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J. T. Beckham, Jr. Vice President—Noclear Hatch Picsect



HL-1920 002495

January 21, 1992

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission ATTN: Document Control Desk Washington, D.C. 20555

> PLANT HATCH - UNITS 1, 2 NRC DOCKETS 50-321, 50-366 OPERATING LICENSES DPR-57, NPF-5 MAIN STEAM SAFETY RELIEF VALVE PRESSURE SENSOR ACTUATION

Gentlemen:

In response to your request following a meeting with representatives of the NRC staff on July 23, 1991, enclosed is the design summary and 10 CFR 50.59 evaluation for our planned addition of pressure sensor actuation for the Main Steam Safety Relief Valves (SRVs). Georgia Power Company (GPC) is in the process of adding a pressure sensor actuated logic system to enhance assurance of SRV actuation at the appropriate pressure setpoint. Specifically, the system will improve reliability of the SRVs thereby minimizing the potential for forced outages as experienced by Plant Hatch, Units 1 and 2 during February, 1991. GPC plans to install the new systems during the next refueling outages for Units 1 and 2, currently scheduled for Spring 1993 and Fall 1992, respectively.

As the new system is not safety related, it will not be included in the Technical Specifications. However, the system will be designed to meet single failure criteria, and will use equipment and components equivalent to our safety related systems. Maintenance and calibration will be performed consistent with that of our safety related systems.

If you have any questions, please contact this office.

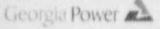
Sincerely,

J. T. Beckham, Jr.

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Enclosures: (See next page.)

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Enclosures:

1. Narrative Design Summary - Sensor-activated SRV Initiation and Simplified Diagrams Illustrating the New System 2. 10 CFR 50.59 Safety Evaluation

- CC:

Georgia Power Company Mr. H. L. Sumner, General Manager - Nuclear Plant NORMS

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, D.C. Mr. K. Jabbour, Licensing Project Manager - Hatch

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Region II Mr. S. D. Ebnoter, Regional Administrator Mr. L. D. Wert, Senior Resident Inspector - Hatch

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ENCLOSURE 1

PLANT HATCH - UNITS 1,2 NRC DOCKETS 50-321, 50-366 OPERATING LICENSES DPR-57, NPF-5 MAIN STEAM SAFETY RELIEF VALVE PRESSURE SWITCH ACTUATION

NARRATIVE DESIGN SUMMARY

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NARRATIVE DESIGN SUMMARY

SENSOR ACTIVATED SRVs INITIATION

OBJECTIVE:

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A new sensor initiated logic is being proposed to actuate the Safety Relief Valves (SRV) electrically at their respective mechanical setpoints (Ref: Figure 1). This will provide a redundant method of preventing overpressurization of the Nuclear Steam Supply System in addition to the mechanical relief mode of the SRV(s).

DISCUSSION:

The safety objective of the SRV system is to prevent overpressurization of the Nuclear Steam Supply System (MSSS).

Automatically controlled SRV(s) are installed on the main steam lines inside primary containment. The valves are dual purpose in that they will relieve pressure by normal mechanical action or by automatic action of an electro-pneumatic control system. A two position switch is provided in the Main Control Room (MCR) for the control of each SRV. The two positions are "OPEN" and "AUTO". In the "OPEN" position, the switch energizes the solenoid operated valve to open the SRV. In the "AUTO" position, the SRV is opened on Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) or Low Low Set (LLS) initiation signals, the normal mechanical action, or the new electrical actuation "backup" mode.

The relief by normal mechanical action is intended to prevent potential overpressurization of the nuclear steam supply system following a main turbine trip or other pressurization transients. On a Loss Of Coolant Accident (LOCA) wherein the High Pressure Coolant Injection (HPCI) system can not supply adequate inventory makeup, the depressurization by automatic action is intended to reduce nuclear system pressure to allow Core Spray (CS) or Low Pressure Coolant Injection (LPCI) to inject water into the reactor vessel.

The proposed modification will meet the following criteria:

- 1. I...w control logic will give the SRV(s) an electrical signal to open at the same setpoints that the valves are supposed to open mechanically. Calculations will account for instrument loop uncertainties (including setpoint tolerances), thus allowing for a setpoint equivalent to the mechanical actuation setpoint.
- The proposed addition of control logic will not change the existing function of the SRV(s), ADS, or LLS system.
- One-out-of-two taken twice logic will minimize the potential for inadvertent actuation of the SRV while providing reliable operation of the SRV at the setpoint independent of mechanical action.

NARRATIVE DESIGN SUMMARY

SENSOR ACTIVATED SRVs INITIATION

- The Emergency Safety System (ESS) Division 1 to Division II interface will be isolated by fuses.
- 5. A DC power source will be used.
- The logic will remain operable in the event of Loss-of-Offsite Power (LOSP).
- All new hardware will be procured to meet Class 1E (environmental and seismic) requirements as appropriate. Similarly, any existing equipment used will also meet these requirements.
- No single failure of the new logic shall cause the SRV(s) to lift inadvertently, or prevent the S^DV(s) from lifting upon receiving an ADS/LLS signal.
- This is a non-safety related design change. The proposed modification is intended to be used during abnormal plant operation to increase the reliability of the NSSS depressurization system.
- 10. One solenoid is provided for each SRV.
- Calibration and maintenance requirements already established by Flant Hatch Technical Specifications for Nuclear Boiler System (B21) equipment will apply to this proposed modification.

CONCLUSION:

ESS DIVISION I AND DIVISION II SENSORS (1-out-of-2 Taken Twice Logic):

In order for the Unit 1 and Unit 2 SRV(s) to actuate, two pressure signals will be required. The Unit 1 SRV(s), set to operate at 1080 psig, will require two signals from the trip units set at 1080 psig. The SRV(s) set to operate at 1090 psig will require one signal from the trip units set at 1080 psig and a second signal from the trip units set at 1090 psig. The remaining SRV(s) set to operate at 1100 psig will require one signal from the trip units set at 1100 psig (Ref. Table A, Hatch Unit 1). The Hatch Unit 2 SRV(s) are intended to function in a similar manner. The Unit 2 SRV setpoints are 1090, 1100, and 1110 psig respectively (Ref. Table A, Hatch Unit 2).

This modification will require installation of four new pressure transmitters (PTs), two per panel, on local panels H21-P404 and H21-P405. This modification will require the installation of four new cables (approx. 700' each), one per PT, from MCR panel H11-P927 and H11-P928 to the new PTs, located on the local instrument panel H21-P404 and H21-P405 elevation 158' of the Reactor Building and four conduits (approx. 40' each), one per PT, from the new PTs to the nearest tray. Eleven cables (approx. 100' each) will run between MCR panels H11-P602 and H11-P927. Eleven cables (approx. 50' each) will run between MCR panels H11-P527 and H11-P928.

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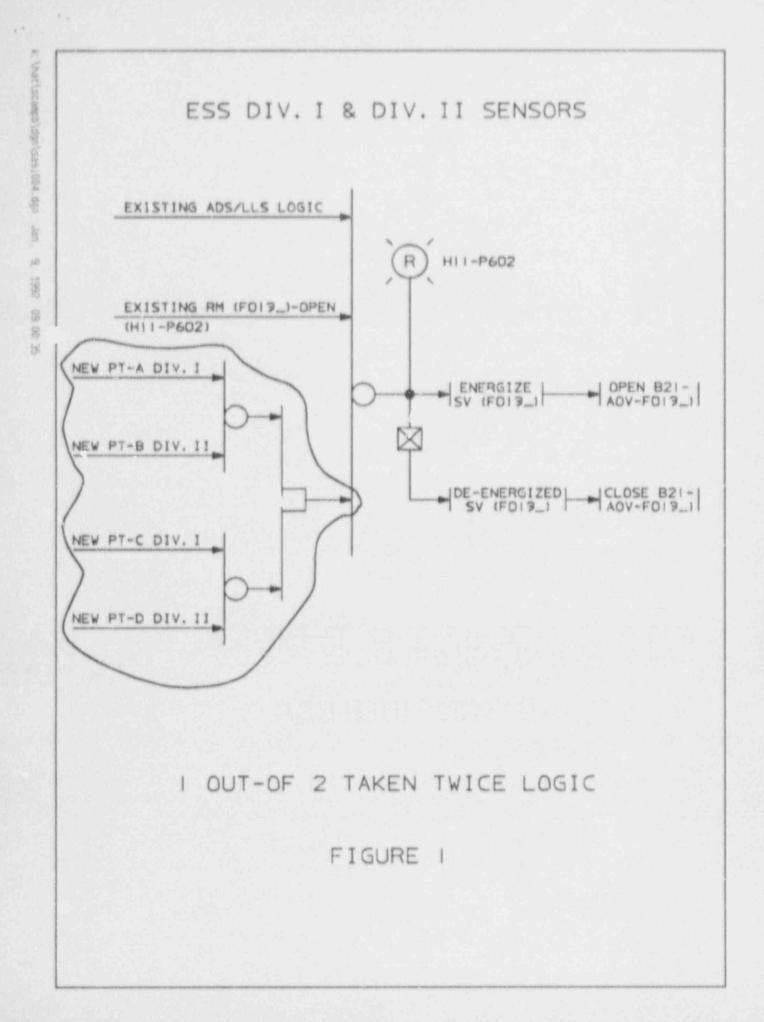
NARRATIVE DESIGN SUMMARY

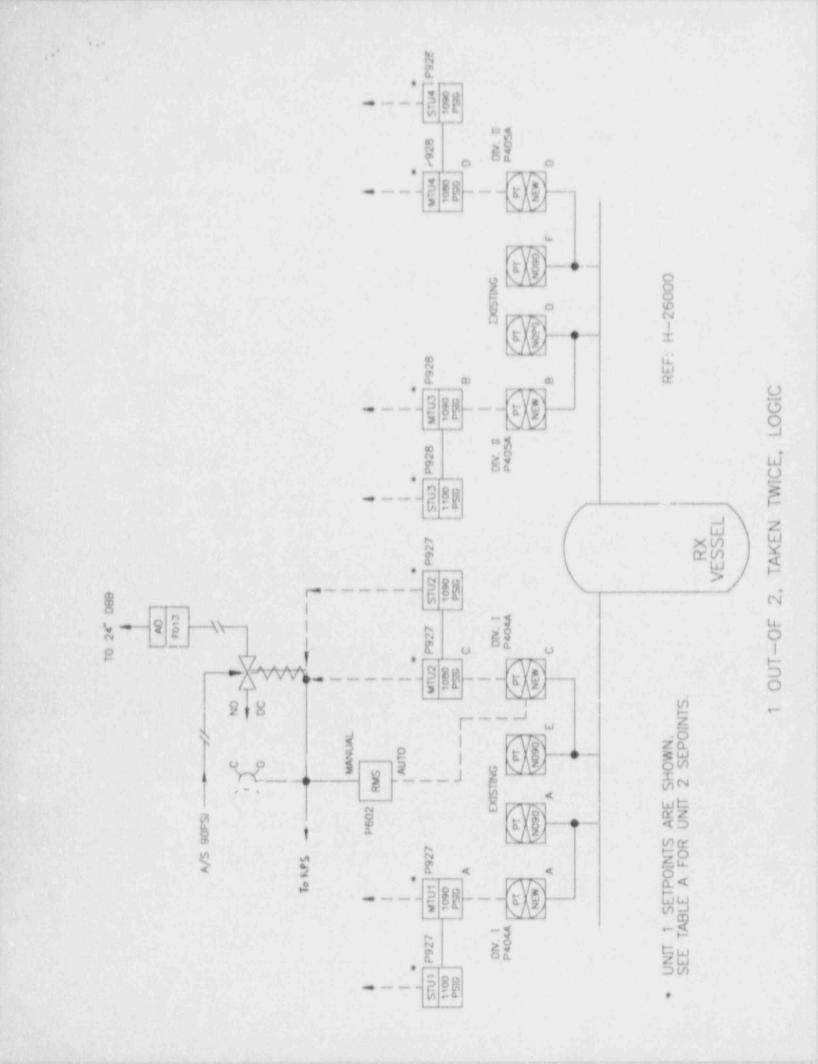
SENSOR ACTIVATED SRVs INITIATION

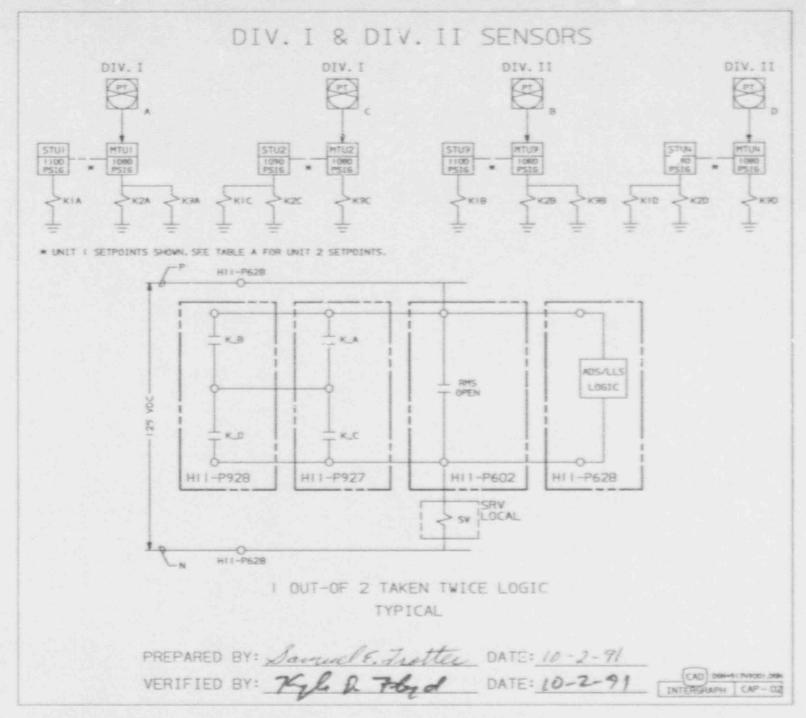
Two Master Trip Units (MTUs) and two Slave Trip Units (STUs) will be added per panel, to the Main Control Room (MCR) panels H11-P927 and H11-P928. Six existing spare relays (per panel) now located in panels H11-P927 and H11-P928 will be used.

Figures 1, 2, and 3 show a simplified logic, P&ID, and elementary. Table A shows each SRV and its function, division, setpoint, and relays used to energize the solenoid in the proposed scheme.

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TABLE A

HATCH UNIT

VALVE MPL #	FUNCTION	DIV	SET POINT PSIG	RELAYS
821-F013A	LOW LOW SET	tri	1080	K2A, K28, K3C, K30
821-F0138	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION	-	1100	KIA, KIB, K2C, K2D
821-F013C	LOW LOW SET	14	1100	KIA, KIB, KZC, KZD
821-F0130	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION		1090	K3A, K36, KIC, KID
821-F013E	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION		1080	KZA, KZB, KHC KHO
821-F013F	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION		0601	K3A, K3B, KIC, KID
821-F0136	LOW LOW SET		1080	K2A, K2B, K9C, K30
821-F013H	LOW LOW SET	-	0601	K3A, K3B, K1C, K1D
821-F013J	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION	-	1:00	KIA, KIB, K2C, K2D
821-F013K	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION	-	0601	K3A, K3B, KIC, KID
821-F013L	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION	-	1080	KZA, KZB, K3C, K30

HATCH UNIT 2

VALVE MPL #	FUNCTION	DIV	SET POINT PSIG	RELAYS
821-F013A	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION		1100	K3A, K3B, K1C, KID
		-	0601	KZA KZB, KRC, KRD
821-F013C	AUTOMATEC DEPRESSURIZATION		1100	K34., K38., KIC, KID
821-F0130		14	1090	K2A, K2B, K3C, K3D
BZ1-F013E	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION		1110	KIA, KIB, KZC, KZD
B21-F01米	LOW LOW SET	-	0601	K2A, K2B, K3C, K3D
821-F0136	LOW LOW SET	11	10601	K2A, K2B, K3C, K3D
	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION		1110	KIA, KIB, KZC, KZD
104-1	AUTOMATIC DEPRESSURIZATION		0011	KGA, KGB, KIC, KID
821-F013L	dans.		0111	KIA, KIB, KZC, KZD
103-1	AUTOHATIC DEPRESSURIZATION	-	0011	K3A, K3B, KIC, KID

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PREPARED BY: Somelle Lustlee DATE: 10-2-91 VERIFIED BY: K.L. R. 7.67 of DATE: 10-2-91

ENCLOSURE 2

PLANT HATCH - UNITS 1,2 MRC DPCLETS 50-321, 50-366 OPERATING LICENSES DPR-57, NPF-5 MAIN STEAM SAFETY RELIEF VALVE PRESSURE SWITCH ACTUATION

10 CFR 50.59 SAFETY EVALUATION

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Units 1 & 2

Α.	SAF	ETY SYSTEM	APPLICAN	ILITY:
	The	document	to which	this evaluation applies represents:
	1.	[X] Yes Basis for		A change to a safety-related equipment or document? The Nuclear Boiler System(B21) Safety Kelief Valves(SRV) are safety-related equipment described in the Unit 1 and Unit 2 FSARs. The proposed modification provides non-safety related sensor initiated, one-out-of-two, taken twice, logic to actuate the SRV(s), for Units 1 and 2, at their respective mechanical setpoints. The intent is to minimize the potential for overpressurization of the Nuclear Steam Supply System (NSSS), in each unit.
	2.	[X] Yes	() No	A change which could impact safety-related equipment or document?
		Basis for	answer:	The proposed modification is a non-safety related design that will meet Class IE equipment and Seismic Class I requirements. The Unit 1 and Unit 2 FSARs will be revised to reflect the added capability provided by this design change.
	3.	[] Yes	(X) No	A change to a system, structure, or component which handles/ controls radiation hazards?
		Basis for	answer:	The SRV(s) functions and operation do not encompass handling cr controlling radioactive effluents.
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				this evaluation applies represents:
	1.			A change to the plant as described in the FSAR (1.e., will this change require a revision to some portion of the FSAR?)
		Basis for	answer:	The proposed modifications provide on electrical signal to open the SRV(s) at the setpoints used to open the valves by mechanical action. Section 4.4 of the Unit 1 FSAR and Section 5.2.2 of the Unit 2 FSAR will be impacted.
	2.	[] Yes	[X] No	A change to procedures described in the FSAR? (i.e., is the document a safety-related procedure?)
		Basis for	answer:	This evaluation addresses a design change, and not a procedure change. Any plant procedures impacted by this design change, and requiring revisions, will be evaluated separately.
	3,	[] Yes	[X] No	A test or experiment not described in the FSAR which affects plant safety?
		Basis for	answer:	This evaluation addresses a design change, and not a test or experiment.
	4.	[] Yes	[X] No	A change to the Technical Specifications and/or Environmental Technical Specifications incorporated in the operating license?
		Basis for	answer:	This is a non-safety related modification intended for use during abnormal plant operation to increase reliability by providing a reliable backup to the NSSS depressurization system. The non-safety related equipment is properly isolated from the safety-related portion of the B21 system, so no malfunction of this new equipment will adversely affect the safety-related operation of the SRV(s). Therefore, since no licensing credit is sought for this modification, no limiting conditions for operation of
. P	Ann			conditions for operation or 06/29/90

06/29/90

E. I. HATCH NUCLEAR PLANT

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> surveillance requirements will need to be added to the Technical Specifications. Also, since this modification will not impact the operation of any safety-related system, no change to any existing portion of the Technical Specifications will be required.

IF the answer to all the questions in Sections A and B are "NO", skip section C. IF the answer to any question in section A or B is 'YES", complete section C.

1.	the second s	[X] No	
	Basis for	answer:	occurrence of an accident previously evaluated in the FSAR? The proposed modification will not change the existing function of the SRV(s), ADS, or LLS systems. The sensor initiated logic being proposed to ~lectrically activate the SRV(s) is in a one out of two taken twice logic scheme. The worst case failure mode of this proposed logic modification is a short in the logic which causes an inadvertant opening of an SRV, which has previously been analyzed in chapter 15.1-17 of the Unit 2 FSAR. The relays, transmitters and associated hardware for this modification will be procured and installed to the necessary 1E, seismic, environmental and/or design standards to ensure proper isolation from the safety related functions of the SRV(s). These required components will be designated as Class 1E to insure replacements are procured and installed to the same stan. rds. Therefore, the likelihood of an inadvertant SRV opening transient is not significantly increased. Thus, this proposed modification does not increase the probability of occurrence of a previously reviewed accident.
2.	[] Yes	[X] No	Does the proposed activity increase the consequences of an accident previously evaluated in the FSAR?
	Basis for	wer:	
3.	[] Yes	[X] No	Does the proposed activity increase the probability of occurrence of a malfunction of equipment important to safety previously evaluated in the FSAR?
	Basis for	answer:	All new hardware proposed by this modification will be procured to meet Class LE requirements (as appropriate). The new sensor initiated logic is one-out-of-two, taken twice, so a single failure cannot cause inadvertent SRV actuation. Therefore, no increase in the occurrence probability of a previously evaluated equipment malfunction results from the modification. The reliability of the SRV(s) is enhanced by the addition of the proposed modification.
4.	[]Yes	[X] No	Does the proposed activity increase the consequences of a malfunction of equipment important to safety previously evaluated in the FSAR?
	Basis for	answer:	No single failure of the proposed SRV actuation logic will cause the SRV(s) to lift inadvertently, or prevent lifting upon ADS/LLS activation.

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Does the proposed activity create the possibility of an 5. | | Yes [X] No accident of a different type than any previously evaluated in the FSAR? The FSAR evaluates pressurization transients and small pipe Basis for answer: break LOCA events, in which proper SRV operation is important. One-out-of-two twice taken logic will minimize the potential for inadvertent SRV actuation in case of a false signal, while providing for increased reliability of operation at the design basis setpoints. Thus, no new types of accidents are introduced, as a result of this modification. Does the proposed activity create the possibility of a 6. [] Yes [X] No malfunction of equipment important to safety of a different type than any previously evaluated in the FSAR? Basis for answer: The ESS Division 1 to Division II interface will be isolated by the addition of fuses. Loss of power to the Units 1 and 2 control rooms, via UPS failure, could result in failure of the Master/Slave trip units, installed by this proposed modification. The electrical actuation of the SRV(s) is redundant to the mechanical actuation; therefore, their function is unimpaired. Because of that redundancy, this change does not create the possibility of a malfunction of the SRV(s) beyond that considered in the FSARs. Does the proposed act 'it' reduce the margin of safety as 7. [] Yes [X] No defined in the basis for any Technical Specification? As the function of the SRV(s), ADS, and LLS systems remain Basis for answer: unchanged, and the addition of the electrical actuation logic actually enhances SRV operability and reliability, the margin of safety defined in the basis for Technical Specification is not reduced by the proposed modification. There is no change

to Unit 1 and Unit 2 Environmental Technical Specifications. There are no acceptance limits increased or failure points decreased due to this proposed modification.

IF the answer to <u>any</u> of the questions in Section C is "YES", an unreviewed safety question is indicated. Approval from the NRC is required <u>before</u> the document can be used; refer to project procedures for guidance on exceptions to this.

D. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS CONSIDERATIONS:

1. [] Yes [X] No	Does this document require a change to the Technical Specifications and/or the Environmental Technical Specifications?
Basis for answer:	This is a non-safety related modification intended for use during abnormal plant operation to increase reliability by providing a reliable backup to the NSSS depressurization system. As non-safety related equipment, it is properly isolated from the safety-related portion of the Nuclear Boiler System, so that no malfunction of this new equipment will adversely affect the safety-related operation of the system. Therefore, since no licensing credit is taken for the new design, no limiting conditions for operation or surveillance requirements will need to be added to the

E. I. HATCH NUCLEAR PLANT

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Technical Specifications for this modification. Also, since this modification will not impact the operation of any safety-related system, no change to any existing portion of the Technical Specifications will be required.

- <u>IF</u> a change to the Technical Specifications and/or the Environmental Technical Specifications is required:
 - a. Record associated i ent Change Request (DoCR) Number: To be determined.
 - b. [] Yes [] No Loes the amendment have to be immigmented prior to use of the document?
 - c. IF the answer to D.2.b was "YES", specify controls on document use:
 - d. <u>IF</u> the answer to D.2.b was "NO", tell why it is permissible to use it prior to implementation of the amendment:

Prepared By: Margan Changer IEC		Date:	12/19/91
Reviewed By: Jamah Dug? I & C. 180.		Date:	12-13-91
1 Duard Brock	Date 12/13/91		
E Ja Stan	Date <u>12-13-91</u> Date <u>12-13-91</u>		
M. Edilon	Date 12-13-9		
NS/PL James P. Jarrell	Date 1-3-92		