ISHAM, LINCOLN & BEALE

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DEFICE OF SEGRITAN DOCKETING & SERVIC BRANCH

EDWARD S 15HAM, 1872-1902 ROBERT T LINCOLN, 1872-1889 WILLIAM G BEALE, 1885-1923

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June 13, 1984

Ivan W. Smith, Chairman Administrative Judge Atomic Safety and Licensing Board U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C. 20555

Dr. Richard F. Cole Administrative Judge Atomic Safety and Licensing Board U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C. 20555

Dr. A. Dixon Callihan Administrative Judge Union Carbide Corporation P. O. Box Y Oak Ridge, Tennessee 37830

Re: In the matter of Commonwealth Edison Company (Byron Nuclear Power Station, Units 1 and 2) Docket Nos. 50-454 and 50-455 0

Dear Administrative Judges:

Enclosed is a copy of letter from Commonwealth Edison Company to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission which constitutes an interim report concerning electrical conductor butt splices, a topic which was discussed at the prehearing conference on May 31, 1984.

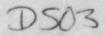
Yours very truly,

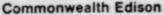
by mee-

Michael I. Miller One of the Attorneys for Commonwealth Edison Company

MIM:es

cc Service List







One First National Plaza, Chicago, Illinois Address Reply to: Post Office Box 767 Chicago, Illinois 60690

June 12, 1984

Mr. James G. Keppler Regional Administrator U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 799 Roosevelt Road Glen Ellyn, IL 60137

> Subject: Byron Generating Station Units 1 and 2 Electrical Conductor Butt Splices NRC Docket Nos. 50-454 and 50-455

- References (a): May 17, 1984 letter from D. L. Farrar to J. G. Keppler.
 - (b): May 25, 1984 letter from R. L. Spessard to Cordell Reed.
 - (c): June 6, 1984 letter from R. L. Spessard to Cordell Reed.

Dear Mr. Keppler:

On May 10, 1984 Commonwealth Edison notified the NRC of a deficiency potentially reportable pursuant to 10 CFR 50.55(e) regarding butt splices in electrical conductors at Byron Station. This letter provides an interim report to satisfy the 30-day reporting requirement. The results of the first phase of the reinspection program described in reference (a) is expected to be complete by June 20, 1984. Another interim report will be submitted at that time. For tracking purposes, this report is numbered 84-03.

Description of Deficiency

Deficiencies in butt splices in electrical conductors have recently been discovered through reinspection at other nuclear plants. To verify the acceptability of the Byron butt splices, a representative sample was inspected in March, 1984. The results were encouraging in that all of the splices were found to be generally sound. A number of splices were given a simple tug-test in the field to verify the mechanical effectiveness of the crimp. Excessive force was applied to one conductor and it parted at the splice. No problems were identified which would compromise the normal electrical load carrying capability of the conductor. Deviations from the manufacturer's acceptance criteria were identified, however, which could reduce the effectiveness of the electrical insulation at the splice. The results of that reinspection program are summarized in references (a) and (c).

J. G. Keppler

Analysis of Safety Implications

Case-by-case engineering analyses of the butt splice deficiencies are not complete as of this date. As described above, preliminary reviews indicate that the deficiencies would probably have no adverse impact upon plant safety.

Corrective Action Taken and Results Achieved

On April 5, 1984 the electrical installatio. contractor implemented new requirements for installation, inspection, and documentation of electrical butt splices. This should assure that future splices are made correctly.

A new program of butt splice reinspections has also been undertaken as described in reference (a). We are examining previously installed butt splices on the conductors of safety-related instrumentation and control cables in panels, switchgear, motor control centers and on both sides of electrical penetrations. This reinspection program is being conducted by the electrical contractor, Hatfield, in accordance with written procedures. As indicated in reference (b) the NRC is closely monitoring this project.

At present, over 900 butt splices have been reinspected. The program is about 75% complete. Minor deviations from the established field inspection acceptance criteria have been found in approximately 14% of the butt splices checked. Approximately 8% were crimped using the wrong die, but are otherwise acceptable. About 6% of the splices have minor deficiencies such as exposed wire at the splice or improper conductor insertion into the splice. All of the splices inspected so far have been found to be generally sound. Engineering analysis of minor discrepancies will determine the safety significance of each discrepancy. All discrepant splices are being replaced in accordance with the new requirements.

Please address further questions regarding this matter to this office.

Very truly yours,

T.R. Tramm

T. R. Tramm Nuclear Licensing Administrator

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cc: Director of Inspection and Enforcement