Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Division of Water Pollution Control 2200 Churchill Road P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276 Iowa Department of Natural Resources Environmental Protection Division Wastewater Section 900 East Grand Avenue Des Moines, Iowa 50319

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

Reissued (NPDES) Permit

Expiration Date: June 1, 1995

Issue Date: December 4, 1991 Effective Date: January 3, 1992

Name and Address of Permittee:

Commonwealth Edison Company 72 West Adams Street Post Office Box 767 Chicago, Illinois 60690-0767

Discharge Number and Name

Facility Name and Address:

Ouad Cities Nuclear Power Station 22710 206 Avenue North Cordova, Illinois (Rock Island County)

Receiving Waters: Mississippi River

No. 001 and 002 Open Tycle Diffusers

No. 001(a) Demineralizer Regenerative Waste

No. 001(b) Hastewater Treatment System No. 001(c) Sanitary Waste Treatment Plant

No. 002(a) Radwaste Treatment System Blowdown

In compliance with the provisions of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act. Subtitle C Rules and Regulations of the Illinois Pollution Control Board. Iowa Water Quality Standards Chapter 61-567 Iowa Administrative Code, and the FWPCA, the above named permittee is hereby authorized to discharge at the above location to the above-named receiving stream in accordance with the standard conditions and attachments herein.

Dermittee is not authorized to discharge after the above expiration date. In order to receive authorization to discharge beyond the expiration date, the permittee shall submit the proper application as required by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) and the Iowa Department of Natural Resources (IDNR) not later than 180 days prior to the expiration date.

Carry Wilson

Director Iowa Department of Natural Resources

by Wayne Farrand, Supervisor

Wastewater Section

Environmental Protection Division

Thomas G. McSwiggil. P.E.
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

Manager, Permit Section

Division of Water Pollution Control

NPDES Permit No. 1L0005037

Effluent Limitations and Monitoring

	LOAD LIMITS		CONCENTRATION LIMITS mg/l			
PARAMETER	30 DAY AVG.	DAILY MAX.	30 DAY	DAILY MAX.	SAMPLE FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE

1. From the effective date of this permit until June 1, 1995 the effluent of the following discharge(s) shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

Outfall(s): 001 and 002 Open Cycle Diffusers

	This discharge consists of:		Approximat	e flow	
	Main Condenser Cooling Water House Service Water Radwaste Treatment System Blowdown* Demineralizer Regenerate Waste Wastewater Treatment Plant Effluent Sanitary Waste Treatment Plant Effluent House Service Water Strainer Backwash Intake Screen Backwash Units 1 and 2 Oil/Water Separators Fish Culture Facilities		1098 MGD 40 MGD 0.022 MGD 0.015 MGD 0.031 MGD 0.006 MGD 0.126 MGD 0.508 MGD Intermittent Intermittent		
Flow (MGD) nH	See Special Condition No. 1		Daily 1/Month	24 hr total Grab	
Total Residua Total Residua Temperatu: e	Halogen***	0.2***	1/Week Daily	Grab** Continuous	

Recording

^{*}This sub-waste stream discharges only through Outfall 002, all other sub-waste streams are common to both Outfalls 001 and 002.

**See Special Condition No. 3

*** See Special Condition No. 16

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Effluent Limitations and Monitoring

LOAD LIMITS CONCENTRATION

PARAMETER	30 DAY AVG.	DAILY MAX.	30 DAY AVG.	S mg/1 DAILY MAX,	SAMPLE FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
1. From the ef- following discr	fective date narges shall	of this permit until be monitored and lim	l June 1, 1995 ited at all ti	the effluer mes as follow	nt of the	
	Outfall(s): DD1(a) Demineral	izer Regenerat	e Waste	Approximate	F10W 0.018 (MGD)
Flow (MGD) Total Suspender	1				1 Week	24 hr total
Solids			15	10	2/Month	24 hr compositi
	Dutfall(s): 001(b) Wastewate	Treatment Sy	stem***		
	This disc	harge consists of:**			Approximat	e Flow (MGD)
	Auxiliary Roof and	e floor Drain Sump Boiler blowdown floor drains izer filter back wast			0.029 0.0015 Intermitte 0.0005 MGD	
Flow (MGD) Total Suspended Solids					1/Week	24 hr total
			15	30	1/Week	8 hr Composite
Oil and Grease			15	20	1/Week	Grab
	Outfall(s):	001(c) Sanitary Was	te Treatment	Plant (DMF 0.		ximate flow (MGD)
PH BOD,	See Specia	al Condition No. 1	30	60	2/Month 2/Month 2/Month	24 hr total Grab 24 hr
Fecal Coliform Total Suspended	See Specia	Condition No. 9			2/Month	Composite Grab
Solids	1.5	10	30	60	2/Month	24 hr Composite

^{***}Wastewater Treatment System effluent is routed through an oil/water separator prior to discharge.
****The listed contributory waste streams all pass through an oil/water separator (Unit 1/2 oil/water separator) prior to entering the wastewater treatment plant.

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Effluent Limitations and Monitoring

	LOAD LIMITS		CONCENT			
	161	1bs/day		LIMITS mg/1		
	20 DAY	DAILY	30 DAY	DAILY	SAMPLE	SAMPLE
PARAMETER	AVG.	MAX.	AVG.	HAX.	FREQUENCY	TYPE

1. From the effective date of this permit until June 1, 1995, the effluent of the following discharge(s) shall be monitored and limited at all times as follows:

Dutfall(s): 002(a) Radwaste Treatment System Blowdown*****

This discharge consists of:

Approximate Flow 0.022 (MGD)

Laundry Wastewater
Reactor Water
Contaminated Floor Drains
Equipment Drains
Condensate Demineralizer Filter Backwash
Reactor Cleanup Demineralizer Filter Backwash
Laboratory Wastewater

Flow (MGD) Total Suspended			Daily 2	4 hr total
Solids	15	0.0	1/Week 0	rab
011 and Grease	15	50	Discharging 1/Week G When Discharging	rab

regulations for discharge and monitoring of radioactive wastewater discharges. Wastewater is generally batch treated and recycled, therefore the daily average discharge rate from Outfall No. 002(a) does not reflect influent flow rates.

Special Conditions

- 1. The pH shall be in the range 6.0 to 9.0.
- Samples taken in compliance with the effluent monitoring requirements shall be taken at a point representative of the discharge, but prior to entry into the receiving stream.
- A minimum of three grab samples shall be taken at approximately five minute intervals in the discharge bay at the diffuser pipes during the respective sodium bromide injection and/or chlorination period of a generating unit allowing for lag time between the initiation of injection and the point of sampling before the first grab sample is taken. The individual values and average (mean) values for each set of samples shall be reported including the Unit sampled, the times samples were collected, the time and duration of the sodium bromide and/or chlorine dosing period plus the rate and amount (lbs.) of sodium bromide and/or chlorine applied. For purposes of reporting and determining compliance, the daily discharge shall be the average of all hon-zero values measured in a day and the monthly average shall be the average of all daily discharges.
- 4. Neither total residual chlorine nor total residual halogen may be discharged from any unit for more than two hours in any one day.
- S. Nothing in this permit affects or abrogates the responsibilities or commitments of the Permittee hirein as set forth in the agreement entered into by the Permittee in the consolidated cases of Izaak Walton League of America, et. al. v. Schlesinger, No. 2208-71 and People of the State of Illinois, et. al. v. United States Atomic Energy Commission, No. 2208-71 (U.S. District Court, District of Columbia).
- 6. Discharge of wastewater from this facility must not alone or in combination with other sources cause the receiving stream to violate the following thermal limitations at the edge of the mixing zone:
 - A. Maximum temperature rise above natural temperature must not exceed 5"F.
 - 8. Water temperature at representative locations in the main river shall not exceed the maximum limits in the following table during more than one (1) percent of the hours in the 12-month period ending with any month. Moreover, at no time shall the water temperature at such locations exceed the maximum limits in the following table by more than 3°F. (Main river temperatures are temperatures of those portions of the river essentially similar to and following the same thermal regime as the temperatures of the main flow of the river.)

Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 45 45 57 68 78 85 86 86 85 75 65 52

- C. The area of diffusion of an effluent in the receiving water is a mixing zone, and that mixing zone shall not extend:
- 1) over more than 25 percent of the cross sectional area or volume of rlow in the Mississippi River;
- ii) more than 26 acres of the Mississippi River

Permittee shall monitor river flow weekly and ambient river temperature (at or upstream of unit intakes) daily. When river flows are greater than 16,000 cfs and ambient temperatures are 5°F or more lower than the monthly limiting temperatures, the permittee shall be deemed in compliance with the above temperature limitations, based upon the temperature monitoring curve. If river flows are greater than 11,000 cfs and ambient temperatures are within 5°F of the monthly limiting temperatures, the permittee may demonstrate compliance with the above temperature limitations by use of plant load, river flow, and ambient temperature data and the temperature monitoring curve in lieu of actual measurement of the 500 feet downstream river cross section temperature. If river flows are less than 11,000 cfs, temperature surveys at the 500 feet downstream river cross section shall be performed once per week during any week that the generating inits discharge heated effluent to the river. In the event that the compliance monitoring shows that the permittee has caused the monthly limiting temperature to be exceeded, the number of hours of such exceedance shall be reported on the permittee's Discharge Monitoring Report. The following data shall be collected and recorded:

The temperature monitoring curve identified as TMC I as shown on p. 31 of the January 1990 "Evaluation of the Quad Cities Nuclear Generating Station Diffuser Pipe System at Low River Flows."

Temperature surveys shall not be required during periods when ice formation renders the Mississippi River inaccessible or unsafe for marine activity.

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Special Conditions

- 1. paily continuous recording of the station discharge rate.
- 2. Daily continuous recording of the temperature of the station discharge.
- Weekly determination of the river flow rate (daily when river flows fall below 18.000 cfs).
- 4. Daily determination of the ambient temperature of the river.
- 5. Daily determination of the station load.
- Daily determination of the induced cross sectional average temperature at the \$00 foot downstream cross section in the river.
- 7. There shall be no discharge of polychlorinated biphenyl compounds from any discharge.
- B. There shall be no discharge of chemical metal cleaning wastes unless a permit has been obtained from IEPA for the treatment and/or discharge of such wastes.
- The dati, maximum fecal coliform count examined twice per month shall not exceed 400 per 100 ml.
- 10. Commonwealth Edison Campany's demonstration for the Quad Cities Nuclear Power Station in accordance with Section 316(a) and 316(b) of the Clean Water Act was approved by IEPA by letter dated July 28, 1981 and by the Iowa Department of Environmental Quality (IDEQ) by letter dated May 18, 1981. Based on these conclusions the following actions by the permittee are required:
 - A. The permittee shall monitor fish impingement twice per week, year round. Each year's data shall be tabulated and compared to historical fish impingement data for the same period with the results submitted to IEPA Permit Section and Compliance Assurance Section by July 28, each year.
 - 8. The permittee shall monitor water temperatures as described in Special Condition 6.
- 11. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset as defined in 40 CFR 122.41(n) shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that: An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset; the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated; the permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in standard condition 12 of this permit; and the permittee complied with any remedial measures required in standard condition 4 of this permit.
- 12. Discharge is allowed from the Unit 1 bil/water separator and the Unit 2 bil/water separator in accordance with the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC). If an applicable effluent standard or water quality related effluent limitation is promulgated under Section 301 and 302 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and that effluent or water quality standard or limitation is more stringent than any effluent or water quality limitations in this permit, or controls a pollutant not limited in this NPDES Permit, the Agency shall revise or modify the permit in accordance with the promulgated tandard and shall notify the permittee.
- 13. The permittee shall record monitoring results on Discharge Monitoring Report Forms using one such form for each discharge each month.
- 14. The completed Discharge Monitoring Report forms shall be mailed and received by the IEPA no later than the 28th day of the following month, unless otherwise specified by the permitting authority. Discharge Monitoring Reports shall be mailed to the IEPA at the following address:

Illinois Environmental Prot/ Ion Agency Division of Water Pollution Introl 2200 Churchill Road Springfield, Illinois 62706 Attention: Compliance Assurance Section

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Special Conditions

15. The permittee shall prepare a plan for biomonitoring to evaluate the toxicity of bromine biocides present in the discharge from the main cooling water condensers and submit the plan to IEPA for review and approval within 180 days of the effectives date of this Permit. The permittee shall begin biomonitoring studies within 90 days after approval of a biomonitoring plan or other such date as contained in the Agency's notification letter. The Agency may waive biomonitoring indefinitely if sufficient data regarding bromine-based biocide toxicity becomes available from other sources.

Biomonitoring

- 1. Acute Toxicity Shandard definitive acute toxicity tests shall be run on fathead minnows and the aquatic invertebrate Ceriodaphnia. Testing should be consistent with Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents to Aquatic Organisms EPA 600/4-85-013, unless substitute tests are approved. The following tests are required:
 - a. Fish -- 96 hour flow-through acute bioassay using one to four week old fathead minnows (Pimephales promelas).
 - b. Invertebrate -- 48 hour static renewal LC50 bioassay using Ceriodaphnia
- 2. Testing Frequency -- the above tests shall be conducted a minimum of two times.
- 3. Concurrent with biomonitoring tests the total residual oxidant concentration and the duration of its detection in the effluent shall be monitored and reported. The biomonitoring tests shall be performed at or near the maximum effluent TRC concentration allowed by this permit, to the extent practiable.
- 4. Chemical specific testing the effluent shall be analyzed for brominated organics during the discharge of biocide chemicals. All sample collection, preservation and storage times should conform to 40 CFR 136 or other approved procedures. Identification and quantification shall be attempted by a laboratory whose computer data processing programs are capable of comparing the sample mass spectrum to a computerized library of mass spectra, with visual confirmation by an experienced analyst. Following chemical analysis, an evaluation of the toxicty properties should be provided for any identified compounds based on available toxicology data bases.
- Results shall be reported according to EPA 600/4-85-014, Section 10. Report Preparation and shall be submitted to IEPA within one week of becoming available to the permittee.

This permit may be modified to incorporate different TRC/TRM limitations or restrictions on the use of bromine-based biocides based on the results of the biomonitoring or other bromine toxicity data which becomes available to the Agency. Such modification shall follow public notice and opportunity for hearing.

16. The TRC limit of 0.2 mg/l shall apply only when chlorine is used as the sole biocide. If bromine compounds are used alone or in conjunction with chlorine, the TRC/TRH limit shall be 0.16 mg/l as a daily maximum.

The use of bromine-based biocides in condenser cooling water shall not be allowed after two years from the effective date of this permit, unless the permit is modified to allow their use. Such modification shall follow public notice and oppportunity for hearing, and may include a schedule for compliance if water quality-based permit limits more restrictive than those in this permit are imposed.

The permittee should confer with IEPA and USEPA after approximately one year to determine whether the permit will be modified and the proposed final conditions.

Standard Conditions

Definitions

Act means the timois (incrommental Protection Act Ch. 11) 1.2 if Rev Star. Sec. 1001. 1051 as Amended

Agency means the Binois Environmental Protection Agency

Board means the Minous Poliuson Control Board

Clean Water Act (formerly referred to as the Federal Water Pollytion Control Act, means, Pub. 1, 92-500, as amended, 33 U.S.C. 1251 et seg.

NPDES (National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System) means the national program for issuing modifying revoking and ressuing terminating monitoring and entorcing permits and emposing and entorcing precreatment requirements under Sections 307, 402, 318 and 405 of the Clean Water Act.

USEPA means the United States Environmental Protection Agency

Deity Diacharge means the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling for pollutants with intritations expressed in units of mass, the daily discharge is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day for pollutants with intritations expressed in other units of measurements, the idealy discharge is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day.

Maximum Daily Discharge Cimitation idaily maximum means the highest allowable daily discharge

Avarage Monthly Discharge Limitation (30 day average) means the highest allowable average of daily discharges over a parendal month (alculated as the sum of all daily discharges measured during a calendar month divided by the number of daily discharge, measured during that month

Average Waskiy Dracharge similation of day averager means the highest virtual average of dairy discharges over a calendar week calculated as the sum of all dairy discharges measured during a calendar week divided by the number of dairy discharges measured during that week.

Basis Managamans Practicas (BMPs) means screaules of activities prohibitions of practices maintenance procedures and other management practices to prevent or reduce the politicion of waters of the State BMPs, so include treatment requirements operating procedures and practices to control prant site sunoit sprilage or leasis studge or waste disposal or drainage from raw material storage.

Aliquot means a sample of specified volume used to make up a total composite sample

Grab Sample means an individual sample of at least 100 millionars collected at a randomy selected time over a period not exceeding 15 minutes.

24 Mour Composite Sampla means a combination of at least 8 tampie allouds of an least 100 millioters, collected at periodic intervals during the operating hours of a facility over a 24 hour period.

8 Hour Composite Sample means a combination of at least 3 sample anduots of at least 100 millions, collected at periodic intervals during the operating bours of a facility over an 6-hour londor.

Flow Proportional Composite Sample means a combination of sample aliquots of all least 100 millisters collected at periodic intervals such that aither the time interval between each aliquot or the volume of apic aliquot or the volume of apic hardwords proportional to exhibit the strain flow at the time of lampling or the total stream flow since the collection of the previous aliquot.

- Duty to comple. The permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, revocation and ressuance modification in for densit of a permit terminate shockeon. The permittee shall comple with effluent standards of prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for folial poliutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.
- 12) Duty to reapply if the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit if the permittee submits a proper application as required by the Agency no later than 180 days prior to the expiration date, this permit shall continue in full force and effect until the final Agency decision on the application has been made.
- (4) Duty to mittgate the permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in volation of this permit which has a reasonable skelihood of adversery affecting human health or the anyingment.
- 15) Proper operation and maintenance. The permittee shall all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control land related appointenances, which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the condition of this permit Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance adequate funding adequate operator shafting and training and adequate laboratory and process controls including appropriate quality associance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems make when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permits.

- (6) Permit actions. This permit may be modified, revoked and reissuad, or terminated for cause by the Agency pursuant to 40 CFR 122 62. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated reincompliance, does not stay any permit condition.
- (7) Property rights This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exchange privated.
- (8) Duty to provide information. The permittee shall furnish to the Agency within a reasonable time, any information which the Agency may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying revoking and reissuing or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with the permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Agency whon request, capies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- (9) Inspection and entry. The permittee shall allow an authorized representative of the Agency upon the presentation of credenties and other documents as they be reducted by saw. to.
 - (a) finer upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is occased at conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this pairm.
 - (b) Have access to and copy at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit.
 - ici inspeci ar reasonable times any facilities equipment including monitoring and control equipmenti practices or operations regulated or required under this permit, and
 - Idi Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purpose of assuring permit a compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Act, any substances or parameters at any sociation.

1101 Monitoring and records

- Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shart be representance of the inscribing activity.
- (b) The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all caloristion and maintenance records, and all original strip, chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all fedoral sourced by this permit and records of all date used to considere the approximant to this permit by a period of all east 3 years from the date of this permit measurement, report or approximant. This period may be extended by request of the Agency of any time.
- icl Records of monitoring information shall include
 - "The date exact diate and time of sampling or measurements
 - (2). The individualist who performed the sampling or measurements
 - (3) The date(s) analyses were performed
 - (4) Trainionalist who performed the analyses
 - (5) The analytical techniques or methods used and
 - (6) The results of such pharvses
- Afontoing must be conducted according to test procedures sporoved under 40 CFR Part 136 unless other test procedures have been specified in this perimit. Where no test procedure under 40 CFR Part 136 has been soproved the permittee must submit to the Agency a test method for approval. The permittee shalf calibrate and perform maintenance procedures on all monitoring and analysical instrumentation at interven to ensure accuracy of measurements.
- (1)) Signatory requirement: All applications reports or information submitted to the Agency shall be signed and certified.
 - (a) Application All paints applications shall be signed as follows
 - 10. For a corporation by a principal executive officer of at least the evel of vice president or a person or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the corporation.
 - for a partnership or sole proprietorship, by a general partner of the proprietor respectively, or
 - (3) For a municipality. State Federal, or other public agency by either a principal executive officer or ranking alected official.
 - (b) Reports. All reports required by permits, or other information requested by the Agency shall be signed by a person described in paragraph (a) or by a duty authorized representative of that person. A person is a duty authorized representative only if.
 - 11. The authorization is made in writing by a person described in paragraph (a) and
 - (2) The authorization specifies either an individual or a pusition responsible for the ovil rit operation of the faculty, from which the discharge originates. In as a plant manager superintendent or person of equivalent responsibility, and

II. The written authorization is submitted to the Agency

(c) Changes of Authorization if an authorization under this no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsiblely for the overall observation of the facility a new authorization strictlying the requirements of this must be submitted to the Agency prior to or logisther with any reports information or applications to be surred by an authorized representative.

(12) Reporting requirements

- (a) Planned Changes. The permittee shall give notice to the Agency as soon as possible of any prenned physical alterations of additions to the permitted tecenty.
- b) Anticipated noncompliance if he permittee shall give advance notice to the Agency of any pranted changes in the permittee facility or activity which may result in opiciompliance with permit regularizers.
- c) Compliance schedules Reports of compliance or noncompliance with or any propersy reports on interim and final require ents contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 1.4 days following each schedule date.
- (d) Monitoring reports. Monitoring recurts shall be reported as its intervals specified assewhere in this permit.
 - Monitoring results must be reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR)
 - 21 If the permittee maintors any pollutant more frequently than request by the permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR 135 of as specified in the permit the results of this monitoring shart be included in the calculation and reporting of the data supported in the DMR.
 - (3) Calculations for all invitations which require averaging of measurements shall utions an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified by the Agency in the permit
- Twenty-tour hour reporting the permittee shall report any indocumpliance which may engage health or the environment any intocuments an environment of the provided be provided draily within 24 hours from the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. A written submissor chains also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. This environ submission shall contain a description of the noncombinance and its cause. The period of noncombinance including stact dates and times and if the noncompliance has not been corrected the anticipated frome it is a spected to continue, and steps taken or planned to reduce aliminate and prevent reporturiance of the honcompliance. The following shall be included as information entitle must be reported within 24 hours.
 - 111 Any unanticipated hypess which exceeds any effluent imitation in the permit
 - 2) Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Agency in this parmit to be reported within 14 hours.

The Agency may waive the written recoin on a case by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

- Other noncompliance. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under paragraphs (12)[c]. [d] or lef at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information saled in paragraph (12)[a].
- (g) Other information. Where the perint tale becomes aware that it felled to submit any relevant facts in a permit soprication or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Agency it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
- (13) Transfer of permits. A permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee of
 - (a) The current permittee notifies the Agency at least 30 days in advance of this proposed transfer dails.
 - b) The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific data for transfer of permit responsibles coverage and leability between the current and new permittees and
 - (c) The Agency does not notify the avisting permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modely or revoke and revisue find permit if this notice is not received, the transfer is affective on the data specified in the agreement.
- [143] All manufacturing, commercial mining, and silvecultural dischargers must notify the Agency as abon as they know or have leasure to believe.
 - (a) That any activity has occurred or will occur which vioual result in the discharge of any toxic pollutant demined under Section 301 of the Clean Water Act which is not timized in the permit of that discharge will exceed the highest of the following insoft/sition reveils.
 - III One hundred micrograms per site (100 up u

- (2) Two hulldred micrograms per star (200 up 8 for activities and actividuatine five hundred micrograms per star (500 up 8 for 2 a directophenol and for 2 methy) 4.5 constrophenol and one misigram cer star (1 mg 8 for animmos).
- (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the NPDES points application or
- 4) The rever established by the Agency in this permit
- (b) That they have begun or expect to begun to use or manufacture as an infermediate or time product or byproduct any toxic postulant which was not recorded in the NPDES permit approaches.
- 1151 An Publich Owned Treatment Works (POTWs) must provide adequate notice to the Agency of the following
 - (a) Any new introduction of pollutants into that FOTW from an indirect discharget which would be subject to Sections 301 or 306 of the Clean Water Act did were Sherth discharging those pollutants, and
 - (b) Any substantial change in the volume or character of positions being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing positions into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.
 - (c) for purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on of the quarty and quantity of efficient introduced into the POTW and list any announced impact of the chilling on the quantity or quarty of afficient to be discharged from the POTW.
- (16) If the permit is issued to a publicly owned of bublicly requisited treatment works the permittee shar require any industrial user of such freatment works to comply with fade at requirements concerning.
 - (1) User charges pursuant to Section 204/b) b) the Clean Water Act, and 3004caper requiritions sopearing in 40 CFR 35.
 - (2) "One policiant efficient standards and pretraitment standards observant to Section 307 of the Clean Water Act, and
 - (3) Inspection municiping and entire pursuant to Section 108 of the Clean Water Act
- 11.21 If an applicable standard or nimitatio. I promulgated under Section 301/bl/21/01 and iD1 304/bl/21 or 302/a/121 and 31 atthient standard or imitation is more stringent than any ethicini limitation in the permit or controls a pollutant not imited in the permit in controls a pollutant not resistued to conform to that ethical standard or immediate or revoked, and
- 118) Any authorization to construct is used to the permittee oursuant to 35 # Adm. Code 309 154 is hereby incorporated by reference as a condition of this permit.
- 1191 The permittee shall not make any false statement, representation or certification or any expensation relocd report plan or other document submitted to the Agency or the USERA or required to be maintained under this permit.
- 1201 The Clean Water Act provides that any derson who violates a permit condition impart items and the permit condition impart in the permit conditions and the clean wrater Act is audience to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such violation Any person with welfulfy or negligently violates permit conditions implementing Sections 301, 302,306,307 or 308 of the Clean Water Act is subject to a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$2,500 per day of violation or by importantment for hus more than one year or both.
- 12.11 The Clean Water Act provides that are person who fats/feet lampers with or knowingly reriders inaccurate any monitoring device or method fedurated to be maintained under permit shall upon conviction be bunished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per viniation, or by imprisor/ment for not more than 6 months per inhelition, or by both.
- (22) The Clean Water Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any laise statement representation, or certification in any record or other document substitited or reducted to be maintained unuse this permit shall including monitoring coports or reports of compliance or non-compliance shall upon conviction be humaned in a line of not more than \$10,000 per violation or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months per violation or by both.
- (23) Cohected screening, sluttles studges and other solids shall be disposed of in such a manner es to prevent entry of those wastes for runoff from the wastes) and matters of the State. The proper authorization for such disposal shall be obtained from the Agency and is incorporated as part hereof by reference.
- (24) In case of conflict between these standard conditions and any other conditionial included in this permit, the other conditionis! shall govern.
- (25) The permittee shall comply with in addition it, the requirements of the permit is 4 400erable provisions of 35 tt. Adm. Code. Subtitle C. Subtitle D. Subtitle E. and as applicable orders of the Board.
- (26) The provisions of this parmit are severable and if any provision of this parmit or the application of any provision of this parmit is held invalid, the remaining provisions of this permit shall crintinue in full force and effect.

(Rev 12 1-86)

State of Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Instructions for Completing Discharge Monitoring Reports

The purpose of these instructions is to inform l'linois NPDES permittees how Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR's) should be completed. Plesse take the time to review these instructions carefully and compare them with procedures currently in use.

Definitions

NPDES means the system created under Section 307, 402, 318, and 405 of the Clean Water Act for administering a permit program. NPDES stands for National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System.

USEPA means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

iEPA means the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

Agency means IEPA.

Board means the Illinois Pollution Control Board.

Dally Discharge means the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24 hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in units of mass (quantity), the "daily discharge" is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day. To express the mass discharged use one of the following formulas:

Pounds per day = concentration (mg/l) x flow (mgd) x 8.34 Kilograms per day = concentration (mg/l) x flow (mgd) x 3.79

Maximum Dally Discharge Limitation (daily maximum) means the highest allowable daily discharge.

Average Monthly Discharge Limitation (30 day average) means the highest allowable average of daily discharge over a

calendar month, calculated as the sum of all daily discharges measured during a calendar month divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that month.

Average Weekly Discharge Limitation means the highest allowable average of daily discharges over a calendar week, usually Sunday through Saturday, calculated as the sum of all daily discharges measured during a calendar week divided by the number of daily discharges measured during that week. Where a new month starts in the middle of a week, that weekly average shall be reported with the month in which the Wednesday of that week falls.

Grab Sample means an individual sample of at least 100 millilliters collected at a randomly selected time over a period not exceeding 15 minutes.

Aliquot means a sample of specified volume used to make up a total composite sample.

24 Hour Composite Sample means a combination of at least 8 sample aliquots of at least 100 milliliters, collected at periodic intervals during the operating hours of a facility over a 24 hour period.

8 Hour Composite Sample means a combination of at least 3 sample aliquots of at least 100 milliliters, collected at periodic intervals during the operating hours of a facility over an 8 hour period.

Flow Proportioned Composite Sample means a combination of sample aliquots of at least 100 milliliters collected at periodic intervals such that a sample aliquot is collected when a specified amount of flow passes the sampling point or that when a sample aliquot is collected its volume will be proportioned to the flow at that time.

Included is a copy of a Discharge Monitoring Report with numbers at various points of data entry. The numbers correspond to the following paragraphs which explain how to enter the required data.

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