# ORIGINAL

# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the matter of:

TEXAS UTILITIES ELECTRIC COMPANY, et al

(Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Units 1 & 2)

Docket No. 50-445 50-446

Deposition of: Antonio Vega

Location: Glen Rose, Texas

Date: Monday, July 9, 1984

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA mgc-1NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION 2 3 BEFORE THE ATOMIC SAFETY & LICENSING BOARD 4 5 In the matter of: 6 TEXAS UTILITIES ELECTRIC 7 COMPANY, et al. : Docket Nos. 50-445 50-446 8 (Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Units 1 and 2) 9 10 11 Glen Rose Motor Inn Glen Rose, Texas 12 July 9, 1984 13 14 Deposition of: ANTONIO VEGA 15 called by examination by counsel for the Applicants taken before Mary C. Simons, Court Reporter, 17 beginning at 10:03 a.m., pursuant to agreement. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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# PROCEEDINGS

MR. ROISMAN: I think we should start this deposition by indicating that the persons present for the deposition --my name is Anthony Z. Roisman, and I am a counsel for the
Intervenor, CASE -- that is capital C A S E (spelling
acronym), and with me is Juanita Ellis, who is the
President of CASE.

MR. MIZUNO: My name is Geary S. Mizuno, and I am the counsel for the NRC Staff.

MR. WATKINS: I am McNeill Watkins for the Applicants in this proceeding, and also for Mr. Antonio Vega. Whereupon,

#### ANTONIO VEGA

was called as a witness on behalf of the Applicants and, having been previously duly sworn, was examined and testified further as follows:

#### EXAMINATION

#### BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, will you identify yourself for the record?

A Yes. My name is Antonio Vega. I am the Site Quality Assurance Manager for TUGCO, T U G C O (spelling acronym).

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Vega has been previously sworn as a witness in this proceeding and continues under oath.

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MR. ROISMAN: Mr. Watkins, I understand you have a statement that you want to read into the record in the beginning. If you want to do that now, and then we will get to the other later.

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Vega is appearing voluntarily and is not under subpoena for purposes of this deposition. Mr. Vega's testimony has been requested from the Applicant by CASE, the Intervenor, on the topics specified in CASE's letter to Leonard W. Belter, dated June 27, 1984, a copy of which I am handing to the Court Reporter and requesting that she mark for identification as Exhibit A.

> (The document referred to was marked Applicants' Exhibit A for identification.)

MR. WATKINS: The Applicant has stated its objections to the deposition procedures being used in this proceeding and intends no waiver of those objections by offering Mr. Vega for deposition today.

At this time I would like to summarize the guidelines established by the Board for this proceeding and for the taking of this deposition.

Under the Order issued by the Board on March 15, as modified by a series of subsequent telephone conference rulings, the scope of this deposition is limited to the taking of evidence and the making of discovery on alleged

harassment, intimidation and threatening of quality assurance, quality control or QC/QA personnel. With one exception, allegations regarding any claim of harassment or intimidation of craft personnel have been specifically ruled by the Board to beyond the scope of this examination and these proceedings.

The Board also has ruled that the only evidence base -that only evidence based on personal knowledge may be
educed and that hearsay, innuendo and the like are not
proper subjects of the evidentiary portion of this
deposition.

Finally, the Board has instructed the parties to separate the evidentiary and discovery portions of their examination of the .tnes and give effect to the ruling, as well as to ensuaditious completion of this deposition, we offer Mr. Vega as a witness on the evidentiary portion of this deposition. The issues in this portion of the deposition are defined by CASE's letter of June 27, a copy of which has been marked as Exhibit A to Mr. Vega's deposition. At the conclusion of the evidentiary deposition, the evidentiary record will be closed, and the opening of a new transcript will be separately bound for the discovery deposition of Mr. Vega which will commence, should CASE decided to conduct such a deposition.

will sign the original of each of his depositions on the understanding that should the executed originals not be filed with the Board within seven days of the conclusion of the deposition, a copy of either of the transcripts may be used to the same extent as the original.

MR. ROISMAN: For the record, that statement just made by Mr. Watkins represents the Applicants' interpretation of a number of issues which are disputed, including their definition of the scope of the deposition, their proposition that we divide the deposition into two entirely separate transcripts. It is our intent to conduct only evidentiary matters here today. We do not, to the extent that we would ask questions that have not been previously identified in the June 27th filing by us with the Applicant, that that represents a discovery matter. It may arguably represent a matter for surprise.

We are not attempting at this time to give a full or complete answer to the statement which was just made by Applicant, nor do we think that one is required in order to reserve our rights to dispute those points at any time at which the Applicant attempts to press them before the Board.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, would you please briefly tell me,

what is your present position at the company and when you first reached this position with the company?

A My present position is that of Site Quality

Assurance Manager for TUGCO at Comanche Peak. I started in that job on March the 16th of 1984.

Q And what was your position with the company prior to that?

A Prior to that, I was the Supervisor of Quality
Assurance Services, working out of Dallas.

Q Could you briefly describe the differences between those two positions? That is, what were the new responsibilities that you took on with the current position that you did not have before and what responsibilities that you had before did you now give up?

A Well, it's two different job functions, two different positions, reporting directly to the Manager of Quality Assurance.

As Supervisor of Quality Assurance Services,

I was responsible for the independent assessment of
activities. That includes the audit function of the
architect engineers, safety-related vendors, construction
work start-up, operations activities, also responsible
for providing quality assurance support for licensing
activities such as answering interrogatories and this kind
of thing.

That is what my job responsibilities -- I also had a surveillance group that worked out of the site that reported to me.

In my new position, I am no longer responsible for the independent assessment. I am now responsible for the quality assurance functions on site. I still retain the surveillance function that reports to me.

Again, it is two different positions with little -- the only carry-over being surveillance.

Q And is the person who has replaced you in the position that you had, does that person now report to you in your new position?

A No, he does not. He continues to report to Mr. Chapman.

MR. ROISMAN: I notice, Mr. Watkins, earlier that you had identified a document as Exhibit A. We had worked out an agreement with Mr. Downey that we would identify all the documents for purposes of the transcript by a common number that would begin with the room number and then a hyphen and then consecutive numbers from that time on, so that we would always have a running list of the documents, and they would just be identified by the room.

In light of that, I wonder if we could redesignate your document as Documennt 43-1, and then I would ask the

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Reporter to mark the document I am now going to give her as 43-2 and continue in that way.

MR. WATKINS: Agreed as to marking the first document 43-1.

(The document previously marked Exhibit A for identification was redesignated as Intervenor's Exhibit 43-1.)

MR. ROISMAN: All right. And then if the reporter would just mark this 43-2.

(The document referred to was marked Intervenors' Exhibit 43-2 for identification.)

# BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, I am going to hand you the document that was just marked 43-2. It is a memorandum, Subject: QA Policy. It purports to be signed by you. It' dated March 22, 1984, and it's to Site QA/QC personnel.

Would you take a look at it and tell me if you recognize the document (handing document to witness)?

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Roisman, do you have copies of the document for counsel?

MR. ROISMAN: No, but the document that I have I received from counsel. These are documents that I received in discovery from the utility.

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MR. WATKINS: Does NRC counsel have a copy?

MR. MIZUNO: Not with me, no.

Can we go off the record at this point?

MR. ROISMAN: Off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. MIZUNO: While we were off -- this is

Mr. Mizuno -- while we were off the record, the counsel

for the NRC Staff requested that in the future documents

which will be shown to the various witnesses and made

exhibits -- identified as exhibits in the depositions be -
that copies of these documents also be provided to the

counsel for the other parties, and Mr. Roisman, counsel

for the Intervenor, indicated that he would try to do that,

to the extent that he could, recognizing that in part their

problem is that there are not sufficient Xerox facilities

in the area, and also that many of these documents were

provided by certain parties, and he didn't want to have a

redundant copying of documents.

You may proceed.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, if we can ook at that together, and then I will direct your attention to a portion of it, you will notice that in paragraph 4 -- first of all, I don't believe you told me on the record, do you recognize the document?

A I have not addressed the record. Yes. Let me tell you that this is a document that I signed on March 22nd, having assumed the position of TUGCO Site QA Manager. The document reemphasizes TUGCO policies and commitments. It emphasizes TUGCO's management commitment to a safe and reliable plant in full compliance with all applicable requirements. It reemphasizes TUGCO's management total dedication to a strong and effective quality assurance/quality control program at Comanche Peak. It encourages a continued free exchange of discussion between all personnel in Quality Assurance and Quality Control and encourages the use of a form to clarify any questions and/or comments that a QC person might have on procedures. It reemphasizes Mr. Grier's availability to listen to any concerns and follow up on investigations on any items of concern. It reemphasizes an open-door policy assuring everybody that I am available and encourages people to come in without fear of retribution to discuss with me any comments, any concerns, that quality assurance and quality control people might have.

It also identifies a reorganization from the previous site organization wherein Quality Assurance is reporting directly to the Quality Assurance Manager in Dallas to add an added measure of independence, to assure that that organization is even more independent than in

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the past, to make sure that our inspection documents, our inspection procedures, accurately reflect design requirements.

I see this as an enrichment to the program and a change that I totally support.

Q Let me ask you in particular now about Paragraph No. 4, the reorganization that you were just talking about.

You indicated here, and I am quoting this briefly, "This provides an added measure of independence for that organization."

What, in your judgment, was the need to provide an added measure of independence? Why was that a necessary thing to do at that point?

A It was not a necessary thing. As with any other element of our program, we are continuously looking to see where it is that we can improve something. We don't wait to get in trouble on any element of the program. If we can improve it, we'll do so.

Q What was it that existed before that this, in your judgment, represents an improvement to?

A Well, one of the things that has come up in the past, and I believe this is particularly in protective coatings, that changes were being made to accomodate the construction function. This has not been the case, but it

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was a perception. And what the objective here was, was to go way beyond any required independence and give this group an additional element of independence that everybody could see. This is something that we want to make sure that everybody understands, that quality engineering isn't subject to any influence, even from my own office. Their charge is clear: You make sure that those procedures accurately address design requirements. And that is its sole function on site from that standpoint.

Q Is it your position that when there is a perception of mixture of the construction scheduling question and the QC question, that it is a responsible thing for the company to take steps to respond to that perception, even if, in your judgment, the perception is illfounded?

A I believe that we, as management, have a responsibility to address any concern, whether it is perceived or real.

Q Was the subject -- was the reorganization that is discussed there in paragraph 4, had that been a concept that had been discussed extensively prior to the time of this memorandum announcing its implementation?

A No. No, there hadn't been extensive discussions.

I certainly was not involved in any extensive discussions

leading up to this. I think it was something that came

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up -- I belive the thought originated with Mr. Chapman.

He felt that this would be an excellent refinement to the program. I certainly concurred.

There was no need for additional discussion.

It's one of these things where you introduce an idea.

The idea appears to be a refinement of the program, an improvement for the program, and we all support it.

Q Why did it happen at this time when you were being put into this position, into this new position? How did it happen at that time?

A Well, some of us felt that, you know, we were going through this reorganization. This would be a good time to do it.

Q When you say "some of us," who are you referring to?

A Primarily Mr. Chapman and myself, or subject to top management approval, but I believe probably the discussions were primarily between Mr. Chapman, myself, and Ms. Bielfeldt, who is the Supervisor of Quality Assurance -- I'm sorry -- I mean Quality Engineering.

Q And was the decision to -- excuse me -- I don't know whether what you got was a promotion, a lateral transfer, or a demotion -- but was your change in job -- did you already know that was going to happen at the time that you and Mr. Chapman were discussing this particular

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piece of the reorganization?

A Let me clarify this thing. Under the old organization, I reported to Mr. Chapman, and Ms. Bielfeldt reported to Mr. Chapman. So there really wasn't a change. Actually Ms. Bielfeldt assumed responsibility for the quality engineering function on site, that had previously reported to Mr. Tolson. So it really wasn't a change.

It was really -- the reporting function remained the same.

Ms. Bielfeldt and myself reported at the same level to Mr. Chapman, and that's exactly how it continued to be.

Q I want to come back to that in a second, but let's go back to my question here.

At the time that you and Mr. Chapman discussed the reorganization that is referred to in paragraph 4 of Exhibit 43-2, were you already aware that you were going to have this job change, which this exhibit announces?

A At the time that Mr. Chapman and I discussed the organization change?

Q Discussed what is referred to in paragraph 4 of that exhibit as a reorganization of reporting, that particular reorganization.

Did you already know you were going to get this new position at the time that you and Mr. Chapman were discussing that reorganization?

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MR. WATKINS: We will object to this line of questioning. It is not relevant to the allegations of harassment, Mr. Roisman.

MR. ROISMAN: I don't think there's any question but that it's relevant. We are trying to figure out whether or not Mr. Vega's involvement in this reorganization, which is certainly addressed in part, and he has already testified to a perceived harassment/intimidation problem, was tied to his change in job. And ultimately the question is, of course, whether or not his change reflected also a dissatisfaction with Mr. Tolson's carrying out of responsibilities before.

So I think the relevance is quite clear.

MR. WATKINS: The fact that the quality engineer reports to Dallas, and to that limited extent that the reorganization took place, it's not relevant to any of the allegations.

MR. ROISMAN: Well, your objection is noted on the record.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, --

THE WITNESS: Mr. Roisman, I would like to clarify a statement that you made. You quoted me inaccurately.

You said that I had made a statement relevant to perceived intimidation and harassment. That's not what

we said.

You were discussing a perceived problem and whether TUGCO would address it, whether it was real or perceived. That is what I said. You never mentioned the phrase, "harassment, intimidation and threats" in regard to that statement.

MR. ROISMAN: That's right. I was referring to your earlier voluntary comment describing the nature of the motivation behind the change that's identified in paragraph 4 of 43-2. But there isn't any reason for you and I to discuss what you said or I said, because the Court Reporter is taking care of that for us. We will both know what that is, and if I misstated what you had said, the record will be clear on that, and it was certainly not my intent.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q But let me go back still again to paragraph 4.

I am trying to get clear the timing of your discussions with Mr. Chapman regarding the reorganization which is referred to in paragraph 4 and the timing of your knowledge that you would be taking this new position which this announcement refers to.

And all I am asking you is the simple question, did you at the time that you and Mr. Chapman first began to discuss his idea to have the reorganization referred to

in paragraph 4, did you already know that you would be getting this new position that you now hold?

?

A These two things were discussed concurrently.

I don't think that they were sequential.

Q Now would you describe to me, what was the reorganization? What actually happened as a result of the change that was identified in paragraph 4 of Exhibit 43-2?

A Okay. When Mr. Tolson was in my position,

Quality Engineering reported to him. When -- the idea here
was that when I would take over, Quality Engineering would
be incorporated into the Quality Assurance organization
out of Dallas that already existed. It was, to a certain
extent, very much of a logical merge of two different
quality assurance organizations into one.

Q Mr. Vega, the position which you held immediately before this position, did your job description include job objectives? That is, did you know that there were certain goals and priorities that you would be judged by your superiors on, and your performance would be rated with respect to that?

A Certainly. We are a very well-managed company, and we have objectives, goals.

Q And what were the job objectives of your job -not the current one that you have, but the one that you
held just before the current position?

A I had different accountabilities as far as what

we would accomplish during that particular year. I remember one of the main goals that we had was assuring that the audit program would cover certain areas that needed to be covered, consistent with the project activities on site, not only in construction but in start-up and leading to operation.

That was probably the most significant one.

- Q Were these written down someplace?
- A Yes, I believe that we had them written down.
- Q And then was there a -- were you given a performance rating at the end of certain time periods to see how you had performed in reference to those goals?

A We have performance reviews, yes, on a yearly basis.

MR. ROISMAN: Mr. Watkins, is it possible to have a copy of those?

MR. WATKINS: We do not have any here. If you will put the request in writing, we will certainly respond.

MR. MIZUNO: Excuse me. Are you asking for performance reviews?

MR. ROISMAN: I am asking for, first, the goals, and then the performance ratings of Mr. Vega with respect to those goals from the position that he held immediately preceding the position that he now holds.

MR. MIZUNO: And can the Staff also obtain a copy

of that?

request.

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MR. WATKINS: We will respond to CASE's

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MR. MIZUNO: Okay, fine. I understand what you are saying.

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MR. WATKINS: We will serve a copy of our response to the Staff.

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MR. MIZUNO: To the Staff. Thank you.

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BY MR. ROISMAN:

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Q Mr. Vega, the only one of those performance goals that you can remember at this moment is the one that you just stated to me; is that correct?

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A No. I said that was the most significant one.

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Q Okay. Which others that you remember?

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A Oh, we had several other objectives where we were wanting to computerize some of our data as far as surveillance reports, as far as findings and so on and so forth, things that are done manually. We wanted to implement more on an automatic basis things that we do manually, so we would have faster recall, better pictures, ability to sort by deficiency, by area, by vendor, where we were planning an inspection, we could cull out the entire history on an area of deficiency, criteria. This is another

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one that we ...

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Q In other words, the goal there was to be, at

least in part, to be in a position to be able to look for patterns of problems, using the advantages of a computerized system versus memory or hand-searching?

Not necessarily patterns of problems, but be well-informed as to the area you are going into.

Q Okay.

A To be better informed, I would say, better informed, make it more convenient, cut down on research time and this kind of thing.

Q With regard to the primary or the first one of these goals that you articulated, I believe you indicated that it was to do the QA, in part, to do the QA/QC functions in a manner that was consistent with project activities on site.

What does that mean?

What that means is that we obviously have to be aware of what activities are ongoing on site, know which activities are peaking, starting, so that we can make sure that those are addressed, audited, and so on and so forth.

Who sets the schedule in that situation? If, for instance, craft comes to you and says -- and I'm talking now in your former position -- and says to you, "Mr. Vega, we're getting ready to double our output of welds in this section, and we are going to need double the number of welding inspectors so that we can get those welds approved

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or deficiencies written, as the case may be, and move on with that," does that translate for you into a request, an order, or just an opportunity for you to then decide how you can respond? Which of those or some other option?

A No. Mostly the information comes from other quality assurance organizations on site, and the systems that we have set up to keep us apprised of what activities are starting.

As an example, we receive copies of all procedures generated on site. This tells us when an activity is about to begin, and we become apprised of it, and we load it into an area that needs to be audited.

Now there is a lot of interface with certain key people on site -- the Surveillance Supervisor, what areas, you know, are we looking at, what activities are going on, suggestions as to what areas should be emphasized. There was a lot of interface with Mr. Tolson, and it was common for Mr. Tolson to give us a call and say, "I'd like this area looked at. We're starting an activity in this area. You know, it would be good to emphasize this activity, look at it very closely before we go too far under this program."

I would say that probably 90 percent of the input probably came from key Quality Assurance people on site as to areas that were emphasized.

Q Now by "emphasized," you mean areas in which more of your attention was warranted? I'm unclear about what the "emphasize" meant.

A Yes, that's correct. If a manager had an uneasy feeling in a certain area, we would use the audit function to go in, take a look -- Is there a problem? Is the program working? Can we improve it in any way.

So we very much would use the audit function not only to meet the regulatory requirements, but also as a management tool.

Q Give me a couple of examples of what were the most frequently occurring, quote, "problems," which when you would go and do the audit function, you would see required your attention, and you could recommend some changes?

A Well, again, you use the word "problems."

Q I thought that was your own phrase.

A What I was talking about were areas that were being started where we wanted to go in and make sure that the programs were effective. An example of this is, when we started doing engineering on site, we wanted to make sure that any activity that was about to get started would be started under a program that was in full compliance in this instance with ANSI M-45.2.11, which is the ANSI standard that applies to design.

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The design activity was about to get off the ground. We would addit it more frequently. We would pay more attention to that activity because it was a new activity. So this is an example of the kind of thing I'm talking about.

Q Pardon me. I'm going to take you back for one second to the question about our Exhibit 43-2.

When you discussed with Mr. Chapman the idea of the reorganization that is referred to in paragraph 4 of that document, did you also consult with Mr. Tolson and with the woman, Bufeldt, I believe was her name.

A Bielfeldt (correcting pronunciation).

Q Bielfeldt (confirming pronunciation), who headed Quality Engineering, or was it just you and Mr. Chapman?

A It was just me and Mr. Chapman, as far as -my discussions with him were only with Mr. Chapman. I didn't
discuss it with Mr. Tolson or Ms. Bielfeldt. All three of
us reported to Mr. Chapman.

MR. WATKINS: Excuse me, Mr. Vegas. Could you spell Bielfeldt.

THE WITNESS: B I E L F E L D T (spelling).

BY MR. ROISMAN:

(Pause.)

Q All right. I'm sorry. To take you back, you had given me now a second one of your prior job's goals.

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Can you remember any other of what the goals or -- that were in your job description in that prior job?

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Roisman, all of this is cumulative of evidence that has already been presented to the Board. Mr. Vega has been a witness before the Board. His statement of education and professional qualifications has been admitted into evidence. His job description has been made available for cross-examination. That's quite a lot. How far do you want to go?

MR. ROISMAN: If I had here a copy of what the performance goals were of the job, I would not even have to ask him this much. But your answer to my request for the production sounded like you would like us to jump through a number of procedural hoops, and then maybe you'll still object to the production of the document. In that case, I have no choice but to ask Mr. Vega to tell me what those performance goals are, so that I will have them on the record, and I am going to ask him next what his ratings were on those.

MR. WATKINS: For the record, asking you to reduce your request to writing is not requiring you to jump through procedural hoops.

MR. ROISMAN: But I wanted you to understand why I am asking him the question.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, I was asking you if you could remember any of the other of your performance goals that related to your prior job.

(Pause.)

(The witness and counsel confer.)

THE WITNESS: Yes, we had an independent assessment that was done by an engineering organization that reported to me, a QA engineering organization.

We took several systems -- well, we started out with one system and concentrated on one system, the service water system. But we asked ourselves the question, "Okay, we've got all of these quality assurance programs in place for design, for our vendors, for construction, for installation, for testing. If our programs have been effective, then we should be able to take a very bottomline look at a major system and verify that our design commitments, as specified in the FSAR, have been incorporated into the physical plant."

We went through and we selected a sample of our commitments, and we broke these up into design commitments, analysis commitments, installation commitments, testing commitments, and we started an assessment as to how successful has our program been in meeting our commitments.

We -- one of the goals was to complete that study.

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We did so, and it demonstrated that our program, indeed, was very effective and that we were meeting the FSAR commitments in the physical plant, including design requirements, construction requirements, quality assurance requirements, documentation requirements, testing requirements.

- Q I'm unclear. Was your goal, your performance responsibility or performance goal, was it to have such an audit done, and you did it, or --
  - A That is correct. To complete such a study.
  - Q Is that the Lobbin --
- 12 A No.
  - Q -- report?
  - A No.
    - Q That's a different report?
- 16 A No. This is -- this is --
- Q Could you identify it for me, please?
  - A Yes. This is the service water system FSAR commitment verification study that we did.
  - Q And who did it for you?
    - A It was done by my organization.
  - Q I'm sorry. I thought you said it was an independent outside audit.
- A No. It was independent from the standpoint that
  the people who were doing it were not responsible for

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doing the activity in the first place.

Q I see.

A And therefore independent.

(Pause.)

Q Let's turn to your present job. Do you have performance criteria that you will be judged with respect to with regards to your current position?

A Yes.

O And have those been written down?

A We have a standard performance review document that is used within Texas Utilities. That is the basis for our performance reviews.

Q There are no special goals that are set for you for your particular job by which you will be uniquely measured at the end of some period of time?

A That document would incorporate by listing my accountabilities and responsibilities, and that is what provides the specificity as far as my job position is concerned.

Q Is that a term of art that you are using there?

How would -- if I wanted, later on when we're talking, if

I wanted to refer to these, what term should I use to refer

to those special responsibilities of yours? Does it have

a term?

A Well, it would be the position duties,

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responsibilities, main accountabilities.

(Pause.)

Q Are those -- do they have some priority. Are there some of them that are more important than others? Are they all equally important?

A I believe the ones that relate to an effective quality assurance/quality control program would take precedence over any other items.

Q And what are those performance goals for you, first with regard to an effective QA/QC program? Are there specific objective standards that you can or will be measured by?

- A No. These are, to a large extent, subjective.
- Q Yes?
- A And I don't have numbers attached to them.
- Q What about the other responsibilities beyond effective -- having an effective QA/QC program? What other performance goals do you have?

(Pause.)

A As far as my job description, that fretty well encompasses my responsibilities.

Q What elements make up the concept of an effective QA/QC program, or is that all that is stated for this responsibility?

A The elements that make up an effective quality

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assurance/quality control progam would be to have an adequate number of inspectors, adequately trained, with proper management support, effective in identifying and correcting problems on site.

(Pause.)

Vega bm/3-1

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## BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, the independent assessment that your group performed on the FAR commitment verification, when did that occur, roughly?

A To the best of my recollection, probably late '84 or early '83.

- Q I'm sorry?
- A Probably late '82, early '83.
- Q In your present position, have you been in the position long enough to have received your first performance rating? I don't know what the schedule is at the company for those.

Have you had your first performance rating --

- A No, I have not had a performance rating.
- Q Those happen how often?

A Those are usually done on a yearly basis.

The formal -- Of course, we have informal performance reviews really any time that ... My management and I interface.

MR. ROISMAN: I would like these marked as Exhibit 43-3.

(The documents were marked as Exhibit No. 43-3.)

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## BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q I've just had the reporter mark as Exhibit 43-3 an office memorandum to Mr. J. D. Hicks dated May 16, 1984, entitled "Allegation of Harassment."

There is a note here -- a typed note, and it purports to have the signature of Mr. Vega on it. I'm going to hand it to Mr. "ega and ask him to look at it.

I'm going to make available to counsel everything except the top memorandum -- a copy of the same material that is attached to this -- for their looking at. They can look at the top memorandum.

I'm going to hand this to you, Mr. Vega.

Your counsel needs to look at the top memorandum
because my first question is going to relate to the top
memorandum on here.

(Pause.)

MR. WATKINS: We have agreed to take a short recess. Off the record.

(Short recess.)

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Le''s go back on. Have you looked at -All right. And that copy there --

MR. WATKINS: A point of clarification: What

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exactly are you identifying as Exhibit 43-3, the entire package?

MR. ROISMAN: The entire thing, that's right, because I'm going to ask a question about the memorandum to J. D. Hicks. But it relates to the underlying document as well.

The copy that you have there is different only in that the cover memo was one that Mr. Vega sent to yet another person.

MR. WATKINS: Understood. For the record then, the covering memorandum to Mr. Hicks and Mr. Vega dated May 16, 1984 is attached to a separate memorandum to Mr. Vega from Boyce Grier dated May 9, 1984, consisting of a cover memorandum and four attached pages representing apparently notes of interviews that Mr. Grier conducted.

We will stipulate as to the authenticity of the Grier memorandum. We object to its use as an exhibit because all of it represents hearsay.

Mr. Vega, of course, has no personal knowledge of the incidents underlying this covering memorandum.

MR. ROISMAN: Yes.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, my question to you relates now

to the portion of Exhibit 43-3 -- that is, the memorandum that's signed by you to Mr. Hicks. And in the second paragraph thereof, there is this statement, "Please advise the appropriate construction management personnel, as well as the appropriate QC personnel, of their responsibility to resolve documentation and inspection issues promptly in order to avoid undue inspection delays."

Can you tell me, what is the source of that responsibility that you're referring to in that paragraph?

A I believe the source of that responsibility is we have a responsibility to perform inspections.

And I believe that it -- as a corollary to that, if there is no reason to take excessive time, then we shouldn't take excessive time.

Q I'm sorry. I think you -- although I appreciate that answer, my question was: Is it a written policy of the company or does it appear in some memorandum of which you are familiar or does it come from a conversation that you had with someone? I didn't mean why, but where. Where does it come from?

A Well, I believe what you're seeing here is a reflection of Mr. Grier's document.

Q I'm sorry. You're saying that the source

of the responsibility to resolve documentation and expension issues promptly in order to avoid undue inspection delays comes solvely from the attachment, which is a memorandum to you from Mr. Grier; or is it a corporate policy? That's what I'm trying to get at.

A No, I don't believe that I have ever seen anything in writing as to the responsibility to avoid undue delays. That is left up to me to determine.

I am reflecting Mr. Grier's conclusion that we have a responsibility to avoid unnecessary delays. By that I mean if there is any -- if -- we have to take whatever time needs to be taken to do an effective inspection, I will insist that that time be taken.

I will not compromise our inspections.

However, I believe that we have a responsibility to act responsibly. That is primarily what the source of this statement is.

Q Before Mr. Grier captured that thought in his memorandum of May 9, 1984 to you, was that a concern which you already possessed -- what you've just stated that you got from Mr. Grier's memo; or did it start with Mr. Grier's memo?

A Well, this isn't a concern. This is merely a statement that we have a responsibility. It's a statement

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of responsibility. I haven't stated a concern.

Q Is that responsibility's origin -Did you have a sense of the existence of that
responsibility before you received and read Mr.
Grier's May 9, 1984 memorandum to you?

A Oh, yes, I believed that, certainly.

Q And you have believed that as long as you have held the current position you have and the one that preceded it?

A Yes.

Q And that belief is not based upon a corporate policy, but your own independent judgment?

A That is correct. My own professional belief that we have a responsibility to do a quality job, and that we will not compromise that by speeding anything up, but on the contrary, an undue delay that does not contribute in any way to the adequacy of the work should be avoided.

It is my professional feeling as a supervisor and as a manager.

Q Have you ever been told by any of the people who supervise your work that the avoidance of undue delay is a responsibility for you to attempt to carry out?

A No.

Q Now, Mr. Vega, this memorandum that is the cover memo that went from you to Mr. Hicks, you asked him at the end of the memorandum, I believe, to advise of his efforts concerning Item No. 3. Did that -- In your opinion, were you directing him to deal with this underlying problem of attempting to avoid undue delay in the resolution of these matters? Was that part of what you were asking him to do?

A Yes.

Q Now, does Item No. 3 refer to the item in the underlying memo from Mr. Grier to you? Is that what you mean when you refer to Item No. 3?

A Yes.

Q Can you tell me, has Mr. Hicks reported back to you on this matter?

A Yes.

Q And were the actions that he took satisfactory, in your judgment to address the problem of Item No. 3?

A Mr. Hicks' actions were responsive in addressing Item 3.

Q And what was it that Mr. Hicks did?

A Mr. Hicks and Ms. Bielfeldt brought about a meeting of quality engineering, and the inspectors, to go over the procedures and clarify any misunderstandings

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that brought about the incident in the first place.

MR. WATKINS: Off the record for a moment while counsel for CASE confer.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. ROISMAN: Mr. Mizuno has just asked if there is an extra copy of the memorandum from Mr. Vega to Mr. Hicks. I have advised him no, that I have an extra copy only of the underlying memorandum from Mr. Grier to Mr. Vega.

MR. MIZUNO: Can you provide that to us over -- when you finish cross-examining Mr. Vega on this point since we would like to review it, and we possibly may have our own questions of Mr. Vega based upon these --

MR. ROISMAN: Yes.

MR. MIZUNO: This is the first time that we've seen it.

MR. ROISMAN: Ms. Ellis, is the duplicating machine up and running?

MS. ELLIS: I don't know.

MR. ROISMAN: If it's up and running, you've got it after the lunch break. Okay?

I assume you would like one also.

MR. WATKINS: No.

MR. ROISMAN: If not, I'll get it to you as

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soon as I can get to a duplicating machine. And when I'm done with Mr. Vega, you're welcome to take and use this one.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay.

## BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q You had just told me about Mr. Hicks and Ms. Bielfeldt meeting with the QC and the engineering people to clarify this. Was this with respect to the QC and engineering people who were directly involved in the incident which is discussed in Mr. Grier's memorandum to you; or was it all the engineering and all the QC people at the plant site who were called together?

A No. It was specifically between the groups involved, which were the inspectors that used this procedures and the quality engineer for that activity and I believe Mr. Hicks was in the meeting also.

Q All right. In Mr. Grier's memorandum to you, he says in the second sentence, paragraph numbered three, "Both craft and QC should be reminded of their responsibility to resolve such issues promptly and avoid undue delays in completing inspections."

What specifically do you know of that transpired in the meeting that was responsive to that statement by Mr. Grier? Or if you do not know that, I

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do not want you to answer.

A I was not at he meeting.

Q Did Mr. Hicks or Ms. Bielfeldt report to you about how they dealt with that issue at the meeting?

A Yes.

Q Can you tell me the substance of what they reported to you?

A I already did.

Q In your memorandum to Mr. Hicks, you reference and request him to be responsive to Items

Nos. 3, 4 and 5 of Mr. Grier's memorandum to you. And then in a separate memorandum, which I would now like to mark as Exhibit 43-4 --

(The document was marked for identification as Exhibit No. 43-4.)

## BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q -- which I now show you, which is a memorandum addressed to Mr. J. T. Merrit from you and dated May 10, 1984. It has attached to it the identical -- a copy of the very same memorandum that was given to you by Mr. Grier that has been previously identified.

In that memorandum to Mr. Merrit --

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MR. WATKINS: For the record, we'll repeat our objection to the underlying documents.

MR. ROISMAN: As you can see, we're not attempting to put them in, but merely asking his understanding of them.

## BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q You indicate to him that conclusions and recommendations on disciplinary action and request a response from him by May 16 of the actions you've taken or intend to take regarding this matter.

Can you tell me, at the time you sent that memorandum to Mr. Merrit, did you have in your own mind an idea of what you believed was the appropriate disciplinary action to be taken, and against whom should they be taken?

A Before I answer that question -- I didn't want to interrupt you -- but you made a misstatement relative to the Exhibit 43-3. I did not ask Mr. Hicks to be responsive to Items 3, 4 and 5. I asked Mr. Hicks to be responsive to Item 3.

The memo explains that I have asked Quality Engineering to be responsive to Item No. 4 and No. 5.

- Q Thank you for that cl rification.
- A In regard to Exhibit 43-4, yes.
- Q What was your own opinion of what the

appropriate disciplinary action should be and against whom?

A A counseling session where the person should be refrained -- should be directed to refrain from making statements to QC inspectors.

MR. WATKINS: You said "person." Could you identify the person that should be counseled?

THE WITNESS: Yes. Mr. Daniels.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q In your judgment should Mr. Daniels have been advised of the termination potential of continued such conduct, if there is any; or the impact that such continued conduct might have on his promotion, or anything of that nature?

A I believe that is implied any time you counsel somebody and direct them to refrain from doing something. If they do it again, then obviously the threat is there for termination and/or whatever disciplinary action is necessary.

Q In your judgment, if at the first such occasion, the employee were told point blank, "If you do this again, you will be terminated," versus not mentioning that statement, but knowing in fact that if they did it again they would be terminated, which of those would be, in your judgment, a more forceful

articulation of the corporate policy?

A I believe that the company policy would best be served by examining each individual activity or incident that comes up to determine what is the best way to handle something.

Q What factors would enter into deciding that?

A We feel very strongly that an adversary relationship does not in itself contribute anything to quality assurance. We expect both -- craft people to deal in a professional manner with inspectors.

We also expect inspectors to be firm, but professional, in their dealings.

In other words, we see this very much as a policeman, because the policeman has full authority to cite any citizen when something is not done correctly. That doesn't give the policeman the right to be brutal, the right to be arrogant, the right to be unprofessional.

I believe that the total relationship, the total occurrence has to be evaluated on its merits.

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Q. Is it the policy of the company that repeated incidents of the type described by Mr. Greer in his memorandum to you dealing with Mr. Daniels, that a termination will occur?

- I don't believe that you will see it exactly in those words. The policy is: Harassment and intimidation will not be tolerated. The policy provides for review of every incident so that we may determine what the facts are and manage it accordingly.
- Let me just be clear on this. So there is not a particular hard or fast rule to such incidents and it's out the gate, or one such incident is okay. Each case is evaluated case by case, and a judgment is made?
  - A . That is correct.
- 0. When you refer to this policy, I believe what you said was that harassment and intimidation will not be tolerated. Would you identify which corporate document or documents that embodies that specific concept and when they were formulated by the corporation?
- The policy has been in existence ever since I can remember, coming back to the company in 1974. The latest such document that, again, reemphasizes this policy is included in a letter that is posted at Comanche Peak that is signed by Mr. Spence, the President of Texas Utilities Generating Company.

1	Q. And the date of that letter, roughly?
2	A. I do not know.
3	Q. Would it be 1984, or an earlier year, do you
4	think?
5	A. It's probably an earlier year, but I'm speculating
6	I don't know.
7	Q. And where's this posted?
8	A. This is posted on the bulletin boards.
9	Q. So your understanding is that there were earlier
0	documents that involved the same concept going back at least
1	as far as 1974, if not earlier?
2	A. There werethe first time that I became aware of
3	total management support for the quality assurance effort was
4	the first day that I started working for Texas Utility
5	Services. Mr. Terry Brittain, who at that time was the
6	President of TUGCO, very clearly stated to me that
7	harassment and intimidation, not in those words, but that we
8	were here to do a job and that quality assurance had the
9	total support of corporate management, and that his entire
20	office was in support of an effective, independent, strong
n .	quality assurance effort.
2	Q. And that was when, roughly?
13	A. This was, I believe, on July the 5th, 1973.
14	Q. Finally, did Mr. Merritt adopt what you had

previously stated would have been your recommendation, or

what you would do, if you were making a decision with regard to Mr. Daniels that he deal with the problem in that way?

- And how did you learn of that?
- He sent me a memo to that effect.

MR. ROISMAN: We do not have a copy of that memo. I believe we already have the discovery request that undeniably covers it.

MR. WATKINS: Could you identify the document

MR. ROISMAN: Mr. Vega, would you identify, as best you can, the memorandum from Mr. Merritt to you that represented his report to you on the resolution of the Daniels' reprimand issue?

THE WITNESS: It's a memorandum that he sent to me that states that a corrective action has been

MR. WATKINS: The answer to your question, Mr. Roisman, is yes, we will supply that document.

I have a question at this point for Case. Is Mr. Daniels' an incident that was previously identified in the June 27th letter?

MR. ROISMAN: No, Mr. Daniels' is an incident that we only became aware of when the utility provided us with these documents.

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MR. MIZUNO: When were those documents-- under--When were those documents provided to you?

MR. ROISMAN: They were provided to us sometime in late June but I do not have the exact dates on which that we have since taken them out of the packs in which they were provided. I believe that Ms. Garde would know better than I, and I was going to suggest that we could take our lunch break at this point. And if I catch up with her, I'll be glad to ask her and give you the answer to that question.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay, I think at this point I guess
I would like to interject an objection after the fact which
we'll probably preserve until the future before going any
further into the matter involving Mr. Daniels, since that
was not an incident which was mentioned in the June 27th
letter, nor does it appear to be one of the incidents that
would relate to documents which were received after or just
prior to the development of "is June 27th letter. It was
my understanding, Billi Garde said that there was some
documents which they just received, Case just received, right
around that time, in which they obviously could not have
gone through the type of promulgation of this June 27th
letter.

MR. ROISMAN: Let me state for the record that our position prearticulated in the transcript and our filings was that materials received by us after the 15th of June would

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be difficult to integrate into the process because of the time needed for us to digest them. These documents are clearly received after that date. We've attempted to read them into the fullest extent possible. Now, I also suggest if you wish that you now merely state that this objection you're making is a continuing one, and you will not have to keep making it every time we discuss this.

MR. MIZUNO: Yeah, right.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. MIZUNO: I guess I have another request.

Are there any other incidents which you are now, you know, right now, that you are going to be asking Mr. Vega?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes, there are.

MR. WATKINS: Just to clarify, is your point in that area that you have not seen these documents and you have had no time to prepare?

MR. MIZUNO: That is partially it. But I also have a separate line of objection which is that although Mr. Roisman is correct in that these documents were provided to Case after whatever date it was that I understand that Case made a representation that they would not—that this June 27th list would not be complete insofar as they talk about their incidents that Case found out through documents which were received late by Case from the Applicants. That was my understanding.

If that proves to be true, then I can understand 2 why it's not included in this. MR. ROISMAN: Let me give you the document 4 numbers. These document numbers have numbers that the 5 Applicant has placed on them, and they're QAI numbers, which 6 I believe stands for, well, why should we guess? We have the expert here. Mr. Vega, QAI stand for? 7 8 THE WITNESS: Quality Assurance Investigation. 9 I believe. 10 MR. ROISMAN: Okay. Quality Assurance 11 Investigation and we will be talking with Mr. Vega today 12 about 0007, 0012, which is what we have just been 13 discussing. 14 MR. WATKINS: That is the Daniels matter? 15 MR. ROISMAN: Well, we call it the Winkel matter. 16 It is whether you look at the harassee or the harassor, 17 MR. WATKINS: The alleged? 18 (Laughter.) 19 MR. KOISMAN: And 0013, Varlin Cummings; and 20 0021, Scruggs. 21 MR. MIZUNO: Just as a practical matter, do you 22 have those documents here? 23 MR. WATKINS: I believe we do. Furthermore, 24 I believe we have transcripts of the conference calls, 25 with Judge Bloch relevant to the point that you made earlier.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay. There are two separate lines. 2 First is that I haven't seen the documents. I can't even 3 got through them. I mean, I'm glad that you provided 4 these to me now, but if you had known that you were going 5 to talk about these here, even though it occurred after the 6 June 27th date, I would have appreciated it if you would 7 have -- if you would have told me. 8 MR. ROISMAN: I would have been delighted to, Q. but I felt you would be really offended, if at two o'clock 10 this morning, I had called you to tell you that these were 1.1. the documents I was going to talk about. 12 MR. MIZUNO: And, well, okay. Fine. 13 Is there any way that I can get a copy of these documents 1.4 from Applicants or from Intervenors? 15 MR. WATKINS: I will attempt to get you copies 16 immediately after we recess for lunch. 17 MR. ROISMAN: Are we in recess? 18 MR. WATKINS: Until 1:30? 19 MR. ROISMAN: Yes, let's do 1:30. It's now 12:38. 20 (A recess was taken for lunch 21 at 12:38 to reconvene at 1:30) 22 23 24

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## AFTERNOON SESSION

(1:50 p.m.)

MR. ROISMAN: Let's go on the record.

Would you state your name for the record.

MR. GAITAN: I'm Eloy Gaitan. I'm a

legal intern for the Government.

MR. WATKINS: I have a preliminary matter.

MR. ROISMAN: All right.

MR. WATKINS: What exhibit number are we up to? 43 hyphen something.

MR. MIZUNO: Four was the last one. So now we're going to be on five.

MR. WATKINS: With your permission, I'm going to go ahead and identify this document, which is responsive to your request of this morning as 43-5.

MR. ROISMAN: Okay.

(The document was marked for identification as Exhibit No. 43-5.)

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Vega, I show you this two-page document which has been marked for identification as 43-5, and ask you to identify it.

THE WITNESS: Yes. This is a copy of the office memo that was transmitted to me from John Merrett stating that he has reviewed Mr. Grier's report

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and transmitting a copy of the -- evidence of the action taken in this matter.

MR. WATKINS: Is it your understanding that this is the document that Mr. Roisman requested this morning?

THE WITNESS: Yes. That is the document that Mr. Roisman requested this morning.

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Roisman, we're making this document available to you. By making it available, we don't comment on whether it was responsive to the document request. If you'd like to pursue that separately, of course, you may.

MR. ROISMAN: By accepting it, I do not comment on that either.

MR. WATKINS: Understood.

MR. ROISMAN: Mr. Mizuno, you had indicated before the break that you might have some questions for Mr. Vega regarding a document that was previously marked as 43-3, I believe -- a copy which I had given to you.

I'm getting ready to move off of those documents. If you want to ask the questions now -- unless you have some objection --

MR. WATKINS: I have no objection.

MR. ROISMAN: -- you may do it at this point,

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or you can wait until we're done with Mr. Vega. It's up to you.

MR. MIZUNO: Yes. I think I would like to wait until we're done with --

MR. ROISMAN: Okay. That's fine.

Mr. Mizuno, were you able to get copies of the other QAI documents that I had identified on the record before the break?

MR. MIZUNO: Yes. The Applicants provided to me copies of what I believe is QAI007, 0013 and 0021.

MR. WATKINS: 'et me clarify, if I may. I have no idea whether the package that I have before me and the package that I delivered to Mr. Mizuno are identical to the ones that we have provided CASE. I'm not sure we're working with the same documents.

MR. ROISMAN: Okay. Well, I will, of course, show you what I'm referring to as we go into this.

I'd like now to look at the QAI-0007. That involves the previously mentioned person who had initially sought confidentiality. For the record, I have no problem if we conduct all our questioning here and treat the person as X. The person's name is not pertinent to this.

Mr. Vega and both counsel, I believe, know who the person is. If that becomes relevant, we can discuss a way to do that, if you wish to protect the person's name.

If not, we'll just treat it as having been disclosed without protection, which it was disclosed to us without any protection, and go on from there.

MR. WATKINS: It may not matter. And if you'll permit me to ask Mr. Vega one question.

MR. ROISMAN: Surely.

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Vega, is the person who made the allegations that triggered QAI-0007 a QC inspector?

THE WITNESS: I believe the document is very clear in stating that the person in question -- Person X -- is not a QC inspector.

MR. WATKINS: Was that person employed in the QA organization at all?

THE WITNESS: No. The document clearly states that the person was assigned to the paper flow group and, therefore, is not a QC person.

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Roisman, we can discuss this QAI. I would suggest we also identify QAI-00013, to which we're going to raise the same objections, so that we can discuss them together.

organization?

MR. MIZUNO: May I ask one question first of Mr. Vega? 3 MR. ROISMAN: Yes. 4 MR. MIZUNO: This Person X doesn't work 5 either in the QC group or the QA group? 6 THE WITNESS: That is correct. This person 7 is not a quality assurance or quality control person. 8 It's a person who works outside of the quality 9 assurance/quality control organization. 10 MR. ROISMAN: Okay. Are you indicating an 11 objection to my asking questions of Mr. Vega on either 12 of these on the basis that the person who is the 13 subject of the memorandum in both cases is not a QC 14 employee or that the matters do not relate to OC/OA 15 responsibilities? 16 MR. WATKINS: Why don't we have Mr. Vega 17 identify the document that I have just handed him, 18 which relates to QAI-00013, and ask him on the basis 19 of his review of that package whether the person who originally made the allegations was a QC inspector? 20 21 THE WITNESS: No. The person who made 22 the allegation on QAI-003 is not a QC inspector. 23 MR. WATKINS: Was he employed by the QA

THE WITNESS: No, he was not employed by the

QA or QC organization.

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Roisman, we will object to any examination of Mr. Vega on the basis of either of these QA investigations. They do not involve allegations by QC inspectors. They do not involve allegations regarding quality assurance or quality control employees. They strictly involve craft, and that is beyond the scope of this proceeding, which deals with alleged harassment and intimidation of QC inspectors.

MR. MIZUNO: The Staff would also interpose an objection on the same basis.

MR. ROISMAN: Let me turn first to the Varlon Cummings incident. The reason for the submittal there is for the purpose of contrasting the actions taken against an employee who is charged with having deliberately falsified or covered up a faulty wire with subsequent actions taken against QA/QC inspectors who are alleged to have not fully fulfilled their responsibilities.

It is to demonstrate that the company attitude is to give special preference to the craft people when they engage in misconduct compared to how they deal with the QA/QC people when they engage in alleged misconduct.

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That is the reason why I believe that the 0013 incident is pertinent here.

With regard to the 007 incident, it's my understanding that document control is part of the Appendix B responsibilities, and that while this particular person was not employed in the plant under the QC/QA responsibilities, in fact, under Appendix B of CFR, Part 50, part of the QA/QC responsibility includes document control.

I am perfectly willing to have Mr. Vega correct me on that and indicate to me that document control is not in his judgment part of the Appendix B QA/QC responsibilities, and for purposes of this deposition I will abide by his statement on that.

MR. WATKINS: Before he answers the question, the issue in this phase of the proceedings is whether QC inspectors have been harassed and intimidated, either by their superiors or by craft; and if so, what effect does that have on the safety of the plant.

What disciplinary action the company might have meted out to crafts people for whatever misdeeds is simply not relevant to that issue.

MR. ROISMAN: Well, I believe it is since the punishment given to an inspector for doing something

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wrong, if disproportionate to comparable misconduct by someone else in the plant, is a very severe form of harassment and intimidation of the QC people.

Thus, I don't think that there's any question but that it would be relevant if we were able to demonstrate -- and I think we do through this example -- that there was varying treatment.

MR. MIZUNO: Does it matter that perhaps

the QC inspectors were subject to different supervisors -
different department -- perhaps even different

contractors than the crafts people?

I was specifically thinking that crafts people may have been disciplined pursuant to Brown & Root procedures whereas the QC inspectors may have been within the Applicants' -- you know, may have just been Applicants' employees as opposed to Brown & Root employees.

So, therefore, perhaps disciplinary measures were -- Any differences, if there are, may have stemmed from that as to different treatment.

MR. ROISMAN: I assume that that is potential rebuttal testimony. Whether it would be conclusive, given the chain of responsibility that ultimately rests with TUGCO regardless of the contractors or subcontractors or the like, I don't know.

But that certainly represents one theory
of rebuttal that might be pursued by the Applicant or
the Staff, if they saw fit, on that issue. I don't

It simply shows that there is a potential dispute of fact on a relevant question.

think it disposes of the relevancy question, though.

Do you want to talk about -- I mean, that is the discussion that deals with Varlon Cummings. Do you want to talk about the 0007 incident?

MR. WATKINS: Yes. Our view is that -Document control is, of course, part of the craft
organization. The reason for which the Board limited
this proceeding to alleged harassment and intimidation
of QC inspectors was because, assuming that a crafts
person harassed another crafts person, and as a result
there was some problem with the work, it would be
picked up in a subsequent QC inspection.

The same is true os DCC. If there are document irregularities, the inspector performing the inspection, with the appropriate documents, would pick it up then. It's as simple as that.

MR. ROISMAN: All right. I will hold on 0007 at this point. I will pursue on 0013.

MR. WATKINS: I will instruct Mr. Vega not to answer questions. I suggest we take this up with

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the Board.

MR. ROISMAN: The Board has ruled on this question this morning. Absent your establishing that I do not have a good faith basis for my belief that this is a relevant line of inquiry, you are not allowed to instruct the witness not to answer, and the Board has asked us not to be calling them on those kinds of questions.

That is the ruling. If you insist, of course, we'll call the Board and have it out.

MR. MIZUNO: The Staff thinks that you do have a reason for pursuing 0013. I would still object to it, but I don't believe it would -- The Staff will not involve itself into the argument as to whether witnesses should be allowed to -- permitted not to answer the question. We'll step back from that.

As far as 0007 -- Can you just repeat your basis again on that?

MR. WATKINS: I think Mr. Roisman has offered to defer 0007 for now.

MR. ROISMAN: That's right. In other words, during the re-examination that the Board requested this morning --

MR. MIZUNO: Is it going to come up later,

though?

MR. ROISMAN: If Mr. Vega is excused, I'm not going to call him back. I don't have that privilege. So I have to decide -- at a break or something, after thinking about it some more -- whether I really feel that it is -- you know, I think the counterargument that is made is not in my judgment frivolous, and I want to think it through.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay. I guess if we are going to break -- at some point, if we are, in fact, going to call the Board, I would like to take up both matters at the same time, as opposed to calling Judge Bloch up once and then going back, and then possibly you going back to --

MR. WATKINS: Perhaps it won't come to that. Let me ask Mr. Roisman this.

The basis on which you have stated you intend to pursue QAI-0013, it seems to me that on the same basis you could drag in any and all disciplinary actions taken by Brown & Root, by TUGCO, or by any of the contractors on the site and compare them to disciplinary action meted out to those accused of harassing or intimidating QC inspectors. Am I correct?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes, if I thought that they were relevant, the theory would cover that.

MR. WATKINS: We object then on that basis -- on the basis stated.

MR. ROISMAN: All right. Well, let me also note the fact that the matter in question ended up under the control of the TUGCO site QA manager, so that TUGCO itself apparently on the record appears to perceive that it is tied in to the QA/QC work at the site.

Mr. Vega's memorandum of May 21, 1984 is directed to Mr. Merrett, who is in charge of -- as I understand it -- site construction. It comes from him. He's the one. He, I believe -- Yes. He is the recipient of the allegations regarding cover-up of defective wiring report which came from Mr. Boyce Grier.

MR. WATKINS: Perhaps we can take a short recess while I confer with Mr. Vega.

MR. ROISMAN: Okay. That's fine. Off the record.

(Short recess.

End 5

MR. ROISMAN: We are back on the record.

At this point, the issue is the propriety of allowing questioning by CASE based upon the document which I would now like to have marked as 43-6, please.

(The document referred to was marked Intervenors' Exhibit 43-6 for identification.)

MR. ROISMAN: It is a document which consists of cover memorandum to Mr. Merritt from Mr. Vega, dated May 21, 1984, to which attached is a memorandum to Mr. Vega from Grier of two basic pages and one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen pages. And the document in question is entitled on the cover memorandum "Report on Allegation Regarding Coverup of Defective Wiring."

It is the position of CASE that the document in question is a -- represents a relative inquiry for the purpose of demonstrating the disparity in treatment for misconduct by craft versus the treatment for misconduct by QC inspectors where the misconduct took place by someone who was also reporting deficiencies in plant as part of their responsibilities.

The utility objects, and I will allow Mr. Watkins to state his objection, and the Staff also has a point to make. They will make their point, and

we've agreed that those points be preserved on the record for later argument by the parties, that I may then proceed to ask Mr. Vega the questions I want to ask him for the record.

MR. WATKINS: Applicants' objections are on the record.

MR. MIZUNO: The Staff's objections include those of the Applicants, but with an additional point that in order to show that there was a pattern or a disparity in treatment between the QC inspectors and the craft people, that one would have to develop a pattern of treatment with regards to both QC inspectors and for crafts people.

The Intervenor has indicated that this is the only incident involving crafts people—that they intend to develop on the record, and therefore the Staff does not believe that this would, in and of itself, be sufficient to establish a pattern of disciplinary action with regards to the crafts people, and so therefore any further inquiry into this area of disciplinary measures for crafts people would be inappropriate at this time.

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Roisman, is that your intention, to limit disciplinary action taken in the craft context, as this one is? Is it your intention that this is the only incident that you will raise?

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MR. ROISMAN: This will be the only incident that I intend to raise with regard to Mr. Vega that relates to a report of an alleged impropriety by a member of craft, whose only relationship to the question of intimidation and harassment of QA/QC inspectors is for the purpose of contrasting the nature of the punishments meted out for misconduct.

MR. WATKINS: May I see the document just for the purpose of determining whether I have the same ones?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes, of course.

(Counsel Roisman tenders the document to Counsel Watkins.)

(Pause.)

MR. WATKING: With the caveat that you have a better copy than I do, Mr. Roisman, it is the same document, and this is 43-?

MR. ROISMAN: Hyphen-6.

(Pause.)

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, I am going to ask you now to take a look at Exhibit 43-6, and first of all, is this, in fact, a memorandum which you sent to Mr. Merritt, dated May 21, 1984 (handing document to witness).

(The witness examines the document.)

A Yes, it is.

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Q And would you please look on page 2 of the memorandum to you from Mr. Boyce Grier, which is attached immediately after that one page memorandum and tell me, are the handwritten notes on the side there, which show at the end and appear to be the initials AV, your handwritten notes, and are those your initials at the end?

A Yes, they are.

Q Okay. Thank you.

Now my question to you is this: On the cover memorandum sending Mr. Boyce Grier's report on to Mr. Merritt, you indicate, "This report is for your use in administering appropriate action."

At the time that you wrote that, did you have an opinion as to what you believe was appropriate action, and if so, what was that opinion?

A No, I did not have an opinion.

Q And to your knowledge, does TUGCO have a procedure for what is the appropriate action to take, given the conclusions that Mr. Grier's had reached regarding his investigation?

A I think I need to clarify what transpired leading to this.

Q That's all right.

A First of all, there are no Quality Assurance personel involved in this particular incident. Mr. Merritt

asked me if we would do him a service and have Mr. Grier look at this particular incident. We are really the only -- from the standpoint of investigating allegations, we're set up to do it for Mr. Grier.

This was entirely a craft issue. It was a craft person that had been ROF'd, making an allegation against his craft foreman. Mr. Merritt wanted to make sure that he had the complete facts. I agreed to have Mr. Grier support him in that area. Mr. Grier did this investigation, and in essence I merely transmitted the results of his investigation to Mr. Merritt for his benefit. There were no QA/QC issues involved. Neither of the characters involved in this incident either mentioned or made allegations of harassment, intimidation and/or threats of any QA/QC inspectors.

What we did here was merely perform a service to Mr. Merritt. He wanted the facts. I had Boyce Grier look at them. I passed it on to him. What he did was his action.

Q So you were just merely a conduit for Mr. Merritt to get Mr. Grier to perform the investigation that he wanted done, nothing more than that?

A That is exactly right.

Q Is that a common practice? I mean, does that frequently happen?

A Yes, it does, because what we wanted -- what we -- you know, we don't have the independent investigation organization available at site full-time. By that, I mean Mr. Grier and/or Mr. Andrews, who conduct independent investigations when asked. It is a convenient thing for Mr. Grier to initiate investigations into many different areas of concern, whether they be safety-related or not. Mr. Grier is there to coordinate not only the instances where a safety concern might be voice, but, you know, he's there full-time, if he can assist in developing facts, well, you know, we certainly support Mr. Merritt in that area.

Q Would it be burdensome for you to get more involved in these on the basis that if there is any kind of harassment or intimidation taking place on the site, regardless of by whom or against whom, that it is related to your business?

If this incident had involved QA/QC personnel in any way or an inspection function in any way, then I would have gotten involved in it. In this particular case, there was none of that involved. Mr. Grier did not sacrifice any of his primary functions to investigate concerns or safety issues. He had the time to do it. He performed a service to Mr. Merritt, wrote a report. I transmitted the report for Mr. Merritt's action.

Q And you don't feel that part of your

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responsibility should be to examine each of these, even though you are the conduit, examine each of these and determine what lessons you can learn from them for purposes of your QC?

A Oh, I have an obligation as a manager to see where I can improve things, but that doesn't mean that I have to take action on any -- on every non-safety-related activity that goes on on site.

Yes, I think from an experience standpoint, from a what-can-I-learn-from-this issue, certainly. And I don't think that my actions exclude that. Because I don't participate in a decision leading up to a disposition on this item doesn't mean that I am totally divorcing myself from any experience and/or lessons learned from an incident such as this.

Well, I mean, for instance, do you -- you, in the memorandum to Mr. Merritt, you do not recommend any particular conduct or action that he should take one way or the other; is that correct?

That is absolutely correct. What I'm doing is transmitting information for his purpose.

And you feel that it would be inappropriate for you to get into that, because it did not involve QA or QC?

No, I didn't say it would be inappropriate.

Mr. Merritt probably would have welcomed input, had I had any thoughts on it. But it was an investigation that he asked for. He wanted the facts. We gave him the facts.

Mr. Merritt is perfectly capable to take these facts and

administer an appropriate action in this case.

Q I don't know what the total number of these QAIs are at this point, but I think we've seen numbers up into the early forties or so.

What percentage of those do you feel or is it your recollection are ones where you were merely the conduit, as opposed to being the principal requestor of the Boyce Grier investigation?

(Pause.)

A Mr. Roisman, I don't have a feel for that.

I would be speculating, and I don't believe that's what you want.

Q Okay. All right.

(Pause.)

Did you look at Mr. Merritt's request to determine whether it is, in your judgment, meritorious before you asked Mr. Grier to investigate it?

A Yes. I look at these things before they go to Mr. Grier, and we communicate very closely, Mr. Merritt and myself.

Q And do you look at the results that come in

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from Mr. Grier and develop any positions with regard to what he is reporting back to Mr. Merritt?

what he is reporting back to Mr. Merritt?

A I make sure that I understand what the facts are, and I satisfy myself that either there are or that there are no quality assurance/quality control problems that need to be addressed.

Q So as soon as that's apparent to you, then your involvement is over?

A Not necessarily. If there are problems, I will address them.

Q If there are none. I'm sorry.

A If there are any quality assurance/quality control, I will address them.

Q If there are no QA/QC problems in it, then your involvement is over.

A That is correct. I would say, in general, that's correct.

Now on the second page of Mr. Grier's report back to you, you have a handwritten note there in which you indicate that there are two possible conclusions that one can draw regarding the actions that Mr. Grier is reporting on and that, in your judgment, I believe, if you were to do something, it's either one or the other.

What was your purpose in putting that note on there? To whom were you sending that note?

(The witness examines the document.)

MR. ROISMAN: It's one more page back.

(The witness continues to examine the

document.)

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THE WITNESS: Okay. This is what I received

from Mr. Grier.

about the first page of it.

MR. ROISMAN: All right.

THE WITNESS: This is what I attached to it.

MR. ROISMAN: Let the record show that

when the witness said, "This is what I received from Mr. Grier," he is talking about starting on the second page of Exhibit 43-6, and when he was saying, "This is what I sent attached to it" to send to Mr. Merritt, he is talking

THE WITNESS: That is correct. A letter of transmittal. I sat down and I read the report, and it wasn't clear to me what exactly Mr. Grier was concluding. So I sat down with him, and he explained to me that either the person had done it -- had either been negligent or he had done it purposefully. In either case, we had a situation that Mr. Merritt needed to be aware of.

I wanted to make it very clear that Mr. Grier had made a conclusion that one or the other had happened; however, I wanted Mr. Merritt to know that if he wanted to know which one of those two had, indeed, occurred, that he

needed to go beyond this.

I wasn't certain whether that was important or not, whether the item is negligent -- whether the item was handled in a negligent manner, whether it was handled intentionally. You know, I didn't feel that Mr. Merritt needed to know one way or the other, but I wanted him to know that one or the other had occurred. I just wanted to make sure that Mr. Merritt understood Mr. Grier's point.

#### BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Why did you get involved in that, once you realized that this didn't have anything to do with QA/QC? Why did you go ahead, have the meeting with Mr. Merritt, put the note -- I'm sorry -- with Mr. Grier, put the note on there? Why didn't you just treat this as something in which you had to have no involvement beyond assuring yourself that it was not a QA/QC matter?

A Because I'm very particular as to what I become involved in. I want to make sure that I understand information that I am communicating to another person, and if I have a question as to what is there, I like to clarify it from the standpoint of professional pride, if you want to call it that. That is why I clarified it.

Q Now do you have any knowledge as to what the ultimate disposition was, first of the question that you raised, whether it was one interpretation or the other

interpretation of what Mr. Barcomb had actually done, whether that further investigation occurred and what the result of it was, do you have any knowledge of that?

A I know that Mr. Merritt and myself and Mr. Grier visited after this report was received by Mr. Merritt, and Mr. Merritt wanted to understand exactly what had happened and some of the details of what did you find, what does this mean -- well, did you find this -- well, did you find that.

I know there was extensive discussion and clarification. I don't know what else Mr. Merritt did. At that particular point, I withdrew from it. Mr. Grier withdrew from it. And what Mr. Merritt did, I don't have any firsthand knowledge of.

Q You mean in terms of the further investigation?

A In terms of further investigation and/or final disposition of the item.

MR. WATKINS: Could we go off?

(Discussion off the record.)

End 6

(The reporter read the record as requested.) BY MR. ROISMAN: So that you have no further knowledge as to 4 what was ultimately done with Mr. Barcomb; is that correct? 5 I understand he was terminated, but this 6 is hearsay. I do not, after that --MR. ROISMAN: Hearsay is inadmissible. 8 MR. WATKINS: We object. BY MR. ROISMAN: 10 In the QA/QC area, is there any specific 11 procedure that indicates which items of misconduct would 12 be terminable offenses? Is there a written procedure, or 13 do you have in your head a known set of, "These things 14 are all terminable"? When they happen, you terminate. 15 MR. WATKINS: Now, clarification. Are you 16 talking about for QA/QC employees? 17 MR. ROISMAN: QA/QC employees, correct. THE WITNESS: Yes, there is. 19 MR. ROISMAN: Okay. 20 BY MR. ROISMAN: 21 Can you tell me, what are those items, and 22 fi st, are they a written procedure, or is it something that you have in your head? No. It's written. 25 Okay, fine. 0

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I believe -- and I haven't seen this document 2 in quite some time -- I believe that sleeping on the job 3 is one of them. 4 Yes? 0 5 Theft, fighting on the job. 6 MR. WATKINS: Excuse me. Does that mean 7 physical fighting or verbal fighting? 8 THE WITNESS: No, no. I believe this is fighting. 10 BY MR. ROISMAN: 11 Physical fighting. 0 12 Physical fighting. I believe intentional 13 disregard of safety precautions. 14 Q Are you referring there to a construction site 15 safety precaution related to the safety of a fellow worker 16 or an NRC safety precaution for the plant? 17 A No. I am referring to personnel safety. 18 Q Okay. 19 MR. MIZUNO: Excuse me. You mean OSHA-type 20 safety? 21 THE WITNESS: OSHA-type safety. 22 MR. ROISMAN: Don't feel constrained. 23 (Pause.) 24 THE WITNESS: Use of drugs and alcohol on 25 site. I believe those are the ones. Again, I have not seen

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this document in quite some time.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q How are employees made aware of the document? How would a new QA/QC person coming on site learn about these?

MR. WATKINS: May I clarify something?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes.

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Vega, are there different written policies for Brown & Root employees as opposed to other contractors' employees who are, indeed, TUGCO employees?

THE WITNESS: Well, there are different policy manuals for the different contractors that are on site, such as Ebasco, such as Brown & Root. They are companies that have their own employees and have their own policy manuals.

What I have done is, I have taken a list of guidelines and have endorsed them at the site.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Now are those guidelines what include this particular list you just gave me.

A Those are the ones that I gave you; that's correct.

Q Okay. And how do the employees learn of these guidelines?

A Employees are required to acknowledge their knowledge of these policies at the time they are hired,

I believe. What I have done, since I've been on site,

I issued a memo to all QA/QC supervisors, asking that their employees be notified, that they implement this, that,

you know, we document our personnel actions relative to this,
so people can be well-informed on what is the policy.

Q And are these offenses, is there anything to indicate whether you get one free, or you don't get any free, or if you get caught three times in a month, or are there any such criteria like that?

A Again, there is latitude in these areas, and the procedure requires that these disciplinary matters be brought up through supervision to the appropriate manager's attention.

Q 'now this related only to QA/QC employees; is that correct?

A That is correct.

Q So that it is possible that a different list exists with regard to craft or even no list with regard to craft, so far as you know?

A I don't want to speculate.

Q But you don't know that the contractors --

I don't have any personal knowledge.

Q Okay. All right. What criteria govern the

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exercise of the latitude that may be used in these areas to decide when to terminate because of the existence of the offense, when to warn because of the existence of the offense, or when to take some other action?

A The general policy that we follow is the desirability, except in the most flagrant actions, to implement a policy of increasing disciplinary action leading to termination. We feel that it is our responsibility to apprise people of their performance, and when they fall short, to do everything we can to make them better employees. Accordingly, we implement a program of progressive disciplinary action at Comanche Peak.

Q All right. And how do you decide where a particular incident falls on the scale?

A That is a judgment that I, as responsible manager, the responsible manager involved, must make.

Q And can you give me what the criteria are for making that judgment?

A Well, there's many factors involved. There may be extenuating circumstances, and I find it very difficult to discuss all 'amifications, any kind of mitigating action. What you are asking me is to give you in general terms the criteria that I use to look at each case individually, and I find that very difficult to do here at this point.

Q So that from the perspective of the QA/QC

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employee who gets into a fight or falls asleep on the job, they don't know, after they're caught in this particular act, for certain what standards will be used to evaluate which one of the graduated levels of punishment will be imposed against them for the conduct. They only know that the conduct is prohibited and could result in termination.

A That is correct. It would depend on whether they had done this before, whether they had been counseled before, whether they had been admonished before, whether they are on probation of a result of a previous incident of the same nature.

Again, I have to look at these things on an individual case basis. I cannot give you a specific, "Here is a roadmap that I follow in each and every item that comes before me." I have to use my professional judgment.

Q So in sum, it is basically a subjective, as opposed to an objective, determination.

A By necessity, you have to use subjective judgment. Although we would all like to have everything very clean and very objective, things never do come black and white. If they do, they wouldn't get to my level. Consequently, I must deal in the gray areas.

Q Are the termination decisions made at your level?

A They are made in consultation with my management.

mgc 7-7 Q By your management, you mean the people to whom you report. 3 That is correct. But they are not made by people beneath 5 you without your involvement in the decision. 6 That is correct. 7 Now you have listed for me five terminable 8 offenses which you say you feel represent the ones that are contained in your memorandum. 10 MR. WATKINS: Policy guidelines. 11 MR. ROISMAN: Excuse me. Thank you, 12 Mr. Watkins. Policy guidelines. 13 BY MR. ROISMAN: 14 Are there other actions that can result in 15 termination, but it is not included in the policy guidelines, ones that are not written down but that might 17 result in termination? MR. WATKINS: Mr. Roisman, we will object 19 on relevance grounds. You are talking about disciplinary 20 action meted out to QC inspectors. We fail to see the 21 relevance of that to allegations of OC inspectors being 22 harassed or intimidated. What is the relevance of this? 23 MR. ROISMAN: Well, one of the bases for

the harassment and intimidation claims of people such

as Chuck Atchison and Bill Dunham and Dogie Hatley and

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Billy Orr is that they were fired, terminated from their jobs, and I am trying to figure out whether there is a standard by which these terminations occur, or whether it is that they are made on a totally subjective basis, and that the subjective basis is factoring in sub rosa the fact that these employees were also reporting safety problems.

MR. WATKINS: Well, having registered my objection, you must decide for yourself whether you want to go on.

MR. ROISMAN: Well, I don't even see a close question here, I must say, unless I'm missing something that you are saying that I don't understand. Finding out what are the criteria that are used for deciding what conduct results in termination when one of the issues is whether or not employees were being terminated on trumped up bases, I think, is very relevant.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Anyway, Mr. Vega, let me go back again to the question, which is, are there other unwritten actions that can result in termination?

A Mr. Roisman, I don't see how I could answer that in anything other than the affirmative. Obviously, if somebody goes and shoots somebody on site, we would do something about it. If somebody goes and rapes somebody on site, we would do something about it. I can't sit here

and tell you that those are the only things that will result in termination at Comanche Peak.

Q Well, for instance, is leaving work early, is that a terminable offense?

(Pause.)

A Not in itself. So I mean not an isolated instance of that.

Q But can habitual, once a week leaving work early?

A If there is a pattern of excessive absences and/or late arrivals, early departures, to the point where the person is adversely affecting Quality Control's ability to do its job, a person would be counseled, and we would do everything we could to get the attendance problem solved.

Again, I would have to use my judgment as to at what point an increasing disciplinary action should be administered. I would certainly discuss this with my management as we escalated the disciplinary action.

Q When you refer to your management, is the first person up that chain Mr. Chapman?

A Mr. Chapman is my immediate supervisor, yes.

MR. WATKINS: Mr. Roisman, are you through
with Exhibit 43-6?

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. MIZUNO: Even though we're not offering it into the record, wouldn't it make the transcript more readable if we had the documents bound in? So we might reach a stipulation to that effect, since no decision has been made as to whether they are offered into evidence or not.

MR. ROISMAN: I would love to do that if I had the extra copies to provide her with and also to have them for me. But I don't have that. My approach, my intent had been that at the time we do propose findings, we would append the documents which we wish to put into evidence to the proposed findings.

I feel, number one, that will substantially reduce the physical size of what goes in, as opposed to making transcripts that long.

MR. MIZUNO: That's true, but the only reason

I bring this up is that it's been Judge Bloch's penchant

to have those documents bound in, even if they are

not necessarily submitted into evidence. And I personally

find it to be a very helpful thing, because when you are

talking about a document, you don't have to go and pull

some separate file of documents. It's right there.

MR. ROISMAN: I would like to accommodate that.

I am not in a position to be able to do so. I do not have
an extra copy, and I don't have -- the volume of documents

that you are talking about, not just in this but in other depositions, we have no Xeroxing capability here, and we have a tabletop Xeroxer that is very slow.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay, I can understand that.

The further point, though, is that in the future, I can't rely upon Applicants to be providing the documents. So I assume you are going to be identifying these documents in the future and giving us copies, so at some point we're -- I mean, we're not going to have people being deposed on documents and them not being included in the transcript and the Staff still not having a copy ever to look at, unless we conduct, quote, "further discovery," which we shouldn't really be in that position.

MR. WATKINS: Right.

MR. ROISMAN: My position on this is that the documents we are using have been provided to us in discovery by the Applicant. If the Staff did not seek a copy of it, I am not going to remedy that by giving the Staff one at this point.

NR. MIZUNO: I understand --

MR. ROISMAN: I am more than willing --

MR. MIZUNO: I understand what you are saying, but the fact is that you are talking about, in a deposition, an evidentiary deposition, and you later intend to submit it into evidence, you are, I think --

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I think fairness, just fundamental fairness, would require you to submit the copies of those documents to the Staff in sufficient time so that if it had any further questions to ask at those depositions which are acting as evidentiary or acting in place of evidentiary hearings, that we be given them, so that we can do whatever is necessary.

It has been the continuing practice in the depositions -- in the hearings, extending even before Judge Bloch, that documents are to be provided to the parties, and that that, at the hearings, when these documents are known by the counsel to be used in the cross-examination or in the direct examination of their witnesses -- it's just unfair.

MR. ROISMAN: I would love to accomodate you, but I have no Xerox facility available. If I had a Xerox facility available, and if I weren't looking at the documents myself and could spare them to put them into Xeroxing, I'd Xerox them for you.

But I don't. And I have assumed that you got a copy of the documents in discovery that we got, and that having gotten them, you did what we did, which is that you put them into some sort of a rational order, and that therefore they would be accessible to you.

It now appears that that assumption was wrong. I cannot help you to correct it in order to address the

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particular problem you are identifying. When I go to offer them into evidence as part of the proposed findings, that will be filed on the 20th of August, I will, of course, attach to me filings, to every part including the Staff, what I'm offering.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay. And I'm maying that that is insufficient insofar as the fact -- the point is that we, the Staff, cannot conduct any semblance of a reasonable cross-examination until we actually have those documents in hand, and that to wait until the actual filings of findings of fact is much too late.

It's obvious that the whole purpose of having the Staff here at these depositions -- I mean, we might as well not show up. That's what I'm saying.

MR. WATKINS: I think Mr. Mizuno's point is an entirely reasonable one.

MR. ROISMAN: Look --

MR. WATKINS: (Interposing).

MR. ROISMAN: Wait a second. I do not want to spend all this time, when we've got Mr. Vega, whose got more important business, I'm sure, in his mind than to be here arguing about this.

I am telling you, this is a stone. There is no blood in it. There isn't a Xerox machine here for us to use to make you the copies.

mgc 7-14 Now, Mr. Mizuno, state your objection on the record, and let's go back to business. MR. MIZUNO: Okay, I --MR. ROISMAN: I have given you my copies of these documents to look at while I am here talking about them. I will do anything else that I can reasonably do, but I do not have the capability to make the copies that you want. End 7 

MR. MIZUNO: I have a practical proposal.

I'm not trying to make a big thing out of this. I'm

just saying, let's try to work something out. And it would

appear that if you can identify that that is a document

you intend to use, like say tonight, that we, the NRC,

has some Xerox capabilities at the site, there's a

possibility that, you know, if you give us documents to

Xerox, that we can have them Xeroxed, and we'll work out

the costs later.

But I'm saying that I think there's a way to do this. As long as you identify the documents and give us copies, we can have copies made, you know, in advance.

MR. ROISMAN: What I cannot guarantee you is that I can tell you in time for you to Xerox them, which they are, as I said already on the record earlier today, these documents that I am doing, I knew which ones they were at two o'clock last night.

MR. MIZUNO: Are you going to be doing the same thing for each day, in other words?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes. As soon as I get a little relief in terms of this, I will get a little ahead of things. And some of my lawyers are doing them on the spot, and some of them are doing -- now you did see all the documents that we had in the files that we made available to the utility that were in the files for each of our

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witnesses, and they included all the information that we had in those files at the time we had those files.

The information that we are going through now is not documents that we produced in discovery to someone else and didn't give to the Staff. The information that we're talking about now is information that was produced to us in discovery from the Applicants, some of which -- these reports, by the way, the so-called exit interviews, these reports were made available to us on the 6th of July or the evening of the 5th of July.

I don't know when we were going to have time to start Xeroxing the copies. We barely had time to get them down here for ourselves.

I don't know the solution to your problem, because my people need to look at the very document that you want to make a copy of.

MR. WATKINS: May I suggest that your point was to get Mr. Vega here for his deposition. Perhaps we can address this later.

MR. ROISMAN: I'm willing to do what I can.
I'm just trying to tell you what I know I can't do.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay. I would propose that we have a little conference call with Judge Bloch at the end of Mr. Vega's deposition on this matter.

MR. ROISMAN: You have, Mr. Mizuno, my copy

of 0015, I believe, Mr. Perry. It's QA Incident 0015.

MR. MIZUNO: Yes.

MR. ROISMAN: Am I correct, Mr. Watkins, that you and Mr. Mizuno now also have copies of the same document?

MR. WATKINS: I don't know if it's the same one. I have documents that say QAI-0015.

MR. ROISMAN: Okay. Let me mark this, and then I will let you take a look and see if you have the same one.

Would you mark this, please, 43-7?

(The document referred to was marked Intervenors' Exhibit 43-7 for identification.)

MR. ROISMAN: All right, Mr. Watkins, if you want to take a look at what is now marked 43-7, the cover of which is a memorandum signed by Mr. Vega and to Mr. Merrit, entitled "Allegation of Intimidation," and attached to it is a memorandum to Mr. Vega from Mr. Grier, which consists of fifteen pages, and see if this is the same as the document which you have in your possession.

(Pause.)

MR. WATKINS: It is the same. In fact, I think this is a copy of what you are holding, Mr. Roisman.

MR. ROISMAN: I think that's correct.

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I think my copy which I gave to Mr. Mizuno is now not here.

Mr. Mizuno, may I look at this pile?

MR. MIZUNO: Sure. Go ahead.

MR. WATKINS: I believe I have it somehow.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. ROISMAN: I, in fact, have it. It's in three parts in my file, and the portion that I was interested in are the earlier pages.

All right. I believe we are all now looking at the same, and for simplicity's sake, I am going to use the full document as we have now identified it.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q All right, Mr. Vega, I am going to hand you what has been marked as Exhibit 43-7, which is a memorandum from you to Mr. Merritt, entitled "Allegation of Intimidation, QA-0015," and ask you to take a look at the first two pages of it, and just refresh your recollection and tell me if that memorandum that is page 1 is by you and if the memorandum which is page 2, which is addressed to you from Mr. Boyce Grier is one that you did receive?

MR. WATKINS: We will object to the use of the Grier memorandum and attachments on the hearsay basis articulated earlier. In fact, it's hearsay within hearsay.

### BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q I'm just interested in knowing the answer to the question, whether the first memorandum is one that you sent to Mr. Merritt and whether the second page is something which you received from Mr. Grier.

A Yes.

Q Okay. All right. I'm not going to get into this. I am interested in the memorandum that is addressed to Mr. Merrit from you, which says, "Transmitted herewith Mr. Boyce Grier's report concerning an allegation of intimidation. Please respond by June 11, 1984, the actions you have taken or intend to take regarding this matter."

My first question is, at the time that you sent that to Mr. Merritt, did you 'ave a perception or an opinion as to what you thought were the actions that Mr. Merritt should take, and if so, what were those actions?

A My idea of what Mr. Merritt should have done was to visit with Mr. Powers and to direct him to be more careful in regard to statements that were made that could be perceived by inspectors to be intimidating, if you want to call it that.

Q In your judgment, should Mr. Merritt have advised his employee that any particular action would be taken with regard to the employee if the employee continued that conduct?

(Pause.)

A I would have expected Mr. Merritt to have told Mr. Powers that any recurring incident of this nature would be a basis for further disciplinary action.

Q And what would further disciplinary action encompass? What other things can happen?

A Well, any provisions for escalating disciplinary action. Again, Mr. Merritt would have to deal with it on an individual case basis, depending on what the facts surrounding any incident would be or should be.

Q Well, for instance, is docking pay for two days one step, and is firing another step, and is denial of promotion another step, and is putting a bad report into the person's personnel file another step? Are those all possible steps available to Mr. Merritt?

A Certainly. Mr. Merritt has any of those ptions at his disposal. It would be up to him to determine what would be appropriate.

Q Do you believe that in this particular incident that you have any independent authority to seek different action if, in your judgment, the action taken by Mr. Merritt was inadequate?

A Certainly.

Q How would you go about doing that?

A I could stop work.

Q I'm sorry. You could stop?

A I could stop work. Yes, I could stop work in Mr. Powers' building. I could pull every inspector out of there and tell Mr. Merritt to come back and talk to me after he had squared away the situation. That's totally within my authority

Q And that would not involve having to go to your management?

A Not involve having to go to my management.

That is a decision that I am fully authorized to make without consultation with anybody.

Q Have you ever done that, Mr. Vega?

A No, I have never found it necessary to do that.

Q Have you ever taken any action to attempt to compel Mr. Merritt or some other person in his position to take further disciplinary action against one of his employees who was found to have engaged in conduct which could be interpreted as having harassed or intimidated one of your employees?

A There have been discussions with Mr. Merritt as to what I feel is an appropriate action, and in each case, Mr. Merritt has concurred and has supported my input, my request, whenever I have felt that such was appropriate.

Q Well, does that arise because Mr. Merritt

proposes to take an action, you then believe that's not enough and say, "Let's meec"? Or do you go to Mr. Merritt even before he's made a judgment as to what he's going to do and indicate to him your opinion of what he should do?

A No. He comes to me, and he -- we have a very good working relationship. He will come to me and say, "Tony, what do I need to do to satisfy you on this?"

I'll say, "John, you need to do this." He'll say, "You've got it, sir." He'll walk and go do it.

Q Is that what happened in this case?

A I believe that is what happened in that case.

Q Okay. And what was it that Mr. Merritt proposed to you that you considered to be satisfactory in this case?

A I proposed to him that he talk to Fred Powers and that he discuss with him the necessity to deal in a professional manner. Mr. Powers came by my office and said, "Tony, I want you to understand that I was not in any way trying to make the person uncomfortable. What I was talking about was the position, the interpretation being unreasonable," or as he called it, "asinine."

He was not calling the inspector an asinine person and wanted to make sure that I understood that he, Fred Powers, would never do anything to compromise what he perceived was a very good working relationship with Quality

Assurance.

I told Mr. Powers that he needed to be very careful about how he phrased his statements and that he needed to conduct himself and make his statements in a totally professional manner. He agreed, and Mister -- we have not had any recurring incidents of that nature.

Q Now what did you do with Mr. Perry? He was the person who made the allegation.

A Yes.

(The witness refers to the document.)

Mr. Grier subsequently got together with

Mr. Perry to explain to him the actions that had been taken
and to relate to him the corrective actions. He was
advised that he was correct, encouraged him to continue
making sure that if a drawing calls for full contact, that
that's exactly what's done, and to the best of my
recollection, Mr. Grier did, indeed, meet with Mr. Perry,
and Mr. Perry subsequently stated that he had no further
problem with this incident.

Q And how did you learn of that?

A I believe Mr. Grier forwarded a memo to me to that effect.

Q Did you meet with Mr. Grier before he met with Mr. Perry to express your view as to how he should deal with Mr. Perry?

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A Only from an information standpoint.

"Mr. Grier, this is what's been done. We need to communicate it to the inspector, and if there is anything that needs to be done as a result of your discussion, please bring it to my attention and we'll continue working on it."

Q Does Mr. Perry have anything in his file that indicates that he had identified an incident, correctly identified an incident of possible harassment and intimidation?

A No, I don't believe -- well, as a matter of fact, I'm certain that there is nothing in his file that would indicate that he made that complaint.

Q That he was later proven correct?

A No, I don't believe that there would be anything.

Let me make sure that we understand. May I see the document again?

Q Yes (handing document to witness).

A Mr. Grier did meet with him on June 18th, met in his office with Mr. Perry to inform him of the results and to confirm that corrective action was taken. Mr. Perry stated that he was satisfied with the results and had no further problem.

(The witness continues to review the document.)

I want to point out that Mr. Grier concluded that the meeting was not for the purpose of intimidating the inspector. It was a meeting that was held to discuss the details of acceptance criteria. The inspector did his job by identifying what he saw the requirements to be. That is his job. That's what the man gets paid for.

Q How do you deal -- what is your process for dealing with the question of an inspector who perceives that conduct that he was subjected to was -- I believe the words that are used in Mr. Grier's memorandum to you, quote, "browbeating," unquote?

A You -- the first thing that I do, of course, is forward it for Mr. Boyce Grier's investigation, to get the facts, to talk to the people, to understand what it is that the person was trying to communicate, and to explain to the person what the intent was of that person and to make sure that the inspector understands that there was no effort to intimidate him and to make sure that the inspector understands that he is supported by management in his interpretation of the requirements and to make sure that if they document -- that if Engineering is saying, "Hey, that is not what we mean," that there is something clear that comes down from Engineering that very clearly defines what is expected of the inspector.

The bottomline? To make sure that the

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inspector knows that he has our total support in doing his

And now I would like for you to -- well --MR. ROISMAN: Would you mark this 43-8,

MR. WATKINS: Which document is this, now?

MR. ROISMAN: This is 21. Yes, 21.

(The document referred to was marked Intervenors' Exhibit 43-8 for identification.)

MR. ROISMAN: I have had the reporter mark Exhibit 43-8, a document the first page of which is an Investigation Request dated 6/28/84 regarding an allegation made by Gary L. Scruggs. It's got a number, QAI-0021 attached to it. There are three additional pages, the first one of which is a memorandum from Boyce Grier to A. Vega recounting an interview with Gary L. Scruggs, and the next two pages are a questionnaire apparently filled out in part by Mr. Scruggs and signed by him, and in part by Mr. Grier and signed by him.

## BY MR. ROISMAN:

Mr. Vega, I am going to hand you this four-page document and ask you if you, first, if the document on the first page is a document which you wrote yourself, and secondly if you have seen the three pages

mgc 8-13 1 that are attached to this report? A Yes, I have. Is the one on the front the one that you yourself wrote, the first page of the document? A It was typed under my direction. End 8 

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#### BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q If I understand correctly, you have asked Mr. Grier in the first page of the document to investigate the allegations of substantive deficiencies which Mr. Scruggs has identified in his meeting with Mr. Grier; is that correct?

MR. WATKINS: On that basis, we object.

This document on its face has nothing to do with

allegations of harassment or intimidation; it's

strictly a substantive matter.

MR. ROISMAN: On its face the document reflects the fact that the employee is unwilling to tell the company and would talk only to the NRC about these concerns. And so the question is -- and that's the next question to Mr. Vega: Why did he not ask for an investigation of the employee's stated reluctance to talk to the company about his concerns.

THE WITNESS: I would like to go back to your first question where you stated that it included substantive deficiencies. There are no substantive deficiencies. That is your characterization of what is here.

# BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q I'm sorry. Claimed substantive deficiencies.

I can't tell from that whether they are or not.

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It's allegations of electrical deficiencies.

> Correct. 0

Okay. In regard to this particular gentleman, I asked Mr. Grier to look into this. I was particularly curious because Mr. Scruggs had been quite upset that his security clearance had not come through.

Mr. -- As you know, as we approach the fuel load of Unit 1, we must have our people cleared to work on Unit 1. Mr. Scruggs was one of the QA/QC personnel whose security clearance was denied.

I wrote a letter to Mr. Scruggs advising him of the security turndown. I advised him that if he wanted to go into additional detail as to the basis for having the turndown of his security that he should transmit to me a letter requesting that the information be made available to him.

I did receive such a memo, and Mr. Scruggs came into my office to discuss it personally. I told him that the decision to turn down his security clearance was made at the corporate security level.

MR. WATKINS: Excuse me. But surely you don't want to get into the reasons for which his security clearance was turned down?

MR. ROISMAN:

MR. WATKINS: You'll accept that limitation.

THE WITNESS: I wasn't getting into that.

But the point that I am wanting to make is that at this point, Mr. Scruggs told me that he knew why his security clearance had been turned down.

No.

I said, "Mr. Scruggs, I don't get involved with the reasons why the security clearances are passed or not passed. That's a corporate security matter. What I want to do is make sure that you have every opportunity to understand why this action was taken so that you can be aware of the basis."

He said, "Well. I know that it's not going to be changed." He said, "I know why it happened. But I want to know what would be the next source of appeal beyond your company."

I said, "Mr. Scruggs, why ion't you visit with Mr. Andrews. Let him visit with you. You ask him that question."

I said, "I know that we have regulatory guides that are very clear about what has to be met and what constitutes basis for not clearing your security."

I said, "You'll have to visit with him on that."

He said, "Well, you know it's very important for me to stay with this project." He said, "I've been on it for many years. I really enjoy working here. I don't want to leave."

I said, "That's why I want to give you every opportunity to change your clearance."

The next incident or the next time that I heard of Mr. Scruggs was we had an ROF. And it was in regard to this ROF that Mr. Scruggs filled out this questionnaire.

And so, of course, Mr. Grier then conducted the investigation in regard to this. What -- To start with, Mr. Scruggs did not convey -- I looked into this personally from the standpoing that Mr. Scruggs did make a mention -- finally agreed to identify one area of concern, that he had informed his lead, "Duck" Snow of a problem that had not been corrected.

I talked to Mr. Snow. I wanted to know what had been identified to him that had not been corrected.

Mr. Snow informed me that contrary to what Scruggs was saying, he had never brought any problem to him directly. He speculated -- and again here's speculation.

We have a situation where cover on a cable tray is an engineering resolution to a separation concern.

Placing a cover on that tray is the engineering-approved disposition. There was an instance where engineering added a cable in a cable tray. In order to add that cable, you had to remove the cable tray.

The moment that -- I'm sorry. You had to remove the cable tray cover.

The moment that you removed the cable tray cover, you now had a separation deficiency because now you no longer have the cable tray cover on.

Mr. Snow talked to a supervisor that I believe this gentleman worked for, and they went through the travelers and the inspection removal notice paperwork, and they clearly could see that the paperwork itself provided for the reinstallation of the cable tray cover.

The matter was something that was totally within the provisions of the quality assurance program.

There was absolutely no substantive concern. It appears to me that what we have here is an employee that was quite upset, frankly, over not having the security clearance that he felt he should have had.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, I'll ask my question again, and I would appreciate it if you would answer my question.

I appreciate your giving me all that information.

I still want to know why did you not have Mr. Grier investigate this employee's unwillingness to tell the company what his problems were when he filled out his exit interview, and his insistance initially -- and then even his reluctance later to tell the company what it was, and to talk only to the NRC. Why did you not have that investigated?

A Well, sir, if you will notice, this comment was made to Mr. Grier in the first place. These comments were not made to a third party. They were made directly to Mr. Grier.

The document is very clear on that.

Q The document indicates in the memorandum from Mr. Grier to you that Scruggs stated that he had been in contact with the NRC regarding his concerns; he identified the NRC as Darrell Eisenhut, Ben Hays, and Brooks Griffin.

"He stated that he expected to meet with Brooks Griffin to provide him with details on his concern. He declined to give me details of his concerns," and then it goes on.

He indicates he's back and forth with him.

Then Mr. Grier says, "Scruggs finally agreed to identify one area of concern," and that's the area we're talking about.

My question to you is: Why did you not ask

Mr. Grier to investigate Mr. Scruggs' unwillingness to

fully disclose -- and without reservation disclose to Mr.

Grier at the time of his exit from the plant site his

concerns about these safety problems?

MR. WATKINS: And Mr. Vega answered that he conducted his wn investigation. The question has been answered.

MR. ROISMAN: I have not heard him say anything about investigating Mr. Scruggs' reluctance to talk to the company.

Am I to understand from your statement, Mr. Watkins, that everything I've hear? represents all that Mr. Vega did with regard -- or asked Mr. Grier to do -- with regard to investigating Mr. Scruggs' unwillingness to talk to the company; and that it represents Mr. Vega's entire explanation for why he didn't do anything more?

If so, then -- Are you telling me that it has been asked and answered or not, because I want --

MR. WATKINS: Yes.

MR. ROISMAN: Then we're through. If the

question has been asked and answered, then it's asked and answered.

## BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, in 1979 you were a member of a management review board that conducted or supervised and conducted interviews of site QC inspectors. Do you remember that? Other members on the board were Mr. Boron, Ms. Anderson, Mr. Moore, Mr. Purdy, Ms. Spencer and Mr. Valdez.

A I remember that.

Q Do you remember how it happened that this TUGCO QA management review board was established and how you happened to be on it?

A Yes, I remember the discussions leading up to this item. I remember that there were discussions in house. I believe these discussions were primarily between Mr. Tolson, Mr. Chapman, myself, Mr. Boron.

We wanted to take the initiative and go see how things were going with the quality assurance program at Comanche Peak.

As I mentioned to you earlier, we do this a lot. If Mr. Tolson feels uncomfortable with any area in his organization, he asks for a management audit. "Hey, I don't feel comfortable here. I'd appreciate it if you'd come in and look at it and tell me if I have a problem."

This is exactly the same spirit. This is exactly the same context in which this whole activity was done. We did it of our own initiative. We wanted to see how effective our program was at the site, and so we did this study.

Q Is it your testimony that there were no particular events or series of events that gave you reason to believe that there was a problem, or that you were doing this merely because you wanted to assure yourselves that there wasn't, rather than that you had reason to believe that there was?

A That is correct. To the best of my recollection,
I cannot remember any incident that brought about this
thing. Rather, it was an initiative on our part.

Q In the final report on the interviews which was done, were you a co-author of that final report?

A We handled different areas individually.

Some of us would interview, say, electrical inspectors.

Others would review -- would interview civil; others
procurement people.

Then we would get together at the end of the day -- excuse me -- to see whether there was any answers that were repetitive for the purposes of highlighting those answers.

Different members of the team assumed

primary responsibility for authoring different elements of that. We all concurred with that, signed the 2 different elements of the report. But, in other words, only the ones that you 5 have primary responsibility for would be the ones in which you really had personal knowledge of the informa-6 7 tion that was contained in there? A Not personal knowledge, but rather I had information as to what had been said by the inspectors. 9 Q On the ones that you had responsibility for, 10 11 were you conducting the interviews? 12 Yes, I was. 13 It wasn't the people working for you? You were doing the interviewing yourself? 14 I was doing the interviewing myself. 15 A 16 So the information that's contained in this document reflects what it was that the person doing the 17 interview actually heard the QC inspector that they were 18 19 interviewing say? 20 That's correct. I notice that when these documents were 21 produced in discovery -- and I'm talking about the 22 interviews themselves -- they're all identified A, B, 23 C, D, with numbers as opposed to individual names. 24

Can you tell me why was that procedure used

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and was that the way the reports were actually written up originally, or did they include the names originally?

A No. We wanted to get as much input as we could get. We wanted to make sure that the inspectors understood that we were not after names; we were not after titles. We wanted information.

We couldn't care less whether it was this person or that person. What we wanted was feedback.

When people went in there, we told them that we had a key; there was only one copy of that key; and that their identification -- if you want to call it that -- would be safeguarded because the questionnaires would only have a certain prefix and a number.

It was for that purpose that this code was generated.

Q So the originals had the code on them to start with is what you're telling me. There never was a questionnaire that had the person's actual name written on it?

A There never was a quesionnaire that had a person's name written on it. Absolutely not.

Q Why did you do that?

A We wanted to promote as free of an exchange of information as possible without anybody knowing who said what.

Q Why should anybody have been concerned about who said what?

A Well, I don't know of any reason why anybody should be concerned. But there are people that don't like to sign their names to different things. I mean, this can be a suggestion or a letter to an editor or whatever.

People are at times reluctant to identify themselves. If you divorce the entire process from names and persons, and you promote -- you concentrate your efforts on a free and confidential exchange of information, we felt that it would help for a freer communication.

It was our opinion as members of the group -nobody told us to do it. We just thought it would be a
good idea.

Q Did you ask the people whether they would mind if their names were used; or did you assume that they would not want it used, and just used your system for all of it?

A We didn't want to use names. That was our decision. We never even asked them.

Q Did you have any sense -- You describe it as almost a natural, somewhat universal, although not total, universal feeling. What is your opinion as to why such a feeling would exist, why these people would in

any way give you different answers if they knew their names were going to go on the questionnaire?

A I'm not saying that they would give me different answers if their names were on the questionnaire. We just wanted to eliminate the subject in the first place.

Q When the reports were completed -- the summaries that were done, to which all of the members put their signatures -- did you continue to have any involvement with regard to the review of the TUGCO management review board summaries or implementation of any actions that may have been taken or not taken in light of them; or were you now through?

A Well we were pretty well through. We generated the reports. We turned them over to management. I remember we made some presentations.

After that we did not get involved in it.

It was pretty much we were through with our involvement.

Q What was your position in the company at the time that you were on this TUGCO QC management review board; do you remember?

A I was probably Supervisor of Quality
Assurance Services at that time, but I don't know for sure.

Q I'm sorry, I always have trouble with all of these. Is that the same position that you were holding

just before you entered your current position, or was there a change?

- A It would have been the same position.
- Q In which of these areas did you do the actual interviewing? Which was your area; do you remember?

A Mr. Roisman, this was so long ago. I really couldn't tell you for certain. I don't think I could pinpoint something specifically.

Q The other people who were on there, as I understand it, if your recollection is correct that you were in fact involved in the job which was essentially the same as the job you held just before your present one -- all these QC people were people whose work was in one way or another subject to your review; is that correct?

A Certainly.

Q So there was no one area in which you could particularly go and talk to people who you wouldn't know who the person was that you were talking to?
You knew them and they knew you at least by name, if nothing else.

A No, not at all. Not at all. These are inspectors. I come in and we look at programs. We look at documentation. We talk to people, but we're not based at Comanche Peak.

Q That was true of all the other people on the management review board at that time? A Everybody on that list was officing and reporting off site. MR. WATKINS: Could we take a real short recess? MR. ROISMAN: Sure. (Short recess.) 

MR. ROISMAN: We are back on the record.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

When you did the Management Review Board work in 1979, in your judgment, did the summary produce any things that surprised you? Were there any things that you found that were better than you expected, worse than you expected, different than you had expected, compared to when you were going in and getting ready to start it? Did you have any surprises?

A Gosh, you are asking me to go back five years.

(Pause.)

I really don't remember what I expected.

Q Is it hard for you at this point to have a very clear memory even of what it was that was concluded?

A I remember some of the things that came out that we addressed, that stick in my mind. But other than that, my recollection of this whole thing is very vague.

Management review, I assume it would be one in which you would not be involved because now you are at the site, and it would be your, if you will, work force that was the subject of the review. But if such a one were conducted today, can you think of anything that would be done differently in terms of doing that review than the way

it was done before?

MR. MIZUNO: Objection. Why is that relevant, if one was to be conducted today?

MR. ROISMAN: Well, I think it's appropriate to ask the hypothetical question based upon seeking to determine whether, in the witness' judgment, conditions or events at the plant have changed in such a way that this kind of a review would be done differently and then to probe that. And if he does not believe that it has changed, that is also relevant because --

MR. MIZUNO: But it is not established that he, in fact -- the Applicants have determined that one would be -- a review board of this type would be necessary now or desirable.

MR. ROISMAN: That's true. The only people who have made that decision is the NRC Staff.

MR. MIZUNO: And so therefore I don't believe that it's -- since the Staff has required it or because the Applicants have not done this of their own volition, that any questions regarding this would be speculative and not relevant.

MR. WATKINS: We endorse that objection and would add that if you would like Mr. Vega to speculate, so long as we identify his answer as speculation, --

MR. ROISMAN: It's not important enough. I

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will drop the question.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, are you familiar with a document entitled CPSES Policy Regarding Investigation and Reporting of Quality Matters Related to Nuclear Safety?

Does that document ring a bell with you, dated sometime around the end of 1983?

A (No response.)

Q It's CPSES Policy Regarding Investigation and Reporting of Quality Matters Related to Nuclear Safety.

MR. MIZUNO: Is this a document which the Intervenors have in their possession?

MR. ROISMAN: I don't have it, but I believe that counsel in one of the other rooms has it, the one copy.

MR. MIZUNO: The same objection as far as providing it.

THE WITNESS: CPSES Policy Regarding

Investigation and Reporting of Quality Matters Regarding...?

MR. ROISMAN: -- Related to Nuclear Safety.

THE WITNESS: May I ask if there is a procedure number associated with this?

MR. ROISMAN: I have no such designation.

If it is not familiar to you, just tell me no, and we will just go on.

THE WITNESS: I do not recognize it.

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Do you know or are you able to tell me the forms of documents or the names of documents, to start with, that are used for reporting nonconforming conditions at the Comanche Peak site under the QA/QC program?

A Yes.

Q Could you list those for me, please?

A We have two primary documents. One of them is an inspection report referred to as an IR. The other is a nonconformance report called an NCR.

Q And what are the criteria -- well, let me ask you, what are -- is there a written statement of what the criteria are for identifying when you use an NCR and when you use an IR?

MR. WATKINS: Objection. Mr. Roisman, this very subject has been the subject of extensive cross-examination before the Board. This is cumulative evidence which does not add anything to the record.

MR. ROISMAN: I believe the Board ruled this morning, and I am willing to accept as the alternative that if that is the claim, you produce the transcript and the witness be asked to look at the page of the transcript and verify that that is a correct statement, in his opinion.

MR. WATKINS: We can take a recess, and I will go locate the transcript.

MR. ROISMAN: All right. Well, I'll tell you what. I think it's a little early to take an afternoon recess. Why don't we just put that aside for a moment, and then when we take a recess, you can look that up.

MR. WATKINS: All right.

MR. MIZUNO: Could you just repeat that question again?

MR. ROISMAN: I want to know if there is a published document which indicates, printed document which indicates what the criteria are for when you use an NCR and when you use an IR.

(Pause.)

BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, do your responsibilities include being brought in every time one of your inspectors makes a claim that they have been subjected to harassment and intimidation? Would all of those automatically always be seen by you as well as whatever other people might be involved, or is there some differentiation that is made, and only some are seen by you?

A The procedure requires that these people be brought to visit with Mr. Boyce Grier. I would see

every report that is issued by Mr. Grier.

Q Would you yourself have any interview or interaction with the person as a normal course?

A No.

MR. MIZUNO: Can I ask a question to clarify this point?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes.

MR. MIZUNO: Mr. Vega, you must be speaking about a procedure which I guess is currently in force at the plant. Can you indicate whether there has been a change in that through the history of the plant or at least when you were there?

I understand that Mr. Boyce Grier's position was created relatively recently. I want to get at what the procedure was before Mr. Grier was -- Mr. Grier's position was created, okay?

THE WITNESS: Do you understand, Mr. Mizuno, that I came to the site subsequent to Mr. Grier being assigned, and so I am speaking from firsthand knowledge from March the 16th on, and so that procedure has been in effect as long as I have been responsible for this activity.

MR. MIZUNO: But you are not aware of what occurred prior to that time? In other words, you might not have been on site, but you certainly must have known

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what was going on at the plant. Or maybe not.

THE WITNESS: Well, as far as the specific procedure that was followed, I don't have firsthand information on that subject. I do know that we had instances where I was asked to investigate allegations of different sources prior to Mr. Grier being brought on site.

## BY MR. ROISMAN:

Q Mr. Vega, do you have any recollection of any instances in which you yourself personally interviewed people who had made allegations of harassment, intimidation, pressure not to report nonconformaning conditions?

MR. WATKINS: Is that the end of your question?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes.

MR. WATKINS: I object on hearsay grounds. That is the purest hearsay.

MR. ROISMAN: The question I asked him was, did he ever interview any such people? There is no hearsay involved in asking him whether he ever interviewed such people.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$  WATKINS: I will withdraw the objection to that question.

THE WITNESS: The answer is, yes, I have

mgc 10-8 1 talked to people who have made such an allegation. BY MR. ROISMAN: Did you do that since you've been in your 4 current position or when you were in your prior position? 5 When I was in my prior position. 6 And what was the purpose of you doing that interview? Why were you the one that was involved in that? 7 A Because I was not reporting to anybody on 9 site. I had experience -- I have experience in the audit 10 area, the investigation area. This experience is directly 11 applicable to investigations of this type, and I was 12 assigned these responsibilities by my management to do it. 13 And when you say your management, you mean 14 Mr. Chapman? 15 A Yes. 16 Now were you the person who was asked to 17 interview every person who was a QC employee who made an 18 allegation of harassment and intimidation? 19 A No. 20 Do you know, were there -- was there some 21 basis for deciding which ones you would do and which ones 22 you would not do? 23 (Pause.) Some were handled on site, depending on who

might have received any concern. Some others, Mr. Tolson

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would forward to Mr. Chapman, who would then ask me to look at them.

As to what the specific criteria was for deciding whether I would do it or whether it would be done on site, I would say would primarily be a combinatio of discussions between Mr. Tolson and Mr. Chapman.

Q When you say whether you would do it or it would be done on site, you are not talking about the physical location of the interview, are you? You are talking about whether the interviewer would be an on-site or an off-site personnel; is that correct?

A That is correct.

Q Do you have any recollection of doing any of those interviews where they were tape-recorded?

A Yes, I remember having recorded several of them.

Q Do you remember why you chose to record some?

A Oh, primarily I would say because my workload was such that I didn't have the time to sit down and write a report without interruption. My notes were at least -- were at times sketchy, and I did it primarily as an aid in helping me generate a report.

Q Did you ever experience any resistance from the people whose interview you were taping to having it

taped?

A If a person felt uncomfortable with the taping, I wouldn't tape. I would just, you know, be a little bit more careful with my notes.

Q Did you give a copy of the tape recordings to the person who you had interviewed?

A Absolutely not.

Q Did you give a copy of the taperecording to anybody else?

A No. These tapes were used over and over again. I would write the report and, you know, just keep the tape for use whenever I needed it again.

0 Would you make a transcript of the tape?

I would extract -- there were times when
I would never even listen to the tape. I would, you know,
make my notes, and there might be an occasion for me to go
back and says, "Now, well did he say this or that?" And
I would, you know -- it would be an aid in generating a
report. But as far as me sitting down and saying, you know,
listening to the tape again, I don't think I ever did that
in any single instance.

Q Did you give any consideration to whether the presence of the taperecording would itself be something of an inhibition to the person who was being interviewed, say comparable to the type of inhibition that you were

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concerned about in 1979 when you didn't want to put names on the engineers?

A Well, in 1979, we had a questionnaire, and it was a matter of six people sitting down and recording question to predetermined -- I mean answers to predetermined questions.

Q Right.

A It was more convenient. We knew what we were going to ask, and it was merely yes, no, or a note to, you know, somehow remind us of a unique twist or something.

Q Uh-huh.

A This is different. You ask a question. You follow it up. If you see an inconsistency, you try and address it. "Well, wait a minute. Here you said it may have been this. Now you're saying this. Which is correct?"

Q Uh-huh.

A Really trying to ascertain what the facts were. From that standpoint, it is more difficult -- what I was doing was more difficult than what we did in '79.

Q Yes. I'm sorry. I wasn't asking why you taperecorded in '79 or why you did at some of the subsequent. I was merely asking you to contrast your concern in '79 about inhibiting the person giving you a full and complete answer, and they knew their name would

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be used, and tell me whether applying that same kind of sensitivity, you can see any concern that a person might have with being fully forthcoming if their interview with you was being taperecorded at an entirely subsequent time.

A And, Mr. Roisman, I made the comment a little earlier that if there was any indication that there was any reluctance on the part of the person that I was talking to to have the recorder on, I would turn the doggone thing off.

Q Mr. Vega, in either late '83 or early 1984, the company made the decision -- I think it was Mr. Chapman ultimately -- to institute a system, a so-called hotline and an ombudsman.

Did you particpate in any way in the consideration of whether there should be a hotline and an ombudsman?

A No. What participation I had could probably be summed up as a total of fifteen minutes. I didn't -- I wasn't involved in that.

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employment in your preceding job and in you present job, did you ever receive either a memorandum or participate in a meeting or have a conversation with a person who would be considered your management or above that, Mr. Chapman or above, in which anyone indicated to you what scheduling problems the plant might have — that is, prospective dates by which they wanted certain things to be finished, any financial consequences that might flow to the company if they didn't make some of those deadlines, or in any other way, did anyone make aware to you in such conversations, memoranda, or otherwise from your management, that there were any such considerations?

A Absolutely not.

Q Do you know what are the scheduling deadlines that this company now has for the completion of its construction?

A Certainly. I am aware of those, but every time that something is publicized, my management goes to pains to make sure that I understand that I am divorced from that consideration. My management can then -- and now I'm talking about not only Mr. Chapman, but Mr. Clements, Mr. Garry, Mr. Spence -- "You are responsible for making sure we do not cut corners. You are responsible for making sure that what we do is correct. You are not

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responsible for costs. You are not responsible for schedule. You are responsible for making sure that this is a safe, reliable plant and that QC does not cut corners."

And they emphasize this every opportunity they get.

Q I wonder, Mr. Vega, whether there is any hyperbole in that. What do you mean by "every opportunity they get"? Do you mean that every time you speak to Mr. Chapman, this little litany which you have just recited to me, he adds into the conversation?

A No. What I'm saying is, that if, for example, there is a publication, and Mr. Clements comes by the office, Mr. Spence comes by the office, "Tony, how are things going?"

"Oh, going fine, Mr. Clements. Going fine, Mr. Spence."

"Okay. You know, Tony, you're responsible to make sure it's done right, okay. You know we don't want anybody cutting any corners."

I understand that. I understand that. I understand that.

Q But you don't mean to tell me that they actually say that to you every time they see you?

A Perhaps that was an overstatement on my part. I was trying to emphasize the intensity, you know, the intensity that certainly I perceive. They go to pains

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to communicate to me, "Hey, your job is not the schedule.

Don't let 'em cut corners. Your job is to make sure it's

done right."

Q Are you aware of any -- strike that.

Do you have a written procedure that goes into detail on how to address claims of harassment and intimidation beyond what you've indicated in your deposition today, which is that Mr. Boyce Grier is requested to investigate those allegations and report his findings back to you?

A Yes.

Q Okay. What is that, and where does it appear?

A It is a compilation of documents that defines how the process is started, the initiation and assignment of a QAI, the entering of the QAI on the log, how it is tracked, how it is documented, the format of the report, the distribution, the availability of resources to the person assigned the responsibility for doing the investigation, the generation of the report, the tracking to close out and the feedback to the person making the allegation or claim.

MR. ROISMAN: Mr. Watkins, I'm not sure, but I don't believe we have all of that.

MR. WATKINS: I do not know one way or the other. At the break, why don't I investigate it.

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MR. ROISMAN: I will also check with my people, but the nature of our filing system is such that presumably, if it existed, it would be either in the files that we would have identified with respect to Mr. Chapman, or it would be in the files with regard to Mr. Vega.

I had in my files one document which was merely the initiating memorandum that set up the ombudsman/hotline process, which predates Mr. Vega's direct involvement in this question. But I don't know of anything else.

If we don't have it, I would like to request that it be made available.

MR. WATKINS: I will make every attempt to get it to you as soon as I can, if we haven't furnished it already.

MR. MIZUNO: Staff would also like to have a copy, if it hasn't been produced. And in any case, I would like to have Mr. Vega identify for the record, to the best possible level that he knows, what these documents are, and to identify them as specifically as possible, so that if the NRC Staff wanted to look at them on site, that they could.

MR. WATKINS: Do they have a procedure number?

THE WITNESS: They are, as I said, a

mgc 11-5 compilation of guideline memos, who does what, the interfaces. BY MR. ROISMAN: 4 Is it contained within a book or --0 5 It would be probably in a file, filed under 6 one common file. At least that is how we would have them 7 at the site. MR. MIZUNO: In whose office? THE WITNESS: Specifically two people, 10 Mr. Boyce Grier and another gentleman who acts in his 11 absence when Mr. Grier is not available. 12 MR. MIZUNO: I will continue my questions 13 later on that. 14 BY MR. ROISMAN: 15 And these documents, would they have been 16 generated generally by Mr. Boyce Grier or by other people? 17 Well, primarily by Mr. Chapman. Some, I 18 believe, signed by myself. 19 How about Mr. Tolson in his earlier --0 20 There may be some signed by Mr. Tolson. A 21 Mr. Vega, at an earlier time in this hearing, 22 you have testified regarding the Comanche Peak Steam 23 Electric Station Quality Assurance Plan. My files 24 indicate that the date of your testimony -- well, you

signed and swore to the testimony which is pre- -- it's

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actually an affidavit -- on the 7th of May 1982 and then
Attachment 2 to that is a document called the "Comanche
Peak Steam Electric Station Quality Assurance Plan,
Texas Utility Generating Company, Texas Utility Services,

5 Inc."

Since this document, I believe, is already in evidence and I assume already has an exhibit number, unless you, Mr. Watkins, or you, Mr. Mizuno, have objection, I would not separately mark it, and I have a very simple couple of questions to ask Mr. Vega about it, which is really merely to update it -- that is, to find out, is this still the plan, has it been changed, where are the changes, and so forth.

MR. WATKINS: What is the exhibit number, do you know?

MR. ROISMAN: No, I don't. That's the problem. What I have is just what you see here, which was taken out of Mrs. Ellis' files and sent up to me.

MR. WATKINS: Maybe I can help you.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. ROISMAN: Back on the record.

Mr. Watkins, why don't you identify, if
you would, just for the record, what is the exhibit number
that is already in the record of the Comanche Peak Steam
Electric Station Quality Assurance Plan and the first

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page of it, the Statement of Authority dated May 21, '81 and signed by R.J. Garry, and the individual pages -- in one, two, three, four, the fifth page is a page entitled TUGCO-2-CPSES Quality Assurance Plan, Approval and Instructions, Approved, and then there is a signature which appears to be D.N. Chapman. There's a date opposite which says May 6, 1982, which would appear to indicate what the latest date is that the document has.

Is that the same document that you've got there, and if so, would you just give us the exhibit number?

MR. WATKINS: It is the same document. It's Applicants' Exhibit 43-A.

MR. RGISMAN: Irony or ironies. It's a 43. BY MR. ROISMAN:

All right. And my question for you,

Mr. Vega, is, looking at Applicants' Exhibit 43-A, can

you tell me, to the best of your knowledge, whether there

are any substantive changes that have been made in that

document that altered authorities or responsibilities or

descriptions of duties, and through what period of time

are you able to give me an answer based upon your personal

knowledge?

A Okay. Up until March the 16th of 1984,

I was responsible for the issuance and control of the

11-8 Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station Quality Assurance 2 Plan. Up to that point, to my knowledge, there had been 3 no substantive changes ande to the Quality Assurance Plan. Since March the 16th, I have not been responsible for this particular manual. The only change 5 6 that I know of are some changes where titles were changed 7 to coincide with present titles. But again, I know of 8 no substantive changes 9 Okay. And who would now be the person who would have the specific knowledge and responsibility for 10 11 the update of this? 12 A It would be under the present Quality Assurance Services Supervisor, a gentleman by the name 13 14 of Bob Spangler. 15 Q Spangler, okav. MR. ROISMAN: As they say on TV, your 16 17 witness. 18 MR. MIZUNO: Thank 19 EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. MIZUNO: 21 Can you just repeat Bob Spangler's title? Superisor, Quality Assurance Services. 23 (Pause.) 24 MR. ROISMAN: By the way, we are still reserving, or when we take a real break, to find out about

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that transcript page.

MR. WATKINS: Understood.

MR. ROISMAN: Okay.

(Pause.)

BY MR. MIZUNO:

Q Mr. Vega, this morning I believe you were asked a question regarding how the crafts' needs for inspections are translated into or transmitted to you in order to determine how to allocate the QC inspectors.

And I didn't quite understand -- I didn't -- I don't think you directly answered the question, so I wonder if you could now be more precise in your answer.

A Okay. The specific question asked of me this morning was how the interfaces were handled and work force was one specific example. I answered that question.

Specifically, if you want to know how manpower requirements are communicated, it is primarily done at the Building Manager, Building QC Supervisor level. We have a very close working relationship. We meet on a periodic basis as to what craft expects to be working, in what areas, how many people are going to be working from the craft. We come back and independently project our manpower needs based on these discussions that take place on a building group basis.

Q Have you ever received any feedback from the

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Building Supervisor or any other supervisor indicating that they were displeased with your allocation of inspectors to cover the work of the crafts people?

MR. WATKINS: Are you talking about the

number?

MR. MIZUNO: Yes, the number.

THE WITNESS: We have discussions from the standpoint that the Building Supervisor might communicate to one of my supervisor that, "Hey, you know, we expect to have so many craft here. You may need to get additional people." There are suggestions that are made. There are observations that are made. There are recommendations that are made. But it is our responsibility and it is our decision as to how many people we employ, who we assign. That is totally within our control.

## BY MR. MIZUNO:

Q You don't recall any specific cases, then, where someone came to you and said, "Hey, Mr. Vega, we are displeased with the inadequate number of QC inspectors being assigned to cover a given area"?

(Pause.)

A No. The instances that I remember have been,
"We plan to have so many people in the building. We plan
to add 60 more people here." You know, just giving you -and what I have done, I have asked Building Managers to give

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me this information as far in advance as possible, because it's a lot easier for craft to add people than it is for me to add inspectors. My inspectors have to undergo training, certification, on-the-job training. It takes me a lot longer to get an inspector out in the field than it takes the craft to do the same thing.

So I have time and time again gone to these people and said, "Hey, you know, you need to let me know what your projected manpower needs are, of how many people you plan to do. If you plan to crank up on activity there, you'd better let me know, because I, you know, I need some advance information to do this."

It is in this context that we communicate.

As far as somebody having come to me and said, "Vega, you don't have enough inspectors in this area," I really can't recall any specific instances of that.

What about the case where someone said -well, has anyone come to you and said, "Mr. Vega, well,
you may have been assigning -- you may -- you will be
assigning the appropriate number of inspectors to cover an
area, but you're doing it a month after we're going to be
through the area. It's going to really slow things done,'
I mean, has anyone come to you with that kind of a complaint?

A No.

Q Do you understand what I'm 'sking you?

mgc 11-12 1 (Pause.) I believe I understand what you are asking, A whether somebody has come to me and said, "You need more people. Get some more people in there to start with." 4 5 They don't dare direct me. 6 MR. ROISMAN: That would be intimidation 7 of craft. 8 (Laughter.) BY MR. MIZUNO: 10 Mr. Vega, are you aware of any instances 11 where either through reading reports or interviewing 12 inspectors where people have indicated that they thought 13 that they were being terminated or being subjected to 14 disciplinary action unfairly as compared to a crafts 15 person? 16 No, I have never had anybody complain about 17 a difference in treatment of Quality Assurance people as 18 compared to craftsmen. I think on the contrary, we are 19 most cautious as to what we do with inspection personnel. 20 End 11 21 22

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## BY MR. MIZUNO:

Q This morning you indicated that there were various documents which set forth the company policy on intimidation, and that the latest document was actually a letter which was sent by Mr. Spence and was posted at Comanche Peak?

A That is correct.

Q Prior to this letter, can you identify any other documents specifically that set forth this policy on intimidation?

A The policy was stated in the form of a policy letter stating that decisions made in the realm of quality assurance are made on behalf of corporate management and may be overruled only by the person signing that document.

In all cases those were the corporate officers under who were quality assurance reports and were independent of the engineering and construction side of the house.

Q Were these documents made known to the QC inspectors themselves?

A They are made known at the time of their basic and introductory indoctrination and training as they are hired into quality assurance. There is a mandatory reading list that includes these documents.

Q In addition to reading them, are they actually given copies of these documents?

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A No, not at all. These are a part of controlled documents that are available.

Do you have a periodic reindoctrination program to assure that the QC inspectors are aware of their independence from the craft and from schedule or pressures, so that, you know, this policy is re-emphasized?

That point is continuously emphasized day in and day out that you do not work for construction.

O My understanding is that prior to this letter signed by Mr. Spence, which was posted at Comanche Peak, there is nothing that specifically references or uses the words intimidation or harassment.

Well, that particular phrase has been coined rather in the recent past, "harassment and intimidation and threats." I myself have never heard that phrase until fairly recently which I guess 210 came into effect.

Q Were you aware of any incidents prior to the signing of the letter by Mr. Spence of incidents which could be considered to be intimidation or harassment, and when I say aware, I mean people reported to you directly or that you read reports which were generated under your supervision?

MR. WATKINS: I will object because the question demands that the reponse be in the form of hearsay. I think the Board has been clear that it is interested if there is

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going to be evidence on incidents that it should be based on firsthand knowledge.

MR. ROISMAN: At least we are finding out whether Mr. Vega was aware of them, and that is firsthand knowledge, what he heard. If Mr. Mizuno then wants to use it to prove the truth that therefore there was such harassment and intimidation, then we may remedy your problem.

MR. MIZUNO: And if I may just follow up. I don't want to pursue the line of the specific alleged incidents, but rather I want to pursue the line of finding out what Mr. Vega did in response.

Given that he knew about these incidents, whether they may be true or not, what was the appropriate corporate response and, in particular, what did he do given that knowledge?

MR. WATKINS: On that understanding, then we may proceed.

THE WITNESS: Okay. I previously testified or made statements in regard to Mr. Roisman's questions that I did investigate these in my previous job responsibility. So the answer would be yes, that I was assigned the responsibility to investigate allegations of harassment and intimidation.

BY MR. MIZUNO:

Now given that you did investigate some of these

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incidents, regardless of whether they were true or not, do you believe that in order to emphasize the fact that intimidation and harassment was adverse to the quality assurance program at Comanche Peak, that perhaps a more explicit statement saying that these incidents of this sort would not be tolerated would have been advisable?

A Well, there have always been statements and re-emphasis of our corporate policy in support of an independent strong and effective quality assurance program, and then re-emphasis has occurred throughout the course of the project.

So in answer to your question, the answer is yes, it would be appropriate and it has been done.

Q I am not trying to trick you or anything. I am just trying to understand what specific things, whether they be letters or policy statements which are known to the QC inspectors, that you think that a person at their educational level and their experience would be sufficient for them to know that intimidation and harassment of QC inspectors would not be tolerated and they should report it or have found some procedure for resolving such incidents?

A Are you asking me about actions that I have taken since I assumed responsibility, or do you want me to recount to you what my predecessor may have done? I was not stationed at Comanche Peak. I know from my own

experience, and I know from hearsay, if you want to call it that, that emphasis has been stated and restated, and the bulletin boards have had memos signed by different officers re-emphasizing the independence and re-emphasizing the support for a strong and effective quality assurance program.

Must of this communication is dependent on the management and supervision and the working force communication on the day-in and day-out basis.

Q Okay. Can you identify what it is that a QC inspector would have read during your current tenture in your present job or prior to that, that a QC inspector would be given information that there was an outlet for him to notify management that he had been harassed or intimidated for performing his job function?

A Well, you can take it right down to his basic indoctrination on Appendix B and Criterion 1 and Criterion 2 that very clearly specifies that the inspector must have the authority and the freedom to identify quality problems and that this is supported by management.

You cannot communicate that and simultaneously exclude a awareness that if that is not the case, to bring it up to your supervisor's attention.

Again, this is where the requirement for independence exists and these are on the mandatory reading lists.

People sat through training programs and training sessions

telling them you are independence from construction, you don't take your orders from construction, and if you have any problem you come to your supervision. 3 MR. MIZUNO: Okay. I am trying to find that reference now. 5 (Pause.) 6 BY MR. MIZUNO: 7 But there was a QAI report involving electrical 43-6. (Pause.) 10 I guess on page 1 of the memo from Mr. Grier 11 to you, in Item 2 Mr. Grier says that he concludes that 12 there was no effect on the quality of construction. Do 13 you know what was the basis for Mr. Grier's statement in 14 Item 2 was? 15 16 A His investigation. 17 Does he have the professional background 18 necessary to make that judgment? 19 A Absolutely. MR. WATKINS: He is a former NRC staff member. 20 21 (Laughter.) THE WITNESS: He is the former Director of 22 Region I and has about 20 to 25 years of experience as 23

a reactor inspector. His credentials are beyond reproach.

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BY MR. MIZUNO:

He is an engineer?

Yes, he is.

MR. ROISMAN: I might just add for the record that I don't believe Mr. Vega is qualified to give that opinion regarding the competence of Mr. Grier. I am assuming you are not going to offer it into evidence.

MR. MIZUNO: It doesn't reflect whether Mr. Grier was qualified or not, but I wanted to know what was the basis or his knowledge of the basis for that statement.

(Pause.)

BY MR. MIZUNO:

On 43-6 that we were discussing earlier this afternoon, and you were referring to the note on page 2 of the memo from Boyce Grier to yourself?

> A Yes.

And you indicated that that it was either a cover-up or negligence in this case. Then you indicated that, or at least it is my understanding that the distinction between whether it was a coverup or negligence was not important to Mr. Merritt for purposes of his deciding what appropriate disciplinary action was necessary. Is that correct?

No. I said that it was important for Mr. Merritt to understand that either one or the other existed and the

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information here could not conclude which one.

Q Do you believe that it is important for Mr. Merritt to conclude whether it was a coverup or negligence prior to taking disciplinary action against Mr Barcomb?

A Mr. Barcomb works for Mr. Merritt, and that would be Mr. Merritt's decision. I was merely pointing out what Mr. Grier was reporting.

Q You indicated that at times you give advice to Mr. Merritt as to what would be appropriate disciplinary action. Did you do so in this case?

A I believe we discussed what was involved here, and in essence we went over the facts and the basis I had for my concluding and concurring with Mr. Grier's conclusion that we had one or the other.

I don't believe that I made a recommendation to Mr. Merritt on this particular item, again because it did not involve QA and QC personnel.

Q I understand that, but at times you do offer recommendations regarding disciplinary action involving non-QA/QC personnel and at other times you don't offer any suggestions or recommendations?

A There is a QA interface there, and I mentioned that I would satisfy myself that the corrective action was appropriate. Mr. Merritt wants to know whether I will be satisfied, and I will tell him what will satisfy me and

what doesn't.

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I also mentioned that if I was not satisfied,

I had a recourse. I could stop work in the area in question
and I would have absolutely no hesitation to do that.

In this case we did have a situation which did involve a craft person and therefore he was not directly under your disciplinary I guess chain of command and you didn't provide the recommendation to Mr. Merritt and I just wanted to know why?

A Mr. Mizuno, again I will repeat my answer, because it did not involve one of my people. If it involves one of my people, then I will make doggone certain that the corrective action is adequate.

Q Thank you. I wanted to have an explicit statement.

MR. MIZUNO: I guess before I ask Mr. Vega

this question, I wanted to put this question to counsel and
I can see that it might be objectionable, and I would be
willing to abide by it.

But I wanted to ask Mr. Vega whether he felt that if it was a QC inspector that was involved in this case and it was unclear whether it was a case of coverup or of negligence upon the QC inspector's part, whether it would be important for Mr. Vega to determine whether it was one or the other prior to determining what appropriate

Sim 12-10

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disciplinary action should be taken.

MR. WATKINS: The question does to some extent call for speculation.

MR. ROISMAN: I agree.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay. Let's go on.

BY MR. MIZUNO:

Q Mr. Vega, you gave a statement regarding your involvement with termination decisions of QC inspectors, and it is my understanding that you are always aware of decisions which lead to the termination of QC inspectors, though you might not necessarily have a say in terms of a vote in that; is that true?

A I did not say that, Mr. Mizuno. I will always have a say.

Q You will always have a say. Okay.

(Pause.)

Sim-13-11

#### BY MR. MIZUNO:

Q Mr. Scruggs I think came in talkingabout problems and you explained that you thought it was an area involving cable tray covers being removed resulting in a separation violation?

A No, sir, that is not what I said. What I said is that Mr. Scruggs talked to me about his security clearance prior to him being ROF'ed.

When he was ROF'ed, he filled out a questionnaire that was being handled or processed by Mr. Boyce Grier.

After he had left, the questionnaire came to my attention.

At that point I called the QC supervisor wanting to know whether that gentleman had brought to his attention a problem.

It was at that point that the gentleman. Doug Snow I believe is his name, advised me that it had not been brought directly to him, but that he had answered a concern that was brought to him, Mr. Snow, by a supervisor that I believe Mr. Scruggs worked for.

It was that statement that I made. Mr. Scruggs never talked to me about any problem.

Q Okay. Do you know exactly what cable tray covers were involved here and what part of the plant?

A I don't have the information here. I know the general area in which it happened.

Q Can you identify that area?

A Not here.

Q You don't know what room or anything, or elevation?

A I would have to get the details.

MR. MIZUNO: I have no further questions.

MR. ROISMAN: May I get that back?

(The document was handed by Counsel Mizuno to Counsel Roisman.

MR. WATKINS: What is your gentlemen's understanding of the procedure at this point?

MR. ROISMAN: My understanding is that with the exception of "surprise" if we have questions to ask Mr. Vega that relate to questions that he has been asked by us, that you are supposed to ask them now. The exception to that is affirmative case material. In other words, if it is an affirmative case, let's say, which did not happen here, that he had broken down in tears and was really terribly destroyed and you wanted to rehabilitate, then now is the time that you would do that unless it was something that you couldn't have been reasonably prepared to do.

An affirmative case is for him to go on and talk more about the QA plan, or something like that, and that is reserved for the first of next week.

MR. WATKINS: May I suggest, I may have one or two questions, but may I suggest a short recess, ten minutes?

MR. ROISMAN: Sure.

MR. WATKINS: Among other things, I want to go through these three volumes of material on the ---

MR. ROISMAN: And find that thing that we were talking about?

MR. WATKINS: Yes. There is a great deal of material is here concerning the CAT investigation of, among other things, the distinctions between NCR's and IR's and other reporting documents. So I will explore that during the break. I believe other than that, Mr. Roisman, we have been requested to supply certain guideline remos or policy papers regarding harassment and intimidation.

MR. ROISMAN: Oh, yes, and while we take the break I will check with Ms. Garde and find out if in fact we already have that.

MR. WATKINS: So we have two outstanding items.

Are you ready to go off the record?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes.

(Short recess.)

MR. ROISMAN: During the recess I checked and determined that it is unnecessary for us to ask any further questions of Mr. Vega regarding criteria or purposes for the distinctions between NCR's and IR's and thus I am withdrawing the question and withdrawing the need for Mr. Watkins to identify the portion of the record at which

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these items were previously discussed.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay. I have a few additional questions now upon reflection.

EXAMINATION BY COUNSEL FOR THE NRC

BY MR. MIZUNO:

Q Mr. Vega, in addition to the inspection reports that you were cross-examined on today ---

MR. WATKINS: The investigation reports.

MR. MIZUNO: I am sorry, the investigation reports.

MR. ROISMAN: You are talking about the QAI's?

MR. MIZUNO: Right.

BY MR. MIZUNO:

Q Are there any other QAI's or other reports that were generated by the applicants regarding the intimidation of QC inspectors or other QA personnel, excluding Mr. Charles Atchison and Mr. Dunnum?

A Mr. Mizuno, you are asking me to mentally go through a list of documents and tell you what each one of them implies and I don't believe that I can do that.

The only way I can do that without total speculation is to review those files.

Q Are you aware of any other instances that were documented in such reports that you yourself would characterize as intimidation or harassment of QC inspectors or QA personnel?

MR. WATKINS: I might suggest something. I still don't know whether we also served you with copies of the document production that was given to CASE?

MR. MIZUNO: No.

MR. WATKINS: If there any way for that which he apparently is seeking that he can go through your production documents?

MR. ROISMAN: The QAI reports?

MR. MIZUNO: Well, I am looking for more than just QAI reports. I mean I don't care whether they be ---

MR. ROISMAN: I would be more than happy ---

MR. MIZUNO: In other words, are there other incidents contained in QAI's?

MR. ROISMAN: Yes, we have a file that we call our incidents file and that contains all the incidents that we have received in the course of the discovery. Barring the fact that someone may have it out, you are more than welcome to go through that file. It is here in Glen Rose in a little hut that we are renting down the road a piece. I mean subject to checking with Billie Garde and making sure that there is not some sort of confidential memoranda in there that relate to trial strategy, or otherwise confidential, you are welcome to use that.

These files which I brought in with me today are an example of what is in the file. These are all

SIM 13-6

organized by the QAI numbers, and these are the incident reports which we got at the end of the day on the 5th of July.

and some of the so-called big items are not in there, like the Atchison file isn't separately in there and the Dunnum file isn't separately in there and the Steiner stuff isn't separately in there are exit interviews and there are hot-line items that we got in discovery from the applicant which you are welcome to take a look at.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay. If we can go off the record a little bit here.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. ROISMAN: I just want to state clearly what
my view is. I think that if the staff felt that the applicant
had harassment and intimidation information in its possession
of which the staff was not aware, that the proper course
for the staff to follow would be to seek discovery from
the applicant or take the discovery that we sought from the
applicant and go through it and come to Mr. Vega's deposition
prepared to ask them about it.

I don't think it is fair, and I don't even know that it is unfair to CASE as much as I think it is unfair to Mr. Vega and to TUGCO to come to the deposition not having done discovery and then expect that in the course

Sim 13-7

of the deposition to get information or ideas that you learn of that you think would be interesting for the staff to pursue, that are then going to be pursued. I don't think that is right.

MR. MIZUNO: It is not a question of conducting unbriddled discovery. What the staff is interested in is whether there are specific incidents which the applicants claim, or in their own mind or thought processeses believed to be intimidation or harassment of QC inspectors or QA personnel which they have selected of themselves and have developed a case in anticipation of you doing something, and we would want to know that.

MR. WATKINS: Let me suggest this. We will offer to duplicate all of the documents that you have given CASE.

I think that Mr. Roisman is right that you should review those documents and cross-examine on that basis.

MR. ROISMAN: And I am willing to let you look at the files of those documents, that is our organization of those documents in our files to the extent that our lawyers have not taken them out of our files to prepare for the depositions that they are doing on the subsequent days.

I think that a significant number of these reports that you are talking about at least are contained in the files and are going to be available to look at. But I can't represent to you that it will be everything, because one

Sim 13-8

of our lawyers may have taken one or more of them out to get ready for their depositions on another day.

I will say that most of what is in that file is material that has evolved only since the applicants have put in the ombudsman hot-line program that was briefly referred to today in the affidavit, and with the exception of the 1979 interviews that we also talked about in the deposition today, there is precious little of other individual incidents that aren't already documented primarily through the information that CASE has put into the record in this case and you got it in the form of copies of our files as they related to particular CASE witnesses.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay. So other than the relatively newly provided information to CASE, basically everything that you have on intimidation was contained within those files which were provided to us.

MR. ROISMAN: Yes, because those were pieces of information related to events that we had learned of through people that we were calling as CASE witnesses.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay, fine.

MR. ROISMAN: But that is not to say that there may not be an individual incident in our incident file that predates our hot-line ombudsman program that doesn't show up in one of our files. But I am telling you that the great bulk of stuff is in three groups, the '79 interviews of all

Sim 13-9

the CASE witness people who have their affidavits and complaints and whose names are known and the QAI documents.

For instance, I will give you an exception.

There is that special investigation that was done by Spangler and Taylor, and that was an harassment and intimidation investigation. It was done by the utility and it is the subject of the deposition that is going on today down the way here.

MR. MIZUNO: Okay.

MR. ROISMAN: How do you want to proceed?

MR. MIZUNO: Well, I guess I will just end at this point.

MR. ROISMAN: Okay.

MR. WATKINS: That concludes the deposition.

(Whereupon, at 6:30 p.m., the taking of the Deposition of ANTONIO VEGA concluded.)

\* \* \* \* \* \*

ANTONIO VEGA

1	CERTIFICATE OF PROCEEDINGS				
2					
3	This is to certify that the attached proceedings before the				
4	NRC COMMISSION				
5	In the matter of: The Deposition of ANTONIO VEGA TUGCO, et al.				
6	Date of Proceeding: Monday, July 9, 1984				
7	Place of Proceeding: Glen Rose, Texas, Glen Rose Motor Inn				
8	were held as herein appears, and that this is the original				
9	transcript for the file of the Commission.				
10					
11	Mary C. Simons Official Reporter - Typed				
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13	Man C. Signature Official Reporter - Signature				
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7/9/83 EXA. EX# 43-1

TRIAL LAWYERS FOR PUBLIC JUSTICE, P.C.

SUITE 611

2000 P STREET, NORTHWEST WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036

(202) 463-8600

June 27, 1984

Leonard W. Belter, Esquire
Bishop, Liberman, Cook,
Purcell & Reynolds
1200 Seventeenth Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20036

Dear Mr. Belter:

The attached information is provided in accordance with the agreements between the parties and the Board regarding the production of a final witness list and the identification of the incidents, examples, or results of harassment and intimidation known to identified witnesses.1

There are, as you know, outstanding document requests which require resolution from your office. We have requested that you provide us with all the information in your possession relevant to the issue of harassment and intimidation. This was articulated in our discovery requests numbers 17 and 18, and further clarified in our April 7, June 4 and June 20, 1984 letters. You have represented that you have provided to us all information that could reasonably be responsive to the requests we have made. That includes all documents regarding any incidents, examples, complaints, etc. as described in the clarification of Question 3 (attached) from TUGCO, Brown and Root, Inc. or any of its contractors. (It should be noted that we have not received any information from any of the other subcontractors at all, a fact we find curious since at least some of the potential witnesses worked for subcontractors other than TUGCO or Brown and Root at the Comanche Peak site.) At the June 25, 1984 meeting at your office you represented that all the information that now exists regarding these matters has been provided, although apparently there was or may have been other documents which would have been responsive to our request, that no longer exist. Based on this representation, which we want in writing, we will consider any

This agreement was first articulated in the June 14, 1984 pre-hearing conference, and has been discussed in detail among the parties subsequent to that time.

documentation provided or introduced beyond this time period which is within the scope of our Question 3 as "surprise" and therefore a basis for delay.2

As you know the information and witness list attached to this latter does not in any way reflect the information which was made available to CASE at the Dallas QA office last week. That information, approximately two feet thick, appears to have significant additional information regarding incidents of harassment reported internally as well as the results of a 1979 question—naire of the entire QA/QC department. Counsel for CASE has not yet been able to determine whether or not the information recently provided will require additional witnesses, discovery clarification, or any further responses. We intend to review the material as soon as it is received from your client. It is our understanding from you that there are no further documents relevant to the 1979 questionnaire which your client or contractors can find and thus there is no documented response to the reported incidents of harassment and intimidation.

Finally, we expect that you will provide us with a summary, such as is provided here, as to what you are planning to question CASE witnesses on, as well as the names and a summary of the testimony of your affirmative witnesses not later than twelve days prior to the beginning of the depositions of each of these groups of witnesses. (This coincides with the number of days "lead time" that you are being provided with by CASE assuming that depositions begin on July 9, 1984.)

A problem still pending is the production of information which is now the basis of pending investigations by the Office of Investigations (OI). As you are well aware the problem of the release of information provided to OI which is relevant to issues under litigation in other proceedings is currently facing at least three CASE witnesses in the context of their Department of Labor proceedings. A similar problem faces the parties in this proceeding. Although this was discussed during the pre-hearing conference, and it was addressed in briefs by the parties regarding the use of confidential information, the problem remains unresolved. We have identified those items which are

At this point every available hour of both of CASE's counsel's time is occupied with preparation for the depositions. Any additional information produced will necessitate a delay to incorporate that information into our case, including possible call of witnesses at the hearings.

Those cases are Hatley v. Brown & Root, 84 ERA-23; Orr v. Brown & Root, 84-ERA-23; and Neumeyer v. Brown & Root, 84-ERA-26.

relevant to this proceeding, are admittedly subject to your discovery request, yet are apparently the basis of OI investigations. The OI policy to date has been that information derived or obtained during the pendency of an investigation should not be provided to the parties until after completion of its investigations. We understand that this applies to identified documents, as well as to testimony, which reveals the substance of the documentation. CASE wishes to use this information. Rather than release it without regard to OI's desires CASE prefers that the resolution of this matter include the Board. Thus on June 28th we will request the Board to immediately invite OI on the record to state its concerns, to allow the parties to express their views and to resolve the issue.

We have completed our contacts with all of those persons who GAP or CASE have contacted or had contact with in the past and have included in the list below those individuals who have information relevant to this issue and have indicated a willingness to testify through the evidentiary deposition process. Where there are restraints, or Counsel has been unable to get in contact with the individual, or there is some other problem, that is so indicated on our witness list.

We have not provided the information or included on the witness list those individuals who we have identified as craft or whose testimony does not substantially bear on the implementation of the QA/QC program.

A very small number of witnesses have indicated they would testify under the terms of a protective order and an affidavit of non-disclosure. We have modified slightly the documents used in the Byron/Catawba proceeding and submit herewith a draft for your comments. As soon as an agreement can be reached on this matter we will provide the names/information relevant to those witnesses.

We note that in a few cases we have what appear to be unresolvable problems with witnesses. Those are explained on the witness list. CASE will continue to attempt to persuade those individuals to testify at least "in camera". Should we fail we will bring the matter to the Board for resolution. In all other cases where a witness refused to testify we have either foregone the information, or believe that the information is independently verifiable.

Sincerely,

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cc: Honorable Peter Bloch Stuart Treby Renea Hicks The wording of Question 3 is clarified as follows:

- 3. Supply for inspection and copying any and all documents between management (including supervisors, foremen, middle management, upper management, etc.) and employees regarding the following:
  - (a) Any and all management/employee disputes, complaints, differences, and/or discussions pertaining to:
    - (1) pulicy disputes, complaints, differences, and/or problems regarding enforcement, application, or interpretation of procedures, instructions, or regulations relating to the job or work of the employee or of employees under his/her supervision (including, but not limited to, overinspecting, "nitpicking," etc.);
    - (2) intimidation, harassment, threats, pressure to meet production, or other kinds of pressure;
    - (3) management directives (written or verbal) regarding the reporting of nonconforming conditions);
    - (4) and the like.
  - (b) Any and all letters of resignation by employees and responses by management in which such employees indicate concern or dissatisfaction with:
    - (1) the enforcement, application, or interpretation of procedures, instructions, or regulations relating to the job or work of the employee or of employees under his/her supervision (including, but not limited to, overinspecting, "nitpicking", etc.);
    - (2) intimidation, harassment, threats, pressure to meet production, or other kinds of pressure;
    - (3) management directives (written or verbal) regarding the reporting of nonconforming conditions:
    - (4) and the like.
  - (c) Counseling reports, termination reports, and exit interviews regarding (a) and (b) praceding.
  - (d) Any and all procedures, instructions, regulations, and/or management directives (including those supplied by employees) involved in (a)(1), (a)(3), (b)(1), and (b)(3) preceding.

- (e) Internal investigations conducted by management into such disputes, complaints, differences, problems, discussions, concerns or dissatisfaction, including those by the "ombudsman."
- (f) Any and all internal files Applicants or their employees have on employees contacted by the NRC.

For purposes of your answer, the following definitions shall apply:

The term "documents" shall be construed in the broad sense of the word and shall include any writings, drawings, graphs, charts, photographs, reports, studies, slides, internal memoranda, handwritten notes, tape recordings, calculations, and any other data compilations from which information can be obtained. (See item 8, page 2, of CASE's 3/14/84 Eighteenth Set)

The term "employees" shall be construed in the broad sense of the word and shall include Quality Control Inspectors, craftspeople, engineers, and any other employees employed by Brown and Root, Gibbs & Hill, Ebasco, any consultants, subcontractors, and anyone else performing work or services on behalf of the Applicants or their agents or sub-contractors. (See item 2, page 1, of CASE's 3/14/84 Eighteenth Set)

The terms "procedures" and "instructions" shall be construed to include, but not be limited to: the written or verbal procedures or instructions under which the employees work; the written or verbal methods of reporting of nonconforming conditions by means of nonconformance reports (NCRs), inspection reports (IRs), component modification cards (CMCs), design change authorizations (DCAs), nondestructive examination reports (NDERs), field deficiency reports (FDRs), and/or any other method used for reporting nonconforming conditions.

The term "regulations" shall be construed to include, but not be limited to: the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), especially 10 CFR; Applicant's Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR); industry codes and practices; industry standards; etc.

CASE's Motion To Compel Applicants To provide Complete Answers To CASE's Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, And Twentieth Sets Of Interrogatories And Requests To Produce To Applicants (April 16, 1984)

### UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

# BEFORE THE ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD

In the Matter of	}	
TEXAS UTILITIES ELECTRIC	;	
COMPANY, et al.	) Docket	50-445-2
(Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Units 1 and 2)	} .	

## PROTECTIVE ORDER

Counsel and representatives of the parties to this proceeding who have executed an Affidavit of Non-Disclosure in the form attached shall be permitted to "protected information" 1/ upon the following conditions:

- 1. Only counsel and and one technical representative of the parties who have executed an Affidavit of Non-Disclosure may have access to protected information. 2/ All executed Affidavits of Non-Disclosure or copies shall be provided to the Appeal Board and the parties.
- 2. Counsel and representatives who receive any protected information (including any documents that contain or otherwise reveal protected information) shall maintain its confidentiality

<sup>1/</sup> As used in this order, "protected information" has the same meaning as used in the Affidavit of Non-Disclosure, attached hereto. The provisions of this Protective Order do not apply to Nuclear Regulatory Commission employees; they are subject to internal requirements (see NRC Manual Appendix 2101) concerning the treatment of protected information.

<sup>2/</sup> That representative will identify those technical issues, if any, which require resolution, and the name of such representative shall be submitted prior to any disclosures to allow for objections, if any.

as required by the attached Affidavit of Non-Disclosure, the terms of which are hereby incorporated into this protective order.

- 3. Counsel and representatives who receive any protected information shall use it solely for the purpose of participation in matters directly pertaining to this proceeding and any further proceedings in this case and for no other purposes. Nothing in this protective order, however, shall preclude any party from moving the Appeal Board for the release of particular information for appropriate purposes, such as for use before another adjudicatory body.
- 4. Counsel and representatives shall keep a record of all documents containing protected information in their possession and shall account for and deliver that information to counsel for the staff in this proceeding in accordance with the Affidavit of Non-Disclosure that each has executed.
- 5. In addition to the requirements specified in the Affidavit of Non-Disclosure, all papers filed in this proceeding that contain any protected information shall be segregated and:
- (a) served only on the counsel or other representatives of each of the parties who have executed an Affidavit of Non-Disclosure;
- (b) served in a heavy opaque inner envelope bearing the name of the addressee and statement "PRIVATE. TO BE OPENED BY ADDRESSEE ONLY". Addressees shall take all necessary precautions to ensure that they alone will open envelopes so marked.

6. Counsel, representatives, or any other individual who has reason to suspect that documents containing protected information may have been lost or misplaced (for example, because an expected paper has not been received), or that protected information has otherwise become available to unauthorized persons, shall notify this Board promptly of those suspicions and the reasons for them.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

PETER	BLOCH	

## AFFIDAVIT OF NON-DISCLOSURE

I,	being	duly	sworn,	state:

- 1. As used in this Affidavit of Non-Disclosure,
- (a) "protected information" is (1) information revealed in connection with in camera hearings in the Comanche peak operating license proceeding, including particularly the names of and identifying facts about in camera witnesses, and any other related information, particularly documents, specifically designated by the Licensing Board; or (2) any information obtained by virtue of these proceedings which is not otherwise a matter of public record and which deals with the in camera hearings.
- (b) An "authorized person" is a person who, at the invitation of the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board ("Licensing Board"), has executed a copy of this Affidavit.
- 2. I shall not disclose protected information to anyone except an authorized person, unless that information has previously been disclosed in the public record of this proceeding. I will safeguard protected information in written form (including any portions of transcripts of in camera hearings, filed testimony or any other documents that contain such information), so that it remains at all times under the control of an authorized person and is not disclosed to anyone else.

- 3. I will not reproduce any protected information by any means without the Licensing Board's express approval or direction. So long as I possess protected information, I shall continue to take these precautions until further order of the Licensing Board.
- 4. I shall similarly safeguard and hold in confidence any data, notes, or copies of protected information and all other papers which contain any protected information by means of the following:
- (a) My use of the protected information will be made at a place of business.
- (b) I will keep and safeguard all such material in a locked facility.
- (c) Any secretarial work performed at my request or under my supervision will be performed at the above location by one secretary of my designation who will also execute an affidavit of non-disclosure.
- (d) All mailings by me involving protected information shall be made by me directly to the United States Postal Service or by personal delivery.
- order to participate in further proceedings in this case, I will assure that any secretary or other individual who must receive protected information in order to help me prepare those papers has executed an affidavit like this one and has agreed to abide by its terms. Copies of any such affidavit will be filed with and accepted by the Licensing Board before I reveal any protected information to any such person.

- of preparation, including any investigations which may be necessary, for this proceeding or any further proceedings in this case dealing with quality assurance and quality control issues, and for no other purpose.
- 7. I will avoid disclosure of protected information to the best of my ability. However, it must be recognized that in the course of conducting investigations in connection with this proceeding, certain protected information may be independently discerned incident to that investigation which might result in the inadvertent disclosure of protected information.
- my possession, including any copies of that information made by or for me. At the conclusion of this proceeding, I shall account to the Licensing Board or to a Commission employee designated by that Board for all the papers or other materials containing protected information in my possession and deliver them as provided herein. When I have finished using the protected information they contain, but in no event later than the conclusion of this proceeding, I shall deliver those papers and materials to the Licensing Board (or to a Commission employee designated by the Board), together with all notes and data which contain protected information for salekeeping until further order of the Board.

Subscrib	ed and swor	rn to	me 1984.
Notary D	ublic		

## WITNESS LIST

- The parties are attempting to reach agreements on the facts involved in the harassment and intimidation testimony of these witnesses, and/or to reach stipulations or admissions on the same. Where possible the previous (or future) testimony of a witness will be agreed upon as a joint narrative by the parties as being the testimony for the purposes of this hearing. CASE anticipates that these matters will be resolved shortly. This effort will, hopefully, eliminate duplication or repetitive testimony of major witnesses surrounding events/incidents relating to identified deponents.
- + Information pertaining to the substantive allegations (i.e., hardware issues or wrongdoing issues) have been turned over to OI.
- ++ Detailed information has been provided in confidence to GAP investigators and cannot be released without permission of the witness.

WITNESS

Henry Stiner\*

INCIDENT

He will testify about the harassment and intimidation incident listed on page 28 of the OI Report, and listed in his September 15, 1983 statement to the NRC, incorporated as Attachment 7 to the OI Report (supra). Although craft Mr. Stiner's harassment has been included in this hearing by the Board.

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Larry Thompson Fred Coleva Doug Frankum Callicut Liffert Ronnie Johnson Brooks Griffin R. Taylor

WITNESS

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Darlene Stiner\*

She will testify regarding the meetings with Tolson regarding her pregnancy. The effect of the Circuit Breaker, the bus incident, failure of the guard to protect Darlene, office moves, also those incidents recorded in her September 15, 1983 statement to OI, and those listed on page 26 of the OI Report and the results of the harassment and intimidation as described in her affidavit filed in the CASE pleading 11/28/83.

Ron Tolson
Tom Brandt
P.R.
employee re:
Circuit Breaker
Randy Smith

Brooks Griffin

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Tom Ippilito Brooks Griffin

INCIDENT

Billie orr

WITNESS

Will testify that she was verbally and physically harassed and intimidated by QC craft "runners" and supervisors during her position as QC Document Control Clerk, specifically she had a staple remover thrown at her and on other occasions was threatened with "getting fired" if she did not turn over documentation out of procedure.+

WITNESS

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Linda Barnes (Confirmation of testimony pending.) Document Quality Control Inspector, will testify that on or about April 1984 she was prevented from using proper procedures to complete document review, and that she was therefore in non-compliance with procedural requirements and that the pressure for her to continue to do document review in violation of procedures resulted in her having no choice but to leave the site. She will also testify as to her knowledge of other pressures to violate procedures in QC Document Review.

G. Purdy

Tom Ippilito

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Witness A (Requires "in camera" presentation.)

. .

"T-shirt incident", (facts to be stipulated), and the efforts of the employees to secure assistance from the NRC. (Unable to contact to this point. If unable to contact we will offer two witness who will testify as to what this witness told them regarding this incident.)++ John Collins Resident Inspec **MITNESS** 

INCIDENT

Witness B\* (Has not yet agreed to testify in camera, only ex parte.)

Will testify to the common knowledge among QC employees in one department that refusal to go along with instructions, even if a violation of procedure, will result in termination. Will also testify as to the management attitude on the site regarding employees going to the NRC, GAP, CASE, or others with information of violations of procedures. Also would provide corroborative testimony for several other named witnesses. Finally would testify about personal actions taken, knowingly in violation of established procedures, for fear of loss of job.++

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Gordon purdy

Tom Ippilito Brooks Griffin

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Witness C (Have not been able to contact as of yet.) Has information regarding the use of harassment and intimidation in the paint QC department which is not cumulative of the Dunham incident. Will testify about a meeting on harassment and intimidation with Harry Williams about being too picky.

Harry Williams

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Witness D (Only reached today; will decide by Friday if will participate.) Will testify about the continuous attitude of management to disregard the recommendations of QC inspectors, also about a meeting at which Harry Williams said he would pull certification of inspectors who didn't stop writing NCRs.

Harry Williams

APPLICANT WITNESS

MRC WITNESS

VITNESS

INCIDENT

vitness E Still unable to confirm whether or not he will cestify.) Will corroborate testimony of Witness F and provide further examples.

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

WITNESS

Witness F (name will be provided) INCIDENT

Will testify about failure of TUGCO management and QC in the electrical test group/electrical start-up engineering during Spring 1984, and related incidents of harassment, intimidation, pressure to withdraw complaints and questions about STE/ETG procedures. (Affidavit to be submitted to parties upon execution of a protective order and receipt of affidavit.)

WITNESS NAME

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Lester Smith

Smith will testify that he was aware of employee intimidation at Comanche peak. Instances of employees being discouraged from doing work right were revealed by Mr. Smith in an affidavit to CASE. Mr. Smith will testify that instead of responding in an affirmative manner TUGCO QC head, Mr. Vega, questioned his efforts and reacted negatively, leading Mr. Smith to the belief that OC was not interested in finding out about construction errors at Comanche peak. Mr. Smith will further testify that after talking with Mr. Vega he became aware that his termination was imminent as a direct result of his coming forth and that OCs' attempts to encourage employees to report faulty construction was actually an attempt to identify those who might blow the whistle. See Lester Smith Affidavit, 11/18/83 and 10/26/83 Deposition.

A. Vega R. Tolson Brooks Griffin Richard Herr WITNESS NAME

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Bob Hamilton\*

His testimony will reveal instances of harassment to both himself and others in the form of threats stating that unless Hamilton and others stopped inspecting so meticulously and start "loosening up" specifically on OC coatings inspectors, he would terminate them (pp. 43 & 53). Furthermore, Hamilton's testimony will report general knowledge of various instances of harassment of other OC inspectors. In addition to threats of termination Hamilton's supervisor told him to stop writing NCRs. Finally Hamilton's testimony will reveal that the pattern of intimidation and job emasculation culminated in his procedurally improper termination for refusing to perform an exceedingly dangerous inspection (p. 8) while other inspectors who also refused were not terminated (p. 26). This only slightly expands the testimony of Mr. Hamilton beyond his previously submitted testimony. [References to 7/16/82 testimony of Robert Hamilton before the ASLB.1

Jim Hawkins Harry Williams

Brooks Griffin

INCIDENT

Stan Miles

. .

Stan Miles will testify that he was aware of instances of employee intimidation through threats of termination by foremen and superintendents. Personal witness to Chuck Atchison's harassment and intimidation and other techniques used to undermine and demoralize the conscientious employee. See Affidavit 11/18/83.

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Dale Bullard W. Simmons R. Tolson Brooks Griffin Robert Taylor

INCIDENT

Robbie Robinson

Robinson will testify that it is common knowledge among all personnel at Comanche peak that when someone goes to TUSI or Brown & Root or the NRC with allegations of deficiencies and illegal work practices they will be given a reduction of force (laid off). Robinson will testify that this intimidation is so pervasive on the jobsite that even those employees who would normally report construction problems to QC refuse to do so because they know that their job and their career would be suddenly terminated without reason. Robinson was himself terminated at Comanche peak after nearly nine years (almost 5 years as General Foreman of the Structural Fab Shop) after reporting to TUSI's Joe George and Antonio Vega about make-work, mis-use of materials for personal use, ordering and use of rebar eaters, theft of materials, etc. See Affidavit 11/18/83.

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

A. Vega J. George Larry Wilkerson Wayne Mansfield Brooks Griffin

INCIDENT

Robert Messerly

Messerly will testify that he was aware of numerous specific instances of employee intimidation inclu-Supervision for slowing down production with their inspections (p. 3), Messerly will testify that after making a complaint to QC head Antonio Vega and then to Dave Chapman he was fired. Specific instances of intimidation are referred to in his ding oc inspectors who have been threatened by Affidavit dated Nov. 26, 1983 (p. 2).

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Brooks Griffin Richard Herr R. Stewart

Sanders Goodson Chapman Frankum Vega

40

. . . .

INCIDENT

Joseph Krolak

Krolak will testify that he was aware of various instances of intimidation and of employees being discouraged from doing work properly. Krolak will testify that QC Supervisor Harry Williams caused many improper practices to occur through his instructions to inspectors and intimidated his inspectors by threatening to fire them if they didn't do things his way (p. 5 Affidavit). Mr. Krolak will testify that although he was terminated for refusing to perform an inspection on a narrow rail without scaffolding he believes the actual reason was because he conducted his inspections in accordance with QC procedures thereby holding up production in some cases. (Joe Fazi wouldn't do the inspection either but he wasn't fired (see p. 7, 11/18/83 Affidavit).

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Mark Wells Harry Williams Tom Brandt

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Charles Atchison\*

. .

There is voluminous material available on this witness in the context of both this proceeding and the DoL proceedings. We do not see a need to present him separately in this hearing, except as to his testimony that the harassment and intimidation that he was subjected to was widespread at the site and had a native impact on the willingness of QC inspectors to do their job. We will however question the named individuals regarding their knowledge of management's response to the specific harassment, intimidation and termination of Mr. Atchison.

Thomas Brandt
R. Tolson
Lou Fikar
Dave Chapman
Mike Spence
EBASCO

Robert Taylor Don Driscoll John Collins

him.)

Robert Bronson+

(Mr. Bronson is in transit and

has not yet been

contacted by CASE.

We expect to call

INCIDENT

Mr. Bronson was a QC inspector. He will testify to his experiences as a QC inspector at CPSES with harassment and intimidation and pressure. The testimony will be virtually the same as his statement in the CASE 11/28/83 filing. Although his deposition will expand on the results of the constant pressure on his ability to be a good QC inspector there will be no substantive addition to his testimony.

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Mr. Snellgrove J.P. Patton R. Tolson A. Vega G. Purdy Brooks Griffing

INCIDENT

Jack Doyle\*

Like Mc. Atchison there is extensive material on the record of this case from and about Mr. Doyle. However, it is within the context of this proceeding that Mr. Doyle can first present the harassment and incimidation which he received on the job, and subsequent to leaving the job as a result of the problems he identified. Mr. Doyle will also testify as to the inability of the QC program to adequately identify the problems, and the inability of the staff to deal with complex technical issues at the inspector level and the resultant "chilling atmosphere" this breakdown causes. See principally the affidavit submitted by CASE on 11/28/83; also 1/18/83.

APPLICANT WITNESS

NEC WITNESS

Gary Krishnan Doug Frankum M. Spence R. Tolson P. Britton Brooks Griffin Robert Taylor John Collins

George Clancy

(Have not been

to confirm his

willingness to

continued

testify.)

able to contact

INCIDENT

Former TUGCO inspector. He will testify to the breakdown of the QC department during the time of his employment at CPSES (1977-1979). His testimony will be essentially repetitive of the affidavit submitted in the 11/28/83 CASE pleading (supra) and his interview with OI which was released in the OI report on harassment and intimidation.

APPLICANT WITNSES

NRC WITNESS

Robert Murray R. Tolson P. Clark Brooks Griffin Robert Taylor

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

WITNESS

INCIDENT

Ernest Hadley Tom Carpenter Investigators of the Government Accountability Project who have investigated allegations of wrongdoing by the workforce at the Comanche Peak site. Their testimony will report the information brought to them by former employees at the site about fear of reprisals or "blackballing," their mistrust of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and their lack of knowledge of their rights under section 210 of the Energy Reorganization Act. They will testify as to the truth of what they have been told by those workers they have contacted regarding harassment and intimidation.

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Dobie Hatley\*

Will testify about atmosphere of intimidation and harassment from craft and QC supervisors to pressure document control clerks, including herself and her supervisor, to violate existing procedures regarding issuance of documents. She would also testify about the pre-notification audit rigging as a result of fear of the consequences of failing the audit. Finally she would testify about personal information regarding harassment and intimidation of others on the site, including employees being forced to use illegal drugs on the site by their supervisors, and the failure of management to take any action.

Ms. Hatley would also testify about her termination as supervisor of document control satellite stations.

Frank Strand H. Hutchison Ray Yockey Brooks Griffin Paul Check

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Freddie Ray Harrell Will testify about his lay-off following the reporting of information to Antonio Vega. See Statement of 11/28/83.

A. Vega

Brooks Griffin

INCIDENT

Cordolia Hamilton

Will testify about Fall 1980 meeting in Jim Hawkins office in which inspectors were told to stop nitpicking. Also about the lack of support QC inspectors in Harry Williams department received. See pre-filed testimony of Hamilton, 7/16/82, and OI Interview (p. 18).

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Harry Williams Jim Hawkins Brooks Griffin

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Jerry Artrip

EBASCO QC inspector, currently employed at South Texas. Will testify about harassment and intimidation in the paint department and the management attitude toward identification of problems by supervisors in that department. He will also testify about the results of such treatment on implementation of the QC program.

Harry Williams Jim Hawkins

INCIDENT

WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Bill Dunham\*

paint QC Inspector, who was fired for alleged misconduct at a group paint QC meeting. His testimony will be about the attitude at the site regarding the raising of questions by QC inspectors. His testimony, except as to the results of harassment and intimidation throughout the site, is contained within the Department of Labor record of his discrimination complaint.

R. Tolson C. Kristemer T. Brandt F. Hawkins L.D. Gilbert

INCIDENT

Sue Ann Neumeyer

Welding QC Inspector. Resigned in February 1984. She will testify that she believes she was harassed, intimidated, and pressured into accepting work which was not acceptable, and in some cases not legal, at times throughout the entire course of her employment at CPSES, and that personal knowledge that the NRC is not interested in examples or evidence of harassment, intimidation, pressure. Also her knowledge of the meeting discouraging workers to talk to GAP.+

APPLICANT WITNESS

M. Spence

NRC WITNESS

Jack Stanford
Fred Evans
Dwight Woodyard
Ted Blixt
Bob Seever
Gordon Purdy
A. Vega
R. Tolson

R. Taylor Brooks Griffin

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Betty Brink

Former Intervenor, currently reporter. Will testify regarding the breach of confidentiality by the NRC after providing names of workers to OI representatives. See Brink letter to NRC Commissioner Palladino, May 1984.

Brooks Griffin

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Dennis Culton (Has not yet

WITNESS

Will testify that the NRC interview and inspection/ investigation process was so hostile and intimiagreed to testify.) dating that he wants nothing further to do with the NRC, and that his treatment, if known to others, would convince them not to turn to the NRC for help in raising or identifying a problem. (See Culton Affidavit, 6/29/83).

Robert Stewart Dan Tomlison Richard Herr

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

WITNESS

Richard Hubbard
(Mr. Hubbard has been previously used as an expert in the South Texas proceedings about B&R competency, in part regarding their QA/QC program.)

. .

INCIDENT

Will testify to the generic significance of independent inspection efforts on a plant. Will also comment on the appropriateness of the Applicant's response to the individual and collective problems raised by the CASE witensses. (Mr. Hubbard will have to read the testimony of the CASE and Applicant witnesses prior to being able to present that testimony.)

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

WITNESS

(An industrial psychologist confirmation of our retention of this expert is pending.)

INCIDENT

will testify that the morale problems, and subsequent lowering of the willingness of the QC force to identify problems and comply with procedures which they are constantly undermined in becomes fruitless. Futher he will testify about the effects of "example discipline."

VITNESS

valter Elliott\*
on Davis
R. Euline
Corey Allen
rom Miller

INCIDENT

These employees of the paint Coatings QC department testified in the Department of Labor hearing of Bill Dunham. They will testify to the harassment and intimidation in the paint coatings department, both as to their personal experience and as to the effect the Dunham incident had on them in the performance of their job.

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Harry Williams

D. Driscoll Brooks Griffin F. Hawkins

Eddie Snyder<sup>2</sup>
Jack Pitts
D.T. Oliver
A. Ambrose
M. Barfield
Lon Davis
Bruce Hearn
Ron Jones

Gerald Prior

Jerry Staplin

INCIDENT

Eight OC employees in the electrical department reported to work wearing "T-shirts" that said "NIT PICKERS PICK NITS." These employees were rounded up and taken to the office of Ron Tolson where they were questioned by management, their personal materials taken from their desks, and then interviewed by the site ombudsman. Efforts to attempt to get the NRC to stop the detention failed. CASE will demonstrate that the T-shirts were worn as an expression of the frustration of site OC inspectors, that the response by management was oppressive, and that the lack of response by NRC was nonfeasence. Further that instead of there being no reprisal against those who wore the T-shirts the employees were first cut down to 40 hours per week, some were transferred, some quit, and most recently some were laid off. Of all the inspectors only a few remain on the job.+

APPLICANT WITNESS

NRC WITNESS

Ron Tolson Boyce Grier A. Vega D. Chapman M. Welch Site Resident Brooks Griffin John Collins

INCIDENT

APPLICANT WITNESS

T. Brandt

NRC WITNESS

J.J. Lipinsky

He will testify about the pressure he was put under following the writing of the October 1983 memo regarding paint findings. Specifically about the comments and information from TUGCO/Brown & Root management to him regarding the consequences of his writing the memo.

M. Spence F. Hawkins\*
G. Purdy (deposition)
R. Tolson

## APPLICANT WITNESSES

INCIDENTS REQUESTED TO BE PREPARED FOR DEPOSITION

REFERENCE

Mike Spence Perry Britton Lou Fikar

NAME

CPSES policy regarding intimidation, harassment or threats, December 20, 1983

The establishment of a CPSES "hotline"

The 1979 interviews of QA QC personnel

The management response to the August 1983 Report on Allegations of Cover-Up and Intimidation by TUGCO, Dallas Quality Assurance

Communications with the NRC regarding problems at CPSES of harassment, intimidation. Specifically surrounding the creation and implementation of the "task force" in March 1984.

All management meetings or discussions regarding complaints of harassment or intimidation or lack of support of OC program at CPSES

Harassment and intimidation and termination of Charles Atchison

Harassment and intimidation and blacklisting of Jack Doyle/Mark Walsh

Harassment and intimidation and pressure to accept sub-quality work on Sue Ann Neumeyer

Harassment and intimidation and pressure of J.J. Lipinsky after Lipinsky wrote a 1983 memo re: paint

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Charles

Jack Doyle

Sue Ann Neumeyer

J.J. Lipinsky

Ron Tolson :

His experience as QA/QC personnel management

His performance ratings at TUGCO

His past job descriptions

The 1979 QC interviews and reasons for and results/recommendations thereof

His interaction with craft supervision

His speech given to QC inspectors

Any other group presentations regarding QA/QC

The Charles Atchison firing

The termination of Dobie Hatley

The resignation of Susie Neumeyer

The termination of Bill Dunham

The harassment of Lester Smith

The harassment of Stan Miles

The harassment of parlene Stiner

The harassment of Robert Bronson

The harassment of Jack Doyle

The harassment of George Clancy

The reason for his removal as QA in February 1984

His new job description

Any new performance ratings since the change

His role in the "T-shirt incident"

Ron Tolson

His role in the preparation of response to the Eisenhut letters, re: harassment and intimidation issues

His interaction with the cost and schedule for the plant

His relationship with R. Taylor, NRC

His relationship with the current NRC resident inspector

His knowledge of the speech given in February by Gordon purdy

His knowledge of the use of NRC Form 3 at CPSES

His knowledge regarding the development of the December 1983 policy on harassment and intimidation

Any other information he has about incidents of harassment and intimidation and of management actions taken to cope with harassment and intimidation incidents or surrounding attitudes

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Antonio Vega

His experience in QA/QC management

His experience as personnel management

His performance ratings at TUGCO

His past job descriptions

The 1979 QC interviews and reasons for and results/recommendations thereof

His interaction with craft supervision

His instructions given to QC inspectors regarding reporting of nonconformance Artonio Vega

Any other group presentations regarding OA/OC

The Charles Atchison firing
The termination of Dobie Hatley
The resignation of Susan Neumayaer
The termination of Bill Dunham
His role in the T-shirt incident
His role in the repeated pressuring of Bob Bronson

His role in the harassment, intimidation and pressure of Sue Ann Neumeyer

His role in the intimidation of Lester Smith,

Termination of Robbie Robinson Termination of Robert Messerly

His knowledge of QC/QA problems in the paint coatings department

The reason for Tolson's removal as QA in February 1984

His new job description

Any new performance ratings since the change

His role in the "T-shirt incident"

His role in the preparation of response to the Eisenhut letters, re: harassment and intimidation issues

His interaction with the cost and schedule for the plant Antonio Vega His relationship with R. Taylor, NRC

His relationship with \_\_\_\_\_, SRI

His knowledge of the speech given in February by Gordon Purdy

His knowledge of the use of NRC Form 3 at CPSES

His knowledge regarding the development of the December 1983 policy on harassment and intimidation

Any other information he has about incidents of harassment and intimidation and of management actions taken to cope with harassment and intimidation incidents or surrounding attitudes.

Jim Hawkins

Threats to Bob Hamilton about over strenuous inspections

B. Hamilton

His knowledge of the QA/QC program requirements regarding identification of problems

Any conversations/meetings he had with management regarding the Hamilton incident

His knowledge of the reputation of Mr. Harry Williams as an oppressive supervisor

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

J. George

The termination of Robbie Robinson after his reporting "make-work," etc.

R. Robinson

The statements and actions of Mr. Vega and himself in response to Mr. Robinson's complaints.

Any conversations with management regarding Mr. Robinson's termination

G. Clancy

His knowledge of the QA/QC program requirements regarding identification of problems

Any conversations/meetings he had with management regarding the Hamilton incidents

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Robert Murray The testimony of Mr. George Clancy regarding his instructions to Mr. Clancy

Any conversations with management regarding Mr. Clancy's termination

His knowledge of the QA/QC program requirements regarding identification of problems

Any conversations/meetings he had with management regarding the Hamilton incident

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Wayne Simmons Termination of Chuck Atchison

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Mark Wells Ordering employees, along with Harry Williams, to disregard safety requirements

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Jack Stanford Harassment and intimidation and pressure to accept faulty work on Sue Ann Neumeyer

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Larry Wilkerson Termination of Robbie Robinson

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Wayne Mansfield Termination of Robbie Robinson

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Doug Frankum Harassment and intimidation and blacklisting of Jack Doyle and R. Messerly

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Dale Bullard Harassment and intimidation and Stan Miles threatened termination of Stan Miles and others

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Fred Evans Harassment and intimidation of Sue Ann and pressure to accept faulty work, Neumeyer put on Sue Ann Neumeyer

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Fred Coleman Ordering H. Stiner to perform improper melds in February, 1980, while
Coleman watched for OC

H. Stiner

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Ken Liffert Threatening H. Stiner, R. Johnson H. Stiner and others with termination in Statember, 1980, unless that performed sub-quality melds quickly

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

	NCIDENTS REQUESTED TO BE PREPARED FOR DEPOSITION	REFERENCE
Jimmy Green	Instructing H. Stiner in July 1981 to make improper melds	H. Stiner
	H. Stiner's subsequent termination	H. Stiner
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Larry Thompson	Ordering H. Stiner to violate pro- cedures re: I-beams in April 1981	H. Stiner
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Ronnie Johnson	Threatened along with H. Stiner and others with termination unless they performed sub-quality welds.	H. Stiner
	Threatened by Frankum, Callicutt, Liffert, and Heabart (September 1980)	
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Callicutt	Threatening Ronnie Johnson and his crew (including H. Stiner) with termination unless they completed a meld quickly (with consequent sub-quality standard) (September 1980)	H. Stiner
	His knowledge of pressure on QC Docu- ment Review/Document Control Clerks	L. Bamas Dobie Hatley
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
PR Dept. Representative	production of "Circuit Breaker" and inclusion in some of worker allegations	Darlene Stiner and others
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Randy Smith	Harassment and intimidation of Darlene Stiner, especially during and relating to her pregnancy	Darlene Stines
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	

	NCIDENTS REQUESTED TO BE PREPARED FOR DEPOSITION	REFERENCE
Snellgrove	Harassment and intimidation and pres- sure on Bob Bronson	Bob Bronsor
	(Generic items lited in Appendix A to Witness List)	
J.P. Patton	Harassment and intimidation and pres- sure on Bob Bronson	Bob Bronson
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Gary Krishnan	Harassment and intimidation of Jack Doyle	Jack Doyle
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Dwight Woodard	Harassment and intimidation and pres- sure to approve faulty work, on Sue Ann Neumeyer; meeting discouraging workers from talking to GAP	Sue Ann Neumeyer
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Ted Blixt	Harassment and intimidation of Sue Ann Neumeyer to approve faulty work; meeting discouraging workers from talking to GAP1	Sue Ann Neumeyer
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Bob Sievers	Harassment and intimidation of Sue Ann Neumeyer; pressure on Sue Ann Neumeyer to approve faulty work; meeting discouraging workers from talking to GAP1	Sue Ann Neumeyer
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Hal Goodson	Intimidation of R. Messerly	R. Messerl
	Termination of H. Stiner	H. Stiner
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	

NAME	PREPARED FOR DEPOSITION	REFERENCE
M. Sanders	Intimidation of Messerly; intimidating Messerly into loaning out "re-bar eaters" without documentation	R. Messerly
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Curly Krishner	Termination of Bill Dunham	Bill Dunham
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
Boyce Grier	His role in the T-shirt incident	Eddie Snyder; Jack Pitts;
	His knowledge of the incidents of harassment and intimidation	D.T. Oliver; A. Ambrose; M. Barfield;
	His knowledge of the Sue Ann	Lon Davis;
	Ann Neumeyer investigation	Bruce Hearn; Ron Jones;
	His knowledge of the Dobie Hatley investigation	Gerald Prior; Jerry Staplin
	His knowledge of other investigations	
	His job's objective	
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	
D. Chapman	His role in the T-shirt incident	Eddie Snyder; Jack Pitts;
	His knowledge of the 1979 interviews	D. T. Oliver; A. Ambrose;
	His knowledge of internal investi-	M. Barfield;
	gations in harassment and intimidation	Lon Davis; Bruce Hearn;
	His interface with management on	Ron Jones;
	harassment and intimidation	Gerald Prior; Jerry Staplin
	Harassment and intimidation of Charles Atchison	Charles Atchison
	Termination of Robert Messerly	R. Messerlyt
	(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)	

M. Welsh

His role in T-shirt incident

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Eddie Snyder;
Jack Pitts;
D. T. Oliver
A. Ambrose;
M. Barfield;
Lon Davis;
Bruce Hearn;
Ron Jones;
Gerald Prior;
Jerry Staplin

Thomas Brandt Harassment, intimidation, and termination of Charles Atchison

Termination of Bill Dunham

Termination of Joseph Krolak

pressure and intimidation of J.J. Lipinsky

Harassment and intimidation of Darlene Stiner, especially during and relating to her pregnancy

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Harry Williams

Harassment and intimidation of Bill Dunham; effects of that harassment and intimidation on other inspectors

Harassment, intimidation and termination of Bob Mamilton

Intimidation of J. Krolak, and orders to Krolak and others to do sub-quality work

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Gordon Purdy

Interference with Barnes' attempts to use proper document review procedure

Harassment and intimidation of J.J. Lipinsky following Lipinsky's 1983 memo (re: paint) C. Atchison

Bill Dunham

Joseph Krolak

J.J. Lipinsky

Darlene Stiner

Harassment of Bob Bronson

Harassment and intimidation of Sue Ann Neumeyer; pressure on Sue Ann Neumeyer to approve faulty work; meeting discouraging workers from talking to GAP

Gordon Purdy

Knowledge of discontent among the QA/QC inspectors regarding use of NCRs

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Gil Keeley R. G. Spangler R. E. Kahler Report on Allegations of Cover-Up and Intimidation by TUGCO, Dallas Quality Assurance, August 19, 1983

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

F. Strand H. Hutchison The constant pressure on Document Control by craft and QC to issue incomplete and incorrect packages L. Barnes D. Hatley

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Bill Clements

Will testify about the preparation of TUGCO response to the Eisenhut letters regarding allegations, including harassment and intimidation

Should also be prepared to testify about items of which he has knowledge listed for Mike Spence, et al.

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

Ray Yockey

Will testify about the termination policies and practices at CPSES, as well as the employee rights and responsibilities as contained in any relevant employee manual

(Generic items listed in Appendix A to Witness List)

## INCIDENTS REQUESTED TO TESTIFY ABOUT

John Collins (all regulatory actions except OI on CPSES)

Requested to testify about the policy of NRC staff regarding harassment and intimidation; the decision to issue a \$40,000.00 civil penalty regarding Mr. Atchison's issues, the decision to postpone the fine; the attitude of the NRC regional staff toward reports of harassment and intimidation.

Robert Taylor also current esident insp. Requested to testify about the policy of NRC staff, regarding harassment and intimidation; the decision to issue a \$40,000.00 civil penalty regarding Mr. Atchison's issues, the decision to postpone the fine; the attitude of the NRC regional staff toward reports of harassment and intimidation.

The T-shirt incident

Harassment and intimidation of George Clancy

Harassment and intimidation and pressure to accept faulty work on Sue Ann Neumeyer

Harassment and intimidation of H. Stiner

Harassment and intimidation of Charles Atchison

Harassment and intimidation of Jack Doyle

His knowledge of Sue Ann Neumeyer's cooperation with an NRC investigation into Henry's concerns

The findings of the OIA Report

His policies regarding her on the site that includes harassment and intimidation complaints

His specific knowledge of the allegaton of harassment and intimidation by those CASE witnesses listed below. The expectation of the NRC from an applicant about an QA/QC program

D. Driscoll Brooks Griffin Richard Hers Paul Check Requested to testify about actions taken in response to allegations of harassment and intimidation, his judgment as to the seriousness of harassment and intimidation on the Comanche peak site; his understanding of the NRC's policies regarding harassment and intimidation; his investigation of the complaints of all named witnesses. The release of names provided by Bett Brink.

F. Hawkins

His inspection efforts into the allegations of J. J.

Lipinsky and the allegations made by Bill Dunham

Interview of Dennis Culton and his interview techniques Robert Stewart

employed to determine Mr. Culton's allegation

Interview of Dennis Culton Dan Tomlison

Richard Herr Interview of Dennis Culton

Tom Ippilito The ongoing "task force efforts", how the task force would deal with the problems resulting from the prevailing attitude of harassment and intimidation; the

importance of harassment and intimidation; his understanding of NRC policies regarding harassment and

intimidation

## APPENDIX A

## Generic Items For Witnesses To Be Prepared To Testify About

- Basic background and experience prior to going to work at CPSES (provide resume if one exists).
- Work history at CPSES, positions, supervisors, duties, etc.
- The witness' understanding of policies of TUGCO, B&R, and other contractor regarding reporting of non-conforming items.
  - Specific incidents of harassment and intimidation on CPSES site known to each individual
  - Any knowledge about management actions taken to cope with harassment and intimidation, pressure on QC inspectors, pressure to not write non-conformance reports or to ignore construction problems.
- Management procedures to insure that QA/QC programs are being implemented.