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CALCULATION CROSS-INDEX

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CCN CONVERSION CCN NO. CCN -

Subject EVAPORATION TIME OF ENTRAPPED MOISTURE IN E-419 Sheet No. 3

REV	ORIGINATOR	DATE	IRE	DATE	REV	ORIGINATOR	DATE	IRE	DATE
	F. Udrea		Gregovich						

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Subject EVAPORATION TIME OF ENTRAPPED MOISTURE IN E-419 Sheet No.

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PURPOSE/BACKGROUND

During idle periods of operation, the entrapped air in the intake plenum of the Control Room Emergency Air Conditioning Units, E-418 and 419, contains moisture vapors that may degrade the effectiveness of the charcoal filters.

Calculation M-0073-125 determined that, under design conditions, the relative humidity of the entrapped air will not exceed the maximum allowable limit of 70%.

This calculation assumes that the water vapor in the entrapped air will reach its dewpoint and will condense into a water film on the bottom surface of E-419 unit plenum.

The purpose of this calculation is to determine the time for the condensed water to evaporate when the unit is restarted. Emergency Air Conditioning Unit, 419, is considered the conservative case based on the results of the Calculation M-0073-125.

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II. RESULTS/CONCLUSIONS:

For the Control Room Emergency Air Conditioning Unit, E-419, the time to evaporate the condensation from the entrapped moist air is 1.34 hours.

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III. ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. Upon shutdown of CREACUS, Train B, the air entrapped in volume (V), is initially at 68.32° F and 51% RH (Reference 1 and design Input 2). It is assumed that the entrapped air will cool to the dew point, 50° F and 100% RH at which point condensation will occur (see point 2 on the psychometric chart). 50° F is well below the coldest postulated temperature in the Fan Room. It is only assumed for purpose of forcing condensation in the entrapped air.
- 2. To conservatively evaluate the evaporation time, it was assumed that the moisture content of the entrapped air volume is confined within the volume inside E-419 directly upstream of charcoal filter beds and charcoal filter material is impervious to water.
- 3. All condensation will collect on the bottom surface of E-419 which will contain traces of moisture (see surface S on the sketch in the Appendix). Thus, moisture film (surface) evaporation will take place. This is conservative since it provides less evaporation surface than would otherwice be expected.
- 4. For conservatism, the evaporation rate is calculated from 100%RH to 70%RH (corresponding to 64° FDB temperature), point 3 to point 4 on the psychrometric chart (see sheet 13).
- 5. For conservative results, rate of evaporation for parallel flow will be used in the evaluation.
- 6. Air velocity at the boundary (duct sides) is considered 1/3 of the velocity across the E-419 filter section (Reference 3 page 106)
- 7. The mixing of outside air and return air is perfect.

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Subject EVAPORATION TIME OF ENTRAPPED MOISTURE IN E-419 Sheet No. 7

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IV. **DESIGN INPUT**

- 1. Volume (V): 2388 ft3 (References 4,5 and 6, see sketch in the appendix)
- Where: (V) represents the volume define by the A-206 fan assembly, the ductwork between A-206 and E-419, E-419 plenum upstream of the charcoal filter and the HV-9778 damper on the return air duct (see sketch in the appendix).
- 2. Conditions of trapped air (V) t_m: 68.32° F and 51% RH (Reference 1) (see point 1 on the psychrometric chart on sheet 13)
- 3. The moisture in contact with recirculated air tends to follow the saturation line to the wet bulb temperature of the recirculated air, point 3 (57.5° F and 100% RH) on the psychrometric chart sheet 13 (Reference 2, page 5-13). This condition would apply to the condensed moisture when the HVAC Train is restared.
- 4. Air flow across the Emergency Air Conditioning Unit E-419 is: 35,705 CFM (Reference 7)

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Subject EVAPORATION TIME OF ENTRAPPED MOISTURE IN E-419

Sheet No.

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V. METHODOLOGY

The total mass of moisture entrapped in volume (V) is determined from its initial condition. This entrapped air is assumed to cool to its dew point temperature and all moisture is assumed to condense and collect on the bottom surface of Emergency Air Conditioning Unit, E-419, plenum in an uniform water film.

The evaporation rate of the water film is calculated using the evaporation formula for parallel air flow (the air flow is parallel to the surface area of water being evaporated).

The evaporation time is then calculated by dividing the mass of condensed water by the evaporation rate.

All cooling and evaporation process are shown on the enclosed psychometric chart (sheet 13).

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Subject EVAPORATION TIME OF ENTRAPPED MOISTURE IN E-419

Sheet No. 9

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	F. Udrea		Gregovich						

VI. REFERENCES:

- 1. Calculation M-0073-125
- 2. Fan Engineering by Buffalo Forge Co., Eighth Edition
- 3. Fan Engineering by Buffalo Forge Co., Fifth Edition
- 4. Filter House, Aux. Bldg., Control Room Complex Emergency Air Conditioning Unit
- # E419, SO23 410-1-8 Rev. 11
- 5. Area CA9, HV&AC El 50'-0" to 30'-0", 41358 Rev. 12
- 6. Area CA9 &CA10 HV&AC Partial Plan, 41368 Rev.9
- 7. Air Flow Diagram Train B Control Bldg.- El 30'-0", 40096 Rev. 13

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VII. NOMENCLATURE

Nomenclature is defined in the body of the calculation.

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Subject EVAPORATION TIME OF ENTRAPPED MOISTURE IN E-419 Sheet No. //

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VIII. CALCULATION:

1. Determine the mass of vapor in volume (V):

At 50°F, the vapor density is 0.000587 LB/ft3 (Reference 3, page 20)) Total mass of water vapor in volume V = 2388 ft3 (Reference Design Input 1) is: 2388 x 0.000587 = 1.4 LB water vapor

2. Determine the rate of evaporation:

The rate of evaporation with parallel air flow is (Reference 2 page 5-13)

$$m_{v \text{ parallel}} = S = 95 + 0.425 v (p_{ws} - p_w)$$

m = rate of evaporation in LB/Hr

v = velocity of air flow in ft./min.

pws = vapor pressure corresponding to water temperature in inches of mercury

pw = vapor pressure of the moist air in inches of mercury

h_w = latent heat of evaporation in BTU/LB

S = exposed water surface in ft²

The air velocity across the E-419 unit is:

= 155.33 ft/min

$$v = 155.33 / 3 = 51.77 \text{ ft/min (Assumption 6)}$$

$$p_w = p_s x RH$$

Where: $p_s = 0.6009$ vapor pressure of the dry bulb temperature $64^{\circ}FDB$ (Assumption 4 and Reference 2, Table 1.7)

point 4 on the psychrometric chart, sheet 13

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Subject EVAPORATION TIME OF ENTRAPPED MOISTURE IN E-419 Sheet No. /2

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RH = relative humidity, 70% (Assumption 4) point (4) on the psychrometric chart

 $= 0.6009 \times 0.70 = 0.4206$ inches Hg

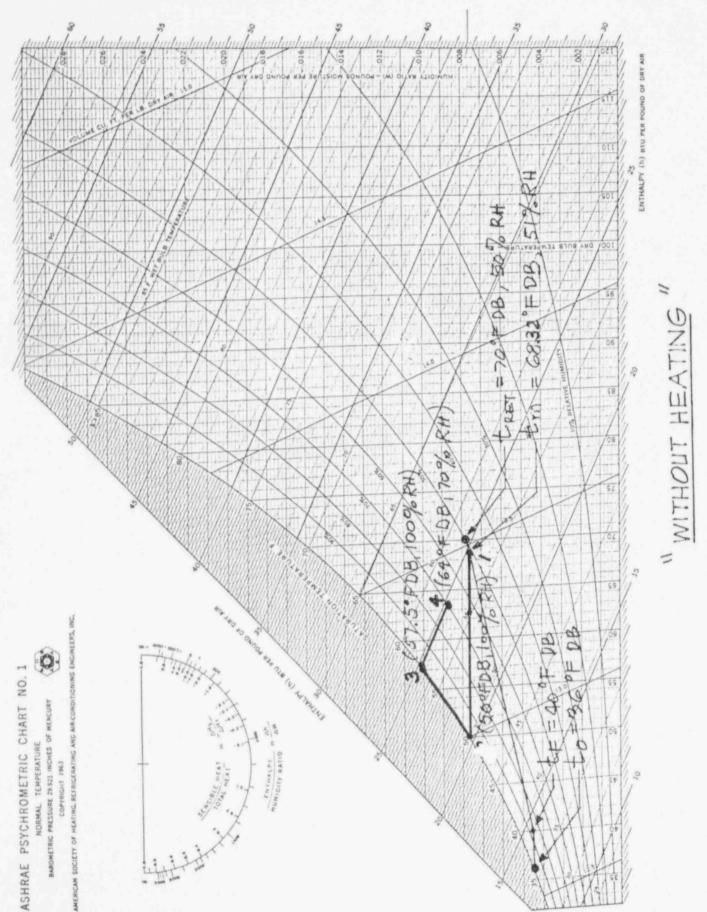
him = 1065 BTU/LB at 50° FWB dew point (Assumption 1 and Reference 2, Fig. 1.5) S_{bottom} = 10.25 x 14.83 = 152 ft² (Assumption 3 and sketch in the Appendix)

 $m_{v \text{ boundary}} = 152 \left(\frac{95 + 0.425 \times 51.77}{0.4832 - 0.4206} \right)$ 1065 $= 152 \times 0.1098 \times 0.0626 = 1.045 LB/Hr$

3. Determine the time to evaporate the entrapped moist air:

With an evaporation rate of 1.045 LB/H, will take 1.4 LB/ 1.045 LB/Hr = 1.34 Hr. .

SONGS UNIT 283, TRAIN B



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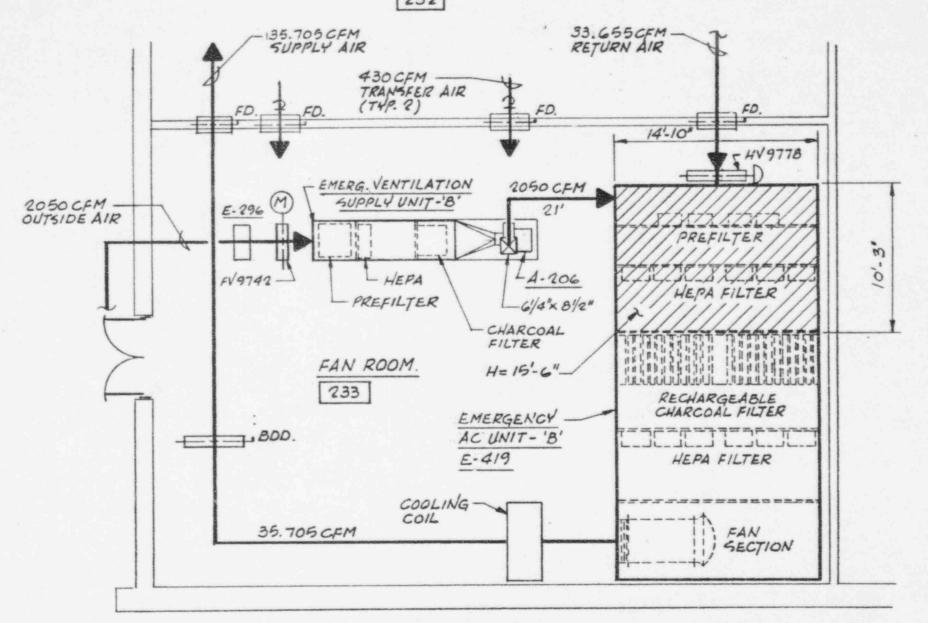
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I, APPENDICES

SHADED AREA REPRESENTS AREA OF EVAPORATION. (SBOTTOM)

COMPUTER ROOM



FAN ROOM 233 - TRAIN 'B'

REF. B.