NRC FORM 368A	U.	S NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION	APPROVED OMB NO. 2150 EXPIRES 4/30/92	0104
	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT TEXT CONTINUATION		ESTIMATED BUILDEN VER RESPONSE TO INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST COMMUTE REGLARDING BURDEN ESTIMI AND REPORTS MANAGEMENT BRANCH REQULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHIN	50.0 HES FORWARD ATE TO THE RECORDS (P-530), U.S. NUCLEAR 2N, DC 20565, AND TO 1 (3150-0104), OFFICE
Sarry Power Station, Unit 2		DOCKET NUMBER (2)	LER NUMBER (6)	Page (3)
			YEAR SEQUENTIAL REVISION NUMBER NUMBER	
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2.0 SIGNIFICANT SAFETY CONSEQUENCES AND IMPLICATIONS

The charging pumps provide makeup and seal water injection flow to the Reactor Coolant System during normal operation and also serve as high head safety injection pumps in a design back accident. Three charging pumps are provided. Each pump can provide 100% of normal charging or design high head safety injection flow. The pumps were not fully operable in accordance with the definition in Technical Specification 1.0.D. However, either the "A" or "B" char ng pump was capable of performing its high head safety injection function during a design basis accident until the "C" charging pump could be placed in service. Engineering calculations performed previously for Station Blackout indicate that a charging pump could rub while its associated damper was closed for up to four hours. Therefore, the accident design basis assumptions would have been satisfied and no actual or potential consequences to public health and safety were created by the event.

3.0 CAUSE OF THE EVENT

The January 30, 1992 even; was caused by mechanical failure due to an oil leak from the "A" charging pump bearing and the damper remaining closed on the "B" charging pump. The failure of the damper resulted from human error due to a procedural deficiency and weakness in training on the manual operation of the damper. On January 28, 1992 testing had been performed on the Emergency Ventilation System. This testing required the charging pump ventilation damper (2-VS-MOD-201B) for the "B" charging pump to be de-energized and the handwheel manually depressed. The charging pump ventilation dampers are equipped with a manual cut off switch which is actuated when the handwheel is depressed for manual operation. The cut-off switch prevents injury due to unexpected restoration of power and is automatically reset when the handwheel is returned to the raised position. It was concluded that the handwheel was left in the manual position upon completion of the testing. The manual operation of the damper is infrequently performed and not covered by a procedure. In addition, the operator training program does not provide training on this feature.

4.0 IMMEDIATE CORRECTIVE ACTION(S)

Troubleshooting by on shift Operations and Maintenance personnel determined that the handwhee! on the operator for damper 2-VS-MOD-201B was depressed for manual operation which prevented the

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