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Attached Marked-Up Pages of the Technical Specifications

Attachment 3 to U-602520 LS-95-007 Page 2 of 5 RPS Instrumentation 3.3.1.1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

* *

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.1.16	Verify Turbine Stop Valve Closure and Turbine Control Valve Fast Closure Trip Oil Pressure-Low Functions are not bypassed when THERMAL POWER is ≥ 40% RTP.	18 months
SR 3.3.1.1.17 and analog trip modules	 Neutron detectors are excluded. For Functions 3, 4, and 5 in Table 3.3.1.1-1, the channel sensors are excluded. 	
	 The STAGGERED TEST BASIS Frequency for each Function shall be determined on a per channel basis. 	
	Verify the RPS RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	18 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

No changes. Provided for continuity only. Attachment 3 to U-602520 LS-95-007 Page 3 of 5 RPS Instrumentation

3.3.1.1

Table 3.3.1.1-1 (page 2 of 3) Reactor Protection System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REGUIRED ACTION D.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
3.	Reactor Vessel Steam Dome Pressure – High	1,2	4	н	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15 SR 3.3.1.1.17	≾ 1080 psig
4.	Reactor Vessel Water Level — Low, Level 3	1,2	4	н	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15 SR 3.3.1.1.17	⊁ 8.3 inches
5.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - High, Level 8	≥ 25 % RTP	4	F	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15 SR 3.3.1.1.17	≰ 52.6 inches
6.	Main Steam Isolation Valve — Closure	1	4	G	SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15 SR 3.3.1.1.17	≤ 12% closed
7.	Orywell Pressure — High	1,2	4	м	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15	≤ 1.88 psig
8.	Scram Discharge Volume Water Level — High					
	a. Transmitter	1,2	4	н	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15	<pre>≤ 40-1/4 inches for 1C11- N601A,B and ≤ 39-3/16 inches for 1C11-N601C,D</pre>
		5(a)	4	1	SR 3.3.1.1.1 SR 3.3.1.1.9 SR 3.3.1.1.10 SR 3.3.1.1.13 SR 3.3.1.1.15	<pre>≤ 40-1/4 inches for 1C11- N601A,B and ≤ 39-3/16 inches for 1C11-N601C,0</pre>
						(continued

(a) With any control rod withdrawn from a core cell containing one or more fuel assemblies.

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Primary Containment and Drywell Isolation Instrumentation 3.3.6.1

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- NOTES-----1. Refer to Table 3.3.6.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each Primary Containment and Drywell Isolation Function.
- When a channel is placed in an inoperable status solely for performance of 2. required Surveillances, entry into associated Conditions and Required Actions may be delayed for up to 6 hours, provided the associated Function maintains isolation capability.

		SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR	3.3.6.1.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR	3.3.6.1.2	Perform CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST.	92 days
SR	3.3.6.1.3	Calibrate the analog trip module.	92 days
SR	3.3.6.1.4	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	92 days
SR	3.3.6.1.5	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	18 months
SR	3.3.6.1.6	Perform LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST.	18 months
SR	3.3.6.1.7	 Channel sensors are excluded. 	
nd ana ip modu	log vies	2. The STAGGERED TEST BASIS Frequency for each Function shall be determined on a per channel basis.	
		Verify the ISOLATION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME for the main steam isolation valves is within limits.	18 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

Attachment 3 to U-602520 LS-95-007

No Changes. Provided) for continuity only. Primary Containment and Drywell Isolation Instrumentation

3.3.6.1

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS PER FUNCTION	CONDITIONS REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION F.1	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	ALLOWABLE VALUE
. Mai	n Steam Line Isolation					
a.	Reactor Vessel Water Level - Low Low Low, Level 1	1,2,3	4	G	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.6 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ •147.7 inche
b.	Main Steam Line Pressure - Low	1	4	н	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.6 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≥ 837 psig
с.	Main Steam Line Flow — High	1,2,3	4	G	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.6 SR 3.3.6.1.7	≤ 178 psid
d.	Condenser Vacuum — Low	1,2 ^(a) , 3 ^(a)	4	G	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.3 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.6	Hg vacuum
e.	Main Steam Tunnel Temperature — High	1,2,3	4	G	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.6	
ŧ.	Main Steam Line Turbine Building Temperature — High	1,2,3	4	G	SR 3.3.6.1.1 SR 3.3.6.1.2 SR 3.3.6.1.5 SR 3.3.6.1.6	≤ 142°F, Nodule 5
9.	Manual Initiation	1,2,3	4	J	SR 3.3.6.1.6	на

Table 3.3.6.1-1 (page 1 of 7) Primary Containment and Drywell Isolation Instrumentation

(a) With any turbine stop valve not closed.

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Technical Specification Bases Changes

Attachment 4 to U-602520 LS-95-007 Page 2 of 5 RPS Instrumentation B 3.3.1.1

BASES

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued) SR 3.3.1.1.16

This SR ensures that scrams initiated from the Turbine Stop Valve Closure and Turbine Control Valve Fast Closure, Trip Oil Pressure-Low Functions will not be inadvertently bypassed when THERMAL POWER is \geq 40% RTP. This involves calibration of the bypass channels. Adequate margins for the instrument setpoint methodology are incorporated into the actual setpoint.

If any bypass channel setpoint is nonconservative such that the Functions are bypassed at $\geq 40\%$ RTP (e.g., due to open main steam line drain(s), main turbine bypass valve(s) or other reasons), then the affected Turbine Stop Valve Closure and Turbine Control Valve Fast Closure, Trip Oil Pressure—Low Functions are considered inoperable. Alternatively, the bypass channel can be placed in the conservative condition (nonbypass). If placed in the nonbypass condition, this SR is met and the channel is considered OPERABLE.

The Frequency of 18 months is based on engineering judgment and reliability of the components.

SR 3.3.1.1.17

This SR ensures that the individual channel response times are less than or equal to the maximum values assumed in the accident analysis. The RPS RESPONSE TIME acceptance criteria are included in plant Surveillance procedures.

and analog trip modules)

As noted, neutron detectors are excluded from RPS RESPONSE TIME testing because the principles of detector operation virtually ensure an instantaneous response time. In addition, for Functions 3, 4, and 5, the associated sensors are not required to be response time tested. For these Functions, response time testing for the remaining channel components, including the ATMs, is required. This allowance is supported by Reference 10.

RPS RESPONSE TIME tests are conducted on an 18 month STAGGERED TEST BASIS. Note 3 of SR 3.3.1.1.17 requires STAGGERED TEST BASIS Frequency for each Function to be

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No changes. Provided for continuity only.

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> RPS Instrumentation B 3.3.1.1

BASES	
SURVEILLANCE	<u>SR 3.3.1.1.17</u> (continued)
REQUIREMENTS	determined separately based on the four channels as specified in Table 3.3.1.1-1. This Frequency is based on the logic interrelationships of the various channels required to produce an RPS scram signal.
	Therefore, staggered testing results in response time verification of these devices every 18 months. This Frequency is consistent with the typical industry refueling cycle and is based upon plant operating experience, which shows that random failures of instrumentation components causing serious time degradation, but not channel failure, are infrequent.
REFERENCES	1. USAR, Section 7.2.
	2. USAR, Section 5.2.2.
	3. USAR, Section 6.3.3.
	4. USAR, Chapter 15.
	5. USAR, Section 15.4.1.2.
	 NEDO-23842, "Continuous Control Rod Withdrawal in the Startup Range," April 18, 1978.
	7. USAR, Section 15.4.9.
	 Letter, P. Check (NRC) to G. Lainas (NRC), "BWR Scram Discharge System Safety Evaluation," December 1, 1980, as attached to NRC Generic Letter dated December 9, 1980.
	 NEDO-30851-P-A, "Technical Specification Improvement Analyses for BWR Reactor Protection System," March 1988.
	 NEDO-32291-A, "System Analyses for Elimination of Selected Response Time Testing Requirements," January 1994.

No changes. Provided for continuity Primary Containment and Drywell Isolation Instrumentation B 3.3.6.1

BASES

SURVEILLANCE

SR 3.3.6.1.4 and SR 3.3.6.1.5 (continued)

responds to the measured parameter within the necessary range and accuracy. CHANNEL CALIBRATION leaves the channel adjusted to account for instrument drifts between successive calibrations consistent with the plant specific setpoint methodology.

The Frequency of SR 3.3.6.1.4 and SR 3.3.6.1.6 is based on the assumption of the magnitude of equipment drift in the setpoint analysis.

SR 3.3.6.1.6

The LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST demonstrates the OPERABILITY of the required isolation logic for a specific channel. The system functional testing performed on PCIVs in LCO 3.6.1.3 and on drywell isolation valves in LCO 3.6.5.3 overlaps this Surveillance to provide complete testing of the assumed safety function. The 18 month Frequency is based on the need to perform this Surveillance under the conditions that apply during a plant outage and the potential for an unplanned transient if the Surveillance were performed with the reactor at power. Operating experience has shown these components usually pass the Surveillance when performed at the 18 month Frequency.

The Self Test System may be utilized to perform this testing for those components that it is designed to monitor. Those portions of the solid-state logic not monitored by the Self Test System may be tested at the frequency recommended by the manufacturer, rather than at the specified 18-month Frequency. The frequencies recommended by the manufacturer are based on mean time between failure analysis for the components in the associated circuits.

SR 3.3.6.1.7

This SR ensures that the individual channel response times are less than or equal to the maximum values assumed in the accident analysis. Testing is performed only on channels where the assumed response time does not correspond to the diesel generator (DG) start time. For channels assumed to respond within the DG start time, sufficient margin exists in the 12 second start time when compared to the typical channel response time (milliseconds) so as to assure adequate response without a specific measurement test. The

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SURVEILLANCE	<u>SR 3.3.6.1.7</u> (continued)
REQUIREMENTS	instrument response times must be added to the MSIV closure times to obtain the ISOLATION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME. ISOLATION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME acceptance criteria are included in applicable plant procedures.
and analog trip modvies	As noted, the associated sensors are not required to be response time tested. Response time testing for the remaining channel components, including the ATMs, is required. This is supported by Reference 7.
	Note 2 to SR 3.3.6.1.7 requires the STAGGERED TEST BASIS Frequency for each Function to be determined seperately based on the number of channels as specified on Table 3.3.6.1-1. This Frequency is based on the logic interrelationships of the various channels required to produce an isolation signal.
	TOOLATION EVETER PERDANCE THE basts and sanduated on an
	ISOLATION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME tests are conducted on an 18 month STAGGERED TEST BASIS. This Frequency is consistent with the typical industry refueling cycle and is based upon plant operating experience that shows that random failures of instrumentation components causing serious response time degradation, but not channel failure, are infrequent.
REFERENCES	18 month STAGGERED TEST BASIS. This Frequency is consistent with the typical industry refueling cycle and is based upon plant operating experience that shows that random failures of instrumentation components causing serious response time
REFERENCES	18 month STAGGERED TEST BASIS. This Frequency is consistent with the typical industry refueling cycle and is based upon plant operating experience that shows that random failures of instrumentation components causing serious response time degradation, but not channel failure, are infrequent.
REFERENCES	18 month STAGGERED TEST BASIS. This Frequency is consistent with the typical industry refueling cycle and is based upon plant operating experience that shows that random failures of instrumentation components causing serious response time degradation, but not channel failure, are infrequent. USAR, Section 6.2.
REFERENCES	 18 month STAGGERED TEST BASIS. This Frequency is consistent with the typical industry refueling cycle and is based upon plant operating experience that shows that random failures of instrumentation components causing serious response time degradation, but not channel failure, are infrequent. 1. USAR, Section 6.2. 2. USAR, Chapter 15. 3. NEDO-31466, "Technical Specification Screening Criteria Application and Risk Assessment,"
REFERENCES	 18 month STAGGERED TEST BASIS. This Frequency is consistent with the typical industry refueling cycle and is based upon plant operating experience that shows that random failures of instrumentation components causing serious response time degradation, but not channel failure, are infrequent. 1. USAR, Section 6.2. 2. USAR, Chapter 15. 3. NEDO-31466, "Technical Specification Screening Criteria Application and Risk Assessment," November 1987.
REFERENCES	 month STAGGERED TEST BASIS. This Frequency is consistent with the typical industry refueling cycle and is based upon plant operating experience that shows that random failures of instrumentation components causing serious response time degradation, but not channel failure, are infrequent. USAR, Section 6.2. USAR, Chapter 15. NEDO-31466, "Technical Specification Screening Criteria Application and Risk Assessment," November 1987. USAR, Section 9.3.5. NEDC-31677-P-A, "Technical Specification Improvement Analysis for BWR Isolation Actuation Instrumentation,"

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