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Q.A. Review Req'd.	Yes No X	
ALARA Review Reg'd.	Yes No X	

# CLASSIFICATION OF EMERGENCIES

### A.2-101

Prepared by: Costing Hunsen_ ALARA Review:	Revision 0	i de	Date	03/31/81
Reviewed by: Mu infuliel Q.A. Review:	Revision 0		_ Date	03/31/81
Operations Committee Final Review; Meeting Number	er 122	6	Date	69/32/83
Approved by:			Date	9/28/83
Op. Com. Results Review: Not Required	Mtg. #	946	Date	03/20/81

# PURPOSE

The purpose of this procedure is to specify conditions or groups of conditions that indicate an emergency exists and the actions to be taken by the Operations personnel to verify and classify the type of emergency condition.

#### CONDITIONS AND PREREQUISITES

An off-normal condition corresponding to one of the initiating events described in the appendices of this procedure is occurring or has occurred.

#### PRECAUTIONS

- A. There are many indications of an emergency condition that may occur either individually, in group events or sequentially. The operator must be careful not to rely on any one indication as being absolutely indicative of an emergency condition. Although the operator should believe indications and take action based on those indications, he shall attempt to verify indications by checking secondary or coincident indicators. Continued surveillance and assessment of plant conditions is necessary to ensure that the emergency classification is appropriately revised as conditions change, or as more definitive information is obtained.
- B. None of the actions specified in the EPIP's shall take precedence over the actions that are necessary to comply with Technical Specifications.

#### ORGANIZATION

- A. Overall Responsibility Emergency Director
- B. In Charge

Control Room - Site Superintendent

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C. Assistance

Reactor Operator Shift Technical Advisor when assigned Shift Emergency Communicator

#### DISCUSSION

- A. Definitions
  - <u>Emergency Condition</u> An occurrence, or combination of events and indications that fall into one of the following classifications:
    - a. Notification of Unusual Event

Unusual events are in process or have occurred which indicate a potential degradation of the level of safety of the plant. No releases of radioactive material requiring off-site response or monitoring are expected unless further degradation of safety systems occurs.

b. ALERT

Events are in process or have occurred which involve an actual or potential substantial degradation of the level of safety of the plant. Any releases are expected to be limited to small fractions of the EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels.

c. SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Events are in process or have occurred which involve actual or likely major failures of plant functions needed for protection of the public. Any releases are not expected to exceed EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels except near site boundary.

d. GENERAL EMERGENCY

Events are in process or have occurred which involve actual or imminent substantial core degradation or melting with potential for loss of containment integrity. Releases can be reasonably expected to exceed EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels off-site for more than the immediate site area.

4

2. Emergency Action Levels (EAL) - Numerical or qualitative values for the operational or radiological parameters, (radiological dose rates; water borne or surface deposited concentrations of radioactivity; specific instrument indications or changes in indications) that may be used as threshholds for initiating procedures or actions to assess and verify plant conditions and may require initiating specific emergency procedures as designated by a particular class of emergency.

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# B. Recognition

Attached to this procedure is Attachment 2, Event Recognition Guidelines (1-30). These guidelines identify the four emergency classifications, the possible initiating event(s), emergency action levels for each classification, and, where applicable, specific instruments and indications to be used to detect and classify an emergency. The identified instruments and alarms are a representative listing of various instruments that may be used to verify an emergency condition. There are many process variables referred to in the guidelines.

The instruments, indications, or alarms listed for any particular event are not necessarily a complete list of all those that will show abnormal indications or be useful in classifying the event. There is typically more than one instrument or instrument channel that monitors a specific parameter. The redundant channels and coincident indicators should all be used to verify the emergency condition.

The emergency action levels specified in the guidelines do not necessitate initiation of any particular phase of the emergency plan but rather signify a need for assessment and classification of conditions. In many cases, the proper classification will be immediately apparent from in-plant instrumentation. In others, further assessment is necessary to determine the applicable emergency classification.

The plant operating staff should consider the effect that combinations of initiating events have, that if taken individually would constitute a lower emergency classification but collectively may exceed the criteria for a higher classification.

In the Unusual Event classification, numerous EALs are related to limiting conditions for operation (LCOs) as specified in Technical Specifications. In these cases, the EAL is not considered exceeded and an emergency condition does not exist if the appropriate corrective action for exceeding the LCO is taken. The EAL is exceeded and an Unusual Event has occurred if the event results in a forced shutdown by the LCO.

2

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#### RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Emergency Director (Site Superintendent)
  - Prior to EOF activation, the Emergency Director shall der large the appropriate emergency condition as soon as the event may feen indicated and verified.

After EOF activation, the Emergency Director shall notify the Emergency Manager when change in classification is indicated and were filled.

- After the emergency condition has been declared, the immergency Director is responsible for implementing the actions as specified in the following procedures:
  - a. Notification of an Unusual Event, A.2-102
  - b. Alert, A.2-103
  - c. Site Area Emergency, A.2-104
  - d. General Emergency, A.2-105

# B. Control Room Operator

- The control room operator shall immediately notify the Sittle Superimtendent of any events that may be classified as emergency conditions.
- 2. The operator shall attempt to verify any indications.
- The operator shall assist the Site Superintendent in ascessing the indications and determining the classification of emergency.
- The operator shall take immediate actions as dictated by plant procedures and his general knowledge to control the event and place the plant in a safe condition.

#### C. Shift Technical Advisor

The Shift Technical Advisor shall advise the Site Superintencent in fidentifying the event.

#### D. Shift Emergency Communicator

The Shift Emergency Communicator shall assist the Site Supermintencient im event classification.

#### PROCEDURE

STEP 1: Verify the initial indication by comparing the indication to medundant instrument channels or to related parameters, physical observations, and field reports, as applicable.

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STEP 2: If the situation is clearly an emergency at this point and the SEC is likely asleep in the SEC Trailer, contact the SEC and instruct the SEC to make initial notifications to the State and Counties from the SEC Trailer. (These notifications shall be made within 15 minutes of emergency declaration.)

Summon the STA and the SEC, if not already notified.

STA: DELETED

SEC: DELETED

- STEP 3: Use Attachment 1 to identify any Guidelines applicable to the initiating condition.
- STEP 4: Locate the applicable guideline sheets in Attachment 2.
- STEP 5: Determine the appropriate emergency classification by comparing the <u>verified</u> plant parameters to the EALs for each emergency condition. If more than one guideline is applicable to the initiating condition, use the guideline which indicates the most severe classification.

Initiate Form 5790-101-1, EMERGENCY CLASSIFICATION CHECKLIST (Attachment 3).

- STEP 6 If the EOF is not activated, declare the appropriate emergency and implement the corresponding response procedure. If the EOF is activated, contact the Emergency Manager for consultation on whether or not to change the emergency classification. If a change is to be made, implement the corresponding procedure. (The Emergency Manager will declare the new classification.)
  - a. Notification of Unusual Event, A. 2-102
  - b. Alert, A.2-103
  - c. Site Area Emergency, A.2-104
  - d. General Emergency, A.2-105
- STEP 7: Continue to assess the events and, if necessary, the emergency classification, as more definitive information becomes available or if plant conditions change significantly.

# REFERENCES

- 1. NSP Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant, Plant Emergency Plan
- NUREG-0654/FEMA-REP 1, "Criteria for Preparation and Evaluation of Radiological Emergency Response Plan and Preparedness in Support of Nuclear Power Plants"
- 3. Title 10, Code of Federal Regulation Part 50, Appendix E

# ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1, List of Initating Condition Categories
 Attachment 2, Guidelines for Classification of Emergency Conditions
 Example of Emergency Classification Checklist
 WP/kk

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# List of Initiating Condition Categories

Initiating Condition	Guideline
Radioactive effluents-high release rate or unmonitored	1
Increase in plant radiation levels	2
Release or loss of control of radioactive material within plant	2
Fuel handling accident	2
Reactor pressure high	3
Reactor coolant leak	4
Main steam line break	5
Fuel cladding degradation	6
High coolant or off-gas activity	6
FSAR transient (Control Rod Drop)	6
Safety relief valve failure	7
ECCS initiation	8
Loss of primary containment	10
Loss of engineered safety or fire protection features	11
Failure of RPS to initiate or complete scram	12
Loss of plant shutdown or shutdown cooling capability	13
Loss of indicators or alarms (annunciators)	14
Control room evacuation	15
Toxic or flammable gas	16
Security compromise	17
Loss of AC power	18
Loss of DC power	19
Tornado or sustained winds	20
Flood or low water	21
Earthquake	22
Fire	23
Explosion	24
Aircraft or missiles	25
Train accident	26

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# Attachment 1 (Cont'd.) List of Initiating Condition Categories

Initiating Condition	Guideline
Contaminated injury	26
Turbine failure	26
General emergency	28
Other plant conditions	29
Spent fuel, major damage to	30

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#### ATTACHMENT 2

Guideline 1

#### RADIOACTIVE INT.UENT

6

UNUSUAL EVENT

Radiological effluent technical specification limits exceeded.

EAL's

1. Discharge Canal Monitor exceeds 20 cps.

(High alarm annunciated on CO4-A-22, DISCHARGE CANAL RADIATION, and recorded by CO2-17.358)

01"

2. Unmonitored liquid release to river which exceeds 10CFK2D Aup. B limits.

or

3. Stack Effluent Monitor (Ch A or B) exceeds 90,000 µCi/Hat.

(Hi-Hi alarm annunciated on C259-A-1, STACK EFFLUENT HD-HT REDIATION; recorded on C257 and C258 (RR 7858A and RR 7858B), STACK NOBLE GAS RELEASE RATE; and alarmed by computer point D-061.)

or

Reactor Building Vent Noble Gas Monitor exceeds 4500 µLil/ser.

or

 Unmonitored gaseous release to the atmosphere which is astimated or suspected to exceed Appendix I Tech. Spec. limits.

# ALERT

Radiological effluents greater than 10 times technical specification instantaneous limits (an instantaneous rate which, if continued wer 2 hours, would result in about 1 mR at the site boundary under average meteorrollogical conditions).

EAL's

1. Discharge Canal Monitor exceeds 200 cps.

or

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 1 (Cont'd.)

#### RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT

 Unmonitored liquid release to river which is 10 times the limits in 10CFR20 Appendix B.

or

Stack Effluent Monitor (Ch A or B) exceeds 9:0E+5 µCi/sec.

or

4. Reactor Building Vent Noble Gas Monitor exceeds 45,000 µCi/sec.

or

 Unmonitored gaseous release to the atmosphere which is estimated or expected to exceed 10 times Appendix I Tech Spec limits.

### SITE AREA

- a. Effluent monitors detect levels corresponding to greater than 50 mR/hr for hour or greater than 500 mR/hr Whole Body for two minutes (or five times these levels to the thyroid) at the site boundary for adverse meteorology,
- b. These dose rates are projected based on other plant parameters (e.g., radiation level in containment with leak rate appropriate for existing containment pressure) or are measured in the environs; or
- c. EPA Protective Action Guidelines are projected to be exceeded outside the Site Boundary.

EAL's

1. Stack Effluent Monitor (Ch A or B) exceeds 9.0E+5 µCi/sec for 30 minutes

or

2. Stack Effluent Monitor (Ch A or B) exceeds 9.0E+6 µCi/sec for 2 minutes

or

3. Stack release rate of radioiodines exceeds 1.7E+4 µCi/sec for 30 minutes

or

Stack release rate of radioiodines exceeds 1.7E+5 µCi/sec for 2 minutes

or

5. RBV Noble Gas Monitor exceeds 2.1E+4 µCi/sec for 30 minutes

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 1 (Cont'd.)

### RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT

or

6. RBV Noble Gas Monitor exceeds 2.1E+5 µCi/sec for 2 minutes.

or

7. RBV release rate of radioiodines exceeds 2100 µCi/sec for 30 minutes

or

8. RBV release rate of radioiodines exceeds 2.1E+4 µCi/sec for 2 minutes

or

 Whole body doses greater than 1 Rem or thyroid doses of greater than 5 Rem are projected beyond the site boundary.

or

 Containment Radiation Monitor reading indicates above the .01% curve when plotted versus time after shutdown on the graph shown in Figure 1.

or

 Measured W.B. dose rates at site boundary or beyond exceed 50 mR/hr for 30 minutes or 500 mR/hr for 2 minutes

E.

or

 Radioiodine concentrations measured at site boundary or beyond exceed 7.0E-8 µCi/cc for 30 minutes or 7.0E-7 µCi/cc for 2 minutes.

GENERAL

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# FIGURE 1



<pre>% Fuel Inventory Released</pre>	Approximate Source and Damage Estimate
100.	100% TID-14844, 100% fuel damage, potential core melt.
50.	50% TID noble gases, TMI source.
10.	10% TID, 100% NRC gap activity, total clad failure, partial core uncovered.
3.	3% TID, 100% WASH-1400 gap activity, major clad failure.
1.	1% TID, 10% NRC gap, Max. 10% clad failure.
.1	.1% TID, 1% NRC gap, 1% clad failure, local heating of 5-10 fuel assemblies.
.01	.01% TID, .1% NRC gap, clad failure of 3/4 fuel element (36 rods).
10-3	.01% NRC gap, clad failure of a few rods.
10-4	100% coolant release with spiking.
5x10-6	100% coolant inventory release.
10-6	Upper range of normal airborne noble gas activity in containment.

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 2

# IN-PLANT RADIATION LEVELS

in,

#### UNUSUAL EVENT

Not Applicable

# ALERT

Severe degradation in control of radioactive materials.

# EAL

 Increase by factor of 1000 in plant radiation levels as indicated by Area Radiation Monitoring System:

Panel		Description	Normal	EAL
C-11	A-1	Refuel Floor Low Range	2	Full scale
C-11	A-2	Refuel Floor High Range	5	5000
C-11	A-3	Refuel Floor S.W. Stairway	1	1000
C-11	A-4	New Fuel Storage	20	Full scale
C-11	A-5	Fuel Pool Skimmer Tk Area	20	Full scale
C-11	A-6	1001' Rx South	3	Full scale
C-11	A-7	985' Sample Hood	5	Full scale
C-11	A-8	Rx Cleanup System Access	0.25	250
C-11	A-9	962' Rx Tool Storage Area	0.8	800
C-11	A-10	East CRD Module Area	7	Full scale
C-11	A-11	West CRD Module Area	3	Full scale
C-11	A-12	TIP Drive Area	2	Full scale
C-11	A-13	TIP Cubicle	30	Full scale
C-11	A-14	HPCI Turbine Area	2	Full scale
C-11	A-15	Rx. Bldg Drain Tk Area	25	Full scale
C-11	A-16	RCIC Pump Area	1	1000
C-11	A-17	East C.S. and RHR Area	10	Full scale
C-11	A-18	West C.S. and RHR Area	5	Full scale
C-11	A-19	Hot Lab	0.25	250
C-11	A-20	Control Room Low Range	0.02	20

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 2	(Cont'd	.)	IN-PLANT	RADIATION LEVEL
Panel	-	Description	Normal	EAL
C-11	A-21	Control Room High Range	3	3000
C-11	B-1	Turbine Operating Floor	20	Full scale
C-11	B-2	Turbine Front Standard	10	Full scale
C-11	B-3	Cond Demin Operating Area	1	1000
C-11	B-4	Mechanical Vacuum Pump Rm	9	Full scale
C-11	B-5	Feedwater Pump Area	1	1000
C-11	C-1	Radwaste Control Room	0.2	200
C-11	C-2	Sample Tank Area	2	Full scale
C-11	C-3	Conveyor Operating Area	0.2	200
C-11	D-1	Hot Machine Shop	0.2	200
C-252	E-1	Recombiner Instrument Room	2	Full scale
C-252	E-2	Recombiner Pump Room	2	Full scale
C-252	F-1	Offgas Storage Foyer	0.1	100
C-11	F-2	Offgas Storage Foyer High Range	<100	100
C-257 &	C-258	Containment Radiation Monitor		50 R/hr

EAL's shown as FULLSCALE indicate that an increase by a factor NOTE: of 1000 is beyond the range of the particular monitor. In these cases, a fullscale reading combined with the Site Superintendent's concurrence, shall meet the criteria for the ALERT classification.

or

2. Direct measurement of radiation levels corresponding to an increase by a factor of 1000.

1.j

# SITE AREA

Not applicable

# GENERAL

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 3

REACTOR PRESSURE HIGH

4

UNUSUAL EVENT

I. Reducor Fressure exceeds salety limit (1333 ps	1.	Reactor	Pressure	exceeds	safety	limit	(1335)	psig)	
---	----	---------	----------	---------	--------	-------	--------	-------	--

Instrument	Description	EAL
C05-FPR 6/97	Reactor Wide Range Pressure Recorder	1200
C05-6.90 A/B	Reactor Pressure Indicators	1200

Verify 1335 psig exceeded by checking pressure indicator PI 2-3-60B on C56.

ALERT

Not Applicable

SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Not Applicable

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 15 of 45

#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 4

### REACTOR COOLANT LEAK

### UNUSUAL EVENT

Primary system leak rate exceeds technical specification.

# EAL's

 Unidentified leakage calculated from C4-FQ2543 or by computer point D-122, Floor Drain Sump Rate of Change, exceeds 5 gpm

OR

 Identified leakage calculated from C4-FQ 2544 or from computer point D-120, Equipment Drain Sump Rate of Change, exceeds 20 gpm.

OR

 Unidentified leakage rate increases 2 gpm within any 24 hour period as determined from Test #0381, CONTAINMENT COOLANT LEAKAGE LOG.

### ALERT

Primary coolant leak rate greater than 50 gpm.

# EAL

 Total leakage calculated from C4-FQ2543 and FQ-2544 or from computer points D-120, Equipment Drain Sump Rate of Change, D-122, Floor Drain Sump Rate of Change, exceeds 50 gpm.

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#### SITE AREA

Known loss of coolant accident greater than makeup pump capacity.

# EAL's

 Reactor water level (CO5-2.3.85 A/B) decreasing below 1 foot above active fuel (-114 inches)

# GENERAL

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 5

MAIN STEAMLINE BREAK

UNUSUAL EVENT

Not Applicable

### ALERT

Steamline break with MSIV malfunction causing leakage to secondary containment.

EAL's

 Site Superintendent's opinion that MSIV is malfunctioning or continuing steam flow with evidence that steam line break is outside of primary containment (e.g. visual observation, radiation or temperature),

and

2a. Annunciator alarms on MAIN STEAM LINE HIGH FLOW A/B (C05-A-25/26) and RX WATER LEVEL HI/LO (C05-B-24),

or

2b. Annunciator alarm MAIN STEAM TUNNEL HIGH TEMPERATURE A/B (C05-A17/18)

or

2c. Annunciator alarm MAIN STEAM LINE LEAKAGE (CO5-B-32).

### SITE AREA

Main steam line break with failure of MSIV's to isolate leak and causing leakage outside of secondary containment.

EAL's

 Site Superintendent's opinion that MSIV is malfunctioning or continuing steam flow with evidence that steam line break is outside of primary containment

and

2a. Annunciator alarms on MAIN STEAM LINE HIGH FLOW A/B (C05-A-25/26) and RX WATER LEVEL HI/LO (C05-B-24)

2

or

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 5 (Cont'd.)

#### MAIN STEAMLINE BREAK

14

2b. Annunciator alarm on MAIN STEAM TUNNEL HIGH TEMPERATURE (C-5-A-17/18)

.

or

2c. Annunciator alarm on MAIN STEAM LINE LEAKAGE (CO5-B-32)

and

3a. Annunciator alarm on TURBINE BUILDING HIGH RADIATION ALARM (CO4-A-21)

or

3b. High airborne radioactive material levels in Turbine Bldg. indicated by air monitors or direct measurement

or

3c. Visual observation that blow-out panels between steam chase and turbine building have been ruptured.

# GENERAL

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 6

# FUEL CLADDING DEGRADATION

E.

UNUSUAL EVENT

Fuel damage indication

or

EAL's

- 1. Offgas Radiation Monitor exceeds 20,000 mR/hr
- Offgas Radiation Monitor increases by 4000 mR/hr within 30 minutes at steady power
- Reactor coolant I-131 dose equivalent exceeds 5 µCi/gram as determined by sample and analysis.

# ALERT

Severe loss of fuel cladding.

or

or

- High offgas at air ejector monitor (greater than 5 ci/sec; corresponding to 16 isotopes decayed 30 minutes)
- b. Very high coolant activity sample (e.g., 300 µCi/cc equivalent of I-131)

EAL's

- 1. Offgas Radiation Monitor exceeds 200,000 mR/hr
- 2. Reactor coolant I-131 dose equivalent exceeds 300  $\mu\text{Ci/gm}$  as determined by sample and analysis.
- Main Steam Line monitor initiates trip due to high radiation.
   <u>NOTE</u>: Resin intrusion may cause high radiation without fuel cladding damage.

# SITE AREA

Degraded Core with possible loss of coolable geometry

EAL's

- More than 1/3 of core uncovered as indicated by reactor water level below -174 inches and
- a. Reactor coolant I-131 dose equivalent exceeds 3000 µCi/gm as determined by sample and analysis.
  - b. Inability to insert control rods fully

or

c. Inability to position SRM's or IRM's within core.

# GENERAL

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 7

8

1.1.28

# SAFETY RELIEF VALVE FAILURE

UNUSUAL EVENT

Failure of a safety relief valve to close following reduction of applicable pressure.

EAL's

Auto Blowdown Relief Valve Leakage Alarm, CO3-A-09

or

SRV Open Alarm, CO5-A-54

ALERT

Not applicable

# SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Not applicable

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 8

#### ECCS INITIATION

1 as

# UNUSUAL EVENT

Emergency Core Cooling System (ECCS) initiated and discharge to vessel.

EAL's

 RHR flow to reactor as indicated by RHR FLOW A/B Indicator, C03-10.139A/B

or

1b. Core spray flow to reactor as indicated by CORE SPRAY FLOW A/B Indicator, CO3-14.50A/B

or

- Ic. HPCI flow to reactor as indicated by HPCI FLOW Indicator, CO3-FIC 23-108 or
- 1d. APRS actuation as indicated by annunciator AUTO BLOWDOWN TIMERS ACTIVATE (3-A-25) and subsequent S/RV OPEN (5-A-54) annunciator

and

2. Site Superintendent's opinion that an emergency should be declared.

### ALERT

Not Applicable

# SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Not Applicable

#### GENERAL EMERGENCY

See Guideline 28.

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#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 10

### LOSS OF CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY

# UNUSUAL EVENT

Loss of containment integrity requiring shutdown in accordance with Technical Specifications.

# EAL's

Plant shutdown is required by any one of the following limiting conditions for operation:

- a. TS 3.7.A Primary Containment; or
- b. TS 3.7.B Standby Gas Treatment System; or
- c. TS 3.7.C Secondary Containment; or
- d. TS 3.7.D Primary Containment Isolation Valves

#### ALERT

Not Applicable

#### SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Not Applicable

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 22 of 45

# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 11

LOSS OF ESF OR FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEM

6

-

#### UNUSUAL EVENT

 Loss of Engineered Safety Features (ESF) or fire protection system requiring shutdown by Technical Specifications. The following is a list of operable ESF and fire protection subsystems necessary to meet LCO:

Core Spray System

Low Pressure Coolant Injection Subsystem

Containment Cooling Capability (RHR Service Water System)

High Pressure Coolant Injection System

Automatic Pressure Relief

Diesel Generator System

Fire Protection System

Standby Liquid Control System

# ALERT

Not Applicable

#### SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Not Applicable

#### GENERAL EMERGENCY

As specified in Guideline 28.

100

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 23 of 45

#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 12

### REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM FAILURE

6

# UNUSUAL EVENT

Not Applicable

# ALERT

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0

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· · · · ·

Failure of the reactor protection system to initiate and complete a scram which brings the reactor subcritical.

# EAL's

Valid Scram Signal

and

Neutron count rate indicates reactor critical.

#### SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Transient requiring operation of shutdown systems with failure to scram (continued power operation but no core damage immediately evident.)

# EAL's

Failure to bring reactor subcritical with control rods

# and

Failure of the standby liquid control system

### and

Site Superintendent's opinion that a transient is in progress

# and

No indication of core damage (if core damage indicated, call a general emergency)

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

As specified in Guideline 28.

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 24 of 45 2

1

44

#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 13

LOSS OF PLANT SHUTDOWN OR SHUTDOWN COOLING CAPABILITY

2

UNUSUAL EVENT

Not Applicable

### ALERT

15

Complete loss of ability to achieve or maintain cold shutdown.

# EAL's

1. Loss of both RHR SW Loops

Loss of both RHR Systems Shutdown cooling mode of operation or Loss of both RHR LPCI modes of operation <u>and</u> loss of both core spray systems.

#### AND/OR

Site Superintendent's opinion that plant cannot reach or maintain cold shutdown.

# SITE AREA

Complete loss of ability to achieve or maintain hot shutdown

# EAL's

1. Inability to SCRAM and inoperable Standby Liquid Control System

and

2. Loss of all safety relief valve capability

Inoperable RHR System

Inoperable RHR heat sink

and

or

or

3. Loss of main condenser cooling

No makeup capability from either HPCI or RCIC systems.

AND/OR

 Site Superintendent's opinion that plant cannot reach or maintain hot shutdown.

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

As specified in Guideline 28.

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 25 of 45

#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

# Guideline 14

# USS OF INSTRUMENTATION

2

<u>NOTE</u>: Indication of alars, or instrumentation failure may be difficult to determine. A failure of normally lighted indicators or the failure of certain alarms to annunciate during a surveillance procedure may provide an initial warning. A cause of annunciator failure, and thus an indication of failure, could be a loss of the uninterruptable MG set and no transfer to CKT Y10.

#### UNUSUAL EVENT

Indications or alarms on process or effluent parameters not functional in the Control Room to an extent requiring plant shutdown.

# ALERT

Loss of most or all annunciators (on panels CO3, CO4, CO5, CO8) sustained for > 15 minutes with the plant not in cold shutdown.

#### SITE AREA EMERGENCY

 Loss of most or all annunciators (on panels CO3, CO4, CO5, CO8) > 15 minutes and plant transient initiated of in progress.

#### GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 26 of 45

# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 15

CONTROL ROOM EVACUATION

1

# UNUSUAL EVENT

Not Applicable

### ALERT

Evacuation of the Control Room is required or anticipated and control of shutdown systems has been established at local stations. (If local control has not been established in 15 minutes, go to SITE AREA.)

# EAL

As determined by on-duty Shift Supervisor.

### SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Evacuation of Control Room and control of shutdown systems not established from local stations in 15 minutes.

# EAL

As determined by on-duty Site Superintendent.

#### GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 2Z of 45

#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 16

#### TOXIC/FLAMMABLE GASES

E,

#### UNUSUAL EVENT

Near or onsite toxic or flammable gas release.

EAL

Gaseous hazards being experienced or projected onsite (out-of-plant) as indicated by visual observation, physical measurement or notification.

#### ALERT

Entry into facility environs of uncontrolled toxic or flammable gases.

# EAL's

Gaseous hazards being experienced or projected within the plant as indicated by measured concentrations equal to or greater than:

- (a) 10 ppm chlorine; or
- (b) explosive levels (as detected by explosive meter).

NOTE: Chlorinator House is not considered to be within the plant.

# SITE AREA

Entry of uncontrolled flammable gases into vital areas or entry of uncontrolled toxic gases into vital areas where lack of access to the area constitutes a safety problem and plant is not in cold shutdown.

# EAL's

- 1. Gaseous hazards being experienced or projected within vital areas of the plant as indicated by measured concentration equal to or greater than:
  - a) 10 ppm chlorine; or
  - b) explosive levels (as detected by explosive meter)

and

2. Plant not in cold shutdown.

#### GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 23 of 45

# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 17

#### SECURITY COMPROMISE

NOTE TO EMERGENCY DIRECTOR: For acts of sabotage against plant equipment, refer also to SCPIP-12.

# UNUSUAL EVENT

Security threat or attempted entry or attempted sabotage.

# EAL

Site Superintendent's opinion.

# ALERT

Ongoing security compromise.

# EAL

Security safeguards contingency event that results in adversaries commandeering an area of the plant, but not controlling shutdown capability or any vital areas.

#### SITE AREA

N.

Imminent loss of physical control of the plant.

# EAL

Physical attack on the plant involving imminent occupancy of the control room, auxiliary shutdown panels, and any other vital areas.

### GENERAL

Loss of physical control of the facility.

# EAL

Physical attack on the plant has resulted in unauthorized personnel occupying the control room or any other vital areas.

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Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 29 of 45

# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 18

LOSS OF AC POWER

# UNJSUAL EVENT

Loss of offsite power or loss of onsite AC power capability.

# EAL's

Loss of all offsite power as indicated by annunciators:

CO8-B-7 No. 1R Res Trans to No. 13 Bus Bkr Trip; and CO8-C-08 No. 1AR Res Trans to No. 15 Bus Bkr Trip; and CO8-C-11 No. 1AR Res Trans to No. 16 Bus Bkr Trip; and CO8-C-19 No. 14 4160V Bus to No. 16 Bus Bkr Trip

and verified by zero voltage indicated on Bus 11, Bus 12, Bus 13, Bus 14, and IAR Transformer voltage meters on panel C8.

or

 Loss of both Emergency Diesel Generators when they are required to be operable by Technical Specifications.

### ALERT

Loss of offsite power and loss ofall onsite AC power. (see Site Area Emergency for extended loss)

# EAL's

1. Loss of all offsite power as indicated by annunciators:

CO8-B-7 No. 1R Res Trans to No. 13 Bus Bkr Trip; and CO8-C-08 No. 1AR Res Trans to No. 15 Bus Bkr Trip; and CO8-C-11 No. 1AR Res Tras to No. 16 Bus Bkr Trip; and CO8-C-19 No. 14 4160V Bus to No. 16 Bus Bkr Trip

and verified by zero voltage indicated on Buss 11, Bus 12, Bus 13, Bus 14 and 1AR Transformer voltage meters on panel C8.

1.

and

 Loss of both Emergency Diesel Generators when they are required to be operable by Technical Specifications.

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 30 of 45

### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 18 (Cont'd.)

#### LOSS OF AC POWER

1

# SITE AREA

Loss of all offsite power and loss of onsite AC power for more than 15 minutes.

EAL's

1. Loss of all offsite power as indicated by annunciators:

CO8-B-7 No. 1R Res Trans to No. 13 Bus Bkr Trip; and CO8-C-08 No. 1AR Res Trans to No. 15 Bus Bkr Trip; and CO8-C-11 No. 1AR Res Tras to No. 16 Bus Bkr Trip; and CO8-C-19 No. 14 4160V Bus to No. 16 Bus Bkr Trip

and verified by zero voltage indicated on Buss 11, Bus 12, Bus 13, Bus 14 and 1AR Transformer voltage meters on panel C8.

and

 Loss of both Emergency Diesel Generators when they are required to be operable by Technical Specifications.

and

15 minute time lapse.

#### GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 31 of 45

#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 19

# LOSS OF DC POWER

# UNUSUAL EVENT

Not applicable.

# ALERT

Loss of all vital DC power. (See Site Area Emergency for extended loss.)

# EAL's

Loss of both 125V DC power sources and loss of 250V DC power source as indicated by:

. Annunciators	C08-A-20	250V Bus Low Voltage; and
	C08-B-13	No. 12 125V DC Bus Low Voltage; and
	C08-C-13	No. 11 125V DC Bus Low Voltage
	AND	

 Site Superintendent's opinion that all vital DC power is lost or degraded voltages are measured at battery terminals.

# SITE AREA

Loss of all vital ensite DC power for more than 15 minutes.

# EAL's

Loss of both 125V DC power sources and loss of 250V DC power source as indicated by:

1. Annunciators	C08-A-20	250V Bus Low Voltage; and
	C08-B-13	No. 12 125V DC Bus Low Voltage; and
	C08-C-13	No. 11 125V DC Bus Low Voltage
	AND	

 Site Superintendent's opinion that all vital DC power is lost or degraded voltages are measured at battery terminals.

1

AND

3. Lapse of 15 minutes.

#### GENERAL EMERGENCY

As specified in Guideline 28.

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 32 of 45

# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 20

TORNADO OR SUSTAINED WINDS

4

# UNUSUAL EVENT

Any tornado on-site.

# EAL's

A tornado is observed to touch down within site boundary

# or

Sustained winds above 75 mph for greater than 10 minutes at the site.

# ALERT

Tornado striking facility.

# EAL'S

A tornado strikes a vital plant structure

# or

Sustained winds above 90 mph for greater than 10 minutes at the site.

# SITE AREA

Sustained winds or tornadoes in excess of design levels.

# EAL's

Tornado causes damage to vital plant equipment or structures

# or

Sustained winds above 100 mph for greater than 10 minutes at the site.

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 33 of 45

#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 21

# RIVER WATER HI/LOW

4

# UNUSUAL EVENT

- 1. River water level in excess of 918 Feet
- 2. River flow below 240 CFS (about 902.4 FT river level)

# ALERT

- 1. River water level between 921 and 930 FT.
- 2. River flow below 220 CFS (about 902.3 FT).

# SITE AREA EMERGENCY

- 1. River water level exceeds 930 FT.
- 2. River water level below 899 FT.
- 3. Flood or low water causes damage to vital equipment.

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 34 of 45

### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 22

#### EARTHQUAKE

f.

#### UNUSUAL EVENT

Any earthquake felt in-plant or detected on station seismic instrumentation, and subsequently confirmed by one or more off-site sources.

EAL's

1. Alarm CO6-C-8, EARTHQUAKE

or

2. Site Superintendent's opinion

# ALERT

Confirmed earthquake greater than OBE levels.

EAL

Alarm CO6-C-13, OPERATIONAL BASIS EARTHQUAKE

#### SITE AREA

Confirmed earthquake greater than DBE levels and plant not in cold shutdown.

EAL's

Alarm CO6-C-18, DESIGN BASIS EARTHQUAKE

and

Plant not in cold shutdown.

### GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 35 of 45

# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 23

FIRE

# UNUSUAL EVENT

Fire within plant lasting more than 10 minutes after initiation of fire fighting.

EAL

Fire Brigade Leader's determination.

# ALERT

Fire potentially affecting safety systems.

EAL's

Observation that fire could affect safety system;

and

Site Superintendent's opinion.

# SITE AREA

Fire compromising the functions of safety system.

# EAL's

Observation of fire that affects safety systems or functions;

and

Site Superintendent's opinion.

### GENEAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 36 of 45

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# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 24

EXPLOSION

2

UNUSUAL EVENT

Near or On-site explosion.

EAL

Visual observation or notification received;

and

Site Superintendent's opinion.

# ALERT

4

Known explosion damage to facility affecting plant operation.

EAL

Site Superintendent's opinion.

# SITE AREA

Severe damage to safe shutdown equipment from explosion or missiles.

EAL's

Plant not in cold shutdown

and

Site Superintendent's opinion

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 37 of 45

# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 25

# AIRCRAFT & MISSILES

# UNUSUAL EVENT

1. Aircraft crash onsite or suspicious aircraft activity over facility.

EAL

Visual observation or notification is received.

ALERT

Aircraft crash on the facility or missile impacts on facility.

EAL

Visual observation

#### SITE AREA

a. Aircraft crash affecting vital structures by impact or fire.

b. Severe damage to safe shutdown equipment from missiles or explosion.

EAL

As determined by Site Superintendent with plant not in cold shutdown.

### GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 38 of 45

# ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 26

# MISCELLANEOUS

2

#### UNUSUAL EVENT

- a. Transportation of contaminated injured individual from site to offsite hospital.
- b. Train derailment on site.
- c. Turbine rotating component failure causing rapid plant shutdown.

EAL's

1. Visual observation

or

2. Site Superintendent's opinion

# ALERT

Turbine failure causing casing penetration.

# EAL's

1. Visual observation

and

2. Site Superintendent's opinion

# SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Not Applicable

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 39 of 45

### ATTACMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 28

### ALL GUIDELINES - GENERAL EMERGENCY

6

#### GENERAL EMERGENCY

- a. Effluent monitors detect levels corresponding to 1 rem/hr W.B. or 5 rem/hr thyroid at the site boundary under <u>actual</u> <u>meteorological</u> conditions.
- b. These dose rates are projected based on other plant parameters (e.g., radiation levels in containment with leak rate appropriate for existing containment pressure with some confirmation from effluent monitors) or are measured in the environs.

# EAL's

1. Stack Effluent Monitor (Ch. A or B) exceeds:

1.3E+8 μCi/sec in stability class A 1.9E+8 μCi/sec in stability class B 1.0E+9 μCi/sec in stability class C 1.0E+9 μCi/sec in stability class D 1.0E+9 μCi/sec in stability class E 1.0E+9 μCi/sec in stability class F

or

2. RBV Effluent Monitor exceeds:

9.6E+7  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class A 3.1E+7  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class B 1.5E+7  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class C 7.1E+6  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class D 4.4E+6  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class E 2.8E+6  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class F

or

3. Stack radioiodine release rate exceeds:

2.3E+6  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class A 2.6E+6  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class B 3.4E+6  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class C 4.9E+6  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class D 4.9E+6  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class E 5.9E+6  $\mu$ Ci/sec in stability class F

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 40 of 45

### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 28 (Cont'd.)

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#### ALL GUIDELINES - GENERAL EMERGENCY

4. RBV radioiodine release rate exceeds:

1.9E+6 µCi/sec in stability class A 6.0E+5 µCi/sec in stability class B 3.0E+5 µCi/sec in stability class C 1.4E+5 µCi/sec in stability class D 8.6E+4 µCi/sec in stability class E 5.6E+4 µCi/sec in stability class F or

- Release rate projection based on Containment Radiation Monitor exceeds any of the values in 1 or 2 above or
- Dose rates of 1 rem/hr W.B. are measured at the site boundary or beyond or
- Radioiodine concentrations measured at the site boundary or beyond exceed 7E-6 µCi/cc.

<u>NOTE</u>: Consider evacuation only within about 2 miles of the site boundary unless these levels are exceeded by a factor of 10 or projected to continue for 10 hours or EPA Protective Action Guideline exposure levels are predicted to be exceeded at larger distances.

c. Loss of 2 of 3 fission product barriers with a potential loss of 3rd barrier, (e.g., loss of primary coolant boundary, clad failure and high potential for loss of containment).

# EAL's

 Failure of fuel cladding as evidenced by gap activity in reactor coolant (> 300 µCi/gram I-131 dose equivalent) or presence of gap activity in primary containment atmosphere.

and

Failure of primary coolant boundary as evidenced by:

high drywell pressure; or high drywell temperature; or failure of MSIV's to isolate; or safety relief valve stuck open; or gap activity in primary containment atmosphere

and

Procedure A 2-101 Revision 6 Page 41 of 45

#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 28 (Cont'd.)

#### ALL GUIDELINES - GENERAL EMERGENCY

Potential loss of containment as evidenced by:

containment temperature or pressure approaching design limits (281°F and 56 psig) and increasing; or loss of containment cooling; or Site Superintendent's opinion that loss of containment is likely.

NOTE 1: Failure of MSIV's to isolate constitutes a loss of both primary coolant boundary and containment. When this is combined with cladding failure, all three barriers have been lost.

NOTE 2: In situations of:

- a) Small or large LOCA with failure of ECCS to perform, or
- b) Loss of requisite decay heat removal systems (RHR and other heat sinks) following shutdown.
- loss of containment should be judged to be likely.
- 2. Failure of fuel cladding (per guideline 6)

and

Failure of containment as evidenced by all containment penetrations required for isolation not valved off or closed; or Site Superintendent's opinion that containment has failed

and

Potential loss of primary coolant boundary as evidenced by reactor pressure near design limits and increasing or loss of ECCS.

 Failure of containment as evidenced by all containment penetrations required for isolation not valved off or closed or Site Superintendent's opinion

and

Failure of primary coolant boundary as evidenced by high drywell pressure or temperature or failure of MSIV's to isolate or stuck open safety relief valve

and

Potential for loss of cladding as evidenced by ECCS failure or reactor water level low and decreasing.

E.

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 42 of 45

#### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

# GUIDELINE 28 (Cont'd.)

# ALL GUIDELINES - GENERAL EMERGENCY

P.

NOTE: Consider 2 mile precautionary evacuation. If more than fuel gap activity released, extend this to 5 miles downwind.

d. Loss of physical control of the plant.

NOTE: Consider 2 mile precautionary evacuation.

e. Other plant conditions exist, from whatever source, that make release of large amounts of radioactivity in a short time period possible, e.g., any core melt situation. See the example BWR sequences.

# Example BWR Sequences

- Transient (e.g., loss of off-site power) plus failure of requisite core shutdown systems (e.g., scram or standby liquid control system). Could lead to core melt in several hours with containment failure likely. More severe consequences if pump trip does not function.
- Small or large LOCA's with failure of ECCS to perform, leading to core degradation or melt in minutes to hours. Loss of containment integrity may be imminent.
- Small or large LOCA occurs and containment performance is unsuccessful affecting longer term success of the ECCS. Could lead to core degradation or melt in several hours without containment boundary.
- 4. Shutdown occurs but requisite decay heat removal systems (e.g., RHR) or non-safety systems heat removal means are rendered unavailable. Core degradation or melt could occur in about ten hours with subsequent containment failure.
- Any major internal or external events (e.g., fires, earthquakes, substantially beyond design basis) which could cause massive common damage to plant systems resulting in any of the above.

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 43 of 45

### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 29

# OTHER PLANT CONDITIONS

C.

### UNUSUAL EVENT

16 M.

- 1. Plant conditions exist that warrant increased awareness on the part of plant operating staff or State and/or local offsite authorities.
- Plant conditions exist that require shutdown under technical specification requirements.
- Plant conditions exist that involve other than normal controlled shutdown (e.g. cooldown rate exceeding technical specification limits or pipe cracking found during operation).

### ALERT

Plant conditions exist that warrant precautionary activation of TSC and placement of EOF and other key emergency personnel on standby.

### SITE AREA EMERGENCY

Other plant conditions exist that warrant activation of emergency centers and monitoring teams or precautionary notification to nearsite public.

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 44 of 45

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### ATTACHMENT 2 (Cont'd.)

Guideline 30

MAJOR DAMAGE TO SPENT FUEL

E.

### UNUSUAL EVENT

Not applicable

# ALERT

Fuel damage accident with release of radioactivity to containment.

EAL's

 Dropping, bumping or otherwise rough handling of a spent bundle or individual fuel rods.

and

 Fuel Pool Radiation Monitor Ch A or B exceeds 50 mR/hr (confirmed by annunciator 5-A-1 or 5-A-2).

# SITE AREA

Major damage to spent fuel in containment (e.g., large object damages fuel or water loss below fuel level).

EAL's

 a. Decrease in fuel pool level below 36'9" confirmed by LT-2787, Spent Fuel Pool Level Hi/Lo alarm

or

 Dropping of heavy object onto spent fuel confirmed by direct observation

and

 Fuel Pool Radiation Monitor Ch A or B exceeds 50 mR/hr. (Confirmed by annunciator 5-A-1 or 5-A-2)

### GENERAL

Procedure A.2-101 Revision 6 Page 45 of 45

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R.

#### ATTACHMENT 3

Form 5790-101-1 Rev. 1, 10/20/81-Page 1 of 1

# Example of EMERGENCY CLASSIFICATION CHECKLIST (For Use With Procedure A.2-101)

Initiating Condition: 1. ED Initials Time Date Attachment 1 directs use of Guideline Number(s): Time Date ED Initials Attachment 2 classification: ; Declared: ED Initials Time Date 4. Implemented Procedure A.2-\_\_\_\_. ED Initials Time Date

NOTE: If reclassification becomes necessary, start a new Emergency Classification Checklist.

NOTE: After this checklist is completed and is not required for immediate use, it shall be placed in the appropriate container provided for Emergency Records.

8.

	Procedure	A. 2-105		
	Dage 1 of	18		
	Op. Com. Rev. Reg'd.	Yes-X	No	
1.1	Q.A. Review Reg'd.	Yes	No	X
3.3	ALARA Review Req'd.	Yes	No	X

E.

# GENERAL EMERGENCY

A. 2-105

Prepared by: <u>RL BRUZ</u>	ALARA Review.	Revision 0	Date	3/29/81
Reviewed by: COMatt	yan Q.A. Review:	Revision 0	Date	3/29/81
Operations Committee Final	Review: Meeting Num	per_ 1224	Date	9/22/82
Approved by:	Wind	Llill	Date	4/27/83
Op. Com. Results Review:	Not Required	Mtg. # 950	Cate	3/27/81
PURPOSE				

This procedure describes the actions to be taken in the event that a General Emergency has been declared at the Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant. This procedure also designates the prescribed pre-planned response actions necessary to contend with the emergency condition and references applicable procedures that describe the necessary supplementary actions.

The Emergency Director (Site Superintendent until properly relieved by a designated alternate) is responsible for the completion of the prescribed actions in this procedure. The Emergency Director may delegate responsibility for performance of the prescribed tasks available qualified NSP personnel, except where otherwise specified in this procedure.

### CONDITIONS AND PREREQUISITES

A. A General Emergency has been declared based on the occurrence of events which involve actual or imminent substantial core degradation or melting with potential for loss of containment integrity. Events classified as General Emergencies are described in A.2-101 (Classification of Emergencies).

OR

B. A lesser emergency had been declared and emergency measures are being performed; and on the basis of subsequent information or upon a deterioration in plant conditions, the emergency has been reclassified as a General Emergency.

#### PRECAUTIONS

A. Continued surveillance and assessment of plant conditions are necessary to ensure that the emergency classification is revised appropriately as conditions change or more definitive information is obtained.

Procedure A. 2-105 Revision 4 Page 2 of 18

12.1

Β. The General Emergency classification includes actual or imminent events for which off-site protective actions will be needed. In consideration of the lead time necessary to implement off-site protective actions, notification to off-site authorities must be made as soon as possible following the initiating event and immediately after declaration of General Emergency.

#### ORGANIZATION

- A. Overall Responsibility - Emergency Director (Site Superintendent, until relieved)
- In Charge B.

Control Room - Site Superintendent

- \* Technical Support Center Emergency Director
- \* Emergency Operations Facility Emergency Manager
   \* Assembly Point Assembly Point Coordinator

#### Assistance C.

- \* Technical Support Center Plant Management, Technical & Engineering Support Control Room - Lead Plant Equipment & Reactor Operator; Shift Technical Advisor When assigned, & Shift Emergency Communicator
- \* After augmentation

### RESPONSIBILITIES

- Emergency Director (Site Superintendent, until relieved) A.
  - 1. Implement appropriate Emergency Plan Implementing Procedures.
  - Ensure that appropriate Emergency Operating Procedures are implemented. 2.
  - Determine what support is required and assign the Shift Emergency 3. Communicator to make necessary calls.
  - Implement any assessment, protective or corrective actions necessary on-site 4. and make recommendations for any necessary off-site protective actions.
  - Respond to situation with the objective of returning plant to normal 5. status (or cold shutdown if this is determined to be necessary).
  - Watch the situation closely to determine when the threat to plant 6. safety has passed.
  - Recommend reduction to a lower class or terminate emergency condition. 7.
  - Emergency Director responsibilities that may NOT be delegated include: NOTE:
    - Decision to notify off-site emergency management agencies.
    - b. Making protective action recommendations as necessary to off-site emergency management agencies.

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 3 of 18

- c. Classification of Emergency Event.
- d. Determining the necessity for on-site evacuation.
- e. Authorization for emergency workers to exceed normal radiation exposure limits.
- B. <u>Site Superintendent</u> (Shift Supervisor, if Superintendent is not available)
  - 1. Implement appropriate Emergency Operating Procedures.
  - 2. Assist the Emergency Director as requested.

# C. Control Room Personnel

P. 6 .

- 1. Assist the Site Superintendent as requested.
- Monitor control room instruments continually for any sign of increasing radiation, system degradation or any new developments. Notify the Site Superintendent immediately in any of these cases.

# D. Shift Technical Advisor

Provide the Emergency Director and the Site Superintendent with technical advice.

#### E. Shift Emergency Communicator

- 1. Report to the Control Room.
- 2. Notify off-site personnel, Federal, State and Local Agencies.
- 3. Coordinate communications from the Emergency Director as required.

# F. Shift Radiation Protection Specialists

- 1. Report to Access Control. Be prepared to assist the Site Superintendent with any immediate matters as requested.
- Be prepared to implement procedures which may be required if the situation degrades.

#### PROCEDURE

STEP 1: As necessary, contact the Shift Technical Advisor and the Shift Emergency Communicator using the following numbers:

STA: DELETT

SEC: DELITED

Initiate General Emergency Checklist Form 5790-105-1 (Attachment 1).

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 4 of 18

- STEP 2: Using the public address system, announce or have announced, a message advising plant personnel of the situation.
  - For example:

"ATTENTION ALL PLANT PERSONNEL: A GENERAL EMERGENCY HAS BEEN DECLARED".

If appropriate add: "ALL MEMBERS OF THE EMERGENCY ORGANIZATION REPORT TO YOUR EMERGENCY DUTY STATIONS.

Repeat message slowly.

- NOTE 1: During drills or tests, the message will begin and end with the phrase, "THIS IS A DRILL" or "THIS IS A TEST".
- <u>NOTE 2:</u> Messages may be modified to give more information or to fit the situation.
- STEP 3 Ensure that appropriate Abnormal Operating Procedures have been implemented.
- STEP 4 Ensure implementation of Procedure A.2-106, Activation of Technical Support Center, and Procedure A.2-107, Activation of Operational Support Center.
- <u>STEP 5</u> Initiate a plant evacuation (if it has not been executed) unless extreme circumstances make it inadvisable. Implement procedure A.2-301, Emergency Evacuation.
- STEP 6: Until the REC position is activated, ensure that onsite and inplant radiation surveys are conducted as necessary and that appropriate radiochemistry samples are taken as necessary.
- STEP 7: SEE NOTE 2 BELOW. If the initial notifications have not been made under a previous procedure, direct the SEC to compose Emergency Notification Report, Form 5790-102-2 (Attachment 2) and submit for Emergency Director approval, transmit initial notification using Emergency Call List-General Emergency, Form 5790-104-4 (Attachment 4). Ensure that recommendations include activation of public notification system and sheltering out to 2 miles in all directions and 5 miles downwind (45° to 90° sector).
- STEP 8: SEE NOTE 2 BELOW. If the initial notifications have been made and the emergency is being reclassified, direct the SEC to compose Emergency Classification Change, Form 5790-102-7 (Attachment 7) and submit for Emergency Director approval, transmit classification change using Emergency Call List-General Emergency Form 5790-104-4 (Attachment 4). Ensure that a recommendation for activation of public notification system and sheltering out to 2 miles in all directions and 5 miles downwind (45° to 90° sector) is made.

NOTE 1: Communications should be per Procedure A.2-501, Communications During an Emergency.

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 5 of 12

- NOTE 2: When the EOF is fully activated, the plant will be relieved of the responsibility for offsite notifications (STEPS 7 and 8).
- STEP 9: If federal, state or local off-site support is required, direct the Shift Emergency Communicator to request assistance. Use Form 5790-102-6 (Attachment 5) to compile list.
- STEP 10: Augment on-shift personnel. As required, direct the Shift Emergency Communicator to contact appropriate individuals or agencies as required from the Monticello Emergency Augmentation List, form 5790-102-5.
- STEP 11: Direct the REC to implement the following procedures:
  - a. A.2-201 (On-Site Monitoring During an Emergency)
  - A. 2-202 (Off-Site Monitoring During an Emergency)
  - NOTE: Off-site monitoring is the responsibility of the on-site emergency organization only until the EOF attains the capability to perform this task.
  - c. A.2-204 (Off-Site Protective Action Recommendations).

Consider implementation of strict plant status controls in accordance with 4 ACD-4.7. If it is a radiological emergency, implement high radiation area controls.

- STEP 12: Consider augmentation of Radiation Protection Staff. If appropriate call Prairie Island Plant 612/388-1121 and have the Shift Supervisor initiate Procedure F3-22 (Prairie Island Radiation Protection Group Response to Monticello Emergency). If additional contract health physics support is required, contact Institute for Resource Management Inc.
- STEP 13: Direct the REC (or SEC until the REC is activated) to prepare periodic followup information messages, using form 5790-102-3, EMERGENCY NOTI-FICATION FOLLOWUP MESSAGE. Review and approve the message content and direct the SEC to transmit the information to the State EOC and the two county EOC's.
  - NOTE 1: The minimum frequency of followup messages should be every 30 minutes.
  - <u>NOTE 2</u>: As specified on the message form, protective action recommendations should not be given to local or county officials once the State EOC is activated.
  - NOTE 3: When the EOF becomes operational, the followup information messages shall be forwarded to the EOF for transmission to offsite officials.
  - NOTE 4: Senior technical and management personnel on the plant staff should be made available for consultation with NRC and State personnel on a periodic basis.

WP/kk

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 6 of 18

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1 2 4 1

STEP 14: Based upon assessment of plant conditions either:

- a. Recommend reduction in class, or
- b. Close-out the General Emergency,

per Procedure A.2-101 (Classification of Emergencies).

- STEP 15: Should reclassification of the emergency be necessary, initiate a new procedure (A.2-102, 103 or 105).
- STEP 16: In the event of a close-out, ensure that all appropriate agencies and individuals are promptly notified. The message should include a brief summary of the event, the fact that it has been terminated, whether or not a recovery will be initiated, and any organizational changes.

#### REFERENCES

- 1. Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant Emergency Plan
- 2. Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant Operations Manual
- NUREG-0654/FEMA-REP-1, "Criteria for Preparation and Evaluation of Radiological Emergency Response Plans and Preparedness in Support of Nuclear Power Plants"

#### ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Example of Site Area Emergency Checklist
- 2. Example of Emergency Notification Report Form
- 3. Example of Emergency Notification Followup Message
- 4. Example of Emergency Call List General Emergency
- 5. Example of Secondary Notification List
- 6. Example of Emergency Classification Change

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 7 of 18.

E.

# ATTACHMENT 1

Form 5790-105-1 Revision 3, 03/01/82 Page 1 of 1

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1

# Example of GENERAL EMERGENCY CHECKLIST (For Use With Procedure A.2-105)

2.	Announced emergency classification.	ED Initial	lime	Date
3.	Abnormal Operating Procedures implemented	ED Initial	Time	Date
4.	TSC and OSC activated.	ED Initial	Time	Date
5.	Plant evacuation initiated.	ED Initial	Time	Date
6.	Onsite and inplant rad surveys approved to chemistry samples directed as not bary.	ED Initial	Time	Date
7.	Offsite notifications diverse	ED	Time	Date
8.	Directed SEC to requestion of the	Sunitial	Time	Date
	(Form 5790-102-6)	ED Initial	Time	Date
9.	Directed SEC to contact Plansfill f as re for Shift Augmentation Shift 90-102-5. Assessment: implemented the following pr	quired ED Initial ocedures:	Time	Date
	A.2-201 (On-Site Monitoring)		<u></u>	
	A.2-202 (Off-Site Monitoring)			
	A.2-204 (Off-Site Protective Actions	ED Initials	Time	Date
11.	Rad. Prot. Staff augmentation implemented			butt
12	Followup notification initiated	ED Initial	Time	Date
13.	(Closed Out/down-grade to a lower class)	ED Initial	Time	Date
	based upon Procedure A.2-101.	ED Initial	Time	Date

NOTE: After this checklist is completed and is not required for immediate use, it shall be placed in the appropriate container provided for emergency records.

Procedure A. 2-105 Revision 4 Page 8 of 13

#### ATTACHMENT 2

Form 5790-102-2 Revision 3, 02/19/82 Page 1 of 1

# Example of **EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION REPORT\***

Verify that the organization/person called is correct prior to relaying emergency information.

THIS IS (Title) AT THE (Name). MONTICELLO NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT. AT \_\_\_\_\_ HOURS. WE HAVE DECLARED A(N) (Emergency Class)

Pick one of the following, based on information from Control Room Personnel or Shift Supervisor:

) WE HAVE NOT HAD A RADIOACTIVE RELEASE. (iquid or Airborne) RADIOACTIVE RELEASE. ) WE HAVE HAD A(N) WIND DIRECTION IS FROM THE (Direction) A ATMOSPHERIC CONDITIONS AT THE PRESENT (Direction) AT (Speed) MPH. THE AFFECTED SECTOR () by letter designation as by map in TSC.) Protective Action Recommenda

THE PROTECTIVE ACTION REMAMENDED STIME IS (From Emer. Dir./Procedure A.2-204):

) None ) SHELTER OUT TO ) EVACUATE OUT TO ) ACTIVATE PUBLIC ALERT & OTIFICATION SYSTEM

) CLOSE MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL WATER INTAKES

Give a brief description of the emergency.

PLEASE RELAY THIS INFORMATION TO YOUR EMERGENCY ORGANIZATION PERSONNEL.

Emergency Director Approval

(Name/Date)

£.,

(Name/Date) Emergency Communicator

After this checklist is completed and is not required for immediate use, it NOTE: shall be placed in the appropriate container provided for Emergency Records.

\* Complete as much of the form as information available or time allows. All blanks need not be filled out.

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 9 of 18.

# ATTACHMENT 3

Form 5790-102-3 Revision 5, 05/17/83 Page 1 of 2

. . . .

Example of ( EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION FOLLOWUP MESSAGE\*

Date		211				
1.	Location of incide	nt: M	onticello			
2.	Class of emergency		<u></u>			
3.	Type of release:	{	) actual ) projected	( ) ai ( ) wa ( ) su	rborne terborne rface spil	1
4.	Current release da Time: Release rate: Height of rel	ta: ease:	hour Off sec	MORE	ound level O meters (	stack)
	Relative quantity:	yu.	US Lang	lates		µCi/sec µCi/sec µCi/sec
	Estimated quantity or being released:	of	curies	ial releas	ed	
5.	Meteorological Con Wind Direction (fr Remospheric Stabil	om): ity Cla	: degrees ss	Wind Vel Temperat Form of	ocity ure Precipitat	mph ion
6.	Release is expecte	d to co	ntinue for		hours.	
7.	Dose Projections b at hour	ased on s am/pm	a release rate	e of	µCi/	sec
	Projected dose rate at: S.B. 2 mi 5 mi 10 mi	Whol les les les	e Body mrem/hr mrem/hr mrem/hr	Thyroid	mrem/hr mrem/hr mrem/hr mrem/hr	Sectors Affected
	Projected S.B integrated 2 mi dose at: 5 mi 10 mi	les les	mrem mrem mrem mrem		mrem mrem mrem mrem	

\* Complete as much of the form as information availability and time allows. All blanks need not be completed.

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 10 of 18

rm /is je	5790-102-3 sion 5, 05/17/83 2 of 2	3								
	Survey Results TIME	SURVEY POINT		READI	NG					
										2
	Estimate of any	/ surface	radioa	ON	ontamin d mateu	nation:		d	pm/100	cm-
	Emergency respo	onse act	87	Stay:	ME	Om				
	For liquid rele and estimated t	ease to th time for c	e Riv	testi aution	mate read	elease ch publ	volume, ic water	releas :	e acti	vity
	See the CAUTION	V. RC	Inded	emergen	cy act	ions, i	ncluding	prote	ctive	actions
	CAUTION: Do No the State	oT relay t State EOC	his ir is act	nformati tivated.	on to	local o	r county	offic	ials o	nce
•	Request for any	/ needed s	upport	t by off	-site (	organiz	ations:			
	Prognosis for v	vorsening	or ter	rminatio	n of e	vent ba	sed on p	lant i	nforma	tion:
						Emerg	ency Dir	ector	(or De	signee)
TE	: After this use, it s	s checklis hall be pl	t is d aced	complete in the a	d and ppropr	Emerg is not iate co	ency Dir required ntainer	ector for in provid	(or De mmedia ed for	signe te

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 11 of 18

6.

#### ATTACHMENT 4

Form 5790-104-4 Revision 8, 04/15/83 Page 1 of 5

# Example of EMERGENCY CALL LIST - ALERT/SITE AREA/GENERAL

- NOTE 1: The Shift Emergency Communicator shall make notifications to the individuals and organizations listed on the appropriate Emergency Call List.
- NOTE 2: For those notifications made by telephone, make the call as follows:
  - a. Contact each organization of individual using the contact information listed in the attached for the appropriate emergency class.
  - b. When the party answers, read the tax of the notification.
  - c. Note the name the Mividual Stacted and the time of the contact.
  - d. Proceed to the next paoty of the call-list.
  - e. If a party can not so contacted in two attempts, bypass that party and process on the list. After the other notifications are complete exetempt to contact any bypassed parties. If a party still contact be reached, consider other means such as dispatching courier, relay through another party or similar actions.
  - f. If the parties call back for further information, note the time and the name of the individuals.
  - g. If a party not specified on the call list requests information, refer the party to the NSP Communications Department or to the local emergency services organization in his/her community, as appropriate.
- NOTE 3: Some of the below listed individuals may be on site when the emergency is declared. They will not require additional notification if it is known that they are at their designated emergency duty stations.

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 12 of 18

# ATTACHMENT 4 (Cont'd.)

Form 5790-104-4 Revision 8, 04/15/83 Page 2 of 5

# EMERGENCY CALL LIST - ALERT/SITE AREA/GENERAL (Cont'd.)

# NOTIFICATIONS

 Notify the Minnesota Division of Emergency Services. The telephone number is the inight or day (ask for the Duty Officer). Request Emergency Services to notify the Department of Health.

Contact Person	Time	Initial Notification SEC Initials	n Verification SEC Initials
<u>NOTE 1</u> :	This notificatio of emergency cla	n shanke made within 15	minutes of declaration
NOTE 2:	This call will b tion within 3	verified vie LET	Dine. If no verifica- again.
Notify th	ne local autoriti	esby technone as follows	S: Notification
a. Wrig	before EOC activ Wright Cock	(or)	
	After EOC activa Wright Coun	(of)ELETED 1 tion, notify: ty EOC	Time SEC Initials
			SEC Initials
b. Sher	burne County: Before EOC activ Sherburne Co	ation, notify: ounty Sheriff -DELETER	Lîme
			SEC INITIAIS
	After EOC activa Sherburne Co	tion, notify: ounty EOC DELETER	Time
NOTE	: These notif minutes of o	ications shall be made wit declaration of emergency o	thin 15 lass.
******	*****	******	*****
* NOTE *	WELL: IF THIS CONTIFICAT	HECKLIST HAS PREVIOUSLY BE IONS, THE FOLLOWING STEPS FOR FURTHER ESCALATIONS	EN USED TO MAKE * NEED NOT BE *

2.

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 13 of 18

ATTACHMENT 4 (Cont'd.)

Form 5790-104-4 Revision 8, 04/15/83 Page 3 of 5

EMERGENCY CALL LIST - ALERT/SITE AREA/GENERAL (Cont'd.)

Notify the Local Civil Defense.

Monticello Civil Defense

Working	Nights/ Holidays
DELETED	DELETED

#### SEC Initials

See the NOTE.

Using the telephone pager system, notify the group of individuals listed below by dialing relation to the following message entire group.

"ATTENTION EMERGENCY RESPONDE ORGANIZACE PLEASE REPORT TO THE PLANT IMMEDIATELY. " REPEAT, PLEASE REPORT TO THE PLANT IMMEDIATELY."

If anyone calls into the large a struct or clarification, calmly indicate that an emergency has been an area in that the emergency organization should report to that immediates.

Persons Contacted With Pager Coop Call:

Emergency Director and Analysia and Alternate Radiological Emergency and Alternate Operations Group Leader and Alternate Engineering Group Leader and Alternate Support Group Leader and Alternate Security Group Leader and Alternate EOF Coordinator

- NOTE: This step not required if the entire Emergency Response Organization has already been activated.
- 5. See the NOTE.

Using the tone-activated radios, notify the remainder of the ERO, local officials and near-site residents according to the following steps:

- Insert the prerecorded tape designated 'ERO Callout' into the TRANSMITTING UNIT.
- b. Set the selector switch on the TRANSMITTING UNIT to 'ANSWER'.
- c. On the CONTROL UNIT, turn the key in the 'TRANSMIT ENABLE' switch. The red 'XMIT' lamp should light.

Procedure A. 2-105 Revision 4 Page 14 of 18

ATTACHMENT 4 (Cont'd.)

Form 5790-104-4 Revision 8, 04/15/83 Page 4 of 5

EMERGENCY CALL LIST - ALERT/SITE AREA/GENERAL (Cont'd.)

- Enter 06 on the ENCODER UNIT and press 'P'. (The tape will be transd. ' mitted 3 times automatically.) If the system is working properly, the tone-activated unit in the TSC will be activated.
- When the transmissions have ended, remove the tape and insert the tape e. designated 'Local Notifications' into the TRANSMITTING UNIT.
- Enter 01 on the ENCODER UNIT and press 'P'. When the series of toner f. stops enter 04 and press 'P'.
- The tape will be transmitted three times. When the transmissions have ended, turn the key in the "RANSMIT ENABLE' switch. The green 'TEST' q. lamp shall light.
- from the Remove the message caset SMITTING UNIT and insert it h. into the ANSWERING

ERO Personnel Wit

- 13 SEC's
- Site Supering 6 ndents
- 3 Maintenance Supervi
- 2 Electricians
- 4 I&CS Personnel
- 12 STA's

NOTE: This step not required if the Emergency Response Organization (ERO) and the local officials have already been notified.

6. Notify the System Dispatcher using the hotline (in the Control Room), the low-band radio link (TSC and Control Room), or normal telephone line (Eleinight or day).

SEC Initials

Notify the site NRC Resident Inspector (Extension 1254): 7.

# DELETED

8. Notify the NRC Emergency Response Center via the ENS hotline. Use Form 3195 to assemble information which will be requested by NRC. Determine from the NRC whether or not continuous manning is required.

SEC Initials

WP/kk

16 SRO's

EOF Coordinators 8

17 Rad. Prot./Chem. Personnel

SEC Initials

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 15 of 18

#### ATTACHMENT 4 (Cont'd.)

Form 5790-104-4 Revision 8, 04/15/83 Page 5 of 5

# EMERGENCY CALL LIST - ALERT/SITE AREA/GENERAL (Cont'd.)

- NOTE 1: If the ENS is out of order, attempt contact in the following order until notification is made:
  - (a) Commercial Telephone System to NRC Operations Center (via Bethesua Central Office) 202/951-0550
  - (b) Commercial Telephone System to NRC Operations Center (via Silver Springs Central Office) 301/427-4056
  - (c) Health Physics Net (HPN) to NRC Operations Center \*22 (Touch-Tone 22 (Rotary (1a1))
  - (d) Commercial Leterhone System (via Bethesda Central 0:00 30/492-000
- NOTE 2: Notification be be were worked one hour of event declaration, as required to 4 ACD 5.
- 9. Notify INPO by commercial televisor at DELETEC (Initial notification only.

10. Notify ANI by commercial phone at DELETED

 Inform the Emergency Director of the completion of the notifications.

SEC Initials

Sec. Initials

SEC Initials

R.

Completed:	Shift	Emerg.	Communicator	 Date	 Time	
Reviewed by	y: Emer	rgency	Director			

NOTE: After this checklist is completed and is not required for immediate use, it shall be placed in the appropriate container provided for Emergency Records.

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 16 of 18

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Form 5790-102-6 Revision 8, 09/13/83 Page 1 of 2

# ATTACHMENT 5

# Example of SECONDARY NOTIFICATION LIST

# Backup Agencies That May Be Notified If Necessary

- ( ) 1. Chicago Operations Office of DOE Radiological Assistance Program
- ( ) 2. Area Civil Defense Groups
  - a) Region VI Commander (St. Cloud)
  - b) Wright County
  - c) Sherburne County
- ( ) 3. State Highway Patrol
  - a) St. Cloud
  - b) Golden Valley Emergency Ratio
  - c) St. Paul or fial Operatoria Emergency Radio
- ( ) 4. Highway Department
- ( ) 5. Monticello Police Department
- ( ) 6. Monticello Fire Department
- ( ) 7. Burlington Northern Railroad (Chief Dispatcher)
- ( ) 8. Minneapolis Water Department
- ( ) 9. St. Paul Water Department
  ( ) 10. Big Lake-Monticello Ambulance Service
- ( ) 11. Monticello-Big Lake Community Hospital

Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 17 of 18

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# ATTACHMENT 5 (Cont'd.)

Form 5790-102-6 Revision 8, 09/13/33 Page 2 of 2

. . . . .

Example of SECONDARY NOTIFICATION LIST (Cont'd.)

- ( ) 12. EPA Monticello Field Station
  ( ) 13. Big Oaks Park (During Camping Season)
  ( ) 14. Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
  ( ) 15. Northern States Power N.W. Division
- () 16. General Electric



Procedure A.2-105 Revision 4 Page 18 of 18

Form 5790-102-7 Revision 3, 01/15/83 Page 1 of 1

# ATTACHMENT 6

# Example of EMERGENCY CLASSIFICATION CHANGE

Verify that the organization/person called is correct prior to relaying emergency information.

THIS IS AT THE (Title) (Name) MONTICELLO NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT. WE HAVE RE-CLASSIFIED THE EVENT AND ( Escalated ) Down-graded The Event May Be Terminated TO a(N) Notificat ) Unusual at (Time) PRESENT TIME ARE AS FOLLOWS: METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS MPH Wind Direction is from the (Direction) Form of Precipitation (If applicable)

THE AFFECTED SECTOR(S) IS(ARE)

(List sector(s) by letter designation)

Give a brief description of the emergency:

PLEASE RELAY THIS INFORMATION TO YOUR EMERGENCY ORGANIZATION PERSONNEL.

Emergency Director/Manager Approval

(Name/Date)

14

Emergency Communicator

(Name/Date)

Proc Revi	edure A.2-702 sion 3	2	
Page Op. Com. Rev. Reg'd.	1 of 5 Yes X No		
Q.A. Review Req'd.	Yes No X		
ALARA Review Req'd.	Yes No X		

### RESPONSE TO AN EMERGENCY AT PRAIRIE ISLAND

A. 2-702

Prepared by: RL BCUXCr	ALARA Review:	Revision 0	Date	03/29/81
Reviewed by: _ Gollathing	Q.A. Review:	Revision 0	Date	03/29/81
Operations Committee Final Rev	iew: Meeting Num	ber 1225	Date	9/15/83
Approved by:	Wilsolie	26	Date	9/16/83
Op. Com. Results Review: Not	Required	Mtg. # 950	Date	03/27/81

# PURPOSE

The purpose of this procedure is to provide instructions for the Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant Radiation Protection Group when called upon to respond to an emergency at Prairie Island. Also included is a list of the equipment required and a "priority list" of qualified Radiation Protection Specialists and their home telephone numbers.

#### CONDITIONS AND PREREQUISITES

A declared emergency exists at the Prairie Island site and conditions have made necessary a request for health physics support.

#### DISCUSSION

In an emergency situation which includes a release of radioactive materials to the environs, the process of off-site and environmental monitoring is limited by the personnel and equipment available for sampling, and to a lesser degree, by the facilities available for analysis. In an effort to enhance MNGP's capacity to handle this type of emergency, MNGP has made a reciprocal agreement with Prairie Island whereby each plant would supply personnel, equipment and analysis facilities to the other upon request.

#### PERSONNEL REQUIRED

#### Emergency Response Team

Supt., Radiation Protection or designee (Radiation Protection Support Supervisor)

Four (4) persons qualified in Radiation Protection

#### Standby Emergency Response Team

Supt., Radiation Protection or designee (Radiation Protection Support Supervisor)

Four (4) persons qualified in Radiation Protection

Procedure A.2-702 Revision 3 Page 2 of 5

#### PROCEDURE

- <u>STEP 1</u> Upon notification that Prairie Island has requested assistance, the Supt., Radiation Protection or designee will organize an Emergency Response Team which will travel to Prairie Island immediately. The team shall consist of five people, four Radiation Protection Specialists and one person qualified as the Radiation Protection Support Supervisor.
  - NOTE 1: Refer to the "List of Qualified Radiation Protection Specialists/Support Supervisors", Attachment 1.
  - <u>NOTE 2</u>: A second Emergency Response Team consisting of four Specialists and one supervisor should be organized and standing by at the MNGP site to be dispatched if further assistance is requested.
- <u>STEP 2</u> The response team members should assemble at the MNGP site to pick up vehicle(s) and equipment.
  - NOTE 3: Other arrangements may be made if necessary as long as all equipment and personnel arrive at the Prairie Island EOF with a minimum of delay.
- STEP 3 Proceed to the Monticello EOF and obtain the Emergency Survey Kits and equipment per "Prairie Island Emergency Support Equipment List", Attachment 2.
  - <u>NOTE 4</u>: If the Emergency Response Team is requested during offnormal hours obtain the keys for the Monticello EOF from the guard house.
  - NOTE 5: Prior to departing the Monticello EOF, response check all survey instruments and verify operability of the portable radios.
- STEP 4 Proceed to the Prairie Island EOF.

NOTE 6: Directions to Prairie Island are as follows:

Highway I94 to I694, I694 to I494, I494 to 61, 61 south to 316 (in Hastings), left on 316 to 61, left on 61 to 18 (NSP-P.I. sign at this intersection), left on 18 to P.I. Detailed maps are included in the Emergency Kits.

<u>STEP 5</u> When approaching the boundary of the Prairie Island 10 mile EPZ, attempt to contact the Prairie Island EOF using the portable radio. Identify yourself as the Monticello Survey Team.

4

Procedure A.2-702 Revision 3 Page 3 of 5

1.

- STEP 6 If determined from the initial radio contact with the Prairie Island EOF that the plume may be encountered while enroute, conduct a search for the plume, in accordance with EPIP 1.1.10, and proceed directly to the EOF.
  - <u>NOTE 7</u>: If the EOF has NOT been activated or does not respond, contact the Prairie Island Radiological Emergency Coordinator for further instructions.
- STEP 7 Upon arrival at the Prairie Island EOF contact the Emergency Manager or the Radiological Emergency Coordinator for further instructions.
- STEP 8 Perform the required offsite surveys as requested by the Emergency Manager in accordance with EPIP 1.1.10, "Offsite Surveys" and EPIP 1.1.11, "Accident Assessment".
  - NOTE 8: Analysis of field samples should be performed in the Prairie Island EOF Count Room by P.I. Radiation Protection Specialists. If this facility becomes unavailable make arrangements to transport the samples to the P.I. Count Room (if available) or to Monticello.

# REFERENCES

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1. Prairie Island Nuclear Generating Plant Emergency Plan and Implementing Procedures

# ATTACHMENTS

- 1. List of Qualified Radiation Protection Specialists/Support Supervisors
- 2. Prairie Island Emergency Support Equipment List

Procedure A. 2-702 **Revision** 3 Page 4 of 5

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# ATTACHMENT 1

# QUALIFIED RADIATION PROTECTION SPECIALISTS



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DELT. S.

R.

Procedure A.2-702 Revision 3 Page 5 of 5

E.

### ATTACHMENT 2

# PRAIRIE ISLAND EMERGENCY SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST

# EQUIPMENT LOCATED AT THE MNGP SITE

. . . .

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Personnel TLD's and Direct Reading Dosimeters

Vehicle(s) for Offsite Monitoring Purposes

# EQUIPMENT LOCATED AT THE MONTICELLO EOF

Three (3) Emergency Team Kits (including Duffel Bags)

Four (4) Portable Radios with Radio Boosters and Magnetic Antennas

- NOTE: If the Response Team is requested during off-normal hours, obtain the keys for the EOF from the Guard House.
- NOTE: Response check all survey instruments and verify the operability of the portable radios prior to leaving the EOF.