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International Agreement Report

Assessment of RELAP5/MOD2 Against Natural Circulation Experiments Performed with the REWET-III Facility

Prepared by
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Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555

April 1992

Prepared as part of
The Agreement on Research Participation and Technical Exchange
under the International Thermal-Hydraulic Code Assessment
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ABSTRACT

Natural circulation experiments carried out in the REWET-III facility in 1985 have been used for RELAP5/MOD2 assessment. The REWET-III facility is a scaled-down model of VVER-410 type reactors. The facility consists of a pressure vessel in which the downcomer is simulated with an external pipe assembly, hot and cold legs with loop seals and a horizontal steam generator. The volume scaling factor compared to the reference reactor is 1:2333.

The present paper summarizes the experiences gained in the RELAP5/MOD2 calculations of selected REWET-III single- and two-phase natural circulation experiments. The code's ability to represent the main phenomena of experiments in both cases was satisfactory.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Single- and two-phase natural circulation can play an important role as a passive heat removal mechanism in LWRs during transients and accidents. To investigate natural circulation phenomena in the primary circuit of the VVER-440-type pressurized water reactors in Loviisa, Finland, the REWET-III facility was built in 1985 by the Technical Research Centre of Finland and the Lappeenranta University of Technology.

One of the principal objectives of the experiments with this scaled facility was to generate a data base for the assessment of computer codes used to predict full-scale plant behaviour. The REWET-III facility is an electrically heated model of the Loviisa VVER-440 pressurized water reactor. The facility is scaled down with a scaling factor of 1:2333 by preserving the power to coolant volume ratio. The elevations are in scale 1:1 (except the reactor upper head). The facility consists of a model of the reactor vessel and one primary loop with loop seals and a horizontal steam generator. The primary loop represents to the five intact loops of the reference reactor. The heat transfer area of the tube bundle is scaled down with the above scaling factor 1:2333.

Two experiments have been chosen from the natural circulation experiment series as assessment case for the RELAP5/MOD2 cycle 36.04 code. The first experiment is a single-phase case at 20 kW thermal power corresponding to about 3 % decay heat level in the reference reactor. The second experiment is a two-phase case at 80 % water inventory and 30 kW thermal power of the facility. The main results of the experiments are the stationary final states into which the natural circulation process converges.

The nodalization of the REWET-III facility contains 64 volumes. The core nodalization is based on the chopped cosine power

distribution of the fuel rod simulators. The hot leg has been divided into nine relatively short volumes in order to allow a more precise prediction of steam flow in the two-phase case. The modelling of the horizontal steam generator has been one of the difficulties during the analysis. The horizontal steam generator has been divided into two horizontal pipe sections. The sections are placed one on top of the other. A vertical pipe component of three volumes is used to simulate the secondary side during the analysis. The nodalization used is capable of predicting both the distribution of flows on the primary side and, to some extent, the void distribution on the secondary side. On the other hand, the volumes on the secondary side have a very low L/D ratio which may cause numerical problems.

The form loss coefficients in the junction have caused numerous difficulties during the assessment. In the preliminary analysis, the code grossly overpredicted the primary mass flow in the single-phase calculation, but calculated the two-phase case reasonably well. Consequently, in the single-phase case the loss coefficients were chosen large enough to obtain the correct mass flow which in turn results in different coefficient values in the two cases.

After this choice, RELAP5/MOD2 succeeded in predicting the main parameters of the experiments, namely final pressures, mass flows and temperature distributions, reasonably well. The differences between the measured and calculated quantities are mostly within the error band of the measurements.

Comparison of the measured and calculated final states in REWET-III natural circulation experiments is given below.

	Pressure, MPa	Mass flow, kg/s
Single-phase: measured	0.68	0.08 ± 0.01
	calculated	0.073
Two-phase:	measured	0.17 ± 0.06
	calculated	0.13

1 INTRODUCTION

The objective of this study is to assess the RELAP5/Mod2 cycle 36.04 code against natural circulation experiments performed with the REWET-III facility. The REWET-III facility is an 1:2333 volume scaled simulator of the Soviet VVER-440 type PWR, having one loop at the primary side and a horizontal steam generator. All the elevations (except the upper part of the upper plenum) in the facility match 1:1 with the reference reactor. The results of the experiments have been published in /1/.

Two experiments have been used in the assessment process. The first one is a single-phase case at 20 kW thermal power, corresponding about 3 % decay heat level in the reference reactor. The second experiment is a two-phase flow case at 80 % filling ratio and 30 kW thermal power. The main goals of these experiments have been to recognize the various natural circulation modes in the facility and to determine the heat removal capability of the natural circulation process.

The main results of the experiments are the stationary final states into which the natural circulation process converges. The assessment has concentrated on an attempt to reproduce these final states as closely as possible, less attention has been paid to the transition behavior of the experiment. During the course of the analysis several interesting problems concerning the sensitivity of the code with respect to the requested time step have been detected.

In the following chapters the facility, the experiments, the model used and the results of the calculations will be described.

2 FACILITY AND TEST DESCRIPTION

2.1 THE REWET-III FACILITY

The REWET-III test facility /2/ is a rather comprehensive scaled model of the primary circuit of Loviisa NPP. It was mainly designed for investigations of natural circulation phenomena in VVER-440 reactors. The REWET-III facility is an extended version of the earlier REWET-II facility. The main design principle is the accurate simulation of the rod bundle geometry and the primary system elevations (Fig. 1). The reactor vessel is simulated by a stainless steel U-tube construction consisting down-comer, lower plenum, core and upper plenum.

All the elevations except the reactor upper head in the reactor vessel simulator are scaled to 1:1 (Fig. 2). The scale of the volumes and flow areas is 1:2333 referring to the number of the fuel rod simulators in the facility and the fuel rods in the reference reactor.

The simulation of the fuel-rod bundle consists of 19 indirectly electrically heated simulator rods. The heating coils are inside stainless steel claddings in magnesium oxide insulation. The heated length and the lattice pitch of the fuel-rod simulators as well as the number (= 10) and construction of the rod bundle spacers are the same as in the reference reactor. The characteristics of the rod bundle are presented in appendix A. The upper ends of the rods are attached to the upper tie plate (Fig. 3). The location of spacers are shown in Fig. 4. A schematic picture of the REWET-III facility are presented in Fig. 5 and the dimensions of pipes are given in Table 1.

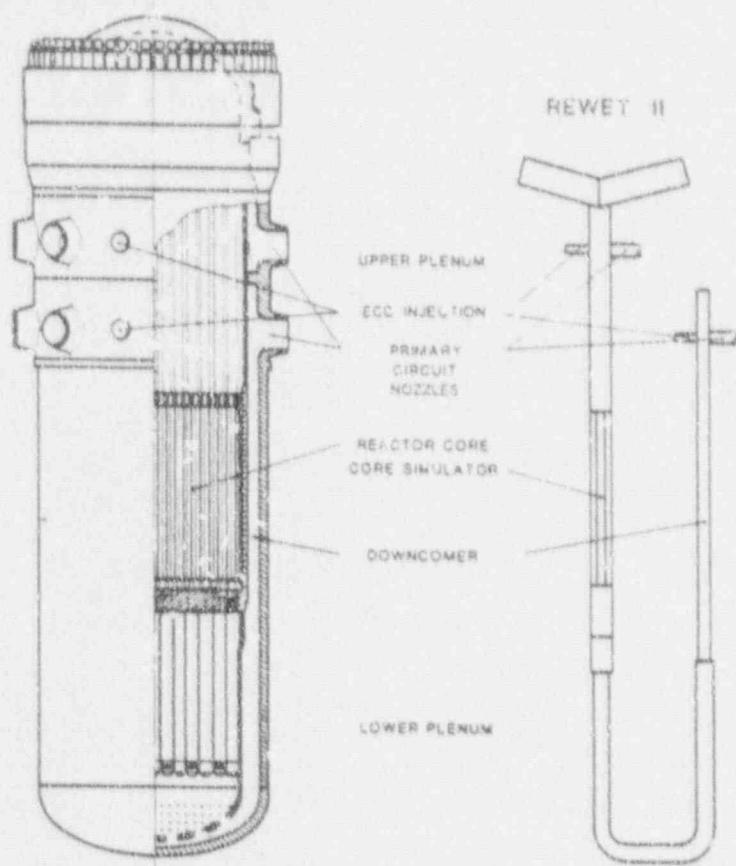


Fig. 1. Simulation of the VVER-440 reactor vessel by the
REWET-III facility

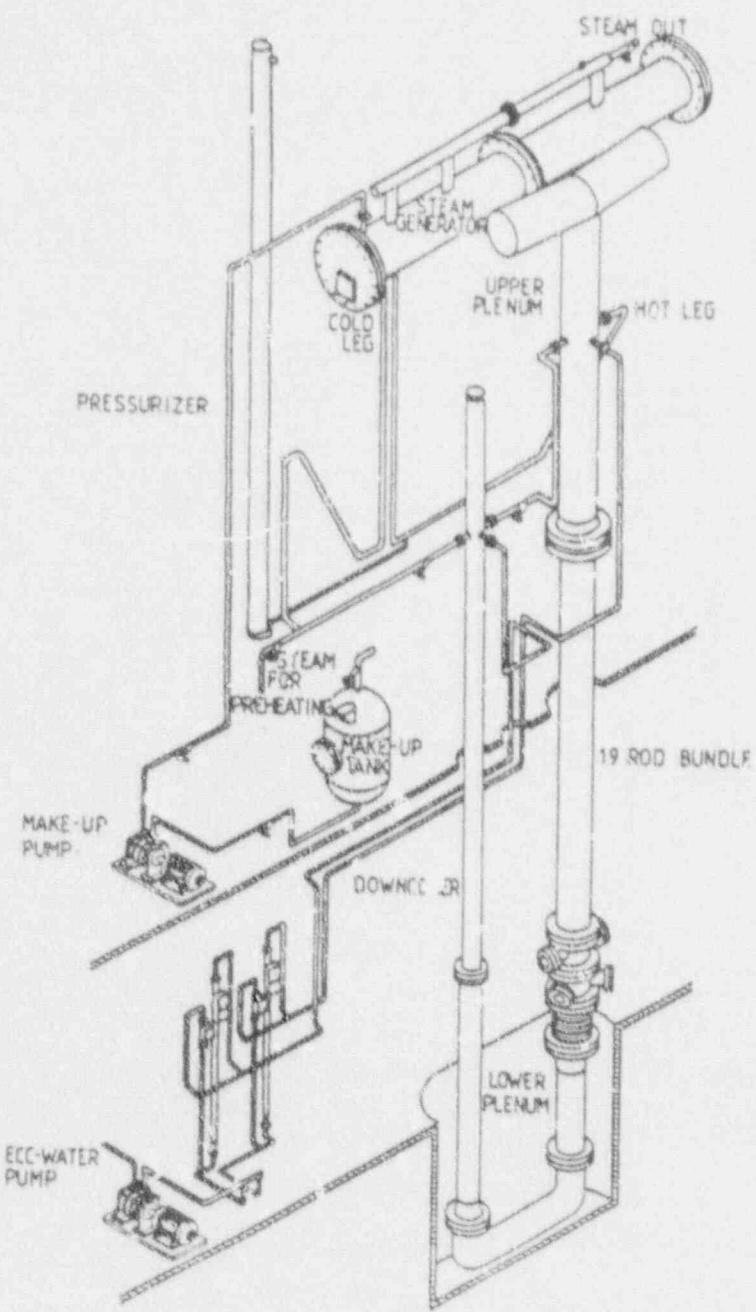


Fig. 2. REWET-III facility.

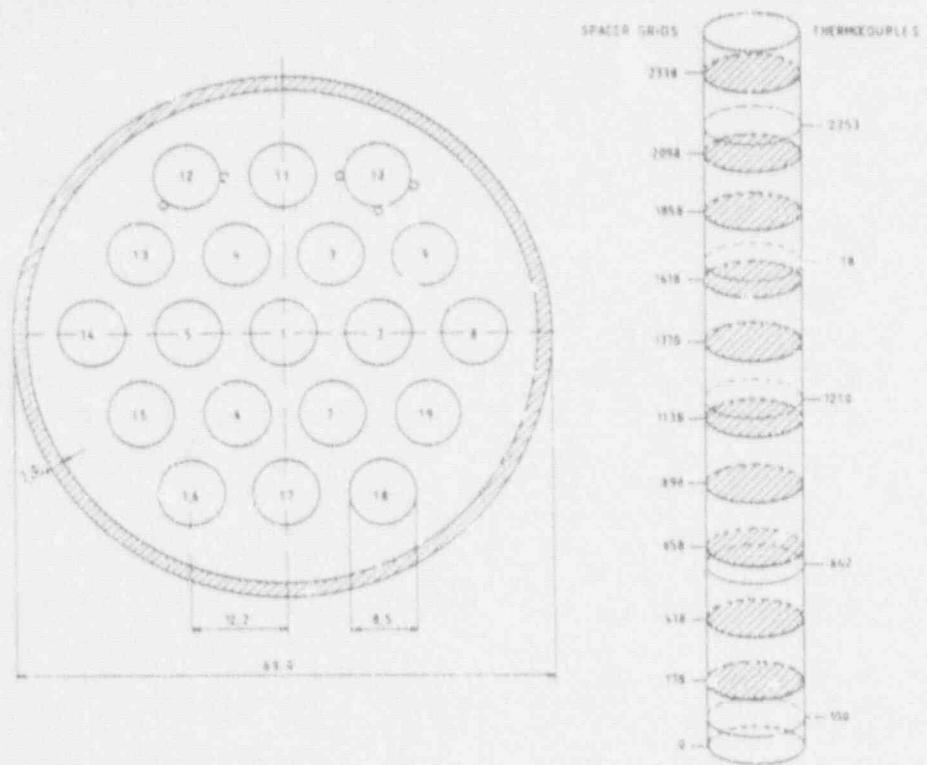


Fig. 3. Round rod bundle with rod simulators, (8,5 mm) and elevations of spacers.

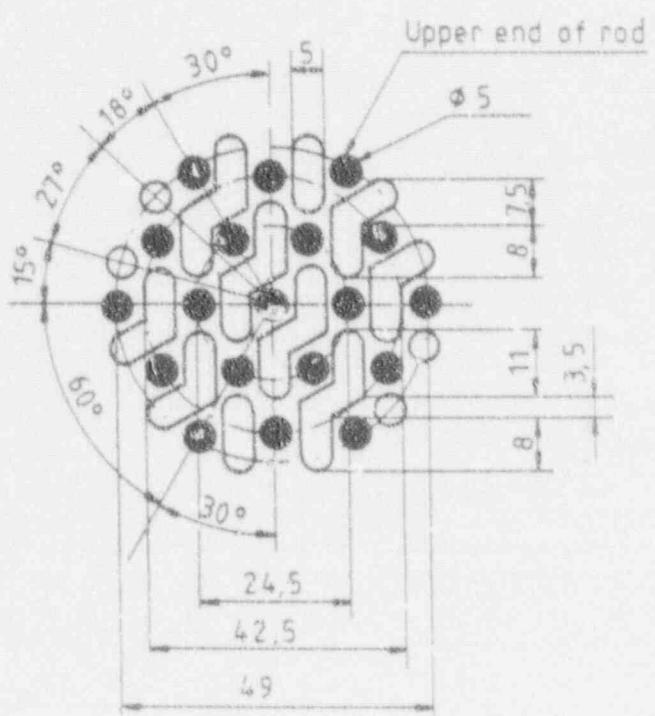


Fig. 4. Upper tie plate of REWET-II and REWET-III.

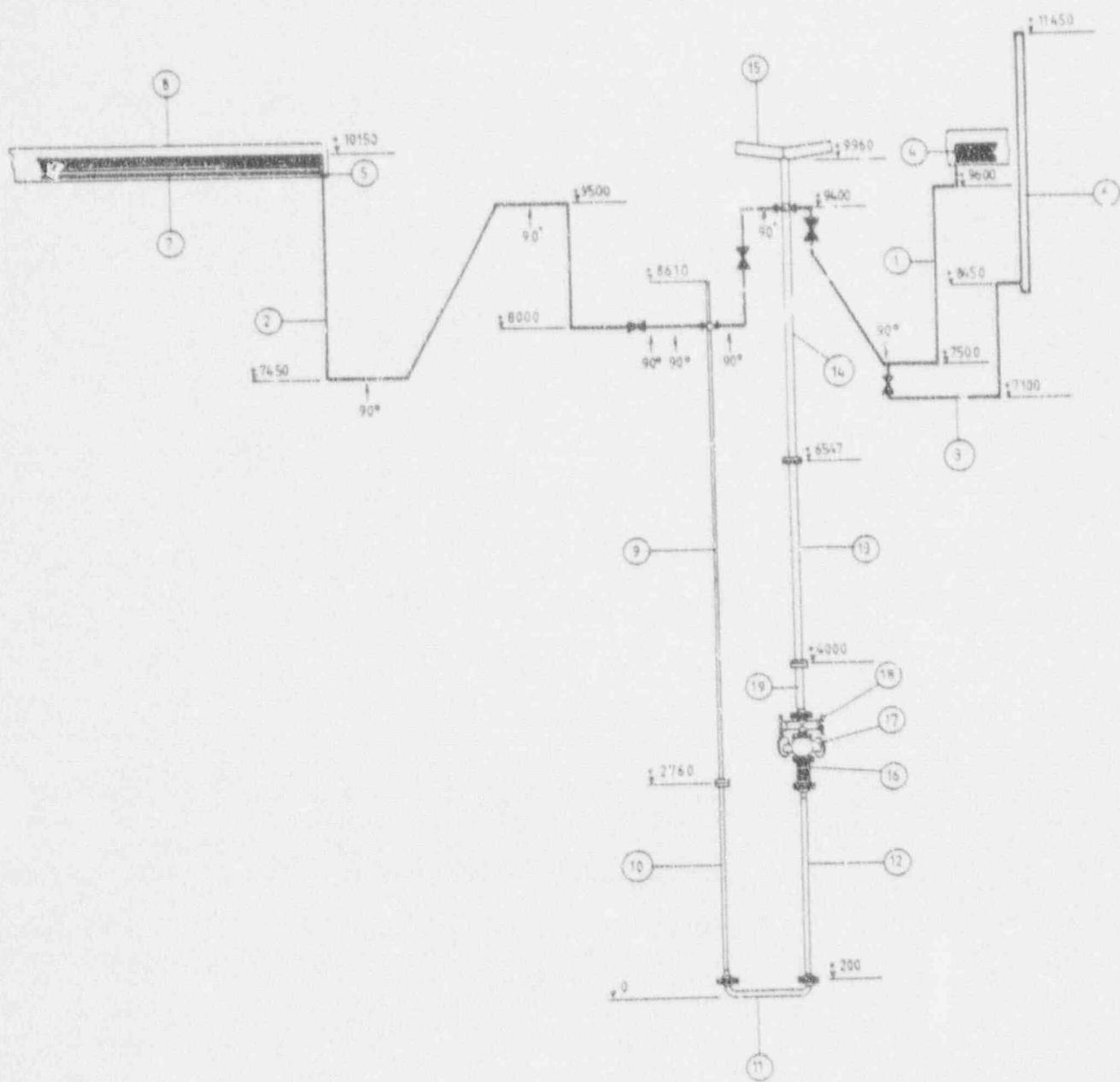


Fig. 5. Schematic picture of REWET-III facility.

Table 1. Pipe dimensions in REWET-III.

Name	Comments	Dimensions
1. Hot leg	5 x 90°, 1 x 30°	Ø 26.9 x 2.0 $d_i = 22.8$ $l = 5400$
2. Cold leg	7 x 90°, 2 x 60°	Ø 26.9 x 2.0 $d_i = 22.9$ $l = 9470$
3. Pressurizer line	3 x 90°	Ø 21.3 x 1.5 $d_i = 19.3$ $l = 3200$
4. Hot leg SG collector (Cu)		Ø 54.0 x 1.5 $d_i = 51.0$ $l = 320$
5. Cold leg SG collector (Cu)		Ø 54.0 x 1.5 $d_i = 51.0$ $l = 320$
6. Pressurizer		Ø 70.0 x 2.0 $d_i = 66.0$ $l = 3100$
7. SG-tubes (Cu)	(12 U-tubes)	Ø 15.0 x 1.0 $d_i = 13.0$ $l = 7674$
8. SG		Ø 406.4 x 8.8 $d_i = 388.8$ $l = 4030$
9. Downcomer	upper part	Ø 33.7 x 1.5 $d_i = 30.7$ $l = 5920$
10. Downcomer	lower part	Ø 44.5 x 2.5 $d_i = 39.4$ $l = 2560$
11. Lower plenum	horizontal	Ø 60.3 x 2.0 $d_i = 56.0$ $l = 740$
12. Lower plenum	vertical	Ø 55.0 x 2.5 $d_i = 50.0$ $l = 2420$
13. Core 1.	hexagonal shroud $d_{hydr} = 7.2$ mm, $s = 2$ mm, dist of opposite walls = 54.3,	Ø 70.0 x 2.0 $d_i = 66.0$ $l = 2547$
13. Core 2.	round shroud $d_{hydr} = 14.3$ mm	Ø 70.0 x 2.0 $d_i = 66.0$ $l = 2547$
14. Upper plenum	vertical	Ø 69.0 x 2.0 $d_i = 67.0$ $l = 3540$
15. Upper plenum	(7 x 400 mm)	Ø 88.9 x 2.5 $d_i = 83.9$ $l = 800$
16. Bellow	(l = 184 - 244 mm)	- $d_i = 65.0$ $l = 240$
17. Instrumentation nozzles.	Vol = 1.0 l	Ø 69.0 x 2.0 $d_i = 65.0$ $l = 200$
18. Power wire nozzles.	Vol = 0.9 l	Ø 69.0 x 2.0 $d_i = 65.0$ $l = 190$
19. Core inlet tube.	Vol = 1.6 l, $d_{hydr} = 11.1$ mm	Ø 69.0 x 2.0 $d_i = 65.0$ $l = 750$

The elevations of the loops correspond to the centerline of the loops of the reference reactor (Fig. 6). The horizontal steam generator simulator consists of 12 full length (7.7 m) horizontal U-tubes. The diameter of the U-tubes and the space between them are the same as in the reference reactor. The heat transfer area of the tube bundle is scaled down with the same scaling factor as the Atena, and it corresponds to the total heat transfer area of the steam generators in the five intact loops of the reference reactor. In Fig. 7 the dimensions of the steam generator simulator are shown.

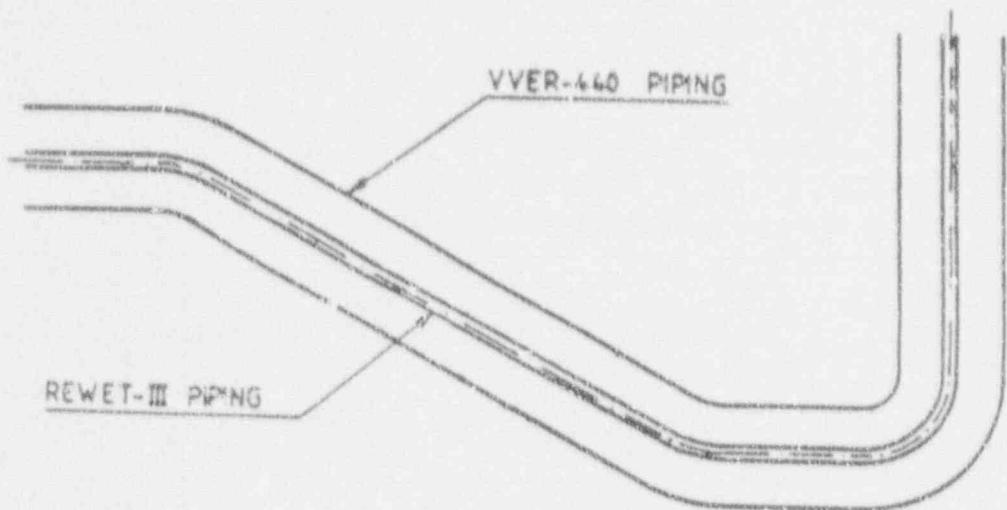


Fig. 6. REWET-III piping compared to VVER-440 piping.

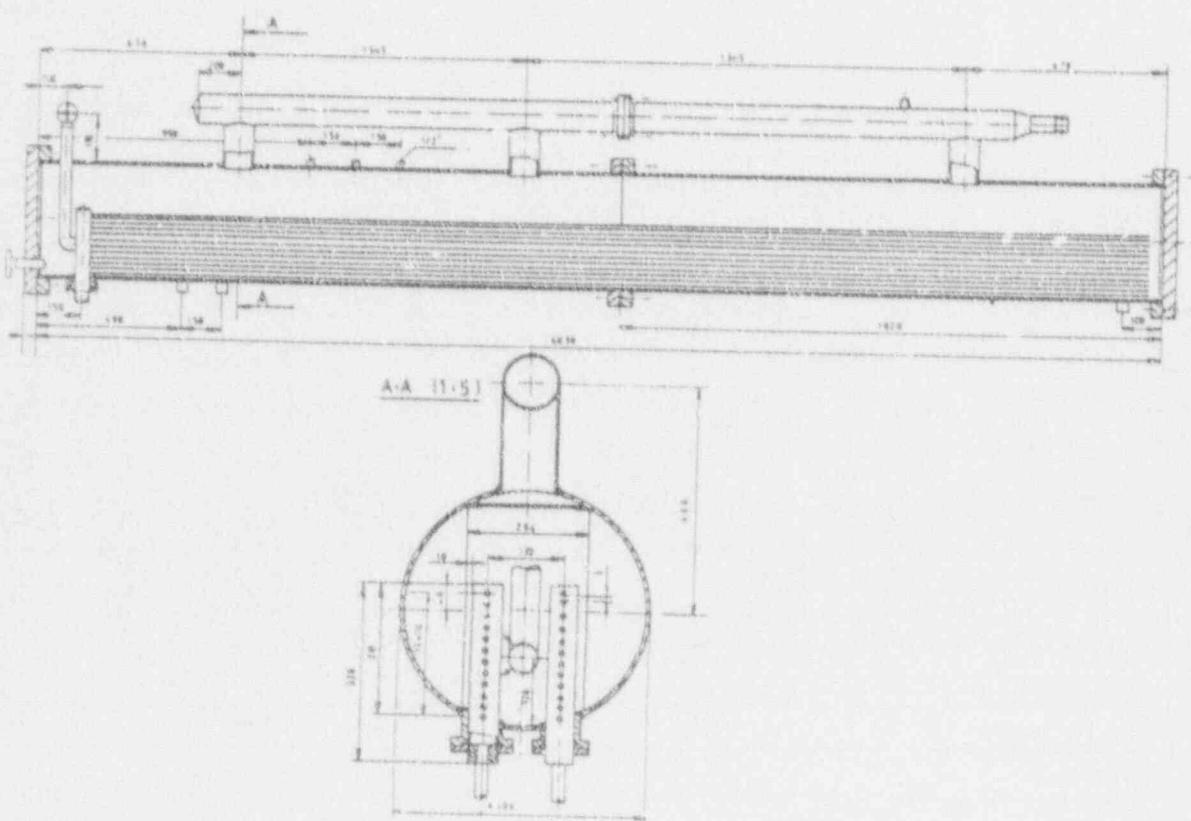


Fig. 7. REWET-III steam generator simulator.

2.2 Instrumentation and data acquisition system of the REWET-III facility

The main measurements in the experiments are coolant and rod cladding temperatures with thermocouples at different radial and axial locations. System pressure, pressure difference along the test section (core simulator), coolant flow rates and heating power are also measured. The primary and secondary fluid temperatures and the primary pipe temperature are measured from seven places in every second pipe in the steam generator. The measurement system is shown in Fig. 8 and the locations in Fig. 9. The data acquisition system consists of a measurement and control processor, a digital voltmeter and a desk-top computer (Fig. 10). The maximum speed to scan all 96 data channels during an experiment is once per second. With this speed it takes 10 minutes to collect a maximum of 58,800 readouts.

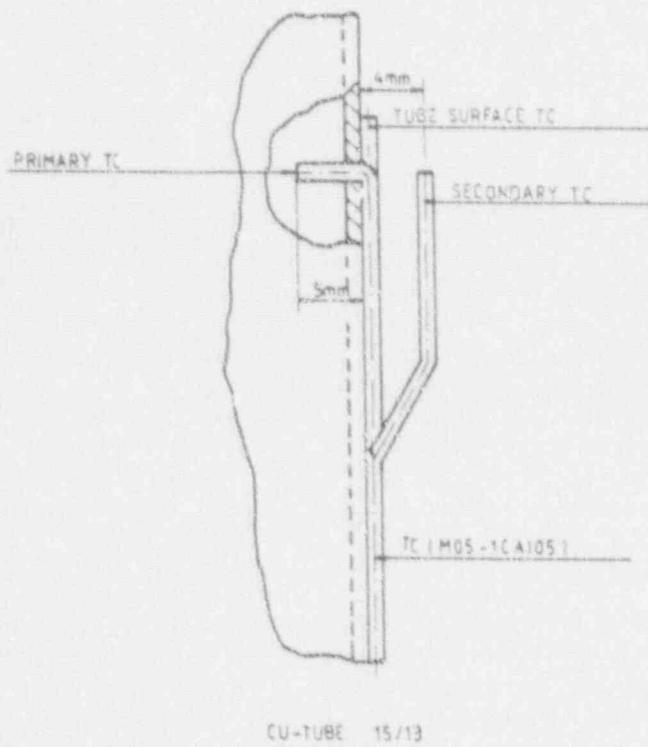


Fig. 8. SG tube thermocouple positions.

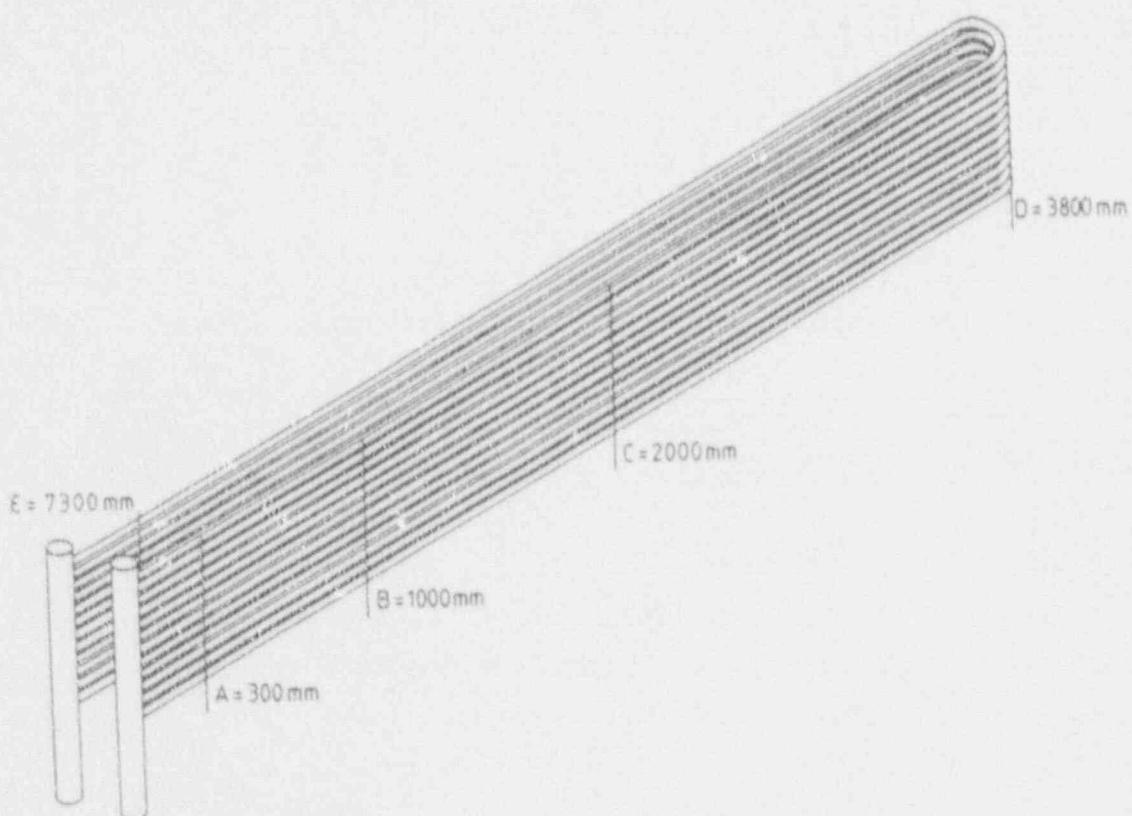


Fig. 9. SG thermocouple locations.

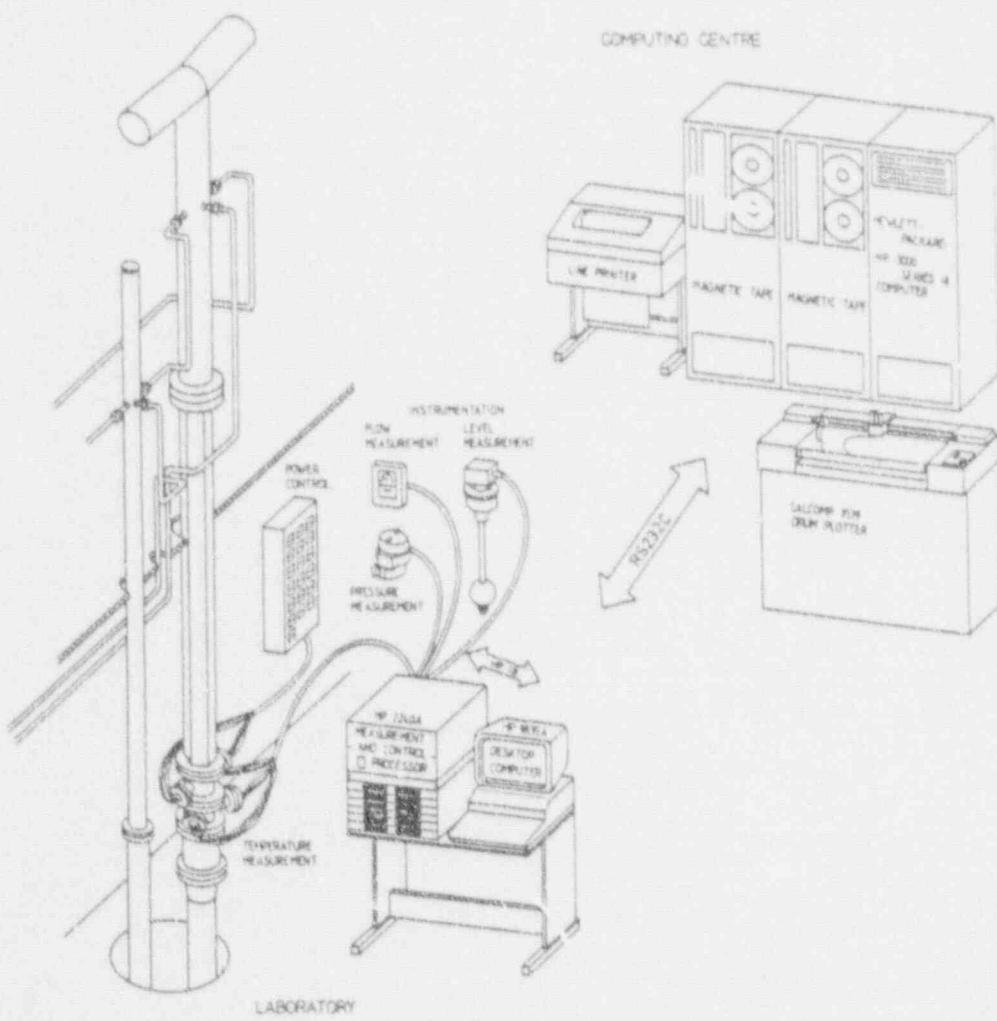


Fig. 10. REWET-III data acquisition system.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

A total of 22 experiments were made in this series. The principal objectives of the experiments were to characterize natural circulation phenomena under a variety of conditions and to generate a data base for computer codes used to predict full-scale plant behavior. The main parameters varied in the experiments were heating power, primary water inventory and noncondensable gas (air) content. The test matrix of the experiments is shown in Table 2.

Table 2. The REWET-III natural circulation experiments.

Number of the experiment.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Water	100 %	X	X																			
Inventory	90 %		X														X	X	X	X		
	80 %			X	X	X																X
	70 %					X	X	X														
	65 %																					X
	60 %									X	X											
Core	30 KW					X		X						X				X				X
power	20 KW	X		X		X		X		X	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X		
	15 KW	X	X	X		X		X		X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Noncondensable Gases Present														X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Instead of regulating primary pressure during the experiments it was allowed to seek its equilibrium as a function of heating power and water inventory. The secondary side of the steam generators operated at saturated conditions and atmospheric pressure. The pressurizer was not used in the experiments (closed valve).

For the experiments the primary side of the facility was filled up and the heating up was performed by the fuel rod simulators at a low power level. The secondary side was heated to saturated condition by an electrical heating coil. While the temperatures and the pressure increased in the facility the required quantity

of water was depleted from the primary circuit. After that the heating power was adjusted to the specified level. The behavior of the facility was examined for 60 minutes from the moment the facility had reached the steady-state condition.

In the experiments with noncondensable gases the quantity of air required was left in the primary circuit (steam generator and/or upper plenum) during the filling up of the facility.

4 CODE INPUT DESCRIPTION

The nodalization used in analyzing both of the experiments is shown in Fig. 11. The core nodalization is based on the chopped cosine power distribution of the fuel rods. Connection to the hot leg has been modelled using a crossflow junction. The hot leg (loop seal) has been divided into nine relatively short volumes in order to allow a more precise prediction of steam flow in the two-phase case. The horizontal steam generator has been divided into two horizontal pipe sections, each simulating six of the 12 U-tubes. The sections have been placed one on top of the other. A vertical pipe component of three volumes is used to simulate the secondary side. The top volume has a connection to time-dependent volume 260 that determines the boundary condition in the secondary side, which is the atmospheric pressure. The two other volumes have one section of primary tubing each. The hot and cold collectors have both been built of two stacked branches that have crossflow junctions to connect them into the U-tubes. The cold leg consists of relatively long volumes, especially in comparison with the cold collector, but this has not caused any problems. The connection to the downcomer is a crossflow junction, and the downcomer is a pipe of six volumes. The lower plenum has a connection to the boundary valve 300 and time-dependent volume 310, which were used to determine initial states of the system in both experiments and during the slow outflow transient at the beginning of the two-phase calculation.

A reasonable modelling of the horizontal steam generator has been one of the most difficult tasks during this analysis. The model described here is capable of predicting both the void distribution on the secondary side and the distribution of flows on the primary side. Similar nodalization has been used to analyze the behavior of the steam generators of an actual plant /3/. On the other hand, it has at least two drawbacks: the volumes on the secondary side have a very low length to diameter (L/D) ratio, which in turn may have caused some numerical problems, and the uneven distribution of primary side volumes within the pipe components cause a slightly distorted distribution of heat transfer from primary to secondary side.

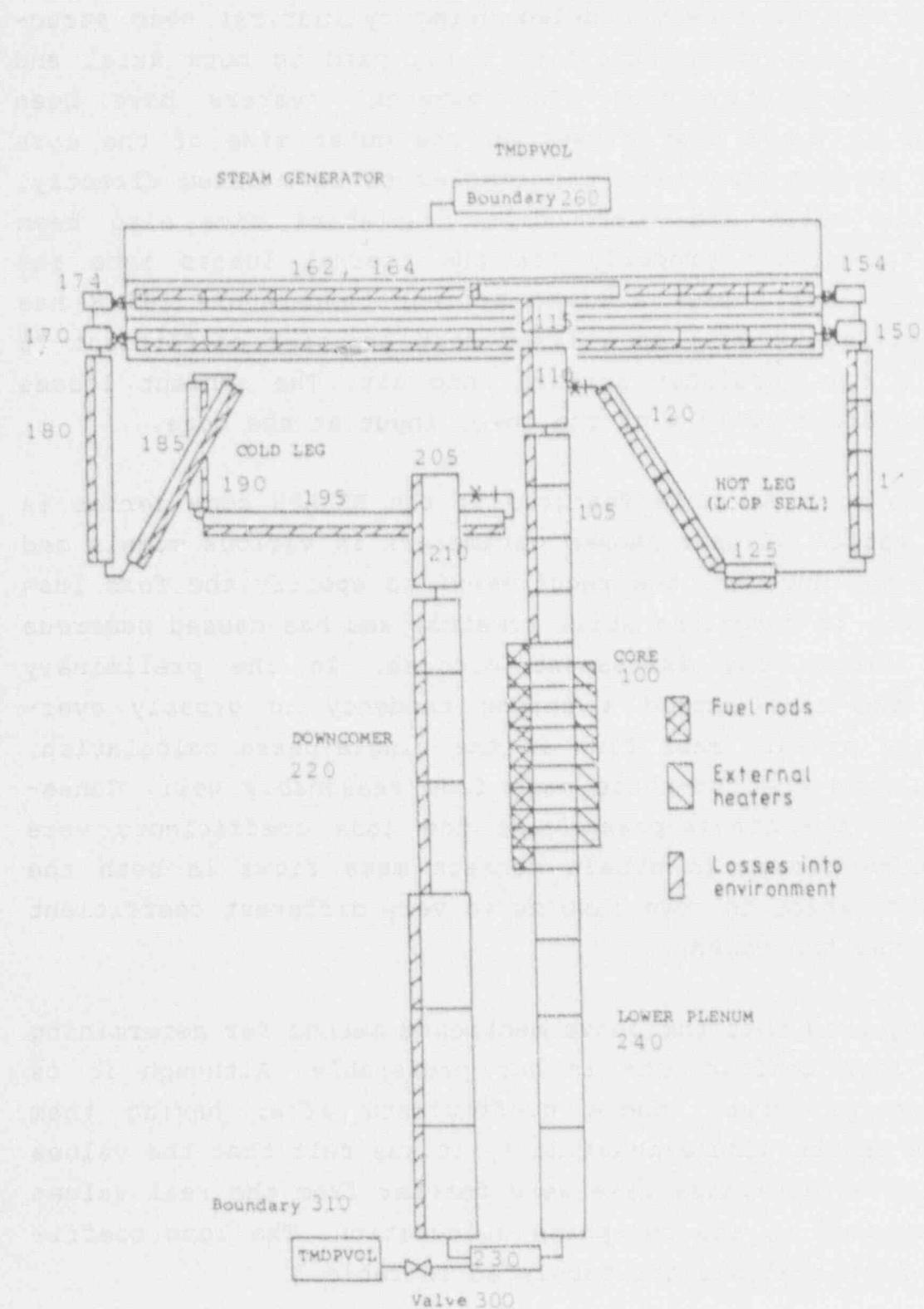


Fig. 11. The nodalization of REWET-III facility for RELAP5/Mod2 Natural Circulation Analysis.

The fuel rods have been modeled using cylindrical heat structures with appropriate attention being paid to both axial and radial power distribution. The external heaters have been described as fixed heat fluxes on the outer side of the core housing, because they were too complex to be modeled directly. The piping walls and surrounding insulators have also been modeled to account properly for the thermal losses into the environment. For these, a fixed ambient temperature 293 K has been specified as well as a fixed heat transfer coefficient 26 W/m²K from the insulator surface into air. The ambient losses are of the order of 10 % of the power input at the core.

One of the most valuable features of the RELAP5 code series is the elimination of user-chosen parameters in various models and correlations. However, the requirement to specify the form loss coefficients in junctions still remains, and has caused numerous problems during the assessment process. In the preliminary analysis the code showed a strong tendency to grossly over-predict the primary mass flow in the single-phase calculation, but calculated the two-phase mass flow reasonably well. Consequently, in the single-phase case the loss coefficients were chosen large enough to obtain correct mass flows in both the experiments, which in turn results in very different coefficient values in the two cases.

It is recognized that the above mentioned method for determining the flow loss coefficients is not preferable. Although it is better not to adjust these coefficients after having them determined on the single-phase data, it was felt that the values used in the single-phase case were farther from the real values than those used in the two-phase calculation. The loss coefficients of both analyses are tabulated in Table 3.

Table 3. Primary loop form loss coefficients in the REWET-III
natural circulation analyses with RELAP5/Mod2.

Junction	Location	Single-phase		Two-phase	
		Forward	Backward	Forward	Backward
100-01 to 10	core	4.81	4.81	0.41	0.41
102	core to upp. ple.	7.9	7.9	1.9	1.9
105-01 to 03	upp. ple., lower	3.22	3.22	0.0	0.0
110-01	u.p. low to conx	3.26	3.26	0.66	0.66
110-02	conx to hot leg	6.22	6.22	1.22	1.22
110-03	conx u.p. upper	3.25	3.25	0.85	0.85
115-01	upp. ple. up	5.16	5.16	0.16	0.16
120-01 to 03	hot leg 1	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0
125-01,02	loop seal bottom	3.25	3.25	0.36	0.36
140-01 to 03	hot leg 2	3.22	3.22	0.0	0.0
150-01	hot leg to SG coll	5.5	6.1	2.5	3.1
150-02	SG coll to low U-tb	8.7	4.1	3.7	2.1
150-03	to upper collector	7.9	5.3	1.3	1.3
154-01	upp. coll to up U-tb	17.9	13.0	3.7	2.1
162-01,02	SG low tubes begin	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
162-03	U-bend, SG low tb	2.11	2.11	0.11	0.11
162-04,05	SG low tubes end	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
164-01,02	SG upp tubes begin	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
164-03	U-bend, SG upp tb	2.11	2.11	0.11	0.11
164-04,05	SG upp tubes end	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
174-01	upp. tb to coll	11.0	13.9	2.3	4.1
170-01	SG coll to cold leg	6.1	4.5	3.1	2.5
170-02	low tubes to coll	4.1	8.7	2.3	4.1
170-03	from upp coll	7.3	7.9	1.3	1.3
183	cold leg loop seal	9.6	9.6	0.6	0.6
187	cold leg top	9.6	9.6	0.6	0.6
193	cold leg flat	9.6	9.6	0.6	0.6
210-01	cold leg to downc	11.82	11.82	1.42	1.42
210-02	downcomer	9.94	9.94	0.94	0.94
220-01 to 05	downcomer	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
230-01	downc to low ple.	14.89	14.89	0.89	0.89
230-02	lower plenum	14.29	14.29	0.89	0.89
240-01	lower plenum	18.63	18.63	0.63	0.63
240-02,03	lower plenum	27.63	27.63	3.63	3.63
245	low ple to core	16.87	16.87	0.87	1.87

The initial conditions of the single-phase case were chosen to match the final state as closely as possible. To facilitate this search the boundary 310 was set to a fixed pressure 0.74 MPa, corresponding to the measured final pressure 0.65 MPa at the primary pressure measurement location. The temperature (the specific internal energy) of volume 310 was set to follow volume 220-06. Because a closed water-filled loop is very stiff against even minor fluctuations of the energy balance due to the extremely small compressibility of water, a small bubble of air was left into the upper part of the upper plenum to smoothen the pressure variations while the system was on the way to the steady final state. The presence of such a bubble is justified, because ordinary tap water was used in the experiments and some of the dissolved air will be released during the test.

The steady-state search algorithm of RELAP5/Mod2 proved to be almost useless, because it predicted the existence of a steady state in most calculations too early, i.e. while the system was still changing (although relatively slowly). In this case an algorithm based on setting the time derivatives zero would most probably have yielded more reasonable results in much less time and with less effort.

In the two-phase case the calculation was started with a stable single-phase natural circulation at about 0.3 MPa pressure and 12 kW heating power. The air bubble in the upper plenum had to be removed because of a number of code failures during the initial state search. All of these failures were caused by steam property table overflows and occurred in volumes that were almost completely filled with air, with very small amounts of steam and water still present. The volumes that caused these failures also had heat structures representing pipe walls connected to them.

The transient part of the two-phase case was initiated by lifting the core power to 28 kW (the missing 2 kW were assumed to leak from the external heaters of the core directly at the surroundings), setting the primary boundary 310 at atmospheric pressure and opening valve 300. The mass flow rate through this valve was about 0.03 kg/s, which was slightly less than the

upper limit of the outlet flow in the experiment. The valve was closed when the integrated mass flow through it reached a preset value, 8 kg, which corresponds to the 80 % filling ratio with sufficient accuracy. The final state was the steady state into which the primary circuit converged after closing the valve.

Both of these calculations are sensitive to the initial thermodynamic state of the system. This is obvious from the fact that the solution of the system equations in the primary side is bounded only by the heat transfer from or to the walls (except during the short outflow period in the beginning of the two-phase case).

5 RESULTS

RELAP5/Mod2 succeeded in predicting the main parameters of the experiment, namely final pressures, mass flows and temperature distributions, very well. Some small differences between measured and calculated quantities can be found, but they are usually within the error band of the measurement.

The final pressures and mass flows of both calculations are compared to those of the experiments in Table 4 and the measured and calculated temperature distributions are shown in Figs. 12 and 13.

Table 4. Comparison of measured and calculated (in brackets) final states of the REWET-III natural circulation tests.

	Pressure, MPa	Mass flow, kg/s
Single-phase	0.68 (0.68)	0.08±0.01 (0.073)
Two-phase	0.45 (0.47)	0.17±0.06 (0.13)

The single-phase experiment shows relatively large mass flow oscillations that could not be reproduced. In the two-phase case both measured and calculated mass flows oscillate quite strongly, but in the calculations the oscillations die out much faster. These oscillations have far too small frequency to be of a numerical origin. In the both cases the final state is sensitive to the ambient losses and the form loss coefficients. If the ambient losses from the hot leg are neglected, the oscillations have considerably larger amplitude and survive much longer (see Appendix B).

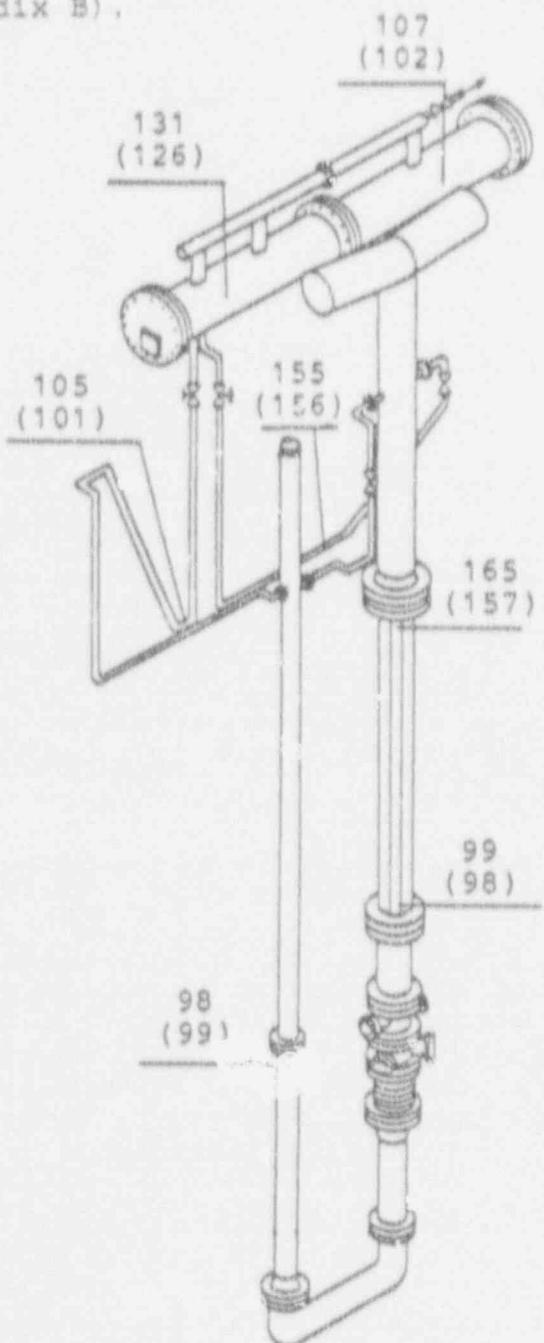


Fig. 12. Measured and calculated (in brackets) temperature in the steady single-phase natural circulation.

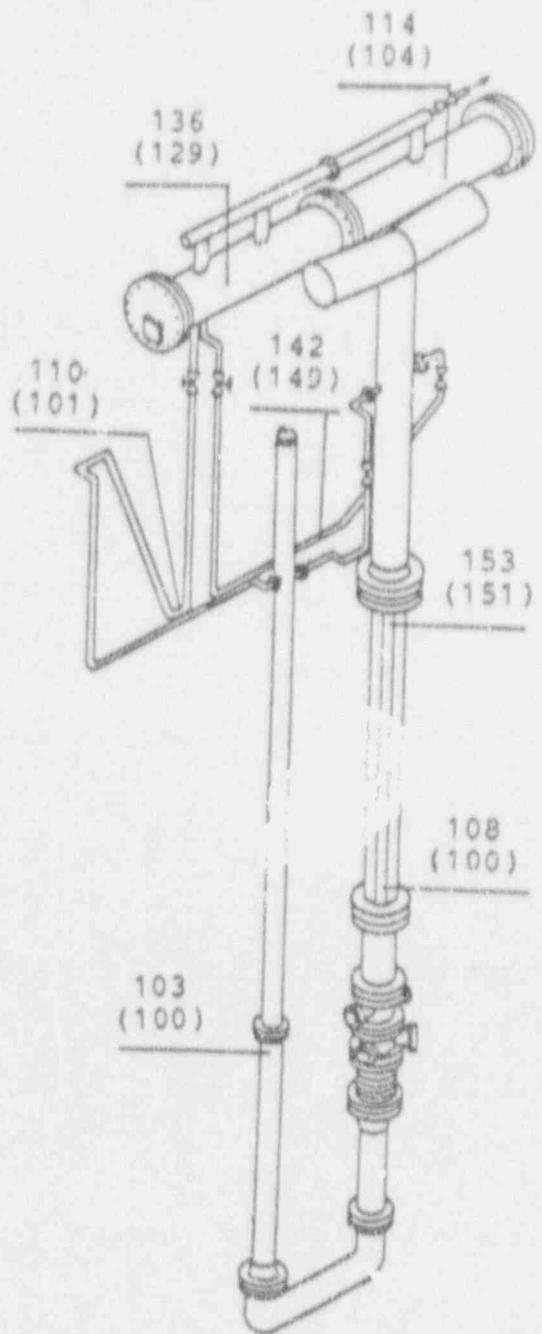


Fig. 13. Measured and calculated (in brackets) temperatures in steady two-phase natural circulation.

The steam generator secondary side starts to show unstable characteristics even at maximum requested time steps clearly below the Courant limit (Fig. 14). The vast majority of minimum Courant limits gathered into the second volume of the steam generator.

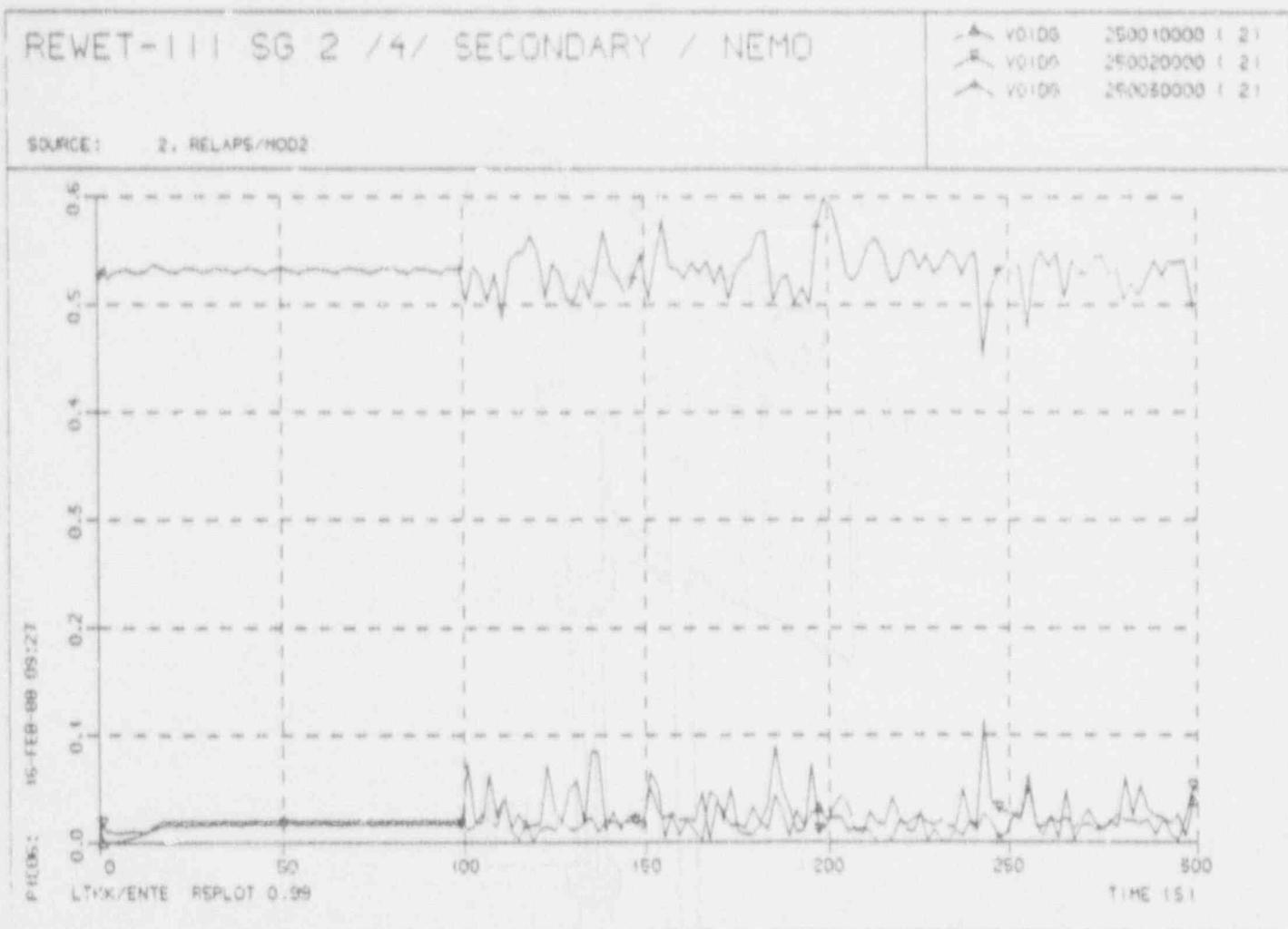


Fig. 14. Steam generator hydrodynamic instability appears when the requested time step is increased from 0.25 to 1.0 s. The Courant limit is about 0.7 s, and the code immediately resets the time step to 0.5 s.

The solution of the system equations in the steam generator secondary side remains stable when the requested time step is shortened to 1/3 ... 1/4 of the Courant limit. This is obviously due to the relatively low L/D value of the secondary side volumes, and has also to do with the stability of wall to fluid heat transfer, which is not controlled in the code at all.

The run statistics in the single-phase case show that when 0.2 s is used as the maximum time step, the CPU consumption is 0.00578 s per volume per time step. 1568 time steps were required to simulate 312.8 seconds of experiment, and the time step

had to be reduced only twice. The Courant limit in the single-phase case is 0.56 s. In the two-phase case 10181 time steps were used to simulate 999 s of transient. The requested time step was 0.1 s, Courant limit 0.44 s and 63 time step reductions took place. The CPU consumption was 0.00586 seconds per volume per time step.

During the analysis of the two-phase case it soon turned out that the bubbles condense on the pipe walls, and saturated liquid passes through the loop seal. As the liquid rises towards the steam generator collector, hydrostatic pressure may sometimes decrease sufficiently to allow some evaporation to take place (Fig. 15).

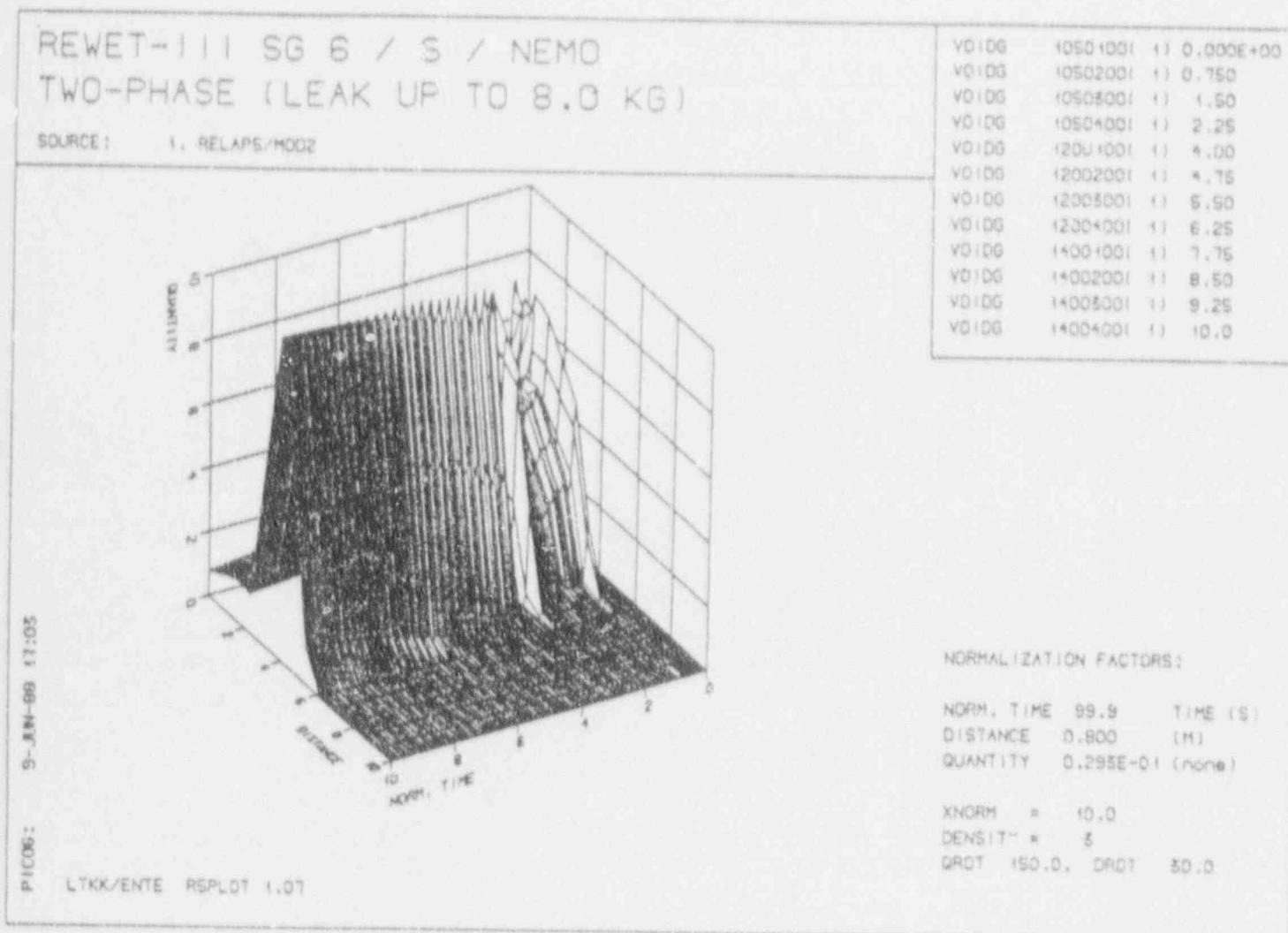


Fig. 15. Steam void fraction distribution in the hot leg.

6. CONCLUSIONS

The calculations show that RELAP5/Mod2 is capable of calculating natural circulation phenomena satisfactorily also in facilities with horizontal steam generators and thus relatively low gravity head. However, several shortcomings of the code were observed.

To model the natural circulation phenomena one must know the pressure losses in various part of the facility accurately. The amount of heat lost into environment has a very strong effect on the result, too.

It was observed during the analysis that volumes with small L/D ratio, such as those used to model the steam generator secondary side in the REWET-III facility, show unstable behaviour at time steps considerably smaller than the Courant limit. In this case the stable results required setting the maximum time step to one fourth to one third of the Courant limit.

A number of code failures were observed, when an air bubble was let to travel along the hot leg. These failures were caused by steam table overflows which occurred in a volume filled with air, with only small quantities of water or steam being present. It is suggested that the non-condensable gas model be improved to handle this type of situation properly.

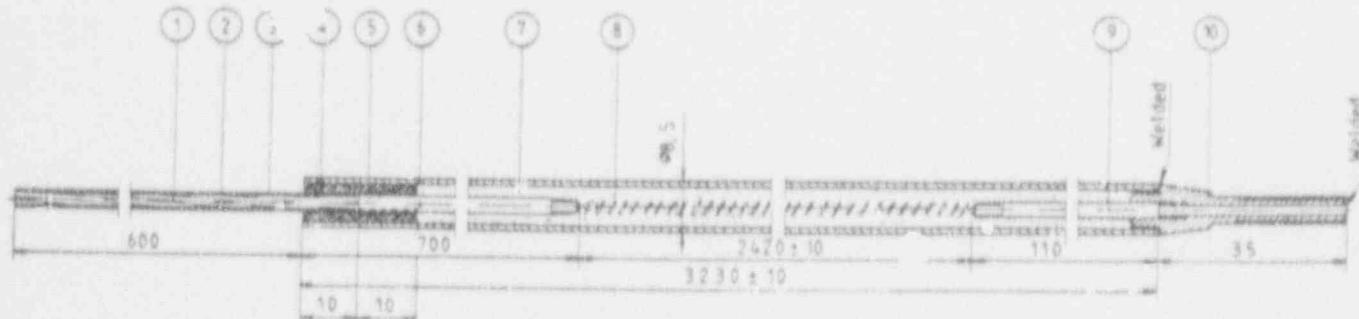
The steady state search algorithm was found to be insufficient. In these experiments most quantities change relatively slowly, and the algorithm predicted the existence of a steady state too early, while the thermodynamic state still undergoing a change. Although the benefits of the current algorithm are recognized, it is suggested that an additional algorithm will be added to the code. This additional steady state algorithm could be based on setting the time derivatives in all equations to zero.

The fact that the steam bubbles do not penetrate the hot leg loop seal requires an explanation. A large number of more thorough analyses with various filling ratios and modified nodalizations may be needed to further examine this phenomenon.

REFERENCES

1. T. Kervinen, O. Hongisto, Natural Circulation Experiments in the REWET-III Facility. ANS/ENS Topical Meeting on Thermal Reactor Safety, San Diego 2-6.2.1988.
2. T. Kervinen, H. Purhonen, T. Haapalehto, Description of REWET-II and REWET-III Facilities. Technical Research Centre of Finland, Espoo. Research Note 929, 1989.
3. Ismo Karppinen, Nodalization of a horizontal steam generator by the RELAP-5 code. Diploma Thesis, Helsinki University of Technology, 1987.

APPENDIX A

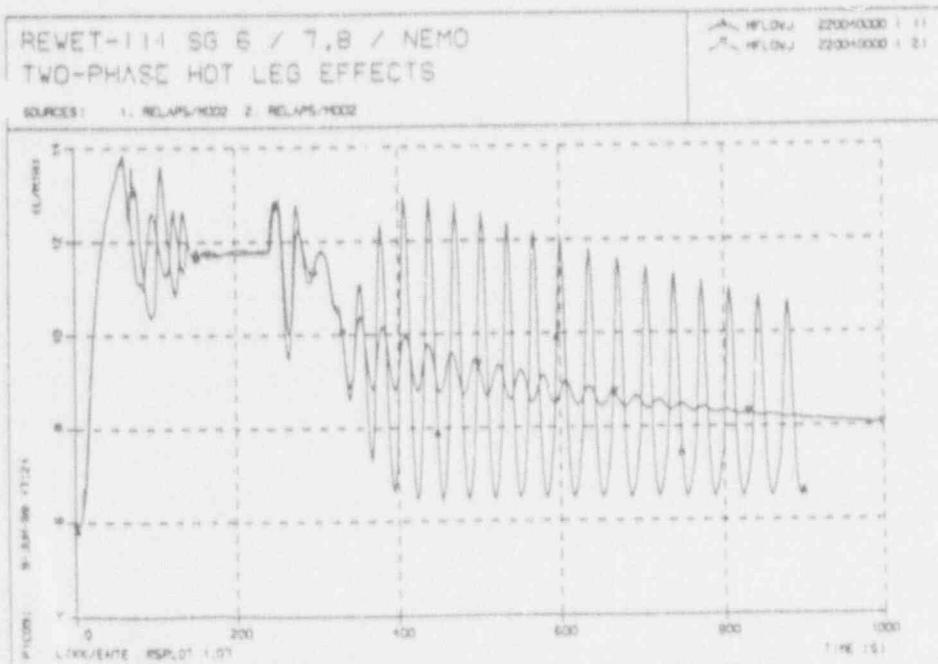
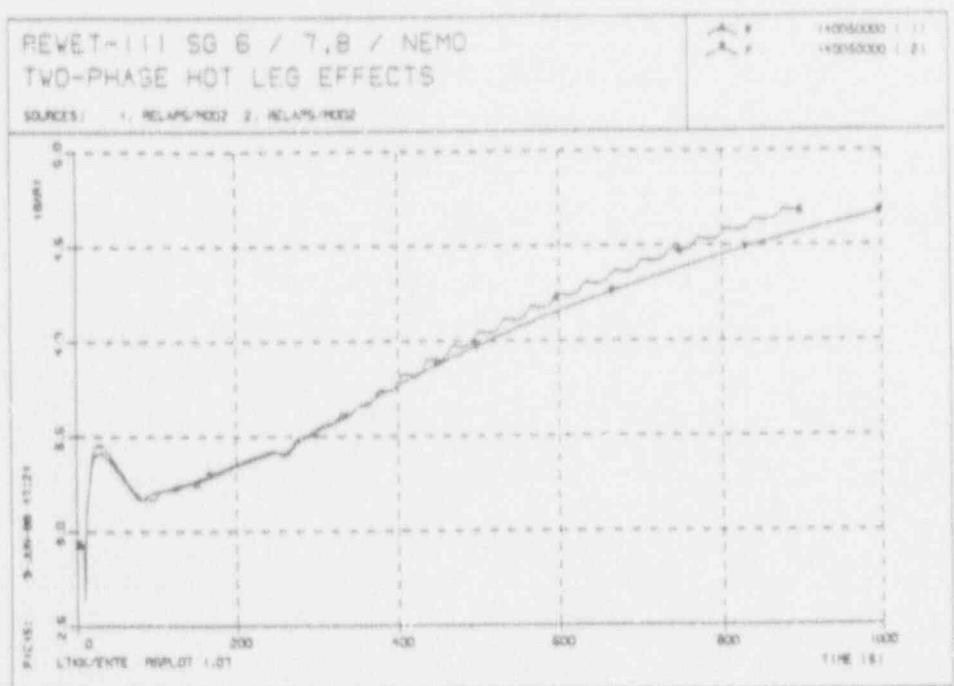


10	Top boss	AISI 304
9	Conduct. pin	Si3N ₄ /NiCr
8	Heating element	Ni-Cr
7	MgO	
6	Cladding	AISI 316L
5	Conductor pin	Si3N ₄ /NiCr
4	Silicone filling	Rhodorsil®/Fluide
3	Shrink-on plastic tube	d = 0.4
2	Shrink-on plastic tube	d = 3.2
1	Lead wire	Cu 1.2 mm ²

LOVAL
Fuel rod simulator (Ø 8.5)

APPENDIX B. The effect of ambient thermal losses

The two figures below show the primary pressure and mass flow respectively during two-phase natural circulation. The strongly oscillating curves marked with Δ were obtained when the conduction losses from the hot leg were not modeled (that is, they were assumed zero). The smoother curves with marker ∇ were obtained when the hot leg losses were included in the calculation. Losses from other parts of the system were equal in both cases.



APPENDIX C

LISTING OF INPUT DATA FOR SINGLE PHASE CASE

* REWET-III NATURAL CIRCULATION, SG 2 FINAL /8/ L16-5 / JUHANI HYVARINEN

* ----- MOD2 VERSION -----

* FILLING RATIO 100 % AND POWER 14+5 W = THE APPROXIMATE FINAL STATE
 * PRESSURE ABOUT 6.6 BAR

* 100 NEW TRANSNT

101 RUN

102 SI SI

* CPU-REMAINING CARD

105 5.0 10.0

* HYDRODYNAMIC SYSTEM CARDS

	REF. VOLUME	REF. ELEVATION	FLUID	SYSTEM NAME
120	230010000	0.0	WATER	PRIMARY
121	250010000	9.5	WATER	SECONDRY

* TIME STEP CONTROL CARD(S)

* OPTION ssd03: ss= 7 = 4+2+1 = OMIT

-SECOND BLOCKS OF VOL&JUN DATA

-HEAT STRUCTURE TEMPFRAUTURES

d = 2 = OBTAIN MINOR EDITS AT EVERY HYDRODYNAMIC
 TIME STEP

*201	10.0	0.5E-6	0.8	00003	1	100	3000
*203	600.0	0.5E-6	0.666666666	00003	3	450	3000
*202	99.0	0.5E-6	0.2	00003	5	1200	3000
203	300.0	0.5E-6	0.2	00003	5	1500	3000

* TRIPS

* TRIP FROM SG INLET PRESSURE >= 2.0 MPA (20 BAR) OR <= 0.20 MPA

	VARIABLE	OF VOLUME	RELATION	2ND VAR	OF 2ND VOL	+CONST	NOT LATCHED
501	P	140030000	GE	NULL	0	2.00E6	N
502	P	140030000	LE	NULL	0	0.20E6	N

* TRIP TO STOP NEAR THE STEADY STATE

*503	MFLOWJ	300000000	LT	NULL	0	1.0E-4	N
*504	TIME	0	GT	NULL	0	150.0	L

* LOGICAL TRIP(S)

601	501	OR	502	N
*602	503	AND	504	N

* TRANSIENT TERMINATING TRIP(S)

600 601

* MINOR EDIT REQUESTS:

* TEMPERATURES

301 TEMPFF 100010000
302 TEMPFF 100110000
303 TEMPFF 125010000
304 TEMPFF 150010000
305 TEMPFF 162010000
306 TEMPFF 162020000
307 TEMPFF 162040000
308 TEMPFF 162050000
307 TEMPFF 162060000
308 TEMPFF 164010000
309 TEMPFF 164020000
310 TEMPFF 164040000
311 TEMPFF 164050000
312 TEMPFF 164060000
313 TEMPFF 170010000
314 TEMPFF 180010000
315 TEMPFF 250010000
316 TEMPFF 250020000
317 TEMPFF 250030000

* HEAT INPUTS IN CORE

320 Q 100010000
321 Q 100020000
322 Q 100030000
323 Q 100040000
324 Q 100050000
325 Q 100060000
326 Q 100070000
327 Q 100080000
328 Q 100090000
329 Q 100100000
330 Q 100110000

* MASS FLOWS

332 MFLOWJ 102000000
333 MFLOWJ 162020000
334 MFLOWJ 164020000
335 MFLOWJ 220040000
* 336 MFLOWJ 300000000

* VELOCITIES

* 349 VELFJ 256000000
* 350 VELGJ 256000000

* PRESSURES

337 P 140030000
338 P 100110000
339 P 250030000

* SOME HEAT STRUCTURE TEMPERATURES AT SG TUBES

* 354 HTTEMP 162100103
* 355 HTTEMP 162100603
* 356 HTTEMP 164100103
* 357 HTTEMP 164100603

* HEAT INPUT RATES AT SG TUBES

```

*
340 Q    162010000
341 Q    162020000
342 Q    162030000
343 Q    162040000
344 Q    162050000
345 Q    162060000
*
346 Q    164010000
347 Q    164020000
348 Q    164030000
349 Q    164040000
350 Q    164050000
351 Q    164060000
*
* STEAM VOID FRACTIONS
*
353 VOIDG    250010000
354 VOIDG    250020000
355 VOIDG    250030000
*
356 VOIDG    115010000
357 VOIDG    115020000
*
358 QUALA    115020000
*
* CONTROL VARIABLES (DPS, EXCESS STEAM GENERATION, HEAT INPUTS)
*
385 CNTRLVAR  1
386 CNTRLVAR  2
387 CNTRLVAR  3
388 CNTRLVAR  4
389 CNTRLVAR  7
390 CNTRLVAR  20
391 CNTRLVAR  21
392 CNTRLVAR  22
393 CNTRLVAR  23
394 CNTRLVAR  24
395 CNTRLVAR  25
396 CNTRLVAR  26
397 CNTRLVAR  27
398 CNTRLVAR  28
*
* SPECIALITIES
*
399 CPUTIME   0
*
*-----*
*
* CONTROL VARIABLES
*
*-----*
* PRESSURE DIFFERENCES:
* DP = A0 + A1*VAR1 + A2*VAR2. DIMENSIONS NOT SCALED (SCALE=1.0)
*
* -- OVER CORE
*
*      NAME      TYPE     SCALE    INIT.VAL    INIT.FLG=COMPUTE    NO LIMITS
20500100  DPCORE   SUM      1.0      0.0          1                  0
*      A0       A1      VAR1 CODE    VOL1 CODE
*      +       A2      VAR2           VOL2
20500101  0.0      1.0      P        100010000      * CORE BOTTOM
+          -1.0      P        100110000      * CORE TOP
*
* -- OVER HOT LEG
*

```

* NAME TYPE SCALE INIT.VAL INIT.FLG=COMPUTE NO LIMITS
 20500200 DPHTLEG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 * A0 A1 VARI CODE VOL1 CODE + A2,VAR2,VOL2
 20500201 0.0 -1.0 P 150010000 * HOT LEG COLLECTOR
 + 1.0 P 230010000 * LOWER PLENUM
 *
 * - OVER COLD LEG
 *
 * NAME TYPE SCALE INIT.VAL INIT.FLG=COMPUTE NO LIMITS
 20500300 DPCDLEG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 * A0 A1 VARI CODE VOL1 CODE + A2,VAR2,VOL2
 20500301 0.0 -1.0 P 170010000 * COLD LEG COLLECTOR
 + 1.0 P 230010000 * LOWER PLENUM
 *
 * DIFFERENCE OF DP'S OVER HOT AND COLD LEG
 *
 20500400 DPBCHLG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500401 0.0 1.0 CNTRLVAR 3 -1.0 CNTRLVAR 2
 *
 * VAPOR GENERATION IN CORE
 *
 20500500 VGENCORE SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500501 0.0 1.0 VAPGEN 100010000 1.0 VAPGEN 100020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100030000 1.0 VAPGEN 100040000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100050000 1.0 VAPGEN 100060000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100070000 1.0 VAPGEN 100080000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100090000 1.0 VAPGEN 100100000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100110000
 *
 * VAPOR CONDENSATION IN STEAM GENERATOR PRIMARY SIDE
 *
 20500600 VCONDSG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500601 0.0 1.0 VAPGEN 162010000 1.0 VAPGEN 164010000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162020000 1.0 VAPGEN 164020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162030000 1.0 VAPGEN 164030000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162040000 1.0 VAPGEN 164040000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162050000 1.0 VAPGEN 164050000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162060000 1.0 VAPGEN 164060000
 *
 * VAPORIZATION ALONG UPPER PLENUM AND HOT LEG
 *
 20500800 VGENHLG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500801 0.0 1.0 VAPGEN 105010000 1.0 VAPGEN 105020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 105030000 1.0 VAPGEN 105040000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 110010000 1.0 VAPGEN 125010000
 - 1.0 VAPGEN 120010000 1.0 VAPGEN 120020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 120030000 1.0 VAPGEN 120040000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 140010000 1.0 VAPGEN 140020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 140030000 1.0 VAPGEN 140040000
 - 1.0 VAPGEN 150010000
 *
 * STEAM CONDENSATION IN COLD LEG SIDE COLLECTOR & FALLING PIPE
 *
 20500900 VCONDCL SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500901 0.0 1.0 VAPGEN 170010000 1.0 VAPGEN 180010000
 *
 * EXCESS VAPOR GENERATION
 *
 20500700 VGENEXCS SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500701 0.0 1.0 CNTRLVAR 5 1.0 CNTRLVAR 6
 + 1.0 CNTRLVAR 8 1.0 CNTRLVAR 9
 *
 *
 *

* HEAT INPUT IN CORE

	QCORE	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0
20502000	0.0	1.0	Q	100010000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	100030000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	100050000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	100070000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	100090000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	100110000		

* HEAT INPUT IN SG SECONDARY SIDE

	QSGSEC	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0
20502100	0.0	1.0	Q	250010000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	250030000		

* EXCESS HEAT INPUT

	QLEXCESS	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0	
20502200	0.0	1.0	CNTRLVAR	20	-1.0	CNTRLVAR	21

* HEAT LOSSES AT UPPER PLenum

	QLOSSUP	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0
20502500	0.0	1.0	Q	105010000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	105030000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	115010000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	110010000		

* HEAT LOSSES AT HOT LEG

	QLOSSHL	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0
20502600	0.0	1.0	Q	120010000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	120030000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	140010000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	140030000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	125010000		

* HEAT LOSSES AT COLD LEG

	QLOSSCL	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0
20502700	0.0	1.0	Q	180010000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	190010000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	195010000		

* HEAT LOSSES AT DOWNCOMER

	QLOSSDC	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0
20502800	0.0	1.0	Q	220010000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	220030000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	220050000	1.0	Q
+		1.0	Q	210010000		

* SUM OF LOSSES

	QLOSSSUM	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0	
20502400	0.0	1.0	CNTRLVAR	25	1.0	CNTRLVAR	26
+		1.0	CNTRLVAR	27	1.0	CNTRLVAR	28

* TOTAL EXCESS HEAT INPUT

	QTEXCESS	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0	
20502300	0.0	1.0	CNTRLVAR	22	1.0	CNTRLVAR	24

* HYDRODYNAMIC COMPONENTS:

*
 * CORE
 *
 1000000 CORE PIPE
 1000001 11
 1000101 0.00219 11
 1000301 0.232 11
 1000401 0.0 11
 1000601 90.0 11
 1000801 5.E-5 7.5E-3 11
 1000901 4.81 4.21 10
 1001001 0.0 11
 1001101 1000 10
 *
 * INITIAL VALUES (P, UF, UG, VOIDG)
 *
 1001201 0 7.0025E5 4.14E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 1
 1001202 0 6.9300E5 4.29E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 2
 1001203 0 6.9590E5 4.52E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 3
 1001204 0 6.9370E5 4.81E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 4
 1001205 0 6.9150E5 5.17E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 5
 1001206 0 6.8940E5 5.54E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 6
 1001207 0 6.8730E5 5.89E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 7
 1001208 0 6.8516E5 6.21E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 8
 1001209 0 6.8304E5 6.45E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 9
 1001210 0 6.8093E5 6.60E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 10
 1001211 0 6.7883E5 6.60E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 11
 1001300 1
 1001301 0.072 0.0 0.0 10
 *
 1020000 CCRTOUPL SNGLJUN
 1020101 100010000 105000000
 1020102 1.08E-3 7.9 7.9 1000
 1020201 1 0.072 0.0 0.0
 *
 * UPPER PLenum, LOWER PART
 *
 1050000 UPPLELOW PIPE
 1050001 4
 1050101 0.00312 4
 1050301 0.572 4
 1050401 0.000 4
 1050601 90.0 4
 1050801 5.0E-5 0.063 4
 1050901 3.22 3.22 3
 1051001 0.0 4
 1051101 1000 3
 1051201 0 6.751E5 6.59E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 1
 1051202 0 6.700E5 6.59E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 2
 1051203 0 6.648E5 6.58E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 3
 1051204 0 6.596E5 6.56E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 4
 1051300 1
 1051301 0.072 0.0 0.0 3
 *
 *
 * UPPER PLenum (TO THE HOT LEG)
 *
 1100000 UPLCONX BRANCH
 1100001 3 1
 1100101 0.00312 0.858 0.0 0.0 90.0 0.858 5.0E-5 0.063 00
 1102000 0 6.5309E5 6.52E5 2.570E6 0.0
 1101001 105010000 1100000000 0.00312 3.26 3.26 1000
 1102101 110010000 1200000000 0.000412 6.22 6.22 1002
 1103101 110010000 1150000000 0.00312 3.25 3.25 1000
 1101201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 1102201 0.072 0.0 0.0

1103201 0.0 0.0 0.0

* UPPER PLENU . FROM THE HOT LEG)

* 1150000 UPLHEAD PIPE

1150001 2

1150101 0.00312 1

1150102 0.0553 2

1150301 0.414 1

1150302 0.1 2

1150401 0.0 2

1150601 90.0 2

1150801 5.E-5 0.063 1

1150802 5.E-5 0.265 2

1150901 5.16 5.16 1

1151001 0.0 2

1151101 1100 1

1151201 0 6.512E5 6.4CE5 2.570E5 0.0 0.0 1

1151202 4 6.598E5 415.0 8.0E-4 0.0 0.0 2

1151300 1

1151301 0.0 0.0 0.0 1

*

* HOT LEG (FIRST PART)

* 1200000 HTLGDOWN PIPE

1200001 4

* NUMBER OF VOLUMES

1200101 0.001412 4

* FLOW AREAS

1200301 0.5682 4

* LENGTHS

1200501 0.0 4

* HORIZ. ANGLES

1200601 -60.0 4

* VERTICAL ORIENTATION

1200701 -0.4925 4

* ELEVATION CHANGE

1200801 5.0E-5 0.0229 4

* ROUGHNESS, HYDR. DIAMETER

1200901 1.9 1.9 3

* VOL FLAGS=FRICITION+NONEQUILIBRIUM

1201001 00 4

* JUN FLAGS=NOCCHOKE, SMOOTH, 2VEL, FUL

1201101 1000 3

* VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS=PRESSURE, INTERNAL ENERGIES, VAPOUR VOID FRACTION

1201201 0 6.5950E5 6.512E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 2

1201202 0 6.6440E5 6.490E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 4

* JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS=MASS FLOWS

1201300 1

1201301 0.072 0.0 0.0 3

*

* HOT LEG (CONNECTION TO THE PRESSURISER)

***** PRESSURIZER REMOVED BY JT

*

* 1250000 HTLGFLAT BRANCH

1250001 2 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=MFLOW

1250101 0.412E-3 0.559 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0E-5 0.0229 00

1250200 0 6.707E5 6.48E5 2.570E6 0.0

* CONNECTIONS

1251101 120010000 125000000 4.12E-4 3.26 3.26 1000

1252101 125010000 140000000 4.12E-4 3.26 3.26 1000

* JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWL, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE

1251201 0.072 0.0 0.0

1252201 0.072 0.0 0.0

*

* HOT LEG (TO THE STEAM GENERATOR)

*

* 1400000 HOTLEGUP PIPE

1400001 4

1400101 4.12E-4 4

1400301 0.580 4

1400501 0.0 4

1400601 90.0 4

1400701 0.580 4

1400801 5.0E-5 0.0229 4
 1400901 3.22 3.22 3
 1401001 00 4
 1401101 1000 3
 * INITIAL CONDITIONS
 1401201 0 6.759E5 6.460E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 2
 1401202 0 6.650E5 6.442E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 4
 1401300 1
 1401301 0.072 0.0 0.0 3
 *
 *
 * STEAM GENERATOR, EXTENDED VERSION 2/JH 1.9.87
 *
 * HOT LEG SIDE COLLECTOR (2 BRANCHES WITH CROSSLINK JUNCTIONS TO SG TUBES)
 *
 1500000 HOTCOLLW BRANCH
 1500001 3 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=FLWS
 * GEOMETRY
 1500101 2.043E-3 0.200 0.0 0.0 90.0 0.200
 + 5.0E-5 0.051 00
 * VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG
 1500200 0 6.485E5 6.430E5 2.570E6 0.0
 * CONNECTIONS
 1501101 140010000 150000000 4.12E-4 5.5 6.1 1000
 1502101 150000000 162000000 7.96E-4 8.7 4.1 1002
 1503101 150010000 154000000 2.043E-3 7.9 5.3 1000
 * JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWL, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE
 1501201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 1502201 0.030 0.0 0.0
 1503201 0.042 0.0 0.0
 *
 1540000 HOTCOLUP BRANCH
 1540001 1 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=FLWS
 * GEOMETRY
 1540101 2.043E-3 0.120 0.0 0.0 90.0 0.120
 + 5.0E-5 0.051 00
 * VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG
 1540200 0 6.470E5 6.430E5 2.570E6 0.0
 * CONNECTIONS
 1541101 154000000 162000000 7.96E-4 17.9 13.0 1002
 * JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWL, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE
 1541201 0.042 0.0 0.0
 *
 * STEAM GENERATOR, PRIMARY SIDE TUBING (2 PIPES)
 *
 1620000 SGPRIBOT PIPE
 1620001 6 * NO OF PIPE VOLUMES
 1620101 0.7964E-3 6 * AREAS
 1620301 0.762 2 * LENGTHS
 1620302 2.313 4
 1620303 0.762 6
 1620501 90.0 3 * HORIZ ANGLES (U-TUBE)
 1620503 -90.0 6
 1620601 0.0 6 * VERTIC ANGLES
 1620701 0.0 6 * ELEV CHANGES
 1620801 5.0E-5 0.013 6 * FRICTION DATA
 1620901 0.7 0.7 2 * JUNCTION LOSS COEFF
 1620902 2.11 2.11 3
 1620903 0.7 0.7 6
 1621001 00 6 * VOL FLAGS: FRIC+NONEQ
 1621101 1000 5 * JUN FLAGS: NOCHOKE, SMOOTH, 2VEL, CENTRAL
 * INITIAL VOLUME CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG
 1621201 0 6.485E5 5.01E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 1
 1621202 0 6.485E5 4.67E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 2
 1621203 0 6.485E5 4.38E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 3

1621204 0 6.485E5 4.28E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 4
 1621205 0 6.485E5 4.26E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 5
 1621206 0 6.485E5 4.25E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 6
 * INITIAL JUNCTION CONDITIONS
 1621300 1 * FLOWS FOLLOW
 1621301 0.030 0.0 0.0 5
 *
 1640000 SGPRI TOP PIPE
 1640001 6 * NO OF PIPE VOLUMES
 1640101 0.7964E-3 6 * AREAS
 1640301 0.762 2 * LENGTHS
 1640302 2.313 4
 1640303 0.762 6
 1640501 90.0 3 * HORIZ ANGLES
 1640503 -90.0 6
 1640601 0.0 6 * VERTIC ANGLES
 1640701 0.0 6 * ELEV CHANGES
 1640801 5.0E-5 0.013 6 * FRICTION DATA
 1640901 0.7 0.7 2 * JUNCTION LOSS COEFF
 1640902 2.11 2.11 3
 1640903 0.7 0.7 5
 1641001 00 6 * VOL FLAGS: FRIC+NONEQ
 1641101 1000 5 * JUN FLAGS: NOCHOKE, SMOOTH, 2VEL, FULL I
 * INITIAL VOLUME CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG
 1641201 0 6.470E5 5.47E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 1
 1641202 0 6.470E5 4.96E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 2
 1641203 0 6.470E5 4.48E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 3
 1641204 0 6.470E5 4.32E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 4
 1641205 0 6.470E5 4.29E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 5
 1641206 0 6.470E5 4.26E5 2.570E6 0.0 0.0 6
 * INITIAL JUNCTION CONDITIONS
 1641300 1 * FLOWS FOLLOW
 1641301 0.042 0.0 0.0 5
 *
 * COLD LEG SIDE COLLECTOR
 *
 1700000 COLDCLL BRANCH
 1700001 3 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=FLOWS
 * GEOMETRY
 1700101 2.043E-3 0.200 0.0 0.0 -90.0 -0.200
 + 5.0E-5 0.051 0.0
 * VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG
 1700200 0 6.485E5 4.266E5 2.570E6 0.0
 * CONNECTIONS
 1701101 170010000 180000000 4.12E-4 6.1 4.5 1000
 1702101 162010000 170000000 7.96E-4 4.1 8.7 1001
 1703101 174010000 170000000 2.043E-3 7.. 7.9 1000
 * JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWL, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE
 1701201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 1702201 0.030 0.0 0.0
 1703201 0.042 0.0 0.0
 *
 1740000 COLDCLLU BRANCH
 1740001 1 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=FLOWS
 * GEOMETRY
 1740101 2.043E-3 0.120 0.0 0.0 -90.0 -0.120
 + 5.0E-5 0.051 0.0
 * VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG
 1740200 0 6.470E5 4.245E5 2.570E6 0.0
 * CONNECTIONS
 1741101 164010000 174000000 7.96E-4 11.0 13.9 1001
 * JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWL, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE
 1741201 0.042 0.0 0.0
 *
 * COLD LEG

*
 1800000 CLGUP SNGLVOL
 * GEOMETRY
 1800101 4.12E-4 2.32 0.0 0.0 -90.0 +2.32
 + 5.0E-5 0.0229 00
 * INITIAL COND
 1800200 0 6.601E5 4.24E5 2.570E6 0.0
 *
 1830000 COLDLEG1 SNGLJUN
 1830101 180010000 185000000
 1830102 0.0 9.6 9.6 1000
 1830201 1 0.072 0.0 0.0
 *
 1850000 CLGRISE SNGLVOL
 1850101 4.12E-4 2.30 0.0 0.0 60.0
 1850102 2.0 5.00E-5 0.0 00
 1850200 0 6.614E5 4.23E5 2.570E6 0.0
 *
 1870000 COLDLEG2 SNGLJUN
 1870101 185010000 190000000
 1870102 0.0 9.6 9.6 1000
 1870201 1 0.072 0.0 0.0
 *
 1900000 CLGDOWN SNGLVOL
 1900101 4.12E-4 1.41 0.0 0.0 -90.0
 1900102 -1.41 5.0E-5 0.0 00
 1900200 0 6.585E5 4.21E5 2.570E6 0.0
 *
 1930000 COLDLEG3 SNGLJUN
 1930101 190010000 195000000
 1930102 0.0 9.6 9.6 1000
 1930201 1 0.072 0.0 0.0
 *
 1950000 CLGFLAT SNGLVOL
 1950101 4.12E-4 3.40 0.0 0.0 0.0
 1950102 0.0 5.0E-5 0.0 00
 1950200 0 6.650E5 4.19E5 2.570E6 0.0
 *
 *
 * DOWNCOMER (UPPER PART)
 *
 *2050000 DCMRHEAD SNGLVOL
 *2050101 8.04E-4 0.61 0.0 0.0 90.0
 *2050102 0.61 5.0E-5 0.0 00
 *2050200 0 4.336E5 4.20E5 2.570E6 0.0
 *
 * DOWNCOMER (CONNECTION TO THE COLD LEG)
 *
 2100000 DCMRCONX BRANCH
 2100001 2 1
 2100101 8.04E-4 1.22 0.0 0.0 -90.0
 2100102 -1.22 5.0E-5 0.0 00
 2100200 0 6.649E5 4.18E5 2.570E6 0.0
 2101101 195010000 210000000 0.0 11.82 11.82 1001
 2102101 210010000 220000000 0.0 9.94 9.94 1000
 *2103101 210000000 205000000 0.0 0.2 0.2 1000
 2101201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 2102201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 *
 * DOWNCOMER
 *
 2200000 DOWNCMR PIPE
 2200001 6
 2200101 0.804E-3 4
 2200105 1.225E-3 6
 2200301 1.0945 1

2200302	1.22275	3									
2200305	1.283	6									
2200501	1.90.0	6									
2200801	5.08-5	0.032	4								
2200802	5.08-5	0.0395	6								
2200901	1.1	1.1	5								
2201001	00	6									
2201104	1000	5									
2201201	0	6.758E5	4.177E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				1	
2201202	0	6.866E5	4.167E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				2	
2201203	0	6.981E5	4.157E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				3	
2201204	0	7.098E5	4.146E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				4	
2201205	0	7.219E5	4.136E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				5	
2201206	0	7.340E5	4.125E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				6	
2201300	1										
2201301	0.074		0.0	0.0	5						

*

* LOWER PLENUM

*

* NEW LOWER PLENUM

*

2300000	LPFLAT2	BRANCH									
2300001	2	1									
2300101	1.83E-3	0.740	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.0E-5	0.0	0.0	
2300200	0	7.40E5	4.126E5	2.57E6	0.0						
2301101	220010000	2300000000	0.0	14.89	14.89	1000					
2302101	230010000	2400000000	0.0	14.29	14.29	1000					
2301201	0.072	0.0	0.0								
2302201	0.072	0.0	0.0								

*

2400000 LOWPLUP PIPE

*

2400001	4										
2400101	4.083E-3	2									
2400102	2.736E-3	4									
2400301	1.20	1									
2400302	1.20	2									
2400303	0.884	3									
2400304	0.826	4									
2400601	90.0	4									
2400801	5.08-5	0.0									
2400901	18.63	18.63	1	* JUNCTION LOSS COEFF.							
2400902	27.63	27.63	3								
2401001	00	4									
2401101	1000	3									
2401201	0	7.343E5	4.129E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				1	
2401202	0	7.231E5	4.134E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				2	
2401203	0	7.133E5	4.137E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				3	
2401204	0	7.052E5	4.139E5	2.570E6	0.0	0.0				4	
2401300	1										
2401301	0.072		0.0	0.0	3						

*

2450000 LPTOCORE SNGLJUN

2450101	240010000	100000000									
2450102	0.0	16.87	16.87	1000							
2450201	1	0.072	0.0	0.0							

*

* STEAM GENERATOR SECONDARY SIDE

* (PIPE OF 3 COMPONENTS, SNGLJUN, TMPDVOL)

*

2500000 SGSEC PIPE

2500001	3										
2500101	0.7501	2									
2500102	0.8302	3									
2500301	0.120	2									

* NO OF VOLS

* FLOW AREAS

* HEIGHTS

2500302 0.166
 2500601 90.0
 2500301 5.0E-5 0.0
 2500901 1.3 1.3
 2501001 00
 2501101 1000
 2501201 2 1.035E5 1.5E-5 0.0
 * 0.0 0.0 2 * INITIAL VOL COND: PRESS, STAT X
 2501202 2 1.023E5 6.9E-4 0.0 0.0 0.0 3
 2501300 0 * INITIAL JUN COND:
 2501301 0.0 0.0 0.0 2 * VELOCITIES
 *
 2560000 SECBRY SNGLJUN
 2560101 250010000 260000000 0.05 10.0 5.0 1100
 2560201 0 0.00 0.00 0.0
 *
 2600000 SECBDY TMDPVOL
 * SECONDARY SIDE BOUNDARY CONDITIONS
 2600101 1.0 0.20 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0E-5 0.0 10
 * BOUNDARY COND: PRESSURE = 1.02 BAR, QUALITY 0.07 % (\Rightarrow VOIDG=0.52)
 2600200 2
 2600201 0.0 1.02E5 0.0007
 *

 * LEAK JUNCTION - TRY CLOSING
 *
 3000000 LEAK TMDPJUN * SNGLJUN
 3000101 230000000 310000000 9.2E-4 * 10.0 1.0 1000
 * 3000201 0 0.0 0.0 0.0
 3000200 0
 3000201 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
 *
 * LEAK BOUNDARY
 *
 3100000 LEAKBDY TMDPVOL
 3100101 1.0E-3 0.5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0E-5 0.0 0.0
 3100200 0 0 UF 220060000
 * PRESSURE & INTERNAL ENERGIES & VOIDG FOLLOW UF 220-06
 3100201 4.00E5 7.4E5 4.00E5 2.573E6 0.0
 3100202 4.30E5 7.4E5 -4.30E5 2.573E6 0.0
 *

 * HEAT STRUCTURES
 *
 * STEAM GENERATOR TUBES (2 SIMILAR STRUCTURES
 * WITH DIFFERENT BOUNDARY VOLUMES)
 *
 * LOWER PART
 * NO OF STRS, NO OF MESH, CYL, STDY-ST-INIT, LEFT BDY COORD
 11621000 6 3 2 1 6.5E-3
 11621100 0 1 * MESH LOC FLAG, MESH FORMAT FLAG
 11621101 2 7.5E-3 * NO OF INTERVALS, RIGHT BDY COORD
 11621201 3 2 * COMPOSITION NO, INTERVAL NO
 11621301 0.0 2 * SOURCE TERM, -"-
 11621400 0 * INITIAL COND FLAG: TEMPERATURES FOLLOW
 11621401 375.0 1 * MESH POINT TEMPERATURES
 11621402 374.0 2
 11621403 374.0 3
 * LEFT HYDROD BDY VOLUME, INCR, BDY=CONV, SURF AREA FLG, -VAL, STR NO
 11621501 162000000 10000 1 1 4.5720 2
 11621502 162030000 10000 1 1 13.878 4
 11621503 162050000 10000 1 1 4.5720 6
 * RIGHT (AS LEFT)
 11621601 250010000 0 1 1 4.5720 2

42

11621602	250010000	0	1	1	13.878	4
11621603	250010000	0	1	1	4.5720	6
11621701	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6	* NO INTERNAL SOURCE
* LEFT BDRY DATA: CHF FLAG, DHY, HEATED EQU. DIAM, LENGTH						
11621801	0	0.013	0.013	0.757	2	
11621802	0	0.013	0.013	2.313	4	
11621803	0	0.013	0.013	0.762	6	
* RIGHT AS LEFT						
11621901	0	0.015	0.015	0.762	2	
11621902	0	0.015	0.015	2.313	4	
11621903	0	0.015	0.015	0.762	6	
*						
* UPPER PART						
11641000	6	3	2	1	6.5E-3	
11641100	0	1				
11641101	2		7.5E-3			
11641201	3	2				
11641301	0.0	2				
11641400	0					
11641401	375.0	1				
11641402	374.0	2				
11641403	374.0	3				
11641501	164010000	10000	1	1	4.5720	2
11641502	164030000	10000	1	1	13.878	4
11641503	164050000	10000	1	1	4.5720	6
11641601	250020000	0	1	1	4.5720	2
11641602	250020000	0	1	1	13.878	4
11641603	250020000	0	1	1	4.5720	6
11641701	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6	
11641801	0	0.013	0.013	0.762	2	
11641802	0	0.013	0.013	2.313	4	
11641803	0	0.013	0.013	0.762	6	
11641901	0	0.015	0.015	0.762	2	
11641902	0	0.015	0.015	2.313	4	
11641903	0	0.015	0.015	0.762	6	
*						
*						
* FUEL RODS:						
* CORE (MgO) + CLADDING (S-STEEL)						
*	NSTR	NP	CYL	STDY=YES	LEFT COORD	
11003000	11	5	2	1	0.0	
11003100	0	1			* MESH LOC = ENTER HERE	
11003101	3	3.55E-3			* NO OF INTERVALS, RIGHT COORDINATE	
11003102	1	4.55E-3				
11003201	2	3			* COMPOSITION 2 (MGO) / FIRST 3 INTERVALS	
11003203	1	4			* COMPOSITION 1 (STEEL) / 4TH INTERVAL	
11003301	0.0	1			* SOURCE = 1.0 IN MID-MGO, 0.0 ELSEWHERE	
11003302	1.0	2				
11003303	0.0	4				
11003400	-1				* INIT. TEMP FLAG = ALL STRS SEPARATELY	
* MESH POINT TEMPS FOR ALL HEAT STRUCTURES						
11003401	372.27	372.27	372.27	372.27	372.27	
11003402	383.26	383.26	382.34	381.02	380.70	
11003403	397.29	397.29	395.25	392.32	391.64	
11003404	409.18	409.18	406.32	402.23	401.30	
11003405	422.07	422.07	418.37	413.07	411.88	
11003406	429.58	429.58	425.67	420.08	418.85	
11003407	434.09	434.09	430.32	424.93	423.76	
11003408	434.34	434.34	431.16	426.61	425.63	
11003409	430.29	430.29	428.11	424.97	424.29	
11003410	422.87	422.87	421.91	420.51	420.21	
11003411	415.07	415.07	415.07	415.07	415.07	
11003501	0	0	0	1	0.0	* LEFT BDRY DATA
11003601	100010000	10000	1	1	4.408	11 * RIGHT -"-

11003701	100	0.0	1	0.0	1	* SOURCE DISTRIBUTION
11003702	100	0.0407	2	0.0	2	
11003703	100	0.0887	3	0.0	3	
11003704	100	0.1221	4	0.0	4	
11003705	100	0.1559	5	0.0	5	
11003706	100	0.1628	6	0.0	6	
11003707	100	0.1559	7	0.0	7	
11003708	100	0.1313	8	0.0	8	
11003709	100	0.0908	9	0.0	9	
11003710	100	0.0406	10	0.0	10	
11003711	100	0.0	11	0.0	11	
11003801	0	0.0	0.0	0.232	11	* LEFT EXTRA DATA
11003901	0	7.6E-3	3.1E-3	0.232	11	* RIGHT -"-"

* CORE HOUSING (EXTERNAL HEATERS)

	NSTR	NP	RECT	STDY=YES	LEFT COORD	
11005000	9	3	1	1	0.0	
11005100	0	1		*	MESH LOC = ENTER HERE	
11005101	2	5.0E-3	*	NO OF INTERVALS, RIGHT COORDINATE		
11005203	1	2	*	COMPOSITION 1 (STEEL)		
11005301	0.0	2	*	NO (RADIAL) SOURCE		
11005400	-1		*	INIT. TEMP FLAG: SEPARATE FOR ALL STRS		
11005401	389.32		391.02		392.72	
11005402	393.14		394.83		396.52	
11005403	398.02		399.70		401.39	
11005404	404.00		405.68		407.35	
11005405	410.23		411.90		413.57	
11005406	416.24		417.90		419.57	
11005407	421.44		423.10		424.76	
11005408	425.34		426.99		428.65	
11005409	427.61		429.27		430.92	
LEFT BDRY DATA						
11005501	100020000	10000	1	0	0.03762	9
RIGHT BDRY DATA (VOL 310010000 IS USED AS A DUMMY VOLUME)						
WITH FIXED HEAT FLUX FROM TABLE 101						
11005601	310010000	0	2101	0	0.03762	9
NO (AXIAL) SOURCE						
11005701	0		0.0	0.0	0.0	9
LEFT EXTRA DATA						
11005801	0	7.6E-3	0.3	0.232	9	

UPPER PLENUM (ENVIRONMENTAL LOSSES)

	NSTR	NMP	CYL	STDY=Y	LEFT COORD	
11011000	7	5	2	1	0.0315	
1101100	0	1		*	MESH LOC & FORMAT	
1101101	2	0.034		*	INTERVALS, RIGHT COORD	
1101102	2	0.100		*	COMPOSITION, INTERVALS	
1101201	1	2		*	COMPOSITION, INTERVALS	
1101202	4	4		*	RADIAL SOURCE DISTRIB	
1101301	0.0	4		*	INITIAL TEMPERATURES	
1101401	413.3	1		*	INITIAL TEMPERATURES	
1101403	413.2	3		*	INITIAL TEMPERATURES	
1101404	340.7	4		*	INITIAL TEMPERATURES	
1101405	297.2	5		*	INITIAL TEMPERATURES	
LEFT BOUNDARY DATA						
1101501	105010000	10000	1	1	0.572	4
1101502	110010000		0	1	0.858	5
1101503	115010000	10000	1	1	0.414	7
RIGHT BOUNDARY						
1101601	-200		0	3110	1	0.572
1101602	-200		0	3110	1	0.858
1101603	-200		0	3110	1	0.414

* AXIAL SOURCE

11101701 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7

* ADDITIONAL LEFT BOUNDARY DATA

11101801 0 0.063 0.063 0.0 7

* HOT LEG (ENVIRONMENTAL LOSSES)

	NSTR	NMP	CYL	STDY=Y	LEFT COORD	
11201001	9	5	2	1	0.01145	
11201100	0	1			* MESH LOC & FORMAT	
11201101	2		0.01345		* INTERVALS, RIGHT COORD	
11201102	2		0.0635			
11201201	1		2		* COMPOSITION, INTERVALS	
11201202	4		4			
11201301	0.0	4			* RADIAL SOURCE DISTRIB	
11201401	413.1	3			* INITIAL TEMPERATURES	
11201402	336.6	4				
11201403	297.7	5				
* LEFT BOUNDARY DATA						
1201501	120010000		10000	1	1	0.5685 4
1201502	125010000		0	1	1	0.559 5
1201503	140010000		10000	1	1	0.580 9
* RIGHT BOUNDARY						
1201601	-200		0	3110	1	0.5685 4
1201602	-200		0	3110	1	0.559 5
1201603	-200		0	3110	1	0.580 9
AXIAL SOURCE						
1201701	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9	
ADDITIONAL LEFT BOUNDARY DATA						
1201801	0	0.0229	0.0229	0.0	9	

COLD LEG (ENVIRONMENTAL LOSSES)

	NSTR	NMP	CYL	STDY=Y	LEFT COORD	REFLOOD=NO
1901000	4	5	2	1	0.01145	0
1901100	1201				* MESH DATA EQUAL TO HOT LEG	
1901401	374.4	3				
1901402	322.3	4				
1901403	296.2	5				
LEFT BOUNDARY DATA						
1901501	180010000		0	1	1	2.320 1
1901502	185010000		0	1	1	2.300 2
1901503	190010000		0	1	1	1.410 3
1901504	195010000		0	1	1	3.400 4
RIGHT BOUNDARY						
1901601	-200		0	3120	1	2.320 1
1901602	-200		0	3120	1	2.300 2
1901603	-200		0	3120	1	1.410 3
1901604	-200		0	3120	1	3.400 4
AXIAL SOURCE						
1901701	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4	
ADDITIONAL LEFT BOUNDARY DATA						
1901801	0	0.063	0.063	0.0	4	

DOWNCOMER

	NSTR	NMP	CYL	STDY=Y	LEFT COORD
201000	7	5	2	1	0.019
201100	0	1			* MESH LOC & FORMAT
201101	2	0.021			* INTERVALS, RIGHT COORD
201102	2	0.071			
201201	1		2		* COMPOSITION, INTERVALS
201202	4		4		
201301	0.0	4			* RADIAL SOURCE DISTRIB
201401	372.1	3			* INITIAL TEMPERATURES
201402	324.0	4			

12201403 296.5 5
 * LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 12201501 210010000 0 1 1 1.220 1
 12201502 220010000 0 1 1 0.880 2
 12201503 220020000 10000 1 1 1.22275 4
 12201504 220040000 10000 1 1 1.2830 7
 * RIGHT BOUNDARY
 12201601 -200 0 3120 1 1.220 1
 12201602 -200 0 3120 1 0.880 2
 12201603 -200 0 3120 1 1.22275 4
 12201604 -200 0 3120 1 1.2830 7
 * AXIAL SOURCE
 12201701 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7
 * ADDITIONAL LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 12201801 0 0.0380 0.0380 0.0 7
 *

* COMPOSITION TABLES

* MATERIAL PROPERTIES FOR COMPOSITION 1, CLADDING & CORE SHROUD

0100100	TBL/FCTN	1	1
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY			
0100101	293.15	14.2	
0100102	323.15	15.5	
0100103	373.15	16.0	
0100104	573.15	18.3	
0100105	723.15	21.0	
0100106	973.15	24.1	
0100107	1173.15	27.6	
VOLUMETRIC HEAT CAPACITY			
0100151	293.15	3.718E6	
0100152	323.15	3.763E6	
0100153	373.15	4.069E6	
0100154	573.15	4.408E6	
0100155	773.15	4.748E6	
0100156	1273.15	5.027E6	

MATERIAL PROPERTIES OF MGO, COMPOSITION 2

0100200	TBL/FCTN	1	1
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY			
0100201	273.15	7.10	
0100202	473.15	5.48	
0100203	673.15	3.85	
0100204	723.15	3.46	
0100205	773.15	3.18	
0100206	823.15	2.98	
0100207	873.15	2.82	
0100208	923.15	2.68	
0100209	973.15	2.57	

VOLUMETRIC HEAT CAPACITY

0100251	273.15	3.300E6
0100252	293.15	3.300E6
0100253	573.15	3.296E6
0100254	673.15	3.323E6
0100255	723.15	3.314E6
0100256	923.15	3.865E6
0100257	973.15	3.884E6

PROPERTIES OF COMPOSITION 3, STEAM GENERATOR TUBES, COPPER

* TYPE COND = TABLE VOLUM. CP = TABLE
20100200 TBL/FCTN 1 1
*
* THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY (ASSUMED CONSTANT)
20100301 385.0
*
* VOLUMETRIC HEAT CAPACITY (ASSUMED CONSTANT)
20100351 3.435E6
*
*-----
* COMPOSITION 4, MINERAL WOOL, LEG OUTER INSULATOR
*
20100400 TBL/FCTN 1 1
* CONDUCTIVITY
20100401 0.16
* VOLUMETRIC HEAT CAPACITY
20100451 2.1E5
*
*-----
* GENERAL TABLES: POWERS & LOSS BOUNDARY HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS
*
* - FUEL RODS
20210000 POWER
20210002 0.0 14.0E3
20210004 1.0E4 14.0E3
*
* - EXTERNAL HEATERS, 5 KW = 13.8 KW/M2
20210100 HTRNRATE
20210102 0.0 -13.8E3
20210104 1.0E4 -13.8E3
*
* UPPER PLenum & HOT LEG
20211000 HTC-T
20211001 0.0 6.1
20211002 10.0 26.1
20211003 1.0E4 26.1
*
* COLD LEG & DOWNCOMER
20212000 HTC-T
20212001 0.0 6.1
20212001 10.0 26.1
20212002 1.0E4 26.1
*
* ENVIRONMENT TEMPERATURE
20220000 TEMP
20220001 0.0 293.0
20220002 1.0E4 293.0
*
* ----- END OF INPUT -----

APPENDIX D

LISTING OF INPUT DATA FOR TWO-PHASE CASE

```

* REWET-III NATURAL CIRCULATION, SG 6 INIT /1/ L16-5 / JUHANI HYVARINEN
* ---- MOD2 VERSION -----
* FILLING RATIO 100 % AND POWER 12+5 kW = THE APPROXIMATE INITIAL STATE
* OF THE LEAK. PRESSURE ABOUT 3.0 BAR
*
* 100 NEW STDY-ST
101 RUN
102 SI SI
*
* CPU-REMAINING CARD
*
105 5.0 10.0
*
* HYDRODYNAMIC SYSTEM CARDS
*
* REF. VOLUME REF. ELEVATION FLUID SYSTEM NAME
120 230010000 0.0 WATER PRIMARY
121 250010000 9.5 WATER SECONDY
*
* TIME STEP CONTROL CARD(S)
*
* OPTION ssd03: ss= 7 = 4+2+1 = OMIT
* -SECOND BLOCKS OF VOL&JUN DATA
* -HEAT STRUCTURE TEMPERATURES
* d = 2 = OBTAIN MINOR EDITS AT EVERY HYDRODYNAMIC
* TIME STEP
*
*201 10.0 0.5E-6 0.8 00003 1 100 3000
*203 600.0 0.5E-6 0.66666666 00003 3 450 3000
*202 99.0 0.5E-6 0.2 00003 5 1200 3000
203 180.0 0.5E-6 0.2 00003 5 1500 3000
*
* TRIPS
*
* TRIP FROM SG INLET PRESSURE >= 2.0 MPa (20 BAR) OR <= 0.20 MPa
*
* VARIABLE OF VOLUME RELATION 2ND VAR OF 2ND VOL +CONST NOT LATCHED
>01 P 140030000 GE NULL 0 2.00E6 N
>02 P 140030000 LE NULL 0 0.20E6 N
*
* TRIP TO STOP NEAR THE STEADY STATE
*
503 MFLOWJ 300000000 LT NULL 0 1.0E-4 N
504 TIME 0 GT NULL 0 150.0 L
*
* LOGICAL TRIP(S)
*
01 501 OR 502 N
602 503 AND 504 N
*
* TRANSIENT TERMINATING TRIP(S)
*
600 601
*

```

*
* MINOR EDIT REQUESTS:
*
* TEMPERATURES
*
301 TEMPF 100010000
302 TEMPF 100110000
303 TEMPF 125010000
304 TEMPF 150010000
305 TEMPF 162010000
306 TEMPF 162020000
307 TEMPF 162040000
308 TEMPF 162050000
307 TEMPF 162060000
308 TEMPF 164010000
309 TEMPF 164020000
310 TEMPF 164040000
311 TEMPF 164050000
312 TEMPF 164060000
313 TEMPF 170010000
314 TEMPF 210010000
315 TEMPF 250010000
316 TEMPF 250020000
317 TEMPF 250030000
*
* HEAT INPUTS IN CORE
*
320 Q 100010000
321 Q 100020000
322 Q 100030000
323 Q 100040000
324 Q 100050000
325 Q 100060000
326 Q 100070000
327 Q 100080000
328 Q 100090000
329 Q 100100000
330 Q 100110000
*
* MASS FLOWS
*
332 MFLOWJ 102000000
333 MFLOWJ 162020000
334 MFLOWJ 164020000
335 MFLOWJ 220040000
336 MFLOWJ 300000000
*
* VELOCITIES
*
*349 VELFJ 256000000
*350 VELGJ 256000000
*
* PRESSURES
*
337 P 140030000
338 P 100110000
339 P 250030000
*
* SOME HEAT STRUCTURE TEMPERATURES AT SG TUBES
*
*354 HTTEMP 162100103
*355 HTTEMP 162100603
*356 HTTEMP 164100103
*357 HTTEMP 164100603
*
* HEAT INPUT RATES AT SG TUBES

*
340 Q 162010000
341 Q 162020000
342 Q 162030000
343 Q 162040000
344 Q 162050000
345 Q 162060000
*
346 Q 164010000
347 Q 164020000
348 Q 164030000
349 Q 164040000
350 Q 164050000
351 Q 164060000
*
* STEAM VOID FRACTIONS
*
353 VOIDG 250010000
354 VOIDG 250020000
355 VOIDG 250030000
*
356 VOIDG 115010000
357 VOIDG 115020000
*
358 QUALA 115020000
*
359 VOIDG 120010000
360 VOIDG 120020000
361 VOIDG 120030000
362 VOIDG 120040000
*
363 VOIDG 105010000
364 VOIDG 105020000
365 VOIDG 105030000
366 VOIDG 105040000
*
* CONTROL VARIABLES (DPS, EXCESS STEAM GENERATION, HEAT INPUTS)
*
385 CNTRLVAR 1
386 CNTRLVAR 2
387 CNTRLVAR 3
388 CNTRLVAR 4
389 CNTRLVAR 7
390 CNTRLVAR 20
391 CNTRLVAR 21
392 CNTRLVAR 22
393 CNTRLVAR 23
394 CNTRLVAR 24
395 CNTRLVAR 25
396 CNTRLVAR 26
397 CNTRLVAR 27
398 CNTRLVAR 28
*
* SPECIALITIES
*
399 CPUTIME 0
*

*
* CONTROL VARIABLES
*
*
* PRESSURE DIFFERENCES:
* DP = A0 + A1*VAR1 + A2*VAR2, DIMENSIONS NOT SCALED (SCALE=1.0)
*
* - OVER CORE

*
 * NAME TYPE SCALE INIT.VAL INIT.FLG=COMPUTE NO LIMITS
 20500100 DPCORE SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 * A0 A1 VARI CODE VOL1 CODE
 * + A2 VAR2 VOL2
 20500101 0.0 1.0 P 100010000 * CORE BOTTOM
 + -1.0 P 100110000 * CORE TOP
 *
 * - OVER HOT LEG
 *
 * NAME TYPE SCALE INIT.VAL INIT.FLG=COMPUTE NO LIMITS
 20500200 DPHTLEG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 * A0 A1 VARI CODE VOL1 CODE + A2,VAR2,VOL2
 20500201 0.0 -1.0 P 150010000 * HOT LEG COLLECTOR
 + 1.0 P 230010000 * LOWER PLenum
 *
 * - OVER COLD LEG
 *
 * NAME TYPE SCALE INIT.VAL INIT.FLG=COMPUTE NO LIMITS
 20500300 DPCDLEG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 * A0 A1 VARI CODE VOL1 CODE + A2,VAR2,VOL2
 20500301 0.0 -1.0 P 170010000 * COLD LEG COLLECTOR
 + 1.0 P 230010000 * LOWER PLenum
 *
 * DIFFERENCE OF DP'S OVER HOT AND COLD LEG
 *
 20500400 DRBCHLG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500401 0.0 1.0 CNTRLVAR 3 -1.0 CNTRLVAR 2
 *
 * VAPOR GENERATION IN CORE
 *
 20500500 VGENCORE SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500501 0.0 1.0 VAPGEN 100010000 1.0 VAPGEN 100020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100030000 1.0 VAPGEN 100040000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100050000 1.0 VAPGEN 100060000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100070000 1.0 VAPGEN 100080000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100090000 1.0 VAPGEN 100100000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 100110000
 *
 * VAPOR CONDENSATION IN STEAM GENERATOR PRIMARY SIDE
 *
 20500600 VCONDSG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500601 0.0 1.0 VAPGEN 162010000 1.0 VAPGEN 164010000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162020000 1.0 VAPGEN 164020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162030000 1.0 VAPGEN 164030000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162040000 1.0 VAPGEN 164040000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162050000 1.0 VAPGEN 164050000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 162060000 1.0 VAPGEN 164060000
 *
 * VAPORIZATION ALONG UPPER PLenum AND HOT LEG
 *
 20500800 VGENHLG SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0
 20500801 0.0 1.0 VAPGEN 105010000 1.0 VAPGEN 105020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 105030000 1.0 VAPGEN 105040000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 110010000 1.0 VAPGEN 125010000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 120010000 1.0 VAPGEN 120020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 120030000 1.0 VAPGEN 120040000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 140010000 1.0 VAPGEN 140020000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 140030000 1.0 VAPGEN 140040000
 + 1.0 VAPGEN 150010000
 *
 * STEAM CONDENSATION IN COLD LEG SIDE COLLECTOR & FALLING PIPE
 *
 20500900 VCONDCL SUM 1.0 0.0 1 0

20500901 0.0 1.0 VAPGEN 170010000 1.0 VAPGEN 180010000

* EXCESS VAPOR GENERATION

20500700	VGENEXCS	SUM	1.0	0.0				
20500701	0.0	1.0	CNTRLVAR	5	1.0	CNTRLVAR	6	0
			1.0	CNTRLVAR	8	1.0	CNTRLVAR	9

* HEAT INPUT IN CORE

20502000	QCORE	SUM	1.0	0.0				
20502001	0.0	1.0	Q	100010000	1.0	Q	100020000	0
			1.0	Q	100030000	1.0	Q	100040000
			1.0	Q	100050000	1.0	Q	100060000
			1.0	Q	100070000	1.0	Q	100080000
			1.0	Q	100090000	1.0	Q	100100000
			1.0	Q	100110000			

* HEAT INPUT IN SG SECONDARY SIDE

20502100	QSGSEC	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0		
20502101	0.0	1.0	Q	250010000	1.0	Q	250020000	
			1.0	Q	250030000			

* EXCESS HEAT INPUT

20502200	QLEXCESS	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0		
20502201	0.0	1.0	CNTRLVAR	20	-1.0	CNTRLVAR	21	

* HEAT LOSSES AT UPPER PLenum

20502500	QLOSSUP	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0		
20502501	0.0	1.0	Q	105010000	1.0	Q	105020000	
			1.0	Q	105030000	1.0	Q	105040000
			1.0	Q	115010000	1.0	Q	115020000
			1.0	Q	110010000			

* HEAT LOSSES AT HOT LEG

20502600	QLOSSHL	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0		
20502601	0.0	1.0	Q	120010000	1.0	Q	120020000	
			1.0	Q	120030000	1.0	Q	120040000
			1.0	Q	140010000	1.0	Q	140020000
			1.0	Q	140030000	1.0	Q	140040000
			1.0	Q	125010000			

* HEAT LOSSES AT COLD LEG

20502700	QLOSSCL	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0		
20502701	0.0	1.0	Q	180010000	1.0	Q	185010000	
			1.0	Q	190010000	1.0	Q	195010000

* HEAT LOSSES AT DOWNCOMER

20502800	QLOSSDC	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0		
20502801	0.0	1.0	Q	220010000	1.0	Q	220020000	
			1.0	Q	220030000	1.0	Q	220040000
			1.0	Q	220050000	1.0	Q	220060000
			1.0	Q	210010000			

* SUM OF LOSSES

20502400	QLOSSSUM	SUM	1.0	0.0	1	0		
20502401	0.0	1.0	CNTRLVAR	25	1.0	CNTRLVAR	26	

1100000 UPLCONX BRANCH
 1100001 3 1
 1100101 0.00312 0.858 0.0 0.0 90.0 0.658 5.0E-5 0.063 00
 1100200 0 2.9309E5 5.49E5 2.530E6 0.0
 1101101 105010000 110000000 0.00312 0.66 0.66 1000
 1102101 110010000 120000000 0.000412 1.22 1.22 1002
 1103101 110010000 115000000 0.00312 0.85 0.85 1000
 1101201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 1102201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 1103201 0.0 0.0 0.0

*
 * UPPER PLENUM (FROM THE HOT LEG)

1150000 UPLHEAD PIPE
 1150001 2
 1150101 0.00312 1
 1150102 0.0553 2
 1150301 0.414 1
 1150302 0.1 2
 1150401 0.0 2
 1150601 90.0 2
 1150801 5.E-5 0.063 1
 1150802 5.E-5 0.265 2
 1150901 0.16 0.16 1
 1151001 00 2
 1151101 1100
 1151201 0 2.912E5 5.49E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 1
 1151202 4 2.908E5 415.0 4.0E-4 0.0 0.0 2
 1151300 1
 1151301 0.0 0.0 0.0 1

*
 * HOT LEG (FIRST PART)

1200000 HTLGDOWN PIPE
 1200001 4 * NUMBER OF VOLUMES
 1200101 0.000412 4 * FLOW FREAS
 1200301 0.5605 4 * LENGTHS
 1200501 0.0 4 * HORIZ. ANGLES
 1200601 -60.0 4 -- * VERTICAL ORIENTATION
 1200701 -0.4925 4 * ELEVATION CHANGE
 1200801 5.0E-5 0.0229 4 * ROUGHNESS, HYDR. DIAMETER
 1200901 0.0 0.0 2
 1201001 00 4 * VOL FLAGS=FRICITION+NONEQUILIBRIUM
 1201101 1000 3 * JUN FLAGS=NOCHOKE, SMOOTH, 2VEL, FUL
 * VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS=PRESSURE, INTERNAL ENERGIES, VAPOUR VOID FRACTION
 1201201 0 2.9450E5 5.502E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 2
 1201202 0 2.9640E5 5.500E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 4
 * JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS=MASL FLOWS
 1201300 1
 1201301 0.072 0.0 0.0 3

* HOT LEG (CONNECTION TO THE PRESSURISER)

***** PRESSURIZER REMOVED BY JT

1250000 HTLGFLAT BRANCH
 1250001 2 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=MFLOW
 1250101 0.412E-3 0.559 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0E-5 0.0229 00
 1250200 0 2.907E5 5.49E5 2.530E6 0.0
 * CONNECTIONS
 1251101 120010000 125000000 4.12E-4 0.36 0.36 1000
 1252101 125010000 140000000 4.12E-4 0.36 0.36 1000
 * JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWL, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE
 1251201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 1252201 0.072 0.0 0.0

* HOT LEG (TO THE STEAM GENERATOR)

* 1400000 HOTLEGUP PIPE

1400001	4		
1400101	4.12E-4	4	
1400301	0.580	4	
1400501	0.0	4	
1400601	90.0	4	
1400701	0.580	4	
1400801	5.0E-5	0.0229	4
1400901	0.0	0.0	3
1401001	00	4	
1401101	1000	3	

* INITIAL CONDITIONS

1401201	0	2.959E5	5.490E5	2.530E6	0.0	0.0	2
1401202	0	2.950E5	5.492E5	2.530E6	0.0	0.0	4
1401300	1						
1401301		0.072	0.0	0.0	3		

*

*-

* STEAM GENERATOR, EXTENDED VERSION 2/JH 1.9.87

* HOT LEG SIDE COLLECTOR (2 BRANCHES WITH CROSSFLOW JUNCTIONS TO SG TUBES)

*

1500000 HOTCOLLW BRANCH

1500001 3 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=FLows

* GEOMETRY

1500101	2.043E-3	0.200	0.0	0.0	90.0	0.200
	+ 5.0E-5	0.051	00			

* VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG

1500200 0 2.985E5 5.520E5 2.530E6 0.0

* CONNECTIONS

1501101	140010000	150000000	4.12E-4	2.5	3.1	1000
1502101	150000000	162000000	7.96E-4	3.7	2.1	1002
1503101	150010000	154000000	2.043E-3	1.3	1.3	1000

* JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWL, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE

1501201	0.072	0.0	0.0
1502201	0.030	0.0	0.0
1503201	0.042	0.0	- 0.0

*

1540000 HOTCOLUP BRANCH

1540001 1 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=FLows

* GEOMETRY

1540101	2.043E-3	0.120	0.0	0.0	90.0	0.120
	+ 5.0E-5	0.051	00			

* VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG

1540200 0 2.970E5 5.520E5 2.530E6 0.0

* CONNECTIONS

1541101 154000000 164000000 7.96E-4 3.7 2.1 1002

* JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWL, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE

1541201 0.042 0.0 0.0

*

* STEAM GENERATOR, PRIMARY SIDE TUBING (2 PIPES)

*

1620000 SGPRIBOT PIPE

1620001 6 * NO OF PIPE VOLUMES

1620101 0.7964E-3 6 * AREAS

1620301 0.762 2 * LENGTHS

1620302 2.313 4

1620303 0.762 6

1620501 90.0 3 * HORIZ ANGLES (U-TUBE)

1620503 -90.0 6

1620601 0.0 6 * VERTIC ANGLES

1620701 0.0 6 * ELEV CHANGES

1620801 5.0E-5 0.013 6 * FRICTION DATA
 1620901 0.0 0.0 2 * JUNCTION LOSS COEFF
 1620902 0.11 0.11 3
 1620903 0.0 0.0 5
 1621001 00 6 * VOL FLAGS: FRIC+NONEQ
 1621101 1000 5 * JUN FLAGS: NOCHCKE, SMOOTH, 2VEL, CENTRAL
 * INITIAL VOLUME CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG
 1621201 0 2.985E5 5.01E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 1
 1621202 0 2.985E5 4.67E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 2
 1621203 0 2.985E5 4.38E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 3
 1621204 0 2.985E5 4.28E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 4
 1621205 0 2.985E5 4.26E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 5
 1621206 0 2.985E5 4.25E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 6
 * INITIAL JUNCTION CONDITIONS
 1621300 1 * FLOWS FOLLOW
 1621301 0.030 0.0 0.0 5
 *
 1640000 SGYRITOP PIPE
 1640001 6 * NO OF PIPE VOLUMES
 1640101 0.7964E-3 6 * AREAS
 1640301 0.762 2 * LENGTHS
 1640302 2.313 4
 1640303 0.762 6
 1640501 90.0 3 * HORIZ ANGLES
 1640503 -90.0 6
 1640601 0 6 * VERTIC ANGLES
 1640701 0.0 6 * ELEV CHANGES
 1640801 5.0E-5 0.013 6 * FRICTION DATA
 1640901 0.7 0.7 2 * JUNCTION LOSS COEFF
 1640902 2.11 2.11 3
 1640903 0.7 0.7 5
 1641001 00 6 * VOL FLAGS: FRIC+NONEQ
 1641101 1000 5 * JUN FLAGS: NOCHCKE, SMOOTH, 2VEL, FULL I
 * INITIAL VOLUME CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG
 1641201 0 2.870E5 5.47E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 1
 1641202 0 2.870E5 4.96E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 2
 1641203 0 2.870E5 4.48E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 3
 1641204 0 2.870E5 4.32E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 4
 1641205 0 2.870E5 4.29E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 5
 1641206 0 2.870E5 4.26E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 6
 * INITIAL JUNCTION CONDITIONS
 1641300 1 * FLOWS FOLLOW
 1641301 0.042 0.0 0.0 5
 *
 * COLD LEG SIDE COLLECTOR
 *
 1700000 COLDCLL BRANCH
 1700001 3 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=FLOWS
 * GEOMETRY
 1700101 2.043E-3 0.200 0.0 0.0 -90.0 -0.200
 + 5.0E-5 0.051 00
 * VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS: PRESS, UF, UG, VOIDG
 1700200 0 2.885E5 4.266E5 2.530E6 0.0
 * CONNECTIONS
 1701101 170010000 180000000 4.12E-4 3.1 2.5 1000
 1702101 162010000 170000000 7.96E-4 2.3 4.1 1001
 1703101 174010000 170000000 2.043E-3 1.3 1.3 1000
 * JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWI, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE
 1701201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 1702201 0.030 0.0 0.0
 1703201 0.042 0.0 0.0
 *
 1740000 COLDCLU BRANCH
 1740001 1 1 * NO OF JUNS, INIT=FLOWS
 * GEOMETRY
 1740101 2.043E-3 0.120 0.0 0.0 -90.0 -0.120

+ 5.0E-5 0.051 00
 * VOLUME INITIAL CONDITIONS: PRESS, UP, UG, VOIDG
 1740200 0 2.870E5 4.245E5 2.530E6 0.0
 * CONNECTIONS
 1741101 164010000 174000000 7 96E-4 2.3 4.1 1001
 * JUNCTION INITIAL CONDITIONS: MFLOWL, MFLOWG, INTERPHASE
 1741201 0.042 0.0 0.0
 *
 *
 * COLD LEG
 *
 1800000 CLGUP SNGLVOL
 * GEOMETRY
 1800101 4.12E-4 2.32 0.0 0.0 -90.0 -2.32
 + 5.0E-5 0.0229 00
 * INITIAL COND
 1800200 0 4.401E5 4.24E5 2.530E6 0.0
 *
 1830000 COLDLEG1 SNGLJUN
 1830101 180010000 185000000
 1830102 0.0 0.6 0.6 1000
 1830201 1 0.072 0.0 0.0
 *
 1850000 CLGRISE SNGLVOL
 1850101 4.12E-4 2.30 0.0 0.0 60.0
 1850102 2.0 5.00E-5 0.0 00
 1850200 0 3.014E5 4.23E5 2.530E6 0.0
 *
 1870000 COLDLEG2 SNGLJUN
 1870101 185010000 190000000
 1870102 0.0 0.6 0.6 1000
 1870201 1 0.072 0.0 0.0
 *
 1900000 CLGDOWN SNGLVOL
 1900101 4.12E-4 1.41 0.0 0.0 -90.0
 1900102 -1.41 5.0E-5 0.0 00
 1900200 0 3.085E5 4.21E5 2.530E6 0.0
 *
 1930000 COLDLEG3 SNGLJUN
 1930101 190010000 195000000
 1930102 0.0 0.6 0.6 1000
 1930201 1 0.072 0.0 0.0
 *
 1950000 CLGFLAT SNGLVOL
 1950101 4.12E-4 3.40 0.0 0.0 0.0
 1950102 0.0 5.0E-5 0.0 00
 1950200 0 3.050E5 4.19E5 2.530E6 0.0
 *
 *--
 * DOWNCOMER (UPPER PART)
 *
 *2050000 DCMRHEAD SNGLVOL
 *2050101 8.04E-4 0.61 0.0 0.0 90.0
 *2050102 0.61 5.0E-5 0.0 00
 *2050200 0 4.336E5 4.20E5 2.550E6 0.0
 *
 * DOWNCOMER (CONNECTION TO THE COLD LEG)
 *
 2100000 DCMRCONX BRANCH
 2100001 2 1
 2100101 8.04E-4 1.22 0.0 0.0 -90.0
 2100102 -1.22 5.0E-5 0.0 00
 2100200 0 3.049E5 4.18E5 2.530E6 0.0
 2101101 195010000 210000000 0.0 1.42 1.42 1001
 2102101 210010000 220000000 0.0 0.94 0.94 1000
 *2103101 210000000 205000000 0.0 0.2 0.1 1000

2101201 0.072 0.0 0.0 58
 2102201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 *
 * DOWNCOMER
 *
 2200000 DOWNCOMR PIPE
 2200001 6
 2200101 0.804E-3 4
 2200105 1.225E-3 6
 2200301 1.0945 1
 2200302 1.22275 3
 2200305 1.283 6
 2200601 -90.0 6
 2200801 5.0E-5 0.032 4
 2200802 5.0E-5 0.0395 6
 2200901 0.0 0.0 5
 2201001 00 6
 2201104 1000 5
 2201201 0 3.158E5 4.177E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 1
 2201202 0 3.256E5 4.167E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 2
 2201203 0 3.381E5 4.157E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 3
 2201204 0 3.498E5 4.146E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 4
 2201205 0 3.619E5 4.136E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 5
 2201206 0 3.740E5 4.125E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 6
 2201300 1
 2201301 0.072 0.0 0.0 5
 *
 *-----
 * LOWER PLENUM
 *
 * NEW LOWER PLENUM
 *
 2300000 LPFLAT2 BRANCH
 2300001 2 1
 2300101 1.83E-3 0.740 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.0E-5 0.0 00
 2300200 0 3.80E5 4.126E5 2.53E6 0.0
 2301101 220010000 230000000 0.0 0.89 0.89 1000
 2302101 230010000 240000000 0.0 0.29 0.29 1000
 2301201 0.072 0.0 0.0
 2302201 0 .72 0.0 0.0
 *
 2400000 LOWPLUP PIPE
 2400001 4
 2400101 4.083E-3 2
 2400102 2.736E-3 4
 2400301 1.20 1
 2400302 1.20 2
 2400303 0.684 3
 2400304 0.826 4
 2400601 90 0 4
 2400801 5.0E-5 0.0 4
 2400901 0.63 0.63 1 * JUNCTION LOSS COEFF.
 2400902 3.63 3.63 3
 2401001 00 4
 2401101 1000 3
 2401201 0 3.743E5 4.129E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 1
 2401202 0 3.631E5 4.134E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 2
 2401203 0 3.533E5 4.137E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 3
 2401204 0 3.452E5 4.139E5 2.530E6 0.0 0.0 4
 2401300 1
 2401301 0.072 0.0 0.0 3
 *
 2450000 LPTOCURE SNGLJUN
 2450101 240010000 100000000
 2450102 0.0 0.87 1.87 1000
 2450201 1 0.072 0.0 0.0

11621400 0 * INITIAL COND FLAG: TEMPERATURES FOLLOW
 11621401 375.0 1 * MESH POINT TEMPERATURES
 11621402 374.0 2
 11621403 374.0 3
 * LEFT HYDROD BDRY VOLUME, INCR, BDRY=CONV, SURF AREA FLG -VAL, STR NO
 11621501 162010000 10000 1 1 4.5720 2
 11621502 162030000 10000 1 1 13.878 4
 11621503 162050000 10000 1 1 4.5720 6
 * RIGHT (AS LEFT)
 11621601 250010000 0 1 1 4.5720 2
 11621602 250010000 0 1 1 13.878 4
 11621603 250010000 0 1 1 4.5720 6
 11621701 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 6 * NO INTERNAL SOURCE
 * LEFT BDRY DATA: CHF FLAG, DHY, HEATED EQU. DIAM LENGTH
 11621801 0 0.013 0.013 0.762 2
 11621802 0 0.013 0.013 2.313 4
 11621803 0 0.013 0.013 0.762 6
 * RIGHT AS LEFT
 11621901 0 0.015 0.015 0.762 2
 11621902 0 0.015 0.015 2.313 4
 11621903 0 0.015 0.015 0.762 6
 *
 * UPPER PART
 11641000 6 3 2 1 6.5E-3
 11641100 0 1
 11641101 2 7.5E-3
 11641201 3 2
 11641301 0.0 2
 11641400 0
 11641401 375.0 1
 11641402 374.0 2
 11641403 374.0 3
 11641501 164010000 10000 1 1 4.5720 2
 11641502 164030000 10000 1 1 13.878 4
 11641503 164050000 10000 1 1 4.5720 6
 11641601 250020000 0 1 1 4.5720 2
 11641602 250020000 0 1 1 13.878 4
 11641603 250020000 0 1 1 4.5720 6
 11641701 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 6
 11641801 0 0.013 0.013 0.762 2
 11641802 0 0.013 0.013 2.313 4
 11641803 0 0.013 0.013 0.762 6
 11641901 0 0.015 0.015 0.762 2
 11641902 0 0.015 0.015 2.313 4
 11641903 0 0.015 0.015 0.762 6
 *
 *-----
 *-----
 * FUEL RODS:
 * CORE (MgO) + CLADD. NG (S-STEEL)
 *
 * NSTR NP CYL STDY=YES LEFT COORD
 11003000 11 5 2 1 0.0
 11003100 0 1 * MESH LOC = ENTER HERE
 11003101 3 3.55E-3 * NO OF INTERVALS, RIGHT COORDINATE
 11003102 1 4.55E-3
 11003201 2 3 * COMPOSITION 2 (MGO) / FIRST 3 INTERVALS
 11003203 1 4 * COMPOSITION 1 (STEEL) / 4TH INTERVAL
 11003301 0.0 1 * SOURCE = 1.0 IN MID-MGO, 0.0 ELSEWHERE
 11003302 1.0 2
 11003303 0.0 4
 11003400 -1 * INIT. TEMP FLAG = ALL STRS SEPARATELY
 * MESH POINT TEMPS FOR ALL HEAT STRUCTURES
 11003401 372.27 372.27 372.27 372.27 372.27
 11003402 383.26 383.26 382.34 381.02 380.70
 11003403 397.29 397.29 395.25 392.32 391.64

11003404	409.18	409.18	406.32	402.23	401.30
11003405	422.07	422.07	418.37	413.07	411.88
11003406	429.58	429.58	425.67	420.08	418.85
11003407	434.09	434.09	430.32	424.93	423.76
11003408	434.34	434.34	431.16	426.61	425.63
11003409	430.29	430.29	428.11	424.97	424.29
11003410	422.87	422.87	421.91	420.51	420.21
11003411	415.07	415.07	415.07	415.07	415.07
11003501	0 0 0 1 0.0 11				* LEFT BDRY DATA
11003601	100010000 10000 1 1 4.408 11				* RIGHT -"-
11003701	100 0.0 0.0 0.0 1				* SOURCE DISTRIBUTION
11003702	100 0.0407 0.0 0.0 2				
11003703	100 0.0887 0.0 0.0 3				
11003704	100 0.1221 0.0 0.0 4				
11003705	100 0.1559 0.0 0.0 5				
11003706	100 0.1628 0.0 0.0 6				
11003707	100 0.1559 0.0 0.0 7				
11003708	100 0.1313 0.0 0.0 8				
11003709	100 0.0908 0.0 0.0 9				
11003710	100 0.0406 0.0 0.0 10				
11003711	100 0.0 0.0 0.0 11				
11003801	0 0.0 0.0 0.232 11				* LEFT EXTRA DATA
11003901	0 7.6E-3 3.1E-3 0.232 11				* RIGHT -"-

*

* CORE HOUSING (EXTERNAL HEATERS)

*

	NSTR	NP	RECT	STDY=YES	LEFT COORD
11005000	9	3	1	1	0.0
11005100	0	1			* MESH LOC = ENTER HERE
11005101	2	1.0E-3			* NO OF INTERVALS, RIGHT COORDINATE
11005203	1	2			* COMPOSITION 1 (STEEL)
11005301	0.0	2			* NO (RADIAL) SOURCE
11005400	-1				* INIT. TEMP FLAG: SEPARATE FOR ALL STRS
11005401	389.32		391.02		392.72
11005402	393.14		394.83		396.52
11005403	398.02		399.70		401.39
11005404	404.00		405.68		407.35
11005405	410.23		411.90		413.57
11005406	416.24		417.90		419.57
11005407	421.44		423.10		424.76
11005408	425.34		426.10		428.65
11005409	427.61		429.27		430.92

* LEFT BDRY DATA

11005501 100020000 10000 1 0 0.03762 9

* RIGHT BDRY DATA (VOL 310010000 IS USED AS A DUMMY VOLUME)

* WITH FIXED HEAT FLUX FROM TABLE 101

11005601 310010000 0 2101 0 0.03762 9

* NO (AXIAL) SOURCE

11005701 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 9

* LEFT EXTRA DATA

11005801 0 7.6E-3 0.0 0.232 9

*

f

* UPPER PLENUM (ENVIRONMENTAL LOSSES)

*

	NSTR	NMP	CYL	STDY=Y	LEFT COORD
11101000	7	5	2	1	0.0315
11101100	0	1			* MESH LOC & FORMAT
11101101	2	0.034			* INTERVALS RIGHT COORD
11101102	2	0.100			
11101201	1	2			* COMPOSITION, INTERVALS
11101202	4	4			
11101301	0.0	4			* RADIAL SOURCE DISTRIB
11101401	413.3	1			* INITIAL TEMPERATURES
11101403	413.2	3			

11101404 340.7 4
 11101405 297.2 5
 * LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 11101501 105010000 10000 1 1 0.572 4
 11101502 110010000 0 1 1 0.858 5
 11101503 115010000 10000 1 1 0.414 7
 * RIGHT BOUNDARY
 11101601 -200 0 3110 1 0.572 4
 11101602 -200 0 3110 1 0.858 5
 11101603 -200 0 3110 1 0.414 7
 * AXIAL SOURCE
 11101701 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7
 * ADDITIONAL LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 11101801 0 0.063 0.063 0.0 7
 *
 * HOT LEG (ENVIRONMENTAL LOSSES)
 *
 * NSTR NMP CYL STDY=Y LEFT COORD
 11201000 9 5 2 1 0.01145
 11201100 0 1 * MESH LOC & FORMAT
 11201101 2 0.01345 * INTERVALS, RIGHT COORD
 11201102 2 0.0635
 11201201 1 2 * COMPOSITION, INTERVALS
 11201202 4 4
 11201301 0.0 4 * RADIAL SOURCE DISTRIB
 11201401 413.1 3 * INITIAL TEMPERATURES
 11201402 336.6 4
 11201403 297.7 5
 * LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 11201501 120010000 10000 1 1 0.5685 4
 11201502 125010000 0 1 1 0.559 5
 11201503 140010000 10000 1 1 0.580 9
 * RIGHT BOUNDARY
 11201601 -200 0 3110 1 0.5685 4
 11201602 -200 0 3110 1 0.559 5
 11201603 -200 0 3110 1 0.580 9
 * AXIAL SOURCE
 11201701 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 9
 * ADDITIONAL LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 11201801 0 0.0229 0.0229 0.0 9
 *
 * COLD LEG (ENVIRONMENTAL LOSSES)
 *
 * NSTR NMP CYL STDY=Y LEFT COORD REFLOOD=NO
 11901000 4 5 2 1 0.01145 0
 11901100 1201 * MESH DATA EQUAL TO HOT LEG
 11901401 374.4 3
 11901402 322.3 4
 11901403 296.2 5
 * LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 11901501 180010000 0 1 1 2.320 1
 11901502 185010000 0 1 1 2.300 2
 11901503 190010000 0 1 1 1.410 3
 11901504 195010000 0 1 1 3.400 4
 * RIGHT BOUNDARY
 11901601 -200 0 3120 1 2.320 1
 11901602 -200 0 3120 1 2.300 2
 11901603 -200 0 3120 1 1.410 3
 11901604 -200 0 3120 1 3.400 4
 * AXIAL SOURCE
 11901701 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 4
 * ADDITIONAL LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 11901801 0 0.063 0.063 0.0 4
 *
 * DOWNCOMER
 *

* NSTR NMP CYL STDY-Y LEFT COORD
 12201000 7 5 2 1 0.019
 12201100 0 1 * MESH LOC & FORMAT
 12201101 2 0.21 * INTERVALS, RIGHT COORD
 12201102 2 0.071
 12201201 1 2 * COMPOSITION, INTERVALS
 12201202 4 4
 12201301 0.0 4 * RADIAL SOURCE DISTRIB
 12201401 372.1 3 * INITIAL TEMPERATURES
 12201402 324.0 4
 12201403 296.5 5
 * LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 12201501 210010000 0 1 1 1.220 1
 12201502 220010000 0 1 1 0.880 2
 12201503 220020000 10000 1 1 1.22275 4
 12201504 220040000 10000 1 1 1.2830 7
 * RIGHT BOUNDARY
 12201601 -200 0 3120 1 1.220 1
 12201602 -200 0 3120 1 0.880 2
 12201603 -200 0 3120 1 1.22275 4
 12201604 -200 0 3120 1 1.2830 7
 * AXIAL SOURCE
 12201701 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 7
 * ADDITIONAL LEFT BOUNDARY DATA
 12201801 0 0.0380 0.0380 0.0 7
 *
 *-----
 * COMPOSITION TABLES
 *-----
 *-----
 * MATERIAL PROPERTIES FOR COMPOSITION 1, CLADDING & CORE SHROUD
 *
 20100100 TBL/FCTN 1 1
 * THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY
 20100101 293.15 14.2
 20100102 323.15 15.5
 20100103 373.15 16.0
 20100104 573.15 18.3
 20100105 723.15 21.0
 20100106 973.15 24.1 --
 20100107 1173.15 27.6
 * VOLUMETRIC HEAT CAPACITY
 20100151 293.15 3.718E6
 20100152 323.15 3.763E6
 20100153 373.15 4.069E6
 20100154 573.15 4.408E6
 20100155 773.15 4.748E6
 20100156 1273.15 5.027E6
 *
 *-----
 * MATERIAL PROPERTIES OF MGO, COMPOSITION 2
 20100200 TBL/FCTN 1 1
 * THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY
 20100201 273.15 7.10
 20100202 473.15 5.48
 20100203 673.15 3.85
 20100204 723.15 3.46
 20100205 773.15 3.18
 20100206 823.15 2.98
 20100207 873.15 2.82
 20100208 923.15 2.68
 20100209 973.15 2.57
 *
 * VOLUMETRIC HEAT CAPACITY
 20100251 273.15 3.300E6

20100252 293.15 3.300E6
20100253 573.15 3.296E6
20100254 673.15 3.323E6
20100255 723.15 3.314E6
20100256 923.15 3.865E6
20100257 973.15 3.884E6
*
*-----
* PROPERTIES OF COMPOSITION 3, STEAM GENERATOR TUBES, COPPER
*
* TYPE COND = TABLE VOLUM. CP = TABLE
20100300 TBL/FCTN 1 1
*
* THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY (ASSUMED CONSTANT)
20100301 385.0
*
* VOLUMETRIC HEAT CAPACITY (ASSUMED CONSTANT)
20100351 3.435E6
*
*-----
* COMPOSITION 4 MINERAL WOOL, LEG OUTER INSULATOR
*
20100400 TBL/FCTN 1 1
* CONDUCTIVITY
20100401 0.16
* VOLUMETRIC HEAT CAPACITY
20100451 2.1E5
*
*-----
* GENERAL TABLES: POWERS & LOSS BOUNDARY HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS
*
* - FUEL RODS
20210000 POWER
20210002 0.0 12.0E3
20210004 1.0E4 12.0E3
*
* - EXTERNAL HEATERS, 5 KW = 13.8 KW/M2
20210100 HTRNRATE
20210102 0.0 -13.8E2
20210104 1.0E4 -13.8E3
*
* UPPER PLenum & HOT LEG
20211000 HTC-T
20211001 0.0 6.1
20211002 1.0 26.1
20211003 1.0E4 26.1
*
* COLD LEG & DOWNCOMER
20212000 HTC-T
20212001 0.0 6.1
20212002 1.0 26.1
20212003 1.0E4 26.1
*
* ENVIRONMENT TEMPERATURE
20220000 TEMP
20220001 0.0 293.0
20220002 1.0E4 293.0
*
. * ===== END OF INPUT =====

BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA SHEET

(See instructions on the reverse.)

2. TITLE AND SUBTITLE

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5. AUTH.

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10. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

11. ABSTRACT (200 words or less)

Natural circulation experiments carried out in the REWET-III facility in 1985 have been used for RELAP5/MOD2 assessment. The REWET-III facility is a scaled-down model of VVER-440 type reactors. The facility consists of a pressure vessel in which the downcomer is simulated with an external pipe assembly, hot and cold legs with loop seals and a horizontal steam generator. The volume scaling factor compared to the reference reactor is 1:2333.

The present paper summarizes the experiences gained in the RELAP5/MOD2 calculations of selected REWET-III single- and two-phase natural circulation experiments. The code's ability to represent the main phenomena of experiments in both cases was satisfactory.

12. KEY WORDS/DESCRIPTORS (List words or phrases that will assist researchers in locating the report.)

RELAP5/MOD2
natural circulation experiments
REWET-III facility
VVER-440 type reactors

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