* *												_				
NRC For (9-83)	. 364				LIC	ENSE	E EVE	INT RE	PORT	(LER)	U.S. NUC AP EX	PIRES	REGULAT ED OMB NO 8/31/85	0RY CON	MI68IUN 04	
FACILITY	-	1)								10	OCKET NUMBER (2)		PAT	18) 30	
1	Fort	Calh	oun St	tation, Un	nit No.	1					0 5 0 0	012	2 8 5	1 OF	013	
TITLE 14	1															
	10 CF	R 50	.49 Te	esting of	Conax	lect	rica	l Pene	trati	ons						
MONTH	DAY	YEAR	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL	REVISION	RE	DAY	TE (7)		FACILITY NAM	FACILITIES INVOL	ET NUMBE	R(S)			
		16.001		NUMBER	NUMBER	MONTH	UNI			N		0 15	51010	101		
1.12				_				L . 1					1.1.	1.1.	<u> </u>	
0 6	22	8 4	8 4	009	00	0 7	23	8 4				0 15	51010	101	11	
OPE	RATING	5	THIS REP	ORT IS SUSMITTE	D PURBUANT	TO THE R	EQUIREM	ENTS OF 1	0 CFR §: /(Check one or more o	t the following) (11)					
		15	20.4	102(b)	-	20.408	(a)		-	60.73(a)(2)(iv)		-	73.71(b)			
LEVE	0	0,0	20	106(e)(1)(H)	-	50.3610	(2)		<u> </u>	60.73(a)(2)(vii)		-	OTHER (Sp	ecity in Ab	atract	
			20.	106(e)(1)(UI)		80.734	1(2)(1)			50.73(a)(2)(mil)(A	u l	-	below and i 366A/	Text NR	C Form	
			20.	606(a)(1)(tv)	X	80.734)(2)(0)			80.73(a)(2)(vill)(8	0					
			20.	406(a)(1)(v)		60.734	2(2)(111)			80.73(e)(2)(x)						
NAME						ICENSEE	CONTAC	T FOR THIS	LER (12)			TELEP	HONE NUM	BER		
	Jame	s J.	Fisio	caro, Supe	ervisor	- Nu Re	clean gulat	r Indu tory A	stry ffair	& S	AREA CODE	51	3161-	1415	1015	
				COMPLETE	ONE LINE FOR	EACH C	OMPONEN	T FAILURE	DESCRIBE	D IN THIS REPOR	T (13)	-		darin barr		
CAUSE	SYSTEM COMPONENT MANUFAC-			REPORTABLE TO NPRDS		CAUSE		SYSTEM	COMPONENT	MANUFAC	REPORTABLE . TO NPRDS					
В	EID	IP	IE IN	C 15 11 15				В	EIF	IPIEIN	C151115	1				
R	FIF	IP	IFIN	C15 11 15												
	I to I to		16.1.11	BUPPLEME	INTAL REPORT	EXPECT	ED (14)			<u></u>		-	MONTH	DAY	YEAR	
_			dian	t La Cristian (Ma		L	_				SUBMISSIO DATE (15)N				
YE	S (If yes, c	ompiete E	XPECTED	SUBMISSION DATE	1))	(NO	in the second						11		
Th ti me th te st as wi It ra ma	e Oma on te nts o e LOC sting ress sembl res h has diati ke fa	ha P stin f 10 A/MS seq para ies ad b been on d	ublic g of CFR LB pruenti meter revea ecome conc ose in e at	Power Di the elect 0.49. T ofile tes ally foll of stea led that brittle luded that conjunc the onset	strict rical po he Dist ting, the ows the m, press during and had t this tion wi of the	has b enetr rict he pe irra sure, the L crac failu th th acci	een atio was netra diat and OCA/I ked. mre w e pro dent	conduct n assention ation te chemi MSLB t ould co essure extre	ting emblie ied by assem esting cal s cal s cest t only o s/stea emely	sequentia s in orde the test blies had . The LO pray. In he Teflon ccur afte m environ unlikely.	I environ r to fulf laborato failed. CA/MSLB t spection insulati r accumul ment. Th	men ill Th est of on ati	tal q the that e LOC. ing i penet on th on of cond	ualif requi durin A/MSL nclud ration e lea a hi ition	ica~ re~ g B es n d g h s	
Th so pr pe ac ce re	us fa rt of ior t netra cider rn. nce o	fai fai to on ation t mo The of th	he Di lure. set o s whi nitor remai e NRC	strict ha Those p f the hig ch perfor ing or lo ning pene in estab	s modif enetrat h radia m a LBL ng term tration lishing	ied s ions tion OCA-m core s wil a ne	which dose nitig coo l be w ex	ted pe h woul assoc ating ling h quali tensic	netra d not iated funct ave b fied on dat	tion asse complete with a L ion, or t een modif by Novemb e.	mblies to their ac arge Brea hose requ ied to al er, 1985,	pr cid k L ire ?ev pe	eclud lent f OCA, d for iate nding	e thi uncti those post the conc	s on- ur-	

1E22

8408060289 840723 PDR ADOCK 05000285 S PDR

				U.S.
LICENSEE	EVENT REPORT	(LER) TEXT	CONTINUATION	

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

APPROVED OMB NO 3150-0104 EXPIRES 8/31/85

		CONTRACTOR OF A	-
FACILI	T Y	NAME (1)

NRC Form 366A

TEXT

ITY NAME (1)	000	CKET	T NU	MBER	(2)			Т	_	LE	RN	MBER	(6)		_	T		AGE	3)	
ort Calhoun Station, Unit No. 1	-							F	YEAR		SEQ	UENT	AL.		NUMB	ER				
	0	15	0	0	0	121	81	5 8	814	_	0	0	9	_	0	0	0 12	OF	0	3
(N more space is required use additional NBC Form 3054 (s) (17)		-			-	A				diseased.	Konpainte	******								-

The Omaha Public Power District in a letter to ONRR dated July 3, 1984, requested an extension of the 10 CFR 50.49 deadline until November 30, 1985. Additionally, this letter provided justification for continued operation until full qualification could be achieved.

The Fort Calhoun Station containment electrical penetration system provides a dual function of passing electric power into containment and instrument signals out of containment via insulated conductors, and at the same time sealing the conductors to provide containment integrity (refer to USAR Section 5.9.3 for a description of the penetrations). This function is accomplished by the use of subassemblies which are inserted in a penetration canister. Each subassembly is made up of a stainless steel tube (sheath) through which a lead wire, or wires (depending on the type) are run and sealed at both ends. The penetration system subassembly types are multiconductor low voltage (600 V), single conductor low voltage, medium voltage (4160V), coaxial, triaxial, and thermocouple lead wires. The subassemblies under discussion are the multiconductor low voltage (120V and 480V single and three phase power, A.C. control, D.C. control, and instrumentation) and/or thermocouple configurations. These particular multiconductor penetrations use FEP teflon as the lead wire insulation, and TFE teflon as the seal material in the subassembly.

Because the DOR Guidelines for electrical equipment gualification require the sequential testing of equipment containing materials which are susceptible to radiation damage, the District is conducting an environmental gualification test of the low voltage multiconductor penetration subassembly. The sequential test procedure uses IEEE 317-1976 and IEEE 323-1974 as a guide. Plant specific parameters are used to envelope the sequentially applied environmental stress parameters (aging, short circuit and short time overload, seismic, radiation, MSLB/LOCA, and short circuit).

The District was notified by the test laboratory that after irradiation was performed and during the initial MSLB/LOCA profile test (steam, pressure, chemical spray) an insulation breakdown had occurred. After an inspection by the District and after an evaluation of the information resulting from that inspection, it was determined that the teflon lead wire insulation had become brittle and cracked. It is the District's judgement, based on test evidence, that the penetrations failed to perform their electrical function. The failure appears to be an interaction of the steam/spray environment and the radiation weakened lead wire insulation. The penetration had in fact passed functional tests following radiation exposure, using the outboard (auxiliary building side) seal as the pressure boundary. It is the District's conclusion that damage to the lead wire insulation occurs only after accumulation of a high radiation dose and a pressure/steam environment. It is also the District's judgement that this environment is present only during LBLOCA in which fuel damage occurs releasing fission products. It should be noted that even in the case of a LBLOCA, all equipment is expected to complete its immediate accident function (e.g., reactor trip, safeguards initiation, etc.).

The District is taking a two phase approach to achieve qualification. Phase I, as discussed in the following paragraphs, modifies selected electrical penetrations needed to accomplish long term core cooling or accomplish post-accident monitoring after a Large Break LOCA (LBLOCA). Additionally, administrative control will be

NRC Form 366A 19-831	LICENSEE EVENT REP	ORT (LER) TEXT CONTINU	UATION		U.S	AP	PROVED C	MB NO	8 V CO 3150-	0104	SSION
FACILITY NAME (1)		DOCKET NUMBER (2)	T	LE	R NUMBER (6	PAGE (3)					
			YEAR		SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	1	REVISION		T	T	
Fort Calhou	n Station, Unit No. 1	0 5 0 0 2 8 5	814		0 0 9	_	010	0 13	OF	0	3

established for dealing with the assemblies not required after a LBLOCA. Phase II will address and resolve the Electrical Equipment Qualification-related circuits not modified in Phase I by the requested extension date of November 30, 1985.

Phase I

(EXT // more spece is required, use additional NRC Form 366A's/ (17)

The District has upgraded all subassemblies associated with equipment which must be energized to accomplish long term core cooling or accomplish post-accident monitoring. The balance of equipment which is Electrical Equipment Qualification (EEQ) related either does not accomplish a mitigation function in a LBLOCA (e.g., the Auxiliary Feedwater System), completes its function before failure (e.g., reactor trip) or can be dealt with administratively. The modifications to the subassemblies are designed to ensure electrical integrity and in doing so also ensure containment integrity. The modifications used a combination of qualified heat shrink tubing to sleeve the lead wires and gualified room temperature vulcanizing (RTV) silicone rubber to seal the heat shrink covered lead wire interface at the subassembly seal by sealing the area between the heat shrink and the stainless steel sheath. Both materials were designed for the purpose which the modifications require. The Raychem heat shrink tubing is qualified for a LOCA in Wyle Laboratories report number 58442-1, including electrical properties. The Dow Corning RTV is qualified by a combination of testing and District analysis. The RTV seals and provides additional electrical insulation at the interface as discussed in Dow Corning Bulletin 61-016a. The RTV has been checked to insure bonding on the Raychem heat shrink tubing and stainless steel subassembly sheath. The teflon has been completely surrounded by the RTV or Raychem. The District has also shortened the teflon insulated lead wires.

Administrative controls have been established to provide direction to operating personnel in the event it becomes necessary to assure proper positioning of pilot-solenoid air-operated valves following a LBLOCA. An analysis of the failure mechanism indicates the possibility for three instances where this administrative control would be required. The first possibility is that of shorting the solenoid lead wire with the position indication lead wire, causing the valve to change position. Secondly, shorting may cause the loss of position indication. Thirdly, shorting may cause the operator to receive misleading indication (e.g., the valve is indicated to be both open and closed at the same time). The administrative controls are procedural in nature and direct the operator to fail the instrument air supply to containment in the event undesired valve repositioning occurs, or misleading information is indicated. This allows the operator to achieve the desired valve position, regardless of indication.

Phase II

The District will complete the environmental qualification of the remaining penetration assemblies by the requested extension date of November 30, 1985.

Omaha Public Power District 1623 Harney Olmaha, Nebraska 68102 402/536-4000 July 23, 1984 LIC-84-236

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Document Control Desk Washington, D.C. 20555

·??? ..

Reference: Docket No. 50-285

Gentlemen:

Licensee Event Report for the Fort Calhoun Station

Please find attached Licensee Event Report 84-009 dated July 23, 1984. This report is being submitted per requirements of 10 CFR 50.73.

Sincerely,

alladreus

R. L. Andrews Division Manager Nuclear Production

RLA/DJM:jmm

Attachment

cc: Mr. Richard P. Denise, Director Division of Resident, Reactor Project & Engineering Programs U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region IV 611 Ryan Plaza Drive, Suite 1000 Arlington, Texas 76011

> INPO Records Center Mr. E. G. Tourigny, Project Manager

SARC Chairman
PRC Chairman
Mr. L. A. Yandell, Senior Resident
Inspector
Fort Calhoun File (2)