# CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY NUCLEAR ENGINEERING & LICENSING DEPARTMENT

ADDENDUM TO
LOW VOLTAGE (208/120 VOLT)
ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION
SYSTEM STUDY
FOR
BRUNSWICK STEAM ELECTRIC PLANT
UNITS NO. 1 & 2
TAR NT-124

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UNITS 1 AND 2

TAR NT-124

Safety Classification: Nuclear Safety-Related

Seismic Classification: N/A

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#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
1.0	Purpose	1
2.0	Summary of Results	1
3.0	Method of Calculation	1
4.0	Discussion of Results	1
5.0	Conclusions	3
6.0	References	3
7.0	APPENDIX A	A1

List of Effective Pages

Page	Rev.
i	0
ii	0
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
A1	0
A2	0
A3	0
A4	0 0 0 0 0
A5	0
A6	0
A7	0
A8	0
A9	0
A10	0
A11	0
A12	0

#### 1.0 Purpose

This calculation serves as an addendum to the Low Voltage (208/120 volt) Electrical Distribution System Study, Revision 1, July 27, 1984, conducted by Duke Power Company (Reference 6.1). The purpose of this addendum is to perform a more detailed analysis of the three (3) 120 volt safety-related circuits which were identified as having a potential undervoltage problem under a postulated loss of coolant accident (LOCA).

#### 2.0 Summary of Results

The Low Voltage Electrical Distribution Study (Reference 6.1) identified three (3) safety-related circuits which did not meet the voltage regulation performance criteria under a postulated degraded voltage condition following a LOCA ("LOCA-Run"). The load data used in the calculation (References 6.2 and 6.3) included some generic conservative assumptions to provide the "worst case" results for all circuits analyzed. Each circuit was represented as one single lumped load with impedance of the longest feeder length in the circuit. A detailed analysis of each of the three (3) circuits (see Appendix A) revealed that all voltage criteria are met when the above referenced conservatisms are removed. A summary of the results is shown in Table 1, Page 4.

#### 3.0 Method of Calculation

A detailed voltage calculation was performed for each of the three (3) circuits. In each circuit, a voltage calculation was done for the component that has the lowest terminal voltage (i.e., the largest load at the far end of the circuit).

#### 4.0 Discussion of Results

The three (3) circuits identified as having potential undervoltage problems during a LOCA-Run condition are:

- 1. Circuit 12, Panel 2D
- 2. Circuit 18, Panel IAB-TB
- 3. Circuit 16, Panel 2AB-TB

An explanation of each circuit analyzed follows:

#### 4.1 Circuit 12, Panel 2D

This circuit from Reference 6.1 was assumed as a single lumped load with feeder size, length, load, and terminal voltage as follows:

Feeder Size: #12 Length: 1961 ft.

Load: 240 VA @ 0.5 PF (LAG)

Load Terminal Voltage: 0.8929 p.u.

This circuit actually consists of several components which are described in Figure 3 on Page A4. The detailed voltage calculation for this circuit based on the actual circuit arrangement described on Pages A4, A5, and A6 revealed that the component with the lowest voltage is 20/c with a terminal voltage of 0.9376 p.u. Since this voltage is above the minimum required voltage of 0.90 p.u., no modifications are required.

#### 4.2 Circuit 18, Panel 1AB-TB

This circuit from Reference 6.1 was assumed as a single lumped load with feeder size, length, load, and terminal voltage as follows:

Feeder Size: #12 Length: 908 ft.

Load: 882 VA @ 0.5 PF (LAG)

Load Terminal Voltage: 0.8398 p.u.

This circuit actually consists of several loads which are described in Figure 5 on Page A7. The detailed voltage calculation for this circuit based on the actual circuit arrangement described in Pages A7, A8, and A9 revealed that the component with the lowest voltage is Contactor #4 with a terminal voltage of 0.9450 p.u. Since this voltage is above the minimum required voltage of 0.90 p.u., no modifications are required.

#### 4.3 Circuit 16 of Panel 2AB-TB

This circuit from Reference 6.1 was assumed as a single lumped load with feeder size, length, load, and terminal voltage as follows:

Feeder size: #12 Length: 648 ft.

Load 882 VA @ 0.5 PF (LAG)

Load Terminal Voltage: 0.8732 p.u.

Circuit 16 of Panel 2AB-TB actually consists of several loads which are described in Figure 7 on Page AlO. The detailed calculation based on the actual arrangement as described on Pages AlO, All, and Al2 revealed that the component with the lowest voltage is Contactor #3 with a terminal voltage of 0.9460 p.u. Since this voltage is above the minimum required voltage of 0.90 p.u., no modifications are required.

#### 5.0 Conclusions:

The detailed analysis of each of the three (3) circuits identified as having a potential undervoltage problem showed that the 208/120 VAC safety system maintains adequate voltage during LOCA-Run and no modifications are required.

#### 6.0 References

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- 6.1 Carolina Power & Light Company, Brunswick Steam Electric Plant Units 1 & 2 Low Voltage (208/120 volt) Electrical Distribution System Study, Revision 1, July 27, 1984.
- 6.2 UE&C Calculation 7453-127-3-ED00-01, Rev. 1. Date: July 24, 1984.
- 6.3 UE&C Calculation 7453-227-3-ED00-01, Rev. 1. Date: July 24, 1984.
- 6.4 Drawing LL-9046-G.208, Rev. 2.
- 6.5 Drawing LL-LL-9046-G.209, Rev. 6.
- 6.6 Drawing LL-90046-E.15, Rev. 0.
- 6.7 Drawing LL-90046-E.16, Rev. 0.
- 6.8 Drawing 9527-F-9052, Rev. 0.
- 6.9 Drawing 9527-F-9G052, Rev. 1.

TABLE 1
LOAD TERMINAL VOLTAGE

INAL 5 VAC				
**LOAD TERMINAL VOLTAGE /VL/ @ 115 VAC (P.U.)	0.9376	0.9450	0.9460	
*LOAD TERMINAL VOLTAGE /VL/@115 VAC (P.U.)	0.8929	0.8398	0.8732	
PANEL VOLTAGE /VP/ @ 115 VAC (B.U.)	0.9676	0.9658	0.9634	
CIRCUIT NO.	12	18	16	
PANEL	20	1AB-TB	2AB-TB	

<sup>\*</sup>Based on Reference 6.1 calculation

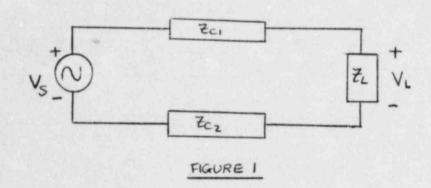
<sup>\*\*</sup>Based on detailed calculation

7.0 APPENDIX A

SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208/120 VOLT STUDY

Computed by: Date: Ha Naugen 7/13/84		Calculation ID: NTIZ4-E-74-F	
Checked by: Date: DS Reddy 911844	NOODER TEET MICHIGARING DELAKINENT	Pg. A20412	Rev. O
TAR No.: NT-124	CALCULATION SHEET	File: BNT-124-AN-5543	
Project Title: BSEP.	Elec . DIST. SYSTEM STUDY	- Industrial in	
Calculation Title: SU	PPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208/120 V	OLT STUDY	
Status: Prelim.	Final 🛛 Void 🗖		

Each single phase load circuit can be represented as shown in figure below:



Vs = Source voltage

VL = load Voltage

Zci = Hot side Feeder Impedance = Rci + j Xci

Zcz = Neutral Feeder Impedance = Rcz + j Xcz

The following formulae are used for the voltage calculation.

$$\overline{Z}_{L} = \frac{V_{RAT}}{\overline{S}_{L}} = R_{L} + j \times_{L} \qquad (A.1)$$

All single phase loads in this calculation have a rated voltage (VRAT) of 115 Volts; therefore, the formula (A.1) can be represented as  $\overline{Z}_L = \frac{115^2}{\overline{S}_L} = R_L + j \times L$  (A.2)

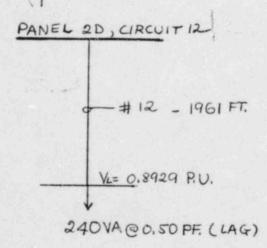
where 32 = load in VA @ some power factor.

Computed by: Ha Nguyir Date: 1/13/84 Calculation ID: NT/24- E-74-F CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY Date: NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT Pg. ABof A/2 Rev. O CALCULATION SHEET File: BNT-124-AN-5543 Project Title: BSEP- Elec. DIST. SYST. STUDY Calculation Title: SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208/120 VOLT STUDY Prelim. Final X Status: Void  $\overline{V}_L = \overline{V}_S \frac{\overline{z}_L}{\overline{z}_{C_1} + \overline{z}_{C_2} + \overline{z}_L}$ (A.3) VL = Vs x - ZL | Zci+ Zcz + ZL |  $V_L = V_S \times \frac{7L}{\sqrt{(R_{c1} + R_{c2} + R_L)^2 + (X_{c1} + X_{c2} + X_L)^2}}$  (A.4)

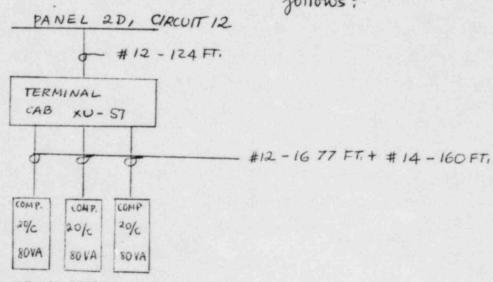
Computed by: Date: Calculation ID: CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY 7-13-84 ta Nguyen NT124 - E-74 - F Date: NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT Pg. A4 of AIZ Rev. O CALCULATION SHEET TAR No .: NT-124 File: BNT-124-AN-5543 Project Title: BSEP - Elec. DIST. Syst. Study Calculation Title: SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208/120VOLT STUDY Prelim. Void Status: Final 🗵

## CIRCUIT 12 OF PANEL 2D

As per Reference 6.1, this circuit can be represented as the following:



The actual arrangement of circuit 12 of Pernel 20 Cambe represented as follows:



NOTE: 1. 55 VA SMALL COMPONENTS NOT SHOWN.

2. ALL LCADS HAVE PF, OF 0.50 (LAG)
FIGURE 3

Date: 6/25/84 Computed by: Calculation ID: CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY NT124-E-74-7 NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT Pg. A5 of AIZ Rev. O CALCULATION SHEET TAR No .: NT- 124 File: BNT-124-AN-5543 Project Title: BSEP - Elec. DIST. Syst. Study Calculation Title: SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208/120 VOLT STUDY Prelim. Final X Void Status: VOLTAGE AT TERMINAL CAB XU-57 (VT) FEEDER: # 12 - 124 FT. CAD: 295VA@ 0,5 PF. (LAG) ₹c1@158 = (0.19720+j 0.00456) x1.24 = 0,24450 +j0.00565 7c, @ 90°C = 0.25624+j 0.00565 Zcz@90°c = Zc,@90°C. From formula A.2  $\overline{Z}_{L} = \frac{V_{RAT}}{\overline{S}_{L}} = \frac{115^{2}}{29560^{\circ}} = 44.8305260^{\circ} = 22.4153 + 38.8244$ From formula A.4 VL = V5 - ZL V(RC1 + RC2 + RL)2+ (Xc1 + Xc2 + XL)2  $V_{+} = V_{L} = 0.9676_{\times} \frac{44.8305}{\sqrt{(0.25624 + 0.25624 + 22.4153)^{2} + (0.00565 + 0.00565 + 38.8244)^{2}}}$ 

= 0.9618 p.v.

Computed by: Date: 7-13-84 Calculation ID: CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY NT124 - E - 74 - F Date: NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT Pg. A6 of AIZ Rev. O CALCULATION SHEET TAR No .: NT-124 File: BNT-124-AN-5543 Project Title: BSEP- Elec. DIST. SYST. STUDY Calculation Title: SUPPEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208/120VOLT STUDY Final 🛛 Void Prelim. Status: VOLTAGE AT COMPONENT 20/C TERMINAL ( VL). FEEDER : #12-1677 FT + #14-160 FT. LOAD : 80 VA @ 0.5 PF. (LAG). , Vs = 0.9618 p.U. ₹c1@ 752 = (0.19720 +j0.004560) x16.77 + (0.313\$0+j0.00468) x1.60=3,8086+j0.0839 Za @90°c = 3.9914 +j0.0839 = Zcz @90°c. From formula A.2  $\frac{7}{5}$  =  $\frac{V_L}{5}$  =  $\frac{115^2}{80(-60^\circ)}$  =  $\frac{165.313(-60^\circ)}{80(-60^\circ)}$  =  $\frac{82.6565+5.43.1653}{80(-60^\circ)}$ From formula A. 4  $V_L = V_S \frac{Z_L}{\sqrt{(R_{C1} + R_{C2} + R_L)^2 + (X_{C1} + X_{C2} + X_L)^2}}$  $= 0.9618 \frac{165.313}{\sqrt{(3.9914 + 3.9914 + 82.6565)^2 + (0.0839 + 0.0839 + 143.1653)^2}}$ = 0.9618 x 0.9748

VL = 0.9376 p.v.

Computed by: Date: 42 Nguyew 7-13-84		Calculation ID: NT124-E-74-F	
Checked by: Pate:	NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT	Pg. A7 of A12	Rev.O
TAR No.: NT-124	CALCULATION SHEET	File: BNT-124-AN-5543	
Project Title: BSEP-	Elec. DIST. SYST. STUDY	and the sale County	
Calculation Title: 50	PPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208	120 VOLT STUDY	
Status: Prelim.	Final Void		

# CIRCUIT 18 OF PANEL IAB-TB

As per Reference 6. 1 Calculation, this circuit is represented as the following.

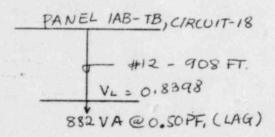


FIGURE 4 The actual circuit arrangement of Circuit 18 of Panel 48-TB is the following PANEL IAB - TB , CIRCUIT 18 #10 -150 FT. HEAT TRAUNG TERMINAL 49 - 22 FT. CONTROLLER CABINET #4F # 12-27 17.-LOAD OF EACH CONTACTOR: 120, 5VA @ 0.50 PF. (LAG) \$12-22FT \$12-22FT, \$12 - 22FT, \$9- 22FT. CURRENT CURRENT (URRENT) FIGURE 5

Computed by: Date: Calculation ID: CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY 7-13-84 Ha Nguyen NT124 - E-74 - F NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT Pg. Ag of A 12 Rev. O CALCULATION SHEET TAR No .: NT-124 File: BNT-124-AN-5543 Project Title: BSEP- Elec. DIST. SYST. STUDY Calculation Title: SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208/120 VOLT STUDY Void Status: Prelim. Final 🛛

### VOLTAGE AT CONTROLLER CABINET HAF (VC)

FEEDER: #10 - 150 FT. + #9 - 22 FT.\*

LOAD: 882 VA @ PF. = 0.5 (LAG) , VS = 0.9658 p. U. (gram reference i)

₹c,@ 752 = (0.12400+j0.00448) + (1.50+0.22) = 0.2133+j0.0077

₹c1 @ 90°C = 0.2235 +j 0.0077

tcz@90°c = tc,@90°c tcz@90°c = 0. 2235 +j 0.0077

From formula A.2

 $\overline{\xi}_{L} = \frac{V_{RAT}}{S_{L}} = \frac{115}{882 \, l \cdot 60^{\circ}} = 14.9943 \, l \cdot 60^{\circ} = 7.4972 \, t j \, l \cdot 2.9854$ From formula A. 4

 $V_{L} = V_{S} \frac{\frac{2L}{\sqrt{(R_{C1} + R_{C2} + R_{L})^{2} + (X_{C1} + X_{C2} + X_{L})^{2}}}}{\sqrt{(R_{C1} + R_{C2} + R_{L})^{2} + (Q_{C2} + Q_{C2} + Q_{$ 

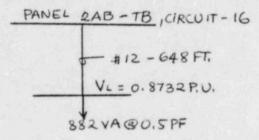
Ve = VL = 0, 9505 p. U.

\* NOTE: SINCE #9 WIRE CABLE IMPEDANCE IS NOT AVAILABLE, #10 WIRE CABLE IMPEDANCE IS USED IN CALCULATION TO BE CONSERVATIVE.

Computed by: Date: Calculation ID: CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY NT124 - E-74 - F NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT Pg. AQ of AR Rev. O CALCULATION SHEET TAR No .: NT- 124 File: BNT-124-AN-5543 Project Title: BSEP. Elec. DIST. SYST. STUDY Calculation Title: SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS to 208/120 VOLT STUDY Void Prelim. Final M Status: VOLTAGE AT CONTACTOR # 4 TERMINAL (VL) POSITIVE FEEDER: #12 - 27FT. SOURCE VOLTAGE : 0,9505 P.U. LOAD : 220,5VA @ 0.5 PF. (LAG) Zci € 75°C = (0.19720+j 0.00456) x0.27 =0.0532 +j 0.0012 ₹c1@90°C = (0.0558 +10.0012) 7cz@ 758 = (0.19720+j0.00456) x (4+3+2+1) x0.22 = 0.4338 +10.1003 2c2@ 90°c = 0.45 46 j0,1003 From formula A.2  $\overline{Z}_{L} = \frac{V_{RAT}}{\overline{S}_{L}} = \frac{115^{2}}{220.5} = 59.9773 / 60^{\circ} = 29.9989 + j 51.9419$ From formula A. 4 VL = VS ZL V(RCI+ RCZ+ RL)2+ (XCI+ XCZ+ XL)2  $= 0.9505 \times \frac{59.9773}{\sqrt{(0.0558 + 0.4546 + 29.9989)^2 + (0.0012 + 0.1003 + 51.9419)^2}}$ VL = 0.9450 P.U. Note: The lengths are multiplied with appropriate numbers of neutral curents \*\* NOTE: 419 FEEDER IS treated as #12 Feeder for conservative results.

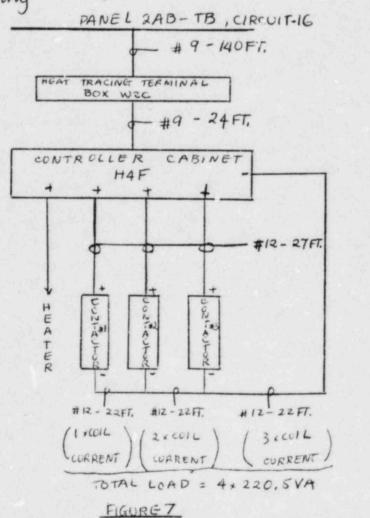
Computed by: Date: Ha Naugur 7-13-84	CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY	Calculation ID: NT/24-E-74-F	
Checked by: Date:	NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT	Pg. AlOofAIZ Rev. O	
TAR No.: NÎ-124	CALCULATION SHEET	File: BNT-124-AN-5543	
Project Title: 85EP - 8	Elec. Dist. Syst. study		
Calculation Title: SU	PPEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 20	08/120VOLT STUDY	
Status: Prelim.	Final 🖾 Void 🗖		

As per Reference 6.1 calculation, this circuit is presented as follows.



FIGUREG

the actual circuit arrangement of Circuit 16 of Panel 2AB-TB is the following



Computed by: Date: HTL Anguen 7-13-84 CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY NT124-E-74-E

Checked by: Date: NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT Pg.AII of AIZ Rev. O

CALCULATION SHEET File: 5NT-124-AN-5543

Project Title: BSEP- Elec. DIST, Syst. Study

Calculation Title: SUPPEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208/120VOLT STUDY

Status: Prelim. Final Void 

VOLTAGE AT CONTROLLER CABINET H4F (Vc)

FEEDER: (#19-140 FT + #9-24 FT.)\* LOAD : 882 VA @ PF = 0.50 ( LAG ) Vs: 0.9634 p.v. (from Reference 6.1) Zc, @75℃ = (0.12400+j0.00448) \* 1.64 = 0.2034+j0.0073 ₹y@ 90€ = 0,2132 +j 0.0073 702@ 90°c = 70, @ 90°c From formula A.2  $\overline{t}_{L} = \frac{V_{RAT}}{5} = \frac{115^{2}}{8821 - 60^{\circ}} = 14.9943/60^{\circ} = 7.4972 + j/2.9854$ From formula A.4 VL = VS × = ZL V(RC,+RC2 + RL)2+ (XC,+XC2+XL)2  $= 0.9634 \frac{14.9943}{\sqrt{(0.2132 + 0.2132 + 7.4972)^{2} + (0.0073 + 0.0073 + 12.9854)^{2}}}$ 

Vc=VL - 0.9488 P.U.

<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: SINCE #9 WIRE CABLE IMPEDANCE IS NOT AVAILABLE, #10 WIRE CABLE IMPEDANCE IS USED IN CALCULATION TO BE CONSERVATIVE.

Computed by: Date: Calculation ID: CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY Ha Nguyen 7-13-84 NT124-E-74-F NUCLEAR PLANT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT Pg. All of Al2 Rev. O CALCULATION SHEET TAR No .: NT-124 File: BNT-124-AN-5543 Project Title: &SEP- Elec. DIST. SYST. STUDY Calculation Title: SUPPLEMENTAL CALCULATIONS TO 208/120 VOLT STUDY Final Z Void Status: Prelim. VOLTAGE AT CONTACTOR #3 TERMINAL (VL) POSITIVE FEEDER: #12 - 27FT. \* NEGATIVE FEEDER : #12 - (3x22 FT. + 2x 22 FT. + 22 FT.) SOURCE VOLTAGE: 0.9488 P.U. WAD : 220.5 VA @ 0.50 PF. (LAG)

7c,@758 = (0.19720 + j 0.00456) x 0.27 = 0.0532 + j 0.0012

₹c,@90°C = (0.0558 + j 0.0012)

7c2@ 75c = (0.19720+j0.00456) x(3+2+1)0.22 = 0.2603+j0.0062

€c2@90°c = 0.2728 +j 0.0062

From formula A.2

 $\frac{7}{5L} = \frac{115^{2}}{220.5L-60^{\circ}} = 59.9773 / 60^{\circ} = 29.9989 + j 51.9419$ From formula A.4  $V_{L} = V_{S} \times \frac{7L}{\sqrt{(R_{c_{1}} + R_{c_{2}} + R_{L})^{2} + (X_{c_{1}} + X_{c_{2}} + Y_{L})^{2}}}$ 

= 0.9488x = 59.9773 V(0.0558+0.2728+29.9989)2+(0.0012+0.0062+51.9419)2

VL = 09460 P.U.

\* NOTE: The lengths are multiplied with appropriate number of neutral currents.