# OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Agency: U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Title:

INTERVIEWED OF. GEORGE SCHNIEDER and

SANDRA THREATT

Docket No.

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#### U. S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

INTERVIEW OF:

GEORGE SCHNIEDER SANDRA THREATT

> Conference Room Administrative Building Vogtle Electric Generating Plant Waynesboro, Georgia

Thursday, March 29, 1990

The interview commenced at 11:15 a.m.

#### APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission:

GENE TRAGER WILLIAM LAZARUS

## Also Present:

Don Hammond Lawrence Robertson 1

### PROCEEDINGS

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MR. LAZARUS: It is March 29, 11:13 a.m. We are at the Vogtle Plant interviewing Mr. George Schnieder and Sandra Threatt from South Carolina, involving their involvement, participation in the loss of vital power incident at Vogtle on March 20.

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CEO

GEORGE SCHNIEDER and

8 9 10

SANDRA THREATT

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appeared as witnesses herein and testified as follows:

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### EXAMINATION

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BY MR. LAZARUS:

Whereupon,

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Q Ceorge?

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A (Witness Schnieder) I am George Schnieder. During the accident on the 20th, I was the Operations Officer for the Emergency Preparedness Division, State of South Carolina, located in Columbia.

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What I would like to do is introduce and leave with you some documents that might be useful to you in developing your recommendations.

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I would like to leave copies of the Emergency
Notification, which we received from Plant Vogtle throughout
the whole accident.

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I would also like to leave an operations journal, which we kept both at the operations desk at the State

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Emergency Operation Center and the county desk journals,
which were also kept at the State Emergency Operation

Center, and, lastly, a situation chart which we portrayed in
the Operation Center which was essentially—pictured the
events that were taking place in the plant and offsite so
that the participants in the Operation Center knew what was
going on throughout the whole time.

Essentially, those documents outlined the anatomy of the response from South Carolina.

Q Thank you. Those documents will be appreciated. Thank you.

A (Witness Schnieder) Just to talk through it, rather generally, the Emergency Notification Network was fired up at approximately 9:50 or 9:55 or 10:00 in the morning, I don't have the exact time, when the plant notified offsite and we have it documented here, Emergency Message #1, that there was a site error emergency at Plant Vogtle.

Q Was that the primary Emergency Notification Network, or the backup Emergency Notification Network?

A (Witness Schnieder) I believe it was the primary.

We have both an ENN and a backup ENN. I did not

pick up that phone, someone else actually picked up the

messages, but I believe it was the ENN.

Q Okay.

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A (Witness Schnieder) Both phones are sitting side by

mide.

Q Based on what we have found so far, it was the backup ENN, because the ENN was powered by vital power which was lost during the incident, so they had to notify South Carolina on the backup.

A (Witness Schnieder) As I say, both phones are sitting right next to each other.

Once that happened, our procedures are to immediately contact the counties and they were three -- Allendale, Aiken, and Barnwell -- to insure that they in fact had gotten the emergency message and they had.

With that, our procedures are to open up the Operations Center, which we proceeded to do. We notified the appropriate people, the Governor's office, the Chief of the Bureau of Radiological Health, Mr. Hayward Shealy, and we notified the Deputy Adjutant General, State of South Carolina.

The Operation Center became operational approximately 10 o'clock in the morning and we had representatives of the Bureau of Radiological Health, the Governor's Office, Law Enforcement, and the Emergency Preparedness Division as the primary players in the Operations Center.

We were in contact with the counties telephonically and we could have been in contact with them with our local

Page 5 government radio, but there was no need to do that. 1 2 Operationally, we opened for business and really had 3 no problems in the State Emergency Operations Center. We got appropriate warning messages from the plant 5 without any real problem. The terminus for those messages 6 initially was the Highway Department Warning Point, which is 7 our Warning Point and in the State EOC, in addition to the three counties. 8 9 As soon as we were operational in the EOC, we 10 dropped the Highway Warning Point off the system, so that it 11 wouldn't slow them down. 1.2 Once the Bureau of Radiological Health people 13 arrived, it is our procedure that we try to get contact with 14 the dose assessment people in the plant so there is a 15 commonality of rad health talking to dose assessment people. 16 The way we initially did that, I called on the 17 Administrative Decision Line and contacted the EOF, which is 18 the terminus for that system, and got the appropriate person 19 in EOF to hook in with the Bureau of Radiological Health 20 individual and subsequent to that, they developed another 21 means of communicating back and forth. 22 Do you know about what time that was that you made 23 that link up with EOF? 24 (Witness Schnieder) About 10:45. 25 Now, does the state --0

A (Witness Schnieder) Maybe even a little bit before that.

WITNESS THREATT: Yes, it was. It was before that. WITNESS SCHNIEDER: I guess about 10:35.

#### BY MR. LAZARUS:

Q Does South Carolina dispatch somebody to the EOF to act as liaison?

A (Witness Schnieder) Negative, we did not do that.

Q Is that something you would normally do if you had time?

A (Witness Schnieder) Yes, normally we do send somebody and normally it is the Bureau of Radiological Health person.

Anyway, we became operational and were in contact. The counties appeared to have no serious problems. Two of the County Directors were not in the counties during this accident. They were in Columbia at a seminar.

As best we can determine, the response was adequate in both Barnwell and Allendale Counties, responding to the accident.

In one county, Barnwell, the County Supervisor actually opened up the EOC. In the other county, the County Director was very complimentary of the people who were in Allendale and responding, they were employees of his, and, as I say, he was complimentary of their activities.

1	Q How many counties are involved in South Carolina?
2	A (Witness Schnieder) Three counties.
3	Q That is Barnwell, Allendale and
4	A (Witness Schnieder) Aiken County.
5	Q Aiken.
6	A (Witness Schnieder) In Aiken County, the County
7	Director was there. He was just leaving for Columbia.
8	So communications from the South Carolina side were
9	all right, both the intercounty and state and the state to
10	the plant.
11	The procedure with Georgia and South Carolina, that
12	we coordinate virtually all of our actions, both Warning
1.3	System, Protective Action recommendations. We did not get
14	an initial call from GEMA. I tried to raise them on the
15	Administrative Decision line. We couldn't do that. This
16	was early on, and, finally, I did call telephonically to
17	GEMA in Atlanta and I discovered that they had not been
18	warned.
19	Q How did you initially try to reach them? You said
20	you tried to reach them telephonically?
21	A (Witness Schnieder) There is an Administrative
22	Decision line, a separate system, that hooks up the Georgia
23	Emergency Management Agency in Atlanta, the Director; the
24	Georgia FEOC in Waynesboro; the Director of EPD in
25	Columbia.

1 Q What was that, the Georgia FEOC?

A (Witness Schnieder) Forward Emergency Operation
Center. The South Carolina Emergency Operation Center in
Columbia, and the South Carolina Forward Emergency Operation
Center at the Graniteville Armory. There is a fifth drop,
and that is in the EOF at Plant Vogtle, and that is—they
call it the Administrative Decision line, and it is a
decision line, it is for the decision makers to coordinate
the appropriate response.

Q This is totally separate from the ENN?

A (Witness Schnieder) That is correct. It is a totally discreet system.

Q Do you know if it operates in a similar manner with just an open line?

A (Witness Schnieder) No, you can punch up numbers and have a conference call.

I note trouble raising Plant Vogtle, I believe it was the Plant Manager. I don't know, I got somebody.

Q But you had tried to punch up GEMA?

A (Witness Schnieder) Yes, and once I did call them, it became obvious that they had not--the individual I spoke to said they were trying to sort out the communication with the plant and that they were not actually warned.

Q You finally got hold of them on a regular commercial telephone?

A (Witness Schnieder) Yes, that's right. In fact, I talked to the Communications Officer, Dick Airington, and they were, he said, trying to energize the system and find out what was going on.

Q Do you know about what time you made that contact?

A (Witness Schnieder) I would surmise 10:35, thereabouts.

Q Yes, I think they show about 10:35. They got a copy of a FAX from you and so it should be correct, that time.

A (Witness Schnieder) And we did FAX a copy of the warning message to the GEMA, the exact time is kind of -- so, anyway, they got in business and there was no problem subsequent to that, as far as I know.

The event was downgraded to an alert.

We were in the process in South Carolina, following our procedures, when we fully activate the State Emergency Center, we bring in quite a few other state agencies to participate in the Operations Center.

As it was downgraded at that time, a decision was made with your Radiological Health, Emergency Preparedress Division and the Governor's Office to not bring in these other agencies at that time, because it appeared that was unnecessary. We had the Bureau of Radiological Health, the Emergency Preparedness Division, the law enforcement people and the Governor's Office there in the Operations Center and

had the capability of bringing in additional folks, but we decided it was unnecessary at that time.

We were in continuous contact with the counties throughout the remainder of the incident.

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At the latter stages, we received a call from Mr. Bockhold, the Plant Manager and had a conference call as he discussed putting the plant back in a safe condition and coordinated the termination of the alert, and then that was formally done by issuing a Final Warning Form which went out to all the counties in the state.

Throughout this period, we made the appropriate notifications. We were concerned more with the notification of the counties because they are the EPZ people at risk. We didn't notify GEMA, John Heard appraised them of the situation through his contact with Bob Trojanowski with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, who asked if we had sufficient information and if there was anything that we would need, if we would identify that. I replied to him that we were in pretty good shape and that we would see if there was any problem that he could address.

A couple of things -- are there any questions?

- Q No, I think that covers the chronology pretty well.

  If there is anything you want to flesh out, or any problem areas you want to discuss, that's fine.
  - A (Witness Schnieder) Okay, internally, we really saw

no problems on our Operations Center and operations and coordination of these different state agencies and with the counties.

Externally, which is quite obvious, we did have coordination problems with GEMA, because they obviously had not been aware of what was going on, and as the state which has the plant residing in it, they normally take the lead in sounding the warning system over the radio and coordinating the Emergency Broadcast System.

That is one of the purposes of that Administrative Decision line, to coordinate that.

Q To back up again, you said Georgia takes the lead, or did I understand that correctly?

A (Witness Schnieder) Yes, they actually activate the warning system.

Q For both South Carolina and Georgia?

A (Witness Schnieder) Yes, that is part of it and there is a written agreement hat covers that.

Q Could you activate it from South Carolina, if necessary?

A (Witness Schnieder) No. It is not really too serious a problem, the reason being is that the people live in Georgia. We have very few people living in the EPZ in South Carolina, and, by and large, most of the warning notification in addition to the NOA on the radio that are

there would be done by law enforcement people, Wildlife people actually going out into the area to notify the locals.

You have two major areas in South Carolina that are in the Emergency Planning Zone. One in Aiken, where there is the Cowden Plantation, a private plantation. The is used mostly for hunting and fishing and what have you. The other area over in Barnwell is what they call the Treat Plantation where it is, again, a private plantation, which does have inhabitants, the people who run the plantation and they can easily be warned, told to evacuate, or whatever protective action recommendations that would be required, and so our system is not as time sensitive or as severe as Georgia is and they do have the system of activating over the radio.

They also have the majority of the siren warnings in Georgia. We have one. It is a non-problem.

A non-problem for South Carolina?

A (Witness Schnieder) Yes, that's right. That's really what I am addressing.

One other thing that happened which did cause a problem is WBBQ came on the air and mentioned that there was an accident at Plant Vogtle and there was evacuation going on.

I don't have the transcript of what was said, but

the people 'ho heard that, I have an idea heard the word

"evacuation, and most citizens don't go much further than

evacuation and they became quite concerned.

We had some people in the Operations Center in Aiken

County who actually heard this. Other citizens did call in

We had some people in the Operations Center in Aiken County who actually heard this. Other citizens did call in and ask should we evacuate, are we in serious trouble, and what have you.

Q I take it this was obviously just a news story and not an EBS message?

A (Witness Schnieder) No, it was not an EBS.

Q Does Georgia also take the lead in preparing the EBS messages since they activate the order?

A (Witness Schnieder) They do that in coordination with us, yes, they sure do.

So that posed somewhat of a problem to the local populous because they were concerned and we got that fixed.

I called--when I heard that, I called GEMA and talked with their operations officer and mentioned that we had some citizens hear that and he said he would take the appropriate action and get back to the plant people and find out the source of what was taking place.

Q This was sometime after they became aware that there was--

A (Witness Schnieder) Yes, I can tell you when I called.

(Brief pause.)

11:15, notified Bob Miles, GEMA Operations Center, and he said he would work on that.

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We had, in Jasper County, which is quite a ways from the plant but within range of the radio, we had a County Director call in and ask should he begin to evacuate his county because he had heard that there was a real problem. He was concerned. He is not in the Planning Zone or anything of that nature, but he was just being responsive, and so that posed a problem with the citizens and normally, we would not have that problem. On exercises from licensing up until today, we have always made that coordination without any real problem.

Q When you are talking about coordination, you are talking about coordination with South Carolina and Georgia or coordination with the news media?

A (Witness Schnieder) South Carolina and Georgia and the plant with them putting that information out to the media and, as I say, that had not been a problem.

The coordination in the past, actually, really was not a problem at all. The State of Georgia and the State of South Carolina practice working together. We have got an excellent working relationship and in previous exercises, not only with Plant Vogtle but with the Savannah River Site, which is the same basic type of coordination, we really

haven't had any problem. That has to do with our close relationship with Georgia and the system that is in place there, the communications that we have.

- Q Do you know if the utility made any news releases?
- A (Witness Schnieder) I don't know.

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Q Would you normally be provided a copy of those releases?

A (Witness Schnieder) Oh, yes, I am sorry. Yes, they did make a news release.

Q I am just trying to determine whether the WBBQ news story came from a plant ess release?

A (Witness Schnieder) I don't--I have no earthly idea how that happened. I would hope that in some way we can find that out so that we can get it fixed.

Q I assume that most of the way they do that, news stations have scanners and they pick something up on the radio.

A (Witness Schnieder) But we did get copies of the news release.

It will take South Carolina, let's just say that the Joint Information Center does open it, it would take two hours to get our Public Information people down here. That is what it would take, maybe a little bit less, depending on the intensity of the driving, and in the past, it really has not been a problem.

That one got out, how it did, and I think it appeared probably outside the information resources of the plant or GEMA or South Carolina. I know it wasn't from South Carolina, because our PIO person was right with me at the time.

Those are the only things that I would mention that were somewhat untoward.

Q Okay.

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A (Witness Schnieder) We were, I think, very fortunate and was a very positive effort on the state's part and the county's part. They were very--I believe the three counties, after talking with the County Directors, were very comfortable. They thought that they could do the job and could make sure that the people in their counties were not upset.

Q They had enough information?

A (Witness Schnieder) Yes. The way that works, they get warning messages as we do, but we have a county desk.

One of our personnel that is dedicated was talking directly to each of the counties and they maintained communications throughout the duration of the incident or accident.

We do that by commercial telephone. If that fails, we have the local government ratio which we maintain and that is not a problem at all. That is really all I have.

Q Sandra, would you like to explain your involvement

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and add anything to what has been covered?

(Witness Threatt) Thank you. I am Sandra Threatt with the Bureau of Radiological Health. I am the Emergency Planning Coordinator and as George Schneider indicated, they contacted the Hayes City Bureau Chief, and notified him of the situation and made sure that we had received the Emergency Notification Message and he had, and we discussed it and dispatched someone to the State Operations Center to represent us, and shortly after, I followed with one of my staff to augment.

The only problem we had in the beginning, that I think George alluded to a few moments ago, was that we had to use the Administrative Decision line to get a telephone number of a contact person for me to talk to. The confidential telephone number that they had given us was directly into the Control Room and, of course, everyone was busy at the time in the Control Room and they had activated, in the meantime had activated the TOC and so George did get us a telephone number and once we got that number, which was only a matter of a few minutes, things went along smoothly.

After we had gotten the complete plant status, then I contacted John Hurt to make sure that he had been notified and then also H. B. Warren at DOE, to make sure they had been apprised of the situation, and they were.

We were kept fairly busy, talking back and forth

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with the plant, trying to ascertain exactly what had happened, what the implications were at the time.

Q Did you have a pretty clear of what the situation was?

A (Witness Schnieder) Yes, we did. The gentleman that was helping us, Doug Daughhetee D-a-u-g-h-h-e-t-e-e, was extremely helpful in providing me with the information that I needed to info m George Schnieder what was going on at the plant.

As George has already said, when we got the message about that from WBBQ, I called the TSC Communicator back and said please tell me what type, if any, evacuation has occurred, and he explained to me that the evacuation was of non-essential personnel to the parking area for a head count and that he also didn't understand how this had gotten out but he wanted to see if we could confirm it with area EPD, Emergency Preparedness, and if we could, to give him a call back, and so I talked with George and they did confirm it, and I called him back and he gave me a telephone number for Birmingham, Alabama corporate and someons in general operations that I could talk to about it to see if they were doing anything, putting out press releases or anything.

And, in the meantime, we had also asked for our Public Information Officer to come over from our district in the event we needed someone to, you know, EPD and he and the

Emergency Preparedness Division PIO got together and talked to these folks on the phone and they got the FAX sent to us and we just continued on with our decision making, taking messages and providing assistance to EPD throughout the event until it was closed out.

From our part, we got all the information we needed, technically, to provide, we think, any assistance, or recommendations and that is pretty much all I have to add. Do you have any questions.

MR. LAZARUS: No, if you don't have any particular problem areas, I think that was a pretty clear picture of the response of South Carolina.

Anything else?

WITNESS SCHNIEDER: Could I add one thing that I overlooked?

During the emergency, Mr. Jim Roberts, from Plant
Vogtle, who was at that conference in Columbia, called me
and asked me in Columbia if there was anything that he could
do or could get or could contact the plant to give us
additional information or whatever support we might need and
I told him that, no, there was no requirement to do that,
but I appreciated his interest and his offer of support.

MR. LAZARUS: We can go off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. LAZARUS: We are back on the record with George

Schnieder and Sandra Threatt. While we were off the record, we were discussing the ability to activate the Public Emergency Alerting System.

George, would you like to clarify what that situation is?

WITNESS SCHNEIDER: Yes, that the--in South
Carolina, there is but one siren and it is located in
Barnwell County, and the capability of sounding that siren
is within the State of South Carolina and, in fact, within
Barnwell County and we have the capability of firing that at
the appropriate time, and that--

MR. LAZARUS: But Georgia activates all of the sirens in Georgia and South Carolina activates the one siren that they have?

WITNESS SCHNEIDER: That is correct, and, normally, it is done on a coordinated pasis.

MR. LAZARUS: Okay. Thank you very much.

We will go off the record.

(Whereupon, at 11:55 a.m., the interview was concluded.)

## CERTIFICATE

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This is to certify that the attached proceedings before the U. S. Nuclear Regulacomy Commission in the matter of:

5 Interview of: GEORGE SCHNIEDER AND

SANDRA THREATT

Place: Vogtle Nuclear Generating Flant, Waynesboro, GA

10 Date: March 29, 1990

were held as herein appears, and that this is the original transcript thereof for the file of the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission taken stenographically by me and, thereafter reduced to typewriting by me or under my direction, and that the transcript is a true and accurate record of the foregoing proceedings.

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ROSE ARNOLD Official Reporter

Ann Piley & Associates