vogue Electric Generating Plant NUCLEAR OPERATIONS

29537-C Revision No.

Procedure No.

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Unit COMMON

Georgia Power

05-127-90

OUTAGE SCHEDULING

READ AND DESTROY

- 1.0 PURPOSE
- 1.1 The purpose of this procedure is to identify the various outage schedules and the relations between these schedules (i.e., Planned Outage, Mainrenance Outage, Forced Outage, and Long-Range Schedules).
- This procedure identifies the sources of data, tools 1.2 and methodologies to be used, and the core reporting requirements for various schedules.
- This procedure identifies the organizations, 1.3 relationships, and responsibilities associated with Outage Scheduling.

NOTE

This procedure does not address the efforts required to support rapid-recovery trips.

- 2.0 DEFINITIONS
- 2.1 SCHEDULE DATABASE

A computer resident accumulation of data for use in the calculation and analysis of various schedules.

2.2 FRAGNET

> A graphic representation of activities and relationships associated with the components of a job.

OUTAGE WORK PACKAGE 2.3

> A work-order package which requires an outage to perform.

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2.4	REFUELING OUTAGE	SCOPE			
	associated outag on all major com inspections/surv the number of ap corrective maint	ponents, programs, eillances. The lis proved design chans	rformed during the udes the planned wor and significant st will also identifies and anticipated entative maintenance		
1.5	REFUELING OUTAGE	BUDGET			
	the outage scope Budget. The est Planning Manager	atage budget" is the activities for inclinate is prepared be and submitted to F the budgeting pro-	inancial Services		
3.0	RESPONSIBILITIES				
3.1	VICE-PRESIDENT,	VOGTLE PROJECT			
	Typically, this the affected uni Approvals may be	Vice-President, Vog approval is granted t being shut down f granted by telepho ritten corresponden	1 12 months prior to or the outage. me. but should be		
3.2	GENERAL MANAGER,	NUCLEAR PLANT (GMN	P)		
	The GMNP, or des	ignee, has responsi	bility for:		
3.2.1	Overall responsibility for all outage management, planning, and scheduling.				
3.2.2	Approval of the scope of planned maintenance outages.				
3.2.3	Approval of refueling and planned outage schedules.				
3.2.4	Development of re	efueling outage sco	pe.		
3.3	ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER, PLANT OPERATIONS (AGM)				
	The AGM has respo	onsibility for.			
3.3.1	Froviding directi effective outage	ion and setting pol management, planni	icy to ensure ng, and scheduling.		

Approval of the scope of planned maintenance outages.

3.3.2

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3.3.3	Approval of refueling and planned maintenance ou schedules.	tage
3.3.4	Development of the refueling outage scope.	
3.4	PLANT SUPPORT MANAGER (PSM)	
	The PSM has responsibility for:	
3,4,1	Approval of the scope of planted maintenance out	ages.
3.4.2	Approval of refueling and planned maintenance our schedules.	tage
3.5	OUTAGES AND PLANNING MANAGER (OPM)	
	The OPM has responsibility for:	
3.5.1	Establishing guidelines for developing the scope planned outages as well as approval authority for outage scope.	or all
3.5.2	Approval authority for all Planned Outage, Mainte Outage, Forced Outage, and Long-Range Schedules.	enance
3.5.3	Establishing goals for development and implements of long-range and outage schedules.	tion
3.5.4	Ensuring that all departments support the goals established for the development and implementations-range and outage schedules.	on of
3.5.5	Obtaining upper-management approval for significations scope changes for refueling outages.	int
3.6	OUTAGE SCHEDULING SUPERINTENDENT (OSS)	
	The OSS has responsibility for:	
3.6.1	Ensuring development and implementation of schedu for all outages other than those related to rapid recovery trips.	les l-
3,6.2	Determining the scope of the five-year plan and coordinating efforts required to meet the goals s forth in the five-year plan.	et
3.6.3	The OSS and the Work Planning & Controls Supering determine the specific scope of an outage.	endent
3.6.4	Reviewing Outage Schedule Change Requests (Figure for impact on outage schedules and identifying potential scope changes to the OPM.	1)

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3.7	PLANNING/SC	HEDULING SUPP	ORT SUP	ERVISOR (PSSS)
		s responsibil		
3,7.1	Supervising data assembly and conversion activities required to develop a schedule.			
3.7.2	designed to	support the	pre-out	edules and reports age and outage epartments and
3.7.3	Preparation	of post-outa	ge anal	ysis reports.
3.8	WORK PLANNI	NG & CONTROLS	SUPERI	NTENDENT (WPCS)
	The WPCS ha	s responsibil	ity for	1
3.8.1	Development of Outage Work Packages.			
3,8.2	Development of fragnets for the execution of Maintenance Work Orders.			
3.8,3	to identity	resources and he risk of del	d materi	ge Requests (Figure 1) ials needed, and them to future system of
4.0	OUTAGE SCHE	DULING		
4.1	GENERAI.			
	The Maintenance are comprise be used by a assessing daschadules are coordination	the term "Outa , Plannod Outa ance, Planned, ed of details supervisors ar ally work require summary-level to of Engineeri	age Sche age, and and Fo at the ad forem irement rel sche age, Pro	ries of schedules aduling": Long-Range, d Forced Outage orced-Outage Schedules working level and can men for identifying and cs. The long-range adules used for ocurement, and other to support the plant's
	Superintende Development various depa Scheduling i schedule dat The resultir schedules an	of data provent in the for of these frag artments. Upon integrates the abase with the database is	rided to m of fr nets is n recei m into le appro then u	In this procedure are the Outage Scheduling agnets or reports. In the responsibility of the professional properties of the appropriate optiate relationships. It is support all users it.

- 6.1.1 Schedules are structured in a hierarchical manner both within a particular schedule and between the various schedules. The hierarchical position (level) of any schedule is governed by the amount of detail included in the schedule. There are four levels of schedules:
- 4.1.1.1 A Level I Schedule is a Milestone Schedule which establishes targets for plant-wide activities (i.e., Start Planned Outage) and is used principally at the management level for external coordination.
- 4.1.1.2 A Level II Schedule is a System-Level Summary Schedule which identifies the general time frame in which work is being accomplished on any particular system but does not provide any detail about what work is being accomplished or of the intensity of the work. This level of schedule is targeted at Supervision/Management and provides a broad view of the progress of an outage.
- 4.1.1.3 A Level III Schedule is a Job-Order-Level Summary Schedule which identifies all work authorizing documents to be accomplished during the outage and the time frame in which work is to be performed but does not provide information about the detailed staps required to accomplish the task. This level of schedule is targeted at department-level supervision and contractor organizations, and provides a comprehensive picture of the scope and progress of an outage without the intricate details of each task.
- 4.1.1.4 A Level IV Schedule is the Base Schedule and represents all of the detail included in the schedule database. This schedule is the basis for all of the above and is the source of analyses related to critical path, manpower requirements, etc. This schedule is intended for use at the foreman level of supervision and is issued only as window working schedules because of the extensive work detail included in this level of schedule.
- 4.1.1.5 All four levels of schedule apply to Planned,
 Maintenance, and Forced-Outage Schedules, but only
 Levels I & II apply to long-range schedules because of
 their underlying summary nature.

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4.1.2 Long-Range and Outage Scheduling involve the identification, analysis, and planning of major non-operating activities related to uni _utages. They also involve the compilation of information on tasks from numerous sources.

The principal sources of tasks which are included in these schedules are:

- Nuclear fuels analysis which governs the time between refuelings.
- Inservice inspection plan which identifies major inspection and testing requirements,
- c) Design Change Requests Log which identifies approved and prospective modifications to the design of the plant,
- d) Surveillance testing program which identifies testing commitments defined in the plant technical specifications,
- e) Commitment tracking which identifies external commitments,
- f) Nuclear Plant Maintenance Information System (NPMIS) which identifies preventive maintenance and corrective maintenance tasks which must be accomplished to ensure plant reliability.

As data is accumulated from these various sources, it is input to the schedule database where it is used to generate both long-range and outage schedules.

4.2 FORCED OUTAGE SCHEDULE

4.2.1 During the course of normal plant operations, certain tasks must be deferred while the plant is operating at power; some of these can be accomplished in relatively short periods of time or would preclude the unit from returning to power in the event of a unit trip. The forced-outage schedule is a vehicle for the contingency plans required to accomplish this work and is intended to maximize the use of any unplanned unit down time.

Work Planning and Controls has responsibility for identifying those Maintenance Work Orders (MWO's) which require an outage to perform. Once an MWO has been identified as "Outage", it is preplanned and a work order package is developed which includes all of the information required to perform the work (example: drawings, material staging location, procedures). For complex work, a detailed fragnet is also provided by Work Planning which delineates the steps required to complete the tasks, the duration and manpower required by each step, and any support requirements.

The information provided on the fragnet, along with information on material requisitions, clearances, radiological work permit requirements, and other associated data are added to the scheduling database by the Outage Planning Department.

4.2.3 Use of the schedule database allows a routine analysis of the available outage work and results in the issue of a forced-outage schedule on a weekly basis. This schedule identifies all outage MWO's which could be performed during an unscheduled outage based on the plant-mode requirements (e.g., all work which would be performed if the plant were brought to mode 4).

A Level III Schedule is approved by the Outage Scheduling Superintendent and issued each week taking into consideration any additional work which is identified.

When a forced-outage begins, a determination is made on the expected duration and what plant conditions will be maintained during the outage. This information is then used by the OPM to decide upon limitations to be placed on the outage work scope. Once the limitations have been set, a revision of the current-week Level III Schedule is issued and working schedules (Level IV) are issued.

During the course of the outage, Outage Planning maintains the status of work via information obtained during shift turnover meetings between key individuals identified by appropriate departments. The information gathered in these turnover meetings is compiled and input to the schedule database which in turn is used to recalculate the schedule to provide current forecasts and analyses of progress against the original targets.

- 4.2.5 At the conclusion of the outage, a fost-outage report is compiled by the appropriate unit Scheduling Supervisor which identifies:
 - a) Reason for the outage,
 - b) Scope of the outage as defined when it commenced (the initial scope includes the work associated with the repairs required as a result of the units's forced outage and any MWO's pulled from the contingency schedule),
 - c) Scope growth during the course of the outage,

NOTE

Scope growth for forced outages means the additional MWO's that were worked which were neither on the original schedule, nor contained in the contingency schedule, nor part of the repair work orders required to affect repairs required as a result of the outage.

- Description/analysis of events which extended/altered the expected critical pach,
- e) Lessons learned during the outage.
- f) Assignment of action items, when required.
- 4.3 MAINTENANCE OUTAGES
- 4.3.1 When the requirements for a maintenance outage are identified, Gutages and Planning begins the planning process required to prepare for it. This planning phase consists of a review of the tasks precipitating the requirement for an outage and all pending outage work. This review is done by the Outage Planning Department. The results of this review are used to establish the primary scope, preliminary duration, and start of the outage.

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After the preliminary analysis is completed, a Work Planning effort similar to that described in 4.2.2 is performed. As the planning progresses, MWO's currently included in the forced-outage schedule are identified for deferral to the Maintenance Outage and rolled into the Maintenance Outage Database. In addition to MWO's, a review of surveillance tracking and Design Change Request Logs are conducted by the departments responsible for maintenance of the logs to identify any tasks which, by addition to the outage, may enhance future plant availability. The review is triggered by a request from Outage Planning, when required.

- 4.3.2 The Outage Scheduling Superintendent will conduct meetings during the planning phase to refine the scope of the outage and ensure coordination of the preparatory tasks associated with the outage being planned. These preparatory tasks include identification, scheduling, and tracking of pre-outage work activities. The commencement and frequency of these meetings, along with the various scope cutoff limits, are designated by the OPM.
- 4.3.3 Development of the schedule is an iterative process based in pre-established milestones (e.g., open generator circuit breakers & close generator circuit breakers), where preliminary information is used until a greater level of detail becomes available through the planning process. As the start of the Maintenance Outage approaches, the level of detail found in the schedule increases and a more clear representation of the key areas and resource requirements becomes available.
- 4.3.4 At the conclusion of the outage, a post-outage report is compiled by the Outage Scheduling Superintendent which identifies the same items addressed in 4.2.5.
- 4.4 PLANNED OUTAGES
- Maintenance Outages, as discussed in 4.3, are generally of short to moderate length with limited time available for pre-outage planning. Planned outages are cyclic and can be reliably scheduled. The ability to schedule an outage for a particular time frame with a moderate to long duration allows for an outage with extensive scope and the use of manpower not normally available for short lead cime outages. An extensive planning and scheduling effort is employed to maximize the amount and diversity of work which can be accomplished during the outage.

- 4.4.2 The process of developing a planned outage schedule begins with establishing a core schedule with those activities which must be accomplished during every planned outage and decisions on the methodology to be used for certain tasks. The following items are examples of those contained in the core schedule:
 - a) Fuel Shuffle Incore or in Fuel Pool
 - b) Generic System Clearance Scheme
 - c) RCS Cleanup Method
 - d) Long-Cycle PM's and Surveillance Tests
 - e) Inservice Inspection Requirements
 - f) Shutdown, Layup, and Restart Scheme

The planning/scheduling of a Planned Outage starts well in advance of the outage to allow an appropriate lead time for engineering and procurement of materials and services for the major tasks, such as Design Changes and Major Maintenance.

4.4.3 Development of the schedule is an iterative process where preliminary information is used until a greater level of detail becomes available through the planning process. As the start of the outage approaches, the level of detail found in the schedule increases and a better representation of the key areas and resource requirements becomes available.

A preliminary schedule is issued approximately six months prior to the start of the outage or at the direction of the OPM. This is a Level III Schedule identifying the expected scope of the outage and allows concerned parties to perform a preliminary evaluation of the viability and expected scope of the outage. At this point, the schedule should include all Preventative Maintenance Tasks, Surveillance Tasks, Design Change Packages, and Outage Corrective Maintenance Tasks identified to date in preliminary form.

At the time the preliminary schedule is issued, the scope of the outage should be well defined and more detailed pluming of the identified work becomes the key focus. Work Order Planning Sheets are prepared by Work Planning & Controls and submitted to Outage Planning. These planning sheets are used to update and enhance the existing activities in the schedule database.

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Prior to the scheduled start of a planned outage, Cutage Planning, and Work Planning and Controls, jointly conduct a review of the jobs which are pending in the forced-outage schedule. All jobs which are selected during this review are then added to the Planned Outage database and included in the schedule. At this time, the schedule is issued for review and the detailed work scope of the outage is frozen. Approximately two weeks are allowed for review and comment, after which the schedule is revised for approval by the OPM and department managers prior to final approval by the GMNP.

- 4.4.4 The Outage Scheduling Superintendent will conduct mestings during the planning phase to define the detailed work scope of the outage and ensurcoordination of the preparatory tasks associated with the outage being planned. These preparatory tasks include identification, scheduling, and tracking of pre-outage work activities. The commencement and frequency of these meetings, along with the various scope cutoff limits, are designated by the OPM.
- At the conclusion of the outage, a post-outage report 4.4.5 is compiled by the Outage Scheduling Superintendent which identifies the same items addressed in 4.2.5.
- 4.3 LONG-RANGE SCHEDULES
- 4.5.1 Unlike the outage schedules discussed above, the Long-Range Schedulo is not a detailed schedule. The main purpose of the Long-Range Schedule is to coordinate outages within Georgis Power Company (GPC) and to ensure that preparations for significant outages are properly coordinated.
- 4.5.2 The Leval I Long-Range Schedule consists of milestones for each refueling and other plant-wide evolutions. This document is issued semiannually and is used principally for coordination of outages by GPC.
- 4.5.3 The Level II Long-Range Schedule consists of summary activities for: major items which must be completed during a refueling, major capital budget activities which will be performed during normal plant operation, engineering required to support capital or outage activities, and coordination events such as emergency preparedness drills. Level II Long-Range Schedules are issued at the request of management.

- 4.6 SCOPE CONTROL
- 4.6.1 Scope Control for Forced-Outage Schedules consists of two separate phases.
- 4.6.1.1 The first phase of scope control associated with Forced Outage Schedules is performed by Work Planning and Controls during the work order preplanning process. This control is a determination of the workability of the task based upon the availability of materials, engineering, and other support requirements.
- 4.6.1.2 The second phase is performed after the outage has commenced based upon the plant conditions to be maintained and the expected duration of the outage. Recommendations on scope limitations in the second phase are made to the OPM by Operations, Maintanance, Work Planning and Controls, Engineering, and Outage Planning.
- Once the scope has been approved by the OPM, all 4.6.1.3 requests for additions to the scope of the outage must be submitted to the OPM via Work Planning & Controls, and Outage Planning, on an Outage Schedule Change Request (OSCR) (Figure 1). Work Planning & Controls will review the job to determine if it can be accomplished from a technical standpoint and is of significant importance to warraut addition to the work scope of the outage. Work Planning & Controls determines the resources and materials needed, and assesses the risk of delaying the work to a future system or refueling outage. The Work Planning & Controls Superintendent either disapproves the schedule change request and returns it to the originator or recommends approval and forwards the request to Cutage Planning for schedule analysis. Outage Planning reviews the request for relation to the critical path and impact on resource requirements. After analysis, the Outage Scheduling Superintendent ensures appropriate analyses are noted on the form, recommends either approval or disapproval, and forwards the form to the OPM. If Work Planning & Controls and the Outage Planning Superintendent concur, the OSCR does not require OPM approval.
- 4.6.2 Scope control for Maintenance and Planned Outages follows the same process as for Forced Outages except Phase 2 is implemented prior to the start of the outage at the direction of the OPM. Although the scope control for refueling outages is the same as described above, the refueling outage scope and major changes thereto are approved by the Vice-President, Vogtle Project.

- 4.6.3 Scope control as defined in 4.6.1 does not apply to Long-Range Schedules. The only limitations on scope control in Long-Range Schedules are in the general guidelines established for inclusion in the Long-Range Schedule.
- 4.7 SCHEDULE STATUS
- After an outage commences, the schedule is statused on a daily basis and reports are issued to supervision and management. A shift troover status meeting will be conducted in the outage war room at each shift turnover. This meeting will be chaired by the Outage Scheduling Superintendent or the Duty Outage Supervisor. Representatives of each department/discipline are required to attend and be prepared to report the status of all activities which are in-progress, scheduled to start/finish but not yet started/finished, and problems encountered/expected. This status should consist of a start/finish time and remaining time required to complete the task for each detailed activity within their respective responsibilities.
- 4.7.2 Daily, or at the direction of the OPM, Outage Planning will prepare status reports with an analysis of the progress made against the original targets established for the outage, identify problem areas which have arisen or been resolved since the previous report, and generate a summary of the scope growth which takes place.
- 4.7.3 After an outage has been completed, Outage Planning will compile a Post-Outage Report to address schedule performance (target vs actual), scope growth, and lessons learned based upon input from all concerned parties.
- 4.7.4 Long-Range Schedules are updated as events occur or on a quarterly basis at a minimum.

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5.0	REFERENCE	es -
5.1	PROCEDURE	25
5.1.1	C1000-C,	"Management Of Outages"
5.1.2	00350-C,	"Maintenance Program"
5.1.3	00460-6,	"Plant Modifications"
5.1.4	00404-C,	"Surveillance Test Program"
5.1.5	29402-4.	"WPG Work Order Processing"
5.1.6	29536-0,	"Outage Management Program"
5.1.7	29539-C,	"Long-Range Planning"

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OUTAGE SCHEDULE CHANGE REQUEST

DATE		ORIGINATOR		ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS
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