

Log # TXX-92048 File # 10200 Ref. # 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(iv)

February 7. 1992

William J. Cahill, Jr. Group Vice President

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Document Control Desk Washington, DC 20555

SUBJECT: COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION (CPSES) DOCKET NO. 50-445 MANUAL OR AUTOMATIC ACTUATION OF ANY ENGINEERED SAFETY FEATURE LICENSEE EVENT REPORT 92-001-00

Gentlemen:

Enclosed is Licensee Event Report 92-001-00 for Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station Unit 1, "Reactor Trip/Turbine Trip on High Primary Water Temperature."

Sincerely.

William J. Cahill, Jr.

JET/tg

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PDR

c - Mr. R. D. Martin, Region IV Resident Inspectors, CPSES (2)

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LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (APPROVED OME NO 3160-0104 EXPIRES 42002 ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION OCLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. FORWARD COMMENTS RECARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE RECORDS AND REPORTS MANAGEMEN BRANCH (P-S90), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTO DC. 20555, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (\$150-0104 OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC. 20505.										
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COMANCHE PEAK-UNIT			05	01	010	44	5	11	OF	11	0
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Ves (If yes, complete Expected Submassion Date; No	en exteriore (v	en la constante de la constante La constante de la constante de				Expected Submissic Date (15)	10	1			
On January 8, 1992, the Reactor Operato differential temperature between the main gas system by taking manual control of p water temperature started to rise and cou followed by a reactor trip occurred due to	or was a n genera rimary w Jld not b	ator pri vater flo le chec	mary ow. V ked, i	wate Nhile whic	er sy e in n h res	stem a nanual ultor i	ond t	he hy trol, j	orima	ry	
Root causes were determined to be failur	e to un	derstan	d the	not	ontia	Loons	anue	inces	of		

Root causes were determined to be failure to understand the potential consequences of controlling primary water flow in manual and failure of the Shift Supervisor to adequately monitor the evolution. Contributing factors were failure to use available procedures, lack of specific information in procedures regarding this risk, and the malfunction of the primary water high temperature alarm. Corrective actions include counselling the specific individuals, intensive training for the crew involved, enhancing requalification training, revising procedures, repairing the alarm, and establishing a task team to evaluate the technical information available to operate and maintain the main generator.

NRG FORM SHOA	LICENSEE EVEN TEXT CONTI		SIDN APPROVED DMB NO. \$155-0104 EXPIRE 9: 472032 EFFIRE 9: 472032 EFFIRE 9: 472032 EFFIRE 1: 2 BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 50.0 HRS. FORWARD COMMENTS RECARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE RECORDS AND REPORTS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (F-530), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON OC. 20555, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150-6104) OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC. 20503.
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	E PEAK-UNIT 1	0500044	
	STREETION OF TH		VENT
A.		VENT CLASSIFICA	
	Any event or condit	ion that resulted in ma	nual or automatic actuation of any ng the Reactor Protection System (RPS)
В.	PLANT OPERATI	NG CONDITIONS P	RIOR TO THE EVENT
			eam Electric Station (CPSES) Unit 1 was in ower at 100 percent (%).
c.	THAT WERE INO		MS, OR COMPONENTS START OF THE EVENT EVENT
	There were no inop event.	erable structures, syst	ems or components that contributed to the
D .	NARRATIVE SUN		ENT, INCLUDING DATES AND
	licensed) and trainer (EIIS:(TB)) and noti hydrogen (EIIS:(TK temperature was less primary water temp cold hydrogen temp recommended takin specification. The i control system to m control of the hydro	e (utility, non-licensed ced that the differentia)) temperature and get ss than (<) 10 degrees erature was to be main perature at all times. The manual control of a intent was to take man aintain $\Delta T > 10^{\circ}F$. It with gen temperature control	Plant (BCP) Reactor Operator (RO)(utility,) were taking logs on the main generator if temperature (Δ T) between generator herator primary water (EIIS:(TJ)) Farenheit /°F). The log specified that htained 10°F greater than (>) generator The Shift Supervisor (utility, licensed) temperature control valve to return Δ T to ual action to correct Δ T and then allow the as then discussed whether to take manual of valve (EIIS:(TCV)(TK)) and lower to take manual control of the return valuer

generator cold hyd/ogen temperature or to take manual control of the plimary water temperature control valve (EIIS:(TCV)(TJ)) and raise primary water temperature. In consideration of a main generator hydrogen pressure drop test that was in progress, the BOP RO decided to take manual control of the primary water temperature controller (EIIS:(TC)(TJ)).

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NRC FORM DOGA	LICENSEE EVENT	the second se	APPROVED OMB NO. 3 EXPIRES 4/30/ ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO D COLLECTION REQUEST: BO'S HRS, FORM BURDEN ESTIMATE TO TH? RECORDS BRANCH (P-500), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATO DC. 20555, AND TO THE PARRWORK RE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, W	92 OMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATIC VARD COMMENTS RECARDING AND REPORTS MANAGEME ORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTI EDUCTION PROJECT (5150-011
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	E PEAK-UNIT 1	05000445	92-001-0	0030=1
	the primary water te 116°F to 120°F which At 2130, after additive was again noted to Control Room staff Operator (AO)(utility control valve was noted determine if the ΔT At 2145, with an AO manual control of the approximately 10-15 BOP RO opened the AO checked for projection be moving freely. De approximately 120°F valve was opened. open and the control risen to approximate continued to increase opening the valve far manual control, opening the valve far manual control opening the valve far manual con	mperature controller. Pro- ch restored ∆T to 13°F, v onal monitoring, the gen br less than 10°F. The and the Shift Supervisor v, non-licensed) to ensur- of sticking or binding. The problem was a result of a e at the primary water ten- te valve and clc sed it fro 5%. When the AO repor- e valve to the demand p- per valve operation. The During this exercise, prime F when the valve was cle The valve was then retu- oller was returned to auto- ely 116-118°F. The prime is above 120°F and the ast enough to stabilize te- ined the valve partially a er two minutes, however sed valve demand to 35° r reminded the BOP RO 1°F and the BOP RO ind Room received an autor ater temperature of 140° erature control valve was erature indicated approx ture alarm (EIIS:(TA)(TJ)	the of the BOP RO, took not imary water temperature within specification. erator primary water/hydoproblem was again discurecommended sending e that the primary water his recommendation was a problem with the control walve, the mits initial demand position of approximately a AO reported that the valve was fur the primary water temperature in posed and dropped to 1100 med to the initial position of when primary water temperature, his controller, in auto, did not mperature started to the temperature apper, temperature started to the temperature apper, temperature started to the temperature incret that maximum allowed por that maximum allowed por eased valve demand position of approximate tips at a demand position of approximate the temperature incret that maximum allowed por eased valve demand position of approximate tips at a demand position of approximate the temperature incret to the turbine/reactor trips of the turbine/reactor trips of the turbine/reactor trips at a demand position of approximate tips at a demand position of approximate tips at a demand position of a the turbine/reactor trips at a demand position of a the turbine/reactor trips at a demand position of a turbine/reactor turbine/reactoreactor turbine/reactor turbine/reactor turbine/reactoreactor t	e was raised from logen gas ΔT ussed among the an Auxiliary temperature an effort to olier or the valve. he BOP RO took tion of lly closed, the 50% while the live appeared to oreased to 0°F after the n of 10-15% mperature had however, of appear to be D again took eared to stabilize rise again and eased to 130°F. orimary water osition to 40- due to a me of the trip the f 40-45% and erator primary operation of the

NPIC FORM SIGA	LICENSEE EVENT		APPROVED OMBIND, 3160-0104 EXPIRES, 4:30/82 ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST. BC0 HRS, FORWARD, COMMENTS, REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE RECORDS AND REPORTS MANAGEMEN BRANCH (P-530), U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, WASHINGTO DC, 20565, AND TO THE PAPERWORK REDUCTION PROJECT (0150-010) OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, DC, 20503.
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	penerator primary w problems were foun have impaired prop determined to have primary water flo a ^l arm under thes three other temp calibration.	vater high temperature all of with the primary water er operation of the valve, several problems: w temperature switch ha se conditions, and erature switches that inp	to respond properly in auto and why the arm did not come in prior to the trip. No temperature control valve that would The control loop, however, was ad failed and would not have actuated the ut to the alarm were found out of ater after stator winding temperature was
F C T R F	orimary water flow. controller was set a regulated by control a ΔT of only 9°F (5° equipment was ope procedure, and the	The post trip investigation t 113°F. The generator h lling the cold hydrogen te C), which is less than the rating correctly, but the o alarm procedure all requ	ature is regulated by controlling the cold on revealed that the temperature hydrogen system temperature is emperature leg at 104°F. This results in >10°F specified in the log. The operating logs, the abnormal operating ired >10°F Δ T; therefore, the procedures ablished operating setpoints, or the

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission was informed of the event via the Emergency Notification System at 2337 per 10CFR50.72(b)(2)(ii).

setpoints should have been more conservative to correspond to the range specified

E. THE METHOD OF DISCOVERY OF EACH COMPONENT OR SYSTEM FAILURE OR PROCEDURAL ERROR

in the operating procedures.

The reactor trip was annunciated by numerous alarms in the Control Room. The immediate cause of the event was identified by troubleshooting after the event.

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		s required, use additional NHC Form 360A		
П.	<u>co</u>	MPONENT OR SY	STEM FAILURES	
	Α.	FAILURE MODE, COMPONENT	MECHANISM, AND	EFFECT OF EACH FAILED
				main filter' temperature switch had failed or primary water high temperature alarm.
			perature after cooler eset to approximately	temperature switch was out of calibration 120°F.
		The 'primary water t and was reset to ap		rature switch was out of calibration (200°F)
		The 'primary water r was reset to approx		re switch was out of calibration (205°F) and
		reading incorrectly, t		er after stator winding temperature was as corrected. This point is not used as an this event.
		None of these failure	es caused the event o	or were a result of the event.
	В.	CAUSE OF EACH	COMPONENT O	R SYSTEM FAILURE
		Not applicable, none	of these failures cau	sed the event or were a result of the event.
	c.			MULTIPLE FUNCTIONS
		Not applicable, the s functions.	witch failure did not i	affect system operation or any secondary
	D.	FAILED COMPOR	NENT INFORMATIO	N
		Not applicable, the s functions.	witch failure did not a	affect system operation or any secondary

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III. ANALYSIS OF THE EVENT

A. SAFETY SYSTEM RESPONSES THAT OCCURRED

The RPS and Auxiliary Feedwater System (EIIS:BA)) actuated during the event; all associated components within these systems functioned as designed.

B. DURATION OF SAFETY SYSTEM TRAIN INOPERABILITY

No safety system trains were inoperable as a result of this event.

C. SAFETY CONSEQUENCES AND IMPLICATIONS OF THE EVENT

A turbine trip initiated by a generator trip leads to a reduction in the capability of the secondary system to remove heat generated in the reactor core. This event is analyzed in Section 15.2.3 of the CPSES Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR). The analysis uses conservative assumptions to demonstrate the capability of pressure relieving devices and to demonstrate core protection margins. The event of January 8, 1992, occurred at 100% reactor power, and all systems and components functioned as designed. The event is completely bounded by the FSAR accident analysis which assumes an initial power level of 102% and conservative assumptions which reduce the capability of safety systems to mitigate the consequences of the transient. It is concluded that the event of January 8 did not advercely affect the safe operation of CPSES Unit 1 or the health and safety of the public.

IV. CAUSE OF THE EVENT

ROOT CAUSE

 The BOP RO failed to understand the potential consequences to the generator primary water system by stroking closed the primary water temperature control valve. A formal briefing was not held prior to stroking the valve and the potential for this evolution to become a high risk activity was not considered.

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON, I	DC. 20503.
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 The Shift Supervisor failed to ensure that the evolution was properly supervised nor did he communicate effectively to ensure that the evolution was proceeding correctly. When recommending that the control valve be checked for freedom of movement, the Shift Supervisor did not give the BOP RO specific instructions.

CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

- The BOP RO failed to utilize available procedures. The BOP RO did not feel the use of the available alarm or abnormal operating procedures was necessary for the task.
- 2. The system operating procedure, abnormal operating procedure or alarm procedure sould not have necessarily prevented the operator from taking the course of action that initiated this event. The specific actions taken in response to the Δ T problem were not contrary to these procedures. Even though it could have jeopardized the generator pressure drop test, the prudent action would have been to lower generator cold gas temperature rather than raise primary water temperature to restore Δ T.
- Four inputs to the generator primary water high temperature alarm had failed or were out of calibration.

GENERIC CONSIDERATIONS

An evaluation should be made to determine the adequacy of the technical information available to operators to operate and maintain the turbine generator.

V. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

CORRECTIVE ACTIONS TO PREVENT RECURRENCE

ROOT CAUSE

 The BOP RO failed to understand the potential consequences to the generator primary water system by stroking closed the primary water temperature control valve.

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CORRECTIVE ACTION

The BOP RO and his shift crew were given intensive training following the event. This event will also be covered in requalification training for all shift crews in the upcoming training cycle.

 The Shift Supervisor failed to ensure that the evolution was properly supervised nor did he communicate effectively to ensure that the evolution was proceeding correctly.

CORRECTIVE ACTION

The Shift Supervisor was counselled after the event. The shift crew was also given intensive training on the factors leading to the event. Training on performing high risk activities and infrequent evolutions will be covered in the requalification training for all crews in the current and upcoming training cycles.

CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

 The BOP RO failed to utilize available procedures. The BOP RO did not feel the use of the available alarm or abnormal operating procedures was necessary for the task.

CORRECTIVE ACTION

The BOP RO and his shift crew were given intensive training following the event which included the use of available procedures. This aspect of the event will also be covered in requalification training for all shift crews in the upcoming training cycle.

 The system operating procedure, abnormal operating procedure or alarm procedure would not have necessarily prevented the operator from taking the course of action that initiated this event.

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	procedure will controlling prim activity. The re	ACTION ernting procedure, abno be revised to clearly def nary water temperature a ecommendations of the t re changes as appropria	ine the and the ask tea	pre po	eferr tent	ed i ial c	me con	thoused	ds jue	of ma	inua of th	lly nis										
3.	Four inputs to t were out of cal	the generator primary wa ibration.	ater hig	jh ti	emp	erat	ure	a ala	arn	n had	faile	d or										
	CORRECTIVE	ACTION								CORRECTIVE ACTION												

The four inputs were repaired and recalibrated. An investigation is being conducted to determine why these inputs failed or were out of calibration. The investigation will also examine the method used to calibrate these thermocouples.

GENERIC CONSIDERATIONS

An evaluation should be made to determine the adequacy of the technical information available to operators to operate and maintain the turbine generator.

CORRECTIVE ACTION

A task team has been formed and is evaluating the technical information available to operate and maintain the turbine generator. Task team recommendations will be reviewed and implemented by operations management as appropriate.

VI. PREVIOUS SIMILAR EVENTS

There have been no previous similar events reported pursuant to 10CFR50.73.

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VII. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The times listed in the report are approximate and Central Standard Time.