



Log # TXX-92068
File # 10011.1
Ref. # 10CFR26.71(d)

TU ELECTRIC

William J. Cahill, Jr.
Group Vice President

February 10, 1992

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Attn: Document Control Desk
Washington, DC 20555

SUBJECT: COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION (CPSES)
DOCKET NOS. 50-445 AND 50-446
TRANSMITTAL OF SECOND HALF 1991 FITNESS-FOR-DUTY
PROGRAM PERFORMANCE DATA

Gentlemen:

The CPSES Fitness-For-Duty Program Performance Data for the period of July 1, 1991 through December 31, 1991 is enclosed. The data required by 10 CFR 26.71(d) is provided on a standard form with the exception of the summary of management actions and list of events reported, which are provided as a separate enclosure on TU Electric letterhead. If there are any questions, please contact James Brown or Hollis Hutchinson at (817) 897-8912 or (817) 897-8940, respectively.

Sincerely,

William J. Cahill, Jr.

By: J. S. Marshall
J. S. Marshall
Generic Licensing Manager

DNB/dnb
Enclosures

- c - Mr. R. D. Martin, Region IV
Resident Inspectors, CPSES (2)
Mr. T. A. Bergman, NRR (clo)
Mr. M. B. Fields, NRR (clo)

140656

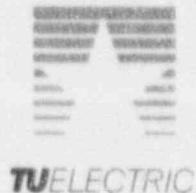
AD21 / 11

Random Testing Program Results

Individuals Tested	1989		1990		1991		1992		1993		
# Positive			2	4	7	6					
# Tested			1296	1620	2512	3117					
% Positive			.2	.2	.3	.2					
Graph of % Positive	5										
	4										
	3										
	2										
	1										

Confirmed Positive Tests for Specific Substances

Substance	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993
Marijuana	5	2	10	9	
Cocaine	1	1	3	6	
Opiates	0	0	0	1	
Amphetamines	0	0	1	0	
Pencyclidine	0	0	0	0	
Alcohol	0	3	4	4	



COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION
FITNESS FOR DUTY

Summary of Management Actions

Six Months Ending December 31, 1991

TU Electric has contracted with a local HHS certified laboratory to perform drug tests on specimen collected at Comanche Peak. On July 25, 1991, TU Electric was notified by the laboratory that the certification for testing was suspended. This was due to a routine periodic NIDA inspection which resulted in several contested deficiencies.

While these deficiencies were being resolved, arrangements were made through a secondary HHS certified laboratory to provide testing with no break in service. Upon notification, the secondary laboratory was audited by the TU Electric Quality Assurance Department. The audit indicated that the new laboratory had developed and effectively implemented a program meeting the requirements established by 10CFR26 and NIDA. The audit also satisfied the 10CFR26, Appendix A, Section 2.7(m) requirements that the licensee conduct an inspection of the laboratory testing facility.

Currently, TU Electric has not received notification that the certification has been reinstated to the original laboratory and testing has continued through the secondary laboratory.

Lesson Learned:

TU Electric feels that there are advantages in contracting with a company with more than one NIDA certified testing facility. This enables the laboratory to continue testing at a certified facility should the other laboratory's certification be suspended.

Currently, TU Electric is in the process of awarding a contract to a multi-facility laboratory for testing under the Fitness For Duty Program.

On September 10, 1991, an individual was tested For-Cause under the CPSES Fitness For Duty Program. The supervisor observed signs that indicated the individual may not be fit for duty. The individual was administered a breath alcohol test by Security that produced a negative result. The supervisor

also requested a search of the individual's lunch box that was located inside the Protected Area. The search produced a plastic bottle that contained a liquid that smelled like alcohol. A sample of the contents was sent to the laboratory for analysis. The results of the test indicated the liquid was alcohol.

TU Electric Security contacted Region IV NRC office and reviewed the circumstances. Region IV inspector gave instructions to include the event in the six months reporting.

On November 9, 1991, Site Security reported that two 50 ml bottles of alcoholic beverage had been discovered inside the Protected Area. Both bottles revealed the manufacturers labels and sealed caps were intact. The bottles were discovered among waste products in a portable restroom. Based on previous experience, the incident was included in the six months reporting.

No events were reported by telephone under 10CFR26.73.