1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	
2	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION BEFORE THE ATOMIC SAFETY & LICENSING BOXXDIED	
3	TEXAS UTILITIES ELECTRIC) DOCKET NOS. 84 007 16 P2:53	
4	TEXAS UTILITIES ELECTRIC) DOCKET NOS. P2:53	
5	COMPANY, ET AL) 50-445 06-2) 50-446 06-2	
	(COMANCHE PEAK STEAM)	
6	ELECTRIC STATION, UNITS)	
7	1 AND 2)	
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10	PREFILED TESTIMONY OF	
11	C. THOMAS BRANDT	
12	OCTOBER 3, 1984	
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17	PREFILED TESTIMONY OF C. THOMAS BRANDT, taken on	
18	the 3rd day of October 1984, in the above-styled and	
1.9	numbered cause, at Ramada Inn located at Beach	
2.0	Street and Interstate 30, in the City of Fort Worth,	
21	County of Tarrant and State of Texas, before Janet	
22	E. Schaffer, a Certified Shorthand Reporter in and	
	2. Scharrer, a cereiried Shorthand Reporter in and	
23	for the State of Texas.	
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25	PDR ADOCK 05000445	

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5	BY: Bruce L. Downey, Esq.
6	APPEARING FOR APPLICANTS
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C. THOMAS FRANDT, 1 the witness hereinbefore named, being first duly 2 3 cautioned and sworn to testify the truth the whole truth and nothing but the truth, testified on his oath as follows: 5 6 EXAMINATION BY MR. DOWNEY: Q. Mr. Brandt, do the travelers that you have 8 produced in this proceeding represent the travelers that correspond to the fabrication and installation 10 11 of the liner plate for the refueling cavity for reactor Unit 2 at Comanche Peak? 12 13 A. Yes, they do. Q. And does each traveler correspond to a 14 single weld made in the process of fabricating and 15 16 installing that liner plate? 17 A . Yes. Q. And do the travelers as a group correspond 18 to different types of welds made in the process of 19 fabricating and installing that liner plate? 20 21 Yes. There are several different types of welds ir olved. 22 Q. Mr. Brandt, would you give some examples of 23 the types of welds made in the fabrication and 24

installation of this liner plate?

A. Examples would include plate to plate, plate to angle, angle to angle, plate to pipe, embed to plate. Those are some examples. O. Mr. Brandt, when you say the traveler 4 5 represents a plate-to-plate weld, would you describe that weld? 6 A. Yes. This would be a weld adjoining two of 7 8 the large stainless steel plates, assentially 9 forming a seam. Q. And when you referenced a plate-to-angle 10 11 weld, what kind of weld is that? 12 A. This would be one of these large stainless 13 steel plates to an angle, either at the side, the corner, the top or the bottom of the pool. 14 Q. And when you mentioned an angle-to-angle 15 16 weld, what type of weld is that? 17 A. This would be a splice between two 18 different angles. 19 Q. Again, would these occur at the corners or at the --20 A. The top or the bottom. 21 22 Q. Mr. Brandt, when you mentioned a plate-to-pipe weld, what kind of weld is that? 23

A. This would be a pipe welded on to the plate

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using a fillet weld.

- Q. And when you identified an embed-to-plate weld, what kind of weld is that? 2
 - There were embeds which were to be placed in the concrete. There were cutouts made in the plates themselves to weld these embeds into and that's part of the pressure boundary. In some cases these embeds are welded to the plate utilizing a full penetration weld and some cases they're welded to the plate using a full penetration weld and a fillet weld.
 - Q. And Mr. Brandt, did the number and type of inspections performed by QC depend on the type of weld that's being inspected?
 - A. Yes, it does.

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- Q. Mr. Brandt, you've testified that in many cases the wrong traveler form was used to document the construction and inspection activity with respect to these welds. Is that a correct characterization of your prior testimony?
 - Yes, it is. A.
- C. And when this matter was brought to your attention, what were your principal concerns as a QC supervisor at Comanche Peak?
- A. I wanted to ensure that the procedurally required inspections could be verified as having

been performed through objective evidence of the performance of the inspections. In cases where such evidence could not be found, I wanted to ensure that appropriate deficiency paper was initiated to describe the missing documentation.

- Q. To the best of your knowledge, has that objective been accomplished?
- A. Yes, it has.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor in this proceeding has made numerous allegations concerning alleged deficiencies in the travelers that you have produced for the board?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to take you through each of the traveler packages where such allegations have been made and ask you some questions about these allegations. And for orderliness, we'll start and do these in numerical order.

Do you have before you now traveler package 2-A?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in a memorandum filed in this proceeding on September 27, 1984, the intervenor alleged that traveler package 2-A is deficient because certain documentation is

missing from the package and because the wrong traveler form was used? A. Yes, I am. 3 4 Q. Mr. Brandt, what kind of traveler form was 5 used for weld 2-A? 6 A. It was the eight-line form. 7 Was this the proper form to use at the time 0. 8 this package was initiated? 9 A. Yes, it is. 10 And so when CASE alleges that the 11 eight-line traveler form was improperly used in 1978 12 and '79, that's an error; is that correct? 13 A. That's true. 14 Q. Which procedure required the use of this 15 particular traveler form in the period during which 16 this traveler package was issued? 17 A. This eight-line form was required by 18 interim change notice number 3 to CCP-38, which is dated April 18th, 1979, and is referenced in the QC 19 20 inspection procedure QI-QAP 10.1-4 Rev. 0, dated 21 January 5th, 1979. 22 Q. So your testimony is that this traveler

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Q. And when CASE alleged in its memorandum

package was initiated using the correct form?

A. Yes, it is.

dated September 27, 1984, that the wrong traveler 1 2 package, the wrong form, was used in this traveler 3 package, that's incorrect? A . Yes. 4 5 Now, Mr. Brandt, returning to the allegation that there is documentation missing from 7 this traveler package, what is your understanding of 8 that allegation? 9 A. It's my understanding from intervenor's memorandum that intervenor contends that the VT, PT 10 and VB test reports are missing. 11 12 Q. Mr. Brandt, with respect to Step 1 of the 13 traveler, has that inspection been performed? 14 Yes, it has. 15 Is any documentation required other than the signature of the inspector to document that 16 17 inspection? 18 A. No, it's not. Q. Mr. Brandt, I observe that for Steps 2 19 20 through 6 on the eight-line traveler 2-A the lines are marked "NA". Does that stand for Not Applicable? 21 A. Yes, it does. As the traveler is marked on 22 23 the top, embed to plate number 824, the embed to

plate welds do not have a leak chase channel, so

Steps 2 through 6 are not applicable.

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Q. And has there been a final inspection of this weld? No, there has not. 3 Q. And will this traveler package be complete prior to the performance of that final inspection? 5 A. No, it will not. Q. Is this weld still in process? Yes, it is. 8 A . 9 Q. Based on your review of this package, is there any documentation missing? 10 A. No. All documentation required for the 11 current status of the process is in the package. 12 13 Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the memorandum filed September 27th, 1984, CASE alleged 14 a deficiency in this traveler package, that is 15 16 package 2-A, because an inspection was performed before weld rod had been issued? 17 18 Yes. A . 19 Q. And in fact, was an inspection performed 20 before weld rod was issued? A. No. There's nothing to indicate to me that 21 22 there was an inspection performed. I might explain the front page of the traveler clearly indicates 23

that WMR was used to issue rod for the initial

fit-up and cleanliness. WMR's were the predecessor

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- to the WFML; changeover from WMR's to the WFML took place sometime in 1979. There's no reason to believe, for me to believe, that this WMR was not issued prior to May 7th, 1979, which was the date of the first inspection on this weld.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package number 4?
 - A. Okay.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the handwritten list of allegations served on the applicant during the hearings in this proceeding and in the transcript of the hearing for September 18 the intervenor alleges that this traveler package is deficient because line 5 of the traveler was marked "Sat", but there is no inspector signature or date?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, is that in any way a deficiency in the package?
 - A. No, it's not.
 - Q. Why not?
- A. I have no idea who wrote the "Sat" on line
 5 of the traveler. However, the "Sat" serves
 absolutely no purpose there without an inspector
 signature. The current status of this weld is still
 in process; that is, it has not received final

- visual inspection of the inside weld; it has not received a liquid penetrant examination and it has not been vacuum boxed; the weld is still in process. The final visual inspection of the inside weld is yet to occur.
- Q. And it's only when that inspection occurs and an inspector signs and dates the traveler that the line 5 of this traveler package takes on any significance?
 - A. That's true.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package number 6. Are you aware that in the handwritten list served on applicant in this proceeding and in the transcript in the hearing for September 18, 1984, the intervenor has alleged that there's a deficiency in this package because line 5 of the package was marked "Sat" and there's no inspector's signature or date on that line?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, is that a deficiency in this package?
- A. No. For the same reasons that I described in weld 4, it's not of concern.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the handwritten list served on applicant in this

proceeding and the transcript of the hearing for

September 18 and in the memorandum served on

applicant on September 27th, 1984, the intervenor

alleged a deficiency in this package because of the

way in which line 1 of traveler package 6 is signed?

A. Yes, I am.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, what inspection or inspections does line 1 represent in this weld package?
- A. The signature on line 1 by Mr. Cole dated

 March 24th, 1980, indicates the fit-up and

 cleanliness of the inside weld. The fit-up and

 cleanliness of the cutside weld is substantiated by

 the existence of a chit which is attached to the

 package signed by Larry Wilkerson, dated September

 12th, 1978, which reads first fit-up and cleanliness

 of plate to plate.
- Q. Based on your review of traveler package 6, is it your judgment that cleanliness and fit-up inspections were conducted for both the inside and outside weld?
 - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Based on your review of this package, are there any deficiencies as a result of the way in which line 1 was signed?
 - A. No. The package contains objective

evidence substantiating that both cleanliness and
fit-up inspections were performed.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package number 7. Are you aware that in the handwritten list served on applicant in this proceeding, the transcript of the hearing for September 18 and the memorandum served on applicant on September 27, 1984, intervenor alleges that this package is deficient because of the way in which line 1 of the traveler is signed?
 - A. Yes, I am.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please review the package and state whether there's any impropriety in the way in which line number 1 is signed in this package?
- A. No, there is not. But to understand this weld, you have to look at the weld description, which indicates that it's a plate to a pipe weld, which is the fillet weld. It's not a two-sided weld as the seam welds are, in that the fit-up and cleanliness only occurs once. Here the fit-up and cleanliness inspection was signed off on line 1 by Mr. McCoy on Pebruary 1, 1979. This inspection is for the fit-up of the fillet weld that attaches the pipe to the plate.

Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in 1 handwritten list of allegations and the transcript 3 of the hearing of September 18 and in the memorandum dated September 27th, the intervenor has alleged that there's documentation missing from traveler 6 package number 7? 7 Yes, I am. A . Mr. Brandt, for traveler package number 7 what inspections have been performed? 9 10 The fit-up and cleanliness for the fillet 11 weld and the final visual inspection of that fillet 12 weld. And would you please review the package to 13 see if any documentation with respect to those 14 15 inspections is missing from the package? 16 Per procedure chits were required for the 17 fit-up and final VT inspections; these are not in the traveler package, but both inspections are 18 documented on the face of the traveler. 19 Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to 20 21 traveler package number 8. What kind of weld is 22 represented by traveler package number 8? 23 A. It's a fillet weld between a flange and a 24 pipe.

Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the

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handwritten list of allegations and the transcript
of the hearing September 18, 1984, and in the
memorandum served on the applicant on September 27th,
the intervenor alleges that there was a deficiency
in this package because of the way in which line 1
of the traveler is signed?

- A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, in your judgment, is there a deficiency in the way in which line 1 is signed?
- A. No, there's not, for the same reasons as I described on weld number 7. This is a fillet weld. There's only one fit-up required. It's clear that the signature of Mr. Wilkerson is for that fit-up.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package number ten?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Are you aware that in the handwritten list of allegations and in the memorandum filed on September 27 intervenor has alleged that this package is deficient because line 5 of the traveler is marked "Sat" without an inspector's signature and date?
- A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, is that a deficiency in this
 package?

1 No, it's not. A. Why not? 2 0. For the same reasons I described on welds 4 3 and 6 previously. 4 5 Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package number 14. A. Yes. Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the 8 handwritten list of allegations and in the 9 transcript of the hearing for September 18 10 intervenor alleged that this package is deficient 11 because line 5 is marked "Sat" without an 1.2 13 inspector's signature and date? A. Yes. I am. 14 15 Q. Mr. Brandt, is that a deficiency in this 16 package? A. No, it's not. 17 Why not? 18 0. 19 A. For the same reasons previously stated for welds 4, 6 and 10. 20 21 Q. Hr. Brandt, would you please refer to 22 traveler package 15? 23 A. Okay. Q. Are you aware that in the memorandum dated 24 September 27th, 1984, the intervenor alleged that 25

- 1 traveler package 15 is deficient because of the way
 2 in which line 1 is signed?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- 4 Q. Mr. Brandt, is traveler package 15
- 5 deficient for that reason?
- 6 A. No, it's not deficient.
- 7 Q. What kind of weld is represented by 8 traveler package 15?
- 9 A. It's a plate-to-plate weld.
- 10 Q. Is this the kind of weld that has inside 11 and outside weld?
- 12 A. Yes, it is.

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- Q. Is there evidence that both the cleanliness and fit-up of the inside and outside portion to this weld was performed?
 - A. Yes, there is.
 - Q. Would you please, by reference to the traveler package, indicate what evidence exists to substantiate these two inspections?
 - A. There's a chit in the package dated August 31st, 1978, which states that it's for the first fit-up and cleanliness of plate to plate signed by Phil Davis as acceptable and the first page of the traveler clearly indicates that the inside fit-up and cleanliness of above is Sat, signed by Don R.

Vogt, dated December 5th, '79.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor alleged in its memorandum filed on September 27 that traveler package 15 is deficient because the cleanliness of the inside part of this wel was not reverified?
 - A. I believe their claim was that welding started in 1979 and resumed in 1983 without roverification of cleanliness. There's no procedural requirement for QC to reverify it. The cleanliness of the surface to be welded must be reverified by the welder prior to starting. It's part of the welder's training to see that the surface is properly cleaned prior to additional welding.
 - Q. Is there any deficiency in this package because the cleanliness was not reverified by a QC inspector prior to resumption of welding?
 - A. No, there was not.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that with respect to traveler package number 15 intervenor alleged in its memorandum dated September 27 that this package is deficient because an inspection was performed before weld rod was issued?
 - A. Yes, I am.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you review the package and determine, if you can, the correctness of this allegation?
 - A. As I described earlier for one of the previous welds, I believe it was weld number 2-A, the WMR was the predecessor of the WFML. The traveler clearly indicates that ten WMR's were issued in connection with hold points 1 through 4. There's no reason to believe, for me to believe, that these WMR's were not issued prior to the initial outside fit-up.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor in its memorandum dated September 27th and in the transcript of the hearing for September 18th has alleged that this package is deficient because line 5 is marked "Sat", but there's no inspector's signature and date?
 - A. Yes, I am.
 - Q. In your judgment, is that a deficiency in this package?
 - A. No, it's not.
 - Q. Why not?

A. For reasons I've described previously on welds 10 and 14, for example. The "Sat" without an inspector's signature does not indicate the

- performance of any inspection. The weld will not be finally accepted until the inspection is performed and the traveler is signed.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor in its memorandum dated September 27th has alleged that traveler package 15 is deficient because it includes an eight-line traveler for a weld initiated in the 1978-1979 time frame?
 - A. Yes, I am.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, is there such a traveler in that package?
- A. There is such a traveler in the package. It's a copy of the stainless steel inspection traveler that was referenced by QA-QP-11.14-6, which I believe was issued in March '82. So that's evidence to me that that traveler was added in '82 or more recently. But in the event that they had used an eight-line traveler in the '78 to '79 time frame, which this package does not indicate, it would have been proper, as it was prescribed by CCP-38 Rev. 2 ICN#3 I believe. We discussed it earlier.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor has alleged that traveler package 15 is deficient because it's missing certain documentation

- that it's required to substantiate inspections
 performed?
 - A. Yes, I am.

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- Q. Mr. Brandt, does traveler package 15 contain all the documentation necessary to substantiate the inspections that have been performed?
- A. It contains sufficient documentation to substantiate the fact that all required inspections were performed. There was a note in CP-QCI-2.11-1 which required the chits to be forwarded to the QA vault. The chit for the VT of the backing strip, which is hold point number 2, and the chit for the cleanliness of the channel, liner and backing strip, which is hold point number 3, are not included in the package; however, the traveler is signed as required by procedure by the inspector, substantiating that these two inspections were performed.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package number 17.
 - A. Okay.
- of allegations served on applicant in this

 proceeding the intervenor alleged the traveler

- 1 package 17 is deficient because line 5 of the traveler was marked "Sat", but there's no inspector 2 signature or date?
 - A. Yes, I am.

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- Q. Mr. Brandt, in your judgment is that a deficiency in this package?
- A. No, it's not. For reasons I've previously stated on welds 10 and 14, for example.
- Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to 0. traveler package 19.
 - A. Yes.
- Are you aware that in the handwritten list 0. of allegations in the transcript of the hearing for September 18 and the memorandum served on the applicant on September 27th, the intervenor alleges that this package is deficient because it is missing documentation required to substantiate the inspections that have been signed off?
 - Yes, I am.
- Mr. Brandt, would you please review traveler package 19 and determine whether any document -- required documentation is missing from that package?
- A. My understanding of the allegation is the intervenors are concerned about the lack of chits to

substantiate certain inspections. The chit for the original cleanliness inspection is present. The chit for the VT of the backing strip tack welds is not present. However, this inspection is signed off on the face of the traveler. Additionally, the backing strip was later removed and replaced for which all required inspections are documented on an eight-point traveler, and this traveler did not require the use of chits.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler packages 20, 21, 22, 25, 27 and 39.
 - A. Okay.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the handwritten list of allegations and in the transcript for the hearing of September 18 the intervenor alleges that these packages are deficient because line 5 of the traveler is marked "Sat", but there's no inspector's signature or date on that line?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, are these traveler packages or any of these traveler packages deficient because of this item?
- A. No, they're not.
- 25 Q. Why not?

- A. For reasons I previously described on welds
 1 lo and 14, for example.
 - Q. And for clarity of the transcript, Mr. Brandt, would you please state again the reasons why you don't believe this is a deficiency.
 - A. The "Sat" on line 5 means nothing without corresponding inspector's signature.
 - Q. And are these welds still in process?
 - A. They are still in process.

- Q. Prior to final acceptance of these welds, is an inspector required to sign line 5 and indicate that his or her inspection has found the weld to be satisfactory?
 - A. Yes, it does require that.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, directing your attention specifically to traveler package 25 and traveler package 32, are you aware with respect to these two packages that the intervenor in the handwritten list of allegations and in the transcript of the hearing for September 18th has alleged that the packages are deficient because writing on the traveler, and specifically writing on single lines of the traveler, appears to be made by two different persons?
 - A. Yes, I am.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, is that a deficiency -- first

1 is that true?

- A. It would appear to me that it's different handwritings.
 - Q. Is that a deficiency in these traveler packages?
 - A. No, it's not.
 - Q. Why not?
 - not noted a single occasion where an inspector indicated Unsat in the results column. The form could have been designed without the results column even there and it could have just had an inspector's signature indicating satisfactory completion of the hold point.

Additionally, these two travelers have corresponding NDE chits attached, which substantiate the fact that for weld 25 Mr. Stinson performed the fit-up inspection, fit-up and cleanliness inspection, on the 15th of January, and it was acceptable. And for weld number 32, that he performed the fit-up and cleanliness inspection on the 20th of January, 1982, and it was acceptable. The chits substantiate the signature on line 1 of the traveler in both cases.

However, I might note that absence of the chits would not in my opinion make the traveler any

less acceptable.

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- Q. So it's your testimony that it's the signature of a certified inspector that substantiates the acceptability of the hold points?
- A. Yes, sir. No certified inspector would have signed something with "Sat" written in for him if the results of his inspection were not Sat.
- Q. So whoever writes the word "Sat" on line 1, that's really an irrelevant consideration?
 - A. It's somewhat irrelevant, yes, sir.
 - Q. Could it have been typed for example?
 - A. It could have easily been typed.
- Q. It could have been typed by a secretary or someone unrelated to the inspection?
 - A. Yes, it could.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 34.

Are you aware with respect to traveler package 34 the intervenor in his memorandum dated September 27th, 1984, alleges that an inspection was performed relative to this weld prior to weld rod being issued?

- A. Yes, I am.
- 24 Q. Mr. Brandt, is that true?
- 25 A. There's nothing to indicate to me that it's

true.

Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler packages 36 and 59.

Mr. Brandt, are you aware that at various places in the handwritten list of allegations, the hearing transcript of September 18th and its memorandum dated September 27th, the intervenor alleges that these packages are deficient because of the way in which line 1 of the traveler is signed?

- A. Yes, I am.
- Q. First, Mr. Brandt, what kind of weld is represented by these packages?
 - A. In both cases they're an embed to a plate.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, based on your review of these packages, is there any deficiency based on the way in which line 1 of the traveler is signed?
- A. No. Weld number 36 was signed originally in 1980 by James Cole. Excuse me. It was signed originally by Larry Wilkerson on September 26, 1978. The chit states first fit-up and cleanliness of embed to plate. The traveler is signed "Sat" by James Cole in April 1980, indicating the inside weld was inspected for cleanliness and fit-up. And it was reverified in December '81 by Dave Stinson. Apparently, welding --

Q. Let me just go back to that reverification 2 point, Mr. Brandt. Wasn't it your price testimony that the reverification is not required? 3 A. Yes, it was. And so in this case the reverification by an inspector is something above and beyond the 6 7 requirements of the program? Yes, it was. A . 9 Q. Now, is there any deficiency, in your 10 judgment, in the way line 1 of traveler package 36 11 is signed? 12 A. No, there's not. Q. In fact, doesn't the way in which line 1 is 13 14 signed indicate that the inspection effort was above 15 and beyond the requirements of the program? Yes, it does. 16 A. 17 Referring to package 59, Mr. Brandt, is 18 there a deficiency in the way line 1 is signed? No, there's not. 19 A . 20 0. Why not? There's a chit dated September 27th, 1978, 21 A . 22 entitled first fit-up and cleanliness of embed to 23 plate signed by Larry Wilkerson. And the inside

fit-up and cleanliness is signed by Dave Stinson

dated September 29th, 1981, on the face of the

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- traveler and also on a chit, which is attached to the traveler.
 Wr. Brandt, would you please refer to
- 5 First, Mr. Brandt, what kind of weld is 6 represented by traveler package 52?
 - A. It's angle to a plate.

traveler package number 52.

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- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you refer to traveler
 package 52. Are you aware that in its memorandum
 dated September 27th the intervenor has alleged that
 this package is deficient because the chits
 associated with the package are written by two
 different people?
- A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, is that a deficiency in this package?
- A. No, it's not.
- Q. Why not?
- A. Chits are filled out by the craft, as I think I've testified ir this proceeding, in order to obtain an inspection. The craft fills out part of it and QC arrives and performs the inspection. QC signs and dates it.
 - Q. So in fact, per procedure necessarily at least two people would write on a chit; isn't that

1 right?

- 2 A. That's true.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware with respect to traveler package 52 intervenor alleges in its memorandum dated September 27th that this package is deficient because an inspection was performed before weld rod was issued?
 - A. Yes, I am.
 - Q. Is that true?
- 10 A. There's nothing to indicate to me that

 11 that's true.
 - Q. Why is not a deficiency, Mr. Brandt?
 - A. As I've stated before, the WMR's are not required to be attached to the package and the traveler indicates that at least four WMR's were used.
 - Q. Is there a requirement to attach the WMR's to the package?
 - A. No, there is not.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you awaze with respect to traveler package 52 CASE has alleged in memorandum filed September 27th that the package is deficient because line 7 of the traveler is marked "Sat" but there's no inspectors' signatures or date on that line?

1 A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Is that a deficiency?
- 3 A. No, it's not.
 - Q. Why not?
 - A. As I've stated before, the "Sat" without an inspector's signature means absolutely nothing. The weld is still in process until that inspection is performed and signed by a certified inspector.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that CASE in its memorandum dated September 27th has alleged that this package is deficient because it consists of an eight-line traveler that was initiated in the period 1978-79?
 - A. Yes, I am.
 - Q. Is that a deficiency?
 - A. No, it's not. In fact, it's proper. As I discussed earlier, ICN#3 to CCP-38 introduced the eight-line traveler in April '79. This traveler appears to have been initiated in July 1979.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the various representations made at the hearing and in papers served on applicant that the intervenor in this proceeding alleges that traveler package 52 is deficient because it is missing certain documentation which they believe should be included

1 in the package? A. Yes, I am. 2 Q. Mr. Brandt, what's your understanding of 3 that allegation? 4 A. Apparently, CASE was referring to the lack 5 of the inclusion of WFML's in the package. 6 7 Q. And is there a requirement to include 8 WFML's in the package? 9 A . No, there's not. 10 Q. And is all required documentation, to the best of your knowledge, included in this package? 11 12 Yes, it is. 13 Mr. Brandt, would you please review 14 traveler package for weld number 60. 15 Okay. A. 16 Q. Are you aware that in the handwritten list of allegations and in the transcript of the hearing 17 18 of September 18 the intervenor alleged that traveler 19 package 60 is deficient because the last line of the traveler is marked "Sat", but there's no signature 20 for an inspector and no date for the inspection? 21 A. Yes, I am. 22 Q. Mr. Brandt, is that a deficiency in the 23 package? 24

A. No, it's not.

Q. Why not?

- "Sat" serves no purpose. The weld is still in process until the final inspection is performed and signed by a certified inspector.
- traveler packages 61 and 62. With respect to those packages are you aware that the intervenor in its memorandum dated September 27, 1984, alleges that these packages are deficient because inspections were performed before weld rod was issued?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Is there any evidence that this allegation is true?
 - A. No, there's not.
- Q. Based on your review of the package, can you ascertain any deficiencies in the package that correspond to this allegation?
 - A. No, I cannot.
- Q. What's your understanding of this allegation?
- A. They're apparently alleging due to the fact that there's a WFML attached that's dated after the first fit-up was signed off, drawing the conclusion that the weld was made before -- excuse me -- the

- fit-up was signed off before any rod had been drawn.

 In reality, the rod was drawn on WMR's, which are

 not attached to the package.
 - Q. Is there any requirement to attach the WMR's to the package?
 - A. No, there's not.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that at various points in the handwritten list of allegations, the transcript of the hearing of September 18 and the memorandum prepared and filed on September 27th, the intervenor alleges that traveler packages 61 and '2 are deficient because the last line of the traveler is marked "Sat", but there's no corresponding signature of an inspector or date for the inspection?
 - A. Yes, I am.
 - Q. Is this a deficiency in these documents?
- A. No, it's not for reasons that I stated in describing the allegation for weld number 60.
 - Q. And like weld 60 are welds 61 and 62 still in process?
 - A. Yes, they are.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler packages 68, 69, 71, 74 and 80. Let me add a few more travelers to that list, Hr. Brandt.

 Would you add to your list of travelers to review

- traveler packages 81, 84, 88, 89, 91, 98, 99.
 - A. Okay.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that at various points in the handwritten list of allegations, the transcript of the hearing September 18 and in the memorandum filed on September 27th the intervenor has alleged that this group of travelers is deficient because the last line of each traveler is marked "Sat", but there's no signature present or date present on that line of the traveler?
 - A. Yes, I am, Mr. Downey.
- Q. And in your judgment, is the absence of a signature and date on the last lines of these travelers a deficiency in the packages?
 - A. No, it's not.
- O. Why not?
- A. As I've stated numerous times earlier, without an inspector's signature, the word "Sat" serves no purpose. Without the inspector's signature, the welds are still in process and still require final visual inspection.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please review traveler package number 80.
- A. Okay.
- Q. Are you aware that in the handwritten list

- of allegations and in the transcript of the hearing

 of September 18 the intervenor has alleged that

 package -- traveler package 80 is deficient because

 package contains an eight-line traveler and it was

 initiated in 1978-79 time period?
 - A. Yes, 1 am.
 - Q. Are you aware of that allegation?
- 8 A. Yes, I am.

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- Q. Mr. Brandt, is the use of the eight-line traveler for this package a deficiency?
- 11 A. No, it's not.
- 12 Q. Why not?
 - A. It was the correct traveler at the time.
- 14 Q. Do you recall the procedure that required

 15 the use of this traveler during this time period?
 - A. Yes. The procedure was CCP-38 Revision 2, ICN#3 dated April 1979.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the transcript of the hearing of September 18, 1984, the intervenor alleged that traveler package 80 is deficient because certain documentation is missing from that package?
- 23 A. Yes, I am.

allegation?

24 Q. What's your understanding of that

They're apparently referring to the fact 1 that some of the WFML's are not attached. 2 Is that a deficiency? 3 0. No, it's not. A . 4 Why not? 0. A. They're not required by procedure to be 6 7 attached. 8 Q. Is all other documentation necessary to substantiate the inspections that have been 9 performed with respect to traveler package 80 10 11 present in that package? 12 A . Yes, it is. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to 13 traveler package 81? 14 15 A . Okay. Q. Are you aware that the intervenor alleged 16 17 during the hearing on September 18 that that package was deficient because an inspection was performed 18 before weld rod was issued? 19 20 A. Yes, I am. 21 Q. Is that allegation true? 22 A. There's nothing to indicate to me that it's true. Once again, they're probably referring to the 23 fact that there are no WMR's attached to the package. 24

The WMR's were what were used in the 1978 time frame,

1 | which is when the first inspection occurred.

- Q. And was there a requirement to attach the WMR's to this package?
- A. No. Additionally, the procedure at the time required that all the chits be forwarded to the vault. There's no indication, at least in this package, that chits exist for the VT of the backing strip, tack and fillet welds or the VT of the embed fillet weld. There is, however, a chit attached to substantiate the fit-up, the outside fit-up, dated September 26th, 1978.
- Q. Does that package contain objective evidence to substantiate that every required inspection was performed with respect to this weld?
- A. Given the fact that the weld is still in process, there's evidence that all required inspections previous to that point were performed and documented.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 84.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor has alleged that traveler package 84 is deficient because of the way in which line 1 of the traveler was signed?

A. Yes, I am.

- 2 Q. Is the package deficient because of the way
 3 in which line 1 of the traveler was signed?
 - A. No, it's not.
 - Q. Why not?
 - A. There's an NDE chit attached dated August 21, 1978, signed by Larry Wilkerson, which states that it's for the first fit-up and cleanliness of plate to plate. The traveler on line 1 indicates that it's the inside fit-up and cleanliness of above, which was signed by Don Vogt on December 4, '79, and then reverified Sat for the inside fit-up by Dave Stinson on February 8th, 1982.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, is this reverification part of the procedure?
 - A. No, it was not.
 - Q. So that's an inspection that was done above and beyond the requirements of the program?
 - A. The verification by QC inspector was not required. In that sense it was above and beyond the requirements of the program.
 - Q. And it's your testimony that reverification is normally performed by the craftsman; is that right?
 - A. That's true.

Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please review 1 traveler package 88? 2 3 A . Okay. Are you aware the intervenor alleged in its 4 handwritten list of allegations that traveler 5 package 88 is deficient because certain 6 7 documentation is missing from the package? 8 A. Yes, I am. Q. Mr. Brandt, what's your understanding of 9 that allegation? 10 Apparently, they're referring once again to 11 the lack of WFML's and WMR's. 12 13 Q. And is the package deficient because WMR's 14 and WFML's are missing? 15 A. No, it's not. Q. Why not? 16 17 A. They're not required to be attached. Mr. Brandt, would you please review 18 19 traveler package 110? 20 A . Okay. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the 21 22 intervenor in this proceeding has alleged that 23 traveler package 110 is deficient because of the way 24 in which line 1 of the traveler is signed?

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A. Yes, I am.

- 1 Q. Is traveler package 110 deficient because of the way in which line 1 is signed? 2 No, it's not. 3 A . Why not? 4 There's a chit attached dated October 4th, 5 1978, signed by Larry Wilkerson, indicating that the 6 first fit-up and cleanliness of angle to plate is 7 satisfactory. Line 1 of the traveler is marked, 8 quote, inside fit-up and cleanliness of above, close quote, noted as satisfactory and signed by Don Vogt 10 11 on December 7th, 1979. 12 Q. So does the package contain verification 13 that both the inside and outside fit-up and 14 cleanliness inspections were performed? 15 Yes, it does. A . Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the 16 17 intervenor has alleged in its memorandum dated September 27th that traveler package 110 is 18 deficient because the weld was inspected before rod 19 was issued? 20 21 A. Yes, I am. 22 Mr. Brandt, is there any evidence that that
 - A. No, there's not. Apparently, they're referring to the lack of the inclusion of the early

allegation was true?

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- 1 WMR's in the package, which as I've stated before, 2 was not required.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor has alleged in the handwritten list of allegations and in the transcript of this proceeding for September 18, 1984, that traveler package 110 is deficient because the last line of the package was marked "Sat", the last line of the traveler was marked "Sat", there's no inspector's signature or date on that line?
- 11 A. Yes, I am.

- Q. And is that a deficiency in this package?
- A. No, it's not. As I've stated before, the indication of Sat without the inspector's signature serves absolutely no purpose.
 - Q. And is this weld still in process?
 - A. The weld is considered in process until the final inspection is performed and signed by certified QC inspector.
 - Q. Mr. Brant, would you please refer to traveler package 111?
 - A. Yes, I would.
- Q. Are you aware that the intervenor has alleged that traveler package Ill is deficient because the last line of the traveler is marked

- "Sat", but there's no inspector's signature for that line or no date for the inspection of that line?
 - A. Yes, I am.

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- Q. Is that a deficiency in this package?
- A. No, it's not.
 - Q. And is it not a deficiency for the reasons you've testified to several times before that this is an in-process weld and the satisfactory indication is meaningless until inspector's signature is attached to the line?
 - A. It's meaningless in the fact that there's not an inspector's signature, but it's not an in-process weld in that sense. If you'll note on the second package of the traveler in 1981 they had switched to the eight-line traveler. And Mr. Cole had signed off, albeit in the wrong place, and that he signed off line 1 instead of line 5, but he had signed off the fit-up and cleanliness. The outside fit-up and cleanliness is substantiated by a chit dated August 31, 1978, signed by Phil Davis. It's my conclusion that Mr. Cole's signature indicates the inside fit-up is based on the date that the weld of the leak chase channel to the liner plate was inspected -- October 26, 1978. Once this channel was welded on the backside of the liner plate, the

- backside of the weld was completely inaccessible.

 The only weld to which Mr. Cole could have been referring was the inside, or waterside, weld.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 118?
 - A. Okay.

- O. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor in this proceeding alleged in its memorandum dated September 27th that travelor package 118 is deficient because of the way in which line 1 of the traveler is signed?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, is that package deficient because of the way in which line 1 is signed?
 - A. No, it's not.
- Q. Why not?
- A. There's a chit attached dated August 10,

 1978, signed by S. M. McCoy, which is entitled

 fit-up and cleanliness. There is also a chit

 attached signed by Dave Stinson dated January 22nd,

 1982, for the inside fit-up and he reverified it

 again on the 3rd of February, 1982, and signed the

 traveler on that date.
- Q. So does the package contain verification that all required cleanliness and fit-up inspection

were performed? A. Yes, it does. 2 O. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in its 3 memorandum dated September 27th, 1984, the intervenor alleges that traveler package 118 is 5 deficient because cleanliness was not reverified 6 prior to the resumption of welding? 7 Yes, I am. 8 A . Is the package deficient for that reason? 9 No. As I've stated earlier, there is no 10 11 requirement for QC to reverify cleanliness due to 12 starting and stopping of welding operation. 13 Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that with respect to traveler package 118 the intervenor in its 14 memorandum dated September 27, 1984, alleges that 15 the package is deficient because certain 16 documentation is missing from that package? 17 18 A. Yes, I am. 19 Q. What's your understanding of that allegation? 20 A. The only thing to which they could be 21 referring would be the missing WFML's and WMR's. 22

Q. And is the package deficient because certain WFML's and WMR's are not included in the package?

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- A. No, it's not. As I've stated earlier, they're not required to be included in the package.

 Q. And Mr. Brandt, does the package contain
 - all documentation required to verify that all required inspections to this point in the process were performed?
 - A. Yes, it does.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the handwritten list of allegations and the transcript of the hearing of September 18, 1984, and in memorandum dated September 27, 1984, the intervenor alleged that traveler page 118 is deficient because the last line of the traveler has been marked "Sat", but there's no inspector's signature or date on that line?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, is the package deficient for that reason?
 - A. No, it's not.
- Q. And is it not deficient for the reasons you've given several times in your testimony today of similar packages and other occasions?
- A. Yes. The indication "Sat" without inspector's signature serves no purpose.
 - Q. And is this weld still in process?

- 1 A. Yes, it is.
- 2 Q. And prior to final acceptance, is it
 3 required that an inspector sign and date line 5 of
 4 the traveler?
 - A. Yes, it is.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor in its memorandum dated September 27th, alleges that traveler package 118 is deficient because it contains an eight-line traveler that was issued in the 1978-1979 time frame?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, does the package contain such a traveler?
 - A. Fo, it does not.
- Q. Hr. Brandt, is there any eight-line traveler in that package?
- A. Yes, there is. The traveler that's included in the package first appeared in QI-QP l1-14-6 in September 1982, so it's not possible that this traveler was used in 1979. Additionally, there's not a single signature on this traveler included in the package.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor in this proceeding has alleged that traveler package 118 is deficient because certain

required documentation is missing from that package?

A. Yes, I am.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, what's your understanding of the allegation?
- A. From my review of the package, the only thing to which they could be referring would be a chit for the VT of the backing strip, which is hold point number 2; a chit for the cleanliness and liner of the backing strip, which is number 3; a chit for the final VT of the channel fillet weld, which is hold point number 4; and the WMR's and WFML's.

As I've stated previously, the WMR's and WFML's are not required to be attached, and the chits for hold points 2, 3 and 4, although procedurally required, the lack of such is not significant in the fact that the traveler was updated as required and signed by the inspector on the face of the traveler.

- Q. So your testimony is that there is no missing documentation from this package?
- A. There is documentation missing in the fact that the chits for hold points 2, 3 and 4 are not included. However, it's without significance as the inspector has signed the traveler for those three inspections. Had they been included, it would have

- 1 been a redundant piece of documentation to 2 substantiate the performance of that inspection.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 126. Is it your understanding that the intervenor in this proceeding has alleged that traveler package 126 is deficient because documentation required to be in the package is missing?
- A. Yes, it is. 9

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- Q. What's your understanding of that allegation? 11
 - A. They're apparently referring to the WFML's and WMR's, which I've previously stated are not required to be attached.
 - Q. Based on your review of that package, is all documentation required to be in the package there?
 - A. Yes, it is.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 130.
- 21 A. Okay.
- 22 Q. Mr. Brandt, is it your understanding that the intervenor alleges in its memorandum of 23 September 27th, transcript of September 18 and in 24 the handwritten list of allegations that this 25

package is deficient because of the way in which 1 line 1 of the traveler is signed? 3 Yes, it is. A. Mr. Brandt, is the package deficient 4 5 because of the way in which line 1 is signed? 6 A. No, it's not. Why not? 0. The outside fit-up was accepted by S. M. 8 9 McCoy on August 18th, 1978, on an NDE chit, which states first fit-up and cleanliness of plate to 10 plate. The inside fit-up was accepted by Robert 11 12 Kanney on March 27th, 1980, and the inside was reverified as satisfactory by Dave Stinson on 13 14 February 8, 1982. 15 Q. So is your testimony that all required 16 inspections, all required cleanliness and fit-up 17 inspections can be substantiated by documents in the 18 package? 19 A . Yes. 20 And that line 1 is properly signed? 21 Yes, it is. A . 22 Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 133? 23

Mr. Brandt, is it your understanding that

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Okay.

- the intervenor has alleged in its handwritten list of allegations and on the transcript of the hearing of this proceeding for September 18 that traveler package 133 is deficient because that package contains an eight-line traveler issued in the 1978-1979 time frame?
 - A. Yes, it is.

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- Q. Mr. Brandt, is the package deficient for that reason?
 - A. No, it's not.
 - Q. Why not?
- A. The eight-line traveler was required by procedure at that time. It had been introduced into CCP-38 Revision 2 by ICN#3 dated April 10, '79, and the first inspection performed on this traveler is dated May 1979. Consequently, it was the correct traveler.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that on the transcript of this proceeding for September 18, 1984, the intervenor alleged that traveler package 133 is deficient because certain required documentation is missing from the package?
- A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, what's your understanding of that allegation?

- Q. So it's your testimony that there is no documentation missing from this package?
 - A. That's true.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler packages 134 and 135?
 - A. Okay.

- Q. Are you aware that in the handwritten list of allegations and on the transcript of the hearing in this proceeding for September 18, 1984, the intervenor alleged that these packages are deficient because inspections were performed before weld rod was issued?
- A. Yes, I am. Once again, apparently, they're drawing the conclusion, this conclusion based on the lack of WMR's and WFML's being attached to the package, which I've stated previously was not and is not a requirement. There is nothing else to indicate to me -- excuse me. There's nothing at all in these packages to indicate inspections were

- 1 performed prior to the issuance of weld rods.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 137.
 - A. Okay.

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- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that on the transcript of the hearing in this proceeding for September 18, 1984, the intervenor alleged that package 137 was deficient because it contains an eight-line traveler that was issued in the period 1978-79?
- 11 A. Yes, I am.
 - Q. Does the package contain such a traveler?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Is it deficient because of that?
- A. No, it isn't. The eight-line traveler

 contained in the package was procedurally prescribed

 and proper at the time it was used. The first

 inspection date on this traveler is May 1979 and

 this traveler had been incorporated into CCP-38 in

 April 1979. Consequently, it was the proper form
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 138.
- 24 A. Okay.

for use.

25 Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that in the

- handwritten list of allegations and on the transcript of the hearing in this proceeding for September 18, 1984, the intervenor alleges that this package is deficient occause certain lines on the traveler are written in two different handwritings?
- A. Yes, I am.

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- Q. And does it appear to you that lines on that traveler are written in two different handwritings?
- A. It's possible. I'm not sure I'm willing to draw that conclusion. In either case it's insignificant. As I've stated before, what truly is significant on that line is the inspector's signature and date.
- Q. And as long as the inspector signs the inspection hold point, is that the critical issue from the QC perspective?
- A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 142.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. Are you aware that in the handwritten list of allegations, on the transcript of the hearing for September 18, 1984, the memorandum filed on September 27, 1984, the intervenor alleges that this

- package is deficient because of the way in which line 1 of the package was signed?
 - A. Yes, I am.

- Q. In your judgment, is the package deficient because of the way in which line 1 is signed?
 - A. No, it's not.
 - Q. Why not?
- A. A chit dated August 16, '78, by S. M. McCoy, indicates that the first fit-up and cleanliness of plate to plate was acceptable. The first line of the traveler indicates that the inside fit-up was acceptable on January 3rd, 1980, and reverified on January 27th, 1982, by Dave Stinson for which a chit is additionally attached. It's my understanding from the fabrication sequence that took place and from reading the chit that this is 6 inches of weld on the west end of 142. It was a reverification of cleanliness by Mr. Stinson prior to manual welding of that portion of the seam weld where the automatic welder would not reach.
- Q. Based on your review of the package, is all documentation required to substantiate the cleanliness and fit-up inspections present in that package?
 - A. Yes, it is.

- 1 Q. And is line 1 of that traveler properly 2 signed?
 - A. Yes, it is.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd now like you to review a whole series of travelers for one specific point.

 And would you please get before you traveler numbers 104, 105, 114, 115, 116, 117, 119, 120, 122, 124, 125, 126, 127, 129, 131, 132, 134, 135, 136 and 137.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, do you now have all those travelers before you?
- A. Yes, I do.
- places in the handwritten allegations of the transcript of the hearing of September 18 and in the memorandum filed on September 27th the intervenor alleges that these packages are deficient because the last line of each traveler is marked "Sat", but there's no inspector's signature and no date on those lines?
- A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, are any of these packages
 deficient because of that fact?
 - A. No, they're not. As I've stated previously, the word "Sat" written on the line for the final

- visual inspection of the inside weld without the
 corresponding signature of a certified QC inspector
 serves no purpose. These welds are still considered
 in-process and will require completion of this
 visual inspection and signature of the traveler by
 QC inspector prior to the weld being considered
 complete.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler packages 205, 207, 227, 240, 241, 243, 245 and 249.
 - A. Okay.

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- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor has alleged in various places in the handwritten list of allegations, the memorandum filed September 27th and in the hearing transcript for September 18th that these packages are deficient because they all use an eight-line traveler that was issued in the 1978-1979 time frame?
 - A. Yes, I am.
- 20 Q. Mr. Brandt, do these packages use such a traveler?
 - A. Yes, they do.
 - Q. Was that improper?
- 24 A. No, it's not.
- 25 Q. Why not?

- A. In April 1979 an eight-line traveler was introduced in CCP-38. Its use was required by the QC procedure. And on every one of the travelers we're talking about, the date of the first 4 inspection is after April 1979. Consequently, the eight-line traveler was proper for use in the time period it was used.
 - Mr. Brandt, are you aware that with respect to these same travelers, this same package of travelers, the intervenor has alleged that various places these travelers are deficient because required documentation is missing from the packages?
 - Yes, I am. A .

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- Q. Mr. Brandt, what's your understanding of the allegation?
- If the intervenor was referring to the lack of chits being attached to these packages, chits were not required with the use of the eight-line traveler. If the intervenor is referring to the lack of WMR's or WFML's, as I've stated earlier, neither of these two documents were required to be attached to the procedure and consequently, no deficiency exists.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, you testified they weren't required to be attached to the procedure. Did you

1 misspeak when you said that?

- A. I intended to say they were not required to be attached by the procedure.
- Q. Thank you. And based on your review of these travelers, do you find any evidence that required documentation is missing from these packages?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. So it's your testimony that all documentation required to substantiate the welds up to this point in the processing of them is included in the package?
- A. All the documentation required to substantiate that required inspections were performed is in the package, yes, sir.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, while you have that package of travelers in front of you, would you please refer specifically to travelers numbers 205 and 225.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that with respect to these two packages, these two traveler packages, the intervenor has alleged in various points of the record of this proceeding that these travelers are deficient because the last line of the travelers is marked "Sat" but there's no QC inspector's signature

and no date for the inspection?

A. Yes, I am.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please comment again on whether this constitutes a deficiency in these packages?
 - A. The presence of the word "Sat" without an inspector's signature is not objective evidence that the inspection was performed. In fact, these welds are still in process and will require a final visual inspection to be performed and the travelers signed prior to the weld being considered completed.
 - Q. So your testimony is there was no deficiency in the package because of the facts cited by the intervenor?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, again while you have this set of travelers from the 200 series in front of you, would you please refer to traveler 2357
 - A. Okay.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that the intervenor in this proceeding has alleged that traveler package 235 is deficient because a chit attached to the package appears to be written in two different handwritings or written by two different people?

1	A. Yes, I am.
2	Q. Mr. Brandt, is there anything improper
3	about first, based on your review, do you believe
4	that it was written by two different people?
5	A. One of them clearly so. The other one I'm
6	not quite sure of.
7	Q. Mr. Brandt, assuming both of them were
8	written by two different people, does that indicate
9	any kind of deficiency in the traveler package?
10	A. No, it does not.
11	Q. Why not?
12	A. The NDE chit was filled out by the foreman.
13	Q. The foreman being the craft foreman?
14	A. Yes, sir. And forwarded to QC to perform
15	an inspection. QC signed the chit and indicated
16	results when they performed the inspection.
17	Q. So in the normal course of business, one
18	would expect them to be written in two different
19	handwritings; is that right?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to
22	traveler package 2217
23	A. Okay.
24	Q. Is it your understanding that the

intervenor in this proceeding has alleged that

traveler package 221 is deficient because required 1 documentation is missing from that traveler package? Yes, it is. 3 A. Q. Mr. Brandt, what's your understanding of 4 the allegation, the specific nature of the 5 allegation concerning traveler package 221? 6 They're referring to missing chits, the chits are missing to substantiate hold points 2, 3 8 9 and 4; however, these hold points are properly 10 signed off on the face of the traveler itself. If they're referring to missing WMR's and WFML's, as 11 I've stated previously, neither of these two 12 13 documents are required to be attached to the package. 14 Q. And Mr. Brandt, is it your testimony that there is in that package all the documentation 15 16 necessary to substantiate the inspections that have 17 so far been performed? Yes, it is. 18 A . 19 Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler package 356. 20 21 Okay. A . Q. Mr. Brandt, is it your understanding that 22 the intervenor in this proceeding has alleged that 23 traveler package 356 is deficient because there is 24 documentation missing from that package, which is 25

required to be there?

- A. Yes, it is.
- 3 Q. Mr. Brandt, what's your understanding of 4 that allegation?
 - A. They could be referring to a number of things here. If they're referring to missing chits, chits were clearly not required.
 - Q. Why not?
 - A. The time frame of those travelers is 1981. The requirement that chits be retained was deleted from procedures in 1979.

They could be referring to missing WFML's.

As I've stated a number of times, the WFML's are not required to be attached to the package.

They could be referring to a missing PT report. The PT was done by Mr. Cole on Pebruary 16th, 1981. During this time frame PT reports were not included in the package. They were kept in a separate file. The purpose of including this information on the traveler was simply to indicate to the craft that the PT had been performed as required and that QC could file their NDE report independently. The results of the penetrant inspection are clearly indicated by Mr. Cole on page 2 of 2 in Section 5.B of the traveler.

- 2 traveler, is there any documentation missing that
 3 should be there?
 - A. No, there is not.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to ask you to collect and get before you a whole series of travelers from the 400's, and those travelers are traveler numbers 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 417, 418, 420 through 439 except for 424.
 - A. Okay.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, is it your understanding that with respect to these travelers the intervenor alleges in their handwritten list of allegations that these travelers are deficient because they indicate that red was burned prior to the fit-up and cleanliness inspection?
- A. I understand that that's their allegation, yes, sir.
- O. Mr. Brandt, it's my recollection that there is another allegation that appears in many of these sources that alleges that there's a deficiency in other travelers because inspections were performed prior to weld rod being issued. Have you testified about such allegations?
- A. Yes, I have.

- Q. Are these two allegations inconsistent with one another?

 A. Seem to be.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, what's your evaluation of the allegation that weld rod was burned prior to the fit-up and cleanliness inspection?
 - A. It's an indication to me that the person making the allegation has a lack of understanding about the welding process itself. Prior to performing a fit-up inspection the two pieces to be joined by the welding process are fitted up, in that they're drawn close enough together to make the weld, a specified gap is maintained, and in this case, a backing strip is tack welded to each of these pieces, bridging the gap formed by the two pieces to be welded. In order to make these tacks, weld rod must be issued to qualified welders and the backing strip tacked on to the two plates being joined.
 - Q. When you say "tacked on", Mr. Brandt, does that mean they're actually welded together?
 - A. They are welded together by what is termed a "tack weld", which is a small weld.
 - Q. Like a spot weld?
 - A. Precisely.

Q. So is it necessary, in fact, to issue and

- burn welding rod prior to the time of fit-up and cleanliness inspection is performed?
 - A. Yes, it is. In all of these cases that I have in front of me, I believe the only rod burned prior to the first inspection was either one or two rods, which is a clear indication to me that the rod was used only to make the tacks, as one weld rod will not deposit a significant amount of filler material.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, will you please review each of these travelers that you have before you to confirm that only one or two weld rods were burned prior to fit-up inspection in each case?
 - A. Yes, sir. All of these cases involved the burning of only one or two weld rods prior to the inspection.
 - Q. In your review of the travelers did you find any indication of a deficiency in them because weld rod was burned prior to fit-up and cleanliness inspection?
 - A. No. I did not.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like for you to get before you another series of travelers in the 400 series. Those are travelers 408, 411, 463 through 484.
 - A. Okay.

Q. Mr. Brandt, directing your attention first to travelers 408 and 411, is it your understanding that the intervenor alleges that these two travelers are examples of travelers where a Mr. Hawford,

H-a-w-f-o-r-d -- which I believe was incorrectly spelled as Halford, H-a-l-f-o-r-d, in their papers.

In any event, is it your understanding that these are examples of which the intervenor sites of travelers where Mr. Hawford issued an inordinately large number of weld rods on particular days?

A. No, Mr. Downey. It's my understanding that the intervenor's contention for welds 408 and 411 is that Mr. Hawford signed the WFML, and next to it the line is blank. This is an example of Mr. Hawford apparently intending to issue weld rod to one of his welders for these two welds and either the welder did not come in that day or Mr. Hawford reassigned the welder prior to the time of issuence. In either case, no weld rod was issued as a result of his blank signature.

To understand what the signature means, you must understand the process by which a welder obtains rod. To obtain weld rod, a welder obtains the WPML signed by his foreman authorizing issuance and takes the WFML to the rod issue shack to receive

weld rod. Although these two WFML's have been signed by Mr. Hawford, they were never taken to the issue shack to receive filler material, and no filler material was issued as a result of those signatures.

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- Q. So is there any deficiency in these papers as a result of the signature of Mr. Hawford?
- A. Mr. Hawford should have lined through his signature, initialed it and dated it so that the next entry on the WFML could be used. As these copies are two to three weeks, possibly even a month old at this point, it's possible that it's been corrected by this time. I do not know.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, is it your understanding that the intervenor has alleged in the transcript of the hearing of September 18th there's some impropriety in a number of travelers because Mr. Hawford signed a large number of travelers authorizing issuance of weld rod on a single day?
 - A. It is my understanding, yes, sir.
- Q. Is there anything wrong with Mr. Hawford signing a large number of travelers on a single day or a large number of WPML's on a single day?
- A. No, sir. Some of these welds are not very long; they can be completed in a relatively short

period of time. Mr. Hawford is a foreman over a crew of millwrights. He's responsible for that crew's activities, and as I've described, he must sign a WFML each time a welder is to receive weld rod. In the course of a day he could sign quite a number of these depending on the length of welds his welders were working on, the number of welders working and how many rods they were withdrawing at a time. There's no reason to believe that due to the number of WFML's which have been signed by Mr. Hawford that any improprieties took place.

This is another example of the person making the allegation not fully understanding either the welding process or the process by which a welder receives his weld rods.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to ask you to now refer to traveler packages 463 through 484.
 - A. Okay.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, is it your understanding that with respect to these packages the intervenor has alleged in the handwritten list of allegations that the packages are deficient because of the large number of inspections and signatures entered on these travelers by Mr. Jimmy Duncan on a single day?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, have you had a chance to review traveler numbers 463 through 484 to determine the number of inspections that Mr. Duncan conducted on May 3, 1983?

 A. Yes, I have.

 Q. First, let me ask you what kind of inspections was Mr. Duncan performing on that day if
 - A. Pirst I'd like to clarify that welds number 477 through 481 were not inspected by Jimmy Duncan. Jimmy Duncan merely marked some hold points on the craveler "Not Applicable".
 - Q. How long does it take to mark hold points as not applicable, Mr. Brandt?
 - A. Maybe three seconds a line. It could have conceivably taken 15 to 20 seconds a traveler.

For the remaining welds it was essentially a fit-up and cleanliness inspection and a visual inspection of the tacks on the backing strip. It's a very simple inspection.

- Q. Do you find any evidence from reviewing those travelers that Mr. Duncan made an inordinately large number of inspections on that date?
 - A. Absolutely not.

you can generalize.

Q. In fact, could be have performed a good

- 1 deal more work beyond what's verified in these 2 travelers?
 - A. Depending upon how much the millwrights had ready for him to inspect when they called him, Mr. Duncan could have done considerably more than what's found on these travelers.
 - Q. Do you find any cause for alarm by the amount of work done?
 - A. Absolutely not. Once again this appears to be a result of a general lack of understanding of the welding and welding inspection process. These inspections, as I said, are extremely simple inspections. If Mr. Duncan had performed even two to three times that number, it would not be any reason for concern.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please review traveler 589.
 - A. Okay.

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- Q. Are you aware that intervenor in this proceeding alleged in the memorandum filed on September 27th, 1984, that this traveler package was deficient because it fails to contain certain documentation that the intervenor contends should be in that package?
 - A. Yes, I am.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, what's your understanding of 1 that allegation?
 - The allegation could be referring to the lack of WFML's, which I've previously stated are not required to be attached. It could be referring to the lack of chits, which for this time period were not required or I quess could be conceivably referring to the lack of a liquid penetrant test report, which has not yet been performed.
 - Q. Based on your review of the traveler package 589, do you find any indication that documentation that should be there at this stage in the process is missing?
 - No. I do not.
 - Mr. Brandt, would you please refer to traveler packages 859, 867, 868, 871, 877, 878 and 8792
 - Okay. A .

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Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware that with respect to these traveler packages the intervenor in the handwritten list of allegations and in the transcript of the hearing of September 18, 1984, alleged that these packages were deficient because they all use an eight-line traveler which was originated in the 1978-1979 time frame?

- 1 A . Yes, I am. Mr. Brandt, do all these packages use an 2 eight-line traveler that was initiated in the 3 1978-1979 time frame? 4 A. Yes, they do. 5 6 Is that improper? No, it's not. They're all dated after the 7 inclusion of the eight-line traveler in CCP-38 Rev. 8 2 in April 1979. Q. Is there any deficiency, any problem in the 10 11 use of the eight-line traveler included in these 12 packages for this time period? 13 No, there is not. It's in compliance with 14 procedural requirements at the time. 15 Q. Mr. Brandt, are you aware with respect to 16 the same group of travelers, that is traveler numbers 859, 877, 879 and 878 that the intervenor in 17 18 this proceeding has alleged these travelers are deficient because they're missing certain 19 20 documentation which the intervenor contends should 21 be included in the package? Yes, I am. 22 A .
- 23 Q. What's your understanding of that 24 allegation, Mr. Brandt?

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A. I'm not sure to which they're referring.

If they're referring to the missing WMR's and/or WFML's, as I've stated numerous times previously, they're not required to be attached. If they're referring to the lack of NDE chits, chits were not required in this time frame. Other than that, all documentation that's required to be present to substantiate the inspection process for each of the welds is present in the package. The PT reports for welds 877, '78 and '79, as I stated earlier, were filed separately during this time frame. The purpose of the signature line on page 2 of the traveler is to indicate to the craft that the PT had been performed and was satisfactory. And in all three of these cases the inspector did sign on page 2 indicating that the PT had been performed and was satisfactory.

- Q. Based on your review of these traveler packages, do you find any indication that documentation that should be there in this stage of processing of the welds is missing?
 - A. No, I don't.

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Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to ask you another question about your testimony in which you indicated that WFML's were not required to be attached to these travelers and similar testimony that the WMR's

1 are not required to be attached to these travelers.

Are there some kinds of welds at the site which do require the inclusion of these documents in traveler packages?

A. Yes, there are.

- Q. Do you know why some welds require the inclusion of those documents in traveler packages and these stainless steel liner travelers do not?
- weld filler material. These welds do not. Where applicable, traceability is mandated by either a code, a specification or both. For example, an ASME class 3 pipe weld requires that weld filler material be traceable to the weld. That is a requirement of the code itself. Consequently, the program for inspection of pipe welds requires the inclusion of the WFML as part of the package. These particular welds are governed by no code and there's no requirement in the specification for filler material traceability. Consequently, there's no requirement that either the WME or WFML be attached and made part of the package.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you now refer to traveler packages 867 and 868?
 - A. Okay.

A. Yes, it is.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, based on your review of these two travelers, do you agree that certain lines on these travelers are written in handwriting placed on the travelers by two different people?
- A. I don't claim to be a handwriting expert,

 Mr. Downey, and some of them are close enough that

 I'm not willing to state one way or the other what I

 feel is different handwriting.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, for purposes of my question, would you please assume that in fact the intervenor is correct and that certain lines on that traveler have been prepared by two different people. With that assumption in mind, with making that assumption, do you find anything improper about that?
- A. No. As I stated earlier, the significant feature of line 1 is the inspector's signature. The word "Sat" could have been written by anyone. In

- fact, it could have been typed in, as I think we've previously discussed. The inspector's signature indicating satisfactory completion of the examination and inspection is the critical portion of that.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, will you please refer to traveler package 1091?
 - A. Okay.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, is it your understanding that the intervenor in this proceeding alleges that traveler package 1091 is deficient because of the way in which line 1 of the traveler was signed off?
 - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, first what's your understanding of the allegation, intervenor's allegation, with respect to this traveler?
- A. I don't understand it. Typically the concern over line number I has been where the five-line traveler was used, what the signature on line I stood for. In this case, the five-line traveler was not used. It was the eight-line traveler, and I don't understand the allegation.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, in line with your observation that the eight-line traveler was used, is it your understanding that the intervenor has alleged that

- traveler package 1091 is deficient because it in fact does use an eight-line traveler that was initiated in the 1978-1979 time frame?
 - A. Yes, it is.

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- Q. Is there anything wrong with the use of the traveler, the eight-line traveler, in the 1978-1979 time frame?
- A. To clarify, Mr. Downey, it's clear that the traveler was used in the 1981 time frame, not in the 1978-1979 time frame. In either case it would have been acceptable provided that it was used after April 1979 as that was the date the eight-line traveler was introduced in CCP-38.
- Q. Do you find any evidence that an improper traveler package form was used in traveler package 1091?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, you've now reviewed in the course of the past several hours and testified about what may be several hundred specific allegations made by the intervenor with respect to these travelers. Based on your review of the travelers and these allegations, have you found any reason to believe that the required inspections were not performed or that deficiency paper does not exist

where such inspections can not be documented? 2 No, I have not. A. Q. Mr. Brandt, I perhaps prematurely asked you that last question. Before we move on to another subject, I would now ask you to review travelers number 23 and 151. 6 7 A. Okay. Q. Mr. Brandt, is it your understanding that with respect to traveler number 23 the intervenor 9 has alleged that there's some impropriety because 10 the chit associated with that traveler states that 11 the inspection was for a partial cleanliness 13 inspection? A. Yes, it is. 14 O. Mr. Brandt, does that conform with what the 15 chit actually says? 16 17 A. Yes, it does. Is there any kind of problem associated 18 19 with that notation on the chit? None that I see, Mr. Downey. The chit is 20 21 dated February 25th, 1980. The chit clearly states 22 that it's for the partial cleanliness of the seam. 23 This would be the inside cleanliness and fit-up

satisfactory by James Cole on March 3rd, 1980, after

inspection. The entire seam was signed off

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- 1 the partial sign-off which is perfectly acceptable.
- 2 Q. Do you find any deficiency in traveler
 3 package 23 as a result of that notation on the NDE
- 4 chit?

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- 5 A. No, I do not.
- 7 package 151, is it your understanding that the 8 intervenor has alleged that there's a deficiency in that package because the chit attached to the package indicates that the cleanliness inspection was for one half of the seam?
 - A. Yes, it is. That's my understanding.
 - Q. And in fact does the chit indicate that?
 - A. Yes, it does.
- 15 Q. Is that a deficiency in traveler package
 16 151 in your judgment?
- 17 A. No, it is not.
- 18 Q. Why not?
 - A. Here the chit, once again, is dated March 31, 1980, for approximately one half of the seam. The final inside fit-up and cleanliness inspection for the entire seam was not noted as satisfactory until April 2nd, which is after the partial, which once again, is perfectly proper.
 - Q. And do you find any deficiency in traveler

- package 151 as a result of the allegation made by
 the intervenor?
 - A. No, I do not.

- Q. Mr. Brant, in your prior testimony in a hearing in this case you indicated that as far as you're aware, the principal problem with this set of travelers was that for some of the travelers the inspections were recorded on the wrong form. Do you recall that testimony?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you find in your review of travelers that you testified today and other travelers you reviewed over the past few weeks, do you find any evidence that your prior testimony was incorrect?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, in addition to the allegations about these specific travelers you have been reviewing this morning and this afternoon, is it your understanding that the memorandum filed by the intervenor on September 27th contains another series of allegations about improprieties with respect to these travelers?
 - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to refer you to page 2 of that memorandum. In particular I'd like to

After the production of the travelers for Unit 2
Refueling Building there is no question that Ms.

Neumeyer had every reason to be apprehensive about the condition of the liner plates and the specific assignment she was given by her supervisor.

Do you see that?

A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Do you agree with that sentence?
- A. I assume by the term "Unit 2 Refueling
 Building" the intervenor's referring to the reactor
 building as there is no Unit 2 Refueling Building
 and the travelers produced were for the Unit 2
 Reactor Building.

As I stated previously, I think what Ms.

Neumeyer was acked to do and what she did was

correct, that her signature clearly indicates which
inspection it stands for as it refers to an attached

NDE chit. I see nothing wrong with that practice.

I am unable to address what Ms. Neumeyer was feeling
at the time; however, I don't believe that it's

reasonable to assume or it would not have been

reasonable for her to feel apprehensive about

signing off these travelers as she signed then off.

Q. Mr. Brandt, again directing your attention

I'd like to direct your attention specifically to
the sentence in the second full paragraph that reads,
quote: OI investigators apparently never reviewed
the stainless steel liner plate travelers which were
the subject of her --- and I note parenthetically
that "her" refers to Ms. Neumeyer -- concern,
neither did the Technical Review Team, paren, TRT,
close paren, close quote.

Do you see that sentence?

A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Do you agree with that seatence or is that seatence correct to your knowladge?
- A. If the Technical Review Team that they're referring to in this sentence is the Technical Review Team headed by Mr. Ippolitto which is currently on site and has been, the sentence is not correct.
- Q. Why do you say it's incorrect if that's the reference in the intervenor's memorandum?
- A. I know for a fact that the Technical Review Team has looked at these travelers.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd now like to direct your attention to the next paragraph on page 2 of the memorandum, which reads, quote: During the September

1984 hearings on this issue applicant produced approximately 1300 travelers, including some of those signed off by Ms. Neumeyer and another Quality Control inspector, Fred Evans, on March 3, 1983.

Do you see that paragraph?

A. Yes, Sir.

- Q. Is that paragraph accurate?
- A. It appears that the point that the paragraph's trying to make is Ms. Neumeyer and Fred Evans signed off travelers other than those produced by the applicants as a part of this proceeding. To my knowledge, that is not the case. I have not reviewed all the travelers for the Unit 1 Refueling Cavity, nor have I reviewed the travelers for the Fuel Building. However, as I previously stated in this proceeding, the review effort that occurred the first week in March 1983 was for the Unit 2 Refueling Cavity and not the Fuel Building or the Unit 1 Reactor Building.

not been produced that were signed by Mr. Evans or Ms. Neumeyer are for welds number 285, 344, 345, 346 and 347, which were part of those inadvertently not copied as part of the original box full of travelers presented in the September hearings by the applicant.

Q. Mr. Brandt, on again page 2 of the memorandum filed September 27th, the intervenor asserts, quote: A review of the travelers demonstrates that at least as to the fabrication and installation of the stainless steel liner plates there has been a complete quality control breakdown, close quote.

See that assertion?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you agree with that assertion?
- A. No, I do not.
 - Q. Why not?

- A. The overwhelming majority of weld numbers indicates that all inspections were performed as required. There are scattered instances where the documented evidence of performance of these inspectious could not be located and there's deficiency paper initiated for these specific weld numbers. As I stated initially in this hearing process, the QC inspectors failed to use the correct form in some cases. In this regard, it was a lack of procedural compliance by QC. But to categorize such as a, quote, complete quality control breakdown, end quote, is an outrageous statement.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to direct your

intervenor on September 27th. In particular, I'd

like to direct your attention to the second full

paragraph, the first sentence of that paragraph,

which reads in part, quote: Our -- referring to the

intervenor -- preliminary research into the

technical merits reveals that the vacuum box test

and penetrant test are unacceptable substitutes for

insuring that the weld was clean, that is, free from

foreign materials.

And it continues: These welds must last the lifetime of the reactor and the damage caused by impurities in a weld cannot be detected by vacuum box, hydrostatic or penetrant test. The impurities may not manifest themselves for months or years, but when the impurities eat their way out of unclean welds, it is likely that the impurity will extend to the liner plate also.

Do you see that text that I just quoted?

A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Do you agree with that text?
- A. I agree with portions of it and disagree with portions of it.
 - Q. What partions do you agree with?
 - A. They seem to imply the vacuum box test and

penetrant test were designed to insure that the weld was free of foreign materials. That's simply not the case. Their assertion that these two tests will not detect all foreign materials that will be present within the weld itself is a valid assumption. However, the purpose of the liquid penetrant test and the vacuum box test was to insure a watertight barrier exists between the waterside of the fue. pool and the concrete. These tests are capable of determining that.

not manifest themselves for months or years, but when impurities, quote, eat their way out, end quote, of unclean welds, it is likely that the impurity will extend to the liner plate also. I don't understand that statement. The mechanism by which the hypothetical impurities could, quote, eat their way out, end quote, of unclean welds is beyond me, whatever these impurities may be.

Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd now like to direct your attention to page 4 of intervenor's memorandum and particularly the paragraph in the middle of the page which reads, quote: The liner plates are also susceptible to being hit or jostled by the fuel as it moves through the canal and refueling cavity and

into the spent fuel pool. Because of this, it is important that the structural integrity of the welds be adequate. Further, the NRC requires that the fuel pool and other cavities be seismically qualified, and therefore dictate that all quality assurance requirements of Appendix of to 10 C.F.R. Part 50 be applied to these structures and components, close quote.

Mr. Brandt, do you agree with the text of that paragraph?

A. No, I do not.

- Q. In what ways do you disagree with the Text of that paragraph?
- A. They're implying as spent fuel is removed from the reactor, that it is moved by some manual process and could bump up against these fuel pool liners, thereby causing a breach of the fuel pool liner itself. There are several things that make that virtually impossible. Number one, as fuel is removed, it's removed in bundles. Each bundle is approximately one foot square, the length of which is probably 12 to 13 feet. But they're moved through the canal by the fueling machine -- excuse me. They're placed in a spent fuel cask and moved through the refueling cavity by the refueling

machine and it's carried down the center of the canal. This is done to maximize shielding that the water provides. As it's moved down the middle -- and I don't have a drawing in front of me, but I would guess the refueling cavity to be at least 25 feet wide, and given that these fuel bundles are a foot wide, there's at least 12 feet of space on either side of the fuel bundle as it moves down the refueling cavity. For that reason, it's virtually impossible for a bundle to hit the fuel pool liner itself. Additionally, these welds forming the seems between the liner plates are not structural welds. This tends to imply --

- Q. By "this", do you mean the paragraph that I quoted you?
- A. Right. This paragraph seems to imply that in the event that these liner plate was bumped by something, it would cause plate flexure, and therefore, could cause a breach of the liner plate itself. This is not the case. The welds are non-structural. The liner plate is placed solidly up against concrete and is one quarter or three-eighths of an inch thick, and it would simply not cause enough plate flexure to cause breach of the weld in the event that something did hit it.

As far as the NRC requiring that the fuel pool and other cavities be seismically qualified, the Comanche Peak PSAR has stated the requirements for these pools. Appendix B requirements are applicable to the installation, and the inspection of these and the program designed and implemented did satisfy the requirements of Appendix B.

Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to direct your attention to page 5 of the memorandum filed by the intervenors on September 27th, and particularly that sentence that appears as Subparagraph A approximately halfway down the page. And for clarity of the transcript, I'll quote that sentence which reads: The failure to use the correct S/S Liner traveler testified to by Brandt was a violation of Criteria V, VI and VII -- V, /I and VIII -- excuse me.

And I will note that those references are references to criteria contained in 10 CFR Appendix B.

Mr. Brandt, in your judgment, was the failure to use the correct form with respect to some of the travelers about which you've been testifying a violation of Criteria V, VI or VIII of 10 CFR 50 Appendix B?

A. No, they're not.

- Q. With respect to Criterion V, why is the use of the wrong form in some cases not a violation of that criterion?
- A. Criterion V requires that instructions, procedures or drawings include appropriate acceptance criteria for determining that important activities have been satisfactorily accomplished.

 As I've stated previously in this proceeding, these procedures did include appropriate acceptance criteria and did provide inspection forms for documenting inspections to substantiate acceptability of installed items.
 - Q. Do you find any evidence that the acceptance criteria developed for these welds, for the inspection of these welds, were inadequate in any way?
 - A. No, I do not.
 - Q. Do you find any evidence that those criteria were not applied in the inspections?
 - A. No. I do not.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, with respect to Criterion VI, do you find the use of the wrong form in some cases to violate that criterion?
- A. No, I do not.
- 25 Q. Why not?

A. Criterion VI is normally associated with procedures, drawings, specifications and instructions, of which this form was none. There's no evidence to me that the procedure was improperly prepared, that it was improperly -- there's no evidence to substantiate that it was not reviewed for adequacy. There's no evidence that it wasn't approved for use. The only evidence there could possibly be applied to Criterion VI as the criterion also requires that the procedure be used at the location where the prescribed activity is performed. There's no indication that the procedure was not used at the location being performed to the extent that all required inspections were performed. It's not evident, however, that the proper traveler was used, so I guess by inference you could speculate that the lack of use of the correct traveler was in some respects the lack of use of the procedure. Q. Mr. Brandt, with respect to Criterion VIII,

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Q. Mr. Brandt, with respect to Criterion VIII, do you find any evidence in these travelers that Cr. terion VIII was violated?

A. No. Criterion VIII requires identification and controlling of materials, parts and components.

These materials were identified by part number; records traceable to that part number are maintained.

And I feel that that meets the requirements of Criterion VIII.

If the intervenor is attempting to imply that weld rod traceability was not maintained, as I've stated earlier, there was no requirement for such.

Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to direct your attention to Subparagraph B at the bottom of page 5, about two-thirds of the way down the page, which reads, quote: The lack of sufficient documentation violates Criterion VI.

A. I'm not sure what the intervenor means by lack of sufficient documentation. As I stated earlier, the failure of QC inspectors to use the appropriate form in some cases is an indication that the procedure was not properly used even though all inspections required by that procedure were performed. If they're attempting to state that the lack of sufficient documentation is the fact that some of the chits are lost, I don't feel that's a violation of Criterion VI. However, Appendix B does not assume perfection. It merely requires that when you do have a violation of requirements, you note such on deficiency paper, which in this case did

occur.

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Q. Mr. Brandt, directing your attention to subparagraph C of page 5 of the intervenors memorandum which reads, quote: The lack of QC verification in supporting documentation violates Criteria V, VI and VIII and includes all the categories, close quote.

Do you agree with that statement?

- A. No, I do not.
- Q. Why not?
- A. I feel that the statement implies that there was a lack of QC verification and supporting documentation, which from my review I cannot draw the same conclusion. To the contrary, in the overwhelming majority of cases there was evidence that the inspections were performed and documented, albeit in some cases on the wrong form. That being so, there's no violation of the cited criteria.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like now to address your attention to Subparagraph D, the last subparagraph on page 5 of intervenor's memorandum, which states, quote: The failure to include all supporting documentation, WMR's and WFML's in the welding package is, a violation of Criterion VIII that requires identification of traceability of materials

used and to prevent the use of incorrect or

defective parts, materials and components, close
quote.

Do you see that sentence?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you agree with it?
- A. No, I don't.

- Q. Why not?
- A. As I've stated on numerous occasions already today, there was no requirement that WMR's and WFML's be attached to the package. In fact, there's no requirement in Appendix B that even requires compilation of the documents associated with a given weld into a package. Appendix B merely requires that all inspections, examinations and tests be documented and retained where applicable.
 - Q. So I take it you disagree totally with that statement?
 - A. Yes, I do.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, directing your attention to page 6 of the intervenor's memorandum, the next allegation which is Subparagraph E, states, quote: There is no adequate traceability for any of the welding packages reviewed, close quote.
 - Now, with respect to the welding packages

1 you have reviewed today in your testimony, is that 2 true?

- A. I'm not sure what the allegation refers to,
 but it appears to refer to the lack of the WFML's
 and WMR's in the package and the weld rod
 traceability. If this is the case, it's not
 required by procedure, specification or code.
 - Q. Do you disagree with that statement?
- A. I disagree fully with the statement. I disagree with it to the extent that, number one, I believe the statement's false; and secondly, even if true, there's no requirement for weld rod traceability to exist.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, under Subheading 2 on page 6 of the intervenor's memorandum there appears

 Subparagraph A which states, quote: From at least

 11-29-77 through 1-4-79 applicant used the wrong

 traveler form, paren, admitted by Brandt, close

 paren, failed to enter NDE chits on the traveler

 each day when used, and failed to put the chits in

 the QA vault daily as required by CP-QCI-2.11-1

 Rev. 0, 1 and 2, Section 3.1.1, paren, note, close

 paren, and used a chit for fit-up and cleanliness

 when no chit for that inspection was authorized for

 procedures in effect for that period, citing two

procedures.

Mr. Brandt, do you agree with that statement, that Paragraph A?

- A. I agree with portions of it and disagree with portions of it.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you go through the paragraph point by point and state those parts you disagree with and state why and identify the parts of that paragraph with which you do agree.
- A. The statement under Subheading A from at least 11-29-77 until 1-4-79 applicant used the wrong traveler form, paren, admitted by Brandt, close paren, I agree with as it refers to the Unit 2 Refueling Cavity.

The statement failed to enter NDE chits on the traveler each day when used, I agree with, but only sometimes did they fail to update this. In some cases the travelers were properly updated. As a matter of fact, in the majority of cases for hold points 2 and 3 the traveler was properly updated.

The statement failed to put the chits in the QA vault daily as required by CP-QCI-2.11-1 Rev. 0, 1 and 2, Section 3.1.1, paren, note, close paren, I agree with as there are a few chits that are not available. However, there are a large number of

chits that are available, so I can only agree with this on a partial basis.

and the statement used a chit for fit-up and cleanliness when no chit for that inspection was authorized for the procedure in effect for that period, paren, CP-QCI-2.11-1 and 35-1195-CCP-38, close paren, I disagree with. The procedure stated Section 3.1.1 of CP-QCI-2.11-1 that the QC inspector should inspect the items and document the results on attachment 4-A, which is the traveler that was not used for the Unit 2 liner. Nowever, it mentions the use of these chits, so I would maintain that the chit's use was procedurally described and it was proper to use the chit to document the inspection of fit-up and cleanliness requirements.

I might add that in the earlier statement in this very same paragraph the intervenor notes that applicant failed to put the chits in the QA vault daily as required by CP-QCI-2.11-1 Revision C, 1 and 2, Section 3.1.1, which was the procedure in effect from November 29th, '77, to January 4th, 1979, and yet, later claims that a chit was used for fit-up and cleanliness when no chit for that inspection was authorized by procedures in effect for that period seems to be inconsistent to me. I

don't understand the point they're trying to make, and in fact, the two portions of the same sentence seem to contradict each other.

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Q. Mr. Brandt, directing your attention to the next subparagraph on page 6, which is labeled Subparagraph B and reads, quote: No QC procedure published since 1-4-79 authorizes the use of NDE chits to record fit-up and cleanliness inspections having been performed. Procedures require that sign-off for all inspections included on the eight-line traveler be on the authorized eight-line traveler, paren, see e.g. QI-QP-11.14-6, paren, Rev. 1, close paren, Section 3.8, close paren. Although this was not followed in many instances and even today unauthorized and uncontrolled chits are being used to record inspections, close quote.

Mr. Brandt, do you agree with the statements made in the paragraph I've just quotes to you?

- A. Some I agree with; some I disagree with.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, would you please go through Subparagraph B on page 6 of the intervenor's memorandum filed September 27th, 1984, and identify the portions of that subparagraph with which you agree and those portions with which you disagree and

state the reasons for your disagreement.

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A. The statement that no QC procedure published since 1-4-79 authorizes the use of NDE chits to record fit-up and cleanliness inspection having been performed is true. I agree with that statement.

The statement that procedures require that sign-off for all inspection included on the eight-line traveler be on the authorized eight-line traveler, see e.g. QI-QP-11.14-6, paren, Rev. 1, close paren, Section 3.8, paren, although this was not followed in many instances, I don't agree with. As I believe I've stated earlier in this proceeding, the procedure was corrected in 1979 in April, and for any new work initiated past that point, an eight-line traveler was used. For new work initiated after April '79 the inspections were signed off on the eight-line traveler as performed. The error that occurred was for travelers existing in April '79 for which work was in process. The inspectors did not incorporate the use of the eight-line traveler in all of these cases, and in some cases chits were used to substantiate inspections performed after January 4, 1979.

The statement, quote, even today

unauthorized and uncontrolled chits are being used to record inspections, end quote, is false. Chits are being used today as a means for construction to request QC inspection and for QC to notify construction that that inspection has been performed. The required documentation as a result of the QC inspection is the traveler itself that's procedurally described and from both the evidence in front of me and from my personal knowledge, I believe this to be true.

- Q. And when you say the evidence in front of you, Mt. Brandt, you have reference to the many hundreds of travelers produced in this proceeding?
 - A. Yes, I do.

attention to the allegation on the bottom of page 6 of the intervenor's memorandum filed September 27, 1984, which is listed under subparagraph C and continues on to page 7 of that memorandum. And for clarity of the transcript, I'll quote that section which reads: With the adoption of QI-QAP-11.1-4 in 12-26-79 applicant had no QC authorized traveler form for stainless steel liner inspections and no chit forms for any inspection since this procedure deleted any reference to 35-1195-CCP-38 and does not

include any traveler or chit forms.

Mr. Brandt, do you see that allegation on pages 6 and 7?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you agree with it?
- 6 A. No, I don't.

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Q. Would you please state why you don't agree with it?

All construction procedures are reviewed by Quality Assurance. They are now and always have been. There's no regulatory or code requirement that process records or process documentation be included in quality control procedures. It's perfectly acceptable for inspection documentation to appear in construction procedures. The procedure QI-QAP-11.1-4 dated 12-26-79 states in Paragraph 3.1.1 and I'll quote: The QC inspector shall inspect the following items during fit-up and welding of liner material upon receipt of the stainless steel liner inspection traveler. The stainless steel liner traveler shall remain at the work area or millwright office until it has been completed, and upon completion, it shall be forwarded to the permanent plant records vault by the Millwright Department.

This traveler at that time was the eight point traveler --

- Q. When you say "at that time", Mr. Brandt, do you mean at the time after the adoption of QI-QAP-11.1-4 on December 26, 1979?
- A. Yes, I do. I'm referring to the traveler that was referenced by the QI-QAP-11.1-4 on December 26, 1979. And that was the traveler which was contained in the construction procedure CCP-38 Rev 3 dated May 23rd, 1979, which was entitled stainless steel liner inspection traveler.
- Q. And does your review of the documents, the traveler packages, indicate that that form was used on many occasions?
 - A. Yes, it was.

- Q. So Mr. Brandt, it's your testimony that you disagree totally with subparagraph -- the thrust of subparagraph C on pages 6 and 7 of the intervenor's memorandum?
- A. I totally disagree with the first part of it. The second part states no chit forms for any inspection since this procedure deleted any reference to 35-1195-CCP-38 and does not include any traveler or chit forms. I disagree with the portion of that that refers to traveler because the QC

However, no chit forms are required by either procedure at that time.

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Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to direct your attention to Subparagraph D on page 7 of the intervenor's memorandum filed September 27th, 1984. For clarity of the transcript, I'll quote that subparagraph, which reads: As of March 26, 1982, in per QI-QP-11.14-6, paren, Rev. 0-6, close paren, Section 3.5, paren, in Rev. 0, close paren, the issuance and distribution of inspection travelers were to be governed by 35-1195-CCP-38, which contains no instructions on issuance or distribution of travelers, paren see Section 3.4.2, paren, page 5 of 18, double close paren. In addition, the March 26, 1982, instruction for inspections is woefully inadequate compared to the level of detail and guidance on the conduct of inspection contained in its predecessors and successors, close quote.

Mr. Brandt, do you agree or disagree with that allegation in the intervenor's memorandum?

- A. I disagree.
- Q. Would you state why you disagree with that subparagraph?
 - A. This subparagraph seems to imply the

major operation. The format and content of the traveler was procedurally described in a procedure which had been reviewed and approved by Quality Assurance. In order to issue the traveler, it was a matter of writing a weld number on the traveler and starting to work with it and there was no distribution of the traveler. So that part of the subparagraph I neither understand nor find significant.

instruction for inspections is woefully inadequate compared to detail and guidance on the conduct of inspection contained in its predecessors and successors, I disagree with. The fact that it referenced other procedures rather than incorporating all the inspection criteria into one procedure does not make the procedure inadequate, and I feel that the procedure —— that procedure, namely Rev. O procedure, was adequate to perform inspections to assure compliance with specification.

Q. Mr. Brandt, directing your attention to the allegation contained in Subparagraph E on page 7 of the memorandum filed on September 27, 1984, which

reads, quote: QI-QP-11.14-6, paren, Rev. 4 and 5, close paren, does not contain any traveler form at all, although it is allegedly included as an attachment.

And it cites to the procedure and then continues: This condition continued from June 17, 1983, until January 10, 1984, paren, Rev. 6, close paren.

Do you see that allegation, Mr. Brandt?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you agree with it?
- A. Yes, I do.

- Q. What is the significance of the allegation?
- A. It was a clerical mistake. The page -that happens to be page 5 of the procedure states,
 quote, Attachment One continued, Brown & Root
 Stainless Steel Traveler Weld Inspection Sheet, end
 quots. Page 1 of the traveler was inadvertently
 omitted when the procedure was issued. However, the
 same traveler existed in Rev. 3 and although
 slightly different in format, exactly the same in
 content in Revision 6 of this procedure. The same
 traveler existed for this entire period as Figure
 Three in CCP-38 Revision 3.
 - Q. Is that the construction procedure?

- A. Yes, it is. I see no significance to the clerical error of the admission -- omission -- excuse me -- of the first page of the traveler in the OC proceeding.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, do you see any evidence in your review of the travelers that the wrong traveler form was used during the period June 17, 1983, through January 10, 1984?
 - A. No, I don't.

Q. Mr. Brandt, directing your attention to subparagraph 8 or Subparagraph P on page 7 of the intervenor's memorandum filed September 27, 1984, which reads, quote: All forms authorized and/or used for inspection of stainless steel liners and all instructions required a fit-up and cleanliness inspection for all welds. The NCR dispositioned the inspection deficiency only as to cleanliness and not as to fit-up. Thus the NCR does not fully address the problem, close quote.

Do you see that?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Mr. Brandt, do you agree with that allegation?
- A. No, I don't.
- 5 Q. Why not?

As I tried to explain last week or the week 1 2 before in this proceeding, the inside inspection is really a cleanliness inspection to verify that the 3 weld joint is cleaned after the spacer bars are removed. As the gap is maintained by the spacer bar preventing the gap from getting narrower than permitted and the two plates are prevented from moving further away by backing bar welded on the 8 9 ack side of the groove and a leak chase channel fillet welded for the length of the channel on the 10 11 back side of the two plates, the gap could not increase. The only situation which could occur 12 13 between the outside inspection and inside inspection 14 that in any way could be termed a fit-up inspection 15 of any significance is the backing bar could have 16 been dislodged by the tack welds cracking in transit 17 between the fabrication area and its final installed nosition. In this case, the backing bar would have 18 19 come off the back side of the weld and you would be 20 able to detect the lack of the backing bar when you 21 perform the cleanliness inspection and it would have been reported to that point. So essentially, 22 23 whether you call the inside inspection a fit-up and cleanliness inspection or merely a cleanliness 24 25 inspection is to a large degree a matter of

semantics and not one of substance.

- Q. So in your judgment, the NCR does address, fully address, the problem of lack of documentation for those few welds to which it applied?
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to ask you a few questions about the allegations contained in Category 4, pages 11 and 12 in intervenor's memorandum filed September 27, 1984. In that portion of the memorandum intervenors allege that the chits attached to travelers 1 through 175 appear to be written in two -- one of two different handwritings. Is that true?
- A. From a quick review of the travelers referenced it appears to me that the observation made by the intervenor in this case is probably correct. The writing describing the comments appears to be in one of two different handwritings.

 I might note, however, that these fit-ups were performed all in the time frame of August, September 1978, and I don't find it unusual to have only one or two foremen responsible for this activity on a two-month time frame.

However, it appears that the intervenor is inferring that these comments were entered on these

chits after the inspection was performed, and further, it seems that they're inferring that it occurred after March 3rd, 1983. I find no evidence that this is the case. My quick review of the handwritings -- and as I stated earlier, I don't claim to be a handwriting expert -- appears that for each of the two types of handwriting, the handwriting describing the date, the welder, the drawing number and the comments appear to be in the same handwriting on each chit, which is exactly what one would expect if the foreman filled out the chit at the time the inspection was requested. In all cases the inspector's signature is different than the handwriting that describes the date, the welder, the drawing and the comment section, which is also exactly what one would expect.

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Q. Mr. Brandt, you testified at great length about the documentation that exists to substantiate the various inspections required by the QC procedures on these liner plates. For purposes of this question, I'd like you to assume that in fact none of the outside or concrete side fit-up or cleanliness inspections were performed. With that assumption in mind, I'd like you to state what significance that would have for the correct

fabrication and installation of the fuel pool liner?

A. Assuming that none of them were performed -and we're talking at this point only about hold
point number 1. Hold point number 2, the VT of the
backing strip was performed for the welds which are
seam welds and have a concrete side and a water side.
Step numbers 3 and 4 were performed. All that would
have been missed by missing Step 1 was that the gap
between the two adjoinging plates would not have
been verified by QC to be correct and the
cleanliness of the backside of the liner plate where
the backing strip is eventually attached, would not
have been verified.

And as the intervenor has pointed out, the procedure required a reverification of that gap as part of the waterside fit-up, which did occur in all cases and is documented on the traveler, not on a chit, which would substantiate that the fit-up gap was proper. Once the inside weld is made, the cleanliness inspection performed on the outside weld prior to hold point 2 is totally without significance.

was a matter of semantics on whether you called the inside inspection a fit-up and cleanliness

I stated that the fit-up gap was maintained by the welds attaching the leak chase channel to the liner plate itself, they could not move. I based that answer, in part, on the fact that the outside fit-up inspection had been performed, as I believe the records show, but in this hypothetical example that you've included in your question that these outside fit-ups and cleanliness inspection would have detected any anomalies.

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Q. Mr. Brandt, I'd like to direct your attention to page 15 of the intervenor's memorandum filed September 27th, 1984. Particularly, I'd like to direct your attention to the last full paragraph on the page, which reads, quote: The NCR does not identify the discrepancy as a generic problem, which it was. The reference here -- and I add parenthetically is to NCR M83-00795. The paragraph continues: Nor does the disposition require that the review of welds be expanded to determine the root cause of the problem or include engineering evaluation of the requirements for the potential for rust-through during the lifetime of the weld if the weld could not have passed cleanliness, close quote.

Do you agree with that?

A. No, I do not.

Q. Would you please go through that paragraph, Mr. Brandt, and point by point state what parts you disagree with and why.

A. The NCR does not identify the discrepancy as a generic problem, which it was. I guess whether I agree or disagree with that statement depends on the definition of, quote, problem, end quote. In my view it's not a problem even today. If you're talking about a safety problem or a technical problem, there is none. There was a problem with paper. The paper did not exist to substantiate that some of the inspections were performed.

Their statement, quote, nor does the disposition require that the review of the welds be expanded to determine the root cause of the problem, end quote, to determine the root cause of the problem years after the cause has been resolved seems absolutely meaningless to me. As I have previously stated, the problem was the fact that there weren't enough lines on the traveler being used in the field for QC to document each inspection. The construction traveler was revised in April 1979, so I have a hard time imagining what we could have

done in the way of corrective action in March '83.

The cause of the problem was clearly eliminated by that point.

I do not agree with the statement to.

quote, include engineering evaluation of the

requirements for the potential for rust-through

during the lifetime of the weld if the weld could

not have passed cleanliness, end quote. The

situation was clearly described on the

Non-Conformance Report, in that the NCR states

that there was no documented evidence that the

cleanliness inspection had taken place. The

Non-Conformance Report was dispositioned by

ngineering in light of the fact that cleanliness

may not have been verified. The intervenor's

assumption that rust-through could occur on

stainless steel is a hypothesis I am not willing to

accept. Austenitic stainless steel does not rust.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, directing your attention to Subparagraph B on Page 16 of the intervenor's memorandum, they reference an NCR number M83-0079 dated 3-17-84 and cite to attachment 4. Are you aware of such an NCR?
- A. I'm unable to find such an NCR as part of attachment 4. Further, checking the NCR log at the

1 site, I'm unable to find any NCR numbered M83-0079
2 dated 3-17-84.

- Q. Mr. Brandt, intervenor's subparagraph C on Page 16 alleges that NCR M83-01000 was improperly dispositioned. Do you agree with that allegation?

 Can you identify that NCR?
 - A. I don't find it included in attachment 4. However, I do have the NCR.
 - Q. Do you agree with the allegation that the disposition is improper?
 - A. No. The disposition states that the two welds in question may be used as is, based on satisfactory completion of the vacuum box test. The rationale for this disposition is exactly the same as I discussed earlier in this proceeding when discussing the disposition of NCR M83-00795, which I believe was Brandt Exhibit 18 or 19. The function of the liner is to provide a barrier to preclude water from leaking from the pool. The vacuum box test assures that the liner performs this function.
 - Q. Mr. Brandt, directing your attention to Subparagraph D on Page 16 of the intervenor's memorandum they assert in that subparagraph that NCR M84-00669 Rev. 1 was improperly dispositioned. Do you agree with that allegation? I note that

1 | continues on to page 17.

A. This allegation appears to be another case to where the intervenor doesn't understand exactly what occurred. Weld number 1091 is a splice from angle to angle, and as they assert on page 17, signatures on form did make it appear as if the inspections were performed in the proper chronological order. This is true. They were performed in the proper chronological order, except that Mr. Cole who signed out step 8 of the traveler, which is entitled completion of weld inspection, erred when he deemed on page 2 of the traveler that vacuum box was not required.

Intervenor draws the conclusion that if these signatures were in the proper order, there was no basis for the NCR. This is not the case. A traveler which is signed by Mr. Cole is a complete traveler. It's signed off on page 1, step 8, as being complete and on page 2, step 5-C vacuum box is marked "NA". And as the NCR properly describes, step 7 has not been performed as required. Step 8 was signed as complete. These welds are pressure boundaries and require vacuum box testing. The disposition of the NCR was to reestablish the hold point for performing vacuum box test and the vacuum

box test performed by QC. The second traveler to which they're referring on the top of page 17, which states, quote, this traveler originated to satisfy the requirements of NCR M84-00669, end quote, was originated in August 1984 to comply with the disposition of the Non-Conformance Report in that a traveler had to be established or had to be created for QC to perform a vacuum box test and properly sign the traveler as being complete. The only purpose of the traveler to which CASE refers to as Form C, quote, with no signatures or dates, close quote, is this traveler. The only purpose of this traveler is for QC to sign-off after satisfactorily completing the vacuum box test and will be part of the closure documents for NCR M84-00669.

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- Q. At the time this travel package was copied had the vacuum box test been performed?
- A. At the time that the NCR was written in June '84 the vacuum box test had not been performed; in fact, it wasn't until August that the NCR was dispositioned stating perform the vacuum box test as required.
- Q. And my point is at the time this traveler package was copied for presentation in this case had the vacuum box test been performed?

1 A. No, it had not.

- 2 Q. And must that test be performed prior to 3 the final acceptance of this weld?
 - A. It must be performed prior to acceptance of the weld and prior to closure of the NCR.
 - Q. When such test is performed, will it be entered on the traveler that was generated as a result of the NCR?
 - A. Yes. When they do complete the test, the trave or which CASE refers to as Form C, will be signed stating that the vacuum box has been satisfactorily performed and the Non-Conformance Report will be closed.
 - O. Mr. Brandt, under Subparagraph E on page 17 of CASE's mamorandum, the intervenor asserts that NCR's number 200087 through 200088 and NCR 84-200018 are improperly dispositioned. Do you see that portion of the memorandum?
 - A. Yes, I do.
 - Q. Do you agree with those assertions?
 - A. NCR M84-200018 was written and subsequently voided as the inspector who wrote the NCR admitted he was in error. The concrete that he thought was exposed as a result of the backing strip slipping was on the surface of the backing strip itself and

1 was not in structural concrete.

- Q. Was that a proper disposition of that NCR?
- 3 A. Yes, it is.

M84-200087, which is actually NCR
M84-200087, was dispositioned -- excuse me -- was
written due to the fact of cleanliness not being
reverified by QC after a discontinuance of welding
for a long period of time. In my opinion, this NCR
was improperly dispositioned in that the NCR
disposition implies that there was a subsequent hold
point to be signed off by QC every time welding
started and stopped. As I've stated earlier today,
that is not the case. In this case, although the
NCR was improperly dispositioned in my opinion, it
was on the side of conservatism and had it been my
decision, I would have voided the NCR and stated
that no procedural requirement existed.

NCR referred to as number (10088, which is actually NCR number M84 200088, reports that the backing strip has a gap in it an eighth of an inch wide by three-sixteenths of an inch long and a union of backing strips. NCR's dispositioned. There's no requirement that the intersecting backing strips be continuous; therefore, if there is no evidence of discontinuities, the weld may be used as is. I

1 agree with that disposition and can state that the
2 NCR was properly dispositioned.

- Q. Why did you agree with that NCR disposition?
- A. There is no requirement for backing strips to be continuous.
- Q. Nr. Brandt, at the top of page 18, the intervenor's memorandum dated Ser ember 27, 1984, there are a number of allegations concerning field weld number 52. Would you please review those allegations, determine whether you agree or disagree with them and for each that you disagree with, please state the reason?
 - A. Might be more meaningful for me to just discuss the allegations, Mr. Downey.

on line 1, although the WMR log indicates that the first fit-up was done during this time period and the chit indicates first fit-up and cleanliness done September 13, 1970. That is the case for this weld. The back side fit-up was done on September 13th, 1978. The tack welds on the backing strip were inspected on September 15, 1978. The results of that inspection are indicated on line 2 of what CASE refers to as Form A. The backing strip was subsequently removed from this weld in order to trim

the plates to achieve the required elevation tolerance, which is indicated on an inspection report included in the package and signed by Don Vogt. The backing strip was reinspected and cleanlines was reverified as indicated on the inspection report.

traveler, quote, cleanliness verified where accessible, end quote, and indicates that it's without signature or date. That I cannot agree with. The initials M.N., which were an inspector named Mike Norton who was working in this area at this time and it is dated 8-17-79. This is an angle to plate weld at the top of the Refueling Cavity. The backing strip was removed and reinstalled, as I stated, and cleanliness was reverified. The notation by Mr. Norton was made for a portion of the weld and was made before the final cleanliness inspection was made by Mr. Vogt.

reverified by Dave Stinson on 12-30-61. I have connfirmed that this is for the inside weld, although signed in the wrong place, by confirming that the backside of the weld was embedded in concrete on 9-21-79.

- Q. Is it your testimony, Mr. Brandt, that all required inspections have occurred for weld 52?
 - A. Yes. As I stated, Mr. Stinson signed the traveler in the wrong place; however, my review indicates that all required inspections have been performed.
 - Q. Assuming that Mr. Stinson's signature is not for the inside weld, do you feel that there is reason to question the adequacy of the weld?
 - A. No. An analogous situation is described in NCR M83-01000 that we discussed earlier. Weld 273 is exactly the same type of weld as weld 52. It is a weld of the top angle to a plate. No documentation exists to substantiate performance of the inside cleanliness inspection for weld 273. This is exactly the same situation as would exist for weld 52 if you assumed that Mr. Stinson's signature dated 12-30-81 is not for the inside weld. NCR M83-01000 is dispositioned use as is based on the satisfactory results of a vacuum box test and if the hypothetical situation you have posed for weld 52 were described on an NCR, it would be dispositioned the same way.

CORRECTIONS AND SIGNATURE PAGE/LINE CORRECTION REASON FOR CHANGE I, C. THOMAS BRANDT, have read the foregoing deposition, and hereby affix my signature that same is true and correct, except as noted herein. C. THOMAS BRANDT SUBSCRIBED and sworn to before me this the day of ______, 1984. NOTARY PUBLIC for the State of Texas My Commission Expires:

STATE OF TEXAS

I, Janet E. Schaffer, RPR, Certified Shorthand
Reporter in and for the State of Texas, do hereby
certify that there came before me on the 3rd day of
October, A. D., 1984, at the Ramada Inn Central,
Fort Worth Texas, the following named person,
to-wit: C. Thomas Brandt, who was previously duly
sworn to testify the truth and nothing but the truth
of his knowledge touching and concerning the m tters
in controversy in this cause; and that he was
thereupon examined upon his oath and his examination
reduced to writing; same to be sworn and subscribed
to by said witness before any notary public.

I further certify that I am neither attorney or counsel for, nor related to or employed by, any of the parties to the action in which this deposition is taken, and further that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties hereto, or financially interested in the action.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this Stl day of October, A.D.,

1984. JANET E. SCHAFFER, 1545 RPR. CSR YN AND FOR THE STATE OF TEXAS 1226 Commerce, Suite 411 Dallas, Texas 75202 (214) 742-3035 My commission expires December 31, 1985 1.6