



Commonwealth Edison

Quad Cities Nuclear Power Station
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RLB-92-102

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U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
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Washington, DC 20555

Reference: Quad Cities Nuclear Power Station
Docket Number 50-265, DPR-30, Unit Two

Enclosed is Licensee Event Report (LER) 92-010, Revision 00, for Quad Cities Nuclear Power Station.

This report is submitted in accordance with the requirements of the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Part 50.73(a)(2)(1)(B): The licensee shall report any operation or condition prohibited by the plant's Technical Specification.

Respectfully,

COMMONWEALTH EDISON COMPANY
QUAD CITIES NUCLEAR POWER STATION

R. L. Bax

R. L. Bax
Station Manager

RLB/TB/plm

Enclosure

cc: J. Schrage
T. Taylor
INPO Records Center
NRC Region III

STMGR 250

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PDR ADDCK 05000265
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LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) TEXT CONTINUATION

Form Rev 2.0

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TEXT Energy Industry Identification System (EIIS) codes are identified in the text as [XX]

1110 psig pressure was reached and the 4 hour hold time began. From 2207 to 0314, control room chart recorder CR 2-263-104 was occasionally checked by the same Shift Engineer. The beltline temperatures were closest to the limits during the start of the test and were closely monitored. Infrequently, other points on the recorder were looked at and compared to the previous reading to note any changes. After each check, the Shift Engineer informed the Unit Two crew involved with the QCOS 201-7 hydro test that all temperatures were acceptable. At 0314 on 03/29/92, the same Shift Engineer reviewed the required minimum temperatures stated in the procedure for non-beltline thermocouples. He again checked the chart recorder (2-263-104) and noticed that the lower head thermocouple (2-263-69-L1) was reading 166 degrees F. At 0340, it was determined this reading was below the required minimum temperature of 170.7 degrees F as required by curve A of Technical Specification Figure 3.6-1. During this 3 hour and 55 minute hold time, the RPV pressure ranged from 1110 to 1120 psig. The test was suspended at this time and the RPV pressure reduced to 1050 psig to meet the pressure-temperature requirements of Tech. Spec. Figure 3.6-1. Below are the RPV temperature points that were available on control room chart recorder CR 2-263-104 and the temperature data recorded during the hydrostatic test.

CONTROL ROOM CHART RECORDER - CR 2-263-104

Point #1 RPV Flange	TE 2-263-69-A1	(non-beltline)
Point #2 RPV Steam	TE 2-263-69-B1	(non-beltline)
Point #3 RPV Below Water	TE 2-263-69-C1	(non-beltline)
Point #4 FW Nozzle N4B	TE 2-263-69-D1	(non-beltline)
Point #7 RPV Above Skirt	TE 2-263-69-H1	(non-beltline)
Point #9 RPV Bottom Head	TE 2-263-69-L1	(non-beltline)
Point #10 RPV Head	TE 2-263-66-A1	(non-beltline)
Point #13 RPV Core	TE 2-263-69-F2	(beltline)
Point #14 RPV Core	TE 2-263-69-F3	(beltline)

APPROX TIME	POINT: (In Degrees Fahrenheit)								
	#1	#2	#3	#4	#7	#9	#10	#13	#14
3/28									
2200	173.6	187.0	189.0	183.1	183.6	184.0	177.9	189.0	189.3
2245	175.7	189.9	192.1	185.9	186.5	172.5	180.8	192.2	192.4
2300	177.6	190.4	192.6	186.4	187.7	170.6	181.4	192.5	192.8
2330	178.6	190.9	193.1	186.6	187.5	168.1	181.8	193.1	193.3
3/29									
0015	180.2	192.0	193.6	187.3	187.8	166.1	182.0	193.4	193.8
0100	181.9	192.7	193.9	187.4	188.1	164.3	183.4	193.0	194.0
0200	182.8	193.1	194.1	187.8	188.3	165.1	184.2	193.9	194.4
0300	183.6	193.6	194.6	188.1	188.8	166.4	185.0	194.4	194.7
0314	183.7	193.7	194.7	188.5	189.0	166.7	185.2	194.6	194.9
0320	173.9	193.8	194.8	188.4	189.0	166.8	185.2	194.7	195.0

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C. APPARENT CAUSE OF EVENT:

This report is being submitted in accordance with 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(1)(B), which requires the reporting of any operation or condition prohibited by the Plant's Technical Specifications. The cause of this event is personnel error. The Shift Engineer performing the test also wrote the QCOS 201-7 procedure. He understood the RPV pressure/temperature curve requirements. The actual temperature points, however were insufficiently monitored during the test to assure compliance with the minimum required temperatures. A contributing cause of the event was a lack of specific guidance in the QCOS 201-7 procedure for monitoring RPV temperature points. The test procedure contains the Technical Specification temperature curve and a list of beltline and non-beltline temperature points. However, the procedure did not specify the essential temperature points to monitor or the frequency for checking them.

During post discussions of this event, it was determined that the temperature drop was associated with the injection of water through the CRD system. The CRD system injects cold water into the bottom of the RPV and produces a localized cool spot. The bottom head temperature dropped from 184.0 to 164.3 degrees F and then stabilized at roughly 166 degrees F.

D. SAFETY ANALYSIS OF EVENT:

The safety significance of this event was minimal. Boiling Water Reactor Engineering Department (BWRED) evaluated the unanticipated event using analysis methods of ASME Section XI Appendix E. Margin against crack initiation required in Appendix E is about 2. During the pressure-temperature conditions of this event, a margin against crack initiation c^- at least 4.2 was calculated. This margin of 4.2 is about twice the Appendix E required margin of 2. The unanticipated low bottom head temperature which occurred during the hydrostatic pressure test had a sufficient margin against crack initiation and propagation. Therefore, the vessel can be operated safely without concerns for its structural integrity.

E. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

Immediate corrective actions were taken to restore the RPV to within the required temperature-pressure range of Tech. Spec. Figure 3.6-1. The test was suspended and the RPV was depressurized to 1050 psig. This 1050 psig pressure was within the acceptable range on Tech. Spec. Figure 3.6-1 for the RPV temperature at this time.

The performance of the Shift Engineer has been reviewed and disciplinary action will be administered.

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Additional corrective action for this event includes the revision of two procedures. The QCOS 201-7 procedure, along with QCOS 201-4 (Reactor Vessel and Primary Systems Leakage Test), will be revised to clearly state which thermocouples are essential during the performance of these procedures. This revision will also provide a better method to document at what interval the thermocouples are to be monitored and the minimum thermocouple temperature requirements. A note will also be added to make personnel aware of the effect that the cool water can have on RPV temperature when the CRD system is started (NTS #2652009204601).

F. PREVIOUS EVENTS:

There are no previous reportable occurrences that match this event. An incident similar to this involving deficient procedures is documented in Licensee Event Report 04-02-90-013, Torus Level Below Technical Specification Limit Due To Procedure Deficiency.

G. COMPONENT FAILURE DATA:

There is no component failure associated with this event.