UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

in the matter of:

LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY

(Shoreham Nuclear Power Station Unit 1)

Docket No.50-322-01-3

Location: Hauppauge, New York

9935-10,145

Date: Tuesday, June 5, 1984

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

BEFORE THE ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD

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In the Matter of:		
LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY	: :Docket No. 50-322-OL	-3
(Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, Unit 1)	:(Emergency Planning)	
	: -X	

Court of Claims
State of New York
State Office Building
Room 3B46
Veterans Memorial Highway
Hauppauge, New York 11787

Tuesday, 5 June 1984

The hearing in the above-entitled matter convened

at 10:27 a.m., pursuant to notice,

BEFORE:

JAMES A. LAURENSON, ESQ., Chairman Atomic Safety and Licensing Board U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C. 20555

DR. JERRY KLINE, Member Atomic Safety and Licensing Board U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C. 20555

DR. FREDERICK SHON, Member Atomic Safety and Licensing Board U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C. 20555

SueT 1	APPEARANCES:
2	On Behalf of LILCO:
3	JAMES N. CHRISTMAN, ESQ. LEE ZEUGIN, ESQ.
4	RENEE FALZONE, ESQ. KATHY E. B. MC CLESKEY, ESQ.
5	Hunton & Williams Main Street
6	Richmond, Virginia
7	On Behalf of the NRC Staff:
9	BERNARD BORDENICK, ESQ. Office of the Executive Legal Director
10	Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D. C. 20555
11	On Behalf of Suffolk County:
12	CHRISTOPHER M. MC MURRAY, ESQ. MICHAEL S. MILLER, ESQ.
13	Kirkpatrick, Lockhart, Hill, Christopher & Phillips 1900 M Street, N. W.
14	Washington, D. C. 20036 On Behalf of the State of New York:
16	RICHARD J. ZAHNLEUTER, ESQ.
17	Special Counsel to the Governor Executive Chamber Room 299
18	State Capitol Albany, New York 12224
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7	Carol A. Clawson Matthew C. Cordaro Charles A. Daverio	10031	10036			
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P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

JUDGE LAURENSON: We are back on the record now.

We have two matters before us that require some prompt action
on our part.

The first is a Motion for Reconsideration that was filed yesterday by Suffolk County concerning our ruling last Friday with regard to the offer to submit rebuttal testimony by LILCO. We have reviewed the County's Motion for Reconsideration. Before even scheduling or discussing rebuttal -- rather, discussing argument on the rebuttal testimony, I would like to address a question to Mr.

McMurray, and that is assuing for a moment that the County is right and the Board is wrong, that this is not rebuttal testimony, that in fact it is supplemental testimony, what prejudice does the County suffer by allowing this evidence to come in at this time in the fashion that we have ordered?

MR. McMURRAY: I think, Judge Laurenson, whether you caterogarize this testimony as rebuttal testimony or supplemental testimony, the question is whether or not LILCO has demonstrated good cause for submitting that testimony.

Now, in the Board's Memorandum and Order of February 28, ruling on Suffolk County's motion to file rebuttal testimony of Stephen Cole and Andrea Tyree, the Board set out a four part test to determine whether or not good cause had been met.

Two of those points have clearly not been met by LILCO. They are the question of whether the testimony, the proffered testimony is not cumulative with any other testimony in the record, and number two, that the testimony was inacapable of being filed in a more timely fashion.

Let me address the first point first. As we state in our Motion for Reconsideration, LILCO's proffered rebuttal testimony is, in fact, cumulative with what is already in LILCO's direct testimony. The point that LILCO wants to make, according to Ms. McCleskey's argument, through these proffered LILCO proposals for special facilities, is that LILCO is continuing to talk to the special facilities.

Now, that point is already made in LILCO's testimony. I provided the page cites to the Board, and that is exactly what the LILCO witnesses states in their direct testimony.

Second of all, LILCO with respect to the second point I raise, which is whether or not LILCO was able to file this testimony and address these proposed plans in a more timely fashion, it is clear that they could have. Most of those plans were dated March or April -- at least the letters that covered those plans.

JUDGE LAURENSON: But you still haven't answered the question of what difference does it make whether this is treated as rebuttal testimony or supplemental testimony.

How is the County disadvantaged under either treatment of it?

MR. McMURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I think that this is another example of LILCO trying to amend its testimony without the County being given proper notice, proper opportunity to conduct discovery, depositions perhaps, all the other sort of rights that we have to determine LILCO's case before it suddenly springs it on us on the stand during

this?

If they want to file supplemental testimony, fine. They can show good cause, file written supplemental testimony, and the County should then have an opportunity to review that testimony and then conduct cross examination on it the way it has been done all along.

I just don't think it is fair that we are presented with oral supplemental testimony on plans that we really have not had a chance to review, conduct discovery on, and then be expected to cross examine LILCO's witnesses right away on.

That is the prejudice.

hearings. That is just not fair.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Does LILCO wish to be heard on

MR. CHRISTMAN: Briefly, yes. sir. My understanding is that those plans that could be provided to the County were sent to them in informal discovery, and they now also,

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in addition to that, had them over the weekend.

As for the suggestion that they are entitled -that the County is entitled to depositions after testimony is filed, they haven't been entitled to depositions after the direct testimony was filed, and I don't see why this should be any different.

These draft plans were provided to the County. They chose not to have their wicnesses look at them, so that when the witnesses were asked whether they changed their testimony that there were no plans whatsoever, they were able to say that as of last February there were no plans, and they had no reason to change their testimony.

Well, that is just nonsense. These draft plans show that there are plans, although the County, of course, makes the semantic point that in the County's judgment a plan is not a plan unless it is formally adopted and approved and what not.

But leaving that minor semantic point aside, the County's position is simply unfounded.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Does the Staff or State wish to be heard on this question?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: The State would support Suffolk County, and to the best of my knowledge, I don't believe that one of the witnesses, Dr. Mileti, has ever been deposed on this Contention that he is offered for rebuttal.

MR. BORDENICK: I have nothing further to add.

I continue to support LILCO on this rebuttal testimony.

MR. McMURRAY: Judge Laurenson, if I may respond to a point made by Mr. Christman. First of all, this is not a minor semantic point. The fact is that these are not plans. They are proposals by LILCO, and all that these documents how is that LILCO is communicating with the special facilities.

That is something that we don't contest. But the point is is that everything they say is consistent with our witnesses testimony, which is that there are as yet no plans. That is, agreements to implement a plan that LILCO would like to see implemented during a radiological emergency.

Second of all, the fact that we had these documents over the weekend does not at all diminish the prejudice that would accrue if we had to cross examine on them today.

MR. CHRISTMAN: But you had them before the weekend, did you not, most of them?

MR. McMURRAY: We had no idea what the witnesses were going to say --

MR. CHRISTMAN: But you had documents, did you not?

MR. McMURRAY: Some of the documents, we had,

obviously.

MR. CHRISTMAN: Most others.

MR. McMURRAY: Obviously others were dated May 31st, the very day before the LILCO panel was up. The fact is that the LILCO Panel chose not to address these documents in their direct testimony for whatever reason. Obviously the reason was because they were not plans.

Therefore, the County had no idea what they were going to say about them. Now they intend to address them.

And the point is we should be able to hear what they have to say about them, study it, review it, and then conduct our cross examination in a say that is meaningful and productive, not just right after we hear their testimony.

JUDGE LAURENSON: We will confer and decide this in a few minutes.

(Board conferring.)

JUDGE LAURENSON: The Board has considered the motion for reconsideration and we adhere to our prior decision for the reason that we believe that this is proper rebuttal testimony, but that in any event, the county and the state have had the additional protection of having these documents over the weekend. And furthermore, we find that the proffered testimony, as presented by LILCO on Friday, does not appear to be that complicated to warrant the extensive type of discovery requested by the county.

Therefore, the motion for reconsideration is denied.

The next item that we have is a May 22 motion by LILCO to submit supplemental exhibit or to strike

New York Exhibit 3.

Yesterday we received the responses of the state of New York and of Suffolk County. We have reviewed and considered those.

We grant LILCO's motion to submit the supplemental exhibit. We will have to change the number from what they had requested. It will now be LILCO EP No. 48. And if LILCO will submit a copy of that document,

it will be bound in the transcript following this page of the record.

(The document referred to was marked LILCO Exhibit EP48 for identification and was received in evidence.)



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LEGISLATIVE COMMISSIONS ON EXPENDITURE REVIEWS

THE PASSENCE IN AVENUE APPROPRIES

March 9, 1984

Mr. Frank Maneuso State Director Department of Public Safety Office of Civil Preparedness 180 Broad Street Hartford, Connecticut 06105

Dear Mr. Mancuso:

We are returning under separate cover the Connecticut State Plan loaned to the Commission. The material was useful and provided us with insight in planning for radiological emergencies.

Please accept our thanks for your assistance and graciousness in providing information.

Sincorely.

Geraldine Steut

Irving Wendrosky



STATE OF CONNEC

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAF

DATE RECEIVED

APR 25 1984

April 18, 1984

HYS DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

Commissioner of Health Chairman, NrS Disaster Preparedness Commission State of New York Albany, New York 12226

Dear Dr. Axelrod:

In response to your letter of March 30, 1954, let me assure you that the State of Connecticut will not become involved in the explosive environment that exists in the State of New York concerning Rediclogical Emergency Planning. My letter to Director DeVito does not purport to serve as a letter of agreement between the State of Connecticut and the State of New York concerning the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station. It does suggest that we are meeting the requirements of NUREG-9654, FEMA REP-1.

Your letter makes your position as well as that of your Covernor's clear to us. It is not our intention to pursue this matter any further.

Enclosed are letters of correspondence between my office and the State of New York Legislative Commission on Expanditure Review. I have cooperated with that office and made available information concerning Radiological Emergency Planning in Connecticut. I hope it meets with your approval. If not, I suggest you contact Mr. Irving Wandroskey and express your displeasure. I have no desire to become involved in your internal problems.

sincerely.

Frank Manguso State Director

ff:ms

Engl. - OCP Letter to I.Wendrovsky 10/28/83 OCP Letter to DeVito 12/15/83 - omitted Wendrosky Letters to OCP 10/3/83, 3/9/84

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111 WASHINGTON AVENUE - ALBANY, NEW YORK .__

October 3, 1983

Mr. Frank Maneuso
Director
Connecticut Office of Civil Preparedness
State Armory
350 Broad Street
Hartford, Connecticut OG 105

Dear Mr. Maneuse:

As per our telephone conversion, I would appreciate receiving a copy of the following documents from your agency:

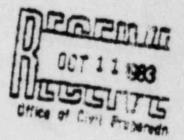
- 1. Title 23
- 2. Statute 81-409
- 3. National Disaster State Plan
- 4. REP Anney.

Your cooperation was extramely helpful.

Sincerely,

Irving Wendrovsky General Ausociate

IRadeh





STATE OF CONNECTICUT

OFFICE OF CIVIL PREPAREDNESS

October 28, 1983

Wr. Truing Wendrovsky, General Associate State of New York Legislative Commission On Expenditure Review 111 Washington Avenue Atbany, New York 18210

Teas Mr. Wendrovsky:

Enclosed are the documents we discussed in our phone conversation several weeks ago. I hope the contents will be useful to you and the legislative Commission on an expenditure review.

I ask that the #34 copy of the "State of Connecticut Radiological Emergency Response Plan for the Haddam Nock Plant and the Millstone Power Station be returned to as after you have had a chance to review it. It is one of only three copies in our inventory.

In my observation with the neighboring states, I find that Radiological Emergency Planning should be with the State Uffice of Emergency Planning the reasons:

- 1. The Office of Civil Preparedness is entrusted with other emergency plo ning and has direct contact with the state, local, and in your case, county governments.
- 2. It has been my experience that when the responsibility for nuclear planning was in other agencies, it was not properly coordinated with the Offic of Civil Preparedness.

In order for any planning to be effective, the agency responsible for that planning should have the full support of the administration as well as the legislative body within that jurisdiction.

Please let me know if I can be of any further help.

Sincerely,

Frank Hancuso State Director

Enclosures - 120 Copy CT REP. Annual Plan for Extenditures. Title 18 Emergency Operations Plan Fact 11 and Disasters

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JUDGE LAURENSON: I believe that we are now
ready to hear the testimony of the New York State witness,
Mr. Failla.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Judge Laurenson, with respect to the ruling that you just made, the state would like to reserve its right to possibly, in the future, introduce a response letter to the letter which was just admitted.

Let the record reflect that Mr. Charles Failla has taken the stand.

Judge Laurenson, I don't believe that Mr. Failla has appeared before in this proceeding and he needs to be sworn.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Will you stand and raise your right hand and be sworn.
Whereupon,

CHARLES V. FAILLA

was called as a witness and, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER:

Q Mr. Failla, do you have in front of you a document which is entitled Direct Testimony of Charles
V. Failla on behalf of New York State regarding Contention
24.F.2?

A I do.

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1	Q Was that prepared by you or under your
2	supervision?
3	A Yes, it has been.
4	Q Is it true and accurate to the best of your
5	belief and knowledge?
6	A It is, to the best of my belief and knowledge.
7	Q Were there any amendments that you made to this
8	testimony after it was written?
9	A Yes, there are amendments to bring it up to date.
10	Q To the best of your knowledge, isn't it true that
11	these amendments have been distributed to the parties and
12	to the judges in this proceeding?
13	A The amendments have been given to my attorney and
14	I am made to understand they have been distributed.
15	Q Is your testimony true and accurate, to the
16	best of your belief and knowledge, as including the
17	amendments that you have made?
18	A Yes, they are.
19	MR. ZAUNLEUTER: At this time I would move that
20	the testimony of Charles V. Failla be admitted into
21	evidence.
22	JUDGE LAURENSON: Any objection to receiving this
23	testimony in evidence?
24	MR. ZEUGIN: No objection.
25	MR. BORDENICK: No objection.

MR. MC MURRAY: No objection.

JUDGE LAURENSON: It will be received in evidence and bound in the transcript following this page as though read.

(Testimony follows.)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Before the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

In the Matter of

LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY

(Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, Unit 1) Docket No. 50-322-OL-3
(Emergency Planning)

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF CHARLES V. FAILLA ON BEHALF OF NEW YORK STATE REGARDING CONTENTION 24.F.2.

- Q. Please state your name and position.
- A. My name is Charles V. Failla. I am Supervising Motor Vehicle Inspector with the New York State Department of Transportation, Region 10 (Nassau-Suffolk). My resume is attached hereto and is identified as Attachment A.
- Q. Please provide a brief background of your work experience as it pertains to your testimony.
- A. For the past year, I have been Supervising Motor Vehicle Inspector. Prior to that, I was a Motor Vehicle Inspector for 25 years.

I participate in and supervise accident investigation and eleven Motor Vehicle Inspectors whose duties are the inspection and/or investigation of omnibuses and/or corporations under the jurisdiction of the New York State Department of Transportation.

- Q. Have you read Contention 24.F.27
- A. Yes. I have read the Confention. I understand that the Contention concerns LILCO's assertion that the agreements it has obtained from 12 bus companies ensure LILCO access to approximately 1236 buses in the event of a

radiological accident at Shoreham. However, it is my understanding that LILCO's bus company agreements provide that each bus company's obligation to provide buses to LILCO is subject to its obligations to provide buses to the schools and school districts with which it has contracts.

The State has been able to obtain information with respect to the buses committed to schools and school districts by 7 of the 12 bus companies with which LILCO has agreements. In the following table, the number of buses committed by each of those companies to schools and school districts is compared with the total number of buses that company has in service.

Company	Committed to Schools	Committed to LILCO	Total In Service*	Available for LILCO's Use
Educational Bus Trans-	98	100	96 92	0
portation, Inc. Hermon E. Swezey Co.,	1	29	31 28	2027
Inc. Huntington Coach, Inc.	107	100	69 68	0
Seaman Bus Co., Inc. Starlite Bus Co., Inc.	31 44	35 60	6562	Ja 18
Suburbia Bus Corp. United Bus Corp.	169 200	190 200	205 206	X 19
TOTALS	650	714	660 679	94 74

^{*40-}adult passenger school buses as of 3/19/84 5/30/84

The source of information concerning the number of buses committed to schools and school districts by each of the seven bus companies included in the table is LILCO's response to Suffolk County Interrogatory No. 3 of August 19, 1983. LILCO's response only provides such information for the seven bus companies mentioned above. The total number of buses each of those companies has in service is derived from the bus inspection records of the New York State Department of Transportation, as of carly large 1984. Educational Bus Transportation and Huntington Coach are able to satisfy their service demand by staggering the number of buses used at one time during peak service. As a result of this, the total buses in service less the total buses committed to schools by the 7 bus companies will not equal the total buses available for LILCO's use (i.e. \$69-650-657).

LILCO claims that the seven aforementioned companies together have committed 714 buses to LILCO's use in the event of an accident at Shoreham.

(See Testimony of Cordaro et al. on Behalf of Long Island Lighting Company on Phase II Emergency Planning Contention 24.F, G, I, K, L, O, P, R, S and T, at 6, 7.) However, as seen in the above table, if an accident were to occur during school sessions, the seven aforementioned companies could in fact provide LILCO with a total of only 65 buses, or about 10% of the number of buses nominally committed to LILCO.

ATTACHMENT A

RESUMA

Charles V. Failla Box 958 Holiday Boulevard Center Moriches, NY 11934

Positions Held:

1983 - Present	Supervising Motor Vehicle Inspector, Dept. of Transportation, State of New York.
1958 - 1983	Motor Vehicle Inspector, Dept. of Transportation, State of New York.
1956 - 1957	Auto Mechanic, City of New York. Heavy duty repairs to trucks and related units.
1950 - 1956	Bus Maintainer "B" Transit Authority New York State - Repair and maintain city diesel and gasoline powered buses, trucks, autos. Repairs to engines, transmissions, front ends, rear end units, electrical and ignition systems, repair and or rebuild hydraulic and air controls. Trouble- shoot and make repairs or adjustments on the field so that vehicles can be returned to shop for permanent repairs. Perform related work.
1948 - 1950	Auto Engineman - N.Y.C. Board of Transportation - Drive and maintained emergency crew truck with subway system.
1941 - 1946	U.S. Army Air Corp See attached "Separation Qualification Record."

Educational Background

See Attached Sheets

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE

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BRONX COUNTY, N. Y.

and of the Claired State

Honorable Discharge

This is to certify that

STAFF SERGEANT CHARLES V. PAILLA 12036816 ARMY AIR FORCE

HEADQUARTERS AAF 146 (ATCHD) 714 BOMB SQ. 448 HEAVY BOMB GROUP Army of the United States

is hereby Honorably Discharged from the military

service of the United States of America.

This certificate is awarded as a testimonial of Honest and Faithful Service to this country.

Given at Halloran General Hospital, Staten Island, New York

Date 27 Hay 1946.

> Colonel Commanding

ENLISTED RECORD AND REPORT OF SEPARATION

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SEPARATION QUALIFICATION RECORD

SAVE THIS FORM. IT WILL NOT BE REPLACED IF LOST

This record of job sessignments and special training received in the Army is furnished to the soldier when he leaves the service. In its preparation, information is taken from available Army records and supplemented by personal interview. The information about citalian education and work experience to best on the individual's own statements. The veteran may present this document to former employers, prospective employers, representatives of schools or colleges, or use it in any other way that may prove beneficial to him.

	MILITARY OCCUPATIONAL ASSIGNMENTS				
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SUMMARY OF MILITARY OCCUPATIONS

TITLE-DESCRIPTION-RELATED CIVILIAN OCCUPATION

AIRPLAN: LINE CHIEF—Served with 23rd Base Hq., and Air Base Squadron in Puerto, Rico. Tas in complete charge of repair, maintenance and inspection of all transit aircraft. Supervised three crews of mechanics, about 50 men. Inspected runways for defects, Also runway lights, plane parking areas. Kept records on all planes serviced or staying over night. Made out efficiency reports and recommendations for promotions.

AIRFLUX EECHANIC GUNDER -- Served with 714th Bomb Squadron, 448th Bomb Group, 8th Air Force in England. Flew combat missions, B-24's over Ger. any, France and Belgium. Received the Purple Heart for wounds sustained from enemy flak while on mission over Brunswick, Germany. Duties were to maintain proper functionin of plane, controls and engines. Also operated .50 cal. machine jun.

MILITARY EDUCATION

NAME OR TYPE OF SCHOOL-COURSE OR CURRICULUM-DURATION-DESCRIPTION

Air Corps Technical School, Chaunte Field, Ill. Airplane Mechanics course, 18 weeks. 50 hrs. per.wk. Course included Theory and Fractical work on all types of Aircraft and Aircraft Engines. Used all types of Hand Tools, Lathes, Drill Press, etc.

Curtis-wright Service School, Buffalo, New York F-40 Specialist course, 6 weeks, 50 hrs. per wk. Course covered Repair and Maintenance of F-40 Plane and Eng.ne.

CIVILIAN EDUCATION

OTHER TRAINING OR SCHOOLING

M COURSE HAVE AND ADDRESS OF SCHOOL DATE II. BURATION

Haaren High School

Hew Tork, New York

M MAKEN GOURSE OF STUDY

ER TILE-VAME AND ADDRESS OF EMPLOYER INCLUSE IT DATES DESCRIPTION

TURRET LATRE OPERATOR - Employed by Horni Signal Mfg. Go., 575 Greenwich Street, New York. Did general mathine shop work making traffic stop lights, fire control boxes, etc. Also eperated drill press, punch, press, grinder. Did all types of mechanical assembling.

CIVILIAN OCCUPATIONS

ADDITIONAL INPORMATION

F 1 * 1 * 1

Purple Heart, Air wedal, one Cak Leef Cluster, Good Conduct Medal, Arerican Theatre Ribbon and the Victory Wedal.

United States Army



Air Corps Technical School

Be it known that

Private Charles V. Jailla, 12036816.

Attached BAJTUC Unassigned.

has satisfactorily completed the course for

Airplane Mechanics

as prescribed by the Air Corps Technical School and Given at

Chanute field, tillinois.

In testimony whereof and by virtue of vested authority I do confer whon him this

DIPLOMA ===

Given on this

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in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and forty-two

Colonel, Drmy Hir Forces



Army Air Forces

Be it known that

. CHARLES V. FAILLA

has satisfactorily completed the course of instruction

prescribed for Aerial Gunners (Flexible) Army dir Forces Gunnery

In testimony whereof and by virtue of vested authority I do confer upon him this



Given at Tyndail Field, Fla. this

twelfth

day

January

in the year of our Lord one thousand

nine hundred and forty-three.

Director of Training.

Attest

1st Lt., Air Corps, Secretary.

Curtiss-Willt Corporation

Aireferte Biftisine

This diploma is awarded to:

CHARLES V. PAILLA

To certify the Curtiss- Pright Turpla Service School and has

Samuel A. Speakling Director of Service Training V

und the Gill

The Drake High School



Charles Fatilia

having satisfuctorily completed the prescribed course of study for graduation is awarded this

DIPLOMA

In witness whereof we hereby sol our hand and seal

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MR. ZAHNLEUTER: I would like to note that three copies of the testimony and the corresponding updates have been submitted to the court reporter.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Let me just inquire, did you atcually amend the testimony by interlineation to make the corrections, or have you submitted a separate document concerning page 2 and 3?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: No. I have written on pages 2 and 3 of the copies that I have submitted to the reporter.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Fine.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: At this time, Mr. Failla is ready for cross-examination.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Zeugin?

CROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. ZEUGIN:

Q Mr. Failla, could I have you turn first to your resume that I believe is attachment A to your testimony?

In your resume it states that you were a motor vehicle inspector with the Department of Transportation for the state of New York from the period of 1958 through.

Do you see that?

- A I see it.
- Q As motor vehicle inspector, did your duties

include inspecting busses during that period of time? 1 2 A Yes, they have and they still do. 3 Q Let me have you turn to page 2 of your testimony, 4 Mr. Failla. I would like to ask you a series of questions about the table that appears in the middle of that page. 6 As I interpret your testimony, the values that are presented in the column entitled Committed to Schools come from LILCO's answer to a Suffolk County 9 interrogatory; is that correct? 10 That is correct. 11 Q Did you examine that interrogatory answer in 12 preparing the values that are listed in that particular 13 column? 14 On the companies noted, I believe, yes. 15 (Counsel approaches the witness.) 16 BY MR. ZEUGIN: 17 I just provided you with a copy of the 18 document that LILCO provided to Suffolk County answering 19 that particular interrogatory. If I could ask you to look at page 4 of that particular document I have handed you, is that the response to which you were referring in footnote 1 of your testimony on page 2 and from which these values came? A Yes, that is where I have gotten the information

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from.

Q Mr. Failla, let me read you the first sentence of that response. It states, "The number of busses described below are those committed to school districts by the bus companies from their entire inventory of busses."

How did you interpret, in preparing column 1 to your testimony, the words "from their entire inventory of busses"?

A On the Commitment to School, I am assuming?

Is that what you are one?

Q Yes.

A The Total in Service and the Total Committed to School -- the Committed to School was from the response from LILCO to Suffolk County. The Total in Service are from my inspection records that are state records in my office.

Q Let me try and clarify. What I was trying to get at is, when you looked at LILCO's response to Suffolk County Interrogatory No. 3, there is a phrase in the first sentence of that response that says, "from their entire inventory of busses."

What I am asking is whether you interpreted that to mean the busses -- let me use an example,

Huntington Coach Corporation. Did you interpret that to mean Huntington Coach Corporation by itself, or did you -- as a single entity -- or did you interpret it to include

subsidiaries of Huntington Coach Corporation?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Objection. The witness has not stated that he has relied on that phrase or interpreted it, so there is no foundation for the question which is also complex.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Overruled.

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and submitted to LILCO stipulate Huntington Coach, Inc.

It doesn't stipulate any other coach company. The coach company shown on the contracts are the coach companies that I had researched. The count that I showed, Total In Service, reflects only those companies that in the contract that I have researched. Any other company I have not gone to my records for.

BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)

Q So I take it from your answer that your assumption, at least, in using the values that are contained in this Interrogatory Response was that the words "their entire inventory of buses" referred only to a single entity, Huntington Coach, and not to any particular -- and not to a group, including subsidiaries of that particular company; is that correct?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Objection. It's a mischaracterization of Mr. Failla's statement.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Overruled.

WITNESS FAILLA: It's not an assumption. The incorporation that shows as Huntington Coach, Incorporated owned X number of buses, this is the incorporation that I have researched and used as Total In Service. These are the only companies that I see that are under contract by LILCO that I can respond to.

I think -- let me just make sure I am clear. 2 You keep using the term "Total In Service," which is the 3 third column of your values. I understand what you are 4

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What I'm trying to get at is your first column, and I'm just simply asking you if the way you interpreted LILCO's Response to Interrogatory Number 3, was that the value of one hundred and seven, let's say, for Huntington Coach, referred only to the bus commitments that Huntington Coach itself and none of its subsidiaries had with schools;

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That is correct.

trying to tell me about that.

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Thank you. Let me have you look at the second column of that table, that is "Committed to LILCO."

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Could you tell me what the source of those values are?

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A (Pause.)

is that correct?

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That's LILCO's testimony.

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I'm sorry. I take it you obtained those particular values from LILCO's testimony; is that the

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source?

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A Yes. I see that they are also the buses contracted. It is LILCO's testimony.

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Did you review the individual contracts for these

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seven bus companies to ascertain whether those numbers were correct before you prepared your testimony?

A Yes, I have. The contracts are between the contractor and LILCO and the amount of vehicles contracted for are on the contract.

Q And so, then, the contracts themselves could have been the source of the values that are presented in Column 2?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Objection. Asked and answered.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Overruled.

WITNESS FAILLA: Yes, they are.

BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)

Q Mr. Failla, let's turn now to the third column of your testimony which is entitled "Total In Service."

I guess on Friday of last week, counsel for

New York State supplied all parties, as well as the Board,

with corrections to values that are contained in that

particular column. Could you briefly explain for me the

reason for those particular changes?

A Bus transportation is a variable business. There are buses coming into service, buses coming out of service.

If buses are permanently taken out of service that would reduce the number in the man's fleet. If a vehicle is added to service, owned by the contractor, the

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vehicle number count will go up, increase, accordingly to the amount of vehicles that come into service.

It is that fluctuation that brings those numbers up and down.

Let me try and restate what I think you just answered me, and tell me if I'm wrong. I'm not trying to put words in your mouth.

I take it the big difference between the values that were in the original testimony as compared to the current values are the difference between the New York State records as of early March 1984 as compared now to late May 1984; is that correct?

My office records are a duplication of the field records that each individual inspector has in the field. My office records are constantly being updated by the information supplied to me from the inspector in the field.

The situation is that, that's the variable.

It is my understanding from your earlier testimony today, as well as from Footnote 1, that the source of the values that are presented in the column that is entitled "Total In Service" were the New York State bus inspection records; is that correct?

That is correct.

Q Mr. Failla, let me ask you to look at a document that I had earlier today marked LILCO Exhibit EP-48. I

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guess for everyone's clarification, given the Board's ruling earlier this morning, it should have been labeled 49 rather

than 48.

And I ask everyone to make that change.

Do you have that document in front of you?

A I have it.

Q Do you recognize the documents that are contained in LILCO Exhibit EP-49?

A That is 48 or 49? I have 48 on mine.

Q I think it's now 49, given the Board's earlier ruling today. So I will refer to it as 49.

A That has been updated.

Q All right. Could you explain to me what you mean by "has been updated?"

A I'm referring to LILCO EP-48 to LILCO EP-49.

Q Okay. Do you recognize the documents that are contained in LILCO EP-49?

A Yes, I do.

Q Could you tell me what those documents are?

A This is an MC-19 sheet which records an operator's vehicle by number, year, chassis, body, type of service, capacity in adult and children, and the vehicle serial number.

You will also see the operator's name and address, phone number and whatever the pertinent information that

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the field inspector may have or need.

Are these documents that are presented in LILCO 0 1 Exhibit EP-49 the New York State inspection records that were 2 used to prepare the values that are contained in the third 3 column of the Table on Page 2 of your testimony? 4 5 They are. In preparing column 3, I take it -- let me give you an example, for Starlite Bus Company, you simply counted the number of buses that are listed on that inspection sheet have a bus capacity of at least forty adults, is that 9 correct? 10 That is correct. 11 So, if a bus had a capacity of less than forty 12 adults you would not have included it in the count? 13 Anything under forty adult capacity was not 14 15 included in the count. And I take it also from your earlier testimony 16 that the values presented in Column 3 are only for the 17 specific company that is listed in the column headed, 'Company' 18 19 on the left, is that correct? 20 That is correct. 21 You made no effort to attempt to determine subsidiaries of the various companies listed on the left, and 22 include those buses in the total in service, is that correct? 23 24 MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Objection. Asked and answered.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Overruled.

and research the seven companies that have been given to me, and these were the seven companies that LILCO gave information on.

No other company has been given, and no other information has been given for me to research.

BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)

Q Mr. Failla, you said you were asked to research
the seven companies provided by LILCO. Were you instructed
not to consider subsidiaries of those companies that you
may know of?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Objection. This is attorney/ client privilege matter.

MR. MILLER: Judge Laurenson, I will add an objection from the County. This line of questioning is irrelevant to the issue before the Board. As Mr. Failla has testified, he looked at LILCO testimony and the contracts, the bus contracts between LILCO and particular bus companies in deriving his figures as set forth in this testimony.

There is no statement anywhere in these contracts regarding subsidiary companies, and I don't see the relevancy of this line of questions.

The contracts between the bus companies and LILCO and this line of questioning regarding subsidiary companies, there is no foundation for it and it is irrelevant to the

witness' testimony.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Let me go back to Mr. Zahnleuter's question of privilege. Are you still raising attorney/client privilege? I think we should hear about that, and explain to us how you feel that the response to this question could be privileged?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Mr. Zeugin's questions asked what my instructions were to the State's witness while we were preparing this testimony. That is attorney/client privilege. We conferred and we decided what the testimony should be.

JUDGE LAURENSON: This was a request as to what the witness was supposed to prepare for a table that is in evidence here. It is not -- he is not inquiring into any advice, legal advice you may have given the witness, I don't think.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: In that regard I would disagree.

The question that Mr. Zeugin asked did not ask about the table or the buses that are in the table. His question was directed to the subsidiary companies, which do not appear at all in the testimony.

JUDGF LAURENSON: As I recall, the question was whether Mr. Failla was instructed to disregard subsidiary companies which he may know about in tabulating these figures. I just don't see that that raises any question of attorney/client privilege.

The objections are overruled.

WITNESS FAILLA: No, I have not been instructed as you just asked.

BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)

Q I take it then in preparing your testimony, from your review, you disregarded any knowledge you may have about how bus companies on Long Island are organized, and how buses may be stored and given yards, or how various owners may set up their bus holdings, is that correct?

A What do you mean by, 'disregard?'

Q I guess what I am asking is: Did you narrowly focus, given your belief that the contracts were with only a single company -- and let me give you an example named Huntington Coach. Did you focus solely on looking at the listing that New York State has for Huntington Coach, and not refer back to any independent knowledge you may have had regarding how Huntington Coach and any other bus company that may be owned by the same person who owns Huntington Coach operates.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Objection. Asked and answered.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Sustained. Now, to clarify that, it wasn't asked about Huntington Coach, but the question was asked about all the bus companies that he listed, so we have to assume that the answer is the same, and there is no point in repeating it.

BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)

Q Mr. Failla, in your years of inspecting buses, have you ever inspected buses belonging to Huntington Coach?

A As a motor vehicle inspector, I never did have the opportunity to inspect Huntington Coach. My assigned area was always the east end of Long Island.

As a supervisory motor vehicle inspector, I have had the opportunity of being on the property of Huntington Coach, but not to inspect their vehicles but to supervise, and supervisory duties only.

Q In your trips to Huntington Coach's property in your supervisory capabilities, did you notice that buses bearing other bus company names than Huntington Coach were stored on that property?

MR. MILLER: Objection, Judge Laurenson. Again,
I want to raise my objection to relevancy.

We are here to talk about the issue of buses under contract to LILCO. Whether a particular bus company that LILCO may have a contract with happens to store buses from some other bus company on its lot, what is the relevancy?

JUDGE LAURENSON: I think Mr. Miller is correct, unless you can make some showing as to how this is tied up to the testimony Mr. Failla has submitted.

MR. ZEUGIN: I think, Judge Laurenson, I wuld proffer for the record that numerous bus companies on Long

1 Island operate under a variety of names.

Bus company owners -- the single owner in virtually every case owns all of the buses under whatever name they may appear under. That the understanding of those bus companies with LILCO is that all of those buses, regardless of their name, are under contract to LILCO. What I am trying -- and I know it's difficult for me to establish under Mr. Failla, I cannot do that, I will offer at the end of this particular testimony, to offer a LILCO witness who will present that evidence.

That is really what I am getting into, and what I am getting into is that Mr. Failla was basically aware of the fact that buses of different names are stored at the same yard, and at least I would think have some idea as a bus inspector that those buses were all commonly owned by a single person. That is really the focus of my question.

JUDGE LAURENSON: But that is not the question you have asked. The question is storage on the lots, and that doesn't produce anything relevant to the proffer that you just made.

Now, whether he has information concerning the ownership of other buses might be another matter, but the objection is sustaned.

BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)

Q Mr. Failla, in your dealings with Huntington Coach

1	Corporation, are you aware of who owns that particular
2	company?
3	A If you mean who is President of the Incorporation,
4	I am.
5	Q Who is that, sir?
6	A That would be Kenneth Clifford.
7	Q To your knowledge, does Mr. Clifford own any other
8	bus companies?
9	A I would say he is President of several other
10	bus companies.
11	Q Could you give me the names of those companies?
12	MR. MILLER: Judge Laurenson, I am going to raise
13	my relevancy objection again. If Counsel for LILCO is
14	prepared to represent that these other bus companies have
15	contracts with LILCO, that is one thing. If we are simply
16	asking for all the bus companies this gentleman may own,
17	whether or not they have contracts with LILCO, there is no
18	foundation in the record. No basis in the record. It is
19	not relevant to this testimony.
20	JUDGE LAURENSON: Again, I think Mr. Miller is
21	correct. The question that you asked as to the ownership
22	of other companies by the President of one bus company doesn's
23	establish anything.
24	Objection is sustained.
25	BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)
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Mr. Failla, let me have you look at page 7 of LILCO Exhibit EP-49. I am sorry. I have the wrong page. 2 Page 9. Do you have that page in front of you, sir? 3 A I have the page open in front of me. 4 Q Could you look under the column headed: Operator's 5 Name, Address. Do you see the two entries, the first reading, 6 inspect at Suburbia Bus Corp, Middle Island and then a 7 telephone number. Operated out of that location. And then under that, another note saying: Note: 9 Abobe buses owned by Suburbia Corporation not included in 10 vehicle count. 11 Do you see those two statements? 12 13 I see it. Q Do you recognize the handwriting of either of 14 those statements, or both? 15 I do. 16 17 Are they your handwriting, sir? 18 A Under Note: Above buses owned by uburbia Bus Corporation, not included in vehicle count, is my 19 handwriting. 20 Q If it is your belief, Mr. Failla, that those buses are owned by Suburbia Bus Corporation, why didn't you 22 include them in your count for buses owned by Suburbia 23 Bus Corporation?

A Better Bus Company, Incorporated, is an incorporation

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in itself. It is not what I have seen on any contract, and 1 I did not count them into a vehicle count for Suburbia Bus. Suburbia Bus represents an independent incorporation. 3 Could you explain for me, then, what you mean by, 'above buses owned by Suburbia Bus Corporation.' 5 That, as I stated earlier, the information written on this nineteen sheet is for the inspector's information in the field. It identifies where a vehicle is brought in for inspection at that convenient location. It also shows 9 that Better Bus Company, Incorporated, is using the same 10 property as Suburbia Bus Corporation, even though the 11 Presidents are the same individual, they are two separate 12 incorporations. 13

Q I guess I am still confused. I am not sure you answered my last question, which is why did you use the term, 'owned by Suburbia Bus Corporation' to describe that relationship that you just explained to me?

> MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Objection. Asked and answered. JUDGE LAURENSON: Overruled.

WITNESS FAILLA: The incorporation has a President that is the same individual. He could be the President of various incorporations, but the incorporation itself is what I looked into, not the individual.

BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)

Let me have you look now, Mr. Failla, at the last

1 column, the Table that appears on page 2 of your testimony.

I take it that the values that appear in that column were produced by subtracting the number of buses committed to schools from the total number of buses that appear in service, that appear in Column 3 of your testimony, is that correct?

A Pass that by me again, please.

Q Okay. Let me try it a little bit differently. To get the value that is reported in Table -- in Column 4, did you subtract the values that is reported in Column 1 from the value that is reported in Column 3?

A That is correct.

Q Okay. Mr. Failla, let me have you look at
Footnote l of your testimony. In that footnote, you have
a statement: Educational Bus Transportation and Huntington
Coach are able to satisfy their service demand by staggering
the number of buses used at one time during peak service.

Do you see that statement?

A I do.

Q What is the basis for that particular statement?

A Various routes contractors serve can service one or two schools under different contracts. It has been known to be done where an operator has X number of buses, which is under the amount that is required if he supplied individual buses to each school.

In other words, one bus can fulfill two contracts. 1 What I say on that, by picking up students from two different 2 schools, and delivering them enroute as a multi-service for 3 that one particular bus. Q Did you contact the bus companies to ascertain 5 whether that conclusion is correct? 6 No, I had not. 7 So that was merely a conclusion you drew from your own knowledge of the way school bus operations work in Suffolk County? 10 11 It is an assumption on my part. MR. ZEUGIN: Judge Laurenson, I have no further 12 13 questions. 14 JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Miller? 15 CROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. MILLER: 16 17 Mr. Failla, will you look please at page 2 to 18 your testimony, and I would like to try to clarify what was meant by you when you wrote your testimony regarding 19 20 some of these headings of the columns in your Table on page 2. Could you tell me first of all the column in the 21 middle of the page, which is headed: Total in Service. 22 23 Do your figures in that column include buses 24 which are temporarily out of service?

A The count, Total in Service, includes any vehicle

potentially ready for service.

By that, I mean any buses that the company has not sold or taken permanently out of service.

End 4. Reb fols.

Q I take it then, sir, that busses temporarily out of service are included in your figures in that column; is that correct?

A Yes, it is.

Q And you excluded the busses that were or that have been permanently taken out of service, correct?

A That is correct. That will reduce the count.

Q Is it fair to say, Mr. Failla, that the only busses excluded from your figures are those that have been permanently taken out of service?

A That is correct.

Q And Mr. Failla, back to this issue of the seven bus companies which you reviewed. Your testimony states that you looked at seven of 12 bus companies which LILCO has agreements with.

Now, could you please explain to me why you looked at just seven of 12 bus companies?

A To arrive on busses available for LILCO's use

I would have to know figures that are Committed to School,
and that figure is taken from LILCO's response.

Q Is that the response referred to in footnote 1 on page 2?

A That is correct.

Q So is it fair to say, Mr. Failla, that you relied on the information provided to you by LILCO?

1 A Solely. 2 Mr. Failla, had you reviewed the bus contract 3 between LILCO and Huntington Bus Company? 4 Yes, I have. Is it actually Huntington Coach, Inc.; is that correct? 7 A That is correct. Do you know, Mr. Failla, whether LILCO's contract that you have reviewed is with Huntington Coach, Inc. 10 or with Kenneth Clark, its president? 11 A Off the top of my head, I would say it is 12 Huntington Coach, but let me look it up and give you an 13 accurate answer. 14 (Pause.) 15 LILCO's contract is with Huntington Coach 16 Corporation. 17 MR. MILLER: Thank you. 18 Judge Laurenson, we have no further questions. 19 JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Bordenick? 20 CROSS-EXAMINATION 21 BY MR. BORDENICK: 22 Mr. Failla, would you look at page 2 of your 23 testimony, please. You have a sentence that begins at 24 the top of the page. Let me read it. 25 "However, it is my understanding that LILCO's

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bus company agreements provide that each bus company's obligation to provide busses to LILCO is subject to its obligations to provide busses to the schools and school districts with which it has contracts."

I would like to ask you a few questions on that sentence.

First of all, what is your understanding based on?

A It is based on the contracts that LILCO and the school contractor signed is subject to first commitment school district contracts.

Q Would you repeat that? I missed a few words in there.

A I said it is subject to the contracts that LILCO and the school contractor signed, subject to the commitment to the school contractor's contract with the school district first.

Am I going around you, or shall I come at you again?

Q Let me try another question.

You are talking about contracts between schools and these various bus companies; is that essentially what you are saying?

A The school contractors are contractors that have contracts with the school districts, yes.

O Did you personally examine these contracts that

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1 you are talking about? 2 School contracts? 3 Yes. A No, I have not. 5 How do you know they say what you say they say? LILCO's testimony. I have relied strictly on 6 7 your source. 8 Where you talk about bus company's obligation to provide busses to LILCO is subject to its -- its 10 being the bus company's obligations to provide busses to 11 the schools and school districts with which it has 12 concracts, do you know if any of the schools and school 13 districts that you are referring to in this sentence are 14 located within the EPZ, the Shoreham EPZ? 15 What are the boundaries of the EPZ? 16 Let me ask you the question, are you familiar 17 with the boundaries of the --18 A No, I am not. 19 Then I will withdraw my previous question. 20 MR. BORDENICK: Judge Laurenson, I have no further 21 questions for this witness. 22 JUDGE LAURENSON: Before we start redirect, 23 I just had a question of clarification. BOARD EXAMINATION

BY JUDGE LAURENSON:

Q That is, Mr. Zeugin asked you about page 9 of this attachment 49. Without going through it page by page, let me just inquire if there are other bus companies listed in this seven that you know own busses listed under other names in this attached exhibit or in this exhibit, No. 49?

A Judge, various bus incorporations have other incorporations for tax purposes. This almost a well-known factor in the field. Some of they are leasing companies. Other are just tax purpose companies. Other are additional bus companies.

Still each individual incorporation is an incorporation, and my records show it -- my MC19s show it.

My MC2A which acribes bus show it as individual corporations.

If Better Bus Incorporation owns a vehicle, it is listed in our files as a prescriptive statement under Better Bus Incorporation.

If a Better Bus Incorporation bus is taken out of service, the MC19 sheets which you see here on this LILCO EP49, it would be deleted from Better Bus Company Incorporation, not Suburbia Bus or any other incorporation. Each incorporation is a school contractor or a contract carrier or whatever it may be.

Q Let me just ask then why it is, on page 9 here, that these busses are all listed under Better Bus Company when, according to your note, they are owned by a different

company?

A Because the president, the individual is the president of Suburbia Bus Corporation and is also the president of Better Bus Company. And if you will see here, Owner, Bruce Acker, Tower Hill Road, Shoreham, New York, under his incorporation, I would assume that Bruce Acker would show as president as for Better Bus Company Incorporation and also as president for Suburbia Bus Corporation.

Q I am still not sure why these busses are listed under Better Bus Company if they are owned by a different company.

A Better Bus Company Incorporation is the operator. And state law says that the operator must be shown on the side of a vehicle.

The incorporation, there again we go. The incorporation makes it an independent entity.

JUDGE LAURENSON: I understand. Thank you.
Mr. Zahnleuter?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: May I take a minute? (Pause.)

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER:

Q Mr. Failla, I would like to show you the contract that is appended to LILCO's testimony that is

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between LILCO and Huntington Coach Corporation.

(Counsel approaches the witness.)

I refer you to page 4 of that contract. Is that the basis for your testimony on page 2 which describes your understanding of LILCO's bus agreements and the commitments to schools?

(Pause.)

A Yes, it is.

Q Could you tell us which words there are the basis for that understanding?

A Well, the entire paragraph, but the sentence that says, And for providing X number of vans, all subject, however, to the prior rights of the local school districts under contracts with the contractor in the unlikely event of an accident at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station.

Q With respect to the Better Bus Company and Suburbia Bus Company, do you treat these two companies as two companies for inspection purposes or as one company?

A Two independent companies.

Judge, how about a three-minute recess?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Maybe it would be a good time

for the morning recess.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Let's limit it to ten minutes this time.

(Recess.)

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Zahnleuter, is there any further redirect examination?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: I have no other questions.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Are there any further questions for Mr. Failla?

MR. ZEUGIN: No, Judge Laurenson.

MR. MILLER: I just have one question based upon your questions to Mr. Failla.

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

BY MR. MILLER:

Q Could you look, please, at page 9 of LILCO Exhibit 49. Judge Laurenson was asking you about this page.

Is it fair to say, sir, that the only thing that this page of your records shows is that Mr. Acker is the owner or an official of both the Suburbia Bus Corporation and Better Bus Company, Inc.?

A He is an official of both incorporations, yes.

Mostly, as I stated earlier, on this MC19 sheet, where it
says Operator's Name and Address, then usually the field
inspector puts down there information that he relies on
when he is out on the field. It is an information column
more or less.

It will give if an operator has a pit lift or a

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ramp or his telephone number or if he doesn't have 1 facilities where that operator is inspected at. 2 It is informative to the MVI in the field. And 3 MVI is motor vehicle inspector. Q Is it fair to say then, sir, that this information 5 is logged on your forms as it is stated on page 9, for example, for the convenience of your office? A For the convenience of the office and the field 8 9 inspector, yes. MR. MILLER: Thank you. 10 JUDGE LAURENSON: Any other questions for 11 12 Mr. Failla? 13 (No response.) 14 JUDGE LAURENSON: Thank you, Mr. Failla. 15 You are excused as a witness. 16 THE WITNESS: Thank you, Judge. And thank you 17 for the recess. 18 (The witness stood down.) 19 JUDGE LAURENSON: This doesn't complete the 20 contention or cluster 13, rather, because we have testimony 21 specifically scheduled next Tuesday, I believe. But is 22 there -- there was an earlier statement by Mr. Zeugin 23 about some rebuttal testimony. 24

MR. ZEUGIN: Yes, Judge Laurenson. LILCO would move to submit rebuttal testimony that would be

directed exclusively to Mr. Failla's testimony that has just been introduced.

While we are aware of the fact that some testimony will go to school contentions next week, we believe that now is probably the best time to address this particular rebuttal testimony because, as I said, it is exclusive to Mr. Failla's testimony.

The reasons we would like to submit this testimony are basically three-fold; the first being, Mr. Failla has this morning stated his understanding of an answer that LILCO provided in response to Suffolk County Interrogatory No. 3 of August 19, 1983, and his interpretation of language that is contained in that answer. LILCO would like to provide its understanding, its thoughts when it supplied that answer which it believes are very different than those of Mr. Failla.

Second, we have heard this morning also Mr. Failla give his understanding of LILCO contracts with a number of companies, using one as an example, Huntington Coach Corporation, and his assumptions given the number of busses that each of those corporations could commit in a given contract. LILCO would like to submit additional testimony on the negotiations and the understandings that went into the contracts that have already been submitted as exhibits to LILCO's testimony on contention 24.F.

And finally, LILCO would like to submit

testimony regarding the column entitled Total in Service

based on the testimony, really, of the other two points

that we were going to discuss earlier which is the number

of busses, basically, that the various companies that

are listed on the table on page 2 of Mr. Failla's testimony

felt they were committing and the number of busses they

felt in their own mind they had available to commit.

That would be the scope of LILCO's rebuttal testimony. LILCO believes it is relevant to important points that were raised in Mr. Failla's testimony.

The testimony is not cumulative of other testimony in the record. And since it is responsive to Mr. Failla's testimony and his understanding of documents that LILCO has provided, the testimony could not have been filed at an earlier point in time.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Who is going to supply this testimony?

MR. ZEUGIN: The testimony will be supplied orally by Mrs. Robinson who is a witness on contention 24.F.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Is there any objection to this request to submit rebuttal testimony?

MR. MILLER: Judge Laurenson, before we go into objections to Mr. Zeugin's offer for rebuttal testimony, could we request a clarification of the third

point? I simply didn't understand Mr. Zeugin's arguments on the third point offered by LILCO.

MR. ZEUGIN: The third point is basically testimony that would address the column entitled Total in Service. It would present information based on New York State records that are contained in LILCO Exhibit EP49 but would include not only the named company that Mr. Failla has limited his count to but also other entities that it was the assumption -- and we will attempt to show this on testimony -- were the assumption of the companies that were committing busses under given agreements that LILCO has with these bus companies.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: I would like to make a statement in opposition to that motion.

For one thing, I think this would be the most opportune time to present rebuttal testimony, if we were going to do it. I would not disagree with that.

But I would disagree with the other three points that Mr. Zeugin raised.

His first point was that the LILCO witness intended to rebut Mr. Failla's interpretation of a LILCO response to a Suffolk County interrogatory. The interrogatory was presumably written by LILCO lawyers and the interpretation was certainly Mr. Failla's. I don't see how a LILCO witness would be able to rebut what

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the thought process was in Mr. Failla's mind.

With respect to the second point about Huntington Coach and the background negotiations that went into that agreement, I think that it is fair to say that this is cumulative testimony because the contracts have been admitted into evidence under contention 24. The witnesses have been here already and they have testified concerning the evolution of those contracts.

The contracts say Huntington Coach. They identify no other company. I don't see what more could be added to what the contracts already have on the face of them.

With respect to the third point about the Total in Service column, the contracts do not include these companies, do not include the subsidiary companies at all. So my argument would be the same. But I would also note that if testimony is going to be admitted for the number of busses that are in service for a subsidiary company that does not appear on the face of the contract, there is other information that also must be admitted somewhere along the way.

That information is, of those other busses of the subsidiary, how many are committed to schools and how many are committed to LIICO.

Mr. Failla's sources of information are nothing more than LILCO's information. I think that LILCO should be required to stand by what it has stated in its contracts

in its testimony and in its responses to its interrogatories

and not be allowed to change any facts or figures at this

time.

So I would oppose the rebuttal motion.

MR. MILLER: The county would also oppose LILCO's motion to submit rebuttal testimony. The county fully supports the arguments made by the state of New York.

Briefly, Mr. Zahnleuter exactly expresses the issue where he says that a LILCO witness cannot testify as to the interpretation that has been given to an agreement by Mr. Failla as the witness for the state of New York.

There is nothing to rebut in that respect.

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Number Two. With respect to Mr. Failla's understanding of the LILCO bus contracts and his assumptions as to the availability of the buses, Mr. Zeugin's own arguments are convincing in that what LILCO again attempts to offer this Board is supplemental testimony. It is not rebuttal testimony; there is nothing to rebut.

Negotiations that may or may not have taken place betwee. LILCO and the bus companies are not the issue here. The issue are the bus contracts that have been admitted into the record of this proceeding. Those contracts show agreements between LILCO and particular bus companies.

Not only is it cumulative to enter the rebuttal testimony offered by Mr. Zeugin, it's irrelevant. The contracts speak for themselves. Those contracts do not include in any way, shape or form subsidiary bus companies.

Thirdly, Judge Laurenson, the comments regarding the Total In Service column is very similar to the second point offered by Mr. Zeugin. If LILCO intended to include any bus companies other than the particular bus companies they contracted with, that should have been stated in the contract. LILCO again offers to the Board to supplement the testimony.

This is not the proper way to do so. They have not filed a motion; they have not shown any good cause for supplementing their testimony. There is nothing to rebut on

the record through Mr. Failla and the testimony offered to this Board today.

And for that reason, the County would oppose

LILCO's motion.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Does the Staff wish to be heard on this?

MR. BORDENICK: Only to say that we have no objection to LILCO's request.

JUDGE LAURENSON: All right. We will consider this request and we will be right back.

(Short recess while the Board confers.)

JUDGE LAURENSON: We have considered the LILCO request to submit rebuttal testimony in response to Mr. Failla's testimony and the objections of the State and County to that request. Since there are really three separate matters addressed here, we will take them one by one.

First, the offer to submit rebuttal testimony had to do with Mr. Failla's interpretaion of the LILCO Interrogatory. We reject this request. We deny it because it does not meet our test for the admission of rebuttal testimony as submitting relevant evidence to the important point in the -- of decisional importance in the proceeding.

Secondly, Mr. -- I'm sorry, Mrs. Robinson has been indicated as a witness to sponsor testimony concerning

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the negotiation and discussions concerning the contract with Huntington Coach Bus Line. We find that that does not meet the test for rebuttal evidence either, since there was no testimony offered by Mr. Failla on this subject.

Number Three is the offer to have Mrs. Robinson testify concerning the explanation of the calculation of the Total In Service column on Page 2 of Mr. Failla's testimony from the documents contained in LILCO EP-49 concerning the availability of other buses. We grant this request, and we will permit the testimony to be received because it does meet our test for the admission of rebuttal evidence concerning the fact that it is relevant to an important point in the record, it is not cumulative, and it was incapable of being filed in a more timely fashion.

You may call Mrs. Robinson.

Mrs. Robinson, you are still under oath. Whereupon,

ELAINE D. ROBINSON

was called as a witness on behalf of Long Island Lighting Company and, having previously been duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. ZEUGIN:

Q Mrs. Robinson, have you had an opportunity to review Mr. Failla's testimony, in particular Column 3

entitled "Total In Service" on Page 2 of his testimony?

- A Yes, I have.
- Q Do you agree with the values that are contained in that column?
 - A No, I do not.
- Q Could you explain why you do not agree with those particular values?

A They do not show the numbers that LILCO has contracted for and which we have, through discussions with the bus companies, and in certain cases by our own field inspections, determined the number of buses which they do have in service and which they have signed contracts for, accepted payment, a retainer, for, and represented to me personally in at least one case that such buses are at their disposal, that they were capable of contracting for them and that they would be available to LILCO.

MR. MILLER: Judge Laurenson, I would move that that answer be striken. It falls within the second category which you expressly stated would not be admitted as rebuttal testimony regarding negotiations and discussions between Mrs. Robinson and the bus companies.

JUDGE LAURENSON: The motion to strike is denied.

BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)

Q Are there any specific values that appear in that particular column that you believe are in error?

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A There are two in particular. One is Huntington Coach, Inc. which shows a total in service of 68 and Suburbia Bus Corporation which shows a total of 188.

Q What numbers do you believe should be in place of the numbers, I guess it's 68 for Huntington Coach and 188 for Suburbia Bus Corporation?

A For Huntington Coach, it should be -- the most current total would be 123. At the time of the contract, it was 126 but it is my understanding that he has since removed three buses from his total inventory for operations, so it would now be 123.

And for Suburbia Bus Company it should be 194.

Q Could you explain again, Mrs. Robinson, what the source of those two particular values you have just quoted are, is?

A The sources are two-fold. One is the equipment lists which have been provided to LILCO as part of the contractual arrangement in order for those bus contractors to be paid their retainer fees. The second -- well, actually it is three-fold. I'm not counting well today. Were confirmatory phone calls, and then actual field inspection to see that the buses contracted for had valid inspection stickers.

MR. ZEUGIN: Thank you, Mrs. Robinson. I have no further questions, Judge Laurenson.

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JUDGE LAURENSON: I may have misunderstood your representation before, Mr. Zeugin. I thought Mrs. Robinson was going to be addressing the list of vehicles in LILCO Exhibit 49. Did I misunderstand that?

MR. ZEUGIN: I guess I'm somewhat at a loss to understand what your question is, Judge Laurenson. My offer with regard to the third column was LILCO's belief that those values are not correct and the sources of the reasons why those values are not correct.

As I said, one of the sources was LILCO Exhibit EP-49. Now if it helps to clarify the record I could ask Mrs. Robinson how EP-49 figured into the two values that she has just provided the Board, if that would be helpful.

JUDGE LAURENSON: All right. I mean, if you don't ask that I'm going to ask that, because I want to know where the numbers come from.

BY MR. ZEUGIN: (Continuing)

Q Mrs. Robinson, could you please explain with regard to the two values you have just reported for Huntington Coach and Suburbia how those come from LILCO Exhibit EP-49?

A Yes, certainly. Those values include those buses shown as being owned by Better Bus Company, Inc. which is confirmed by the notes on here. What we were told, those are owned by Suburbia Bus Company, by Mr. Bruce Acker.

And then again on Page 31 of EP-49, you can see the listings for Roy K. Davis Bus Company. In addition to my conversations with Kevin Clifford, and there have been many beginning last Summer and ongoing up until two weeks ago, in addition to those, those numbers and the names provided on this listing of Page 31 of EP-49 are the same one; that were provided to us by Mr. Clifford as part of this contract for the Huntington Coach Corporation as the numbers to be reached for notification.

And that again was provided as part of the contract. But it was those names and telephone numbers.

Q Mrs. Robinson, in determining the two numbers for Huntington Coach and Suburbia, did you compare the serial numbers that are presented in LILCO Exhibit EP-49 against serial numbers provided as part of invoices from the company, as part of their contracts with LILCO?

A A staff member did so at my direction, yes.

And the reason you reached the conclusion about Better Bus Company and Roy K. David Bus Company that you just stated was based on a comparison of those serial numbers?

A That was a major portion of that conclusion, yes.

MR. ZEUGIN: Thank you.

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Are all of these buses listed to Roy (. Davis Bus Company ones that you have, LILCO has, contracts with?

A We have not contracted for Mr. Clifford's entire inventory. He owns more buses than he contracted to LILCO for, so that when you match up the equipment list which he provided to us against his total in service equipment you find that there are buses that are listed as being in service which are not on the LILCO, on the response to the LILCO contract.

And how many of these on this Page 31 and 32 and 33 are relied upon by LILCO in connection with your total number of 123 for Huntington Coach?

A Well, of the number that the total LILCO relies on, of the -- LILCO relies on 100 of the total 123 buses, a portion of those are listed in the records of Huntington Coach Corporation and another 30 plus are listed as belonging to Roy K. Davis, which is owned by Mr. Clifford in both cases.

Q In other words, all of the buses listed on Pages 31 through 33 of this exhibit should be included in the total in service number of 123; is that correct?

A That's correct. Yes.

Now, you also testified about Better Bus Company,

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and we've heard some testimony earlier concerning Page 9 of this exhibit. I also notice that Page 30 has another listing for Better Bus Company.

Is that the same situation where those buses are owned by Suburbia, or are those otherwise owned --

- A No. Those are also owned by Bruce Acker.
- Q Are those also included in that number?
- A In the total in service, yes.
- Q I guess I don't understand why there is a discrepancy of six between Mr. Failia's number of 188 and your number of 194 when you have included some sixteen buses listed to Better Bus Company on Page 9, and it looks like another dozen or so on Page 30.

When we did our original matching of numbers when we received the information from the contractors, we did not in any way distinguish between Suburbia or Better Bus Company because they did not in dealing with us. I really can't explain that any more than to say we have just matched numbers and naturally gone out and matched them against buses and checked for inspection stickers.

I really can't answer that any better than that.

BOARD EXAMINATION

BY JUDGE KLINE:

Q We still have something to clarify. On Page 9 and Page 30, just to verify that there is no double-counting

because it appears to me that Page 9 and Page 30 contain the identical information, one handwritten and one typewritten.

A I must say I had not dog-eared or noticed Page 30 but I had been using Page 9.

Q Page 30 is not included in your counts, then, that you just gave us, is that -- for the total in service?

A No, they were not included in mine. And again

I think you are correct. I did not do the inspections myself. It was done at my direction. And again at that point,
it was a field count.

Q I'm just trying to get at what you just told us.

I don't want Page 9 and Page 30 to both be in the count if
they are identical.

A No. Going by my dog-eare pages, I did not use 30 at all. I used 9 and 31, 32 and 33, which were for Roy K. Davis.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Zahnleuter.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: First of all, I would move at this time that Mrs. Robinson's testimony that has been offered in rebuttal be striken in its entirety because, for one reason, it does not meet the test you have just enunciated, namely that it be incapable of being presented earlier.

Mis. Robinson testified that the source of her knowledge was a field inspection of the buses, a matching of the serial numbers and statements by the bus company owners.

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All of that information was available a long time ago and certainly before the time that LILCO submitted their testimony on bus contracts.

In addition, Mrs. Robinson is using Mr. Clifford as an example of a person who has contracted with LILCO, but according to the contracts that have been submitted into testimony before, it's not Mr. Clifford that appears on the front page, or the face of the document, it's the name of the bus company, in this case Huntington. I think that the testimony is -- I think that her testimony could have been presented at an earlier time and that it wasn't.

And on that basis, I move to strike it.

JUDGE LAURENSON: The procedural background of this, as I recall, there was a Motion to Strike the testimony

of Mr. Failla in its entirety, that we were asked to rule

4 upon earlier, and we denied that Motion.

And at that time, LILCO's response was that if we admitted any testimony from Mr. Failla, that it would have to consider, or submit rebuttal testimony, and whether it should have been filed at that time, or today, I don't think is a significant difference. In any event, the Motion to Strike is denied.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: If I may comment on that. When the testimony ordinarily would be filed simultaneously, so I don't see the reason for a reservation of a right to submit rebuttal testimony.

I mean, if the testimony had been filed -- it was filed at the same time as LILCO's testimony. So, I don't understand the basis for the importance -- I don't understand.

Strike Mr. Failla's testimony, and that Motion was denied.

And LILCO is now submitting rebuttal testimony to Mr. Failla, which we have limited just to the one issue concerning the total in-service count column, and the testimony that Ms.

Robinson has offered has been LILCO's explanation of what numbers should be included in that column, and that is the

sole purpose. We find that to be relevant and it is responsive to Mr. Failla's testimony.

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Since the testimony was filed simultaneously,

LILCO could not have, obviously, anticipated that testimony in its filing, and that was what the subject of their Motion

to Strike was.

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MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Okay. Thank you for your

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explanation.

MR. MILLER: Judge Laurenson, before we go on, I would like to move to strike the entire testimony submitted by Ms. Robinson on a different basis. My basis would be the gross unreliability of the testimony as presented.

I acknowledge that hearsay evidence, per se ,is admissible in these proceedings. But the testimony offered by Ms. Robinson is grossly unreliable, and it does not meet the rules of practice of the NRC, which state that only relevant material and reliable evidence which is not unduly repetitious will be admitted.

Referring to Section 2.743 (c). Judge Laurenson, Ms. Robinson has testified that there are three sources for her figures. Equipment lists provided to LILCO, confirmatory phone calls, and field visits.

To our knowledge, these equipment lists provided to LILCO, in Ms. Robinson's words, are not in the record of this proceeding. Confirmatory phone calls and field visits

are so grossly unreliable to such an extent hearsay testimony, that there is really no fair, effective meaningful way to cross examine Ms. Robinson on this testimony. And it should be striken.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Well, in response to one of my questions she submitted that the list of buses owned -- or rather operated by the Roy K. Davis Bus Company was, in fact, -- were, in fact, among the ones committed to LILCO under the contract, based upon the attachment, or LILCO Exhibit EP-49.

And that it is upon that information that she also comes up with the numbers that she believes should be the total In-Service column.

If her testimony were limited to just the first three answers, I think I would be inclined to agree with you. Because that was information that was previously submitted. But I think that LILCO has the right to explain why it believes that the buses which are operated by this Roy Smith -- I am sorry, Roy Davis -- guess I am saying the wrong name -- Roy K. Davis Bus, Incorporated, are, in fact, committed under this contract, and then it becomes a question of the weight which we should give to that testimony.

MR. MILLER: Yes, sir. The problem I am having with Ms. Robinson's testimony is that the nature of the testiomony, based on the equipment list, confirmatory phone calls, field visits, is just grossly unreliable. She is stating her

interpretation, her understanding of what someone at bus companies has said to her, and then we are to sit here and cross examine her on that? There is no way to do so in a fair and effective manner.

JUDGE LAURENSON: I don't think that that is true, because as far as the Suburbia Bus Company, it is the testimony already of Mr. Failla, according to his notes on page 9, that those buses are owned by Suburbia Bus, but were not counted in this figure, and the question of whether they should be counted or not, that is another matter.

The Roy K. Davis buses have been identified as being included in the contract, without regard to any testimony by Ms. Robinson concerning telephone conversations or negotiations.

So, _gain, that would be something that takes it beyond the hearsay testimony that you are objecting to.

MR. MILLER: Judge Laurenson, maybe then we should ask Ms. Robinson for a clarification. What I think she testified to was that the Roy K. Davis buses, and the Suburbia Buses are owned by the same person, but the Roy K. Davis buses are not owned by Suburbia Bus Corporation. There is a distinction there, and an important distinction.

JUDGE LAURNESON: I didn't say Roy K. Davis was owned by Suburbia. I was talking about Better Bus Company buses owned by Suburbia.

MR. MILLER: Wouldn't it be the same point? The buses themselves might be subject to the ownership of the same individual, but they are different bus companies.

JUDGE LAURENSON: This is something I think you can develop on cross examinion. Your Motion to Strike is also denied.

Mr. Zahnleuter?

Mr. ZAHNLEUTER: Judge Laurenson, up to a few minutes ago we had absolutely no idea of what Ms. Robinson's testimony was going to be, and we would request a lengthy enough recess to evaluate her testimony and prepare our own cross examination.

Ms. Robinson has had the advantage of doing field inspections, making confirmatory phone calls, and looking at other documents, and I would request the same advantage for my cross examination.

JUDGE LAURENSON: We will take our luncheon recess now. We will reconvene at 1:45. Is that sufficient recess, Mr. Zahnleuter?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Yes, that would be enough for the State.

MR. MILLER: That would suffice for the County, Judge Laurenson.

JUDGE LAURENSON: I was going to be afraid to ask. All right. We will take our luncheon recess now, then.

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Whereupon, luncheon recess was taken at 12:15 p.m., to reconvene at 1:45 p.m., this same day.)

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AFTERNOON SESSION

(1:48 p.m.)

Whereupon,

ELAINE D. ROBINSON,

a witness called on behalf of Long Island Lighting Company, and, having previously been duly sworn, was examined and testified further as follows:

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Zahnleuter, are you ready to begin your cross examination?

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER:

Q Ms. Robinson, do you have the contract that exists between LILCO and Huntington Coach Corporation in front of you?

A No. I do not.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Does counsel for LILCO have a copy available?

MR. ZEUGIN: Unfortunately, I don't have a copy of that testimony with me. I am sorry.

BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: (Continuing)

Q Ms. Robinson, in one second I will give you my copy. Do you have the contract in front of you now?

A Yes, I do.

Q And it is Attachment 6 to your testimony on Contention 24, is that correct?

1 A That is correct. 2 Would you please answer this question yes or no, and if you can't answer it yes or no, then please just state 3 that, that you can't answer it yes or no. 5 Does the contract that you have before you 6 specifically state anywhere that it is an agreement between LILCO and Better Bus Company? I am sorry. Not Better Bus 7 8 Company, but Roy K. Davis Company? 9 A No. 10 Could you turn to Attachment 9. Am I correct that 11 that is a copy of the contract that exists between Suburbia 12 Bus Corporation and LILCO? 13 Yes, it is. A 14 And with the same conditions as I just stated, 15 does it state anywhere in that contract that the contract 16 is between LILCO and Better Bus Company? 17 A No. 18 MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Thank you. I have no other 19 questions. 20 JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Miller? 21 MR. MILLER: Yes. 22 CROSS EXAMINATION 23 BY MR. MILLER: 24 Ms. Robinson, do any of the contracts which

presently exist between LILCO and bus companies specifically

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state that any buses that might be available to the bus 1 company contracted with by LILCO, either through subsidiary 2 or an affiliated company, are also available to LILCO in the 3 event of an emergency at the Shoreham plant. Please answer yes or no? 5 I am afraid I am going to have to ask for a

clarification of the question. I didn't quite follow.

Let me ask again. Do any of the bus contracts which presently exist between LILCO and bus companies --

A Right.

--- specifically state that buses owned by either subsidiary or affiliated companies, to the bus companies contracted with by LILCO, are available to LILCO in the event of an emergency at the Shoreham plant?

I think the reason I am having --

Please answer yes or no.

A I am having trouble understanding the question because they are for a specific number. If -- those words are not mentioned there. Contracts for a specific number of buses.

Your answer then, Ms. Robinson, would be no, that the contracts do not state that buses which might be owned by subsidiary or affiliated companies are also available to LILCO's use? Is that correct. Is your answer no?

If you can't answer the question, then just say

you can't answer the question.

to do so.

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MR. ZEUGIN: Excuse me, Judge Laurenson. Mr. Miller is badgering the witness, and not allowing her to attempt to answer the question for him. She explained the

confusion she was having with the last one and trying to

answer this one again, but has not been given an opportunity

JUDGE LAURENSON: Let me ask Ms. Robinson. Can you answer that question yes or no?

WITNESS ROBINSON: I can answer no to the specific words, because it just states a number. There is no such language in there that I remember.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Your counsel or LILCO's 2 counsel can take that up, if there are any further 3 questions on that. THE WITNESS: Fine. MR. MILLER: I have no further questions. JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Bordenick? MR. BORDENICK: I have no questions. JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Zeugin? XXXXXXX REDIRECT EXAMINATION 10 BY MR. ZEUGIN: 11 Mrs. Robinson, would you like to explain what 12 you just meant when you answered Mr. Miller to the 13 extent that the contracts just state numbers? 14 Could you expand on what you meant by that? 15 Yes, certainly. 16 When we discussed this with the various owners --17 and I can personally answer for eight of the 12 where I 18 made initial visits -- we discussed with the owners how 19 many busses they owned in total, and then we later asked 20 them, you know, how many busses are committed to schools. 21 And then there was a negotiating process for the 22 contracts. 23 At that time when the contracts were signed they were signed for a number of busses, for a specific 25 number, because there was a retainer to be paid per bus.

And the -- in some cases it was the entire inventory

of the bus company. In most cases it was not.

But there was never any question of the fact that they owned what they were contracting to us for.

We knew that they owned busses in several different names, and it just was never an issue. In fact, I know in several cases the contracts were reviewed by their attorneys with the numbers in them, and certainly reviewed by company attorneys and our purchasing people. And there was just never question, again, that it was a number. But we never got into any issue of subsidiaries.

It was just a question of, as in the case of Kevin Clifford, I own these busses. And I can't -- that's why there would be no such specific language, and that is what I was trying to get at.

MR. MILLER: Judge Laurenson, I move to strike
Mrs. Robinson's answer. My question was, my single question
was regarding language specifically in the contracts.
Her answer makes clear that there is no such language
in the contracts.

Therefore, Mr. Zeugin's question was outside the scope of my examination.

JUDGE LAURENSON: No. I think it explains her answer of no to your question.

The motion is denied.

1 MR. ZEUGIN: I have no further questions, 2 Judge Laurenson. 3 JUDGE LAURENSON: I have one more question. XXXXXX BOARD EXAMINATION 5 BY JUDGE LAURENSON: 6 Q You said that LILCO paid a retainer. In 7 connection with the busses on the New York Department of Transportation Exhibit, which is LILCO EP49 here. the busses that are listed in the name of Roy K. Davis 10 Bus Company that you testified to earlier were some of 11 the ones that LILCO has under contract. 12 A That's --13 To whom did LILCO pay the retainer for those 14 busses? 15 A To Huntington Coach, Kevin Clifford, President. 16 JUDGE LAURENSON: Thank you. 17 Any further questions? 18 MR. MILLER: I just have a clarification. 19 XXXXXX RECROSS-EXAMINATION 20 BY MR. MILLER: 21 Was the retainer paid to Huntington Coach Corp. 22 or was it paid to Kevin Clifford? Or maybe that's Kevin 23 Clark. No, the name is Kevin J. Clifford, and it is 25 Huntington Coach Corp., and it is Kevin J. Clifford,

1 President. He submitted the invoice. 2 Q Yes. I am asking, to whom was the retainer 3 specifically paid? A I do not have a copy of the check here, but 5 the letter submitting the information which was required 6 in order to get that check and the application for the 7 check was in the name of Huntington Coach Corp., Kevin J. Clifford. And that was the equipment list. 9 Q Yes, Mrs. Robinson. Please answer my question. 10 Do you know specifically to whom the money was paid? 11 Either Mr. Clifford or Huntington Coach Corp.? Do you 12 know? 13 A I can -- I do not know specifically. Generally 14 it would be in the corporate name, but I do not know it 15 specifically. I dor.'t have a copy of the check. 16 MR. MJ_LER: Thank you. 17 JUDGE LAURENSON: Any further questions of 18 Mrs. Robinson? 19 (No response.) 20 All right. Thank you, Mrs. Robinson. You are 21 excused. 22 (The witness stood down.) 23 JUDGE LAURENSON: Anything else on this 24 contention? 25

MR. ZEUGIN: Judge Laurenson, just as a

housekeeping matter, there was a little bit of confusion mentioned to me over the luncheon break about LILCO Exhibit EP-49. Our intention was to have that exhibit marked for identification, but we do not feel there is a need to move it into evidence and would prefer that treatment of it.

It was unclear whether it had been marked for identification earlier in the proceeding.

JUDGE LAURENSON: It has been marked, but it hasn't been offered at this point unless somebody else -- somebody wants to offer it, it won't be placed in evidence.

All right. Anything else on the contention 13 -- cluster 13?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Yes, Judge Laurenson.

The state moves for leave to submit surrebuttal testimony by Mr. Fialla. Briefly, it is in the interest of clarifying the testimony that was addressed by Mrs. Robinson on rebuttal.

I have two specific points to make. One deals with the relationship between Mr. Clifford and Roy K.

Davis Bus Company and also the relationship between

Better Bus Company and Suburbia Bus Company. And the other point is that Mrs. Robinson has offered figures to -- in an attempt to change Mr. Failla's numbers and his testimony on page 2. And the state would like to have

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Mr. Failla address Mrs. Robinson's figure changes.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Is there any objection to this offer?

MR. ZEUGIN: Yes. LILCO objects to the offer of surrebuttal testimony. I think the two points that the state seeks to submit testimony on have already been discussed in great detail already, both in the crossexamination of Mr. Failla and also in Mrs. Robinson's testimony.

The relationship between Mr. Clifford and Huntington Coach and Roy K. Davis Bus Company has already been discussed both by Mr. Failla and by Mrs. Robinson.

Both have given their understandings of what has been contracted to. I can see no point in going into further testimony on that. I don't see how it would lead to any new information that isn't already in the record.

In response to the second point that New York State seeks to submit surrebuttal testimony on -- namely, responding to the changed values -- I think it is quite obvious from Mrs. Robinson's discussion how she calculated different values from those presented by Mr. Failla.

Essentially what she has stated is, she used the values for Better Bus Company and added those to the

numbers that were already present for Suburbia, compared those against actual inspections that LILCO had done at the sites to determine the number that was committed to LILCO, and along the same lines did the same thing for HUntington Coach and Roy K. Davis Bus Company.

I do not believe, at least in Mr. Zahnleuter's argument to this point, he has shown a need to inquire further into this area.

It is simply a simple counting exercise. One can count how many busses are on each of those lists, add them together and come up with a new number which is basically all that Mrs. Robinson was doing.

I see nothing to be gained by surrebuttal testimony on the point.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Does the county wish to be heard on this?

MR. MILLER: Yes, Judge Laurenson, very quickly.

We support the state's motion. It is my understanding, from discussions with Mr. Zahnleuter, that the surrebuttal testimony, if allowed, would be very brief.

The necessity for allowing such testimony is to address -- my understanding is it is to address, assuming Mrs.

Robinson's figures to be correct, the impact of those figures on Mr. Failla's calculations and the available busses to LILCO.

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Simply, if for nothing else, for the sake of clarifying the record, this surrebuttal testimony should be permitted.

In addition to that, the testimony is necessary to rebut some of the statements made by Mrs. Robinson.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Does the staff wish to be heard?

MR. BORDENICK: I have no objection to the second of the county's requests on the changed values of the figures. On the former point, the relationship question, I agree with LILCO. I really don't know what further can be added by this particular, proposed witness.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: I would like to respond that I intend to introduce two exhibits, which are new exhibits, with respect to the first point.

And with respect to the second point, I would like to show that Mrs. Robinson's numbers do not change the impact of Mr. Failla's testimony.

(Board conferring.)

JUDGE LAURENSON: The Board has considered the request by New York to submit surrebuttal testimony on this and the objections of LILCO, and the Board grants the motion to submit the surrebuttal on the items listed by Mr. Zahnleuter.

Mr. Failla, you may resume the witness stand over here, and you are still under oath.

1 Whereupon, CHARLES V. FAILLA 3 resumed the stand and, having been previously duly sworn, was examined and testified further as follows: XXXXXXX DIRECT EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: 7 Mr. Failla, I would like to ask you some questions about a document which was just handed out which is entitled on the top Descriptive Statement of 10 Omnibus. 11 I am referring to the one that is pertinent to 12 Roy K. Davis Bus, Inc. 13 Do you have that before you? 14 I have the one in front of me. 15 MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Judge Laurenson, I would like 16 this marked as an exhibit for identification right now. 17 Are we at EP4? 18 JUDGE LAURENSON: New York No. 9. 19 (The document referred to 20 was marked New York State 21 Exhibit EP9 for identifica-22 XXXXXX tion.) 23 MR. ZAHNLEUTER: While we are marking these 24 documents, the other one is pertinent to Better Bus

Company. Perhaps we could mark that EP10.

JUDGE LAURENSON: It will be New York EP10. (The document referred to was 3 marked New York State Exhibit XXXXXXX EP10 for identification.) 5 BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: 6 Q With respect to the Roy K. Davis Bus, Inc. 7 document, is this an official record of the New York 8 State Department of Transportation? 9 A It is. 10 Is it a record that you obtained from your 11 office? 12 A Yes. 13 Q Is it a true and accurate copy of what you have 14 obtained from your office? 15 A It is. 16 Are those same things true for the other exhibit 17 which is New York EP10 which pertains to the Better Bus 18 Company? 19 A Yes. 20 With respect to Roy K. Davis Bus, Inc., which 21 is EP9, could you explain what this document has been used 22 for? 23 A This form --24 MR. ZEUGIN: Objection. The form of the question 25 doesn't narrow the issues specifically to the issues raised

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in surrebuttal testimony and more directly the issues raised by Mrs. Robinson in rebuttal testimony.

I think the question is just too broad, and I have no idea where the anwer may lead us. I think surrebuttal testimony needs to be directed to Mrs. Robinson's rebuttal testimony.

JUDGE LAURENSON: This is just a preliminary question, I assume, establishing a foundation.

The objection is overruled.

THE WITNESS: The form NY EP9 is our Department of Transportation Form of Motor Carrier, MC2. That MC stands for motor carrier. It is a descriptive statement of omnibusses that are but into service in New York State.

It describes, on the right-hand side, a vehicle by the operator, address, city, village and county. In the upper right-hand corner, it describes the bus number as the vehicle ID number, the inspection date that it was first inspected and placed into New York State service, and the inspector's signature that has made the inspection.

The rest of the form, on the right-hand side, is self-explanatory. It describes if it is a registered owner, if someone else owns the vehicle, chassis body type, right on down to compliance in our rules part 720 or part 721.

true?

1	BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER:
2	Q Thank you. That is okay.
3	A Okay. Because I can go on for an hour on this.
4	Q Is it true then that this is a document that
5	is submitted by a bus company to the Department of
6	Transportation that wishes to register additional busses with
7	the Department of Tra: rortation?
8	A Yes, it is. 'he section on the left-hand side
9	is to be filled in and signed by the operator or agent.
10	Q And on New EP9, on the left-hand side of that,
11	what is the name of the operator?
12	A The operator's signature is Roy K. Davis Bus
13	Incorporated.
14	Q And do you know what official signed on behalf of
15	Hat corporation?
16	A The president of the incorporation which is
17	Kevin J. Clifford.
18	Q On the right-hand side of the column, do you
19	see the question, Is above operator registered owner?
20	A Yes, I do.
21	Q Isn't it true that the yes box is checked?
22	A Yes, it is.
23	Q And the operator registered, the operator
24	identified above is Roy !. Davis Bus, Inc.; isn't that

A It is an incorporation bus owned by Roy K. Davis
Bus, Inc.

Q Do you have LILCO's Exhibit EP49 in front of

A Let me dig it out.

(Pause.)

you?

#9-1-SueT	1	A No, I do not. It must be in your office.
	2	(Mr. Zeugin gives the witness a document.)
	3	Thank you.
	4	MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Thank you, Lee.
	5	BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: (Continuing)
	6	Q Switching for a moment to New York EP-9, isn't
	7	it true that under this statement Roy K. Davis Bus, Inc.
	8	has registered two buses?
	9	A Are you referring to the MC 2 form that's NY
	10	EP-9?
	11	Q Yes.
	12	A The form describes two vehicles.
	13	Q Are these two vehicles identified in LILCO's
	14	EP-49, specifically Page 33?
	15	A Yes, they are. They are identified on Line
	16	Number 3 and Line Number 4.
	17	Q What on these lines leads you to that conclusion?
	18	What on Lines 3 and 4 lead you to the conclusion that they
	19	are identified?
	20	A Your vehicle ID number match.
	21	Q So, is it true that LILCO EP-49 corresponds with
	22	and is consistent with what we have marked New York Exhibit
	23	EP-9?
	24	A Yes, it is.

I would like to refer to EP-10, New York EP-10,

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JUDGE LAURENSON: Excuse me. Before you go on to that, I'm still not able to follow where two different vehicles are listed on EP-9. Maybe you can tell me what lines to look at.

WITNESS FAILLA: Judge, are you not following on the LILCO, or are you not following --

JUDGE LAURENSON: I'm back on the two-page document here.

WITNESS FAILLA: All right. These descriptive statements which are MC-2s can be filled in and described by serial number, body serial number, and operator's number up to one bus on front. On the back page, where it says additional buses up in the top, same year, model and type, there is room for one, two, three, four, five, and six, and six on the other half is twelve more vehicles.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Now I see it. I thank you. I see that listed on the back. I did not see that before.

WITNESS FAILLA: Okay.

BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: (Continuing)

Q In order to further clarify that, listed on the back of New York EP-9 there is a new bus designated and it says Bus 299.

Does that correspond to the entry on Page 33 of LILCO EP-49?

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A Yes. That 299 shows up on Line Number 4.

Q Now, turning to New York EP-10 which concerns
Better Bus Company, can you identify what company filled
out this form?

A The identities on the left side of the form, lower side, Better Bus Company, Inc. That is the operator's signature. The signature is by Jay Nay (phonetic), who is an agent of the Company as General Manager.

Q And in the upper portion on the right-hand side, is the box checked yes which is the response to: Is the above operator registered owner?

A That's found in the upper center portion. Yes, it's there.

Q The operator is Better Bus Company, Inc. in the operator above section, correct?

A Correct. That's what it shows.

Q How many buses does this document show are going to be added the fleet of Better Bus Company, Inc.?

A This document shows five vehicles.

Q Do you know if they appear in LILCO EP-49, specifically Page 9?

Yes, they do.

Q And on LILCO EP-49, Page 9, do they appear as Number 122, 123, 124, 125 and 127?

A They appear as the numbers you just mentioned.

Q And is LILCO EP-49, Page 9, consistent with, and does it correspond to, what we have marked as New York EP-10?

A Yes, it does.

Q And I have one other question concerning both New York EP-9 and New York EP-10. Who is it that fills out the left-hand portion of those documents?

A As stated on top of the form, it states: This section to be filled in and signed by operator or agent.

Either the operator or any official of the company or an agent of the company may fill out the left-hand side.

Q Thank you. I would now like to refer you to your testimony, Page 2. For Huntington Coach, Inc. underneath the total In Service Column, Mrs. Robinson has stated that her figure would be 123.

Assuming that her figure is correct, and assuming that none of the additional buses that Mrs. Robinson has included are committed to schools, what would your new calculation be for the number of buses available for LILCO's use?

A My amended calculation would be 16 buses available for LILCO's use.

Q And, now in the same vein I would like to ask you the same question about Suburbia Bus Corporation. Assuming

that Mrs. Robinson's number is correct, and assuming that none of those buses are committed to schools, and assuming her number is 194 in the total In Service column, what would the new column -- what would the new entry in the column Available for LILCO's Use be?

A On that assumption, I would say 25.

Q What would the total be for the column

Available for LILCO's Use, assuming Mrs. Robinson's numbers?

A It would amend it from 69 to 96. I'm sorry, I retract that. From 74 to 96.

Now, turning to Page 3 of your testimony, in the second to last line, assuming Mrs. Robinson's figures in making the same assumptions that we did before, what would be the new figure for the percent of the number of buses available to LILCO?

A On the figures supplied by Mrs. Robinson?

Q Yes.

A The new figures in percentage-wise would be amended to 13.4 percent of the buses that would be available to LILCO.

Q In order to clarify a calculation that you made, Mr. Failla, I would like to ask you to explain for Huntington Coach how Mrs. Robinson's figure resulted in another figure of 16 in the Available for LILCO's Use column? Could you please do that? You stated that 16 was

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the figure available for LILCO's use based on Mrs. Robinson's number.

Could you explain how you got that number of 16?

A Well, I priorolly (sic) set a Total In Service of 68 for Huntington Coach. Mrs. Robinson stated that she comes up with a figure of 123 available to Huntington Coach. 123 vehicles placed in service, in active service, subtract 107 committed to schools on that figure, would drop me down to 16 vehicles available for LILCO.

Q You used the same methodology, I presume, for Suburbia Bus Corporation?

A Yes, I did.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Judge Laurenson, at this time I would like to move into evidence New York EP-9 and New York EP-10.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Any objections to that?

MR. MILLER: No objection.

MR. ZEUGIN: Judge Laurenson, perhaps -- I guess
I can't say whether I object or not, because I don't understand for what purpose Mr. Zahnleuter is submitting New
York State EP-9 and 10. I don't know if he is attempting to
show information about two bus companies, two buses owned
by Roy K. Davis Bus Company and five by Suburbia Bus Corporation. If that's what he is trying to do, I don't understand
the relevance of that to what is being litigated on Contention

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24.F.2.

Perhaps he could simply clarify for me why he -for what purpose he is moving to admit them, and it would
help me in knowing how to respond.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Would you like for me to respond?

JUDGE LAURENSON: If you want to.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: The purpose is to show that the buses that Mr. Failla has identified as being owned by Better Bus Company, Inc. are indeed owned by Better Bus Company, Inc., and likewise the same is true for the buses that Mr. Failla has identified as owned by Roy K. Davis Bus, Inc. are indeed owned by Roy K. Davis Bus Company, Inc.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Does that answer your inquiry?

MR. ZEUGIN: For that limited purpose, I would have no objection.

JUDGE LAURENSON: New York Exhibits -- any other objections?

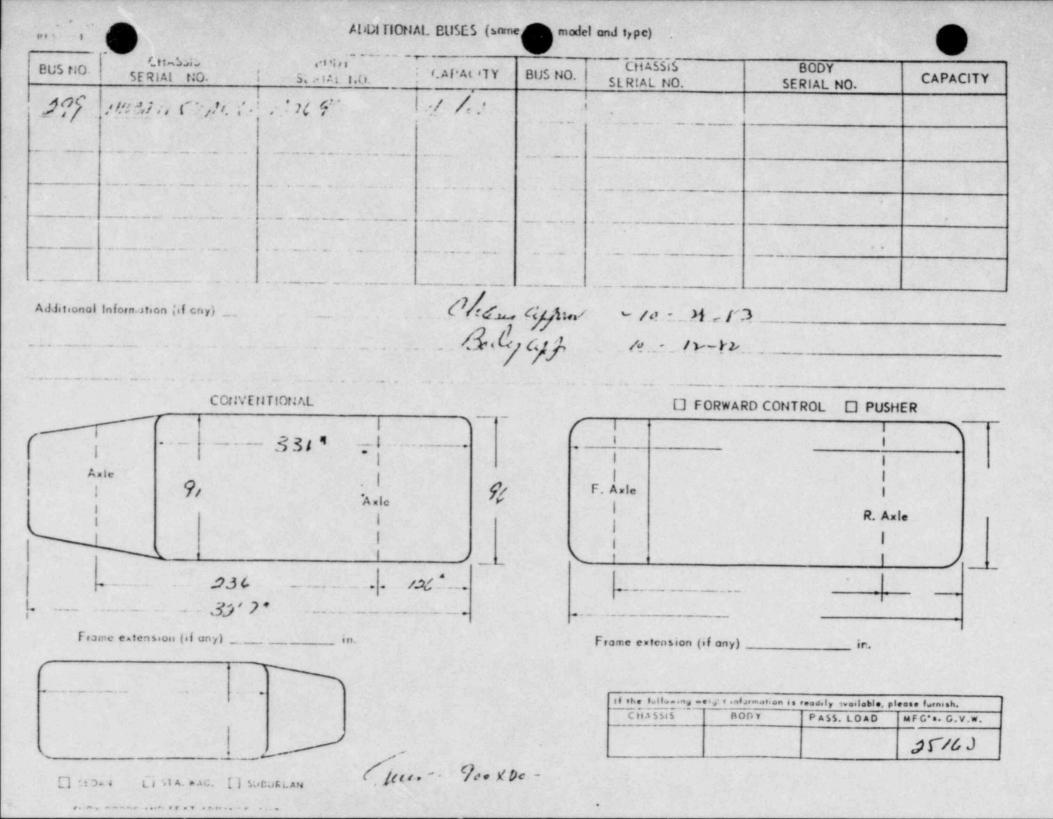
MR. BORDENICK: No objection.

JUDGE LAURENSON: New York State Exhibits EP-9 and 10 will be received in evidence and bound in the transcript following this page.

(The documents previously
marked New York State Exhibits
EP-9 and EP-10 for identification are received in evidence.)

(The exhibits follow.)

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JUDGE LAURENSON: Anything else, Mr. Zahnleuter?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: I have no other questions.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Zeugin?

MR. ZEUGIN: LILCO has no questions.

MR. MILLER: Judge Laurenson, the County has

one question.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. MILLER:

Q Mr. Failla, in your answers to Mr. Zahnleuter's questions regarding the calculations on Page 2 of your testimony, were you accepting Mrs. Robinson's figures, or were you merely assuming the accuracy of her figures for purposes of your counsel's questions?

A I have accepted her answers to the questions on an assumption. They don't verify or come up with my records, but on an assumption I have accepted them.

MR. MILLER: Thank you.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Thank you, Mr. Failla. You are excused again as a witness.

WITNESS FAILLA: Thank you, Judge.

(The witness stood aside.)

JUDGE LAURENSON: Anything else in this matter before we move right along?

All right. I believe we are now ready for the next panel of LILCO witnesses on Cluster 14, Contention 18.

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MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I just have a short procedural matter to bring up. Maybe we can talk about it while we are changing witness panels.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Let's wait until everybody has stopped moving around here.

(Pause.)

Yes, Mr. McMurray.

MR. MC MURRAY: Thank you, Judge Laurenson.

This goes back to the Board's ruling this morning on LILCO's motion to submit a supplemental exhibit which the Board granted. At that time, the Board offered no explanation for its ruling.

I assumed at that time that the Board was going to be coming back with a written Order. On reflection, I don't know whether that assumption is valid or not. If it's not, I would move that the Board explain its ruling on the record.

JUDGE LAURENSON: This is done for the reasons stated in the LILCO motion offering it, to complete the record concerning the testimony with regard to the issue of whether there is an agreement with the State of Connecticut.

LILCO initially offered a letter written by the Director of the Connecticut Department of Public Safety. It was received in evidence. Mr. Zahnleuter, on behalf of the State of New York, offered Dr. Axelrod's response a few

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months later. This current exhibit, LILCO EP-48, by Mr.

Mancuso, the State Director, in Connecticut, was in response
to the last letter. It answered Dr. Axelrod's letter, and
we find that it is relevant to this case and meets the test
for admission as an exhibit.

I don't know what other explanation is necessary. We basically agree with the reasons cited by LILCO in its motion.

MR. MC MURRAY: Thank you, Judge Laurenson, for that explanation. My concern was that the Board did not address the arguments raised in Suffolk County's response.

What Suffolk County is concerned with is that there seems now to be no standards which will apply to whether or not evidence should be admitted into the record, especially with respect to laying a proper foundation for an exhibit and how that foundation is laid.

It appears now that counsel, through a motion, can lay the foundation for an exhibit. And the County just wants to know if that is now the Board's ruling.

JUDGE LAURENSON: We are just going to have to rule on each question as it comes up. I can't give you any blanket ruling.

We were confronted with this specific offer, which was in response to evidence that we had previoulsy received, and we found that it was directly related to that

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evidence. For that reason, we admitted it in evidence.

We are not setting any new standards for offering evidence. We have to examine each request on a case by case basis.

MR. MC MURRAY: Just as a point of clarification, Judge Laurenson, the Board did find that a proper foundation had been laid.

JUDGE LAURENSON: There was no question concerning the authenticity of it, because the statement was made and not disputed by New York that the source of the document was from New York State itself.

MR. CHRISTMAN: Judge --

JUDGE LAURENSON: New York had turned it over to LILCO.

MR. CHRISTMAN: -- I would like to point out that this is just an analogous situation to the way the document came in in the first place, which it had no foundation what-soever. Mr. Zahnleuter offered it while our witnesses were on the stand. Our witnesses had never seen the document before.

And we, with the proffer by counsel that it was authentic, we -- it went into the record. And it's the same sort of treatment for the follow-up letter. It's really not very remarkable in this particular circumstance that that would happen.

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MR. MC MURRAY: There is a difference between authentication and foundation, which I need not discuss with the Board. I'm sure the Board knows that.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Okay. Are we ready for the next panel?

MR. CHRISTMAN: Yes, sir. Let the record show that witnesses, Cordaro, Clawson and Daverio have taken the stand to testify on Contention 18, which we call Adequacy of Zone and Route Information.

And I will note that these witnesses have already been sworn.

JUDGE LAURENSON: That's correct. The witnesses are still under oath.

Just for the record, the Board has found no motions to strike any of this testimony so there will be no rulings.

Whereupon,

CAROL A. CLAWSON,

MATTHEW C. CORDARO,

-and-

CHARLES A. DAVERIO

were called as witnesses on behalf of Long Island Lighting
Company and, having previously been duly sworn, were
examined and testified as follows:

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DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. CHRISTMAN:

Q In that case, let me show all three witnesses a document, dated March 22, 1984. It consists of fifteen pages and eleven attachments, and it is entitled "LILCO's Testimony on Contention 18 (Adequacy of Zone and Route Information)."

And I will also show you a document called -dated May 30, 1984, labeled "Update of LILCO's Testimony
on Contention 18 (Adequacy of Zone and Route Information)."

I will ask you if those two documents were prepared by you or under your supervision?

A (Witness Cordaro) Yes.

(Witness Clawson) Yes.

(Witness Daverio) Yes.

Q Do you have any additional corrections or changes you would like to make to any of those documents?

A (Witness Clawson) Yes. In the testimony we have included a couple of new maps to show examples of our computer maps as opposed to the old maps that we had filed with the testimony. The computer maps were done after the testimony was filed in terms of the glove box sticker and the brochure maps.

In addition, again after the original testimony was filed, as we have noted in prior testimony, there was

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#9-14-SueT 1 an additional radio station that signed on to the system.

That is not included in the material.

And that's the sum and substance of the cor-

rections.

end #9

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Q How about of the maps? The maps that we have now 1 2 added. Are they completely up to date? 3 The maps are just simple maps. They are to be considered as examples of the types of maps that we would be using in the brochure, but they ate still under revision. 5 6 JUDGE LAURENSON: I am not sure I understand this testimony. Are you saying that the information we have 7 8 has been changed? Has there been a supplement that we didn't 9 receive? MR. CHRISTMAN: No, sir. But, as I think will 10 be obvious, if the relocation center matter is still up in 11 12 the air. That is, we haven't got a schedule for testimony 13 filing, and I suspect these maps were done under the 14 assumption that the original relocation center situation would be as it was then. That has changed. 15 16 So the maps will probably have to be redone to 17 show new relocation centers. Apart from that, everything 18 is as up to date as it can be. JUDGE LAURENSON: Let me ask Ms. Clawson. 19 you changing any of the testimony that is in this document 20 21 now? 22 MS. CLAWSON: No. 23 MR. CHRISTMAN: It is just a clarification, Judge

Laurenson. With that clarification, are these two documents

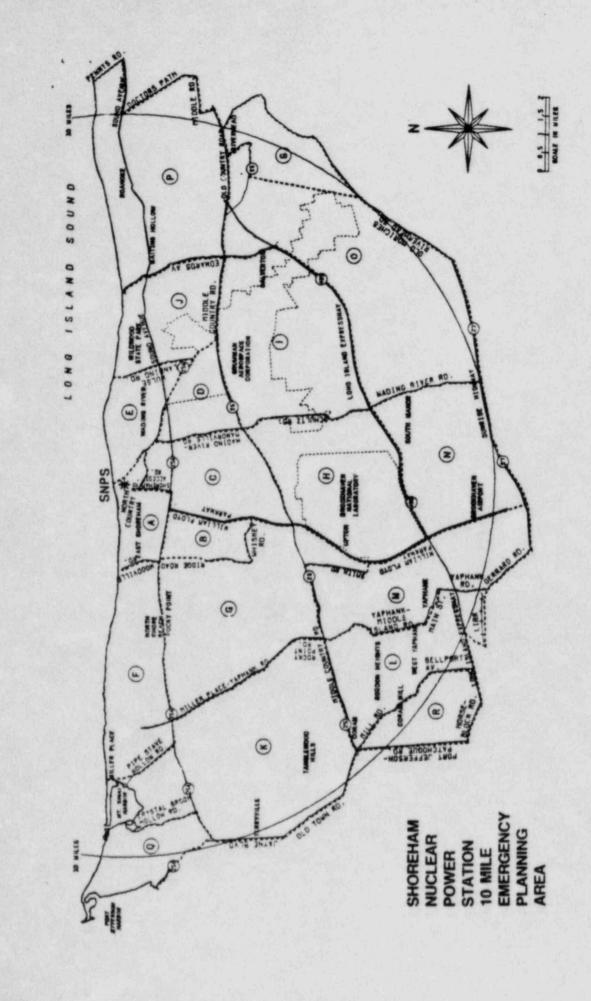
that I have shown you true and correct to the best of your

25

1 knowledge and belief? 2 WITNESS CORDARO: Yes. 3 WITNESS CLAWSON: Yes. WITNESS DAVERIO: Yes. 5 MR. CHRISTMAN: Judge, with that understanding, I would like to move both of these documents into evidence, 6 7 and ask that they be bound into the transcript as if read. 8 JUDGE LAURENSON: Is there any objection to 9 that? 10 MR. McMURRAY: Judge Laurenson, no objection, but I would like to make sure that everybody is on the same 11 12 wave length. Is the Board aware of the two additional maps 13 that were attached to a document called update of LILCO's 14 Testimony on Contention 18. It didn't seem that -- the Board had one document, and I wasn't quite sure that you were aware 15 16 that two of the maps had been changed. 17 MR. CHRISTMAN: There are two replacement attach-18 ments included in the update. 19 JUDGE LAURENSON: These are the only two, right; 20 2 and 6? 21 MR. CHRISTMAN: Yes, that is right. 22 MR. McMURRAY: No objection. 23 JUDGE LAURENSON: This testimony will be received in evidence and bound in the transcript following this page. 24 25 MR. CHRISTMAN: With that, these witnesses are

ready for cross examination.

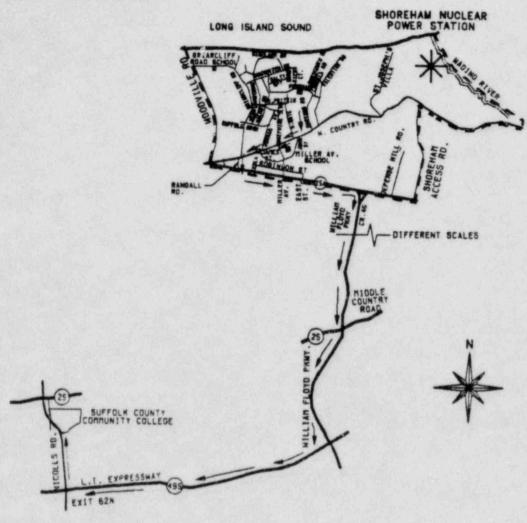
(Above referred to documents follow.)



ZONE A EVACUATION MAP

ZONE A BOUNDARIES ARE:

SOUTH OF THE LONG ISLAND SOUND EAST OF WOODVILLE ROAD WEST OF THE WADING RIVER AND SHOREHAM ACCESS ROAD NORTH OF ROUTE 25A



ZONE A - ROUTE DIRECTIONS:

FOR TRIPS ORIGINATING NORTH OF NORTH COUNTRY ROAD-

TAKE THE MOST CONVENIENT ROUTE TO NORTH COUNTRY ROAD. TAKE NORTH COUNTRY ROAD SOUTHWEST TO RANDALL ROAD; SOUTH ON RANDALL ROAD TO ROUTE 25A. TURN LEFT (EAST) ONTO 25A AND FOLLOW 25A TO THE WILLIAM FLOYD PARKWAY. TURN RIGHT (SOUTH) ONTO THE WILLIAM FLOYD PARKWAY. TAKE THE WILLIAM FLOYD PARKWAY TO THE LONG ISLAND EXPRESSWAY (I-495) WESTBOUND. TAKE I-495 WESTBOUND TO EXIT 62N - NICOLL® ROAD NORTHBOUND. TRAVEL ALONG NICOLLS ROAD TO SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUN COLLEGE.

FOR TRIPS ORIGINATING SOUTH OF NORTH COUNTRY ROAD-

THOSE WITH ACCESS TO NORTH COUNTY ROAD FOLLOW DIRECTIONS DESCRIBED ABOVE THOSE WITH ACCESS TO ROUTE 25A. TAKE THE MOST CONVENIENT ROUTE SOUTH TO ROUTE 25A. TURN LEFT (EAST) ONTO 25A. TAKE 25A EAST TO THE WILLIAM FLOYD PARKWAY AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS GIVEN ABOVE.

REFRIGERATOR NAGNET



YOU ARE IN ZONE D IN CASE OF NUCLEAR EMERGENCY TUNE YOUR RADIO DIAL TO ANY OF THE STATIONS LISTED BELOW:

LOCAL EMERGENCY BROADCAST SYSTEM STATIONS:

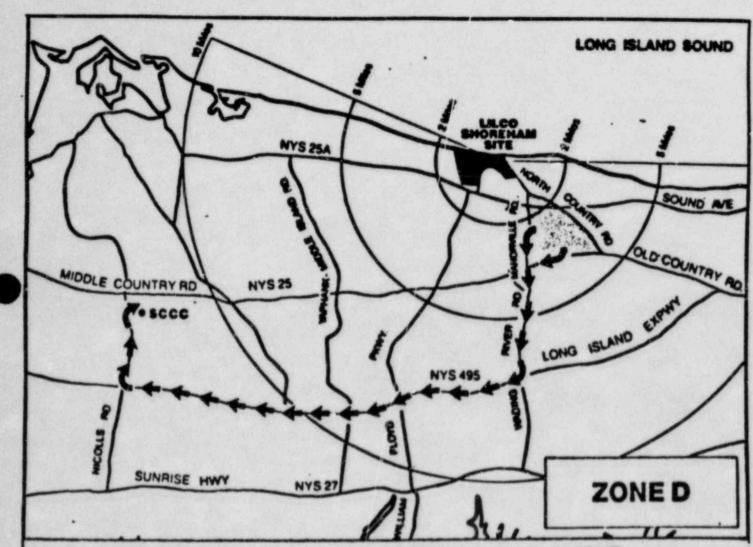
AM STATIONS

WBLI-BABYLON 1290 WALK-PATCHOGUE 1370 WGSM-HUNTINGTON 740 WLIM-PATCHOGUE 1580 WLIX-ISLIP 540 WRHU-RIVERHEAD 1570 WRIV-RIVERHEAD 1390

FM STATIONS

WALK-PATCHOGUE	975
WBLI-PATCHOGUE	106.1
WCTO-SMITHTOWN	94.3
WACN-RIVERHEAD	103.9

AUTO GLOVE BOX STICKER



TO EVACUATE ZONE D BY AUTO:

- 1. Take Wading River Road/Manorville Road South to the Long Island Expressway, traveling west.

 2. Exit the Long Island Expressway at exit 62N
- (Nicolls Road).
- 3. Proceed North on Nicolls Road to Suffolk County Community College, (SCCC).

SHOREHAM NUCLEAR POWER STATION

ZONE A EVACUATION ROUTE

ZONE A EVACUATION MAP

ZONE A BOUNDARIES ARE:

SOUTH OF THE LONG ISLAND SOUND EAST OF WOODVILLE ROAD

WEST OF THE WADING RIVER AND SHOREHAM

LONG ISLAND SOUND

SHOREHAM NUCLEAR POWER STATION

DIFFERENT SCALES



ZONE A - ROUTE DIRECTIONS:

FOR TRIPS ORIGINATING NORTH OF NORTH COUNTRY ROAD

Take the most convenient route to North Country Road. Take North Country Road southwest to Randall Road; south on Randall Road to Route 25A. Turn left (east) onto "A and follow 25A to the William Floyd Parkway. Turn right (south) onto the William Floyd Parkway. Take the William Floyd Parkway to the Long Island Expressway (#495) westbound. Take I+495 westbound to Exit 62N — Nicolis Road northbound. Travel signing Nicolis Road to Sulfolk County Community College.

FOR TRIPS ORIGINATING SOUTH OF NONTH COUNTRY ROAD

Those with access to North County Road follow directions described above. Those with access to Route 25A, take the most convenient route south to Route 25A. Turn left (east) onto 25A. Take 25A east to the William Floyd Parkway and follow directions given above.

SUFFOLK COUNTY COLLEGE

When you hear a siren sounding for three to five minutes:

- 1. Turn on your FM or AM radio.
- 2. Tune to your local Emergency Broadcast System (EBS) station.
- 3. Listen for details and instructions.
- 4. You will know just what to do if you listen to EBS.

If there is an accident at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, it will be classified by its degree of seriousness. From least serious to most serious these classifications are: unusual event, alert, site area emergency and general emergency.

If an accident at Shoreham is serious enough to require public protective actions, it is important for you to know whether you are located in the 10-mile emergency planning area. If you are not located in the 10-mile emergency planning area there is no need for you to take any action.

The 10 mile emergency planning area is shown on the map. It is further divided into 19 zones, called Zone A through Zone S.

THIS IS THE EVACUATION ROUTE MAP FOR ZONE A

Any public protective action recommendations would be made for a specific zone or groups of zones. These recommendations would be made through the Emergency Broadcast System (EBS) radio stations listed.

If public protective action is required, you may be asked to "shelter." To shelter is to keep the family and pets indoors with outside sources of ventilation closed. If you are not at home or in a building when people in your zone are told to shelter, it is best to seek shelter inside the nearest building.

If people in your zone are advised to evacuate, it is best to leave the area as soon as possible. There is a map and routing instructions in this flyer to direct you along predesignated roadways out of the area. There are also blue and white pathfinder signs located on major roadways in the emergency planning zone to direct you along specific routes out of the area. And there will be traffic guides at key locations to help speed evacuation.

If an accident occurs at Shoreham which requires people to evacuate their homes, relocation centers will be established outside the 10-mile planning area. There will be workers from the American Red Cross at the centers. The relocation center for this zone is Suffolk County Community College.

If you have any questions or may need special assistance in the event of an evacuation, please feel free to write to:

Local Emergency Response Organization

P.O. Box 624

Wading River, New York 11742

If you need special assistance during an emergency evacuation, please call 000-0000. We want to help.

LOCAL EMERGENCY BROADCAST SYSTEM STATIONS:

AM STATIONS			FM STATIONS	
	WELL BABYLON WALK PATCHOOLIE WCSM HUNTINGTON NI, IM PATCHOOLIE WLIX ISLIP WRHO FIIVERHEAD MAIN BUY BUY BUY BUY	1290 1370 740 1580 540 1570	WALK PATCHOGUE WBLPATCHOGUE WCTO-SMITHTOWN WRCN RIVERHEAD	97 106 94 103

Dear Business Owner:

Federal Government regulations require that areas within a 10-mile radius of a nuclear power station be prepared in the unlikely event of an accident at the plant.

In compliance with these regulations, the Long Island Lighting Company will be distributing a variety of public information materials relating to emergency planning for the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station.

As part of our efforts to inform local residents about significant details of the plan, we have sent a public information brochure to every LILCO customer in the 10-mile emergency planning area.

It is important however, that non-residents in the area have access to this information as well.

As a public service for visitors to this area we are sending you a public information package for your establishment and would appreciate your displaying these materials in a prominent location.

The maps enclosed are specific to the zone in which you are located. Included in the package are:

- 1- window display poster
- 25- vest pocket brochures
 - 1- cardboard brochure holder
- 5- EBS stickers

Your participation in this effort will greatly assist our area preparations for an emergency condition.

We want to help and we deeply appreciate your cooperation.

Long Island Lighting Company

Local Emergency Response Organization

LETTER TO BUSINESS OWNERS

WHEN YOU HEAR A SIREN SOUNDING FOR THREE TO FIX'E MINUTES:

- 1. Turn on your FM or AM radio
- 2. Tune to your local Emergency Broadcast System (EBS) station.
- 3. Listen for details and instructions.
- You will know just what to do if you listen to EBS.

LOCAL EMERGENCY BROADCAST SYSTEM STATIONS:

AIII GIAIIG		FM SIATIO	40
WBLI-BABYLON	1290	WALK-PATCHOGUE	97.5
WALK-PATCHOGUE	1370	WBLI-PATCHOCUE	106.1
WGSM-HUNTINGTON	740	WCTO-SMITHTOWN	94.3
WLIM-PATCHOGUE	1580	WACN-RIVERHEAD	103 9
WLIX-ISLIP	540		
WAHD-RIVERHEAD	1570		
WRIV-RIVERHEAD	1390		

OPIP 3.8.2 Page 23 of 38 Attachment 4 Page 13 of 22

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE G - GENERAL EMERGENCY (SHELTERING & EVACUATION)

This is the Emergency Broadcast System.

The Emergency Broadcast System has been activated due to an incident at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station.

This is not a test.

A General Emergency condition was declared at (time) today at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station. A General Emergency condition is one of four emergency classifications and indicates that there has been a failure in plant safety systems.

A release of radiation into the air occurred at (time). Based on measurements of radiation in the field/at the plant (select one), the following radiation exposures are projected:

two miles downwind of the plant,

downwind of the plant, and

millirem ten miles downwind of the plant. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency recommends sheltering for exposures of 1,000 millirem or larger and evacuation for doses 5,000 millirem or larger.

The Local Emergency Response Organization for residents living in the 10-mile emergency planning zone around Shoreham has been activated and is responding to the incident.

The Director of Local Response for emergencies for the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, (name), has consulted with (names, titles) scientists, LILCO officials, public agencies and has recommended the following public action:

 All schools within the 10-mile emergency planning zone are advised to evacuate to predesignated relocation centers.

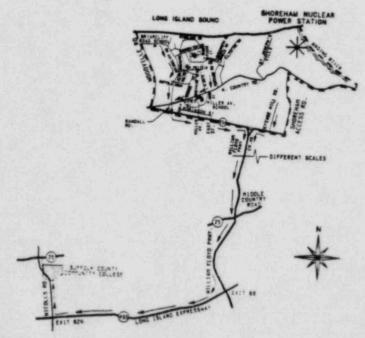
Parents should not drive to school to meet their children since children are being safely transported outside the zone to relocation centers. Parents should not go to relocation centers until advised to do so.

SHOREHAM NUCLEAR POWER STATION ZONE A EVACUATION ROUTE

ZONE A EVACUATION MAP

ZONE A BOUNDARIES ARE:

SOUTH OF THE LOND ISLAND SOUND EAST OF HOODVILLE ROAD HEST OF THE HADING RIVER AND SHOREHAM ACCESS ROAD NORTH OF ROUTE 25A



ZONE A - ROUTE DIRECTIONS:

FOR TRIPS ORIGINATING NORTH OF NORTH COUNTRY ROAD-

TAKE THE MOST CONVENIENT ROUTE TO MORTH COUNTRY ROAD. TAKE MORTH COUNTRY ROAD SOUTHWEST TO RANDALL ROAD AND HEAD SOUTH ON RANDALL ROAD TO ROUTE 25A TURN LEFT LEAS 1 OATC 25A AND FOLLOW 25A TO THE MILLIAM FLOYD PARHAMY TO THE LONG THE MILLIAM FLOYD PARHAMY TO THE LONG IS AND EXPRESSMENT 1-45E MESTRE'S MILLIAM FLOYD BARHAMY TO THE LONG IS AND EXPRESSMENT 1-45E MESTRE'S MESTRE'S MILLIAM FLOYD SOUTH TO EXIT 62Y - NICOLS ROAD NORTH-BOUND. TRAVEL ALONG MICCLES ROAD TO SUFFLIX COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE.

FOR TRIPS ORIGINATING SOUTH OF NORTH COUNTRY ROAD-

THOSE WITH ACCESS TO NORTH COUNTY ROAD FOLLOW DIRECTIONS DESCRIBED ABOVE HOSE WITH ACCESS TO ROLTE 254. TAKE THE MOST CONVENIENT ROUTE SOUTH TO DIRECTIONS GIVEN ABOVE.

EMERGENCY INSTRUCTIONS

Lions Emergency Property P.C. Box 524 Managing Proper Name York 11742 Managing Proper Name York 11742

MENCY BROADCAST SYSTEM STATION

STS MELIFATOHOGUE

PORTANT INFORMATION

SHOREHAM MUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY INSTRUCTIONS

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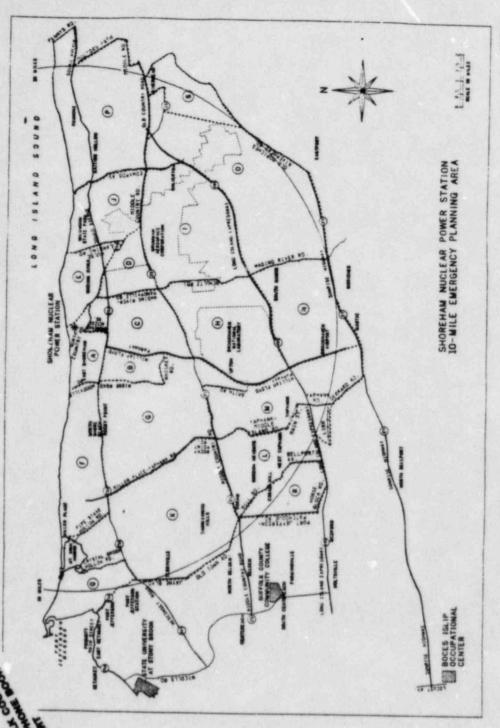
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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Before the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

In the Matter of	
LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY) Docket No. 50-322-OL-3) (Emergency Planning
(Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, Unit 1)) Proceeding)

LILCO'S TESTIMONY ON CONTENTION 18 (ADEQUACY OF ZONE AND ROUTE INFORMATION)

Hunton & Williams P.O. Box 1535 707 East Main Street Richmond, Virginia 23212 (804) 788-8200

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Before the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

In the Matter of			
LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY	Docket No. 50-322-0L-3 (Emergency Planning		
(Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, Unit 1)) Proceeding)		

LILCO'S TESTIMONY ON CONTENTION 18
(ADEQUACY OF ZONE AND ROUTE INFORMATION)

PURPOSE

Contention 18 alleges that people who do not have access to a Public Information Brochure during an emergency at Shoreham will not be able to identify either the zone in which they live or the prescribed evacuation route out of that zone; that even if people know the prescribed evacuation route from the zone in which they live, the LILCO Transition Plan does not provide means whereby people who are visiting other zones will be able to determine the evacuation route from that zone; and, finally, that the EBS messages do not describe the zones in which protective actions must be taken.

This testimony will show that there are a variety of sources, in addition to the Public Information Brochure, from which residents in the EPZ are able to identify the zone in which they live and the evacuation routes out of that zone, including (1) an insert in the Suffolk County telephone

directory, (2) an insert in community telephone directories, (3) refrigerator magnets, (4) automobile glovebox stickers, and (5) emergency posters and information flyers at commercial establishments in the EPZ.

There also are sufficient means by which transient persons can determine in which zone they are located and the evacuation routes from that zone, including (1) emergency posters and flyers at commercial establishments in the EPZ, (2) emergency posters at beaches and recreation areas, (3) inserts in community telephone directories, (4) trailblazer signs, (5) traffic guides, and (6) local persons who have access to the Public Information Brochure, a community telephone directory, or automobile glovebox stickers.

Finally, the testimony will show that the EBS messages provide for both a listing of the zones subject to the protective action recommendation and a boundary description, by major roads, of the combined zonal area affected by the recommendation.

Attachments

Attachment 1 Brochure Cover Showing
Residents' Zone

Attachment 2 Brochure Map Showing Evacuation
Routes from Residents' Zone

Attachment 3 Sample Suffolk County
Telephone Book Insert

Attachment 4 Sample Community Telephone
Book Insert

Attachment 5 Artist's Conception of a Refrigerator Magnet Attachment 6 Artist's Conception of an Automobile Glovebox Sticker Attachment 7 Sample Emergency Flyer for Commercial Establishments in the EPZ Attachment 8 Sample Letter to Owners of Commercial Establishments in the EPZ Attachment 9 Sample EBS Sticker for Commercial Establishments in the EPZ Attachment 10 Sample Emergency Poster for Commercial Establishments in the EPZ Attachment 11 OPIP 3.8.2, Attachment 4, Pages 23-38

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Before the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

In the Matter of	
LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY	Docket No. 50-322-0L-3 (Emergency Planning
(Shoreham Nuclear Power Station,) Unit 1)	Proceeding)

LILCO'S TESTIMONY ON CONTENTION 18 (ADEQUACY OF ZONE AND ROUTE INFORMATION)

- 1. Q. Please identify yourselves.
 - A. [Clawson] My name is Carol A. Clawson and my address is Long Island Lighting Company, 250 Old Country Road, Mineola, New York 11501

[Cordaro] My name is Matthew C. Cordaro and my address is Long Island Lighting Company, 175 East Old Country Road, Hicksville, New York 11801.

[Daverio] My name is Charles A. Daverio and my address is Long Island Lighting Company, 100 East Old Country Road, Hicksville, New York 11801.

- Q. Please summarize your professional qualifications and your role in emergency planning for the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station.
 - A. [Clawson] I am employed by LILCO as Associate

Director, Public Affairs. My professional qualifications are being offered into evidence as part of the document entitled "Professional Qualifications of LILCO Witnesses." I am responsible for the public information materials that are discussed in this testimony.

[Cordaro] I am Vice President of Engineering for LILCO. My professional qualifications are being offered into evidence as part of the document entitled "Professional Qualifications of LILCO Witnesses." I am on this panel to provide the LILCO management perspective on emergency planning and to answer any questions pertinent to management. My role in emergency planning for Shoreham is to ensure that the needs and requirements of emergency planning are being met and that the technical direction and content of emergency planning are being conveyed to corporate management. I accomplish this by supervising the development and implementation of the offsite emergency response plan for Shoreham; the Manager of the Local Emergency Response Implementing Organization (LERIO) reports directly to me.

[Daverio] I am employed by LILCO as Assistant Manager of LILCO's Local Emergency Response

Implementing Organization (LERIO). My professional qualifications are being offered into evidence as part of the document entitled "Professional Qualifications of LILCO Witnesses." In my capacity as Assistant Manager of LERIO, I am responsible for developing and implementing the local emergency response plan for Shoreham. As such, I am responsible for coordinating the development and implemention of the public information program.

- 3. Q. What is the preamble to Contentions 16-21?
 - A. The preamble to Contentions 16-21 reads as follows:

Preamble to Contentions 16-21. The NRC's emergency planning regulations require that the public receive information on a periodic basis on the nature and effects of radiation, protective measures which should be taken in the event of a radiological emergency, methods of public notification and other such information. 10 CFR Section 50.47(b)(7) and 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix E, Section IV.D.2. Public education materials should include written material that is likely to be available in a residence during an emergency, and in addition, measures must be taken to inform transients of the proper action to be taken during a radiological emergency. NUREG 0654, Sections II.G.1 and G.2. 10 CFR Section 50.47(b)(5) requires that there be means to provide notification and clear instruction to the populace within the plume exposure pathway EPZ and that the content of effective messages to the public must be established. See also NUREG 0654, Sections II.E.5 and 7. It is crucial to any radiological emergency response effort that the public have accurate and truthful knowledge of the nature of the threat,

the protective actions available and the effectiveness of such protective actions. Otherwise, public confusion and ignorance will hamper the emergency response and the public will be unable to take protective actions. If information is not provided clearly or is not understood or believed, the public will fail to take appropriate protective actions, resulting in increased exposure, and noncompliance with 10 CFR Sections 50.47(a)(1), 50.47(b)(10) and NUREG 0654 Sections II.J.9 and J.10.

- 4. Q. What is Contention 18?
 - A. Contention 18 reads as follows:

Contention 18. The proposed LILCO posters, telephone book inserts, and EBS messages do not tell the reader what zone he is in nor do they describe the zones in which protective actions must be taken or the prescribed routes to take from those zones. (See FEMA Report at 5, citing non-compliance with NUREG 0654, Section II.E.7.) Therefore, someone who does not have access to a brochure in the event of an emergency will be unable to identify his or her zone or to follow the prescribed evacuation route out of the zone of danger. Thus, these items are not effective and do not comply with 10 CFR Sections 50.47(b)(5) and 50.47(b)(7) and NUREG-0654 Sections II.E.5, E.6, E.7, G.1 and G.2. Further, even if people know the prescribed evacuation routes for the zone in which they live, the LILCO plan does not assure that if such people are visiting other zones (such as to pick up their children av a school which is in another zone), they will be able to determine quickly and reliably the prescribed routes by which to evacuate from that zone. Thus, the Plan fails to comply with 10 CFR Sections 50.47(a)(1) and 50.47(b)(10), and NUREG 0654 Sections II. . and J.10, because protective actions cannot and will not be implemented.

- 5. Q. What are the legal standards cited in Contention 18?
 - A. The legal standards cited in Contention 18 are the following:

10 C.F.R. § 50.47(a)(1)

No operating license for a nuclear power reactor will be issued unless a finding is made by NRC that the state of onsite and offsite emergency preparedness provides reasonable assurance that adequate protective measures can and will be taken in the event of a radiological emergency.

10 C.F.R. § 50.47(b)(5).

Procedures have been established for notification, by a licensee, of State and local response organizations and for notification of emergency personnel by all organizations; the content of initial and followup messages to response organizations and the public has been established; and means to provide early notification and clear instruction to the populace within the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone have been established.

10 C.F.R. § 50.47(b)(7)

Information is made available to the public on a periodic basis on how they will be notified and what their initial actions should be in an emergency (e.g., listening to a local broadcast station and remaining indoors), the principal points of contact with the news media for dissemination of information during an emergency (including the physical location or locations) are established in advance, and procedures for coordinated dissemination of information to the public are established.

10 C.F.R. § 50.47(b)(10)

A range of protective actions have been developed for the plume exposure pathway EPZ for emergency workers and the public. Guidelines for the choice of protective actions during an emergency, consistent with Federal guidance, are developed and in place, and protective actions for the ingestion exposure pathway EPZ appropriate to the locale have been developed.

NUREG-0654, II.E.5

State and local government organizations shall establish a system for disseminating to the public appropriate information contained in initial and followup messages received from the licensee including the appropriate notification to appropriate broadcast media, e.g., the Emergency Broadcast System (EBS).

NUREG-0654, II.E.6

Each organization shall establish administrative and physical means, and the time required for notifying and providing prompt instructions to the public within the plume exposure pathway Emergency Planning Zone. (See Appendix 3.) It shall be the licensee's responsibility to demonstrate that such means exist, regardless of who implements this requirement. It shall be the responsibility of the State and local governments to activate such a system.

NUREG-0654, II.E.7

Each organization shall provide written messages intended for the public, consistent with the licensee's classification scheme. In particular, draft messages to the public giving instructions with regard to specific protective actions to be taken by occupants of affected areas shall be prepared and included as part of the State and local plans. Such messages should include the appropriate aspects of sheltering, ad hoc

respiratory protection, e.g., handkerchief over mouth, thyroid blocking or evacuation. The role of the licensee is to provide supporting information for the messages. For ad hoc respiratory protection see "Respiratory Protective Devices Manual" American Industrial Hygiene Association, 1963 pp. 123-126.

NUREG-0654, II.G.1

Each organization shall provide a coordinated periodic (at least annually) dissemination of information to the public regarding how they will be notified and what their actions should be in an emergency. This information shall include, but not necessarily be limited to:

- a. educational information on radiation;
- contact for additional information;
- c. protective measures, e.g., evacuation routes and relocation centers, sheltering, respiratory protection, radioprotective drugs; and
- d. special needs of the handicapped.

Means for accomplishing this dissemination may include, but are not necessarily limited to: information in the telephone book; periodic information in utility bills; posting in public areas; and publications distributed on an annual basis.

NUREG-0654, II.G.2

The public information program shall provide the permanent and transient adult population within the plume exposure EPZ an adequate opportunity to become aware of the information annually. The programs should include provision for written material that is likely to be available in a residence during an emergency. Updated information shall be disseminated

at least annually. Signs or other measures (e.g., decals, posted notices or other means, placed in hotels, motels, gasoline stations and phone booths) shall also be used to disseminate to any transient population within the plume exposure pathway EPZ appropriate information that would be helpful if an emergency or accident occurs. Such notices should refer the transient to the telephone directory or other source of local emergency information and guide the visitor to appropriate radio and television frequencies.

NUREG-0654, II.J.9

Each State and local organization shall establish a capability for implementing protective measures based upon protective action guides and other criteria. This shall be consistent with the recommendations of EPA regarding exposure resulting from passage of radioactive airborne plumes, (EPA-520/1-75-001) and with those of DHEW (DHHS)/FDA regarding radioactive contamination of human food and animal feeds as published in the Federal Register of December 15, 1978 (43 Fed. Reg. 58790).

NUREG-0654, II.J.10

The organization's plans to implement protective measures for the plume exposure pathway shall include:

c. Means for notifying all segments of the transient and resident population;

I. Residential Population

6. Q. What do the intervenors allege about the adequacy of zone and evacuation route information for residents of the EPZ?

- A. Contention 18 states that people who do not have access to a Public Information Brochure during an emergency at Shoreham will not know in which zone they live or the prescribed evacuation route out of that zone.
- 7. Q. How will residents of the EPZ be able to identify in which zone they live and the evacuation routes from that zone?
 - A. There are a variety of ways in which people will be able to identify in which zone they live and the evacuation routes from that zone. The cover of the Public Information Brochure, which will be distributed to people residing in the EPZ, clearly indicates in which zone a person is living. A brochure cover is appended to this testimony as Attachment

 1. The brochure also includes a map showing in which zone the resident lives and the evacuation routes from that zone. A sample brochure map is appended to this testimony as Attachment 2. Moreover, people in the 10-mile EPZ can identify in which zone they live and the evacuation routes from that zone by several additional means.

First, an insert in the Suffolk County telephone directory will contain a map of the EPZ that will

identify the zones. The insert also will instruct people to tune to the designated EBS radio stations. A sample insert from the Suffolk County telephone book is appended to this testimony as Attachment 3.

Second, community telephone directories ("yellow books") will contain a map of the EPZ identifying all the zones, and additional maps showing the specific zones in that community and the evacuation routes from that zone. There are five pertinent community telephone directories in the EPZ, including the Moriches, North Folk, Patchogue, Port Jefferson, and Rocky Point yellow books. A sample insert for the yellow books is appended to this testimony as Attachment 4.

Third, refrigerator magnets will be distributed, along with the Public Information Brochure, throughout the EPZ. These magnets will identify both the zone of the home to which they are distributed and the EBS radio stations to which people should tune in the event of a radiological emergency. An artist's conception of a refrigerator magnet is appended to this testimony as Attachment 5.

Fourth, stickers for automobile gloveboxes will be distributed, along with the Public Information Brochure, throughout the EPZ. Each sticker will identify the zone of the home to which it is distributed and the evacuation routes from that zone. An artist's conception of the glovebox sticker is appended to the testimony as Attachment 6.

Fifth, emergency packets will be distributed to each of the approximately 4,000 non-residential LILCO customers in the EPZ. Each packet will include (a) a cover letter asking the owners of commercial establishments in the EPZ to display the enclosed public information materials in a prominent location, (b) a window display poster that shows the zone where the commercial establishment is located and the evacuation routes from that zone, (c) emergency flyers for the public that show the zone where the commercial establishment is located and the evacuation routes from that zone, (d) a holder for the flyers, (e) a postpaid card to request additional flyers, (f) a sticker instructing people to turn to EBS stations when they hear the siren, and (g) an adhesive arrow to be placed on the window display poster to indicate the location of the commercial establishment. A sample flyer,

cover letter, EBS sticker, and window display poster are appended to this testimony as Attachments 7-10 respectively.

Sixth, emergency posters will be located at beaches and recreations areas within the EPZ. These posters will identify the zone where the poster is located and the evacuation route from that zone. The poster will be similar to the sample poster in Attachment 10.

If a person, for some reason, did not have access to any of the above evacuation information, they simply could follow the blue and white trailblazer signs, which will be located along every major road. There also will be traffic guides posted on all major roads to assist people in evacuating. The trailblazer signs and traffic guides have been discussed in detail in the litigation of Contention 65.

II. Transient Persons

8. Q. How will people who are away from home and in an unfamiliar zone when a Shoreham emergency arises know the prescribed evacuation route from that zone?

A. If a person is away from home when an evacuation is commenced, and wishes to evacuate immediately, without going home first to collect his family or belongings, he can determine the recommended route out of the zone primarily by referring to the blue and white trailblazer signs, which will be located along every major road. Also, traffic guides will be posted on all major roads to assist people in evacuating from that zone. The trailblazer signs and traffic guides have been discussed in detail in the litigation of Contention 65.

Alternatively, people can refer either to one of the emergency posters or flyers located at commercial establishments in the EPZ (see response to question 7 above), to one of the emergency posters at beaches and recreation areas within the EPZ, or to the map in the community telephone directory.

Finally, transient people can learn the evacuation routes out of an unfamiliar zone simply by asking someone who lives in the zone who has either a Public Information Brochure or an automobile glovebox sticker.

- 9. Q. How will people know where the emergency flyers and posters are located?
 - A. The EBS messages in Revision 3 of the LILCO Transition Plan presently inform listeners that emergency posters are located in motels, restaurants, gas stations, public parks, beaches, and recreation areas in the EPZ. See OPIP 3.8.2, at pages 23-28, which are appended to this testimony as part of Attachment 11. The EBS messages will be modified in future revisions of the Plan to inform listeners that emergency flyers and posters have been provided to commercial establishments in the EPZ and that emergency posters are located at beaches and recreation areas within the EPZ.

III. EBS Messages

- 10. Q. How will people know if they are in a zone for which evacuation is the protective action recommendation?
 - A. The EBS messages in Attachment 4 to OPIP 3.8.2 provide for both a listing of the zones subject to the protective action recommendation, see, e.g., Attachment 4 of OPIP 3.8.2 at 24, 27, and a boundary description, by major roads and landmarks, of the combined zonal area affected by the recommendation,

see Attachment 4 of OPIP 3.8.2 at 33-38. The EBS
sample messages are appended to this testimony as
Attachment 11.

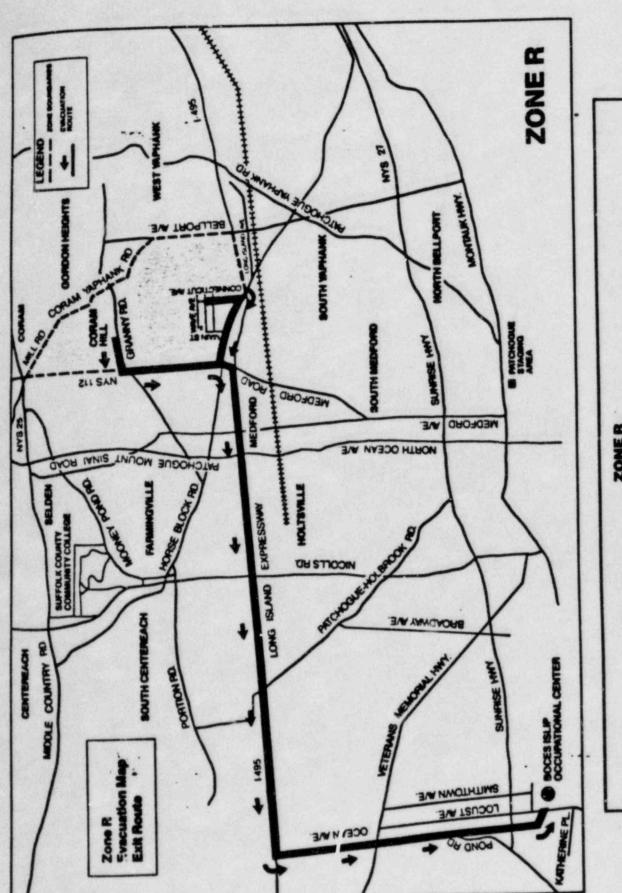
Shoreham Nuclear Power Station

Public Emergency Procedures

Maps for Zone R

(Rev. 3)





SHOREHAM NUCLEAR POWER STATION EMERGENCY INSTRUCTIONS

When you hear a siren sounding for three to five minutes:

- 1. Turn on your FM or AM radio
- Tune to your local Emergency Broadcast System (EBS) station.
- 3. Listen for details and instructions.
- 4. You will know just what to do if you listen to EBS.

If there is an accident at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, it will be classified by its degree of seriousness. From least serious to most serious these classifications are: unusual event, alert, site area emergency and general emergency.

If an accident at Shoreham is serious enough to require public protective actions, it is important for you to know whether you are located in the 10-mile emergency planning area. If you are not located in the 10-mile emergency planning area there is no need for you to take any action.

The 10-mile emergency planning area is shown on the map. It is further divided into 19 zones, called Zone A through Zone S.

Any public protective action recommendations would be made for a specific zone or groups of zones. These recommendations would be made through the Emergency Broadcast System (EBS) radio stations listed.

If public protective action is required, you may be asked to "shelter." To shelter is to keep the family and pets indoors with outside sources of ventilation closed. If you are not at home or in a building when

people in your zone are told to shelter, it is best to seek shelter inside the nearest building.

If people in your zone are advised to evacuate, it is best to leave the area as soon as possible. Maps are included in this special supplement to guide you along predesignated routes for your zone. There are blue and white pathfinder signs located on major roadways in the emergency planning zone which will direct you along predesignated routes out of the area. And there will be traffic guides at key locations to help speed evacuation.

If an accident occurs at Shoreham which requires people to evacuate their homes, relocation centers will be established outside the 10-mile planning area. There will be workers from the American Red Cross at the centers. The relocation center for your zone is also designated on your zone map.

There are specific maps for every zone included in this Yellow Bock circulation area. In some cases, zones are further divided into subzones for evacuation route purposes. Please take a moment now and familiarize yourself with your zone and evacuation route.

If you have any questions or may need special assistance in the event of an evacuation, please feel free to write to:

Local Emergency Response Organization P.O. Box 624 Wading River, New York 11742

If you need special assistance during an emergency evacuation, please call 000-0000.

We want to help.

LOCAL EMERGENCY BROADCAST SYSTEM STATIONS:

AM STATIONS

AIR STATION	9
WBLI-BABYLON	1290
WALK-PATCHOGUE	1370
WGSM-HUNTINGTON	740
WLIM-PATCHOGUE	1580
WLIX-ISLIP	540
WAHD-RIVERHEAD	1570
WRIV-RIVERHEAD	1390

FM STATIONS

	110
WALK-PATCHOGUE	97.5
WBLI-PATCHOGUE	106 1
WCTO-SMITHTOWN	94 3
WACH-RIVERHEAD	103 9



OPIP 3.8.2 Page 24 of 38 Attachment 4 Page 14 of 22

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE G - GENERAL EMERGENCY (SHELTERING & EVACUATION) (continued)

- 2. People within the 10-mile emergency planning zone should refer to their Shoreham Public Emergency Procedures Brochure to determine the planning zone in which they live.
- 3. Sheltering is recommended for people in some planning zones. Sheltering is to remain indoors with all windows and doors closed. Air conditioners/heaters should be turned off, fires should be extinguished, and fireplace dampers closed. The people who should shelter are in planning zones (identify by zone letters and area description). People in these zones will be safer if they shelter. They should not evacuate. People in the affected zones who are not at home should seek shelter inside buildings.
- 4. Evacuation is recommended for people in planning zones (identify by zone letters and area description). People in these zones will be safer if they evacuate as soon as possible away from Shoreham. Relocation centers and evacuation routes are listed in the Shoreham Public Emergency Procedures Brochure.
- 5. If you are not within planning zones (identify), or planning zones (identify), there is no reason to either shelter or evacuate. If you are outside the 10-mile emergency planning zone, there is no reason to take any action. If conditions change in the future, these recommendations may change and we will inform you immediately.

To evacuate follow blue and white evacuation route signs posted on every major road. Trained traffic guides will direct you along evacuation routes.

If you have been advised to evacuate but do not have your own transportation and cannot obtain a ride from a neighbor or someone else, special buses will travel along emergency routes to transport you to a relocation center.

OPIP 3.8.2 Page 25 of 38 Attachment 4 Page 15 of 22

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE G - GENERAL EMERGENCY (SHELTERING & EVACUATION)
(continued)

If you have a bedridden, handicapped, or other person in your home who needs special evacuation assistance and who has not previously registered with the Local Emergency Response Organization (LERO), please call (phone number). If you have previously registered, there is no need to call now, help will soon be on its way.

Before you leave your home or business, make sure you have closed all windows and doors, turned off all appliances, extinguished any fires, and closed fireplace dampers. Lock all doors when you leave and take blankets and pillows with you for your own use and any medication that you regularly take. You could be away for several days.

The 10-mile emergency planning zone circling Shoreham is roughly bounded by Main Street in downtown Riverhead to the east, Main Street in Port Jefferson to the west, and Sunrise Highway to the south. If you live within the 10-mile emergency planning zone, you would have received monthly newsletters and other emergency information.

If you are located within the 10-mile planning zone and do not have a Shoreham Public Emergency Procedures Brochure, public information and a map of the zone are included in a special insert of the Suffolk County Telephone Book and a more detailed map is in the local Yellow Book.

Posters with emergency information have been provided to motels, restaurants, gas stations, public parks, beaches, and recreational facilities. The posters describe the recommended evacuation routes out of each zone.

Once again, the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station is in a General Emergency condition. There has been a release of radiation into the air. People living in emergency planning zones (identify by zone letters and area description) are advised to evacuate as soon as possible away from Shoreham. Relocation centers and evacuation possible away from Shoreham Public Emergency Procedures routes are listed in the Shoreham Public Emergency Procedures Brochure. It is advised that people in planning zones (identify) shelter, that is, remain indoors with outside ventilation sources closed off.

This message will be repeated every fifteen minutes over this station unless new information is available sooner. Keep tuned to this emergency broadcast station for the latest official information.

OPIP 3.8.2 Page 26 of 38 Attachment 4 Page 16 of 22

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE H - GENERAL EMERGENCY (EVACUATION)

This is the Emergency Broadcast System.

The Emergency Broadcast System has been activated due to an incident at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station.

This is not a test.

A General Emergency condition was declared at (time) today at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station. A General Emergency condition is one of four emergency classifications and indicates that there has been a failure in plant safety systems.

A release of radiation into the air occurred at (time). Based on measurements of radiation in the field/at the plant (select one), the following radiation exposures are projected:

two miles downwind of the plant,

downwind of the plant, and

millirem ten miles downwind of the plant. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency recommends sheltering for exposures of 1,000 millirem or larger and evacuation for doses 5,000 millirem or larger.

The Local Emergency Response Organization for residents living in the 10-mile emergency planning zone around Shoreham has been activated and is responding to the incident.

The Director of Local Response for emergencies for the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, (name), has consulted with (names, titles) scientists, LILCO officials, nuclear engineers, and officials from public agencies and has recommended the following public action:

 All schools within the 10-mile emergency planning zone are advised to evacuate to predesignated relocation centers.

Parents should not drive to school to meet their children since children are being safely transported outside the zone to relocation centers. Parents should not go to relocation centers until advised to do so.

OPIP 3.8.2 Page 27 of 38 Attachment 4 Page 17 of 22

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE H - GENERAL EMERGENCY (EVACUATION) (continued)

- 2. People within the 10-mile emergency planning zone should refer to their Shoreham Public Emergency Procedures Brochure to determine the planning zone in which they live.
- 3. Evacuation is recommended for people in planning zones (identify by zone letters and area description). People in these zones will be safer if they evacuate as soon as possible away from Shoreham. Relocation centers and evacuation routes are listed in the Shoreham Public Emergency Procedures Brochure.
- 4. If you are not within planning zones (identify), there is no reason for you to evacuate. If you are outside the 10-mile emergency planning zone, there is no reason to take any action. If conditions change in the future, these recommendations may change and we will inform you immediately.

To evacuate follow blue and white evacuation route signs posted on every major road. You will be directed along evacuation routes by trained traffic guides who know which way you should go.

If you have been advised to evacuate but do not have your own transportation and cannot obtain a ride from a neighbor or someone else, special buses will travel along emergency routes to transport you to a relocation center.

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE H - GENERAL EMERGENCY (EVACUATION) (continued)

If you have a bedridden, handicapped, or other person in your home who needs special evacuation assistance and who has not previously registered with the Local Emergency Response Organization (LERO), please call (phone number). If you have previously registered, there is no need to call now, help will soon be on its way.

Before you leave your home or business, make sure you have closed all windows and doors, turned off all appliances, extinguished any fires, and closed fireplace dampers. Lock all doors when you leave and take blankets and pillows with you for your own use and any medication that you regularly take. You could be away for several days.

The 10-mile emergency planning zone circling Shoreham is roughly bounded by Main Street in downtown Riverhead to the east, Main Street in Port Jefferson to the west, and Sunrise Highway to the south. If you live within the 10-mile emergency planning zone, you would have received monthly newsletters and other emergency information.

If you are located within the 10-mile planning zone and do not have a Shoreham Public Emergency Procedures Brochure, public information and a map of the zone are included in a special insert of the Suffolk County Telephone Book and a more detailed map is in the local Yellow Book.

Posters with emergency information have been provided to motels, restaurants, gas stations, public parks, beaches, and recreational facilities. The posters describe the recommended evacuation routes out of each zone.

Once again, the Shoreham Nuclear Power Scation is in a General Emergency condition. There has been a release of radiation into the air. It is advised that people in planning zones (identify) evacuate as soon as possible away from Shoreham. Relocation centers and evacuation routes are listed in the Shoreham Public Emergency Procedures Brochure.

This message will be repeated every fifteen minutes over this station unless new information is available sooner. Keep tuned to this emergency broadcast station for the latest official information.

OPIP 3.8.2 Page 29 of 38 Attachment 4 Page 19 of 22

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE I - DE-ESCALATION OF EMERGENCY

The Emergency Broadcast System has been activated due to at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station.	o an incident
This is not a test.	
At (TIME) the emergency classification of de-escalated to the emergency classification of	vas
The Director of Local Response for emergencies for the Nuclear Power Station, (name), has consulted with (name titles) scientists, LILCO officials, nuclear engineers, and officials from agencies and has recommended the following public actions.	. 2
agencies and has recommended the following public action	

Page 30 of 38 Attachment 4 Page 20 of 22

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE J

TERMINATION OF EMERGENCY

This is the Emergency Broadcast System.

The Emergency Broadcast System has been activated due to an incident at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station.

This is not a rest.

The Director of Local Response for emergencies at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station (name) has consulted with (names, titles) , scientists, _______, LILCO officials, ______ nuclear engineers, and officials from public agencies and has stated the following:

At (TIME a.m./p.m.), it was determined that a radiation hazard no longer existed. People may resume their normal activities.

OPIP 3.8.2 Page 31 of 38 Attachment 4 Page 21 of 22

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE K

TEST MESSAGE FOR EBS SYSTEM

This is a test of the Radiological Emergency Broadcast System in connection with a radiological emergency at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station. This system has been developed by the Local Emergency Response Organization to keep people informed in the event of an emergency at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station.

Had this been an actual emergency, you would have been instructed to stay tuned to this EBS radio station for further information and instructions.

The Shoreham emergency brochure mailed to all emergency planning zone residents contains information that would have been useful for you to know had this been a real emergency.

This has been only a test.

This message will be repeated.

Page 32 of 38 Attachment 4 Page 22 of 22

EBS SAMPLE MESSAGES (continued)

MESSAGE L

SPURIOUS ACTIVATION MESSAGE OF PROMPT NOTIFICATION SIRENS

This is the Emergency Broadcast System.

The Emergency Broadcast System has been activated due to a mistaken sounding of the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station sirens.

This is not an emergency.

Due to a technical difficulty, the prompt notification sirens were inadvertently activated.

Local Emergency Response Organization personnel have checked and verified that there is NO EMERGENCY at the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station.

The Shoreham emergency brochure mailed to all emergency planning zone residents contains information that would have been useful for you to know, had this been a real emergency.

DESCRIPTION OF PLANNING ZONES/AREAS FOR SUFFOLK COUNTY

Wind Direction (From)	Zones	Area Description
111111111111	0 - 2 M'les	
All	A, B, C, D, & E	The area in East Shoreham east of Woodville Road and Ridge Road, south to Whiskey Road. The area north of Whiskey Road and east of Ridge Road. The area north of 25 between William Floyd Parkway and 25A. The area in Wading River west of Hulse Landing Road.
1111111111	0 - 5 Miles	
ESE .	A - E, F	The area north of 25A between Pipe Stave Hollow Road in Miller Place and Hulse Landing Road in Wading River. Plus the area north of 25 between William Floyd Parkway and 25A. The area north of Whiskey Road, east of Ridge Road.
E ENE NE	A - E, F, G	The area in Miller Place east of Pipe Stave Hollow Road and north of 25A. The area east of Miller Place-Yaphank Road between 25A and 25. The area north of 25 between Miller Place-Yaphank Road and 25A, plus the area between Smith Road and William Floyd Parkway. The area north of 25 between William Floyd Parkway and 25A. The area in Wading River west of Hulse Landing Road.
NNE	A - E, G, H	The area east of Woodville Road in East Shoreham. The area east of Miller Place-Yaphank Road between 25 and 25A. The area between Smith Road and William Floyd Parkway. The area north of the LIE between William Floyd Parkway(Exit 68) and Exit 69. The area in Wading River north of 25 and west of Hulse Landing Road.

DESCRIPTION OF PLANNING ZONES/AREAS FOR THE SUFFOLK COUNTY (continued)

Wind Direction (From)	Zones	Area Description
,,,,,,,,,,,,	0 - 5 Miles (continued)	
	A - E, G, H, I	The area east of Woodville Road in East Shoreham. The area east of Miller Place-Yaphank Road between 25 and 25A. The area between Smith Road and William Floyd Parkway. The area north of the LIE between William Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) and Edwards Avenue (Exit 71). The area west of Hulse Landing Road in Wading River.
NNW	A - E, H, I	The area in East Shoreham east of Woodville Road and Ridge Road, as far south as Whiskey Road. The area north of Whiskey Road, east of Ridge Road. The area north of the LIE between the Willam Ployd Parkway (Exits 68) and Exit 71. The area west of Hulse Landing Road in Wading River.
MA	A - E, H, I, J	The area in East Shoreham east of Woodville Road and Ridge Road, as far south as Whiskey Road. The area north of Whiskey Road, east of Ridge Road. The area north of the LIE betteen the William Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) and Exit 71. Avenue (Exit 71). The a west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.
WNW	A - E, I, J	The area in East Showeast of Woodville Road and Ridge Road, as far south as Whiskey Road. The area north of Whiskey Road. The area north of 25 between William Floyd Parkway and Wading River-Manorville Road. The area north of the LIE between Exit 69 and Edwards Avenue (Exit 71). The area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.

DESCRIPTION OF PLANNING ZONES/AREAS FOR THE SUFFOLK COUNTY (continued)

Wind Direction (From)	Zones	Area Description
11111111111	0 - 5 Miles (continued)	
W WSW	A - B, J	The area in East Shoreham east of Woodville Road and Ridge Road, south to Whiskey Road. The area north of Whiskey Road, east of Ridge Road. The area north of 25 between William Floyd Parkway to Edwards Avenue. The area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.
A11	A - J	The area in Miller Place east of Pipe Stave Hollow Road and north of 25A. The area east of Miller Place-Yaphank Road between 25A and 25. The area north of 25 between Miller Place-Yaphank Road and 25A, plus the area between Smith Road and William Floyd Parkway. The area north of the LIE between William Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) and Edwards Avenue (Exit 71). The area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.
11111111111	0 - 10 Miles	
•	A - J, L, M, N, O, R	The area in Miller Place east of Pipe Stave Hollow Road and north of 25A. The area east of Miller Place-Yaphank Road: The area east of Port Jefferson- Patchogue Road between 25 and the LIB. The area north of the Sunrise Highway between Gerard Road and Old Moriches-Riverhead Road. The area east of Old Moriches-Riverhead Road within the Town of Brookhaven. The area south of Old Country Road, west of Mill Road. The area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.

DESCRIPTION OF PLANNING ZONES/AREAS FOR THE SUFFOLK COUNTY (continued)

Wind Direction (From)	Zones	Area Description
NNW	0 - 10 Miles (continued) A - J, M, N, 0	The area in Miller Place east of Pipe Stave Hollow Road and north of 25A. The area east of Miller Place-Yaphank Road, Middle Island Road, Yaphank- Middle Island Road, and Gerard Road to Sunrise Highway. The area north of Sunrise Highway between Gerard Road and Old Moriches-Riverhead Road. The area east of Old Moriches-Riverhead Road within the Town of Brookhaven. The area south of Old Country Road, west of Mill Road. The area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.
NW	A - J, N, O, S, P	The area in Miller Place east of Pipe Stave Hollow Road and north of 25A. The area east of Miller Place-Yaphank Road between 25 and 25A. The area east of William Floyd Parkway south to Sunrise Highway, plus the area in Upton between Smill Road and William Floyd Parkway. The area north of the Sunrise Highway between William Floyd Parkway and Old Moriches-Riverhead Road. The area west of Moriches-Riverhead Road to Osborne Avenue in Riverhead. The area west of tor's Path and Pennys Road.
WNU	A - J, O, P, S	rea in Miller Place east of Pipe Stave Hollow Road and north of 25A. The least of Miller Place-Yaphank Road between 25 and 25A. The area north of between Middle Island Road and William Floyd Parkway, plus the area between with Road and William Floyd Parkway in Upton. The area north of the LIE from Exit 68 to Exit 69. The area north of the Sunrise Highway from Chichester Avenue to Old Moriches-Riverhead Road. The area west of Old Moriches-Riverhead Road to Osborne Avenue in Riverhead. The area west of Doctor's Path and Pennys Road.

DESCRIPTION OF PLANNING ZONES/AREAS FOR THE SUFFOLK COUNTY (co. nued)

Wind Direction (From)	Zones	Area Description
111111111111	0 - 10 Miles (continued)	
NE	A - J, Q, K, L, R, H	The area east of Main Street in Port Jefferson, east of Jayne Boulevard, Old Town Road, and Port Jefferson-Patchogue Road. North of the LIE between Exits 64 and 66. The area north of Sunrise Highway between Gerard Avenue and William Floyd Parkway in Yaphank. The area north of the LIE from William Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) to Edwards Avenue (Exit 71) and the area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.
NNE	A - J, K, L, H, N, R	The area in Mt. Sinai east of Crystal Brook Hollow Road. The area east of Jayne Boulevard, Old Town Road, and Port Jefferson-Patchogue Road. North of the LIE between Exits 64 and 66. The area north of Sunrise Highway between Gerard Avenue and William Floyd Parkway in Yaphank. The area north of the LIE from William Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) to Edwards Avenue (Exit 71) and the area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.

DESCRIPTION OF PLANNING ZONES/AREAS FOR THE SUFFOLK COUNTY (continued)

Wind Direction (From)	Zones	Area Description
WSW	A - J, P	The area in Miller Place east of Pipe Stave Hollow Road and north of 25A. The area east of Miller Place-Yaphank Road between 25A and 25. The area north of 25 between Miller Place-Yaphank Road and 25A, plus the area between Smith Road and William Floyd Parkway. The area north of the LIE between William Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) and Edwards Avenue (Exit 71). The area north of Old Country Road between Edwards Avenue and Roanoke Avenue. The areas west of Doctor's Path, north of Middle Road, and the area west of Pennys Road.
E	A - J, K, Q	The area east of Main Street in Port Jefferson, east of Jayne Boulevard, and Old Town Road to 25. North of 25 between Old Town Road and William Floyd Parkway, plus the area between Smith Road and William Floyd Parkway in Upton. The area north of the LIE between the Willam Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) and Edwards Avenue (Exit 71). The area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.
ENE	A - J, K, Q, L, R	The area east of Main Street in Port Jefferson, east of Jayne Boulevard, Old Town Road, and Port Jefferson-Patchogue Road to Horse Block Road. North of the LIRR tracks between Horse Block Road and Yaphank Road in West Yaphank. West of Yaphank-Middle Island Road in Gordon Heights. The area north of 25 from Middle Island Road to William Floyd Parkway, plus the area between Smith Road and William Floyd Parkway in Upton. The area north of the LIE from the the William Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) to Edwards Avenue (Exit 71). The area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.

DESCRIPTION OF PLANNING ZONES/AREAS FOR THE SUFFOLK COUNTY (continued)

Wind Direction (From)	Zones	Area Description
1111:1111111	0 - 10 Miles (continued)	
NE	A - J, Q, K, L, R, H	The area east of Main Street in Port Jefferson, east of Jayne Boulevard, Old Town Road, and Port Jefferson-Patchogue Road. North of the LIE between Exits 64 and 66. The area north of Sunrise Highway between Gerard Avenue and William Floyd Parkway in Yaphank. The area north of the LIE from William Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) to Edwards Avenue (Exit 71) and the area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.
NNE	A - J, K, L, M, N, R	The area in Mt. Sinai east of Crystal Brook Hollow Road. The area east of Jayne Boulevard, Old Town Road, and Port Jefferson-Patchogue Road. North of the LIE between Exits 64 and 66. The area north of Sunrise Highway between Gerard Avenue and William Floyd Parkway in Yaphank. The area north of the LIE from William Floyd Parkway (Exit 68) to Edwards Avenue (Exit 71) and the area west of Edwards Avenue, including Wildwood State Park.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

In the Matter of
LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY
(Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, Unit 1)
Docket No. 50-322-OL-3
(Emergency Planning Proceeding)

I hereby certify that copies of LILCO's TESTIMONY ON CON-TENTION 18 (ADEQUACY OF ZONE AND ROUTE INFORMATION) have been served this date upon the following by first-class mail, postage prepaid, or (as indicated by two asterisks) by Federal Express:

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Chairman
Atomic Safety and Licensing
Board
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory
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4350 East-West Hwy.
Bethesda, MD 20814

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Before the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

In the Matter of

LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY

(Shoreham Nuclear Power Station,)

Unit 1)

Docket No. 50-322-0L-3

(Emergency Planning

Proceeding)

Update of LILCO's Testimony on Contention 18 (Adequacy of Zone and Route Information)

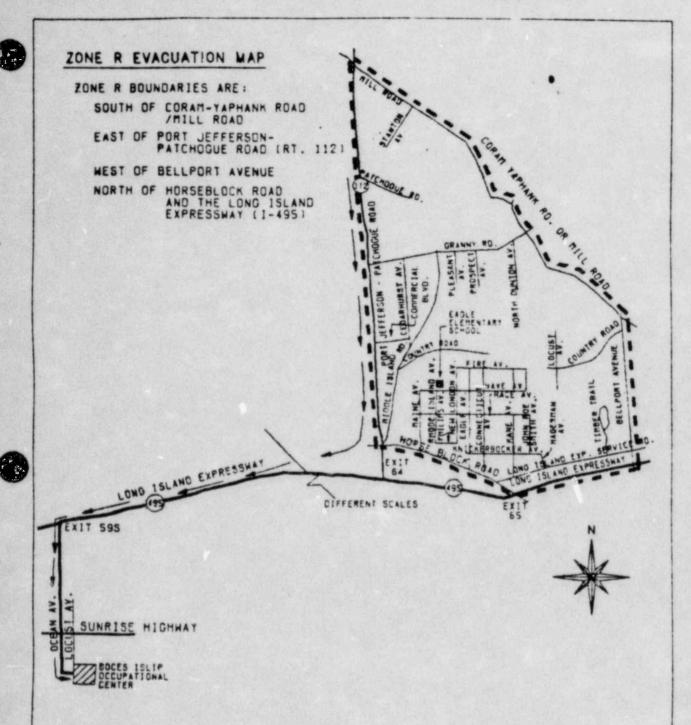
Attachments 2 and 6 to "LILCO's Testimony on Contention 18 (Adequacy of Zone and Route Information)" have been updated since the written testimony was filed on March 22, 1984. The revised attachments are attached hereto and should be substituted for Attachments 2 and 6 as they now appear in LILCO's written testimony for Contention 18. When the written testimony for Contention 18 is offered into evidence at the hearing, LILCO will also offer the updated attachments.

Respectfully submitted,
LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY

Rence R. Falzone

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DATED: May 30, 1984



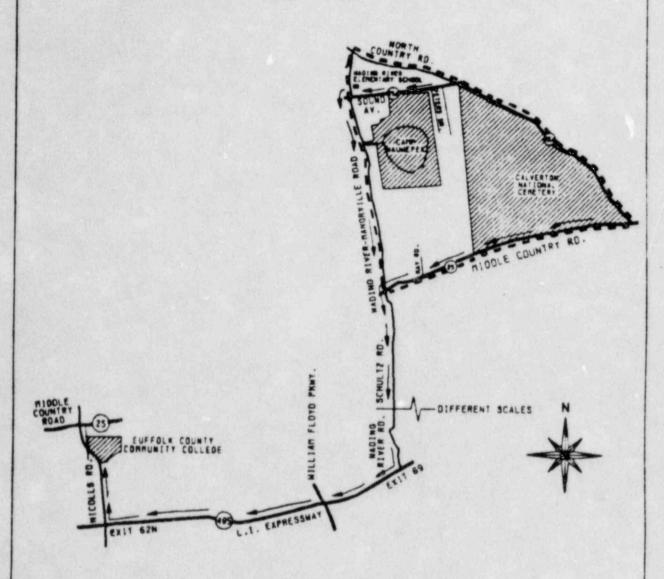
ZONE R - ROUTE DIRECTIONS:

TAKE THE MOST CONVENIENT ROUTE TO PORT JEFFERSON AND PATCHOQUE ROAD (RT.112). TURN LEFT (SOUTH) ONTO PORT JEFFERSON AND PATCHOQUE ROAD AND FOLLOW PORT JEFFERSON AND PATCHOQUE ROAD SOUTHBOUND TO THE LONG ISLAND EXPRESSMAY (1-495) WESTBOUND. PROCEED WEST ON THE LONG ISLAND EXPRESSMAY TO EXIT 595 OCEAN AVENUE SOUTHBOUND. PROCEED SOUTHBOUND ON DOCEAN AVENUE TO LOCUST AVENUE AND TURN RIGHT ONTO LOCUST AVENUE. FROM LOCUST AVENUE PROCEED TO THE BOCES ISLIP OCCUPATIONAL CENTER.

ZONE D EVACUATION MAP

ZONE D BOUNDARIES ARE:

SOUTH OF NORTH COUNTRY ROAD AND RT. 25A EAST OF MADING RIVER-MANDRVILLE ROAD NORTH OF MIDDLE COUNTRY ROAD (RT. 25)



ZONE D - ROUTE DIRECTIONS:

FOR TRIPS WITH ACCESS TO MADING RIVER-MANORVILLE ROAD-

TURN LEFT ONTO MADING RIVER MANDRVILLE ROAD. PROCEED SOUTH ALONG MADING RIVER MANDRVILLE ROAD. BEARING RIGHT ONTO SCHULTZ ROAD MHICH BECOMES MADING RIVER ROAD. PROCEED TO THE LONG ISLAND EXPRESSMAY (1-495) MESTBOUND. TAKE 1-495 MESTBOUND TO EXIT 62N NICOLLS ROAD NORTH. FOLLOW NICOLLS ROAD TO SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE.

FOR TRIPS WITH ACCESS TO SOUND AVENUE OR TO MIDDLE COUNTRY ROAD IRT. 25 !-

TRAVEL MEST ALONG EITHER ROAD TO MADING RIVER MANORVILLE ROAD. TURN LEFT (SOUTH) ONTO MADING RIVER MANORVILLE ROAD AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS ABOVE.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

In the Matter of
LONG ISLAND LIGHTING COMPANY
(Shoreham Nuclear Power Station, Unit 1)
(Emergency Planning Proceeding)
Docket No. 50-322-0L-3

I certify that copies of the UPDATE OF LILCO'S TESTIMONY ON CONTENTION 18 (Adequacy of Zone and Route Information) were served this date upon the following by first-class mail, postage prepaid, or by hand, at the hearings, as indicated by an asterisk:

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DATED: May 30, 1984

XXXXINDEX 2

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. McMurray.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. MCMURRAY:

about these maps again. With the exception of the relocation centers, let's look at Attachment 6. With the exception of Suffolk County Community College being identified as the relocation center, and lets also say the exception of the arrows going to that relocation center, is this, in fact, the map of Zone D that will appear on glove box stickers?

A (Witness Clawson) This is the new submission on Attachment 6, which is more obviously a computer print out map than the prior one.

This is essentially what would appear.

Q When you say, 'essentially.'

A I am talking about the types of information is what would appear if -- between today and when these are issued. There is a new subdivision that appears that will appear. We continually plan to update the maps.

Q By new subdivision, you mean a new subdivision --

A Of homes, in a particular area. That is what I am talking about. There will be the zone boundaries, identification of the zone, the zone boundaries, a map outlining the zone with particular roads, and the zone route directions.

This map doesn't seem to show any subdivisions at 1 Q all. 2 A Well, there probably weren't any in Zone D when 3 this map was done, and to my knowledge there are none now. And the same is true with Attachment 2? That 5 this is the same type of information that would be included, but it would not, as I take it, it would not necessarily have the same layout? I take it that is your testimony? A That is possible. The information that is here 9 is information that we intend to include in this package. 10 But the layout could be different? 11 A If a graphic specialist advises us that a different 12 layout may be a better one, we might use a different layout. 13 Q Are you, in fact, using a graphic specialist to 14 develope these maps in the glove box stickers? 15 A We have not as yet contacted the graphic specialist 16 to do that. We do intend to before this material is issued. 17 What the purpose of this is is to give you an 18 example and to enter into the record an example of the types 19 of information that we would plan to distribute. 20 Let me ask members of the panel a few general 21 questions. Does any member of this panel have a degree in 22 23 geography? A (Witness Daverio) I don't. 24 A (Witness Clawson) I don't. 25

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(Witness Cordaro) No.

Q Does any member of this panel have a degree in sociology?

- A (Witness Cordaro) No.
- A (Witness Daverio) No.
- A (Witness Clawson) No.
 - Q Does any member of this panel have a degree in graphic arts?
 - A (Witness Cordaro) No.
 - A (Witness Daverio) No.
 - A (Witness Clawson) No.
 - Q Let's turn then to your testimony on page 9, where you discuss the public information brochure. Now, there you refer to Attachment 2, and Ms. Clawson, you have already stated that you intend to have this brochure map reviewed by a graphic artist, correct?

A These maps have been reviewed by our traffic expert, and these maps come from our traffic plans. Our traffic expert has -- Ed Lieberman has reviewed every one of these maps. What I would possibly be interested in is prior to this being issued to the public, having it presented in as pleasant a way as possible, graphically speaking, and I think the advice of a graphic specialist would be useful in that.

Q So this map and all the zone maps have been

reviewed by Mr. Lieberman?

- A Yes. they have.
- Q What was the purpose of his review?
- A I was anxious for him to take a look at the work to make sure that it was accurate.
- Q Did he review it, or did you ask him to review it, to determine whether the map could be understood by the average person reading it?

MR. CHRISTMAN: Objection. And this is a very important objection. I want to make it clear right at the outset. The Board has twice ruled now, on March 9th and April 10th, that the addition of the word, 'adequately' tell the reader what zone he is in or what route he should use is an improper addition to this Contention.

What the Contention says is that they do not tell the reader what zone he is in, or what route to take out.

Now, I submit that any questions going to the content of these materials we have attached, and whether they are clear enough or whether you can understand them is outside the scope of this Contention. If the question is that the information is simply not provided, that is within the scope. But questions about the nature of these materials and how they would be interpreted by somebody, that is clearly outside the scope.

MR. McMURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I don't understand how Mr. Christman can say it is irrelevant to determine whether or not the information is received by people who read it.

If it is not received, then it is not provided.

MR. CHRISTMAN: That was the intent of that question.

JUDGE LAURENSON: The word used was, 'adequate.'

Did Mr. Lieberman review it for the adequacy. The objection is sustained.

BY MR. McMURRAY: (Continuing)

Q Did Mr. Lieberman review it to determine whether or not the information that was purported to be contained in this map would be clear to the person reading it?

MR. CHRISTMAN: Objection. That is an adequacy question, and it is outside the scope. The information is on here, and the question of whether somebody might understand it or not is outside the scope of this contention.

JUDGE LAURENSON: I do believe Mr. Christman is correct. That this is not the Contention on the adequacy or whatever of the public information section. This has to do with zones and routes. That is what we are talking about it. Not the public information adequacy part of it.

MR. McMURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I am not quite sure I understand the distinction the Board is making. The question is whether or not the public is being provided with

information on zones and routes.

My question is whether or not anybody has reviewed this to determine whether or the public will, in fact, get that information from reading these maps.

Obviously Mr. Christman believes that the information is there. That LILCO intended to provide the information. The question though that is relevant is whether or not that information is received.

MR. CHRISTMAN: For Heavens sake, anybody can see it is there. There is the route. Anybody can see that. This is not a question of whether it is clear or whether it has been reviewed for clarity.

MR. McMURRAY: Well, if LILCO will represent it doesn't care whether or not the information is clear, then I will just go on to the next question.

MR. CHRISTMAN: Not a chance.

JUDGE LAURENSON: We just reviewed the specific language of Contention 18, and it speaks primarily in terms of whether or not the information tells the reader what zones they are in and so forth.

However, following that, the Contention as admitted states: Thus, these items are not effective, and do not comply with the regulation.

And on reconsideration of this question, I think the question of the effectiveness does raise this issue, and

I think a limited inquiry into will be allowed. 1 So, the objection is overruled. 3 BY MR. McMURRAY: (Continuing) Q Do you remember the question? (Witness Clawson) Could you repeat the question, please. I don't think so. Let me try again. Did Mr. Lieberman review the maps -- let's say the public information brochure maps -- to determine whether or not the average person reading that brochure would, in fact, understand the 10 routes that he was supposed to take, and what route he was 11 12 in? MR. BORDENICK: I will object to that question. 13 I don't know what the, 'average person' is supposed to mean. 14 I think the question is vague. 15 16 JUDGE LAURENSON: Overruled. WITNESS CLAWSON: Let me explain what Mr. Lieberman 17 did, okay, and maybe that would help clarify this. Mr. 18 19 Lieberman reviewed the maps and the routing directions for each one of the maps in each one of the zones to determine 20 whether the routes and the routing directions -- in other 21 22 words, the arrows that we have -- on the maps, and the routin; directions, reflected Appendix A of the plan. And were 23

BY MR. McMURRAY: (Continuing)

accurate.

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- Q And that was the extent of his review?
 - A (Witness Clawson) That was the extent of his review, that is right.
 - Q He looked at it from the traffic engineer's point of view?
 - A That is exactly right.
 - Q Whether it showed how to get from Point A to Point B?

A Yes. Now, I have had other people look at this material to determine whether they thought it was clear. And I don't know how to define the term, 'the average person,' but whether it seemed to be understandable.

- Q Who else has reviewed these brochure maps?
- A I had the maps -- various of the maps reviewed by our District Office personnel throughout the LILCO System.

 That would be people in eleven district offices have looked at the maps, many of whom live in the area; many of whom don't live in there at all, in the area, and they have looked at the maps in terms of what I might consider an average person's look at them in terms of whether they are clear or not, and we have gotten, quite frankly, pretty good reviews from the people out there on the maps.
- Q Did you have the maps reviewed at all by any geographers?
 - A I didn't ask the qualifications of the people that

review the maps in the district offices in terms of their educational background. There may have been some geographers in the group. I don't know.

Q To the best of your knowledge, were any of them geographers?

A To the best of my knowledge, no.

Q Did you have these maps reviewed by any sociologist?

A Yes. I believe that Dr. Mileti has looked at some of the maps.

Q This version that is the latest version of Attachment 2?

A Yes.

Q Okay. Each map for each zone?

A I don't think he has looked at every map for every zone, but he has looked at some of the maps, and they are essentially the same. I have a book with all of the maps, and the difference of course are the roads and the streets in each zone, but essentially, other than the shape of the zone, the maps are relatively similar.

Q Did you ask Dr. Mileti to review the maps for their clarity -- for their clarity?

A Yes, I think I did. I am trying to think of whether I said: Dr. M ileti, would you review these maps for their clarity.

I asked him to take a look at them and see if

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he thought the public would be able to understand them, and he indicated to me that he thought they were good maps, and the public would be able to understand them.

Did Dr. Mileti also review the maps and the sample insert which is -- sample telephone book insert, which is Attachment 3?

No.

Did Dr. Mileti review the text of the sample insert -- sample telephone book insert, which is Attachment 3?

MR. CHRISTMAN: Objection. The limited inquiry that the Board said it would allow has become an excessively picky inquiry.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Excessively what?

MR. CHRISTMAN: P-i-c-k-y.

JUDGE LAURENSON: The objection is overruled.

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WITNESS CLAWSON: I'm really trying to think.

A lot of this material was prepared last January and February, and quite frankly, I don't remember whether he did review -- I tend to think he did, but I don't really remember whether he reviewed the text of the material in insert 3.

BY MR. MC MURRAY:

Q Other than Dr. Mileti, has attachment 3 been reviewed by any of LILCO's other social science experts?

A No.

Q Attachment 4 deals with community telephone directories in the EPZ, correct?

A That's correct.

Q Is there a map associated with attachment 4?
The reason I am asking is, I don't have one in my copy.

If there is one, my question will be brief.

A Yes. As a matter of fact, I think there should have been two maps included with attachment 4 which would be a draft version, an example of the ten-mile EPZ map, plus one zone evacuation map.

A (Witness Daverio) Mr. McMurray, if you look,

I think at least in my copy there are three pages, the

next two aren't labeled. They are also considered

attachment 4.

MR. CHRISTMAN: They are hard to separate, but

my attachment has all three pages.

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Does the Board have three pages?

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JUDGE LAURENSON: We have all three pages in ours.

MR. MC MURRAY: Obviously it is an error in our

copying.

(Pause.)

I have now been given copies of these maps.

BY MR. MC MURRAY:

It is true, Mrs. Clawson, isn't it, that some

telephone books cover more than one zone; isn't that correct?

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of these communities that are served by the community

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A (Witness Clawson) That's correct.

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Will the community telephone book contain just

one zone map?

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not bring with me the listing of which books would contain

No. The community telephone book -- and I did

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which zones -- will contain whatever zones are covered by

covered by one telephone community yellow book, then the

For example, if four different zones are

Not to belabor this point, just one last

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those communities.

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question on this. Will the map be four different zone

maps for those four zones would be in the yellow book.

are, however many zones are included, be all on one map?

maps, or will all four or five zones, or however many maps

A No. What I would expect to do is to have the ten-mile EPZ map, with the 19 zones, as a cover sheet before the other maps, and then one page for each zone map. So that if somebody needed to use the zone map, he could effectively take it out of the book, if he so desired. And he would be able to refer specifically to the one map on one page.

Q With respect to the maps to be inserted in community telephone books, I assume also that they have not been reviewed by your social science experts?

A Essentially, the maps are the same. Whether it is for the -- the maps and the basic information is the same whether it is for the brochure or the yellow book or the transient information packages. They are the same maps. They may be in different colors or different sizes or different shapes, depending upon what fits with the package. But the maps, the zone boundaries, the arrows, and the routing directions are identical.

Q So what you are saying then is that you believe Dr. Mileti has reviewed this zone A map in the same way that he reviewed the brochure map that you were talking about which is attachment 2?

A Well, Mr. McMurray, as I said, I don't recall whether he specifically reviewed the zone A map. I know that I showed him some of the maps. I don't remember which

1 zones they were.

All of the maps have basically the same information, but specific for each zone.

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, it is three o'clock now. We have our experts here regarding the hospital rebuttal testimony. Their schedule is very tight. I would like to ask that we now move into the rebuttal testimony and continue with contention 18 panel after we are done with that.

JUDGE LAURENSON: I think this was the agreement last Friday, as I recall.

MR. CHRISTMAN: I am afraid so.

(Pause.)

(The panel stood down.)

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, maybe this would be a good time to take our first ten-minute break, just so we can -- the witnesses are here. I haven't een sthem yet, and I just -- even five minutes would be beneficial.

JUDGE LAURENSON: All right. Unless there is an objection, we will take a short recess now. We will reconvene at 3:10.

(Recess.)

JUDGE LAURENSON: We are back on the record now.

At this point we have scheduled, by agreement of the parties,

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the presentation of LILCO's rebuttal witnesses as requested last Friday.

Ms. McCleskey?

MS. MC CLESKEY: Judge Laurenson, Mr. Yedvab, Mrs. Robinson, and Mr. Miele have resumed the stand to give rebuttal testimony on the special facilities testimony.

JUDGE LAURENSON: All the witnesses have been previously sworn and you are still under oath. Whereupon,

> MICHAEL MIELE ELAINE D. ROBINSON and JAY YEDVAB

were recalled as witnesses and, having been previously duly sworn, were examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

Q Mr. Miele, your professional qualifications, which were filed --

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, excuse me. want to make an objection right here. Last week Ms. McCleskey did not offer Mr. Miele as a rebuttal witness. She just offered, as a matter of fact, Mrs. Robinson and Mr. Yedvab, not Mr. Miele. And we object to his presence up here on the panel.

JUDGE LAURENSON: I don't have my transcript from last Friday with me, so I don't have any way of checking that.

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Ms. McCleskey, do you want to respond to that?

MS. MC CLESKEY: I don't recall which names I stated, and I guess we can go check it. I would think that Mr. Miele has been intimately involved with the special facilities and has taken part in a lot of the meetings and the preparation of these plans that we are going to be talking about, and I think he is an appropriate witness on the panel.

The fact that -- assuming that I did not mention his name last Friday, I don't think that there is any prejudice to the county to have him sitting on the panel.

JUDGE LAURENSON: I think, in terms of giving notice, you should at least make the proffer as to what Mr. Miele is going to testify to so they can determine what their position will be on it, assuming, again, that Mr. Miele was not mentioned last Friday.

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I will refer the Board to transcript page 9912 where Ms. McCleskey says, "As to the special facilities testimony, we would like to offer Mr. Yedvab and Ms. Robinson to offer into rebuttal the emergency plans that have been marked LILCO EP38 through 47."

MS. MC CLESKEY: Well, I regret that I did not mention Mr. Miele's name last Friday, and I will state for the record that the portions of the rebuttal testimony

that I identified last Friday that he will be discussing are particular meetings and discussions that he has had with the special facilities regarding sheltering and evacuation that culminated in these draft plans.

And while I did not mention his name, there will

And while I did not mention his name, there will be no -- I don't believe he will offer any additional information other than what I identified last Friday.

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, our objection stands.

MS. MC CLESKEY: I am told, although I don't have the transcript in front of me, that I did mention Mr. Glaser as a possible rebuttal witness.

Unfortunately, he could not be here today.

JUDGE LAURENSON: At this time the objection is overruled. You may proceed.

BY MS. MC CLESKEY:

Q Mr. Miele, your professional qualifications which were filed some time ago state that you are employed by LILCO. Is that information still correct?

A (Witness Miele) At the present time that is no longer correct. I ceased my employment with LILCO on June 1st and commencing on June 8 I will be employed by Consolidated Edison.

And the position I will be holding with Con Ed is the general manager of environmental health and safety.

Q With that change, are your professional qualifications correct?

A Yes, they are, other than now I do have responsibility for -- yes, they are basically the same.

Q All right.

Mrs. Robinson and Mr. Miele and Mr. Yedvab, have you reviewed the documents that have been labeled LILCO EP38 through 47?

A Yes, we have.

A (Witness Robinson) Yes, I have.

Q What are these documents?

A (Witness Miele) Basica.ly these documents are the emergency plans and procedures that we developed and people who worked for us developed with the staffs of the different facilities -- the nursing homes and the hospitals. And they include comments, where provided, by these facilities during the meetings that we have held with, I believe, all of them.

Q How are these plans being developed?

A (Witness Robinson) Early last summer we began contacts with special facilities. Mr. Miele and people employed by him as well as staff reporting to me went out to visit these facilities and to make contact with administrators and staff and to survey the facilities.

Following these discussions and realizing that

many of the facility directors -- in fact, I would say all of them, I think I can say without exception -- were too busy to do the kind of detailed procedure writing that was necessary for implementing procedures for an emergency plan for Shoreham, we started developing them.

And to implement that, we brought on board a full-time planner, he is a consultant but he is working full-time for LILCO, on health facility perceived plan and implementing procedures and as well we hired two consultants -- Mr. Yedvab and Mr. Glaser -- who were experienced administrators in the health care field.

Using that background, we drew up rev zero, had drawn up rev zero of the proposed draft plans which were distributed to all the facilities except Riverhead which has just gone out today, and that is scheduled for a meeting next week and, of course, except for the Suffolk Infirmary at this point. So that, again, with those exceptions, everybody has received at least a draft zero.

In some of the cases, there have been subsequent meetings. We have received oral comments; to the best of my memory -- and perhaps Mr. Miele will want to add to this -- we have not received any written comments on any of the plans. But where we have received oral comments and where we have had time to do so, we have revised the plans or, in the cases of the hospitals, the

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floor plans, the marked up floor plans, and then sent them back out to the facilities and continued meeting with them.

I think that is basically the procedure, unless you want to add something.

A (Witness Miele) All I want to add is that we went out and we have toured or visited, discussed with each one of these facilities, either my people and some of Ms. Robinson's people have toured every one of these facilities listed.

Q What generally do the plans cover?

A (Witness Robinson) I don't think you want me to go cver in detail what is there in writing. Basically it starts off with definition of terms, those commonly used in discussing emergency planning for a nuclear power plant.

There is a section defining the different classifications of emergencies, the communications necessary, the organization of the facility and staff responsibilities, staffing needs, and then also it then gets into procedures such as the preparation of residents, what would have to be done to get them ready to be sheltered, sheltering procedure, what would have to be done to get them ready for evacuation in evacuation procedure.

And the procedures get detailed down to breaking

down administrative staff, nursing staff, custodial staff.

A (Witness Miele) In addition to the items
that Ms. Robinson just mentioned, the implementing procedures
become more specific for the individual facilities such as,
while working with the facilities, St. Charles chose that
they didn't want to move their maternity patients and
the newborns. So we worked around that constraint into

satisfying them in how we wanted to handle that.

Facilities such as Central Suffolk, we are working with them to make some of the doorways somewhat bigger for ease of access into and out of the areas we

selected for sheltering.

We have worked with them on specific patients. I know one of the old age homes, the nun facility in Sound Beach, we worked on specific patients who would be more difficult to move and relocate and whether they had specific people who could pick up and carry the people who reside in those facilities.

So the procedures are down to specifics for the individual facilities.

A (Witness Yedvab) In the case of the hospitals, where there were several meetings at each facility, the member of the administrative staff, a member of the nursing staff, usually the associate or the director of

nursing, and a member of the engineering staff, in most cases the director of engineering, were present at some or all of the meetings and actually went around with us and

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So these were developed in consultation with the responsible individuals in each of the three hospital facilities.

Q Mrs. Robinson, other than the facilities represented by the plans that have been marked LILCO EP38 through 47, does LILCO intend to develop similar plans for other special facilities in the EPZ?

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A (Witness Robinson) Yes --

discussed our concerns.

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MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, excuse me.

That calls for the witness to speculate and not only that,

it is a leading question.

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JUDGE LAURENSON: Overruled.

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WITNESS ROBINSON: We have prepared a draft plan for the handicapped facility run by BOCES 2 at

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St. Charles Hospital and have met with them. Mr. Dudar

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and Mr. Michael Sacca have met with the BOCES 2 administrators.

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That plan has been prepared and sent out.

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I know that meetings are scheduled for the

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four HRC facilities, and of course, as time permits, we will continue to do that for the remaining handicapped

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facilities.

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Q Mr. Miele, how are the sheltering areas for these facilities that are represented by plans chosen?

A (Witness Miele) The initial steps were either myself or people who worked for me went to each one of these facilities and toured in detail with normally either the hospital administrator, nursing home administrator, and looked at the entire grounds, the building, the basements, all the different possible areas.

We then tried to determine which of these facilities would provide the best sheltering or shielding factors.

The next thing we had to consider were the number of people, how many people we had to relocate into these areas.

Again, working with both the hospital and nursing home administrators, plus our own civil mechanical engineering planning group on how much space and the codes that people needed to fit in the different areas determined based on what were good sheltering areas versus on how many people we needed to put in these locations.

So those two factors. Then we had to include special needs such as food for the people, special equipment they may have needed in the hospital and that we had enough, let alone for the people and the amount of time they needed, but the equipment or materials they needed to

support spending the required amount of time in that sheltering location.

Another for instance would be, I guess an example would be over at Sunrest Nursing Home where we tried to determine how much space we had and how much need -- Sunrest, if you recall, is a two-building facility that has approximately -- I don't know 103, 104 people in each of the two locations.

In the front building, we toured or surveyed the entire area. We found that the basement in that place was really insifficient and the boiler room area was too small to put people. So we chose, with the administrators, to locate the people on the west side of the ground level in the front building at Sunrest.

In the back building, I think this is the special facilities building, we found sufficient space in the basement area for the, I believe, 103 people in that second facility.

That is basically how we did it. We worked with the administrators, with the sheltering factors, and with the amoung of space that we needed for the people.

Q Aside from developing the plans that we have been discussing, what actions, if any, had LILCO taken to help implement protective actions at special facilities?

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A (Witness Miele) Again, working with the Administrators, some of the special equipment that we have agreed to provide to some of the facilities out at Central Suffolk with Robert Ecroyd, the Administrator, we had detailed discussion on providing portable oxygen equipment, portable suction equipment, relocating certain electrical to make sure that the equipment can run. We worked with them on isolating the ventilation and where necessary covering of ventilation equipment, certain shields were needed to improve sheltering factors in some of the facilities.

So, we did a pretty detailed job on equipment that would provide a better sheltering plan.

In addition to that, in some of the facilities, one specifically, Mather, we've already provided some training to the hospital. Out at Central Suffolk, we have been dealing with them for, it must be, seven or eight years now as far as working with LILCO and radioactive contaminated people. So, we've done some drills with them.

I believe Mrs. Robinson could add some more information about drills and other things we have provided.

(Witness Robinson) In addition to the meetings and the draft procedures, we will continue to provide the expert advice and the help, in effect, to work on these procedures and to continue to revise them. Mr. Dudar and

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Mr. Glacier and Mr. Yedvab will remain available to do that kind of work provided as needed to these facilities until they have all incorporated a part of their -- incorporated some of these procedures into their existing emergency plans, as either a chapter or a section of the plan as the nursing homes and the hospitals are required to have under Article 28.

And I suppose for the adult homes it would be an independent plan or an addition to their plan. But we will provide that if they want any assistance in drills and drill observers or advisors we will be happy to provide that.

We have been informed that one of the facilities,

Mrs. Portnoy at Oak Hollow, has already drilled the sheltering procedures. But if any other facility does wish assistance with doing that, we will provide that as well.

(Witness Yedvab) In the case of the hospitals, they are all accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals and are required as part of that accreditation process to incorporate into their disaster planning any internal or external disasters that could reasonably be expected to occur. And, therefore, our activities with them have been to help them meet those requirements so that they would be able to retain their accreditation.

(Witness Robinson) I think I should also add at

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this point that this will be a yearly procedure, that this is not something that we are doing just now, but as part of the updating, the annual required updating, of the LILCO transition plan there will be annual contacts with all of these facilities and an annual updating of the information.

However, we will not be incorporating their plan into the transition plan. To be specific, what we will do will be to contact them and help them with their plan but we are not going to make it part or an addendum to our plan.

Q What will be done with these plans when they are completed?

A I don't like using the word "completed" with the planning process, because it is not completed as long as the facilities are in existence. But the prospect or the goal to which we are all working is to have them incorporated into the facilities' emergency plans.

Again, it can be either as a section or a chapter of an existing plan, or as an independent plan. And it will at that point be on record with them and presumably with the Stating licensing agency that handles that. But it will not be in the LILCO transition plan.

(Witness Yedvab) Again, in the case of hospitals, they are required, both under the State code and the Joint Commission Accreditation Standards, to rehearse the plans with varying frequencies and have written evaluations of those

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plans, and presumably those evaluations would then be incorporated into the ongoing revision of the plans.

How have facility administrators greeted your proposals regarding sheltering and evacuation?

MR. MC MURRAY: Objection, Judge Laurenson. I think we are getting far afield from the purpose of Ms. McCleskey's rebuttal testimony which is apparently to introduce there proposals into the record.

> I just think that her question is irrelevant. JUDGE LAURENSON: The objection is sustained. BY MS. MC CLESKEY: (Continuing)

Mr. Yedvab, how are patients in residents moved by ambulette?

(Witness Yedvab) In my --

MR. MC MURRAY: Objection, Judge Laurenson. I don't know what the relevance of this question is to the plans.

MS. MC CLESKEY: The relevance is that Doctors Harris and Mayer stated on cross-examination that it was improbable and probably impossible to strap a wheelchairbound patient on to the benches with the seat belts provided in ambulettes and, therefore, that the numbers that we were using for transportation in ambulettes were inaccurate.

And we have rebuttal testimony regarding the feasibility of strapping wheelchair patients into ambulettes. #12-5-SueT

JUDGE LAURENSON: The objection is overruled.

WITNESS YEDVAB: In my experience, and primarily at Bergen Pines where we periodically transport large numbers of patients, first of all, it is most appropriate to put a wheelchair patient in an ambulette with the wheelchair in the grooved slots with the chairs suitably fixed and with the patient strapped in. However, it is possible, and we have on occasion, moved patients on the benches of ambulettes.

We have moved wheelchair patients in station wagons. We have even moved wheelchair patients to certain events on small-sized school buses.

It depends on the condition of the patient, and it also requires some degree of professional judgment. You obviously would not take a seriously ill patient or somebody with an intravenous running, or somebody who could just not be moved that way and move them out of their wheelchair and strap them on a bench or put them on a seat of a regular vehicle.

However, in my experience most wheelchair patients are not totally bound to that wheelchair. And they can be moved in a number of ways. As a matter of fact, when we allowed patients to go home for holidays and visits, which we did with some frequency, the families that transported them invariably took the patient, moved them on to the seat of a car or station wagon, folded up the wheelchair, put it

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in the trunk of the vehicle and drove off. And in my experience that is how most people that are in wheelchairs, that would be representative of the typical nursing home patient, would be moved, or the kind of patient, or even somebody living at home that is usually moving around in a wheelchair, would go in and out of that house.

So, I believe it is quite possible with the exercise of professional judgment to move wheelchair patients other than in the slots of an ambulette.

Q Mr. Miele or Mr. Yedvab, during your meetings that you have described with the facility administrators, what has been their attitude regarding sheltering and evacuation in the plans that you were trying to develop with them?

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, same objection.

I think Ms. McCleskey is just trying to get around my
previous objection.

MS. MC CLESKEY: Judge Laurenson, Doctors Harris and Mayer stated in their written testimony and then on the stand -- the written testimony citation is Page 14 -- that the Administrators they spoke with expressed doubt and many stated outright that sheltering is impossible. And I think these witnesses who have been developing plans with the same Administrators have testimony contradictory to that of Doctors Harris and Mayer.

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MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, first of all,

I'm not sure if this was one of the categories of issues

that Ms. McCleskey raised on Friday that rebuttal testimony
was going to address.

But also the attitude of the Administrators is not relevant. What they told Dr. Harris and Dr. Mayer is on the record. And the attitude of the Administrators now is just not relevant.

JUDGE LAURENSON: The objection is overruled.

and every hospital, some of the nursing homes, and people who have worked for me have been to the remaining of the nursing homes and special facilities. At no time -- well, I guess I would put it this way. Due to the political overtones of the situation in Shoreham, we didn't go there to ask anybody to support the opening of the plant, all the folks I personally dealt with -- and my understanding from the people who work for me, that everyone was very professional in their dealings with us.

They were very willing and understood their responsibility to their patients, the people they cared for, and we found no obstacles in the planning process. They were willing to work with us as far as selecting sheltering locations, talking about how we would approach evacuation if that became necessary. And at no time did anybody

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mention to me or any of the people who worked for me that sheltering could not be done or that the people were going to be left there to die or anything close to that.

So, I thought the people were extremely responsive and very willing to work with us.

WITNESS YEDVAB: My involvement was only with the hospitals, the three hospitals. I have not visited nor been involved with any of the other facilities and so I can talk only to the hospitals.

In my professional opinion, the Administrators were willing to cooperate. They felt a concern which they expressed, that as responsible citizens they could not take a position either for or against the opening of the Shoreham plant because the issue had been so politicized, but that as hospital administrators they had responsibilities to the community and to the patients to plan accordingly in the event that the plant was licensed and did open.

I did discuss with them the Joint Commission
Standards, the licensing regulations. There was a significant exchange about whether any hospitals had successfully evacuated patients, since there was a concern about evacuation. And we did discuss several occurrences where large numbers of patients have been evacuated.

Beyond that, there were concerns expressed about the suitability of sheltering, about the ability to evacuate

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patients. But those were in the course of general discussions. And in the tours of the facilities, both with hospital staff and with LILCO employees, everyone was cooperative. Sheltering areas were designated in some cases. The inappropriateness of using certain areas that had been indicated on initial drafts was discussed; those were changed.

The nursing personnel were interested in discussing professional concerns, need for equipment, how long patients, for example, could be held in certain areas. We did have rather elaborate discussions over what you had to do with electric patient beds before you disconnected them and moved them, so that the beds would be put in the most common position for the period of time that a patient might be in it, not simply disconnect the bed, move it into a hallway and then discover that there was no electric current to change the position.

As an aside, most contemporary electric beds do not have manual cranks. The first models you could adjust manually by cranking them after they were moved.

We did have discussions, for example, about emergency supplies. The Joint Commission requires that hospitals be self-sustaining in utilities, food, water and things of that sort, for up to a week. Our initial discussions concerned the need for potable water, cleaning water,

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things of that sort. All three hospitals indicated that they did not believe that there was a need for emergency water planning.

And so I found them to be extremely cooperative and willing to participate in the planning process and willing to participate in a disaster exercise if one would be held.

They were, however, very concerned about the fact that they were in the middle of between the pressures for adequate electric generating capacity and the pressures politically in the community.

WITNESS ROBINSON: I would like to add just one thing about this attitude of cooperation. And that is that as I have -- as we, in LERIO, have been informed by letter from the Suffolk County attorney, the Suffolk County Infirmary is not included at this time in the planning process although they certainly will be included as part of the information chain.

And, in addition, one of the adult homes, the Administrator, declined to do any further planning until an agency was designated as -- and I cannot remember the exact words, but in effect until someone was designated as the official agency in charge of the emergency plan and they have Rev 0 of the implementing procedures, but we are not proceeding any further with them at this time.

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MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I would like to move to strike Mrs. Robinson's response. Ms. McCleskey's question went to the Administrator's attitudes towards sheltering. Mrs. Robinson did not address that particular question.

In addition, I would like to move to strike Mr. Yedvab's response. While he touched occasionally on sheltering, he went all over the board, evacuation, the Joint Accredidation, and a number of other issues that were not responsive.

MS. MC CLESKEY: We can have the question read back I suppose for the record. The question I have written down that I was reading included evacuation and general planning. But I suppose we can go back and have it read back.

And, in addition, I think Mrs. Robinson's statements are crucial to make it clear that what Mr. Miele said
about all having been involved in planning is not the case
for the Suffolk Infirmary and for the Woodhaven Nursing
Home.

JUDGE LAURENSON: My recollection of the question is the same as Mr. McMurray's. Mrs. Robinson's answer will be striken, but Mr. Yedvab's will not be, because I feel that is responsive to the question of sheltering.

BY MS. MC CLESKEY: (Continuing)

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Q Mrs. Robinson, are there any facilities with which you are not planning presently on sheltering or evacuation?

A (Witness Robinson) Yes, there are. The Suffolk Infirmary and the Woodhaven Home for Adults.

Q Why not?

A We have been informed by the Suffolk County attorney that the Suffolk Infirmary persons went to Suffolk County resolutions -- and I've forgotten the numbers now, but they are the cited ones in the testimony -- will not participate in any emergency planning.

We were also informed by the Administrator of the Woodhaven Home for Adults, Woodhaven Nursing Home,

I'm sorry -- I keep confusing the two -- the Woodhaven

Nursing Home, that until an agency was officially designated or officially appointed, that they would not proceed any further. And so they have Rev 0 and no further work will be done on that at this time.

Q Mr. Miele and Mr. Yedvab, did the answers you previously gave regarding planning for sheltering and the reception of that idea of the Administrators of facilities, hold for planning for evacuation as well?

A (Witness Miele) I understood working with the Administrators that, yes, it did, held for both sheltering and for evacuation.

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(Witness Yedvab) The discussions of evacuation as well as sheltering were held simultaneously and did overlap. The same would apply with the added point that there was considerable discussion about experiences in evacuating large number of patients, since the hospital administrators and the nursing people were concerned about whether it could effectively be done. And in discussions over several major events where large numbers of patients had been evacuated, I believe they felt that it was possible.

In the case of one hospital, they initially were interested only in evacuation, and after discussion I believe have changed their position, that sheltering would occur first and then, if indicated, there would be an evacuation.

So, the discussions were really interchangeable, and it is impossible to segregate them. There was cooperation and concern and a great deal of time spent in both areas.

MS. McCLESKEY: Judge Laurenson, at this time

I move LILCO's EP-38 through 47 into evidence.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Is there any objection to that?

MR. McMURRAY: Yes, Judge Laurenson. If I might have just a moment before I state my objection.

If the Board is ready, I will state my objection.

Judge Laurenson, LILCO Exhibits EP-38 through 47 are merely proposals. They are not plans. And this panel has not been able to state otherwise.

What they represent are documents drafted unilaterally by LILCO, and apparently they are discussions with
the nursing homes about them. This does not rebut anything
stated by the County's witnesses. Therefore, they are not
properly introduced as rebuttal evidence, number one.

Number two, there has been no foundation laid for these plans to be admitted into evidence. There have been hardly any questions asked about the specific plans. I know that there are blueprints attached to some of them.

There have been no questions asked about these blueprints.

What the represent. Who did them. Frankly, there has just been an improper foundation laid for all of these exhibits.

Let me note again that these documents rebut nothing stated by the County's witnesses.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Before going on, let me ask

you, Mr. McMurray, do you wish to have an opportunity to cross examine this panel before we rule on the Motion?

MR. McMURRAY: I think that is a good idea,

Judge Laurenson.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Why don't we postpone a ruling on this, because that is ordinarily the way it proceeds, is that you have an opportunity to question the witnesses first and then make objections to it.

So, let's defer a ruling on the offer of this testimony, and begin the cross examination. Mr. McMurray?

MR. McMURRAY: Judge Laurenson, let me make a statement first and -- first, I would like to move to strike the testimony of all of these witnesses. Again, their testimony has not rebutted anything stated by Suffolk County witnesses.

All they have been talking about are contacts between LILCO and the nursing homes and other facilities.

This evidence not only is not rebuttal testimony, but it is cumulative to what is already in LILCO's testimony.

They could have addressed it in their direct testimony. They could have addressed it while they were on the stand. They chose not to.

Therefore, I don't think that anything they have said now on the stand should be admitted into the record.

JUDGE LAURENSON: The Motion is denied.

MR. McMURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I would like to

what my cross examination is going to be, and also to review the record, Ms. McCleskey's proffer made on Friday, and I think that is going to take a little bit of time.

JUDGE LAURENSON: How much time are you requesting?

MR. McMURRAY: This is testimony that I have
heard for the first time. I have to review my notes. I
have to develop some lines of questions. I would say I am
going to want to confer with my experts. Confer with cocounsel. I would say half an hour.

Ms. McCLESKEY: Judge Laurenson, we have no objection as long as the LILCO 18 panel continues during the half hour that Mr. McMurray is preparing his cross examination.

MR. McMURRAY: That is so absurd I won't even respond.

(Laughter)

JUDGE LAURENSON: I think half an hour is a bit long. I mean, the witnesses have only been on the stand for about half an hour or forty minutes at the most since we resumed here. And this is rebuttal testimony that — the subject matter of which you certainly are familiar with from the prior questioning. I think a reasonable amount of time may be allowed, but I think 15 minutes is more than reasonable. So, we will take a fifteen minute recess, and

we will resume at 4:05. Mr. Zahnleuter?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Yes. I would like to briefly bring up something now. I think it is a reflection of the fact that we have multiple parties.

I also intended, on behalf of the State of New York to move to strike, but I disagreed with the strategy of this particular time, but I would like to reserve the right to make the State's motion at a later time.

JUDGE LAURENSON: All right. You may make that at a later time. We will take a fifteen minute recess, then.

(Short recess taken)

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. McMurray?

MR. McMURRAY: Judge Laurenson, at this time I would just like to state, as I said before we took our break, we heard about 45 minutes of robuttal testimony from these witnesses. They have said a lot of things that we never heard before. I took the best notes I could, but frankly I do not believe that the County has been given a sufficient opportunity to review what these witnesses have said. To evaluate what they have said, to consult with its experts, and to develop meaningful cross examination.

Therefore, if we are ordered to go ahead we will, but it will be with prejudice -- the County will be projudiced by doing so, and the County will not be able to conduct the

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type of meaningful cross examination it would have been able to conduct had it had more time to evaluate what these witnesses have said.

I would like to propose that we wait until we have the transcript of these hearings, and that I then be able to look at that transcript, consult with our experts, and cross examine these witnesses.

JUDGE LAURENSON: The request is denied.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. MCMURRAY:

Q I have been stumbling over this a couple of times.

Is it Dr. Yedvab or Mister?

A (Witness Yedvab) Mister Yedvab.

Q Okay. Mr. Yedvab, you mentioned a number of meetings with some of these special facilities in your rebuttal testimony. Do you recall that?

A Yes, sir.

Q Have you personally had meetings with all of the administrators of the special facilities that are at issue and are referenced in LILCO Exhibits 38 through 47?

A As I believe I have already stated in my testimony,
I have been involved only with the three hospitals. I have
had no dealings with the other special facilities, although
I have seen some of the written documents.

Q So your testimony then was restricted to the

hospitals, correct?

A That is correct.

Q With respect to the three hospitals, have you met with administrators of all three hospitals?

A As I believe I had already stated, I had met with at least one member of the administrative staff at each of the hospitals.

Q In these meetings, have you met with -- well, when you say you have met with at least one member of the administrative staff, to the best of your knowledge was this a member of the administrative staff with the authority and power to bind the hospital to any particular agreements with LILCO?

A Yes.

Q Who are these individuals?

A In the case of St. Charles Hospital, it was James
Larkin. In the case of Matter Memorial Hospital, it was
Kevin Murray, and in the case of Central Suffolk Hospital,
Robert Ackaroid.

Q And what are their positions?

A I believe that their titles are on the exhibits in letters that were addressed to them, but Mr. Larkin, I believe, is Vice President for Human Resources at St. Charles; Mr. Murray is an Assistant Administrator at Matter, and Mr. Ackaroid is the Chief Executive Officer at Central Suffolk. I believe Mr. Ackaroid's precise title is Executive Vice

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President, and that would be Chief Executive Officer.

Q And it is your understanding that Mr. Larkin, as Vice President of Human Resources, has the authority to bind St. Charles Hospital with respect to agreements with LILCO?

A I cannot answer that auestion other than to say that he indicated that he had the authority to meet with us and work with us. The use of the term, 'binding' in terms of an emergency plan for a hospital would not be fully appropriate.

There is a procedure in each hospital for the adoption of an emergency response plan, and I assume that the actual procedure formally adopting it would have to follow submission of the Plan, and would have to go through that process to be a binding plan, as I believe you are using the term.

Q My previous question was whether or not you had met with people who could bind the hospital with respect to agreements with LILCO, and now you say at least with respect to St. Charles, there is a formal adoption process and I take it that that has not yet taken place.

A To the best of my knowledge that process has not been taken place, and in answering your first question I didn't realize the significance of what you were asking until you asked the second question. I interpreted the

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first question to mean: Well, are these people acting in their official capacity to be authorized to deal with LILCO, and that was the intent of my answer to the first question.

Q Thank you. Mr. Yedvab, when did the meetings that you held with these hospital administrators take place, and I am not asking for specific dates. If you could give me the range of time.

A They have taken -- in my particular case, and I cannot address meetings held by members of the LILCO Staff, but in my particular case these meetings took place during the period from late February through May.

Q Can you estimate the number of meetings you had with each particular hospital administrator?

A I have met with each of the hospitals at least twice, and I actually believe, although I have to consult my records, that I in fact have met with each of them three times.

Each of those meetings took anywhere from several hours to the better part of a day.

Q Mr. Yedvab, do you draw a distinction between people who are wheelchair-bound and wheelchair-assisted?

A I am an administrator, not a physician or a nurse, but I can only say that I am not aware of any person in my 20 some years in the field who spends their entire life in a wheelchair.

To my knowledge, all patients that spend time in wheelchairs spend some periods of time in bed, some period of time in the bath; if they are undergoing physical therapy, they are usually removed from the wheelchair, so I am not aware, at least from an administrator's point of view, that that is a meaningful distinction.

With one caveat, and that is, there are some people who are in midstages of a disease such as multiple sclerosis, who for reasons of the ability to get around would move from place to place in a wheelchair but might work at a desk or be able to drive a car. In which case there would be regular movement to and from a wheelchair.

But the distinction you make is one, in the question, is one that I am not personally aware of being significant.

- Q You are not a medical doctor?
- A I am not.
- Q With respect to the recreation trips that you

referred to earlier, where you said that wheelchair patients did sit on benches, did you have attendants in those vehicles?

A Yes. There is no time that I am aware of that patients were transported without either a driver or, if there were large numbers of patients, another attendant present. However, the answer that I gave in terms of families transporting patients, moving them in station wagons or personal vehicles, there would usually not be an attendant present. It would be the member of the family.

- Q A member of the family sitting with the patient?
- A No. It might only be the member of the family that was driving. There was not necessarily another person other than the driver in the vehicle. But ordinarily that would be one patient with a family member.
- Q Are you aware of whether the LILCO plan calls for attendants to sit with or be near the wheelchair patients who may be sitting on the benches in the ambulettes?
- A I am not aware of the specifics of the LILCO plan enough to be able to answer that at this time.
- Q So you don't know whether any attendants are supposed to sit in those ambulettes with the patients?
- A I cannot answer that factually. I do have a feeling, based on discussions that I have been involved in, but could not answer it factually.

Q What is the feeling that you have based on discussions?

A In the discussions that I have been involved with, there have been discussions of the fact that patients would be transported with appropriate attendant personnel. In some cases that might be members of the staff of the hospital -- we are talking about an evacuation -- members of the staff of the hospital that were caring for them, or it might be obviously the drivers of the vehicles. And if there were attendants along, they would go with them.

But those issues have not been definitively settled with the hospitals in discussions that I have been involved in.

Q You do agree, do you not, that there are some wheelchair patients who cannot use the benches in the ambulettes?

A I believe I previously stated that the application of intelligence to determine which patients were transported in which ways was necessary, so the answer to your question is yes, I agree.

Q So that it is not necessarily true that all wheelchair patients can use the ambulettes?

MS. MC CLESKEY: Objection. It assumes a fact not in the record. No one has ever stated all wheelchair

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patients can use ambulettes.

JUDGE LAURENSON: The objection is overruled.

WITNESS YEDVAB: I do not believe that all

patients could be transported in any single mode of transportation. Patients would have to be evaluated and moved in the most appropriate manner given the circumstances attendant to the need to move them.

BY MR. MC MURRAY:

- Q So, if you will answer my specific question,
 Mr. Yedvab, the fact that a person is in a wheelchair
 does not necessarily mean that he could be transported on
 one of the benches, correct?
 - A That is correct, as the question was phrased.

 (Pause.)
- Q Mrs. Robinson, you mentioned a couple of or some drills with special facilities or nursing homes; isn't that correct?
 - A (Witness Robinson) Yes, I did.
 - Q Which special facilities were involved?
- A The administrator was Mrs. Portnoy, and it is the Oak Hollow Nursing Center.
 - Q Was this drill held at LILCO's request?
- A No, it was not. She informed us at one of the meetings that she had drilled the sheltering procedures.
 - Q Were there any LILCO personnel there to observe?

1 A No, there were not. This was strictly an internal procedure as far as 3 I know. Do you know whether or not patients were actually 5 moved? A I don't know if all the patients were moved or if she just had staff. She just said that she drilled the 7 procedures. 9 Q Do you know whether or not -- you don't know whether 10 she moved any patients, correct? 11 A No, I don't. 12 Q Do you know whether she attempted to seal the 13 ventilation? 14 A No, I do not know. Do you know any of the specifics of the drill? 16 A No, just that she informed us that she had 17 drilled the procedures. 18 Do you consider that what was done was actually a drill, or do you have any knowledge as to whether or not --20 strike that. I withdraw that question. 21 Other than the fact that Mrs. Portnoy told you 22 a drill was conducted, do you have any independent knowledge which would tell you that, in fact, whatever action she took would constitute a drill? 25 A I have no reason to question what she said

which was -- and the words I believe were that she drilled the procedures.

Q In your mind, what does a drill mean?

A I think that when we talk about emergency planning, we make some very explicit distinctions between drills and exercises and table tops, but I think that generally when you say to drill something, it is to test it or try it or practice it.

Q And you don't know the extent to which whatever Mrs. Portnoy did tested or practiced the sheltering procedure?

A No, I do not.

Q Are you aware of any other special facility that has informed you that it has conducted a drill of the proposals that LILCO has marked as EP38 to 47?

A No, I do not know of any other.

Q Let me ask you this: Do Exhibits EP38 through 47 represent all of the health care related facilities in the EPZ?

A I am counting, but I don't believe so.

(Pause.)

We do not have the Suffolk Infirmary, and I don't believe that we have Riverhead here. I am just checking one more time.

No, Riverhead is not included here. Of course,

1 not Suffolk Infirmary.

Now, that does not -- again, that does not yet include the handicapped facilities which are in the process of being developed and sent out.

Q Let me broaden my question, my last question I asked you before that.

Are you aware of whether any health -- of any special facility, whether adult home, nursing home, or hospital, has conducted any sheltering dill regardless of whether it is the drill that would be reflected in LILCO's proposals?

A The only drill that I know of that involves a sheltering, used in this context, is Mrs. Portnoy.

Q Have any of the special facilities, to the best of your knowledge, drilled or attempted to drill an evacuation for radiological emergency?

To the best of my knowledge, only for fire.

(Pause.)

Q Mrs. Robinson, you stated that when and if these proposals are approved, they would not be appended to LILCO's plan; is that correct?

A That is correct. They become part of the facility's plan.

Q Can you explain why you would not attach them or append them to LILCO's plan?

A For one reason, the sheer volume of the paper involved and the complexity of it, and also the fact that this level of detail, in our opinion, belongs in the specialized facility's plan and not in the LILCO plan.

(Pause.)

Q Mr. Yedvab, you stated earlier that you had held meetings with various hospital staff over the course of February through May, correct?

A (Witness Yedvab) Yes.

Q Would it be fair to say that the bulk of those meetings were towards May rather than towards February?

A No.

Q Would it be fair to say that the bulk of them were closer to February?

A No.

Q When were most of the meetings held?

A They were fairly evenly distributed during the period of time. I can't give you precise answers, but there were some, to the best of my recollection, in each of the months.

A (Witness Miele) Could I possibly add, for clarification, the meetings did not begin by any means when Mr. Yedvab expressed in February. Meetings had begun with some of the hospitals, Central Suffolk, we have been meeting with them for five or six years already.

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of time.

Specifically for sheltering and evacuation, we started meeting with them about the middle of last year, and the fall of last year we had many meetings. We have had letters and correspondence back and forth, November, January. So there has been various meetings with Central Suffolk which I personally took part in and people who work for me.

The meetings with Mather Hospital also in the fall of '83, probably every month or so we met with Mather. We gave them training sessions even back in those days.

St. Charles also, in the latter part of '83.
So to characterize it as just February or

March and April, I don't think is that correct.

Mr. Yedvab came on at that part, but meetings between

LILCO and the hospitals have been oing on for quite a bit

(Pause.)

Q Mrs. Robinson, I haven't been able to become as familiar with these documents as you have.

Among these documents, is there, in fact, a proposal for Woodhaven Nursing Home?

- A (Witness Robinson) Yes, there is.
- Q That is EP44, LILCO EP44?
- A EP44 is Woodhaven Nursing Home, and there is also

1 a set of plans, EP42, for the Woodhaven Home for Adults. 2 Q With respect to all of the documents labeled 3 E238 through 47, Mrs. Robinson, I would like a yes or no answer to this question: Have any of these proposals 5 been adopted or approved by the special facilities 6 that pertain to each one of these proposals? 7 The answer is yes. Which one? Millcrest Rest Home. 10 That is EP what? 11 41. 12 Have any of -- is that the only one? 13 That is the only one that I have any information 14 on that they are satisfied with the procedures as they 15 stand. 16 Has Millcrest adopted or approved this proposal? 17 To the best of my knowledge, the administrator 18 is in a position to do that and, as I stated, we have not 19 yet received any kind of correspondence, simply the 20 information verbally. 21 When did you receive this verbal information? 22 Within the past week, I would say. Perhaps a 23 little bit earlier than that. 24 You say within the past week though? I said perhaps a little bit earlier than that, but

it was not -- it was fairly recent.

Q This information was given to you by the

administrator of the Millcrest Home?

A It was communicated to a member of my staff,

yes, that these procedures were okay as is.

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Q By Mrs. Christine Loeb?

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A Yes. I believe that is her name. Now, I don't know if that's directly the person who was spoken to. This is a private facility, unlike a hospital which has a public Board. Some of these are privately owned facilities, and I don't think have to go through the same kinds of formal procedures that you would have for a major voluntary hospital.

Q Does Millcrest have a formal procedure which it must also go through? Or, is it your understanding that Mrs. Loeb's approval is all the approval required to make this a plan?

A In this particular case, which is an adult home,
I believe that that's all that is required, is an administrative decision.

Q With respect to the Millcrest Home, was your staff member told that the draft, that Millcrest did not have any comments based on their review; or that, in fact, the proposal would become Millcrest's plan?

A As close as I can remember, the exact words were that the procedures are okay as is.

Q And in your mind that constitutes adoption of LILCO's proposal?

A In my mind, that is an approval, informal though it be, of a set of draft procedures that were submitted to

the Administration, yes.

Q You have received no written confirmation of that fact, correct?

A No, I have not.

Q In fact, none of the documents labeled EP-38 through 47 include any written responses by any special facilities, correct?

A The only thing that I can think of that might constitute such, and it was not directed to us, it was a letter from Mr. Murray at Mather Hospital to the New York State Department discussing the status of planning with LILCO. Offhand, I cannot think of any other correspondence from a hospital.

Q Or any other special facilities?

A Or any other special facilities, no. Excuse me. That is not true. In the case of handicapped facilities, there was correspondence filed with our testimony on health facilities but it did not refer specifically to the procedures. But there has been correspondence from them.

(Witness Miele) I would like to add that we have never really requested written comments back from the people. These people are -- you know, spend forty hours or more a week taking care of their patients, and that's why we devote our time in meetings with them and provide -- you know, we write down their comments and incorporate them, as

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we stated specifically in the hospital letters that you have as Exhibits 45, 46 and 47, where we have specifically incorporated their comments. So, we never really ask them to write down their comments and give it to us, because they really I don't believe have the time to do that.

We provide the people to take down the comments in meetings and incorporate them in the plans.

Q Mr. Miele, did I understand you to say earlier that you had received oral comments about some of these plans, some of these proposals?

A We have received comments in meetings, specifically to my knowledge with the hospitals.

Q Have you received comments from the nursing homes?

A I -- maybe Mrs. Robinson could -
(Witness Robinson) We have in certain cases,

yes. The --

Q How many cases?

A The procedure is going in an uneven pace. Two,

I know offhand are from Mrs. Portnoy; and, of course, the

comment which I told you about. Millcrest. The Ridge Rest

Home is now up at Rev 1 of the procedures.

And I believe at this point that may be the only one that has already been revised. The others will be as necessary.

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Q And so with respect to the adult homes and nursing homes, other than Millcrest, Mrs. Portnoy's facility, and --

A Oak Hollow.

Q -- the Ridge Rest Home, you have not received comments from the other --

A None that have as yet been incorporated into revisions of these procedures.

Q The question was whether or not you had received comments?

A Are you referring just to these procedures?

Q With respect to these procedures?

A Well, the only other comment that I think would be Mrs. Loucopoulos at the Woodhaven Nursing Home, who was waiting for an appointed or an official agency designated before there would be any further progress. I believe that would be considered a comment.

Q With respect -- how are you defining comments,
Mrs. Robinson? Just anything said about the procedure?

A I would have to narrow it a little bit more than just anything said. But anything said about either proceeding or not proceeding, whether it was approval of the procedures at any given stage, or comments made to specific items to adapt the procedures to that facility. In other words, where specific sheltering areas are designated, comments

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about changing them, enlarging them, moving them, that kind of thing. Nursing procedures, anything like that.

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I have no further questions at this time. Again, the County does not feel it has had enough time to properly prepare its cross-examination.

JUDGE LAURENSON: One thing I guess I should have put on the record before, and that is that when you requested the recess to consult with your expert witnesses and to prepare your cross-examination, that Dr. Harris and Dr. Mayer were here in the courtroom and were available for consultation.

Does the State have questions of this panel?
MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Yes, sir.

MS. MC CLESKEY: Judge Laurenson, if the State is going to question, could we go off the record a moment to talk about scheduling for the rest of the day?

JUDGE LAURENSON: All right.

(An off-the-record discussion ensues.)

JUDGE LAURENSON: All right. Let's go back on the record.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Before I begin my crossexamination, I note the same prejudicial problems posed
to the State as were posed to the County, those problems
concern the lack of time.

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CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER:

Q Is there any reason why any of these letters which are LILCO's Exhibits EP-38 through 47 could not have been sent before the date on which you filed your testimony?

A (Witness Robinson) This has been an ongoing process. As Mr. Miele said earlier, it dated back a number of years. There was substantial correspondence which was attached to the testimony as it was filed.

These are things that don't happen overnight.

And reaching this stage of the development just took time.

And as various documents were completed, the planning process, just reproduction of blueprints, all these things take time.

And we've done this as far as possible, but it just cannot be done with any kind of specific deadline. It has been done as quickly as possible and documents have gone out just as fast as they are ready.

(Witness Miele) A specific attachment I believe to our testimony were three letters to the three hospitals.

I believe they were dated some time in January and referenced multiple meetings with these facilities in the October-November time frame.

So, as Mrs. Robinson said, there is a history and some of it is attached to our testimony.

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Q Did you ever anticipate at some time that you would submit testimony on planning for special facilities?

MS. MC CLESKEY: Objection. The question is insensible to me, since the contentions on special facilities have existed for over a year. And, in addition, I don't understand the relevance to the rebuttal testimony.

JUDGE LAURENSON: The objection is overruled.

WITNESS ROBINSON: We did so. We submitted substantial testimony on special facilities with numerous attachments.

But, as we have said many times, planning is an ongoing process and did not become fixed in concrete at the time of the filing of our testimony, nor is it fixed now.

It is an ongoing process, and there will be new and additional documents going out regularly.

BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: (Continuing)

Q If you had started early enough, couldn't you have completed these plans by that deadline?

MS. MC CLESKEY: I object to the question.
Asked and answered and irrelevant.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Overruled.

WITNESS ROBIN_ON: Again, we have moved as quickly as possible to deal with a very complex situation with many facilities. We have had to adjust to their schedules. While we are full time emergency planners, they

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have got hospitals and nursing homes and special facilities to run, and it has been time consuming on their part as well.

And it has just been no way to speed up the process.

Q Mr. Miele, didn't you say that you had meetings with Central Suffolk as long as five or six years ago?

A (Witness Miele) Yes, I did.

Q Couldn't that process have been sped up so that you could have met the March 21 filing deadline?

A The meetings that I referred to were meetings regarding Central Suffolk being utilized as our primary care hospital for treatment of radioactively contaminated and injured patients. That's what the history was.

Q Why, at that time, did you not envision that it would be a special facility that would need planning?

A Well, because at that time New York State and the County of Suffolk were very responsive to carrying out their functions in supporting the Shoreham Nuclear Power Station. Until recently when they decided not to do what I thought they were legislated to do, we had to take over that function.

Q In EP -- in LILCO's EP-38 through 47, is there a plan for the Riverhead Nursing Home?

MS. MC CLESKEY: Objection. Asked and answered

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JUDGE LAURENSON: I believe it has been asked and answered but -- at least, it has been answered anyway.

But I guess we can have one more answer on the record.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: I recall --

Overruled.

WITNESS ROBINSON: No. That plan went out, dated today, and the meeting with the Riverhead Nursing Home is scheduled for next week. They have had a change in Administrator, and while we had met several times with the previous one we will meet with the new Administrator next week.

BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: (Continuing)

Q Which one of you would be familiar with LILCO EP-38, which is Sunrest Health Facility's plan?

A (Witness Miele) An individual who had worked for me during my employment with LILCO has filled me in on the information regarding that. I personally haven't been at that facility but I am somewhat familiar with it.

Q Please answer yes or no. Are there any proposed locations for sheltering clients of Sunrest Health Facilities?

- A To my knowledge there is. Yes.
- Q In LILCO-38?
- A I will check, but I believe there is.

 (Witness going through documents.)

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If you will turn to Section 6.0, it is in 38.

6.0, Part B. It says: Upon notification of sheltering due to following. And I quote: "The residents will be moved to the sheltering area in the west section of the building on the ground floor. See Attachment 2 of floor plan illustrating the sheltering area."

Q What does Attachment 2 say?

A I don't believe Attachment 2 is provided with this at this time.

Q It says "To be provided;" isn't that true?

A Yeah, that's true.

Q What is the status of evacuation planning with respect to Sunrest Health Facilities as reflected in LILCO EP-38?

A I believe 7.0 covers in detail, through 7.5, on what to do upon notification of evacuation due to the following. And it lists over about three pages. Do you want me to read it? You can read the sections you are interested in.

Q No. I would refer you to Section C.

A C under 7.0?

Q Yes.

A Okay.

Q Where are the evacuation instructions in this exhibit?

A That is also to be provided. If you noticed, #15-11-SueT 1 this is Rev 0. Thank you. Who is familiar with our Lady of 3 Perpetual Help Convent, which is LILCO EP-39? I am. 5 Is there a relocation center identified in 6 LILCO EP-39? 7 I believe there is. 8 Could you please show me that? 0 (Witness looking through documents.) A 10 Perhaps I can speed it up. On Page 9, is there 11 a relocation center listed? 12 It doesn't appear to be. Oh, here it is. The 13 Daughters of Wisdom in Islip. Advise the Sisters to be 14 temporarily relocated to the Daughters of Wisdom residents 15 in Islip. 16 And would you please read the next sentence? 17 Are you going to ask me why there is a blank 18 there? 19 No. I asked you to please read the next sentence. 0 20 Tell the Sisters who are bedridden or in wheel-21 chairs that they will be temporarily relocated to Blank. 22 Would you like me to fill in the blank? 23 0 No. A Okay. 25

#15-12-SueT 1 I am. 3 5 doesn't have patients; it has residents. 10 11 12 BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: (Continuing) 13 14 15 16 17 18 American Red Cross. 19 20 end #15 21 Joe flws 23

Who is familiar with Ridge Rest Home? Is there anything in this plan that talks about relocating patients' records or medication? MS. MC CLESKEY: I will object to the question. It assumes a fact not in evidence. The Ridge Rest Home MR. ZAHNLEUTER: I amend my question. WITNESS MIELE: In Section 7.0.C, it addresses the point about taking their medication with them to the reception center. As far as the other half, on the records, I'm not personally familiar with how that was to be handled. Is a relocation center identified in Section 7.C? It doesn't appear to be listed at this time. (Witness Robinson) We have been informed that most of these residents, if not all of them, would be able to be taken to a public relocation center set up by the

1	Q Mr. Miele, is there a sheltering location identified
2	in LILCO EP-40?
3	A (Witness Miele) I know we have one. It should
4	be listed there. I will check. Section 6.0.B. Have everyone
5	go to the basement.
6	Are there evacuation instructions contained in
7	this plan proposed plan?
8	A 7.0, which addresses the evacuation.
9	Q And isn't it true that Item 7.D is blank?
10	MS. McCLESKEY: I object to the question. It
11	is clear from the face of the document that we have moved
12	to be admitted into evidence that Item 7 is blank.
13	MR. ZAHNLEUTER: There has been no Motion that
14	these be admitted into evidence, has there, pending now?
15	MS. McCLESKEY: Yes, sir; there is.
16	JUDGE LAURENSON: There is an offer, yes. We have
17	delayed a ruling on it pending the completion of cross
18	examination here.
19	MR. ZAHNLEUTER: I am not being called on to
20	address that Motion now, I hope.
21	JUDGE LAURENSON: No, no. What is your objection
22	to the question?
23	MS. McCLESKEY: My objection is he is asking the
24	witnesses to read documents into the record. It is clear

from the face of the documents what the documents say, and

plan?

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whether there is a blank. 1 JUDGE LAURENSON: Well, since they haven't been admitted into evidence at this time, the objection is over-3 ruled. WITNESS MIELE: Would you repeat the question, 5 please? BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: (Continuing) 7 0 Well --8 JUDGE LAURNESON: I guess the question is whether 9 there is a blank in Item 7.0.D --10 A (Witness Miele) Yes. 11 BY MR. ZAHNLEUTER: (Continuing) 12 Q Who is familiar with Millcrost Rest Home, EP-41? 13 (Witness Robinson) I have never been at this A 14 facility, but persons reporting to me have been. 15 Q Is it true that Item 5.1.6.E fails to specify 16 a location? 17 A That is correct. The public relocation center 18 to which these patients would be taken is not identified in 19 this draft. 20 Q Who is familiar with Woodhaven Home for Adults? 21 A The answer would be the same. I have not been 22 there personally, but staff reporting to me have been. 23 Q Is there a sheltering area in this proposed

2	Q And isn't it true that that refers to Attachment
3	No. 2?
4	A That is correct.
5	Q And what is Attachment 2?
6	A Attachment 2 has not yet been provided in Rev. 0
7	of this draft.
8	Q What is Attachment 3?
9	A Attachment 3 is also to be provided, and if you
10	will give me a moment I will find you the point of reference.
11	Q It is 7.0.C.
12	A That is correct.
13	Q Are there evacuation instructions in this
14	exhibit?
15	A There are evacuation instructions in Section 7.0;
16	however, it Attachment 3 has not yet been provided.
17	Q Isn't it true that 7.C says: See Attachment 3
18	for evacuation instructions?
19	MS. McCLESKEY: Objection. Judge Laurenson, if
20	counsel for the State finds it necessary to go through
21	there are forty-seven documents. Perhaps we should simply
22	argue whether these documents should be admitted into the
23	record now and save some ime, going through them and reading
24	what they say.
25	JUDGE LAURENSON: I assume this is just a preliminary

A Yes, there is. It is 6.0.B.

question to his inquiry into whether or not the evacuation instructions are in Attachment 3 or in 7.0. The objection 2 3 is overruled. WITNESS ROBINSON: They are part of the instructions which are to be Attachment 3, which have not yet been provided. 5 But 7.0, which states upon notification of an evaucation, do 6 the following; in my mind, it is definitely evacuation. 7 Procedures or instructions. There is just a specific portion which has not yet been provided. 10 BY MR. ZAMNLEUTER: (Continuing) 11 Ms. Robinson, EP-43 is a nursing home. Are you 12 familiar with that exhibit, too? 13 (Witness Robinson) Yes, I am. 14 I presume you are also familiar with the Cresthall health related facility exhibit, is that true? 15 That is correct. A 16 17 Do you know if they are identical? 18 I cannot say that they are identical. I 'hink they would probably be very similar. 19 A (Witness Miele) They are two similarly built 20 21 locations located very close -- basically, on the same property, but they are two separate buildings. 22 Q Is there a call list attached to both of these 23 plans? 25 (Witness Robinson) They are attachments still A

to be provided.

Q Is there a floor plan for sheltering areas attached to either of these plans?

A No, there is not. Those are to be provided.

Q With respect to LILCO EP-44, which is Woodhaven Nursing Home, is there a section in here that provides for the reinforcement of Staffs of special facilities?

A It is Section 5.1.2.

Q Doesn't that reference Attachment 2?

A Yes, it does.

Q Is there any aspect of this exhibit which deals with staging problems, or loading patients onto ambulances and ambulettes?

A There is a whole series of procedures under the 7 series, which deals with various steps of an evacuation from the first call from the LERO health facilities coordinator.

Q What describes -- or what is pertinent to staging problems or problems related to loading patients?

A These are implementing procedures. Obviously, this is Rev. O. Within a procedure, you set out a way of doing things you would not -- at least in my mind, at any time, enumerate potential problems, such as staging problem. If necessary for future revisions of this plan,

just simply list ways of dealing with them, or procedures
for dealing with potential problems that were discovered.

But you would not have anyhing that in a sense would be a
listing or enumeration of problems.

So, specific things like telling people who, or
which residents to move, or who will decide to move them;
those are procedures that are to be dealt with later?

A It is very clear these are procedures to be implemented by the administration of the special facility, and that those decisions are decisions that they will make following recommendations from the LERO Director.

Q Is there anything in EP-44 or any of the other exhibits in this set, that deals with staffing problems for relocation centers, or staffing assignments at relocation centers?

A These are cite specific, or rather, facilities specific procedures for a special facility and its staff.

It does not deal with the public relocation center staffing.

Q Is there a specific relocation center identified in EP-44?

A No, there is not.

Q The last three exhibits are hospital exhibits, and with respect to EP-45, is there a call list identified in this exhibit?

A (Witness Yedveb) There is an Attachment 2 that

says: Hospital call list to be provided.

That list will be provided by the hospital. It already exists in their general internal and external disaster plans, and that list will change as personnel changes, and it will be the responsibility of the hospital to keep it updated as part of the requirement for license and accreditation.

In LILCO EP-46, is there a relocation center
identified?

A (Witness Robinson) No. As we have discussed previously, there is a procedure for identifying relocation hospitals or reception hospitals, but that is not specified in this draft.

- Q Did you say in this rev?
- A I said draft.
- Q Oh, draft. I am sorry. And isn't it true that there is no call list in LILCO EP-46?

A (Witness Yedveb) That is correct, and all of the comments I made regarding EP-45 would apply to that list in EP-46.

- Q And Mr. Yedveb, it would also apply to EP-47?
- A That is correct.
- Q Is the call list a type of plan for reinforcing aff at the facilities?
 - A Having read their plans, it is my opinion that

it is.

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It calls for what in the hospital jargon you would call a, 'fan out,' where various responsible departmental and administrative people call other members in their departments on a pre-arranged basis and then whatever the hospital plan calls for is then put into effect.

Q And it is not in any of these exhibits for any of these facilities, is that true?

A It is indicated that it will be provided, and as I indicated, it will be provided by the hospital. They already have them existing, and it is their responsibility to keep that list up to date.

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: No other questions.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Bordenick?

MR. BORDENICK: I have no questions.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Any redirect examination.

MS. McCLESKEY: I have two questions.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MS. McCLESKEY:

Q Mr. Miele, what is the blank on page 9 of EP-39 going to be filled in with?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: Objection. Speculation.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Overruled.

BY MS. McCLESKEY: (Continuing)

Q Mr. Miele, that is in our Lady of Perpetual Help

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1 | convent draft plan.

A (Witness Miele) I -- we had worked with the nuns, and I know we talked to them on two or three areas where we could relocate them through -- I will be honest with you now I can't recall the specific name. I know when I met with them we specifically talked about locating the bedridden to one location, and the ambulatory to the Daughters of Wisdom, but I know we did specify a location, but I don't recall the name right now.

It was another similar convent to what they have there in Sound Beach.

Ms. Robinson, will LFRO be filling in the blanks that Mr. Zahnleuter and Mr. McMurray identified in these plans?

A (Witness Robinson) In certain cases LERO -- LERIO will fill in the blanks. In others, such as where call lists are specified, once these procedures are incorporated into the hospitals own emergency plans, that call list is already, as Mr. Yedvab mentioned, part of the plan, and would be the same call list that would be used.

Q In the case of the call list and identification list of specific phone numbers to be used in an emergency, would LERO or the facilities release those lists to the public?

A No.

MS. McCLESKEY: That is all the quesitons I 1 have, Judge Laurenson. 2 JUDGE LAURENSON: Any other questions for this 3 4 panel? MR. McMURRAY: Yes, Judge Laurenson, I have 5 a couple. 6 XXXXINDEX7 RECROSS EXAMINATION BY MR. McMURRAY: Q Mr. Miele, I believe you said that Rev. 0 of the 9 10 LILCO proposals, were basically the first drafts, correct? The preliminary drafts of these proposals? 11 A (Witness Miele) Yes, I believe normally that 12 13 is what Rev. 0 means, yes. Q Ms. Robinson, the Millcrest Rest Home proposal, 14 which is LILCO EP-41, is Rev. 0, correct? 15 16 (Witness Robinson) That is correct. Then it is your testimony that the administrator 17 of the Millcrest Rest Home said that this procedure looked 18 19 okay to her? 20 A That is right. You have to understand that while these are Rev. O procedures, that these were not done 21 22 without any previous information, and in many cases actual visits to these facilities. 23 In addition to which the people who drew up the 24 procedures had their own professional experience and knowledge 25

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of what needed doing in these cases, so that while it may be the first draft that has gone out to a facility in this form, there was a great deal of contact and professional input into it.

So, it is not the usual first draft, which is far more tentative than these are.

Q Mrs.Loeb, to the best of your knowledge -- Mrs. Loeb approved, or said this proposal was okay despite the blanks on page -- in procedure 5.1.6?

A The administrator who spoke to my staff person said that the procedures were okay as is.

Obviously, one of the things -- as we have stated in our testimony previously that we are working with these facilities to do is to identify relocation centers.

Even when that is done, there -- these will not be cast in concrete. There are things that will have to change with time, but -- and again, I told you that this was a statement to the procedures that they were okay as is.

MS. McCLESKEY: Judge Laurenson, I would like to proffer for the record that if Ms. Robinson were to be given about one and a half minutes to confer with her staff in the person of Ms. Ryan, who is in the room, that she could give a more complete answer to the question that was just asked of her.

End 16 Reb fols.25

1 MR. MC MURRAY: We haven't asked for any more 2 information. 3 MS. MC CLESKEY: I didn't say additional 4 information. I said a more complete answer. 5 (Pause.) MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I have no 7 further questions. 8 JUDGE LAURENSON: Any other questions for this 9 panel? 10 MS. MC CLESKEY: No, sir. 11 MR. ZAHNLEUTER: No. 12 JUDGE LAURENSON: At this time the panel is 13 excused as witnesses. 14 (The panel stood down.) 15 JUDGE LAURENSON: We do have the question 16 still pending concerning the admission of these exhibits, 17 and I would like to have the parties address this as 18 succinctly as possible, but also in terms of its status, 19 their status as rebuttal exhibits and the purpose for 20 which these are being offered and why LILCO believes they 21 should be accepted and why the county and state believe 22 that they should not. 23 And then we will rule upon this offer after we 24 have heard from all parties. 25 We will begin with LILCO.

MS. MC CLESKEY: I may have covered some of this ground on Friday.

Succinctly, Drs. Harris' and Mayer's testimony, which was supported on cross-examination and not changed, makes several assertions regarding the state of planning with the special facilities, including statements about their attitudes towards sheltering and evacuation. And I think most importantly the fact that no specific plans for the facilities exist.

Contention 72 also asserts that no specific plans for the facilities exist. LILCO EP38 through 47 directly rebut both the contention and the statements by Drs. Harris and Mayer in their testimony that was filed and in cross-examination that no plans exist. Albeit that these are draft plans, they show an extremely complex and involved planning process, and I think the record would be incomplete if these plans are not allowed into the record.

In addition, emergency planning findings are prospective and I think there is ample information with the rebuttal testimony that has been given today and these plans to show a pretty precise state of planning for the special facilities.

Arguments about the reliability of this testimony go to the weight. Arguments about the foundation, I think,

are without merit. We have heard who developed them in cooperation with whom, when, and the testimony was that many of these plans were developed under these witnesses' supervision and, in some cases, by them directly.

The status of the planning effort has been explained in detail. The purpose of the plans have been discussed. The expected completion of the plans and use of the plans has been discussed.

I don't think any further foundation is required.

I also don't think that there is any need to further read the specific plans into the record to show their relevance.

LILCO asks that they be admitted.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. McMurray?

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, Ms. McCleskey claims that these LILCO proposals somehow rebut Dr. Harris' and Dr. Mayer's testimony. Specifically she points to their assertion that no plans exist.

I think what these witnesses have shown is that, in fact, no plans do exist. What we have is a series of proposals in various stages of revision.

Ms. McCleskey states that there is a precise state of planning shown by these proposals. On the contrary, what we have is a very imprecise bunch of proposals which could change at any time. They have not

1 been adopted or approved by the special facilities. In 2 fact, we don't know whether they will ever be adopted and approved.

In fact, for many of them, they haven't even gotten any comments from the special facilities.

So what we have are a bunch of canned proposals that LILCO is trying to say shows there are plans. These proposals do not show there are plans. They show that LILCO is out there writing a lot of paper, that they are having meetings with special facilities' administrators which Dr. Harris and Dr. Mayer did not deny.

So these proposals show nothing that rebuts their testimony.

I think what we have here is a lot of paper that is only going to clutter the record. What will the record show? Well, it will show that there are these proposals, but it will not show what these proposals may look like, if ever adopted and approved. And it doesn't show that these proposals will be adopted or approved.

Also, the proposals are in a serious state of incompleteness, and I don't think anything is served by putting those kinds of drafts into the record.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Zahnleuter?

MR. ZAHNLEUTER: The State of New York opposes the

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admission of these documents into evidence and also moves that these documents, if they be admitted, or any related testimony about them be stricken for the following reasons:

The first reason is that on Friday of last week, counsel for LILCO made an offer of proof concerning the good cause that was the basis for the submission of this rebuttal testimony. I would like to read some of the comments that the counsel for LILCO made concerning that offer of proof.

page 9923. Counsel for LILCO stated, "As to the special facilities question, Drs. Harris and Mayer filed testimony based on contacts apparently that they made in February and that they did not update, asking about staffing for relocation centers, what relocation centers have been identified for special facilities, planning for special facilities, the areas where special facilities may be sheltered within a particular facility. That kinds of detailed plans that may or may not have been developed regarding how to move people, when they will be moved, who will tell them to move, who will decide to move them.

"There are a lot of inaccuracies basically in Dr. Harris' and Dr. Mayer's testimony that have not been specifically addressed in the record.

"There is also an insistence throughout, and that

insistence was not changed on the stand today, that no
plans for the special facilities exist. And LILCO intends
to offer LILCO EP38 through 47 to rebut in detail the
assertions that the kind of planning that Drs. Harris and
Mayer described in their testimony and said was lacking

is actually there."

Also, at transcript page 9927, counsel for LILCO stated, "I would like to go through and make a further proffer of some of the specific items that can be directly rebutted by reading, looking at, and talking about LILCO EP38 through 47. Among those items were that Central Suffolk Hospital does not have and is not going to obtain portable oxygen or suction equipment, that windows and vents at the Riverhead Nursing Home cannot be sealed, that there is no plan for reinforcing the staffs of special facilities, that patients records and medication have not been planned for to be collected and brought for use at reception centers, that the individual plans don't take into account any kind of staging problems of loading patients onto ambulances and ambulettes, and that there is no indication that special equipment and the order in which patients should be evacuated has been considered at all, according to LTLCO plans."

From the testimony that I elicited, I think it is clear that there are many gaps in these exhibits

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and that the exhibits do not meet the standards that counsel for LILCO promised us that they would.

On that basis, I submit that there has been no showing of good cause and that the foundation for this rebuttal testimony does not exist.

My second point is that this testimony was, indeed, capable of being submitted at an earlier time. Mr. Miele testified that planning with Central Suffolk Hospital began over five years ago, that other plans, other meetings were drafted and drawn up months before the deadline for the submission of the testimony which was March 21.

There was much discussion about meetings that occurred in the fall of '83, in October, and every month of '83.

I think that just as the Intervenors are forced to comply with deadlines for the submission of testimony and are forced to put their testimony together in a timely manner, the same should be applicable to the Applicant.

I renew my request that the testimony that is associated with LILCO's Exhibits EP38 through 47 be stricken and that the Board not admit these exhibits into evidence.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Does the staff have a position on

either of these matters?

MR. BORDENICK: I have no objection to the admission of these documents. I think the arguments I have heard from the county and the state essentially go to the weight that would be given to these arguments. I think it is at least arguable that these witnesses have done what Ms. McCleskey represented on Friday they would do. And I think we have wasted an awful lot of time with these witnesses if the documents don't come in.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Does LILCO wish to respond to the arguments against the documents and the motion to strike?

MS. MC CLESKEY: Briefly.

I think it is clear from the testimony that
was elicited, not only in response to Mr. Zahnleuter's
questions but in response to my questions and to
Mr. McMurray's questions, that these are not canned proposals,
that there was a great deal of interaction between the
special facilities and LILCO prior to issuing even rev zero
of the proposals and that some of the proposals are in
rev one and rev two. And so the statement by Mr. McMurray
that they are canned proposals the don't offer anything
further is without merit.

As to Mr. Zahnleuter's two points, the first foundation, I believe I addressed in my initial remarks,

except to add that I think, from the testimony that was
elicited, that each of the items that he read that I
have listed in the transcript were, in fact, addressed.

We did not have the witnesses read into the record from each one of these exhibits specific parts, and I think that would have been a waste of time, that that just further indicates that these draft plans should be entered into the record.

In addition, Mr. Zahnleuter's characterization of Mr. Miele's testimony and that these plans could have been admitted earlier, I think was directly rebutted by Mr. Miele who explained that until pretty recently, LILCO has not engaged in the kind of extensive planning it has been forced to engage in because of the state and the county's refusal to do so.

I move that EP38 through 47 be admitted into evidence

arguments of the parties and we will return with our ruling.

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I might just, in response to Ms. McCleskey, suggest that the Board, in making its decision, review a couple of these documents, and I think you will find that they are, in fact, just as I described them, canned procedures.

(Board conferring.)

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JUDGE LAURENSON: The Board considered the offer of LILCO Exhibits 38 through 47 and the New York motion to strike the testimony concerning them.

LILCO Exhibits EP-38 through 47 are received in evidence. The documents constitute some evidence concerning plans for special facilities. They also constitute proper rebuttal evidence to the testimony of Dr. Harris and Dr. Mayer.

The New York motion to strike is denied.

Because of the fact that there are numerous blueprints and so forth attached to some of these documents, I'm not going to order these reprinted in this record. Of course, having been received in evidence they still are part of the official record in the case and will be retained by the court reporter.

Is there any objection to that procedure?

MR. MC MURRAY: No objection.

MS. MC CLESKEY: No, sir.

(The documents previously marked as LILCO Exhibits EP-38 through EP-47 for identification are received in evidence.)

JUDGE LAURENSON: I believe we are ready for the next rebuttal panel.

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, you didn't ask

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whether we had any surrebuttal to put up, and I just wanted to inform the Board that our witnesses have informed us that LILCO's rebuttal testimony does not change their testimony in any way; and, in fact, actually strengthens their convictions. Therefore, we will not be putting on a surrebuttal panel.

JUDGE LAURENSON: I didn't mean to overlook it. I just didn't understand that that was the next order of business. I thought we were going to do the two LILCO panels first.

But that takes care of that scheduling matter. Thank you.

Ms. McCleskey?

MS. MC CLESKEY: Yes. We will put on the next panel. May I have leave to send the LILCO 18 panel home? JUDGE LAURENSON. I would say that looks rather likely that we aren't going to be in the position of recalling them this afternoon.

MR. MC MURRAY: I think that looks like a good idea, Judge Laurenson.

And I think we ought to get a time estimate from LILCO with respect to how long Dr. Mileti's rebuttal is going to take. It's really imperative for the County today especially that we break at six o'clock. We have five witnesses coming into town from all over the country to begin #18-3-SueT

preparing for the Contentions 11 and 15. We must meet with them.

And so the County would not agree to going past six o'clock tonight.

MS. MC CLESKEY: Judge Laurenson, our rebuttal will take approximately five minutes. And if everyone else can be as brief, I don't see any reason why we can't get out of here at six o'clock. But we would like to finish this panel before leaving today.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Well, let's put the panel on, move along and see how long it takes.

MS. MC CLESKEY: Judge Laurenson, Dr. Mileti has resumed the stand.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Dr. Mileti, y a are still under oath.

Whereupon,

DENNIS S. MILETI

is called as a witness by and on behalf of Long Island Lighting Company and, having previously been duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MS. MC CLESKEY:

Dr. Mileti, Dr. Saegert has testified that, "All forms of mail-back inquiries..." and not just opinion polls have a low response rate. That's at Transcript 9620

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and 9657.

Do you agree with Dr. Saegert's testimony?

A No, I don't. And the reason is that many dif-

A No, I don't. And the reason is that many different things can affect response rates in social research.

For example, and perhaps most important to the issues being discussed here, is the topic of research. We have known for over a dozen years that different types of surveys, addressing different things, elicit different response rates.

And that perhaps emergencies, or studies that are focusing on emergencies, or mailed questions, if you will, that deal with emergencies have some of the highest response rates in the discipline. There are some publications that document that phenomenon.

In addition to that, other things can affect response rates on mailed out questions and answers. For example, the number of questions on a survey or something that is mailed out. If there are many, many questions the response rate is usually lower than if there are fewer questions. If the questions are simple ones, then the response rate is usually higher than if the questions are complicated. If the answers are easy for respondents, they don't get as fatigued and throw the instrument away, and are more likely to fill it out and send it back.

Those are just some examples. In addition to that, we labor long and hard to enhance response rates when

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we are doing research of any sort. And cover letters suggesting to people that something about the survey is important or the questions that are actually asked themselves, if they suggest to a respondent that there is something in it for them, the response rate is typically higher than if the questions are obviously designed to serve some academic journal article or the next journal article.

So, there are many things that can affect response rates. And I don't agree with that statement.

MS. MC CLESKEY: That's all the questions we have, Judge Laurenson.

MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I would like ten minutes in order to confer with my expert and come back and do my cross-examination.

JUDGE LAURENSON: Well, you are the one that asked to have this proceeding over with at six. If we, you know, allow the ten minutes are you willing to take as long as it takes to finish with Dr. Mileti's testimony this afternoon?

MR. MC MURRAY: Let me just confer with my expert a second.

(Mr. McMurray confers with Dr. Saegert and Mr. Miller.)

Judge Laurenson, if you could give us until ten of.

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JUDGE LAURENSON: All right. If you finish before then, why don't you come on back and we will start when you are finished?

MR. MC MURRAY: Yes.

(Whereupon, a recess is had at 5:43 p.m., to reconvene at 5:50 p.m., this same day.)

JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. McMurray.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. MC MURRAY:

Q Dr. Mileti, prior to LILCO sending out its post card and the letter that accompanied it, were you asked to review that post card and the letter to determine whether or not they met your professional standards?

A Yes, I was.

Q That was prior to it being sent out?

A Yes, that was prior to it being mailed out. Yes.

Q You would agree, wouldn't you, that the rate of response is effected by the wording of the, whatever particular instrument is sent out to the individuals?

A Yes. Wording is one factor that can affect response rate.

Q In this case, wouldn't it also be true that the wording on the cover letter accompanying it might affect the response rate?

A Yes, the wording on a cover letter can affect

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I assume that you approved the post card and cover letter as they went out, in the form that they went out?

Well, it depends on what you mean by approved. When I saw the post card, my response to LILCO was that it probably could have been worded better but since they were all printed they should go ahead and send them out because their follow-up techniques and the remailing of the post cards was going to occur soon.

So, I approved it in one sense and in another sense criticized it.

Dr. Mileti, you mentioned some studies that you felt supported your testimony; is that correct?

I believe when I referenced literature, I was talking about the higher response rate that typically accompanies mailed out questions and answers associated with emergencies and disasters.

What specific studies are you referring to?

Well, I don't know that they were studies. They were publications referencing this phenomenon. For example, I believe there is a publication by a sociologist named Thomas Draybach from the University of Denver in a journal called the American Behavioral Scientist. It came out in the early 70s. It could have been 1970 or '71, and it was

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edited by Henry Poringeli (phonetic). Draybach's article was the lead article, and I believe he cited this phenomenon.

I also spoke to this phenomenon myself in some of my own work. And one of the working papers out of the Disaster Research Center at Ohio State University -- and I do apologize, I don't recall which one it was -- references the phenomenon as well. It is somewhat generally understood to those who do disaster research, and we enjoy a high response rate and it makes our research easier.

Q When mail-back surveys are utilized to ask questions about emergencies, how high a response rate can one expect?

A response rate is affected by many things.

And the topic of the thing that is mailed out is only one of the things that can affect it. So, in order to be able to answer that question fairly, we would have to go down the list of the other factors that also might affect response rate.

For example, the number of questions, the difficulty of the questions, the difficulty of the answers,
et cetera. But, in general, and discounting the particulars
of all of that, Disaster Research typically reports about
eighty percent response rate; that is, studies that people
have done in emergency in Disaster Research, typically
elicits that level at the end of the study.

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Q Are you referring to the study that you just mentioned before, the Draybach article and some of your own research and the Ohio State publication?

A No, not at all. Those three that I referenced before were works that spoke to this phenomenon rather than studies that mail something out and then you can count a response rate. To actually count a response rate, you wouldn't look at those studies that I referenced before, but you look at actual research that was actually performed.

Q Did the Draybach article or your own work that you have conducted, or the Ohio State article, or publication, that you mentioned, deal with identification of the handicapped in the event of a radiological emergency?

A No. I know for sure that none of them did.

Q Did they deal with the identification of the handicapped in any way for any emergency?

A No. I recall that none of them did.

With respect to the other studies on emergencies that you just referred to, which you say supported the fact that you could in general expect about an eighty percent response rate, did any of those deal with the same issue?

A Well, first let me say that I didn't say you could expect an eighty percent response rate. What I said was that the research I know about typically has that high of a response rate.

And to the best of my knowledge, I don't know -and that doesn't mean there might not be one, but I simply
don't know of a study done in reference to the handicapped
on a radiological emergency.

Q This is using mail back techniques. Typically they have gotten eighty percent response rate?

A Those, as well as other techniques.

Q Let's just refer to mail back techniques. You are saying that you could expect an eighty percent response rate?

A It depends on what techniques one might use when they were doing their mail back survey. For example, I wouldn't expect an eighty percent response rate back on the first mailing, but would expect it to climb higher as other techniques were used to increase response rate.

Q Were these with respect to the studies that you have referred to, did they use mail back surveys going to

individuals, or were these surveys going to organizations or agencies?

A Well, again, the things that I referenced, the literature that I referenced, were not studies in and of themsleves. What they were were the author's accounting of this phenomenon in other peoples studies.

Q Let me refer you to the other body of research you said -- disaster research which you say typically gets the eighty percent response rate. With respect to those that use the mail back technique, were those to the best of your knowledge, did those surveys - were they sent out to individuals or agencies and organizations?

A I am sure some of each. And response rate is typically higher when you mail things out to organizations than it is to individuals. That is true no matter what the topic of the survey is.

Q Dr. Mileti, are you aware of any mail back surveys sent to members of the public with an eighty percent response rate?

A Yes.

Q Please list those studies.

A Well, I will begin with the ones that I did myself.

I did one survey of a community in rural agricultural

Colorado, Burlington, Colorado, and we were investigating

in that study how people perceived growth in their community,

because Colorado, like many communities across the nation, its small rural communities are growing instead of losing population, and as part of this same project for the Department of Agriculture through my university's experiment station, we also investigated the same phenomenon in an ex-urban community in a town called Evergreen, the place Barbara Streisand's song is about, and we also did the same study investigating peoples perceptions about how the communities change because of growth, in a town called Yuma, Colorado, which has agriculture as well as cattle ranching, et cetera.

And our initial response rate on those studies were about forty-five to fifty percent, given our first mail out and then back, and then what we did was go through a set of procedures to get those response rates higher, which took a great deal of time and more effort, and we did that. We mailed things out.

When I say, 'mailed things out,' it is things

like sending -- because on those studies we knew who didn't

respond because we had a list of the population that we

were sampling, and a list of our samples, people. And we

sent out another letter, follow up letter to the non-respondent

asking them if they would respond, please.

And that is almost, equivalent, for example, to what LILCO did when it sent out its little community

newsletter, reminding people if they hadn't responded to please respond on the little post card.

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That is one of the techniques that you can use to increase response rate.

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So, as time went by, we were able to increase our response rate higher. Those are three examples of studies that I did.

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Q What methods of validation did you use to determine that the population that you had gotten -- response race that you, in fact, claim you got?

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Well, it was easy to do, because we knew the population, and we pulled a representative sample from that population, so we knew who we sent our questions to and we knew who sent them back, haraus /e had coded numbers on them, so we were able ' mine who didn't send them back.

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So, in that kind of research it is easy to do a calculation of responses.

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Q Therefore, you were able to pinpoint those who hadn't sent it back, and specifically write them a letter asking them to please fill out the form, or the post card or whatever it was, correct?

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You bet. Probably the university wouldn't pay for the postage to do a general mailing again.

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You would agree, wouldn't you, Dr. Mileti, that 0

it takes a fairly large degree of expertise and training to develop a survey that taps a hundred percent of a relatively small proportion of a population such as handicapped, correct?

A If what you mean by that question is to get a hundred percent response rate, to my way of thinking no amount of experience or expertise could be counted on to elicit a hundred percent response rate at all. I don't care who was designing the instrument.

Q Are you aware, or do you have any data regarding what LILCO's response rate was for its mail back survey?

A Well, as I recall, people did tell me how many post cards were returned back. I have forgotten that number. I don't recall whether it was a hundred and fifty-one or two -- I don't know why that number came to mind, by the way -- or two hundred, or what have you.

So, I guess in answer to your question that yes, somebody has told me how many post cards have come back, but I have a poor memory.

Q I was referring to the response rate.

A Oh, as far as I know no one has talked to me about response rate to the best of my knowledge. I don't know of a way that one could determine response rate simply because it seems to me impossible to define the number of people in the population who might be appropriate to fill out

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1 that card and mail it back. Q Dr. Mileti, with respect to an initial mailing, 2 one mailing, what is the largest response rate that you 3 would expect from the population, disregarding the follow 4 up techniques that you alluded to earlier? 5 A Well, it depends on the character of the study; 6 the topic, the form of the questions, et cetera. 7 Let's focus in on emergency situations. 8 9 A Oh, on emergency situations, I would suggest probably about sixty-five to seventy-five percent. 10 Q And what surveys or studies are you relying on 11 12 to support that figure? 13 Well, the studies I am relying on to support that figure are studies that I have done myself, and I 14 don't tend to recall peoples reported response rates in 15 studies, but I certainly talked to colleagues who do 16 research, and -- 'hair research. 17 What I would like to ask from you is what studies 18 19 of yours are you referring to? Were these published studies? 20 A Yes, some of them are. Some of them aren't. 21 Q And is it documented in those studies that your 22

initial mailing elicited a seventy-five percent response rate?

A Yes, it is, but your question to which I answered

seventy-five percent talked about studies, not mailed things, so I was speaking generically, and therefore including some tings that didn't include mail questionnaires.

Q Let's focus in on mail back surveys. And I will pose the question to you again. What is the response rate that you would expect from a mail back survey?

MS. McCLESKEY: Excuse me. Before you answer

Doctor Mileti, could both of you please up. I am having
trouble hearing, and I can't imagine that the people in the
back can.

WITNESS MILETI: The response rate that I would expect from a study, studying emergencies, I would pick the generic number of seventy to seventy-five percent.

Mail back studies -- I don't recall today specific response rates of specific studies, but I think if one looked at all the mailed out surveys that sociologists have done in reference to emergencies, and people tend to report the response rates when they publish things, that sitting back and appraising all of that, one would judge that seventy to seventy-five percent is a reasonable response rate.

- Q You are referring to just mail back surveys?
- A Yes. Because you asked me to refer to that.
- Q Just to clarify. You said with respect to mail

back techniques alone, you would expect -- with respect to a topic of emergencies -- a response rate of seventy-five percent, correct?

A Well, you need to pick a range. I remember saying seventy, and I remember saying seventy-five, and I also remember saying about sixty-five at one point in the course of answering your questions.

But thereabouts. It is simply the fact that the response rates for studies that deal with emergencies and disasters is high. It is a characteristic of the industry.

Q Are these surveys that you are referring to surveys that occurred after a disaster?

A Many of them are, yes. And many of them come before a disaster because people who do disaster research typically look at how people respond in emergencies, but there is also a whole set of people who also look at how people deal with and cope with adjustments to reduce the risks of future emergencies.

Q Are any of the surveys that you are referring to surveys conducted in order to identify people who might need help in an emergency?

A None that I know of, no. However, I might add that I wouldn't expect that to change response rates.

Q Could you please identify specifically the surveys

that you are discussing which occurred prior to an emergency which have -- mail back surveys, I am talking about -- which have elicited the type of response rate that we are discussing in the sixty-five to seventy-five percent range?

A Well, again, let me say that if one sat down and reviewed all the research that has been done, and when people tend to publish research they list what their response rate was, because that was a norm in writing publications, and you certainly would find some with a lower response rate, and you would find some with a higher response rate, but standing back and giving a categorical judgment, one would end up with a number somewhere in that ball park.

And there probably are a hundred and fifty or two hundred such studies that have been published, and there is no way that I can remember them all today.

Q Can you refer me to studies that have been conducted that have elicited that type of response before a disaster; and I am talking about specific studies.

A Yes. As I recall, there is a book called, and I probably will not do well at recalling its precise title, Natural Hazards, National and Global, edited by Gilbert White, in which there are a collection of about -- by the way, that was published by Oxford Press, back in the early '70s. And in there there are probably about twenty-five or so publications, some of which are survey and some of which

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aren't, and many of them describe the findings of studies done in many different countries and some done in this country, on mailed out questionnaires.

There was a time when the institute was convassing the world to find out how people perceived hazards, et cetera.

And I am sure that some -- there are enough of them in there that to the best of my recollection today some of them would have to have response rates in that ball park, since that's the norm.

Q These are from a single mailing?

A I don't know of anyone who would stop doing research with a single mailing. Just as LILCO hasn't stopped trying to elicit defining who are the people that need help in an emergency with a single mailing.

1 Dr. Mileti --0 2 MR. MC MURRAY: Judge Laurenson, I have no 3 further questions. JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Zahnleuter? 5 MR. ZAHNLEUTER: No questions. 6 JUDGE LAURENSON: Mr. Bordenick? 7 MR. BORDENICK: No questions. JUDGE LAURENSON: Any redirect? MS. MC CLESKEY: No, sir. 10 JUDGE LAURENSON: Thank you, Dr. Mileti. 11 (The witness stood down.) 12 JUDGE LAURENSON: Just to review what we are 13 going to be doing tomorrow morning, we are going to resume 14 with the LILCO panel on Contention 18 and then proceed 15 with cluster 15 in the order which has been agreed upon 16 in the past; is that correct? 17 Of do you wish to offer surrebuttal testimony 18 to Dr. Mileti's testimony? 19 MR. MC MURRAY: I think we are going to have to 20 digets what we just heard, Judge Laurenson, and tell 21 you in the morning whether we would like to put 22 Professor Saegert up for surrebuttal. 23 JUDGE LAURENSON: All right. If you do that, 24

you will be ready to go forward with that first thing in

the morning tomorrow then?

MR. MC MURRAY: Yes. JUDGE LAURENSON: All right. We will hold that in abeyance and we will reconvene at 9:00 a.m. tomorrow morning. (Whereupon, at 6:15 p.m., the hearing was adjourned, to reconvene at 9:00 a.m., Wednesday, June 6, END 20 1984.)

CERTIFICATE OF PROCEEDINGS

2 This is to certify that the attached proceedings before the MRC COMMISSION In the matter of: Long Island Lighting Company 5 Date of Proceeding: Tuesday, June 5, 1984 6 Place of Proceeding: Hauppauge, New York 7 were held as herein appears, and that this is the original transcript for the file of the Commission. 10 Rebecca Eyster 11 Official Reporter - Typed 12 13 Officiad Reporter - Signature 15 Myrtle Traylor Official Reporter - Typed 16 17 18 19 20 Garrett Walsh Official Reporter - Typed 21 23 24