NORTHEAST UTILITIES

General Offices Selden Street, Berlin Connecticut

estern Massachusetts Electric Company Joke Water Power Company priheast Utilities Service Company priheast Utilities Service Company

P O BOX 270 HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT 06141-0271 (203)665-5000

Re: 10CFR50.73 May 5, 1992 MP-92-467

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Document Control Desk Washington, D.C. 20555

Reference: Facility Operating License No. NPF-49 Docket No. 50-423 Licensee Event Report 92-011-00

Gentlemen:

This letter forwards Licensee Event Report 92-011-00 required to be submitted within thirty (30) days pursuant to 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(iv), any event or condition that resulted in manual or automatic actuation of any Engineered Safety Feature (ESF).

Very truly yours,

NORTHEAST NUCLEAR ENERGY COMPANY

caci Stephen E! \$1.308

Director, Millstone Station

SES/NDH:ljs

Attachment: LER 92-011-00

- cc: T. T. Martin, Region I Administrator
 - W. J. Raymond, Senior Resident Inspector, Millstone Unit Nos. 1, 2 and 3
 - V. L. Rooney NRC Project Manager, Millstone Unit No. 3

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NRO Form 386 16-69	U.S. MUCLEA	R REGULATORY COMMIS	SION	APPI	EXPRESI 4	4/30/92					
	CENSEE EVENT REPORT		Estimated burds information colle comments regar and Reports Main Regulatory Committe Paperwork R Management and	n per tesponse oftion request ang surber est hagement Brann mission Wash aduction Project Eudget Wash	to comply with this 50.0 prs. Forward timate to the Rectory to 19830, U.S. Nuclear unition, DC 20855, and to or (3150-0104). Office of hington, DC 20853						
FACERY NAME (1)	A 201	a y mar - de la seconda de		0	SORE T NUMBE	A (2)	QE (9)				
	Mulsione Nuclear Power	Station Unit 3		10	500	0 4 2 3 10	F[0]4				
Reactor	Trip During Thermal Ba	ckwashing Due to D	esign De	ficiency							
EVENT DATE (5)	LER NUMBER (6)	REPORT DATE (7)		OTHER P	AOLITIES INVO	DLVEC (8)					
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OPERATING MODE (8)	THIS REPORT IS BEING SUBMIT	TED PURSUANT TO THE P	REQUIREME	NTS OF 10 OPA I	Check one t	or more of the tollow!	101(11)				
	20.402(b)	20.408(c)	-X-	50,73(a)(2)(iv	in the size	73 7116)					
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		00-30(0)(2)	-	20.73.(A)(2)(9))		Abstract below a Text, NRC Form	100 ID 366A)				
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		LICENSEE CONTACT FO	R THIS LEP	(12)							
NAME					L	ELEPHONE NUMBER					
Nelson D. I	Hulme, Sen or Engineer,	Ext. 5398			AREA CODE	4 4 7 - 1 1	71811				
	COMPLETE ONE LINE FOR	EACH COMPONENT FAILU	RE DESCR	BED IN THIS REP	ORT (13)						
CAUSE SYSTEM COM	PONENT MANUFAC- REPORT	DS CAU	SEISYSTEN	COMPONENT	MANUFAC- TURER	REPORTABLE TO NPROS					
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YES (If yes, com	plete EXPECTED SUBMISSION DA	TE) X NO			SUBMISSION DATE (15)		1				
ABSTRACT ILlimit to 3 On April 5, 15	400 spaces, i.e., approximately fit 192, at 1715 hours with th	teen single-snace typewritt he mlant at 100 merc	en lines); (1 emt. isowe	6) •r. the reacto	r was mani	ually tripped due	- 10				

the loss of the operating condensate pumps. Operations had just completed a backwash of the the E circulating water bay. During the backwash, the E Circulating Water (CW) Pump was stopped and a large amount of debris piled up in front of the E Traveling Screen. After the backwash, the E CW Pump was restarted and the F CW Pump was stopped in preparation for backwashing the F Bay. Shortly after stopping the F CW Pump, the E CW Pump tripped. As a result, cooling to one of the three condenser bays was completely lost. This caused hotwell level to fluctuate, and resulted in reaching the iow level trip setpoint for the condensate pumps.

The root cause for this incident is design deficiency. The E Traveling Water Screen was not capable of running in the reverse direction while performing a thermal backwash. Additionally, the E screen did not have sufficient capacity when operated in the forward direction to handle the influx of debris. Divers removed debris from in front of the travel water screens. The traveling screen units are being replaced with units which have 300% of the debris removal capacity.

NRC F	Form 366A U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSI	N		APPROVED ON	48 NO 3164	0-0104						
(0+69)	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)	Encir unter secon and Redo the f Man	EXPRES 4 30/22 Entimated burden by response to comply with this internation optication request 50, 0 his Forward comments reparding burden estimate to the Rabor and Reports Management Branch (p-530), U.S. N Regulatory Commission Weatington DC 20555 the Paperwork Reduction Project (3150–0104), CM Management and Budget, Washington DC 20503									
FAOLI	ITY NAME (1) DOOKET NUMBER	21		LER NUMBER	(6) Testveaner		PAC	λΕ (3)				
	Millstone Nuclear Power Station	4 2 3 9	12	O 1 1	NUMMER 0 0	012	OF	014				
TEXT	If more space is required, use additional NRC Form 366A (c) (17)	and the state of the sectors	- Anna Arra	of many by systems to								
. I.	Description of Event											
	On April 5, 1992, at 1715 hours with the plant in Mo- degrees Fahrenheit and a pressure of 2250 psia, the re- operating condensate pumps. The condensate pumps at hotwell level. Operations had just completed a backwass backwash, the E Circulating Water (CW) Pump was sto Pump was started and the F CW Pump was stopped in Within 9 minutes of starting the E CW Pump, it trippe Because F CW Pump was not in operation, cooling wat bays was completely lost. This resulted in a pressure/va hotwell level to fluctuate, and resulted in reaching the At the time of the trip, operations verified that the Rei control rods were fully inserted, and that neutron flux received due to low Average Reactor Covilant system to	e 1 at 100 actor was n tomatically h of the th preparation on traveli er (i.e.: he cuum imba ow level tri ctor Trip a vas decreas	I perc nanua tripp e E con o for ing sc tat sin lance ip set ind B sing	ent power a illy tripped bed because inculating w upleting the performing reen high d k) to one of within the point for the ypass Break A Feedwate	at a temp due to ti of a low vater bay backwas an F bay lifferentia of the thu condense e conder ters were tr Isolatic	eratur te loss cond Durit h, the back l level ree co. tr. cau tr. cau tr. cau tr. cau tr. cau tr. cau tr. cau tr. cau	e of of the enset ng the E C wash ndere- ised oump , that	587 he W Ser 5.				
П.	Feedwater actuation occurred as a result of a steam ge plant responses following a trip. No additional Engineer plant was stable in Mode 3 (Hot Standby) and trendin Cause of Event	erator low ed Safety I to no load	-low Featur d Tav	level signal res were res e at 1735 l	These a quired or nours.	re noi initia	rmal ted, 1	The				
	The west source for this incident is design definingers. The E Transline Wigner Course over set working for											
	running in the reverse direction while performing a thermal backwash due to structural degradation. Additionally, the E screen did not have sufficient capacity when operated in the forward direction to handle the influx of debris.											
A drawing is attached which shows the backwash lineup. When the E CW Bay was the backwashed, the F CW Pump drew water from the F Bay, pumped it through through Water Box, around to the E Condenser Water Box, and then out through the stopped The backwash flushes debris and old mussels from the pump side of the traveling screen units. With the E Traveling Water Screen Unit in forward, the debris is swept side to the front of the traveling water screen units. After the backwash of the E CW complete, preparations were made to backwash the F CW Pump Intake. When E CW the debris apparently began depositing on the E Traveling Water Screen Unit. The debris the debris temoval capacities and differential level developed and the E CW Pump tripped.								mally Condenser E CW Pump i units to the com the pump Pump Intake was Pump was started, is from the of the screen. A				
111.	Analysis of Event											
	This event is reportable in accordance with 10CFR50.7 manual or automatic actuation of any Engineering Safe System. Immediate notification, were made in accordan	3(a)(2)(iv) y Feature, ce with 10	, any inclu CFR:	event or c ding the Re (0.72(b)(2)	ondition tactor Pri (ii).	that re otectio	isults m	in				
	The reactor trip was manually initiated because a reactor/turbine trip due to the loss of condensate flow was imminent. The A train service water pumps are not affected by the loss of E and F CW pumps. Also, there was no effect on the B train lead service water pump since it was aligned to the D bay by procedure. This event posed no significant safety consequences.											

	· LICENSEE EVENT REPOR TEXT CONTINUATIO	T (LER) DN	R)					Information collection request 80.0 m/s Porward comments regarding burger estimate to the Records and Reports Management Branch (p.530), U.S. Nuclea Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555 and to the Rapprwork Reduction Project (2150-0104), DI ce of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20505									
FADILIT	Millstor* Nuclear Power Station Unit 3	00	GRET N		(2)	2	3	YEAR 9 2	-	BECA NAL	ENTA MBER	F (6)	REN	MERCINA MERCINA	013	OF	36 0
EXT (II.)	more space is required, use additional MRC Form	0.946A (s) (17		kana dara	abaran .	de ante and	unale		i harman	der onen	h-u-chie	-	darine a			h	le miner h
IV.	Corrective Action																
	It was recognized from previous events that the capacity of the Traveling Water Screens Units was inadequate. There is an ongoing project to replace all of the screen units. The A, B, C, and F Traveling Water Screen Units have been replaced with higher capacity screen units. The new units have approximately 300% of the debris removal capacity of the previous units. The original screen units are made out of carbon steel and have degraded such that reverse operation is not dependable. The new screen units, are stainless steel and reinforced to ensure reliable operation. All screen units are expected to be replaced by the third quarter of 1992.													elin e cte			
	Divers removed the debris from in front of the E and F Traveling Water Screens. The procedure for backwashing the CW pump bays was modified to require CW Pumps that had been started following a backwash evolution to be run in parallel with the other CW pumps for 30 minutes prior to stopping the CW Pump on the next bay selected for backwash. Whenever possible, the traveling water screen which is being backwashed will be run in reverse in order to carry debris over the top and into an area where the screen wash is most effective in removing debris.																
V.	Additional Information																
	All equipment functioned satisfactorily to bring the primary plant and secondary plant to a stable condition. Following feedwater isolation, the motor-driven feed pump and moisture separator drain pumps continued to operate. This caused the pressure downstream of the feed pump to increase above the setpoint for the first point feedwater heaters thermal rehef valves. The relief valves cycled repeated resulting in low cycle fatigue. A through-wall crack developed in the inlet piping to the B First Point Feedwater Relief Valve at the socket weld in a flange connection. The cracked pipe was replaced and blank spool pieces were installed in place of the thermal relief valves for three first point feedwater heaters. The blank spools will remain installed pending an engineering design review to determine the appropriate modifications needed to prevent failure of the relief and relief piping.												e cil				
	Licensee Event Report (LER) numbers 88-024, 89-005, 90-011, 90- 013, and 90-014 are similar in that a traveling water screen high differential level caused CW pump trips that resulted in a plant trip. This is the first even, that can be directly auributed to debris buildup due to backwash resulting in clogging of the travel water screens.																
	EIIS Codes																
	Systems Components																
	Circulating Water System - KE Pumps - P Traveling Water Screens - SCN Condenser - COND																

