeder 480VAC shutdown boards 1A1A and 1B1B,
480VS2B1B,SWX3III,1	respectively.
480VS2A1A,R3III,SWX3III	

R12III,R13III,SWX5III	R12 is relay connecting inverter to instr. power bd.
STATINVIII,R12III,1	STATINVI is static inverter which needs synch signal
R15III,STATINVIII,1	from 120VAC IPDP.
TR2A,R15III,1	R15 is relay in 120VAC IPDP.
TR1III,STATINVIII,R11III	TR1I is transformer within the 120VAC vital inverter.
R10III,TR1III,1	R10 is a relay which connects the 120VAC vital
DUM7III,R10III,1	inverter to the 480VAC shutdown feeders.
R11III,STATINVIII,TR1III	R11 connects to alternate path to static inverter.
R9III,R11III,1	R9 is relay in 125 VDC vital battery board.

#### Expanded AND-gate input to 125VVB

FUSE8III,R9III,1  
 125VVBIII,FUSE8III,1  
 125VVBIII,FUSE10III,1 FUSE10 connects to 6.9kv shutdown board control power, unit 1.  
 125VVBIII,FUSE20III,1 FUSE20 connects to 6.9kv shutdown board control power, unit 2.  
 R8III,125VVBIII,DUMAD11III R8 connects 125VVB to battery BATI.  
 DUMAD11III,125VVBIII,R8III  
 FUSE6III,DUMAD11III,FUSE5III FUSE6 connects 125VVB to auxillary 480VAC boards.  
 FUSE5III,DUMAD11III,FUSE6III FUSE5 connects 125VVB to normal 480VAC boards.

R4III,FUSE5III,1	
CHGR1III,R4III,1	CHGR1 is battery charger which is connected to normal
DUM7III,CHGR1III,1	480VAC boards (i.e.,normal inverter feeder boards).
R5III,FUSE6III,1	
R7II,R5III,1	R7 is normally open and is closed by operator OPRF8
SWX6II,R7II,1	actuating switch SWX6.
OPRF8II,SWX6II,1	
CHGR1IS,SWX6II,1	CHGR1IS is spare battery charger.
R6II,CHGR1IS,1	R6 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching
SWX4II,R6II,480VAV2A1A	(using SWX4 and OPRF7) between the 2 aux. 480VAC bds.
OPRF7II,SWX4II,1	
480VAV2B1B,SWX4II,1	
480VAV2A1A,R6II,SWX4II	

FUSE7111,R0111,1  
BAT111,FUSE7111,1

BAT1 is battery.

**\*\* PSIV \*\***

R13IV,PSIV,1  
SWX5IV,R13IV,R12IV  
OPRF9IV,SWX5IV,1  
R16IV,SWX5IV,1  
TR2B,R16IV,1  
FUSE9IV,TR2B,1  
SW4IV,FUSE9IV,1  
OPMF10IV,SW4IV,1  
DUM7IV,SW4IV,1  
R3IV,DUM7IV,1  
SWX3IV,R3IV,480VS2B2B  
OPRF6IV,SWX3IV,1  
480VS2A2A,SWX3IV,1  
480VS2B2B,R3IV,SWX3IV

R13 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching (using SWX5 and OPRF9) between normal and auxillary instrument power.  
R16 is a relay in the 120VAC Instr. Power Dist. Panel.  
TR1A is a transformer which feeds into 120VAC IPDP.

SW4 can cut power to 120VAC IPDP.  
OPMF10 operates SW4.

R3 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching (using SWX3 and OPRF6) between normal and alternate feeder 480VAC shutdown boards 1A1A and 1B1B, respectively.

R12IV,R13IV,SWX5IV  
STATINVIV,R12IV,1  
R15IV,STATINVIV,1  
TR2B,R15IV,1  
TR11IV,STATINVIV,R11IV  
R10IV,TR11IV,1  
DUM7IV,R10IV,1  
R11IV,STATINVIV,TR11IV  
R9IV,R11IV,1

R12 is relay connecting inverter to instr. power bd.  
STATINVIV is static inverter which needs synch signal from 120VAC IPDP.  
R15 is relay in 120VAC IPDP.  
TR11 is transformer within the 120VAC vital inverter.  
R10 is a relay which connects the 120VAC vital inverter to the 480VAC shutdown feeders.  
R11 connects to alternate path to static inverter.  
R9 is relay in 125 VDC vital battery board.

**Expanded AND-gate input to 125VVB**

FUSE8IV,R9IV,1  
125VVBIV,FUSE8IV,1  
125VVBIV,FUSE10IV,1 FUSE10 connects to 6.9kv shutdown board control power, unit 1.  
125VVBIV,FUSE20IV,1 FUSE20 connects to 6.9kv shutdown board control power, unit 2.  
R8IV,125VVBIV,DUMAND11IV R8 connects 125VVB to battery BAT1.  
DUMAND11IV,125VVBIV,R8IV  
FUSE6IV,DUMAND11IV,FUSE5IV FUSE6 connects 125VVB to auxillary 480VAC boards.  
FUSE5IV,DUMAND11IV,FUSE6IV FUSE5 connects 125VVB to normal 480VAC boards.

R4IV,FUSE5IV,1  
CHGRIV,R4IV,1  
DUM7IV,CHGRIV,1  
R5IV,FUSE6IV,1  
R7II,R5IV,1  
SWX6II,R7II,1  
OPRF8II,SWX6II,1  
CHGR1IS,SWX6II,1  
R6II,CHGR1IS,1

CHGRI is battery charger which is connected to normal 480VAC boards (i.e., normal inverter feeder boards).

R7 is normally open and is closed by operator OPRF8 actuating switch SWX6.

CHGR1S is spare battery charger.  
R6 is a pair of relays interlocked for switching

SWX4II,R6II,48#VAV2A1A (using SWX4 and OPRF7) between the 2 aux. 48#VAC bds.  
 OPRF7II,SWX4II,1  
 48#VAV2B1B,SWX4II,1  
 48#VAV2A1A,R6II,SWX4II  
 FUSE7IV,R8IV,1  
 BATIV,FUSE7IV,1      BATI is battery.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT FOR ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPORT

DATA FROM TVA DWG. 15N500 AND FSAR PP. 8.2-7,8,9

Adjacency input for the electrical power system and its subsystems are input as follows:

- 1) Electrical Power System
  - a. Unit 1
  - b. Unit 2
- 2) Relay interlock connections (\*INRLK#)
- 3) 250 volt battery boards (25#VBA7BD-)
- 4) 480 volt auxillary building common board (48#VABC-)

Input for each subsystem contains comments on data sources.

#### \*\* UNIT 1 POWER \*\*

Connections back to 6.9KV shutdown board 1BB (69#VS1BB).

R25,48#MOV1B2B,R56	All R-'s are relays. 48#MOV1B2B is MOV board 1B2B.
R24,R25,1	
X1,R24,1	X- is a component of unknown type.
48#VS1B2B,X1,R28	48#VS1B2B is 480V shutdown board 1B2B.
R19,48#VS1B2B,1	
TR1B2B,R19,1	TR- is a transformer.
R18,TR1B2B,1	
69#VS1BB,R18,1	69#VS1BB is 6.9KV shutdown board 1BB.
R56,48#MOV1B2B,R25	
OPRE42,MXFR20,1	OPRE42 operates R56 by actuation of MXFR20.
MXFR20,R56,1	MXFR- is man. transfer controller for closing relays.
R32,R56,1	
X2,R32,1	
R28,X1,48#VS1B2B	
OPRE37,R28,1	
TR1BB,R28,1	
R27,TR1BB,1	
MXFR14,R27,1	
OPRE36,MXFR14,1	
69#VS1BB,R27,1	
R26,48#MOV1B1B,R33	48#MOV1B1B is MOV board 1B1B.
OPRE39,MXFR17,1	
MXFR17,R26,1	

R24,R26,1  
 R33,48MOV1B1B,R26  
 R32,R33,1  
 R23,48VAV1B1B,R35  
 MXFR18,R23,1  
 OPRE40,MXFR18,1  
 R22,R23,1  
 I1,R22,1  
 R35,48VAV1B1B,R23  
 R34,R35,1  
 I2,R34,1  
 R37,48VAV1B2B,R21  
 MXFR19,R37,1  
 OPRE41,MXFR19,1  
 R36,R37,1  
 I2,R36,1  
 R21,48VAV1B2B,R37  
 R20,R21,1  
 I1,R20,1  
 OPRE38,R29,1  
 R29,I2,48VS1B1B  
 TR1B8,R29,1  
 48VS1B1B,I2,R29  
 R31,48VS1B1B,1  
 TR1B1B,R31,1  
 R30,TR1B1B,1  
 69VS1B8,R30,1

48VAV1B1B is cont. and aux. bldg. vent bd. 1B1B.

Connections back to 6.9KV shutdown board 1AA (69VS1AA).

R44,48MOV1A2A,R52  
 R43,R44,1  
 I3,R43,1  
 48VS1A2A,I3,R47  
 R38,48VS1A2A,1  
 TR1A2A,R38,1  
 R58,TR1A2A,1  
 69VS1AA,R58,1  
 R52,48MOV1A2A,R44  
 MXFR26,R52,1  
 OPRE48,MXFR26,1  
 R51,R52,1  
 R47,I3,48VS1A2A  
 TR1AA,R47,1  
 OPRE47,R47,1  
 R43,TR1AA,1  
 MXFR21,R46,1  
 OPRE43,MXFR21,1  
 69VS1AA,R46,1  
 R45,48MOV1A1A,R53

48MOV1A2A is MOV board 1A2A.

48VS1A2A is 48V shutdown board 1A2A.

69VS1AA is 6.9KV shutdown board 1AA.

48MOV1A1A is MOV board 1A1A.

MXFR24,R45,1  
 OPRE45, 'FR24,1  
 R43,R45,1  
 R53,48#MOVIA1A,R45  
 R51,R53,1  
 I4,R51,1  
 R42,48#VAVIA1A,R55      48#VAVIA1A is 48#V cont. and aux. bldg. vent bd. 1A1A.  
 MXFR25,R42,1  
 OPRE46,MXFR25,1  
 R41,R42,1  
 I3,R41,1  
 R55,48#VAVIA1A,R42  
 R54,R55,1  
 I4,R54,1  
 R40,48#VAVIA2A,R57      48#VAVIA2A is 48#V cont. and aux. bldg. vent bd. 1A2A.  
 R39,R40,1  
 I3,R39,1  
 R57,48#VAVIA2A,R40  
 MXFR27,R57,1  
 OPRE49,MXFR27,1  
 R55,R57,1  
 I4,R55,1  
 R48,I4,48#VSI1A1A      48#VSI1A1A is 48#V shutdown board 1A1A.  
 OPRE44,R48,1  
 TRIAA,R48,1  
 48#VSI1A1A,I4,R48  
 R50,48#VSI1A1A,1  
 TRIA1A,R50,1  
 R49,TRIA1A,1  
 69#VSI1A,R49,1

Connections from offsite and onsite power supplies to 69#VSI1B.

Expanded AND-gate for connections to 69#VSI1B.

R1728,DUMAND28,R1934  
 R1934,DUMAND28,R1728  
 DUMAND28,DUMAND27,R1914  
 R1914,DUMAND27,DUMAND28  
 DUMAND27,69#VSI1B,R1726  
 R1726,69#VSI1B,DUMAND27

MXFR1,R1728,AXFR3      AXFR3 is automatic switch to alternate feeder  
 AXFR3,R1728,MXFR1  
 OPRE22,MXFR1,1  
 R1724,R1728,69#VSI1B      69#VSI1B- is 6.9KV utility bus (FSAR p. 8.3-5)  
 R1728,69#VSI1B,1      Power is bi-directional to/from utility buses. This  
 69#VSI1B,R1728,R1724      permits interconnection of 6.9KV shutdown buses.  
 R2814,69#VSI1B,1  
 OPRB50,69#VSI1B,1      Access to 69#VSI1B-'s requires 2 op.'s (e.g.,050,022).



CSSTDY,R2014,1	CSSTDY is common sta. serv. trans. D, wind. X.
161KVBAY4,CSSTDY,1	
R1124,6900VUB1D,R1624	6900VUB- is 6900 volt unit board.
USST1BY,R1124,1	USST1BY= unit sta. serv. transformer 1B, winding Y.
500KVBAY8,USST1BY,1	500KVBAY8 is 1 500KV power line/conn. to plant,
500KV,500KVBAY8,1	500KV is 500KV source.
OPRE54,500KVBAY8,AXFR7	Offsite power is enabled only after switching (FSAR
AXFR7,500KVBAY8,OPRE54	p: 8.3-1)
R1624,6900VUB1D,R1124	
6900VUB1D,R1724,1	
OPRE23,MXFR2,1	
MXFR2,R1624,AXFR96	
AXFR96,R1624,MXFR2	
6900VSBB,R1624,1	6900VSBB is 6.9KV start bus B.
DUM21,6900VSBB,1	
R1612,DUM21,R1514	
CSSTBY,R1612,1	CSSTBY is common sta. serv. transformer B, wind. Y.
161KVBAY13,CSSTBY,1	161KVBAY13 is 1 161KV power line/conn. to plant.
161KV,161KVBAY13,1	161KV is 161KV source.
OPRE55,161KVBAY13,AXFR8	Offsite power is enabled only by switching.
AXFR8,161KVBAY13,OPRE55	
R1514,DUM21,R1612	
CSSTAY,R1514,1	
AXFR1,R1514,MXFR4	AXFR- is automatic transfer (auto relay close on UV).
MXFR4,R1514,AXFR1	
OPRE24,MXFR4,1	
161KVBAY4,CSSTAY,1	161KVBAY4 is 1 161KV power line/conn. to plant.
OPRE56,161KVBAY4,AXFR9	Offsite power enabled only by switching.
AXFR9,161KVBAY4,OPRE56	
161KV,161KVBAY4,1	
MXFR5,R1934,1	
OPRE25,MXFR5,1	
6900VSUB1,R1934,1	
OPRB51,R1934,1	
R1934,6900VSUB1,1	
R2714,6900VSUB1,1	
CSSTCX,R2714,1	CSSTCX is com. sta. serv. trans. C, wind. X.
161KVBAY13,CSSTCX,1	
MXFR6,R1914,AXFR4	
AXFR4,R1914,MXFR6	
OPRE26,MXFR6,1	
GENDSL1BB,R1914,1	GENDSL1BB is diesel generator 1BB.
SIS16A,DUM10,SIS16B	Either SIS16 automatically turns on all GENDSL's.
SIS16B,DUM10,SIS16A	
OPRE27,GENDSL1BB,DUM10	
DUM10,GENDSL1BB,OPRE27	
DUM10,AXFR4,1	AXFR4 is automatic actuator dependent upon SILOGIC.
R1722,R1726,1	
R1524,6900VUB1C,R1122	6900VUB- is 6900 volt unit board.



6900VUB1C, R1722, 1  
 OPRE28, MXFR7, 1  
 MXFR7, R1524, AXFR97  
 AXFR97, R.524, MXFR7  
 6900VSBA, R1524, 1  
 DUM22, 6900VSBA, 1  
 R1512, DUM22, R1614  
 CSSTAY, R1512, 1  
 R1614, DUM22, R1512  
 CSSTBY, R1614, 1  
 AXFR2, R1614, MXFR8  
 MXFR8, R1614, AXFR2  
 OPRE29, MXFR8, 1  
 R1122, 6900VUB1C, R1524  
 USST1BY, R1122, 1

6900VSBA is 6.9KV start bus A.

Connections from offsite and onsite power supplies to 6900VS1AA.

Expanded AND-gate for inputs to 6900VS1AA.

R1718, DUMAND30, R1932  
 R1932, DUMAND30, R1718  
 DUMAND30, DUMAND29, R1912  
 R1912, DUMAND29, DUMAND30  
 DUMAND29, 6900VS1AA, R1716  
 R1716, 6900VS1AA, DUMAND29  
 R1714, R1718, 1

R1114, 6900VUB1B, R1622  
 USST1AY, R1114, 1  
 500KV BAY8, USST1AY, 1  
 R1622, 6900VUB1B, R1114  
 6900VUB1B, R1714, 1

6900VUB- is 6900 volt unit board.

USST1AY is unit sta. serv. trans. 1A, wind. Y.

OPRE30, MXFR9, 1  
 MXFR9, R1622, AXFR98  
 AXFR98, R1622, MXFR9  
 6900VSBB, R1622, 1  
 MXFR10, R1932, 1  
 OPRE31, MXFR10, 1  
 6900VSUB2, R1932, 1  
 OPRB52, R1932, 1  
 R1932, 6900VSUB2, 1  
 R3812, 6900VSUB2, 1

CSSTDY, R3812, 1  
 161KV BAY4, CSSTDY, 1  
 MXFR11, R1912, AXFR5  
 AXFR5, R1912, MXFR11

CSSTDY is com. sta. serv. trans. D, wind. Y.

OPRE32, MXFR11, 1  
 GENDSL1AA, R1912, 1  
 OPRE33, GENDSL1AA, DUM10  
 DUM10, GENDSL1AA, OPRE33

GENDSL1AA is diesel generator 1AA.

DUM10,AXFR5,1  
 MXFR12,R1716,AXFR6  
 AXFR6,R1716,MXFR12  
 OPRE34,MXFR12,1  
 R1712,R1716,6900VSUB4  
 R1716,6900VSUB4,1  
 6900VSUB4,R1716,R1712  
 R3712,6900VSUB4,1  
 OPR853,6900VSUB4,1  
 CSSTCY,R3712,1 CSSTCY is com. sta. serv. trans. C, wind. Y.  
 161KVBAY13,CSSTCY,1  
 R1112,6900VUB1A,R1522 6900VUB- is 6900 volt unit board.  
 USST1AY,R1112,1  
 R1522,6900VUB1A,R1112  
 6900VUB1A,R1712,1  
 OPRE35,MXFR13,1  
 MXFR13,R1522,AXFR99  
 AXFR99,R1522,MXFR13  
 6900VSBA,R1522,1

**\*\* UNIT 2 POWER \*\***

All comments (except headers) are Unit 1 nomenclature.

Connections back to 6.9KV shutdown board 26B (6900VS26B).

R25B,480MOV2B2B,R56B All R-'s are relays. 480MOV1B2B is MOV board 1B2B.  
 R24B,R25B,1  
 I1B,R24B,1 I- is a component of unknown type.  
 480VS2B2B,I1B,R28B 480VS1B2B is 480V shutdown board 1B2B.  
 R19B,480VS2B2B,1  
 TR2B2B,R19B,1 TR- is a transformer.  
 R18B,TR2B2B,1  
 6900VS2B,R18B,1 6900VS1B is 6.9KV shutdown board 1B.  
 R56B,480MOV2B2B,R25B  
 OPRE42B,MXFR20B,1 OPRE42 operates R56 by actuation of MXFR20.  
 MXFR20B,R56B,1 MXFR- is man. transfer controller for closing relays.  
 R32B,R56B,1  
 I2B,R32B,1  
 R28B,I1B,480VS2B2B  
 MXFR15B,R28B,1  
 OPRE37B,MXFR15B,1  
 TR28B,R28B,1  
 R27B,TR28B,1  
 MXFR14B,R27B,1  
 OPRE36B,MXFR14B,1  
 6900VS2B,R27B,1  
 R26B,480MOV2B1B,R33B 480MOV1B1B is MOV board 1B1B.  
 OPRE39B,MXFR17B,1

MXFR17B, R26B, 1  
 R24B, R26B, 1  
 R33B, 48#MOV2B1B, R26B  
 R32B, R33B, 1  
 R23B, 48#VAV2B1B, R35B      48#VAV1B1B is cont. and aux. bldg. vent bd. 1B1B.  
 MXFR18B, R23B, 1  
 OPRE4#B, MXFR18B, 1  
 R22B, R23B, 1  
 I1B, R22B, 1  
 R35B, 48#VAV2B1B, R23B  
 R34B, R35B, 1  
 I2B, R34B, 1  
 R37B, 48#VAV2B2B, R21B  
 MXFR19B, R37B, 1  
 OPRE41B, MXFR19B, 1  
 R36B, R37B, 1  
 I2B, R36B, 1  
 R21B, 48#VAV2B2B, R37B  
 R2#3, R21B, 1  
 I1B, R2#B, 1  
 R2#B, I2B, 48#VS2B1B  
 MXFR16B, R29B, 1  
 OPRE38B, MXFR16B, 1  
 TR28B, R29B, 1  
 48#VS2B1B, I2B, R29B  
 R31B, 48#VS2B1B, 1  
 TR2B1B, R31B, 1  
 R3#B, TR2B1B, 1  
 69#VS28B, R3#B, 1

Connections back to 6.9KV shutdown board 2AA (69#VS2AA).

R44B, 48#MOV2A2A, R52B      48#MOV1A2A is MOV board 1A2A.  
 R43B, R44B, 1  
 I3B, R43B, 1  
 48#VS2A2A, I3B, R47B      48#VS1A2A is 48#V shutdown board 1A2A.  
 R38B, 48#VS2A2A, 1  
 TR2A2A, R38B, 1  
 R58B, TR2A2A, 1  
 69#VS2AA, R58B, 1      69#VS1AA is 6.9KV shutdown board 1AA.  
 R52B, 48#MOV2A2A, R44B  
 MXFR26B, R52B, 1  
 OPRE48B, MXFR26B, 1  
 R51B, R52B, 1  
 R47B, I3B, 48#VS2A2A  
 MXFR22B, R47B, 1  
 OPRE47B, MXFR22B, 1  
 TR2AA, R47B, 1  
 R46B, TR2AA, 1  
 MXFR21B, R46B, 1

OPRE43B,MXFR21B,1  
 6900VS2AA,R46B,1  
 R45B,480MOV2A1A,R53B     480MOV1A1A is MOV board 1A1A.  
 MXFR24B,R45B,1  
 OPRE45B,MXFR24B,1  
 R43B,R45B,1  
 R53B,480MOV2A1A,R45B  
 R51B,R53B,1  
 X4B,R51B,1  
 R42B,480VAV2A1A,R55B     480VAV1A1A is 480V cont. and aux. bldg. vent bd. 1A1A.  
 MXFR25B,R42B,1  
 OPRE46B,MXFR25B,1  
 R41B,R42B,1  
 I3B,R41B,1  
 R55B,480VAV2A1A,R42B  
 R54B,R55B,1  
 I4B,R54B,1  
 R40B,480VAV2A2A,R57B     480VAV1A2A is 480V cont. and aux. bldg. vent bd. 1A2A.  
 R39B,R40B,1  
 I3B,R39B,1  
 R57B,480VAV2A2A,R40B  
 MXFR27B,R57B,1  
 OPRE49B,MXFR27B,1  
 R55B,R57B,1  
 X4B,R55B,1  
 R48B,X4B,480VS2A1A     480VS1A1A is 480V shutdown board 1A1A.  
 MXFR23B,R48B,1  
 OPRE44B,MXFR23B,1  
 TR2AA,R48B,1  
 480VS2A1A,X4B,R48B  
 R50B,480VS2A1A,1  
 TR2A1A,R50B,1  
 R49B,TR2A1A,1  
 6900VS2AA,R49B,1

Connections from offsite and onsite power supplies to 6900VS2BB.

Expanded AND-gate for connections to 6900VS2BB.

R182B,DUMAND22B,R193B  
 R193B,DUMAND22B,R182B  
 DUMAND22B,DUMAND21B,R1924  
 R1924,DUMAND21B,DUMAND22B  
 DUMAND21B,6900VS2BB,R1826  
 R1826,6900VS2BB,DUMAND21B

MXFR1B,R182B,AIFR3B     AIFR3B is automatic switch to alternate feeder  
 AIFR3B,R182B,MXFR1B  
 OPRE22B,MXFR1B,1  
 R1824,R182B,6900VSUB3

6900VSUB3,R1828,R1824  
 R1828,6900VSUB3,1  
 R2814,6900VSUB3,1  
 OPR850B,6900VSUB3,1  
 R1224,6900VUB2D,R1634 6900VUB- is 6900 volt unit board.  
 USST2BY,R1224,1 USST1BY= unit sta. serv. transformer 1B, winding Y.  
 MNGEN2,USST2BY,500KVBAY4 Unit 2 nuc. gen. modelled as enabled.  
 500KVBAY4,USST2BY,MNGEN2 500KVBAYB is 1 500KV power line/conn. to plant,  
 500KV,500KVBAY4,1 500KV is 500KV source.  
 OPRE54B,500KVBAY4,A1FR7B Transfer to offsite requires switching.  
 A1FR7B,500KVBAY4,OPRE54B  
 R1634,6900VUB2D,R1224  
 6900VUB2D,R1824,1  
 OPRE23B,M1FR2B,1  
 M1FR2B,R1634,A1FR96B  
 A1FR96B,R1634,M1FR2B  
 6900VSB8,R1634,1 6900VSB8 is 6.9KV start bus B.  
 M1FR5B,R1938,1  
 OPRE25B,M1FR5B,1  
 6900VSUB1,R1938,1  
 OPR851B,R1938,1  
 R1938,6900VSUB1,1  
 M1FR6B,R1924,A1FR4B  
 A1FR4B,R1924,M1FR6B  
 OPRE26B,M1FR6B,1  
 GENDSL2BB,R1924,1 GENDSL1BB is diesel generator 1BB.  
 OPRE27B,GENDSL2BB,DUM10  
 DUM10,GENDSL2BB,OPRE27B  
 DUM10,A1FR4B,1  
 R1822,R1826,1  
 R1534,6900VUB2C,R1222 6900VUB- is 6900 volt unit board.  
 OPRE28B,M1FR7B,1  
 M1FR7B,R1534,A1FR97B  
 A1FR97B,R1534,M1FR7B  
 6900VSBA,R1534,1 6900VSBA is 6.9KV start bus A.  
 R1222,6900VUB2C,R1534  
 6900VUB2C,R1822,1  
 USST2BY,R1222,1

Connections from offsite and onsite power supplies to 6900VS2AA.

Expanded AND-gate for inputs to 6900VS2AA.

R1818,DUMAND42B,R1936  
 R1936,DUMAND42B,R1818  
 DUMAND42B,DUMAND32B,R1922  
 R1922,DUMAND32B,DUMAND42B  
 DUMAND32B,6900VS2AA,R1816  
 R1816,6900VS2AA,DUMAND32B  
 R1814,R1818,1

R1214, 6900VUB2B, R1632 6900VUB- is 6900 volt unit board.  
 USST2AY, R1214, 1 USST1AY is unit sta. serv. trans. 1A, wind. Y.  
 500KVBY4, USST2AY, MNGEN2  
 MNGEN2, USST2AY, 500KVBY4  
 R1632, 6900VUB2B, R1214  
 6900VUB2B, R1814, 1  
 OPRE30B, MXFR9B, 1  
 MXFR9B, R1632, AXFR98B  
 AXFR98B, R1632, MXFR9B  
 6900VSBB, R1632, 1  
 MXFR10B, R1936, 1  
 OPRE31B, MXFR10B, 1  
 6900VSUB2, R1936, 1  
 OPRB52B, R1936, 1  
 R1936, 6900VSUB2, 1  
 MXFR11B, R1922, AXFR5B  
 AXFR5B, R1922, MXFR11B  
 OPRE32B, MXFR11B, 1  
 GENDSL2AA, R1922, 1 GENDSL1AA is diesel generator 1AA.  
 OPRE33B, GENDSL2AA, DUM10  
 DUM10, GENDSL2AA, OPRE33B  
 DUM10, AXFR5B, 1  
 MXFR12B, R1816, AXFR6B  
 AXFR6B, R1816, MXFR12B  
 OPRE34B, MXFR12B, 1  
 R1812, R1816, 6900VSUB4  
 R1816, 6900VSUB4, 1  
 6900VSUB4, R1816, R1812  
 OPRB53B, 6900VSUB4, 1  
 R1212, 6900VUB2A, R1532 6900VUB- is 6900 volt unit board.  
 USST2AY, R1212, 1  
 R1532, 6900VUB2A, R1212  
 6900VUB2A, R1812, 1  
 OPRE35B, MXFR13B, 1  
 MXFR13B, R1532, AXFR99B  
 AXFR99B, R1532, MXFR13B  
 6900VSBA, R1532, 1

## ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

Only controls of relays in Unit 1 were modelled.

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

This particular relay does not have a backup supply to the normal control power.

**\*\* R28 \*\***

COIL1Z1,R28,1 COIL1Z1, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK19,COIL1Z1,1 of R28. EINRLK19 is an interlock between this relay  
 and R19. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
 AXFR1Z1,COIL1Z1,MXFR1Z1 AXFR1Z1 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z1.  
 IAXFR1Z1,AXFR1Z1,1 AXFR1Z1 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z1.  
 OPWF1Z1,AXFR1Z1,1 OPWF1Z1 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z1.  
 DUM4YS,AXFR1Z1,1 DUM4YS is normal control power. This is the normal  
 control power source for hardware supported by this bus (480VS192B).  
 MXFR1Z1,COIL1Z1,AXFR1Z1 MXFR1Z1 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z1.  
 OPRF1Z1,MXFR1Z1,1 OPRF1Z1 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z1.  
 IMXFR1Z1,OPRF1Z1,1 OP uses IMXFR1Z1 instrumentation to determine need to  
 DUM4YS,MXFR1Z1,1 actuate.

## ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

This particular relay does not have a backup supply to the normal control power.

**\*\* R29 \*\***

COIL1Z2,R29,1 COIL1Z2, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK31,COIL1Z2,1 of R29. EINRLK31 is an interlock between this relay  
 and R31. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
 AXFR1Z2,COIL1Z2,MXFR1Z2 AXFR1Z2 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z2.  
 IAXFR1Z2,AXFR1Z2,1 AXFR1Z2 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z2.



OPWF1Z2,AXFR1Z2,1                      OPWF1Z2 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z2.  
DUM4YR,AXFR1Z2,1                      DUM4YR is normal control power. This is the normal  
   control power source for hardware supported by this bus (48#VS1B1B).  
MXFR1Z2,COIL1Z2,AXFR1Z2                      MXFR1Z2 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z2.  
OPRF1Z2,MXFR1Z2,1                      OPRF1Z2 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z2.  
IMXFR1Z2,OPRF1Z2,1                      OP uses IMXFR1Z2 instrumentation to determine need to  
DUM4YR,AXFR1Z2,1                      actuate.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

##### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.  
This particular relay does not have a backup supply to the normal control power.

##### \*\* R47 \*\*

COIL1Z4,R47,1                      COIL1Z4, when energized with control power, effects closure  
EINRLK38,COIL1Z4,1                      of R47. EINRLK38 is an interlock between this relay  
   and R38. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
AXFR1Z4,COIL1Z4,MXFR1Z4                      AXFR1Z4 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z4.  
IAXFR1Z4,AXFR1Z4,1                      IAXFR1Z4 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z4.  
OPWF1Z4,AXFR1Z4,1                      OPWF1Z4 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z4.  
DUM4YV,AXFR1Z4,1                      DUM4YV is normal control power. This is the normal  
   control power source for hardware supported by this bus (48#VS1A2A).  
MXFR1Z4,COIL1Z4,AXFR1Z4                      MXFR1Z4 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z4.  
OPRF1Z4,MXFR1Z4,1                      OPRF1Z4 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z4.  
IMXFR1Z4,OPRF1Z4,1                      OP uses IMXFR1Z4 instrumentation to determine need to  
DUM4YV,MXFR1Z4,1                      actuate.

# ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

## DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

This particular relay does not have a backup supply to the normal control power.

\*\* R48 \*\*

COIL1Z4,R48,1 COIL1Z4, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK50,COIL1Z4,1 of R48. EINRLK50 is an interlock between this relay  
 and R50. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
 AXFR1Z4,COIL1Z4,MXFR1Z4 AXFR1Z4 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z4.  
 IAXFR1Z4,AXFR1Z4,1 AXFR1Z4 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z4.  
 OPWF1Z4,AXFR1Z4,1 OPWF1Z4 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z4.

Normal control power connection to battery boards

DUMPMWRZ4,AXFR1Z4,1 DUMPMWRZ4 is normal control power. This is the normal  
 control power source for hardware supported by this bus (480VSI1A1A).  
 R5Z4,DUMPMWRZ4,R6Z4 R5Z4 and R6Z4 are relays in batt. bd.'s I and III.  
 FUSE10III,R5Z4,1  
 R6Z4,DUMPMWRZ4,R5Z4  
 FUSE10I,R6Z4,1  
 SWX4Z4,R6Z4,1  
 OPRF8Z4,SWX4Z4,1 OPRF8Z4 enables alt. feeder for normal control power.  
 NCONPMWR1Z4,OPRF8Z4,1 NCONPMWR1Z4 is instr. that OP- needs to know to switch  
 to alternate feeder to normal control power.

MXFR1Z4,COIL1Z4,AXFR1Z4 MXFR1Z4 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z4.  
 OPRF1Z4,MXFR1Z4,1 OPRF1Z4 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z4.  
 IMXFR1Z4,OPRF1Z4,1 OP uses IMXFR1Z4 instrumentation to determine need to  
 DUMPMWRZ4,MXFR1Z4,1 actuate.

# ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

## DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

This particular relay does not have a backup supply to the normal control power nor is it interlocked with another relay.

\*\* R27 \*\*

COIL125,R27,1 COIL125, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 AXFR125,COIL125,MXFR125 AXFR125 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL125.  
 IAXFR125,AXFR125,1 AXFR125 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR125.  
 OPWF125,AXFR125,1 OPWF125 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR125.  
 DUM4T,AXFR125,1 DUM4T is normal control power. This is the normal  
 control power source for hardware supported by this bus (690#VS1BB).  
 MXFR125,COIL125,AXFR125 MXFR125 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL125.  
 OPRF125,MXFR125,1 OPRF125 is remote OP who uses MXFR125.  
 IMXFR125,OPRF125,1 OP uses IMXFR25 instrumentation to determine need to  
 DUM4T,MXFR125,1 actuate.

# ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

## DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

This particular relay does not have a backup supply to the normal control power nor is it interlocked with another relay.

\*\* R46 \*\*

COIL126,R46,1 COIL126, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 AXFR126,COIL126,MXFR126 AXFR126 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL126.  
 IAXFR126,AXFR126,1 AXFR126 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR126.  
 OPWF126,AXFR126,1 OPWF126 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR126.  
 DUM4S,AXFR126,1 DUM4S is normal control power. This is the normal  
 control power source for hardware supported by this bus (bus).  
 MXFR126,COIL126,AXFR126 MXFR126 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL126.  
 OPRF126,MXFR126,1 OPRF126 is remote OP who uses MXFR126.  
 IMXFR126,OPRF126,1 OP uses IMXFR26 instrumentation to determine need to  
 DUM4S,MXFR126,1 actuate.

## ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

#### \*\* R1728 \*\*

COIL127,R1728,1 COIL127, when energized with control power, effects closure  
EINRLK1726,COIL127,1 of R1728. EINRLK1726 is an interlock between this relay  
and R1726. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
AXFR127,COIL127,MXFR127 AXFR127 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL127.  
IAXFR127,AXFR127,1 AXFR127 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR127.  
OPWF127,AXFR127,1 OPWF127 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR127.  
DUM3T,AXFR127,1 DUM3T is normal control power. This is the normal  
control power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1BB).  
MXFR127,COIL127,AXFR127 MXFR127 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL127.  
OPRF127,MXFR127,1 OPRF127 is remote OP who uses MXFR127.  
IMXFR127,OPRF127,1 OP uses IMXFR127 instrumentation to determine need to  
DUM3T,MXFR127,SWX127 actuate. SWX127 enables emergency (backup) power.  
DUM4T,SWX127,1 DUM4T is emergency (backup) power. This is the  
emerg. con. power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1BB).  
SWX127,MXFR127,DUM3T Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

## ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

#### \*\* R1934 \*\*

COIL128,R1934,1 COIL128, when energized with control power, effects closure  
EINRLK1726,COIL128,1 of R1934. EINRLK1726 is an interlock between this relay  
and R1726. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
AXFR128,COIL128,MXFR128 AXFR128 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL128.  
IAXFR128,AXFR128,1 AXFR128 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR128.  
OPWF128,AXFR128,1 OPWF128 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR128.  
DUM3T,AXFR128,1 DUM3T is normal control power. This is the normal  
control power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1BB).

MXFR128, COIL128, AXFR128 MXFR128 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL128.  
 OPRF128, MXFR128, 1 OPRF128 is remote OP who uses MXFR128.  
 IMXFR128, OPRF128, 1 OP uses IMXFR128 instrumentation to determine need to  
 DUM3T, MXFR128, SWX128 actuate. SWX128 enables emergency (backup) power.  
 DUM4T, SWX128, 1 DUM4T is emergency (backup) power. This is the  
 emerg. con. power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1BB).  
 SWX128, MXFR128, DUM3T Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

##### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

##### \*\* R1914 \*\*

COIL129, R1914, 1 COIL129, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK1726, COIL129, 1 of R1914. EINRLK1726 is an interlock between this relay  
 and R1726. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
 AXFR129, COIL129, MXFR129 AXFR129 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL129.  
 IAXFR129, AXFR129, 1 AXFR129 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR129.  
 OPMF129, AXFR129, 1 OPMF129 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR129.  
 DUM3T, AXFR129, 1 DUM3T is normal control power. This is the normal  
 control power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1BB).  
 MXFR129, COIL129, AXFR129 MXFR129 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL129.  
 OPRF129, MXFR129, 1 OPRF129 is remote OP who uses MXFR129.  
 IMXFR129, OPRF129, 1 OP uses IMXFR129 instrumentation to determine need to  
 DUa1T, MXFR129, SWX129 actuate. SWX129 enables emergency (backup) power.  
 DUM4T, SWX129, 1 DUM4T is emergency (backup) power. This is the  
 emerg. con. power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1BB).  
 SWX129, MXFR129, DUM3T Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

# ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

## DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

### \*\* R1932 \*\*

COIL1Z10,R1932,1 COIL1Z10, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK1718,COIL1Z10,1 of R1932. EINRLK1718 is an interlock between this relay  
 and R1718. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
 AXFR1Z10,COIL1Z10,MXFR1Z10 AXFR1Z10 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z10.  
 IAXFR1Z10,AXFR1Z10,1 AXFR1Z10 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z10.  
 OPWF1Z10,AXFR1Z10,1 OPWF1Z10 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z10.  
 DUM3S,AXFR1Z10,1 DUM3S is normal control power. This is the normal  
 control power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1AA).  
 MXFR1Z10,COIL1Z10,AXFR1Z10 MXFR1Z10 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z10.  
 OPRF1Z10,MXFR1Z10,1 OPRF1Z10 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z10.  
 IMXFR1Z10,OPRF1Z10,1 OP uses IMXFR1Z10 instrumentation to determine need to  
 DUM3S,MXFR1Z10,SWX1Z10 actuate. SWX1Z10 enables emergency (backup) power.  
 DUM4S,SWX1Z10,1 DUM4S is emergency (backup) power. This is the  
 emerg. con. power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1AA).  
 SWX1Z10,MXFR1Z10,DUM3S Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

# ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

## DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

### \*\* R1912 \*\*

COIL1Z11,R1912,1 COIL1Z11, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK1718,COIL1Z11,1 of R1912. EINRLK1718 is an interlock between this relay  
 and R1718. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
 AXFR1Z11,COIL1Z11,MXFR1Z11 AXFR1Z11 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z11.  
 IAXFR1Z11,AXFR1Z11,1 AXFR1Z11 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z11.  
 OPWF1Z11,AXFR1Z11,1 OPWF1Z11 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z11.  
 DUM3S,AXFR1Z11,1 DUM3S is normal control power. This is the normal  
 control power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1AA).  
 MXFR1Z11,COIL1Z11,AXFR1Z11 MXFR1Z11 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z11.



OPRF1Z11,MXFR1Z11,1 OPRF1Z11 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z11.  
 IMXFR1Z11,OPRF1Z11,1 OP uses IMXFR1Z11 instrumentation to determine need to  
 DUM3S,MXFR1Z11,SWX1Z11 actuate. SWX1Z11 enables emergency (backup) power.  
 DUM4S,SWX1Z11,1 DUM4S is emergency (backup) power. This is the  
 emerg. con. power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1AA).  
 SWX1Z11,MXFR1Z11,DUM3S Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

##### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

##### \*\* R1716 \*\*

COIL1Z12,R1716,1 COIL1Z12, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK1718,COIL1Z12,1 of R1716. EINRLK1718 is an interlock between this relay  
 and R1718. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
 AXFR1Z12,COIL1Z12,MXFR1Z12 AXFR1Z12 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z12.  
 IAXFR1Z12,AXFR1Z12,1 AXFR1Z12 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z12.  
 OPMF1Z12,AXFR1Z12,1 OPMF1Z12 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z12.  
 DUM3S,AXFR1Z12,1 DUM3S is normal control power. This is the normal  
 control power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1AA).  
 MXFR1Z12,COIL1Z12,AXFR1Z12 MXFR1Z12 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z12.  
 OPRF1Z12,MXFR1Z12,1 OPRF1Z12 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z12.  
 IMXFR1Z12,OPRF1Z12,1 OP uses IMXFR1Z12 instrumentation to determine need to  
 DUM3S,MXFR1Z12,SWX1Z12 actuate. SWX1Z12 enables emergency (backup) power.  
 DUM4S,SWX1Z12,1 DUM4S is emergency (backup) power. This is the  
 emerg. con. power source for hardware supported by this bus (6900VS1AA).  
 SWX1Z12,MXFR1Z12,DUM3S Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

##### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

##### \*\* R1624 \*\*

COIL1Z13,R1624,1 COIL1Z13, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK1124,COIL1Z13,1 of R1624. EINRLK1124 is an interlock between this relay



and R1124. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).

AXFR1Z13, COIL1Z13, MXFR1Z13 AXFR1Z13 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z13.

IAXFR1Z13, AXFR1Z13, 1 AXFR1Z13 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z13.

OPWF1Z13, AXFR1Z13, 1 OPWF1Z13 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z13.

25#VTBD1, AXFR1Z13, 1 25#VTBD1 is 25#v d.c. turbine bldg. dist. board 1. This connection couldn't be found in available material. It is assumed based upon symmetry with R1622.

MXFR1Z13, COIL1Z13, AXFR1Z13 MXFR1Z13 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z13.

OPRF1Z13, MXFR1Z13, 1 OPRF1Z13 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z13.

IMXFR1Z13, OPRF1Z13, 1 OP uses IMXFR1Z13 instrumentation to determine need to

25#VTBD1, MXFR1Z13, SWX1Z13 actuate. SWX1Z13 enables emergency (backup) power.

25#VTBD2, SWX1Z13, 1 25#VTBD2 is 25#v d.c. turbine bldg. dist. board 2. This connection couldn't be found in available material. It is assumed based upon symmetry with R1622.

SWX1Z13, MXFR1Z13, 25#VTBD1 Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

#### ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

##### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

\*\* R1524 \*\*

COIL1Z14, R1524, 1 COIL1Z14, when energized with control power, effects closure

EINRLK1122, COIL1Z14, 1 of R1524. EINRLK1122 is an interlock between this relay and R1122. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).

AXFR1Z14, COIL1Z14, MXFR1Z14 AXFR1Z14 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z14.

IAXFR1Z14, AXFR1Z14, 1 AXFR1Z14 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z14.

OPWF1Z14, AXFR1Z14, 1 OPWF1Z14 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z14.

25#VTBD2, AXFR1Z14, 1 25#VTBD2 is 25#v d.c. turbine bldg. dist. board 2. This connection couldn't be found in available material. It is assumed based upon symmetry with R1522.

MXFR1Z14, COIL1Z14, AXFR1Z14 MXFR1Z14 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z14.

OPRF1Z14, MXFR1Z14, 1 OPRF1Z14 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z14.

IMXFR1Z14, OPRF1Z14, 1 OP uses IMXFR1Z14 instrumentation to determine need to

25#VTBD2, MXFR1Z14, SWX1Z14 actuate. SWX1Z14 enables emergency (backup) power.

25#VTBD1, SWX1Z14, 1 25#VTBD1 is 25#v d.c. turbine bldg. dist. board 1. This connection couldn't be found in available material. It is assumed based upon symmetry with R1522.

SWX1Z14, MXFR1Z14, 25#VTBD2 Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

## ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

#### \*\* R1622 \*\*

COIL1Z15,R1622,1 COIL1Z15, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK1114,COIL1Z15,1 of R1622. EINRLK1114 is an interlock between this relay  
 and R1114. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
 AXFR1Z15,COIL1Z15,MXFR1Z15 AXFR1Z15 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z15.  
 IAXFR1Z15,AXFR1Z15,1 AXFR1Z15 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z15.  
 OPWF1Z15,AXFR1Z15,1 OPWF1Z15 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z15.  
 25#VTBD2,AXFR1Z15,1 25#VTBD2 is 25#v d.c. turbine bldg. dist. board 2.  
 MXFR1Z15,COIL1Z15,AXFR1Z15 MXFR1Z15 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z15.  
 OPRF1Z15,MXFR1Z15,1 OPRF1Z15 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z15.  
 IMXFR1Z15,OPRF1Z15,1 OP uses IMXFR1Z15 instrumentation to determine need to  
 25#VTBD2,MXFR1Z15,SWX1Z15 actuate. SWX1Z15 enables emergency (backup) power.  
 25#VTBD1,SWX1Z15,1 25#VTBD1 is 25#v d.c. turbine bldg. dist. board 1.  
 SWX1Z15,MXFR1Z15,25#VTBD2 Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

## ADJACENCY INPUT DATA FOR RELAYS

### DATA FROM TVA 45- SERIES

This model is based upon interpretation of schematics of relay control hardware that appear on numerous wiring diagrams in the 45- series of TVA drawings. The model represents a relay which is normally open and is given either an automatic or manually generated signal to close.

#### \*\* R1522 \*\*

COIL1Z16,R1522,1 COIL1Z16, when energized with control power, effects closure  
 EINRLK1112,COIL1Z16,1 of R1522. EINRLK1112 is an interlock between this relay  
 and R1112. Type of interlock = E (E = electrical, M = mechanical).  
 AXFR1Z16,COIL1Z16,MXFR1Z16 AXFR1Z16 is hardware used to automatically actuate COIL1Z16.  
 IAXFR1Z16,AXFR1Z16,1 AXFR1Z16 is supported by monitoring instrumentation IAXFR1Z16.  
 OPWF1Z16,AXFR1Z16,1 OPWF1Z16 is operator who fails by not enabling AXFR1Z16.  
 25#VTBD1,AXFR1Z16,1 25#VTBD1 is 25#v d.c. turbine bldg. dist. board 1.  
 MXFR1Z16,COIL1Z16,AXFR1Z16 MXFR1Z16 is hardware needed to manually actuate COIL1Z16.  
 OPRF1Z16,MXFR1Z16,1 OPRF1Z16 is remote OP who uses MXFR1Z16.  
 IMXFR1Z16,OPRF1Z16,1 OP uses IMXFR1Z16 instrumentation to determine need to

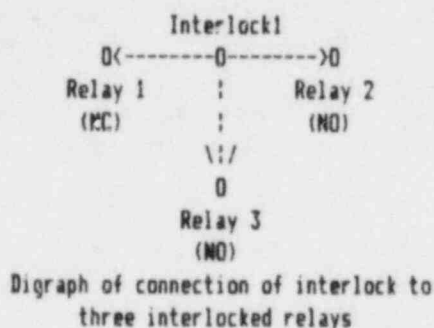
25@VTBD1,MXFR1Z16,SWX1Z16      actuate. SWX1Z16 enables emergency (backup) power.  
 25@VTBD2,SWX1Z16,1      25@VTBD2 is 250v d.c. turbine bldg. dist. board 2.  
 SWX1Z16,MXFR1Z16,25@VTBD1      Manual transfer can use normal or emergency power.

#### d ADJACENCY OF INTERLOCKS TO RELAYS

The following is a list of the interlock connections between redundant relays. Each interlock is of the form \*INRLK#, where \* is the type of control signal/power (E=electrical, M=mechanical) and # is an identifier. The identifier was chosen as the number of the 1 normally closed relay that is connected to the interlock. The modelling of the interlocks reflects the possibility that certain failures of the interlock may cause those breakers connected to it to fail to perform the task they are designed for. The picture below illustrates this direct causality.

The input is broken into two groups. The first corresponds to the interlocks complementing those in the above unit models. The second group are the pairs associated with breakers not unit modelled.

EINRLK19,R19,1  
 EINRLK31,R31,1  
 EINRLK38,R38,1  
 EINRLK50,R50,1  
 EINRLK1726,R1726,1  
 EINRLK1718,R1718,1  
 EINRLK1124,R1124,1  
 EINRLK1122,R1122,1  
 EINRLK1114,R1114,1  
 EINRLK1112,R1112,1



MINRLK35,R23,1  
 MINRLK35,R35,1  
 MINRLK33,R26,1  
 MINRLK33,R33,1  
 MINRLK21,R37,1  
 MINRLK21,R21,1  
 MINRLK55,R42,1  
 MINRLK55,R55,1  
 MINRLK53,R45,1  
 MINRLK53,R53,1  
 MINRLK44,R52,1  
 MINRLK44,R44,1  
 MINRLK25,R56,1  
 MINRLK25,R25,1  
 MINRLK40,R57,1  
 MINRLK40,R40,1

ADJACENCY INPUT FOR 250 VOLT D.C. BATTERY BOARD UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM FSAR FIG. 8.2-12,13

This battery board supplies DC power to the 250v turbine building distribution boards.

Connections to the turbine boards

R14ZA,250VTBD1,R16ZA 250VTBD1 is 250 volt turbine bldg. dist. board 1.  
R16ZA,250VTBD1,R14ZA R14ZA is normal path and R16ZA is alternate path to 250VTBD1.  
FUSE203ZA1,R14ZA,1  
FUSE203ZA2,R16ZA,1  
MXFR4ZA,R16ZA,1 MXFR- is manual transfer hardware which OPRF4ZA uses to  
OPRF4ZA,MXFR4ZA,1 enable the alternate path to the 250VTBD1.

R15ZA,250VTBD2,R17ZA 250VTBD2 is 250 volt turbine bldg. dist. board 2.  
R17ZA,250VTBD2,R15ZA R15ZA is normal path and R17ZA is alternate path to 250VTBD2.  
FUSE204ZA2,R15ZA,1  
FUSE204ZA1,R17ZA,1  
MXFR5ZA,R17ZA,1  
OPRF5ZA,MXFR5ZA,1

\*\* 250VBATBD1 \*\*

Connection from panel 2 main bus to the trains leading to 250VTBD's.  
CON1ZA1,FUSE203ZA1,1 CON- is an electrical contact.  
R203ZA1,CON1ZA1,1  
250VBBZA1,R203ZA1,1 250VBBZA1 is the bus in panel 2 which feeds the fuses.  
  
CON2ZA1,FUSE204ZA1,1  
R204ZA1,CON2ZA1,1  
250VBBZA1,R204ZA1,1

DUMAND1ZA1,250VBBZA1,R205ZA1  
TMOT2ZA1,DUMAND1ZA1,R206ZA1 TMOT- is a thermal magnetic overcurrent trip.

Inputs to 250VBBZA1 follow. There are three inputs: a 250v battery and a battery charger, both of which each board has, and a shared battery charger. Since the shared charger is not part of the unit model, it is placed at the end of this adjacency input.

Battery input

R104ZA1,TMOT2ZA1,1  
SHNT1ZA1,R104ZA1,1 SHNT1ZA1 is a 1000 amp shunt.  
FUSE101ZA1,SHNT1ZA1,1  
250VBATZA1,FUSE101ZA1,1 250VBATZA1 is 250 volt battery.

Charger (not shared)

R2#6ZA1,DUMAND1ZA1,TMOT2ZA1  
 TMOT3ZA1,R2#6ZA1,1  
 FUSE2#6ZA1,TMOT3ZA1,1  
 TMOT1ZA1,FUSE2#6ZA1,1  
 R2ZA1,TMOT1ZA1,1  
 CHRGR1ZA1,R2ZA1,1      CHRGR1ZA1 is 25#v batt. charger; not safety related (15E5#-2).  
 TMOT7ZA1,CHRGR1ZA1,1  
 R3ZA1,TMOT7ZA1,1  
 R4ZA1,R3ZA1,R5ZA1      R4ZA1 and R5ZA1 are relays to redundant power supplies to CHRGR1ZA1.  
 MINRLK2ZA1,R4ZA1,1      MINRLK2ZA1 is the mechanical interlock between R4ZA1 and R5ZA1.  
 R1#ZA1,R4ZA1,1  
 4B#VABCA,R1#ZA1,1      4B#VABCA is normal power to CHRGR1ZA1.  
 R5ZA1,R3ZA1,R4ZA1  
 MINRLK2ZA1,R5ZA1,1  
 MXFR2ZA1,R5ZA1,1  
 QPRF2ZA1,MXFR2ZA1,1  
 R11ZA1,R5ZA1,1  
 4B#VS1A1A,R11ZA1,1      4B#VS1A1A is alternate power to CHRGR1ZA1.

**\*\* 25#VBAT#D2 \*\***

Connection from panel 2 main bus to the trains leading to 25#VTBD's.

CON1ZA2,FUSE2#3ZA2,1      CON- is an electrical contact.  
 R2#3ZA2,CON1ZA2,1  
 25#VBBZA2,R2#3ZA2,1      25#VBBZA2 is the bus in panel 2 which feeds the fuses.

CON2ZA2,FUSE2#4ZA2,1  
 R2#4ZA2,CON2ZA2,1  
 25#VBBZA2,R2#4ZA2,1

DUMAND1ZA2,25#VBBZA2,R2#5ZA2  
 TMOT2ZA2,DUMAND1ZA2,R2#6ZA2      TMOT- is a thermal magnetic overcurrent trip.

Inputs to 25#VBBZA2 follow. There are three inputs: a 25#v battery and a battery charger, both of which each board has, and a shared battery charger. Since the shared charger is not part of the unit model, it is placed at the end of this adjacency input.

**Battery input**

R1#4ZA2,TMOT2ZA2,1  
 SHNT1ZA2,R1#4ZA2,1      SHNT1ZA2 is a 1#00 amp shunt.  
 FUSE1#1ZA2,SHNT1ZA2,1  
 25#VBATZA2,FUSE1#1ZA2,1      25#VBATZA2 is 25# volt battery.

**Charger (not shared)**

R2#6ZA2,DUMAND1ZA2,TMOT2ZA2  
 TMOT3ZA2,R2#6ZA2,1  
 FUSE2#6ZA2,TMOT3ZA2,1  
 TMOT1ZA2,FUSE2#6ZA2,1  
 R2ZA2,TMOT1ZA2,1

CHRGR1ZA2,R2ZA2,1      CHRGR1ZA2 is 250v batt. charger; not safety related (15E500-2).  
 TMOT7ZA2,CHRGR1ZA2,1  
 R3ZA2,TMOT7ZA2,1  
 R4ZA2,R3ZA2,R5ZA2      R4ZA2 and R5ZA2 are relays to redundant power supplies to CHRGR1ZA2.  
 MINRLK2ZA2,R4ZA2,1      MINRLK2ZA2 is the mechanical interlock between R4ZA2 and R5ZA2.  
 R10ZA2,R4ZA2,1  
 480VABCB,R10ZA2,1      480VABCB is normal power to CHRGR1ZA2.  
 R5ZA2,R3ZA2,R4ZA2  
 MINRLK2ZA2,R5ZA2,1  
 MXFR2ZA2,R5ZA2,1  
 OPRF2ZA2,MXFR2ZA2,1  
 R11ZA2,R5ZA2,1  
 480VS2A1A,R11ZA2,1      480VS2A1A is alternate power to CHRGR1ZA2.

Connection from shared charger's output relays to both bat. bd.'s.  
 R205ZA2,250VBBZA2,DUMAND1ZA2  
 TMOT4ZA2,R205ZA2,1  
 FUSE205ZA2,TMOT4ZA2,1  
 R1ZA2,FUSE205ZA2,1      R1ZA2 is a relay which enables power to flow to 250VBATZA2 from  
                                  the shared charger. The charger is normally not connected to  
                                  either of the battery boards.  
 MINRLK1ZA,R1ZA2,1      These three lines are the connection between the shared and  
 TMOT5ZA,R1ZA2,1 unique components. Shared components end in -ZA, unique in -ZA2.  
 MXFR1ZA,R1ZA2,1

Connection from shared charger's output relays to both bat. bd.'s.  
 R205ZA1,250VBBZA1,DUMAND1ZA1  
 TMOT4ZA1,R205ZA1,1  
 FUSE205ZA1,TMOT4ZA1,1  
 R1ZA1,FUSE205ZA1,1      R1ZA1 is a relay which enables power to flow to 250VBATZA1 from  
                                  the shared charger. The charger is normally not connected to  
                                  either of the battery boards.  
 MINRLK1ZA,R1ZA1,1      These three lines are the connection between the shared and  
 TMOT5ZA,R1ZA1,1 unique components. Shared components end in -ZA, unique in -ZA1.  
 MXFR1ZA,R1ZA1,1

Charger (shared)  
 OPRF1ZA,MXFR1ZA,1  
 R6ZA,TMOT5ZA,1  
 CHRGRSZA,R6ZA,1      CHRGRSZA is the shared charger. It is modelled as being able  
 TMOT6ZA,CHRGRSZA,1 to support both battery boards simultaneously by itself.  
 R7ZA,TMOT6ZA,1  
 R8ZA,R7ZA,R9ZA      R8ZA and R9ZA are relays that enable the redundant power supplies  
 MINRLK3ZA,R8ZA,1      to the shared charger. They are interlocked by MINRLK3ZA.  
 R12ZA,R8ZA,1  
 480VABCB,R12ZA,1      480VABCB is the 480v aux. bldg. comm. board, bus B.  
 R9ZA,R7ZA,R8ZA  
 MINRLK3ZA,R9ZA,1  
 MXFR3ZA,R9ZA,1



OPRF3ZA, MXFR3ZA, 1  
 R13ZA, R9ZA, 1  
 480VS1B2B, R13ZA, 1      480VS1B2B is 480v shutdown board 1B2B.

Input to 480 volt auxillary bldg. common board (TVA DWG. 1SE500-1)  
 The board is comprised of two busses.

MXFR31, R3, 1      R3 (NO) connects Bus A to Bus B when closed.  
 OPRE2, MXFR31, 1      OP- is operator who uses man. xfr 31 hardware to close R3.  
 480VABCB, R3, 1      480VABCB is 480 volt aux. bld. comm. board bus B.  
 R1, R3, 1      To connect ultimate sources to sinks.  
 R1, 480VABCB, R3      R1 is relay in path from 6.9kv comm. bd. B.  
 TRBABC, R1, 1      TRBABC is transformer.  
 R2, TRBABC, 1  
 6900VCBB, R2, 1      6900VCBB is 6900 volt common board B.  
 R1626, 6900VCBB, R1216  
 6900VSBB, R1626, 1      6900VSBB is 6900 volt start board B.  
 R1216, 6900VCBB, R1626  
 AXFR9, R1216, MXFR30      AXFR- is automatic breaker closing hardware.  
 MXFR30, R1216, AXFR9      MXFR- is manual breaker closing hardware.  
 OPRE1, MXFR30, 1      OPRE1 is operator who actuates with MXFR30.  
 USST2AY, R1216, 1      USST2AY is unit station service transformer 2A, winding Y.  
 R3, 480VABCB, R1

480VABCA, R3, 1      480VABCA is 480 volt aux. bld. comm. board bus A.  
 R4, R3, 1      To connect ultimate sources to sinks.  
 R4, 480VABCA, R3  
 TRAABC, R4, 1      TRAABC is transformer.  
 R5, TRAABC, 1  
 6900VCBA, R5, 1      6900VCBA is 6900 volt common board A.  
 R1526, 6900VCBA, R1126  
 6900VSBA, R1526, 1      6900VSBA is 6900 volt start board A.  
 R1126, 6900VCBA, R1526  
 USST1BY, R1126, 1      USST1BY is unit station service transformer 1B, winding Y.  
 AXFR10, R1126, MXFR32      AXFR- is automatic breaker closing hardware.  
 MXFR32, R1126, AXFR10      MXFR- is manual breaker closing hardware.  
 OPRE3, MXFR32, 1      OPRE3 is operator who actuates with MXFR32.

R3, 480VABCA, R4

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ONSITE, 6ENDSL1BB, 1  
 ONSITE, 6ENDSL1AA, 1  
 ONSITE, 6ENDSL2BB, 1  
 ONSITE, 6ENDSL2AA, 1



ONSITE, MNGEN2, 1

OFFSITE, 161KV, 1

OFFSITE, 500KV, 1

OPRREMOTE, OPRE42, 1

OPRREMOTE, OPRE37, 1

OPRREMOTE, OPRE36, 1

OPRREMOTE, OPRE39, 1

OPRREMOTE, OPRE40, 1

OPRREMOTE, OPRE41, 1

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OPRREMOTE,OPRF1RC,1  
OPRREMOTE,OPRF1RD,1

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OPRLOCAL,OPRA62132,1  
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OPRLOCAL,OPRB53,1  
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OPRLOCAL,OPRB51B,1  
OPRLOCAL,OPRB52B,1  
OPRLOCAL,OPRB53B,1  
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OPRLOCAL,OPRC2V,1  
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OPRLOCAL,OPRL6291,1

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OPRLOCAL,OPRL7076,1  
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OPRLOCAL,OPRA1RE,1  
OPRLOCAL,OPRA1RC,1  
OPRLOCAL,OPRA1RD,1

OPRMASTER,OPRREMOTE,1  
OPRMASTER,OPRLOCAL,1  
0,0,0

## ADJACENCY INPUT FOR MOTOR OPERATED FLOW CONTROL VALVE UNIT MODEL

DATA FROM TVA DMS 45M760-63-8

```

: To create a unique valve, change (VALVE) to valve number, POWER1
: to motive power source, SILLOGIC1 to logic train, and $ to component
: index. If valve connects to SILLOGIC, remove tabs in '*Connections...'.
: This model is for a valve which must be opened. If specific valve
: is of same type, search for all 'closed#' and 'open#' and delete '#'.
: If specific valve is of the opposite type, search out the words,
: delete '#', and replace the words with their complements.
:
: DELETE ALL LINES BEGINNING WITH * : *

** FCV(VALVE) **

LINK1$,FCV(VALVE),1 LINK1$ is connection from MOT1$ to FCV(VALVE). MOT1$
MOT1$,FCV(VALVE),OPRA1$ is the motor that moves valve plug FCV(VALVE). OPRA1$
OPRA1$,FCV(VALVE),MOT1$ determines whether FCV(VALVE) is open or closed from
DUM13$,OPRA1$,1 flow data, valve position indicating lights, and
direction of resistance to cranking of LINK1$.
LINK1$ is the connection from the operator's hand
to the valve plug. These valve status parameters
for local OP's are AND-ed inputs to DUM13$.

CON1$,MOT1$,1 CON1$ is wire connection.
SW51$,CON1$,1 SW51$, when closed, allows power to flow to MOT1$.
VMOT1$,SW51$,1 VMOT1$ is Variable Magnetic Overcurrent Trip.
R1$,VMOT1$,1 R1$ is a relay.
POWER1,R1$,1 POWER1 is process electrical power.
VHTR1$,MOT1$,1 VHTR1$ is valve heater.
DUM12$,VHTR1$,1
FUSE2$,DUM12$,FUSE1$ FUSE2$ is normal control power positive voltage fuse.
XFMR1$,FUSE2$,1 XFMR1$ is potential transformer.
XFMR1$,FUSE3$,1
FUSE4$,FUSE2$,1 FUSE4$ is normal control power negative voltage fuse.
XFMR1$,FUSE4$,1
FUSE3$,FUSE1$,1 FUSE3$ is auxillary control power neg. voltage fuse.
VMOT1$,XFMR1$,1
FUSE1$,DUM12$,FUSE2$ FUSE1$ is auxillary control power pos. voltage fuse.
XFMR1$,FUSE1$,1
SWX1$,FUSE1$,1 OPRF3$ monitors with LT5$ the power out of the control
OPRF3$,SWX1$,1 power fuse and can use SWX1$ to switch to the
LT5$,OPRF3$,DUM11$ auxillary fuse. OPRF3$ also uses remote valve position
DUM11$,OPRF3$,LT5$ data DUM11$ to ascertain if valve can be actuated.
COIL1$,SW51$,1 COIL1$, when energized, closes SW51$.

SW54$,COIL1$,SW55$ COIL1$ can be energized iff valve is not fully open#
SW55$,COIL1$,SW54$ as determined by sense switch SW56$.
LINK1$,SW54$,1
LINK1$,SW55$,1
SW56$,SW55$,1 SW55$ is pos'n sense switch (closed iff valve closed#).
SW56$,SW54$,1 SW54$ is torque limit switch (open iff valve open#).
LINK1$,SW56$,1
SWB1$,SW56$,DUMAND51$ SWB1$ is local switch which electrically energizes
DUMAND51$,SW56$,SWB1$ COIL1$.

```



\*Connections for hardware connected to SILOGIC\*  
 Indented 1 tab since not used in SIPIS. If used, remove tabs and  
 indent the 2 lines of code above this insert.

SWS12%,SW56%,DUMAND56% SWS12% closes upon receipt of SILOGIC signal.  
 DUMAND56%,SW56%,SWS12% When SWS12% is closed, normal control power  
 FUSE2%,SWS12%,1 flows to SW56% which closes SWS1%.  
 OPWF1%,SWA4%,1 OPWF1% switches SWA4% so that SWS12% is enabled  
 SWA4%,SWS12%,1 to close upon receipt of SILOGIC.  
 SILOGIC1,SWS12%,1  
 SWB1%,DUMAND56%,DUMAND51%  
 DUMAND51%,DUMAND56%,SWB1%

SWC1%,DUMAND51%,SWA1% SWC1% is auxiliary remote control switch.  
 SWA1%,DUMAND51%,SWC1% SWA1% is normal remote control switch.  
 DSIINST,OPRF1%,1 DSIINST is safety injection indication instrumentation.  
 DSIINST,OPRA1%,1 All valve actuating operators need this input to  
 DSIINST,OPRF2%,1 know that injection is necessary.  
 DSIINST,OPRC1%,1

OPRC1%,SWB1%,1 OPRC1% is local operator who ascertains valve position  
 DUM13%,OPRC1%,1 by inputs to DUM13% (see comment in 3rd line).  
 DUM12%,SWB1%,1 SWB1% is actuator for both normal and emerg. power.

Inputs to DUM13%  
 LINK1%,DUMAND58%,DUMAND52%  
 DUMAND52%,DUMAND58%,LINK1%  
 DUMAND53%,DUM13%,DUM11%  
 DUM11%,DUM13%,DUMAND53%  
 FDATA1%,DUMAND53%,DUMAND58%  
 DUMAND58%,DUMAND53%,FDATA1%  
 LT4%,DUMAND52%,LT3% LT3% and LT4% are valve position sensing lights located  
 LT3%,DUMAND52%,LT4% next to the valve.

DUM12%,SW53%,1 SW53% uses normal or auxiliary control power.  
 SW53%,LT3%,1 SW53% is valve pos'n sense switch (open iff valve not closed).  
 LINK1%,SW53%,1 LINK1% is connection of valve plug to SW52% - SW56%  
 DUM12%,SW52%,1 SW52% uses normal or auxiliary control power.  
 SW52%,LT4%,1 SW52% is valve pos'n sense switch (closed iff valve closed).  
 LINK1%,SW52%,1

OPRF2%,SWC1%,1  
 FUSE1%,SWC1%,1 SWC1% is actuator for emergency control power.  
 DUM11%,OPRF2%,1  
 OPRF1%,SWA1%,1  
 FUSE2%,SWA1%,1 SWA1% is actuator for normal control power.  
 DUM11%,OPRF1%,1



# Inputs to DUM11\$

LT1\$, DUMAND54\$, LT2\$      LT1\$, LT2\$ are red and green valve plug position  
 SW53\$, LT1\$, 1      indicator lights located in unit main control room.  
 LT2\$, DUMAND54\$, LT1\$  
 SW52\$, LT2\$, 1  
 DUMAND54\$, DUMAND57\$, OPRC1\$  
 OPRC1\$, DUMAND57\$, DUMAND54\$  
 DUMAND57\$, DUMAND55\$, OPRA1\$  
 OPRA1\$, DUMAND55\$, DUMAND57\$  
 DUMAND55\$, DUM11\$, FDATA1\$  
 FDATA1\$, DUM11\$, DUMAND55\$  
 \$, \$, \$

## ADJACENCY INPUT FOR SAFETY INJECTION LOGIC

DATA FROM TVA DWG. 47W611-63-1, FSAR FIG. 7.2-1, WESTINGHOUSE DWG. 108D408

Page numbers (e.g. PAGE 1) refer to digraph page number

Only header comments are consistent with two trains. Comments  
 on side are in Train A nomenclature only.

\*\* PAGE 1 \*\*

## SAFETY INJECTION SIGNAL (SIS) CENTRAL LOGIC

Inputs to DSIINST follow. DSIINST is the control room instrumentation  
 the operators monitor to determine if safety injection is needed.  
 DSIINST is an input to all hardware which can be used to manually  
 enable safety injection.

The model is based upon a conversation with a TVA operator and upon  
 Westinghouse dwg. 108D408. Four parameters are monitored: Pressurizer level, steam generator pressure, containment pressure, and pressurizer pressure. The first 3 parameters are displayed on PAM recorders, whereas pressurizer pressure is not (based on the dwg). Inputs to the model are 23 transducers and the model consists of one expanded 23 input AND-gate, since no data was available as to any prioritizing of the data being monitored.

DPLPAMS, DSIINST, DUMAND40	DPLPAMS is pressurizer level PAM's.
DUMAND40, DSIINST, DPLPAMS	
DLCPPAMS, DUMAND40, DUMAND41	DLCPPAMS is lower containment pressure PAM's.
DUMAND41, DUMAND40, DLCPPAMS	
DSGPPAMS, DUMAND41, DPPINST	DSGPPAMS is steam gen. pressure PAM's.
DPPINST, DUMAND41, DSGPPAMS	DPPINST is pressurizer press. instrumentation.

DUMAND42, DPPINST, PI458  
DUMAND43, DUMAND42, PI457  
PI455A, DUMAND43, PI456  
PY455A, PI455A, 1  
PS455, PY455A, 1  
PI456, DUMAND43, PI455A  
PY456A, PI456, 1  
PS456, PY456A, 1  
PI457, DUMAND42, DUMAND43  
PY457A, PI457, 1  
PS457, PY457A, 1  
PI458, DPPINST, DUMAND42  
PY458A, PI458, 1  
PS458, PY458A, 1

Inputs to DSGPPAMS

DUMAND44, DSGPPAMS, PI536A  
DUMAND45, DUMAND44, PI526A  
DUMAND46, DUMAND45, PI546A  
DUMAND47, DUMAND46, PI516A  
DUMAND48, DUMAND47, PI545A  
DUMAND49, DUMAND48, PI525A  
DUMAND50, DUMAND49, PI535A  
DUMAND51, DUMAND50, PI515A  
DUMAND52, DUMAND51, PI544A  
DUMAND53, DUMAND52, PI534A  
PI514A, DUMAND53, PI524A  
PY514A, PI514A, 1  
PS514, PY514A, 1  
PI524A, DUMAND53, PI514A  
PY524A, PI524A, 1  
PS524, PY524A, 1  
PI534A, DUMAND52, DUMAND53  
PY534A, PI534A, 1  
PS534, PY534A, 1  
PI544A, DUMAND51, DUMAND52  
PY544A, PI544A, 1  
PS544, PY544A, 1  
PI515A, DUMAND50, DUMAND51  
PY515A, PI515A, 1  
PS515, PY515A, 1  
PI535A, DUMAND49, DUMAND50  
PY535A, PI535A, 1  
PS535, PY535A, 1  
PI525A, DUMAND48, DUMAND49  
PY525A, PI525A, 1  
PS525, PY525A, 1  
PI545A, DUMAND47, DUMAND48  
PY545A, PI545A, 1

PS545, PY545A, 1  
PI516A, DUMAND46, DUMAND47  
PY516C, PI516A, 1  
PS516, PY516C, 1  
PI546A, DUMAND45, DUMAND46  
PY546C, PI546A, 1  
PS546, PY546C, 1  
PI526A, DUMAND44, DUMAND45  
PY526C, PI526A, 1  
PS526, PY526C, 1  
PI536A, DSGPPAMS, DUMAND44  
PY536C, PI536A, 1  
PS536, PY536C, 1

Inputs to DLCPAMS

DUMAND54, DLCPAMS, PI937  
DUMAND55, DUMAND54, PI936  
PI934, DUMAND55, PI935  
PY934A, PI934, 1  
PS934, PY934A, 1  
PI935, DUMAND55, PI934  
PY935A, PI935, 1  
PS935, PY935A, 1  
PI936, DUMAND54, DUMAND55  
PY936A, PI936, 1  
PS936, PY936A, 1  
PI937, DLCPAMS, DUMAND54  
PY937A, PI937, 1  
PS937, PY937A, 1

Inputs to DPLPAMS

DUMAND56, DPLPAMS, LI461  
LI459A, DUMAND56, LI460A  
LY459C, LI459A, 1  
LS459, LY459C, 1  
LT459, LS459, 1  
PSI, LT459, 1  
LI460A, DUMAND56, LI459A  
LY460C, LI460A, 1  
LS460, LY460C, 1  
LT460, LS460, 1  
PSII, LT460, 1  
LI461, DPLPAMS, DUMAND56  
LY461C, LI461, 1  
LS461, LY461C, 1  
LT461, LS461, 1  
PSIII, LT461, 1

PS- is protection set power supply.

# Train A central logic.

SW1A,SIS16A,1	SW1A is SIS actuation switch. SIS16A is train A SIS.
AND7A,SW1A,1	
SW4A,AND7A,1	SW4A, operated by OPWF20, resets SW1A after time delay.
DSIINST,OPWF20,1	OPWF20 resets SW1A (i.e., turns off SIS16A) on the
OPWF20,SW4A,1	basis of DSIINST.
SW1A,TIMDEL1A,1	TIMDEL1A is a 1-2 minute signal delay.
TIMDEL1A,AND7A,1	
AND7A,OR11A,AND8A	
AND8A,OR11A,AND7A	
OR11A,AND8A,1	
RCTRP1A,AND8A,1	RCTRP1A is train A reactor trip signal.
AND8A,NOT6A,1	
NOT6A,AND1A,1	

Manual safety injection signal actuation logic and connections of the instrumentation and bistable networks to SW1A.

Networks monitor pressurizer pressure, main steam lines, steam line differential pressure, and hi containment pressure.

OR1A,SW1A,1	
OR1,OR1A,AND1A	OR1 comes from manual SIS actuation logic.
AND1A,OR1A,OR1	
SW5,OR1,SW6	Either SW5 or SW6 can actuate SIS.
DSIINST,OPRF11,1	OPRF11 knows to manually actuate from DSIINST.
OPRF11,SW5,1	OPRF11 operates SW5, OPRF12 operates SW6.
SW6,OR1,SW5	
DSIINST,OPRF12,1	OPRF12 knows to manually actuate from DSIINST.
OPRF12,SW6,1	
OR2A,AND1A,1	OR2A is junction of all network inputs.
Expanded AND-gate of all inputs to OR2A	
AND2A,OR2A,DUMAND1A	AND2A is junction of all pressurizer pressure inputs.
DUMAND1A,OR2A,AND2A	
AND5A,DUMAND1A,DUMAND2A	AND5A is junction of all main steam line inputs.
DUMAND2A,DUMAND1A,AND5A	
OR10A,DUMAND2A,20F3C7A	20F3C7A is hi containment pressure.
20F3C7A,DUMAND2A,OR10A	

## Connections of steam line networks to AND5A

NOT4A,AND5A,1	
AND4A,AND5A,1	
OR8A,AND4A,1	
20F4C2A,OR8A,20F4C3A	20F4C2A is low steam line pressure.
20F4C3A,OR8A,20F4C2A	20F4C3A is steam line lo lo average temperature.
20F4C1A,AND4A,1	20F4C1A is hi steam line flow.

Train B central logic.

SW1B,SIS16B,1	SW1A is SIS actuation switch. SIS16A is train A SIS.
AND7B,SW1B,1	
SW4B,AND7B,1	SW4A, operated by OPMF2B, resets SW1A after time delay.
OPMF2B,SW4B,1	
SW1B,TIMDEL1B,1	TIMDEL1A is a 1-2 minute signal delay.
TIMDEL1B,AND7B,1	
AND7B,OR11B,AND8B	
AND8B,OR11B,AND7B	
OR11B,AND8B,1	
RCTRP1B,AND8B,1	RCTRP1A is train A reactor trip signal.
AND8B,NOT6B,1	
NOT6B,AND1B,1	
OR1B,SW1B,1	
OR1,OR1B,AND1B	OR1 comes from manual SIS actuation logic.
AND1B,OR1B,OR1	

OR2B,AND1B,1	OR2A is junction of all network inputs.
--------------	---

Expanded AND-gate of all inputs to OR2A

AND2B,OR2B,DUMAND1B	AND2A is junction of all pressurizer pressure inputs.
DUMAND1B,OR2B,AND2B	
AND5B,DUMAND1B,DUMAND2B	AND5A is junction of all main steam line inputs.
DUMAND2B,DUMAND1B,AND5B	
OR1B,DUMAND2B,20F3C7B	20F3C7A is hi containment pressure.
20F3C7B,DUMAND2B,OR1B	

Connections of steam line networks to AND5A

NOT4B,AND5B,1	
AND4B,AND5B,1	
OR6B,AND4B,1	
20F4C2B,OR8B,20F4C3B	20F4C2A is low steam line pressure.
20F4C3B,OR8B,20F4C2B	20F4C3A is steam line lo lo average temperature.
20F4C1B,AND4B,1	20F4C1A is hi steam line flow.

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PRESSURIZER PRESSURE INSTRUMENTATION AND BISTABLE LOGIC NETWORKS

Train A logic.

NOT1A,AND2A,1	Inputs to AND2A are lo press. pressure and hi
AND3A,NOT1A,1	press. pressure (which has a manual block/reset).
NOT2A,AND3A,1	AND3A is connected to block/reset.
SW2A,NOT2A,1	SW2A is block/reset switch.
OPMF13,SW2A,1	OPMF13 operates SW2A.
SW2A,OR3A,AND3A	
AND3A,OR3A,SW2A	
OR3A,AND3A,1	
NOT3A,AND3A,1	Input NOT3A is hi pressurizer pressure.
20F3C2A,NOT3A,1	

# Train B logic.

NOT1B,AND2B,1	Inputs to AND2A are lo press. pressure and hi
AND3B,NOT1B,1	press. pressure (which has a manual block/reset).
NOT2B,AND3B,1	AND3A is connected to block/reset.
SW2B,NOT2B,1	SW2A is block/reset switch.
OPWF13,SW2B,1	OPWF13 operates SW2A.
SW2B,OR3B,AND3B	
AND3B,OR3B,SW2B	
OR3B,AND3B,1	
NOT3B,AND3B,1	Input to NOT3A is hi pressurizer pressure.
2OF3C2B,NOT3B,1	

## Note on component nomenclature:

Components are coded with the 6 character label (A1)(A2)(MNN)(A3) of which the first two characters are the useful descriptors. A1 is the parameter being monitored with P=Pressure, F=Flow, L=Level, and T=Temperature. A2 is the type of component with B=Bistable, L=Light, S=Switch, and T=Transducer.

## Expanded 2/3 coincidence gates 2OF3C2A and 2OF3C2B

PS455B,2OF3C2A,PS456B	
PS455B,2OF3C2B,PS456B	
PB455B,PS455B,1	Each bistable can be disabled if OPW- switches it to
OPRF455B,PS455B,OPWF14	test mode AND if OPR- fails to re-enable or if the
OPWF14,PS455B,OPRF455B	test mode light fails to indicate that bistable is in
PL455B,OPRF455B,1	test mode.
PS455,PB455B,1	
PT455,PS455,1	
PSI,PT455,1	
PS456B,2OF3C2A,PS455B	
PS456B,2OF3C2B,PS455B	
PB456B,PS456B,1	
OPRF456B,PS456B,OPWF14	
OPWF14,PS456B,OPRF456B	
PL456B,OPRF456B,1	
PS456,PB456B,1	
PT456,PS456,1	
PSII,PT456,1	
PS455B,2OF3C2A,PS457B	
PS455B,2OF3C2B,PS457B	
PB457B,PS457B,1	
OPRF457B,PS457B,OPWF14	
OPWF14,PS457B,OPRF457B	
PL457B,OPRF457B,1	
PS457,PB457B,1	
PT457,PS457,1	
PSIII,PT457,1	
PS457B,2OF3C2A,PS455B	
PS457B,2OF3C2B,PS455B	



PS456B,20F3C2A,PS457B  
PS456B,20F3C2B,PS457B  
PS457B,20F3C2A,PS456B  
PS457B,20F3C2B,PS456B

20F3C1A,AND2A,1      Input to 20F3C1A is lo pressurizer pressure.  
20F3C1B,AND2B,1

Expanded 2/3 coincidence gate 20F3C1A,B

PS457D,20F3C1A,PS455D  
PS457D,20F3C1B,PS455B  
PB457D,PS457D,1  
OPRF457D,PS457D,OPWF15  
OPWF15,PS457D,OPWF457D  
PL457D,OPRF457D,1  
PS457,PB457D,1  
PS455D,20F3C1A,PS457D  
PS455D,20F3C1B,PS457D  
PB455D,PS455D,1  
OPRF455D,PS455D,OPWF15  
OPWF15,PS455D,OPRF455D  
PL455D,OPRF455D,1  
PS455,PB455D,1  
PS457D,20F3C1A,PS456D  
PS457D,20F3C1B,PS456D  
PB456D,PS456D,1  
OPRF456D,PS456D,OPWF15  
OPWF15,PS456D,OPRF456D  
PL456D,OPRF456D,1  
PS456,PB456D,1  
PS456D,20F3C1A,PS457D  
PS456D,20F3C1B,PS457D  
PS455D,20F3C1A,PS456D  
PS455D,20F3C1B,PS456D  
PS456D,20F3C1A,PS455D  
PS456D,20F3C1B,PS455D

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HI MAIN STEAM LINE FLOW INSTRUMENTATION AND BISTABLE LOGIC

Expanded 2/4 coincidence gate 20F4C1A,B. Failure orientation is  
based upon failure of any three inputs.

OR4A,DUMAND3A,OR5A  
OR5A,DUMAND3A,OR4A  
DUMAND3A,20F4C1A,OR6A  
OR6A,20F4C1A,DUMAND3A  
OR4A,DUMAND4A,OR5A  
OR5A,DUMAND4A,OR4A  
DUMAND4A,20F4C1A,OR7A  
OR7A,20F4C1A,DUMAND4A  
OR4A,20F4C1A,DUMAND5A



DUMAND5A, 20F4C1A, OR4A  
OR6A, DUMAND5A, OR7A  
OR7A, DUMAND5A, OR6A  
OR5A, 20F4C1A, DUMAND6A  
DUMAND6A, 20F4C1A, OR5A  
OR6A, DUMAND6A, OR7A  
OR7A, DUMAND6A, OR6A

OR4B, DUMAND3B, OR5B  
OR5B, DUMAND3B, OR4B  
DUMAND3B, 20F4C1B, OR6B  
OR6B, 20F4C1B, DUMAND3B  
OR4B, DUMAND4B, OR5B  
OR5B, DUMAND4B, OR4B  
DUMAND4B, 20F4C1B, OR7B  
OR7B, 20F4C1B, DUMAND4B  
OR4B, 20F4C1B, DUMAND5B  
DUMAND5B, 20F4C1B, OR4B  
OR6B, DUMAND5B, OR7B  
OR7B, DUMAND5B, OR6B  
OR5B, 20F4C1B, DUMAND6B  
DUMAND6B, 20F4C1B, OR5B  
OR6B, DUMAND6B, OR7B  
OR7B, DUMAND6B, OR6B

FS522B, OR4A, FS523B  
FS522B, OR4B, FS523B  
FB522B, FS522B, 1  
OPRF522B, FS522B, OPWF15  
OPWF15, FS522B, OPRF522B  
FL522B, OPRF522B, 1  
FS522, FB522B, 1  
FS522, FT522, 1  
PS1, FT522, 1  
FS523B, OR4A, FS522B  
FS523B, OR4B, FS522B  
FB523B, FS523B, 1  
OPRF523B, FS523B, OPWF15  
OPWF15, FS523B, OPRF523B  
FL523B, OPRF523B, 1  
FS523, FB523B, 1  
FS523, FT523, 1  
PS11, FT523, 1

FS512B,OR5A,FS513B  
FS512B,OR5B,FS513B  
FB512B,FS512B,1  
OPRF512B,FS512B,OPWF15  
OPWF15,FS512B,OPRF512B  
FL512B,OPRF512B,1  
FS512,FB512B,1  
FS512,FT512,1  
PSI,FT512,1  
FS513B,OR5A,FS512B  
FS513B,OR5B,FS512B  
FB513B,FS513B,1  
OPRF513B,FS513B,OPWF15  
OPWF15,FS513B,OPRF513B  
FL513B,OPRF513B,1  
FS513,FB513B,1  
FS513,FT513,1  
PSII,FT513,1

FS532B,OR6A,FS533B  
FS532B,OR6B,FS533B  
FB532B,FS532B,1  
OPRF532B,FS532B,OPWF15  
OPWF15,FS532B,OPRF532B  
FL532B,OPRF532B,1  
FS532,FB532B,1  
FS532,FT532,1  
PSI,FT532,1  
FS533B,OR6A,FS532B  
FS533B,OR6B,FS532B  
FB533B,FS533B,1  
OPRF533B,FS533B,OPWF15  
OPWF15,FS533B,OPRF533B  
FL533B,OPRF533B,1  
FS533,FB533B,1  
FS533,FT533,1  
PSII,FT533,1

FS542B,OR7A,FS543B  
FS542B,OR7B,FS543B  
FB542B,FS542B,1  
OPRF542B,FS542B,OPWF15  
OPWF15,FS542B,OPRF542B  
FL542B,OPRF542B,1  
FS542,FB542B,1  
FS542,FT542,1  
PSI,FT542,1  
FS543B,OR7A,FS542B  
FS543B,OR7B,FS542B

FB543B,FS543B,1  
OPRF543B,FS543B,OPWF15  
OPWF15,FS543B,OPRF543B  
FL543B,OPRF543B,1  
FS543,FB543B,1  
FS543,FT543,1  
PS11,FT543,1

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LO MAIN STEAM LINE PRESSURE INSTRUMENTATION AND BISTABLE LOGIC  
Expanded 2/4 coincidence gate 20F4C2A. Failure orientation is  
based upon failure of any three inputs.

PS516A,DUMAND7A,PS526A  
PS526A,DUMAND7A,PS516A  
DUMAND7A,20F4C2A,PS536A  
PS536A,20F4C2A,DUMAND7A  
PS516A,DUMAND8A,PS526A  
PS526A,DUMAND8A,PS516A  
DUMAND8A,20F4C2A,PS546A  
PS546A,20F4C2A,DUMAND8A  
PS516A,DUMAND9A,PS536A  
PS536A,DUMAND9A,PS516A  
DUMAND9A,20F4C2A,PS546A  
PS546A,20F4C2A,DUMAND9A  
PS526A,DUMAND10A,PS536A  
PS536A,DUMAND10A,PS526A  
DUMAND10A,20F4C2A,PS546A  
PS546A,20F4C2A,DUMAND10A  
PS516A,DUMAND7B,PS526A  
PS526A,DUMAND7B,PS516A  
DUMAND7B,20F4C2B,PS536A  
PS536A,20F4C2B,DUMAND7B  
PS516A,DUMAND8B,PS526A  
PS526A,DUMAND8B,PS516A  
DUMAND8B,20F4C2B,PS546A  
PS546A,20F4C2B,DUMAND8B  
PS516A,DUMAND9B,PS536A  
PS536A,DUMAND9B,PS516A  
DUMAND9B,20F4C2B,PS546A  
PS546A,20F4C2B,DUMAND9B  
PS526A,DUMAND10B,PS536A  
PS536A,DUMAND10B,PS526A  
DUMAND10B,20F4C2B,PS546A  
PS546A,20F4C2B,DUMAND10B

PS516A,PS516A,1  
OPRF516A,PS516A,OPWF16  
OPWF16,PS516A,OPRF516A

PL516A,OPRF516A,1  
PS516,PB516A,1  
PT516,PS516,1  
PS1V,PT516,1

PB526A,PS526A,1  
OPRF526A,PS526A,OPWF16  
OPWF16,PS526A,OPRF526A  
PL526A,OPRF526A,1  
PS526,PB526A,1  
PT526,PS526,1  
PS111,PT526,1

PB536A,PS536A,1  
OPRF536A,PS536A,OPWF16  
OPWF16,PS536A,OPRF536A  
PL536A,OPRF536A,1  
PS536,PB536A,1  
PT536,PS536,1  
PS111,PT536,1

PB546A,PS546A,1  
OPWF16,PS546A,OPRF546A  
OPRF546A,PS546A,OPWF16  
PL546A,OPRF546A,1  
PS546,PB546A,1  
PT546,PS546,1  
PS1V,PT546,1

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LO LO MAIN STEAM LINE Tavg AND MANUAL BLOCK/RESET LOGIC

AND6A,NOT4A,1                    Inputs to AND6A are from lo lo Tavg and blk/reset.  
NOT5A,AND6A,1  
SW3A,NOT5A,1  
OPWF18,SW3A,1                    OPWF18 operates blk/reset switch SW3A.  
SW3A,OR9A,AND6A  
AND6A,OR9A,SW3A  
OR9A,AND6A,1  
2OF4C3A,AND6A,1                    Input to 2OF4C3A is lo lo Tavg.

Expanded 2/3 coincidence gate 2OF4C3A

TS412D,DUMAND11A,TS422D  
TS422D,DUMAND11A,TS412D  
DUMAND11A,2OF4C3A,TS432D  
TS432D,2OF4C3A,DUMAND11A  
TS412D,DUMAND12A,TS422D  
TS422D,DUMAND12A,TS412D  
DUMAND12A,2OF4C3A,TS442D  
TS442D,2OF4C3A,DUMAND12A

TS412D, DUMAND13A, TS432D  
 TS432D, DUMAND13A, TS412D  
 DUMAND13A, 20F4C3A, TS442D  
 TS442D, 20F4C3A, DUMAND13A  
 TS422D, DUMAND14A, TS432D  
 TS432D, DUMAND14A, TS422D  
 DUMAND14A, 20F4C3A, TS442D  
 TS442D, 20F4C3A, DUMAND14A

AND6B, NOT4B, 1                      Inputs to AND6A are from lo lo Tavq and blk/reset.  
 NOT5B, AND6B, 1  
 SW3B, NOT5B, 1  
 OPWF1B, SW3B, 1                      OPWF1B operates blk/reset switch SW3A.  
 SW3B, OR9B, AND6B  
 AND6B, OR9B, SW3B  
 OR9B, AND6B, 1  
 20F4C3B, AND6B, 1                      Input to 20F4C3A is lo lo Tavq.

Expanded 2/3 coincidence gate 20F4C3B

TS412D, DUMAND11B, TS422D  
 TS422D, DUMAND11B, TS412D  
 DUMAND11B, 20F4C3B, TS432D  
 TS432D, 20F4C3B, DUMAND11B  
 TS412D, DUMAND12B, TS422D  
 TS422D, DUMAND12B, TS412D  
 DUMAND12B, 20F4C3B, TS442D  
 TS442D, 20F4C3B, DUMAND12B  
 TS412D, DUMAND13B, TS432D  
 TS432D, DUMAND13B, TS412D  
 DUMAND13B, 20F4C3B, TS442D  
 TS442D, 20F4C3B, DUMAND13B  
 TS422D, DUMAND14B, TS432D  
 TS432D, DUMAND14B, TS422D  
 DUMAND14B, 20F4C3B, TS442D  
 TS442D, 20F4C3B, DUMAND14B

TB412D, TS412D, 1  
 OPWF17, TS412D, OPRF412D  
 OPRF412D, TS412D, OPWF17  
 TL412D, OPRF412D, 1  
 TS411A, SIG1, 1  
 SIG1, TB412D, 1  
 TE411A, TS411A, 1  
 TS411B, SIG1, 1  
 SIG1, TB412D, 1  
 TE411B, TS411B, 1  
 PSI, TE411A, 1  
 PSI, TE411B, 1

TB422D, TS422D, 1  
OPWF17, TS422D, OPRF422D  
OPRF422D, TS422D, OPWF17  
TL422D, OPRF422D, 1  
TS421A, SIG2, 1  
SIG2, TB422D, 1  
TE421A, TS421A, 1  
TS421B, SIG2, 1  
SIG2, TB422D, 1  
TE421B, TS421B, 1  
PSII, TE421A, 1  
PSII, TE421B, 1

TB432D, TS432D, 1  
OPWF17, TS432D, OPRF432D  
OPRF432D, TS432D, OPWF17  
TL432D, OPRF432D, 1  
TS431A, SIG3, 1  
SIG3, TB432D, 1  
TE431A, TS431A, 1  
TS431B, SIG3, 1  
SIG3, TB432D, 1  
TE431B, TS431B, 1  
PSIII, TE431A, 1  
PSIII, TE431B, 1

TB442D, TS442D, 1  
OPWF17, TS442D, OPRF442D  
OPRF442D, TS442D, OPWF17  
TL442D, OPRF442D, 1  
TS441A, SIG4, 1  
SIG4, TB442D, 1  
TE441A, TS441A, 1  
TS441B, SIG4, 1  
SIG4, TB442D, 1  
TE441B, TS441B, 1  
PSIV, TE441A, 1  
PSIV, TE441B, 1

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STEAM LINE DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE INSTRUMENTATION AND BISTABLE LOGIC

Expanded AND-gate for OR10A. Inputs are four 2/3 coincidence gates.

20F3C3A, DUMAND15A, 20F3C5A  
20F3C5A, DUMAND15A, 20F3C3A  
DUMAND15A, DUMAND16A, 20F3C6A  
20F3C6A, DUMAND16A, DUMAND15A  
DUMAND16A, OR10A, 20F3C4A  
20F3C4A, OR10A, DUMAND16A  
20F3C3B, DUMAND15B, 20F3C5B  
20F3C5B, DUMAND15B, 20F3C3B  
DUMAND15B, DUMAND16B, 20F3C6B  
20F3C6B, DUMAND16B, DUMAND15B  
DUMAND16B, OR10B, 20F3C4B  
20F3C4B, OR10B, DUMAND16B

Expanded 2/3 coincidence gate 20F3C3A, B

PS514A, 20F3C3A, PS515A  
PS514A, 20F3C3B, PS515A  
PB514A, PS514A, 1  
OPWF18, PS514A, OPRF514A  
OPRF514A, PS514A, OPWF18  
PL514A, OPRF514A, 1  
PS514, PB514A, 1  
PT514, PS514, 1  
PT524, PS524, 1  
PS524, PB514A, 1  
PSI, PT514, 1  
PSI, PT524, 1  
PS515A, 20F3C3A, PS514A  
PS515A, 20F3C3B, PS514A  
PB515A, PS515A, 1  
OPWF18, PS515A, OPRF515A  
OPRF515A, PS515A, OPWF18  
PL515A, OPRF515A, 1  
PS515, PB515A, 1  
PT515, PS515, 1  
PT535, PS535, 1  
PS535, PB515A, 1  
PSII, PT515, 1  
PSII, PT535, 1  
PS514A, 20F3C3A, PS516C  
PS514A, 20F3C3B, PS516C  
PS516C, 20F3C3A, PS514A  
PS516C, 20F3C3B, PS514A  
PB516C, PS516C, 1  
OPWF18, PS516C, OPRF516C  
OPRF516C, PS516C, OPWF18  
PL516C, OPRF516C, 1



PS516,PB516C,1  
PT516,PS516,1  
PT546,PS546,1  
PS546,PB516C,1  
PSIV,PT516,1  
PSIV,PT546,1  
PS515A,20F3C3A,PS516C  
PS515A,20F3C3B,PS516C  
PS516C,20F3C3A,PS515A  
PS516C,20F3C3B,PS515A

Expanded 2/3 coincidence gate 20F3C5A,B

PS534A,20F3C5A,PS515B  
PS534A,20F3C5B,PS515B  
PB534A,PS534A,1  
OPWF18,PS534A,OPRF534A  
OPRF534A,PS534A,OPWF18  
PL534A,OPRF534A,1  
PS534,PB534A,1  
PT534,PS534,1  
PT544,PS544,1  
PS544,PB534A,1  
PSI,PT534,1  
PSI,PT544,1  
PS515B,20F3C5A,PS534A  
PS515B,20F3C5B,PS534A  
PB515B,PS515B,1  
OPWF18,PS515B,OPRF515B  
OPRF515B,PS515B,OPWF18  
PL515B,OPRF515B,1  
PS515,PB515B,1  
PT515,PS515,1  
PT535,PS535,1  
PS535,PB515B,1  
PSII,PT515,1  
PSII,PT535,1  
PS534A,20F3C5A,PS526D  
PS534A,20F3C5B,PS526D  
PB526D,PS526D,1  
OPWF18,PS526D,OPRF526D  
OPRF526D,PS526D,OPWF18  
PL526D,OPRF526D,1  
PS526,PB526D,1  
PT526,PS526,1  
PT536,PS536,1  
PS536,PB526D,1  
PSIII,PT526,1  
PSIII,PT536,1  
PS526D,20F3C5A,PS534A

PS526D, 20F3C5B, PS534A  
PS515B, 20F3C5A, PS526D  
PS515B, 20F3C5B, PS526D  
PS526D, 20F3C5A, PS515B  
PS526D, 20F3C5B, PS515B

Expanded 2/3 coincidence gate 20F3C6A,B

PS534B, 20F3C6A, PS525B  
PS534B, 20F3C6B, PS525B  
PB534B, PS534B, 1  
OPWF18, PS534B, OPRF534B  
OPRF534B, PS534B, OPWF18  
PL534B, OPRF534B, 1  
PS534, PB534B, 1  
PT534, PS534, 1  
PT544, PS544, 1  
PS544, PB534B, 1  
PSI, PT534, 1  
PSI, PT544, 1  
PS525B, 20F3C6A, PS534B  
PS525B, 20F3C6B, PS534B  
PB525B, PS525B, 1  
OPWF18, PS525B, OPRF525B  
OPRF525B, PS525B, OPWF18  
PL525B, OPRF525B, 1  
PS525, PB525B, 1  
PT525, PS525, 1  
PT545, PS545, 1  
PS545, PB525B, 1  
PSI1, PT525, 1  
PSI1, PT545, 1  
PS534B, 20F3C6A, PS516D  
PS534B, 20F3C6B, PS516D  
PB516D, PS516D, 1  
OPWF18, PS516D, OPRF516D  
OPRF516D, PS516D, OPWF18  
PL516D, OPRF516D, 1  
PS516, PB516D, 1  
PT516, PS516, 1  
PT546, PS546, 1  
PS546, PB516D, 1  
PSIV, PT516, 1  
PSIV, PT546, 1  
PS516D, 20F3C6A, PS534B  
PS516D, 20F3C6B, PS534B  
PS525B, 20F3C6A, PS516D  
PS525B, 20F3C6B, PS516D  
PS516D, 20F3C6A, PS525B  
PS516D, 20F3C6B, PS525B

Expanded 2/3 coincidence gate 20F3C4A,B

PS514B,20F3C4A,PS525A  
PS514B,20F3C4B,PS525A  
PB514B,PS514B,1  
OPWF1B,PS514B,OPRF514B  
OPRF514B,PS514B,OPWF1B  
PL514B,OPRF514B,1  
PS514,PB514B,1  
PT514,PS514,1  
PT524,PS524,1  
PS324,PB514B,1  
PS1,PT514,1  
PS1,PT524,1  
PS525A,20F3C4A,PS514B  
PS525A,20F3C4B,PS514B  
PB525A,PS525A,1  
OPWF1B,PS525A,OPRF525A  
OPRF525A,PS525A,OPWF1B  
PL525A,OPRF525A,1  
PS545,PB525A,1  
PT545,PS545,1  
PT525,PS525,1  
PS525,PB525A,1  
PS11,PT545,1  
PS11,PT525,1  
PS514B,20F3C4A,PS526C  
PS514B,20F3C4B,PS526C  
PB526C,PS526C,1  
OPWF1B,PS526C,OPRF526C  
OPRF526C,PS526C,OPWF1B  
PL526C,OPRF526C,1  
PS526,PB526C,1  
PT526,PS526,1  
PT536,PS536,1  
PS536,PB526C,1  
PS111,PT526,1  
PS111,PT536,1  
PS526C,20F3C4A,PS514B  
PS526C,20F3C4B,PS514B  
PS525A,20F3C4A,PS526C  
PS525A,20F3C4B,PS526C  
PS526C,20F3C4A,PS525A  
PS526C,20F3C4B,PS525A

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H1 CONTAINMENT PRESSURE INSTRUMENTATION AND BISTABLE LOGIC

Expanded 2/3 coincidence gate 20F3C7A,B

PS936B,20F3C7A,PS935B

PS936B,20F3C7B,PS935B

PB936B,PS936B,1

OPWF19,PS936B,OPRF936B

OPRF936B,PS936B,OPWF19

PL936B,OPRF936B,1

PS936,PB936B,1

PT936,PS936,1

PS11,PT936,1

PS935B,20F3C7A,PS936B

PS935B,20F3C7B,PS936B

PB935B,PS935B,1

OPWF19,PS935B,OPRF935B

OPRF935B,PS935B,OPWF19

PL935B,OPRF935B,1

PS935,PB935B,1

PT935,PS935,1

PS111,PT935,1

PS936B,20F3C7A,PS934B

PS936B,20F3C7B,PS934B

PB934B,PS934B,1

OPWF19,PS934B,OPRF934B

OPRF934B,PS934B,OPWF19

PL934B,OPRF934B,1

PS934,PB934B,1

PT934,PS934,1

PS1V,PT934,1

PS934B,20F3C7A,PS936B

PS934B,20F3C7B,PS936B

PS935B,20F3C7A,PS934B

PS935B,20F3C7B,PS934B

PS934B,20F3C7A,PS935B

PS934B,20F3C7B,PS935B

0,0,0

APPENDIX D

PROBABILITY DATA BASE

COMPONENT	GENERIC TYPE	# OF FAILURE MODES		PROBABILITY OF EACH FAILURE MODE			
CCP1AA	PUMPA	4	0.50E-03	0.10E-04	0.10E-02	0.80E-02	
VGA62509	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
OILCOOLS	OILCL	1	0.10E-03				
VGL553A	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
VGL552A	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
VGL554A	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
VGL557A	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
CCP1BB	PUMPA	4	0.50E-03	0.10E-04	0.10E-02	0.80E-02	
VGA62510	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
OILCOOLT	OILCL	1	0.10E-03				
VGL553B	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
VGL552B	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
VGL554B	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
VGL557B	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
480MOV1B1B	BUS	1	0.32E-09				
SISIGA	SIMRLY	2	0.49E-06	0.10E-02			
480MOV1A1A	BUS	1	0.32E-09				
OPWF5S	OPW	1	0.10E-02				
FUSE10I	FUSE	1	0.11E-08				
6900VS1BB	BUS	1	0.32E-09				
OPWF5T	OPW	1	0.10E-02				
FUSE10IV	FUSE	1	0.11E-08				
FUSE10II	FUSE	1	0.11E-08				
OPWF5U	OPW	1	0.10E-02				
OPWF5V	OPW	1	0.10E-02				
CCWPCS	PUMPA	4	0.50E-03	0.10E-04	0.10E-02	0.80E-02	
CCWP1AA	PUMPNO	3	0.10E-04	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
FCV7012	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
CCHXRC	HXR	1	0.23E-05				
VB070510	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
FCV708	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
CCHXRA	HXR	1	0.23E-05				
VB170510	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
FCV7025	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
VB170505A	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
VB070505	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
FCV7022	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
STRAINR1AA	STRANR	1	0.80E-02				
VB170503A	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
VC070504	VCAO	1	0.10E-03				
STRAINRCS	STRANR	1	0.80E-02				
VB070503	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02		
480VS1A1A	BUS	1	0.32E-09				
R50	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02			
TR1A1A	XFRMR	1	0.72E-07				
R49	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02			
480VS1B1B	BUS	1	0.32E-09				

NOTE: See Page 107 of Volume I for detailed explanation.

R31	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02					
TR1B1B	XFRMR	1	0.72E-07						
R30	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02					
R2YSWG1	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02					
480VS2B2B	BUS	1	0.32E-09						
R19B	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02					
TR2B2B	XFRMR	1	0.72E-07						
R18B	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02					
OPWF5YS	OPW	1	0.10E-02						
R32	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02					
R33	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02					
R51	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02					
R53	BKRNC	2	0.15E-08	0.10E-02					
6900VS2BB	BUS	1	0.32E-09						
EINRLK31	AXFRA	1	0.50E-06						
EINRLK50	AXFRA	1	0.50E-06						
EINRLK1726	AXFRA	1	0.50E-06						
EINRLK1718	AXFRA	1	0.50E-06						
SIP1AA	PUMPA	4	0.50E-03	0.10E-04	0.10E-02	0.80E-02			
OILCOOLU	OILCL	1	0.10E-03						
VGL558A	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
VGL562A	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
VGA170725A	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
SIP1BB	PUMPA	4	0.50E-03	0.10E-04	0.10E-02	0.80E-02			
OILCOOLV	OILCL	1	0.10E-03						
VGL558B	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
VGL562B	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
VGA170725B	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
VGA63527	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
VC63526	VCAO	1	0.10E-03						
VGA63525	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
VC63524	VCAO	1	0.10E-03						
6900VS1AA	BUS	1	0.32E-09						
6900VS1BB	BUS	1	0.32E-09						
FCV1703	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
FCV17075	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
FCV1702	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
EINRLK1726	AXFRA	1	0.50E-06						
EINRLK1718	AXFRA	1	0.50E-06						
FCV63153	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
FCV63152	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
VC63581	VCAO	1	0.10E-03						
FCV6325	VMOAO	6	0.40E-02	0.28E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02	
FCV6326	VMOAO	6	0.40E-02	0.28E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02	
VGA63573	VNC	5	0.10E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02		
FCV6342	VMOAC	6	0.40E-02	0.50E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02	



FUSEA12	FUSE	1	0.11E-08						
FCV6341	VMOAC	6	0.40E-02	0.50E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02	
FUSEA7	FUSE	1	0.11E-08						
VC63570	VCNC	1	0.25E-06						
FCV6339	VMOAO	6	0.40E-02	0.28E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02	
FCV6340	VMOAO	6	0.40E-02	0.28E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02	
HDR8	PIPE	1	0.15E-07						
LCV62136	VMOAO	6	0.40E-02	0.28E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02	
LCV62135	VMOAO	6	0.40E-02	0.28E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02	
SISIGB	SIMRLY	2	0.49E-06	0.10E-02					
VC63510	VCAO	1	0.10E-03						
FCV6322	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
FCV635	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
FUSE201V	FUSE	1	0.11E-08						
HDR6	PIPE	1	0.15E-07						
VC63504	VCAO	1	0.10E-03						
HDR7	PIPE	1	0.15E-07						
HDR5	PIPE	1	0.15E-07						
HDR4	PIPE	1	0.15E-07						
FCV6347	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				
VGA62533	VNC	5	0.10E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02		
VGA62527	VNC	5	0.10E-07	0.10E-02	0.10E-03	0.70E-03	0.80E-02		
VC62532	VCAO	1	0.10E-03						
VC62525	VCAO	1	0.10E-03						
FCV6348	VNO	3	0.14E-07	0.10E-02	0.80E-02				

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The report describes the demonstration of the Digraph-Matrix Analysis on a Nuclear Power Plant's High Pressure Safety Injection System. The demonstration work was beyond the scope of both the methods and the criteria used by the NRC to license nuclear power plants. The analysis discovered components whose failure could jeopardize the High Pressure Injection System given the postulated accident. All these components had been previously considered both in the safety analysis and in the licensing review. The results demonstrate the capability of Digraph-Matrix Analysis to model an accident sequence (including front-line systems, support systems, and operator actions) as a continuously integrated model to discover functional systems interactions. Also, the method is scrutable and can be used on a complex system which contains both a large number of components and dependent loops. Volume 1 is the main report and the description of the method. Volume 2 contains the digraphs, adjacency listings, and data base.

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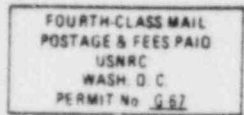
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