CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY BRUNSWICK STEAM ELECTRIC PLANT

UNIT 0

INITIAL DOSE PROJECTIONS

· PLANT EMERGENCY PROCEDURE: PEP-03.4.1

VOLUME XIII

Rev. 006

Recommended By: Director - Administrative Support Date: 6/21/83

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LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

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1.0 Responsible Individual and Objectives

This procedure is intended to be used by Control Room personnel until the Dose Projection Team can be activated in the Technical Support Center.

2.0 Scope and Applicability

This procedure is intended to enable a rapid determination of the severity of an emergency. It should be implemented as the first step subsequent to recognition that an unplanned off-site release has occurred or could have occurred. The procedure can be used to make either whole body or thyroid dose projections. Thyroid dose projections made using this procedure are extremely conservative and are realistic only if there is reasonable assurance that significant quantities of iodine are being released.

The dose projections calculated by use of this procedure are to be compared against pre-established criteria (Emergency Action Levels and Protective Action Guidelines) for possible consequences off site. These projections pertain to the radioactive gases at ground level and do not include radiation from an overhead cloud that may contribute to the whole body dose at ground level. Under certain meteorological conditions (elevated release and E, F, or G stability classes), direct radiation from an overhead plume may produce somewhat higher doses than those calculated by this procedure.

A simplified formula for estimating radiological consequences of an accidental release to the atmosphere is:

$$D = \underbrace{\chi}_{Q} \bullet Q \bullet DCF$$

where D = Dose in rem.

 χ/Q = Atmospheric Dispersion Factor in units of \sec/m^3 , and with values determined by atmospheric stability and wind speed.

Q = Source Term in curies per second.

DCF = Dose Conversion Factor.

NOTE: This procedure makes use of scientific notation, i.e., 2E-6 is the same as 2×10^{-6} .

3.0 Actions

List of Exhibits

3.4.1-1 Initial Dose Projection Record Sheet

- .3.1 Obtain a copy of Exhibit 3.4.1-1 (Initial Dose Projection Record Sheet) and record time and your initials in column 1.
- 3.2 Record in column 2 whether this calculation is for whole body or thyroid dose projections. Recall that thyroid dose projections should only be made using this procedure if there is reasonable assurance that significant quantities of iodine are being released.
- 3.3 Determine wind speed, wind direction, and stability class using one of the following five methods listed in order of preferred use.

 Record in column 3 of Exhibit 3.4.1-1.

NOTE: USE UPPER WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION FOR A STACK RELEASE; OTHERWISE USE LOWER WIND SPEED AND DIRECTION.

- 3.3.1 If operable, use the plant computer or E&RC computer to obtain the wind speed, wind direction, and stability class.
- 3.3.2 Call E&RC and request meteorological data in accordance with PEP-02.6.20, Exhibit 2.6.20-1.
- 3.3.3 Call National Weather Service for area conditions (PEP Appendix A-4).
- 3.3.4 Call corporate meteorologists and request assistance from meteorological section (PEP Appendix A-4).
- 3.3.5 If there is no meteorological data readily available, a general estimate of the current Atmospheric Stability Class can be made by visual observation, using the following table:

	Sunny	Cloudy Day	Cloudy Night	Clear Night
light wind or calm (≤ 4 m/sec or 8.9 mph)	В	С	E	F
moderately strong wind (> 4 m/sec or 8.9 mph)	С	D	D	D
NOTE: Assume Stabili	ty Class	D whene	ver it is	raining.

3.4 Determine the χ/Q value

3.4.1 If the release is from the stack, use Table 3.4.1-1. (If not, go to Step 3.4.3.) Read across the appropriate row based on wind speed to the x/Q value under the Atmospheric Stability Class determined in Step 3.3.

TABLE 3.4.1-1
METEOROLOGICAL DISPERSION (x/Q) VALUE AT BSEP PROPERTY BOUNDARY (4000 FEET)

ELEVATED LEVEL RELEASE*

			x/Q		y Atmosph	eric Stab	ility Clas	S
	Speed					sec/m³)		
mph	m/sec	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	В	C	D	E	F	G
1.0	0.4	4.1 E-6	2.1 E-5	3.0 E-5	5.2 E-6	1.4 E-7	6.5 E-12	2.0 E-22
2.0	0.9	2.1 E-6	1.1 E-5	1.5 E-5	2.6 E-6	6.8 E-8	3.3 E-12	9.9 E-23
3.0	1.3	1.4 E-6	7.1 E-6	1.0 E-5	1.7 E-6	4.6 E-8	2.2 E-12	6.6 E-23
4.0	1.8	1.0 E-6	5.3 E-6	7.6 E-6	1.3 E-6	3.4 E-8	1.6 E-12	4.9 E-23
5.0	2.2	8.3 E-7	4.3 E-6	6.1 E-6	1.0 E-6	2.7 E-8	1.3 E-12	4.0 E-23
6.0	2.7	6.9 E-7	3.6 E-6	5.1 E-6	8.7 E-7	2.3 E-8	1.1 E-12	3.5 E-23
7.0	3.1	5.9 E-7	3.0 E-6	4.4 E-6	7.5 E-7	2.0 E-8	9.3 E-13	2.8 E-23
8.0	3.6	5.2 E-7	2.7 E-6	3.8 E-6	6.6 E-7	1.7 E-8	8.2 E-13	2.5 E-23
9.0	4.0	4.6 E-7	2.4 E-6	3.4 E-6	5.8 E-7	1.5 E-8	7.2 E-13	2.2 E-23
10.0	4.5	4.1 E-7	2.1 E-6	3.0 E-6	5.2 E-7	1.4 E-8	6.5 E-13	2.0 E-23
11.0	4.9	3.8 E-7	1.9 E-6	2.8 E-6	4.8 E-7	1.2 E-8	5.9 E-13	1.8 E-23
12.0	5.4	3.5 E-7	1.8 E-6	2.5 E-6	4.4 E-7	1.1 E-8	5.4 E-13	1.6 E-23
13.0	5.8	3.2 E-7	1.6 E-6	2.3 E-6	4.0 E-7	1.1 E-8	5.0 E-13	1.5 E-23
14.0	6.2	3.0 E-7	1.5 E-6	2.2 E-6	3.7 E-7	9.8 E-9	4.7 E-13	1.4 E-23
15.0	6.7	2.8 E-7	1.4 E-6	2.0 E-6	3.5 E-7	9.1 E-9	4.3 E-13	1.3 E-23
16.0	7.2	2.6 E-7	1.3 E-6	1.9 E-6	3.3 E-7	8.5 E-9	4.1 E-13	1.2 E-23
17.0	7.6	2.4 E-7	1.3 E-6	1.8 E-6	3.1 E-7	8.8 E-9	3.8 E-13	1.2 E-23
18.0	8.0	2.3 E-7	1.2 E-6	1.7 E-6	2.9 E-7	7.6 E-9	3.6 E-13	1.1 E-2:
19.0	8.5	2.2 E-7	1.1 E-6	1.6 E-6	2.8 E-7	7.2 E-9	3.4 E-13	1.0 E-23
20.0	8.9	2.1 E-7	1.1 E-6	1.5 E-6	2.6 E-7	6.8 E-9	3.3 E-13	9.9 E-24
21.0	9.4	2.0 E-7	1.0 E-6	1.5 E-6	2.5 E-7	6.5 E-9	3.1 E-13	9.4 E-24
22.0	9.8	1.9 E-7	9.7 E-7	1.4 E-6	2.4 E-7	The second secon	3.0 E-13	9.0 E-24
	10.3	1.8 E-7	9.3 E-7	1.3 E-6	2.3 E-7	5.9 E-9	2.8 E-13	8.6 E-24
	10.7	1.7 E-7	8.9 E-7	1.3 E-6	2.2 E-7	5.7 E-9	2.7 E-13	8.2 E-24
	11.2	1.7 E-7	8.5 E-7	1.2 E-6	2.1 E-7	5.5 E-9	2.6 E-13	7.9 E-24
	11.6	1.6 E-7	8.2 E-7	1.2 E-6	2.0 E-7	5.3 E-9	2.5 E-13	7.6 E-24
	12.1	1.5 E-7	7.9 E-7	1.1 E-6	1.9 E-7	5.1 E-9	2.4 E-13	7.3 E-24
	12.5	1.5 E-7	7.6 E-7	1.1 E-6	1.9 E-7	4.9 E-9	2.3 E-13	7.1 E-24
	13.0	1.4 E-7	and the second second	1.1 E-6	1.8 E-7	4.7 E-9	2.2 E-13	6.8 E-24
	13.4	1.4 E-7	7.1 E-7	1.0 E-6	1.7 E-7	4.6 E-9	2.2 E-13	6.6 E-24
CONTRACTOR SHOWS	The second second	The second larger than	SECOND PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND A	er level	The same and the s	-	6.4 5-13	0.0 2-24

*For stack release using upper level wind speed.

NOTE: If wind speed is between adjacent values, use the lower value to find x/Q.

3.4.2 Record the selected x/Q value in column 4 of Exhibit 3.4.1-1.

3.4.3 If release is \underline{NOT} from the stack, use Table 3.4.1-2. Read across the appropriate row based on wind speed to the χ/Q value under the Atmosphere Stability class determined in Step 3.3, Table 3.4.1-2.

TABLE 3.4.1-2

METEOROLOGICAL DISPERSION (x/Q) VALUE AT BSEP PROPERTY BOUNDARY (4,000 FT.) GROUND LEVEL RELEASE*

MARKATON AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY NAMED IN	Speed					sec/m³)	77	-
nph	m/sec	A	В	С	D	E	F	G
1.0	0.4	4.2 E-6	2.8 E-5	7.7 E-5	2.3 E-4	4.7 E-4	1.1 E-3	2.5 E-3
2.0	0.9	2.1 E-6	1.4 E-5	3.9 E-5	1.2 E-4	2.3 E-4	5.4 E-4	1.2 E-3
3.0	1.3	1.4 E-6	9.3 E-6	2.6 E-5	7.8 E-5	1.6 E-4	3.6 E-4	8.2 E-4
4.0	1.8	1.0 E-6	7.0 E-6	1.9 E-5	5.8 E-5	1.2 E-4	2.7 E-4	6.1 E-4
5.0	2.2	8.4 E-7	5.6 E-6	1.5 E-5	4.7 E-5	9.4 E-5	2.1 E-4	4.9 E-4
6.0	2.7	7.0 E-7	4.7 E-6	1.3 E-5	3.9 E-5	7.8 E-5	1.8 E-4	4.1 E-4
7.0	3.1	6.0 E-7	4.0 E-6	1.1 E-5	3.3 E-5	6.7 E-5	1.5 E-4	3.5 E-4
3.0	3.6	5.2 E-7	3.5 E-6	9.7 E-6	2.9 E-5	5.9 E-5	1.3 E-4	3.1 E-4
9.0	4.0	4.7 E-7	3.1 E-6	8.6 E-6	2.6 E-5	5.2 E-5	1.2 E-4	2.7 E-4
10.0	4.5	4.2 E-7	2.8 E-6	7.7 E-6	2.3 E-5	4.7 E-5	1.1 E-4	2.5 E-4
11.0	4.9	3.8 E-7	2.5 E-6	7.0 E-6	2.1 E-5	4.3 E-5	9.8 E-5	2.2 E-4
12.0	5.4	3.5 E-7	2.3 E-6	6.5 E-6	1.9 E-5	3.9 E-5	8.9 E-5	2.0 E-4
13.0	5.8	3.2 E-7	2.1 E-6	6.0 E-6	1.8 E-5	3.6 E-5	8.3 E-5	1.9 E-4
14.0	6.2	3.0 E-7	2.0 E-6	5.5 E-6	1.7 E-5	3.4 E-5	7.7 E-5	1.8 E-4
15.0	6.7	2.8 E-7	1.9 E-6	5.2 E-6	1.6 E-5	3.1 E-5	7.2 E-5	1.6 E-4
16.0	7.2	2.6 E-7	1.7 E-6	4.8 E-6	1.5 E-5	2.9 E-5	6.7 E-5	1.5 E-4
17.0	7.6	2.5 E-7	1.6 E-6	4.6 E-6	1.4 E-5	2.8 E-5	6.3 E-5	1.4 E-4
18.0	8.0	2.3 E-7	1.6 E-6	4.3 E-6	1.3 E-5	2.6 E-5	6.0 E-5	1.4 E-4
19.0	8.5	2.2 E-7	1.5 E-6	4.1 E-6	1.2 E-5	2.5 至-5	5.6 E-5	1.3 E-4
20.0	8.9	2.1 E-7	1.4 E-6	3.9 E-6	1.2 E-5	2.3 E-5	5.4 E-5	1.2 E-4
21.0	9.4	2.0 E-7	1.3 E-6	3.7 E-6	1.1 E-5	2.2 E-5	5.1 E-5	1.2 E-4
22.0	9.8	1.9 E-7	1.3 E-6	3.5 E-6	1.1 E-5	2.1 E-5	4.9 E-5	1.1 E-4
23.0	10.3	1.8 E-7	1.2 E-6	3.4 E-6	1.0 E-5	2.8 E-5	4.7 E-5	1.1 E-4
24.0	10.7	1.7 E-7	1.2 E-6	3.2 E-6	9.7 E-6	2.0 E-5	4.5 E-5	1.0 E-4
	11.2	1.7 E-7	1.1 E-6	3.1 E-6	9.4 E-6	1.9 E-5	4.3 E-5	9.8 E-5
	11.6	1.6 E-7	1.1 E-6	3.0 E-6	9.0 E-6	1.8 E-5	4.1 E-5	9.4 E-5
	12.1	1.6 E-7	1.0 E-6	2.9 E-6	8.7 E-6	1.7 E-5	4.0 E-5	9.1 E-5
	12.5	1.5 E-7	1.0 E-6	2.8 E-6	8.4 E-6	1.7 E-5	3.8 E-5	8.8 E-5
	13.0	1.5 E-7	9.6 E-7	2.7 E-6	8.1 E-6	1.6 E-5	3.7 E-5	8.4 E-5
	13.4	1.4 E-7	9.3 E-7	2.6 E-6	7.8 E-6	1.6 E-5	3.6 E-5	8.2 E-5

^{*}For vent release using lower level wind speed.

NOTE: If wind speed is between adjacent values, use the lower value to find x/Q.

3.4.4 Record the selected X/Q value in column 4 of Exhibit 3.4.1-1.

3.5 Determine Source Term

- 3.5.1 Determine which effluent radiation monitor is (or monitors are) indicating an abnormal release.
- 3.5.2 Determine the release rate (µCi/sec) indicated by this monitor(s) as per PEP-03.6.1, "Release Estimates Based upon Stack/Vent Readings."
- 3.5.3 For whole body dose projections, calculate the release rate in Ci/sec = $(\mu \text{Ci/sec}) \times (1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Ci/}\mu\text{Ci})$.

OR

- 3.5.4 For thyroid dose projections, calculate the release rate in Ci/sec = $(\mu \text{Ci/sec}) \times (1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Ci/}\mu\text{Ci}) \times (0.15)$.
- 3.5.5 Record the results of either Steps 3.5.3 or 3.5.4 in column 5 of Exhibit 3.4.1-1.

3.6 Determine Dose Conversion Factor

3.6.1 Use Table 3.4.1-3 to determine the Whole Body or Thyroid Dose Conversion Factor (DCF). Record the appropriate DCF in column 6 of Exhibit 3.4.1-1.

TABLE 3.4.1-3

DOSE CONVERSION FACTORS (Rem/hr)/(Ci/m³)

Accident Condition	Whole Body	Thyroid
Unknown/unidentified	287	7.49E+5
Major damage to fuel cladding	287	7.49E+5
RCS leaks or steam line leaks but no major cladding failure	133	1.25E+6
Accidental discharge of waste gas	45	2.06E+6
Fuel handling accident	19	2.94E+6

3.7 To obtain the projected dose at the property boundary, multiply column 4 x column 5 x column 6 = column 7. Record the product in column 7 of Exhibit 3.4.1-1.

NOTE: If the release was via the stack (elevated), maximum radiological exposures could occur beyond the property boundary depending on stability class. Step 3.8 projects doses at distances beyond the property boundary for both elevated and ground level releases.

3.8 Determine Extrapolation Factor

3.8.1 If the release is from the stack, use Table 3.4.1-4. (If not, go to Step 3.8.3.) Read across the appropriate row based on distance from the plant to the extrapolation factor under the atmospheric stability class determined in Step 3.3.

NOTE: With an elevated release, maximum radiological exposures may occur beyond the property boundary depending on stability class. The following table indicates the downwind distance where maximum exposures are likely to occur as the result of an elevated release.

Stability Class	Downwind Distance
A	0.27 miles (0.43 km)
В	0.45 miles (0.72 km)
C	0.76 miles (1.22 km)(Property Boundary)
D	1.8 miles (2.9 km)
E	3.5 miles (5.6 km)
F	9 miles (14.5 km)
G	33 miles (53 km)

TABLE 3.4.1-4

EXTRAPOLATION FACTOR FOR ESTIMATING DOSES BEYOND BSEP PROPERTY BOUNDARY (4,000 ft.) ELEVATED RELEASE

DISTAN FROM P		EXTR	APOLATION	FACTORS	BY ATMOS	PHERIC ST	ABILITY C	LASS
Miles	km	A	В	C	D	E	F	G
1	1.6	4.2 E-1	6.6 E-1	9.2 E-1	2.1	8.4 E+0	2.3 E+2	4.2 E+5
2	3.2	5.2 E-2	1.9 E-1	3.8 E-1	3.4	6.7 E+1	8.8 E+4	8.5 E+11
3	4.8	1.6 E-2	8.4 E-2	2.0 E-1	2.8	8.7 E+1	3.3 E+5	3.4 E+13
4	6.4	6.5 E-3	4.7 E-2	1.2 E-1	2.2	8.6 E+1	5.8 E+5	1.8 E+14
5	8.0	3.4 E-3	3.1 E-2	8.2 E-2	1.8	8.0 E+1	7.3 E+5	4.6 E+14
6	9.7	2.0 E-3	2.1 E-2	5.9 E-2	1.4	7.3 E+1	8.1 E+5	8.4 E+14
7	11.3	1.2 E-3	1.5 E-2	4.5 E-2	1.2	6.6 E+1	8.8 E+5	1.3 E+15
8	12.9	8.2 E-4	1.2 E-2	3.6 E-2	1.0	6.0 E+1	8.8 E+5	1.6 E+15
9	14.5	5.8 E-4	9.4 E-3	2.8 E-2	8.6 E-1	5.5 E+1	8.8 E+5	2.2 E+15
10	16.1	4.3 E-4	7.6 E-3	2.4 E-2	7.6 E-1	4.9 E+1	8.8 E+5	2.5 E+15

3.8.2 Record the selected extrapolation factor in column 8 of Exhibit 3.4.1-1.

3.8.3 If the release is <u>not</u> from the stack, use Table 3.4.1-5. Read across the appropriate row based on distance from the plant to the extrapolation factor under the atmospheric stability class determined in Step 3.3.

TABLE 3.4.1-5

EXTRAPOLATION FACTOR FOR ESTIMATING DOSES BEYOND BSEP PROPERTY BOUNDARY (4,000 ft.) GROUND LEVEL RELEASE

FROM P	THEFT	- '	APOLATION	FACTORS	BY ATMOSP	HERIC STA	DIDITI OF	
Miles	km	A	В	G	D	E	F	G
1	1.6	4.3 E-1	1	6.1 E-1	6.4 E-1	6.3 E-1	6.5 E-1	6.5 E-1
2	3.2	5.3 E-2	1.5 .	1.7 E-1	2.2 E-1	2.3 E-1	2.3 E-1	2.4 E-1
3	4.8	1.6 E-2	6.5 E-2	E-2	1.2 E-1	1.3 E-1	1.3 E-1	1.4 E-1
4	6.4	6.5 E-3	3.7 E-2	4	7.8 E-2	8.4 E-2	9.3 E-2	1.0 E-1
5	8.0	3.4 E-3	2.4 E-2	3.2 L.	6 E-2	6.3 E-2	7.0 E-2	7.6 E-2
6	9.7	2.0 E-3	1.6 E-2	2.4 E-2	2	4.9 E-2	5.6 E-2	6.1 E-2
7	11.3	1.2 E-3	1.2 E-2	1.8 E-2	3.4	4.0 E-2	4.4 E-2	5.0 E-2
8	12.9	8.2 E-4	9.1 E-3	1.4 E-2	2.8 E-2	3.4 E-2	3.7 E-2	4.3 E-2
9	14.5	5.8 E-4	7.3 E-3	1.2 E-2	2.3 E-2	2.9 E-2	3.3 E-2	3.8 E-2
10	16.1	4.3 E-4	5.9 E-3	9.4 E-3	2.0 E-2	2.5 E-2	2.8 E-2	3.3 E-2

- 3.8.4 Record selected extrapolation factor in column 8 of Exhibit 3.4.1-1.
- 3.9 To obtain projected dose at points beyond the property boundary, multiply column 7 x column 8 = column 9. Record the product in column 9 of Exhibit 3.4.1-1. Indicate the distance from the property boundary the projected dose represents.
- 3.10 Report the projected doses to the Site Emergency Coordinator or Radiological Control Director.
- 3.11 Refer to PEP-02.1, Section 4, "Abnormal Radiological Effluent or Radiation Levels" to determine if any EAL has been met or exceeded. If the EAL for a general emergency has been met, refer to Exhibit 2.5-4 for recommended protective actions.
- 3.12 Repeat this procedure whenever source term or meteorological conditions change or as directed.

EXHIBIT 3.4, 1-1
INITIAL DOSE PROJECTION RECORD SHEET

COLUMN	DOSE BEYOND PROPERTY BOUNDARY (Rem/hr) "INDICATE DISTANCE"	
COLUMN	EXTRAPO- LATION FACTOR	
COLUMN	DOSE AT PROPERTY BOUNDARY (Rem/hr)	
COLUMN	DOSE CO-IVERSION FACTOR	
COLUMN	SOURCE TERM [Ci/sec]	
COLUMN	X/9	
COLUMN	WIND WIND STABILITY SPEED/DIRECTION/CLASS (MPH) (BLOWING FROM)	
COLUMN	WHOLE BODY OR HYROLD	
COLUMN	TIME/ INITIAL	

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CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY BRUNSWICK STEAM ELECTRIC PLANT

UNIT 0

RELEASE ESTIMATES BASED UPON STACK/VENT READINGS

PLANT EMERGENCY PROCEDURE: PEP-03.6.1

VOLUME XIII

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FOR INFORMATION ONLY

LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

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1.0 Responsible Individual and Objectives

The Radiological Control Director is responsible to the Site Emergency Coordinator for determining the magnitude and rate of radioactive release to the environment. The Radiological Control Director may delegate the calculational aspects of this procedure to the Dose Projection Coordinator. This procedure may be used by the Control Room personnel until the dose projection team is activated in the Technical Support Center.

2.0 Scope and Applicability

This procedure shall be implemented by the Site Emergency Coordinator, or by the Radiological Control Director, whenever an abnormal radiological release through an identifiable release point is suspected, including any Site or General Emergency. The only apparatus required is a scientific calculator.

3.0 Actions and Limitations

NOTE: The detector response will depend on the specific isotopic mixture being released at various times. Grab samples must be taken, analyzed and evaluated to provide an exact relationship; however, the predetermined relationship used in this procedure should be sufficiently accurate to guide initial emergency response actions and assessments.

List of EXHIBITS:

- 3.6.1-1 Source Term Calculation from Plant Stack Monitors
- 3.6.1-2 Source Term Calculation from #1 RX Gas (1-CAC-AQH-1264-3)
- 3.6.1-3 Source Term Calculation from #1 Turbine Vent
- 3.6.1-4 Source Term Calculation from #2 Rx Gas (2-CAC-AQH-1264-3)
- 3.6.1-5 Source Term Calculation from #2 Turbine Gas (2-VA-AQH-3215-3) (Low Range)
- 3.6.1-6 Source Term Calculation from #2 Turbine Building Vent (High Range)
- 3.1 Depending upon alarming channel(s), use appropriate EXHIBIT (EXHIBIT 3.6.1-1 through EXHIBIT 3.6.1-6) to calculate the release source term.

Note: If the time duration of the release is unknown, assume 60 minutes and perform this procedure as directed by the Radiological Control Director.

3.2 If only one channel is alarming or reading abnormally high, the source term determined on the appropriate EXHIBIT is the total. 3.3 If multiple building vent radiation monitors are alarming (and not monitoring the same point), calculate the individual source terms and sum them to obtain the total source term.

NOTE: Source terms calculated for the stack should not be added to source terms calculated for alarming vent monitors since stack source terms represent elevated rather than ground level releases. If the stack and vent monitors are alarming, then separate elevated and ground level source terms should be calculated and applied separately to dose

calculations. The resultant off-site dose projections can then be summed to assess the total impact of the releases.

3.4 Report the source term to the Radiological Control Director (Radiological Control Manager after the Emergency Operations Facility is activated) for use in appropriate dose projection procedure from PEP-Section 3.4.

SOURCE TERM CALCULATION FROM STACK MONITORS

Release rate is read in $\mu\text{Ci/sec}$ directly from 2-D12-RR-4600 (effluent channel) when the 2-VA-FT-3359 flow instrument loop is operational. The following calculations are necessary when this loop is not operational.

TIME	MONITOR ¹ READING (µCi/cc)	FLOW ² (cfm)	CONVERSION FACTOR cc/sec cfm	PELEASE RATE ³ (µCi/sec)
			472	

The monitor automatically selects the most accurate operational channel, either low, mid, or high range. Read the uCi/cc from the appropriate channel (low, mid, or high) of 2-D12-RR-4599.

If not available, use the sum of design flows for systems exhausting to the stack:

Steam Jet Air Ejectors (A & B) 300 SCFM ea.
Radwaste Bldg. Vent (2 fans) 23,100 SCFM ea.
Purge Fans (2 fans) 7,200 SCFM ea.
Standby Gas (per train - 2 trains) 3,500 SCFM ea.

Release rate (µCi/sec) = µCi/cc X cfm X 472

EXHIBIT 3.6.1-2

	SOURCE TERM C	ALCULATION FROM	41 Rx GAS (1-CAC-AQH-	1264-3)
TIME	METER READING (cpm)	FLOW ⁽¹⁾ (cfm)	EFFICIENCY ⁽²⁾ FACTOR	RELEASE (3) RATE (µCi/sec)
0.1				
		E rive		
Harrie I				10 1

⁽¹⁾ If not available use 43,200 cfm per discharge fan times the number of fans operating.

⁽²⁾ The efficiency factors posted on the front panel of the stack, reactor buildings monitors. If not posted, these values can be obtained from E&RC File 13324, or use 8.6E-6.

⁽³⁾ Release Rate = cpm X cfm X Efficiency Factor

EXHIBIT 3.6.1-3

SOURCE TERM CALCULATION FROM #1 TURBINE VENT

Release rate is read in µCi/sec directly from 1-D12-RR-4549 (effluent channel) when the 1-VA-FT-3358 flow instrument loop is operational. The following calculations are necessary when this loop is not operational.

TIME	MONITOR READING (1) (µCi/cc)	FLOW ⁽²⁾ (cfm)	CONVERSION FACTOR cc/sec cfm	RELEASE RATE ⁽³⁾ (µCi/sec)
			472	

The monitor automatically selects the most accurate operational channel, either low, mid, or high range. Read the µCi/cc from the appropriate channel (low, mid, or high) of 2-D12-RR-4548.

⁽²⁾ If not available, use 15,000 cfm.

⁽³⁾ Release Rate (μCi/sec) = μCi/cc X cfm X 472

EXHIBIT 3.6.1-4

TIME	METER READING (cpm)	FLOW ⁽¹⁾ (cfm)	#2 Rx GAS (2-CAC-AQH- EFFICIENCY ⁽²⁾ FACTOR	RELEASE (3) RATE (µCi/sec)

⁽¹⁾ If not available use 43,200 cfm per discharge fan times the number of fans operating.

The efficiency factors posted on the front panel of the stack, reactor buildings monitors. If not posted, these values can be obtained from RC&T File 13324, or use 9.26E-6.

⁽³⁾ Release Rate = cpm X cfm X Efficiency Factor

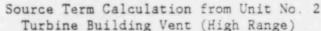
EXHIBIT 3.6.1-5

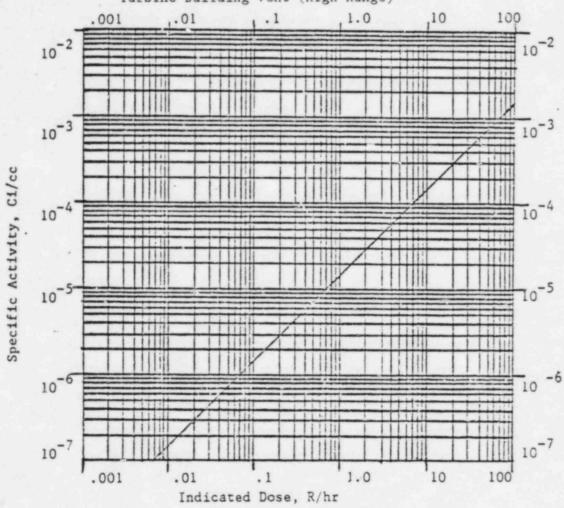
SOURCE '	METER READING (cpm)	FLOW ⁽¹⁾ (cfm)	EFFICIENCY ⁽²⁾ FACTOR	RELEASE (3) RATE (µCi/sec)

⁽¹⁾ If not available, use 15,000 cfm.

⁽²⁾ The afficiency factors posted on the front panel of the stack, reactor buildings monitors. If not posted, these values can be obtained from RC&T File 13324, or use 1.11E-5.

⁽³⁾ Release Rate = cpm X cfm X Efficiency Factor





TEMPORARY GASEOUS EFFLUENT RADIATION MONITORS

To determine total release activity (microcuries/sec) from a Turbine Building vent:

- Read the "actual specific activity (curies/cc)" from the graph as a function of the dose rate (R/hr) indicated on the meter.
- 2. Read flowmeter for the specific release point (SCFM).
- 3. Calculate total release (μ Ci/sec) = Specific Activity (Ci/cc) x Flow Rate (SCFM) x 28300 (cc/SCF) x .0167 (min/sec) x 1.0 x 10 +6 (μ Ci/Ci)

Graph parameters based on the projected isotopic distribution 30 minutes after a TMI-based accident. Reference: PM-79-296.

CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY BRUNSWICK STEAM ELECTRIC PLANT

UNIT 0

EMERGENCY RESPONSE RESOURCES

PLANT EMERGENCY PROCEDURES: PEP-APPENDIX A

VOLUME XIII

Rev. 008

Recommended By:

Director - Administrative Support

Date: 6/14/83

Approved By:

General Manager

Date: 6

dj

LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

PEP-APPENDIX A

Pages	Revision
1 - 5	8
6	7
7	8
8 - 9	7
10	8

CORPORATE EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

AMERICAN NUCLEAR INSURERS (ANI)

Richmond

Connecticut



ATOMIC INDUSTRIAL FORUM (AIF)

Maryland



CORPORATE EMERGENCY RESPONSE CENTER (CERC)

OJRP

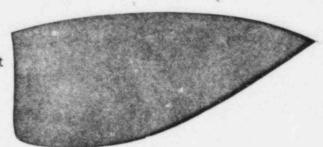
System Operator's PBX-393

Reception Area/Floor Security -



Team Work Areas:

Administrative Services Design & Construction Support Advisory Support Technical Support Scheduling/Planning

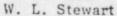


5th Floor OJRP Office Numbers

F. M. Alligood R. L. Baldwin

R. H. Leasburg

H. L. Miller





C&P TELEPHONE COMPANY (North Anna)

Sheldon R. Lesh Primary

Business Home

Alternate

J. R. Werner

Business Home

Emergency Center

Bob Dawdson

Business Home

For Pay Telephone Trailers (North Anna) *

K. C. Moore Primary

Business

Home Home

Alternate

George A. Bruner, Jr.

Business Home

* In case of an emergency, Pay Telephone Trailers are available from C&P or Continental Telephone for Surry.

CONTINENTAL TELEPHONE COMPANY (Surry)

Primary

Dan Stainback

Business

Home

Alternate

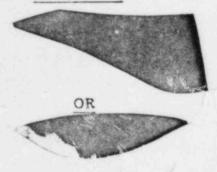
Hal Willson

Business Home

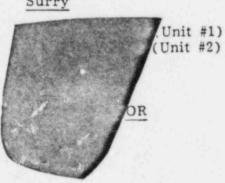


CONTROL ROOMS

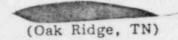
North Anna



Surry



RADIATION EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE CENTER/TRAINING OFFICE (REAC/TS)



Emergency No.



RUMOR CONTROL CENTER



STONE & WEBSTER

Boston, Mass.

Gordon Burroughs

Business Home

North Anna

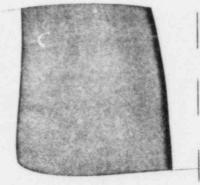
C. H. Wilbur

Business Home

Surry

A. K. Banerjee

Business Home



TECHNICAL SUPPORT CENTERS (TSC)

North Anna

Louisa County

Emergency Director

(Via Richmond



Health Physics Operations Technical Services Maintenance

Surry

Surry County

TELECOPIER NUMBERS

North Anna (Admin. Bldg.)

Surry (Admin. Bldg.)

Public News Center (OJRP Auditorium)

Local Media Center

North Anna (Mineral Fire Dept.

Surry (Lebanon Elementary

INPO (Atlanta)

NRC (Bethesda)

NRC (Atlanta)

Stone & Webster (Boston)

Westinghouse (Pittsburgh) (Emergency) (Regular)

State Office of Emergency and Energy Services (SOEES)

State Emergency Operations Center (EOC) (24 hr. operation)

WATS/ECON-CALL NUMBERS

WATS - (Virginia) 710 + 1 + area code (if other than 804) + 7-digit number

WATS - (Interstate)715 + 1 + area code + 7-digit number

Econo-Call

717 + (area code) + 7-digit number
(Do not dial the prefix "1" as is required for WATS
and Direct Long Distance)

CERP TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

	Outer Thinh	HONE DIRECTO	1(1	
Name	CPIP	Home	Office	
Adams, R. H. Ahladas, J. A. Alligood, F. M., Jr. Anderson, L. M. Arrington, D. P. Arritt, C. E. Austin, C. B. Austin, J.	3 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 2			
Bailey, T. Y. Baldwin, R. L. Ballard, T. M.	3 1/3 2			
Barr, J. M., Jr. Baucom, P. K. Baum, E. A. Beament, P. R. Beck, R. L. Beckwith, R. E. Benthall, W. R. Berryman, R. M. Board, V. M. Bowling, M. L. Boyce, N. W. Brand, R. B. Brown, M. L. Brown, S. C. Buck, J. A.	2 3 1/2 1 2 8 1 6 2 7 4 2 3 1 2			
Bullock, C. E. Burnette, D. Busto, C. J.	3 2 2			
Cameron, W. W. Carmichael, F. C. Carter, G. L. Carter, M. L. Cartwright, W. R. Cochran, D. F. Cockerham, R. Colbert, V. L. Comstock, L. L. Craft, W. D. Cross, R. W., III Crow, N. S. Crump, E. L.	8 2 4 3 1 2 1/9 4 3 6 6 6 1 2			

Note: All numbers shown as they would be dialed from Richmond.

SPS Extensions can be reached from OJRP with 62 + extension.

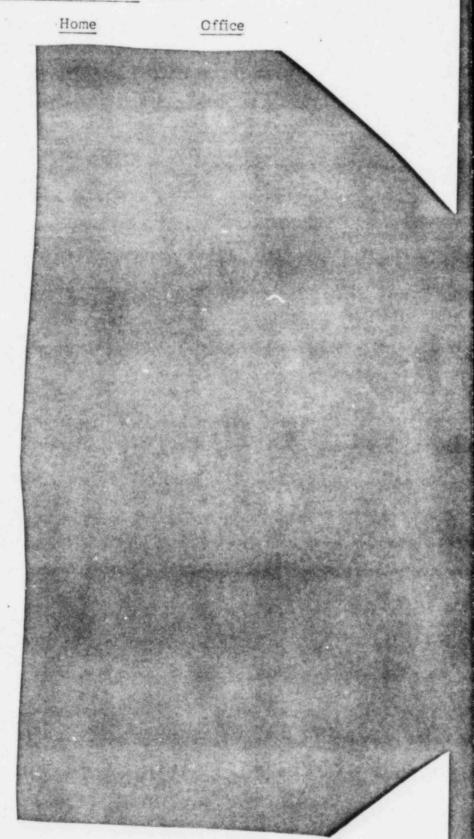
NAPS Extensions can be reached from OJRP with 67 + extension.

Office

		The same of the sa
Name	CPIP	Home
Danylo, J. C. Davis, D. S.	7 2	
Deal, M. W. Deacon, M. G. DeWandel, E. P. Dingledine, W. S.	3 7 3 1/9	
Douberly, E. Downs, J. L. Driscoll, R. F. Dye, T. L.	3 4 2 2	
Eastwood, J. O. Edwards, P. G. Ellis, F. R.	6 1/2 2	
Ferguson, J. C. Field, M. M. Folz, C. E.	3 3 2	
Fortin, D. J. Fortune, H. J., Jr. Franklin, Y. C. Frazier, J. R., Jr.	3 7 3 2	
Garber, B. A.	2	
Gardner, S. N.	2	
Garvey, J. R. Gayle, B. Geddy, A. L. Gibson, D. F.	3 2 2 2	
Gilmer, L. Girvin, L. M. Greer, R. S., Jr. Grier, A. M.	2 1 6 2	
Harrell, E. W. Harrell, M. S. Harrington, P. M. Harris, J. C., Jr. Harrison, J. V. Healy, M. N. Hedgepeth, D. W. Hedgepeth, L. A. Hendrix, B. H.	3 4 7 1 2 2 2 2 3	
	E0000000	The second secon

Name	CPIP	Home	Office	
Herndon, J. A.	2	The second		
Hill, B. F. Higgins, K. G. Hogg, A. L. Hogwood, H. P. Holderfield, B. F.	6 3 2			
Holt, S. R. Horton, J. H. Hostetler, D. R. Hudgins, D. F. Hunter, R. H. Hutcherson, C.	2 6 1 3 3 3			
Irwin, R. R.	2			
Jenkins, M. H. Jewell, N. J. Johnson, D. L. Johnson, J. M. Johnson, R. T.	2 2 2 2 3 2			
Johnson, M. L. Jones, D. D. Jones, W. E.	2 3 3			
Kahnhauser, H. F. Lawler, J. A. Kaplan, L. A. Kirkham, S. D. Kube, C. E., Jr.	8 3 3 2 1/3			
Lambert, R. P. Lawler, J. A. Leasburg, R. H. Leberstien, J. H. LeFevre, K. R. Lifrage, E. G. Lippard, D. W. Logan, J. B.	4 3 1 6 8 7 6 3			
Maciejewski, John Maciejewski, Pat Martin, D. C. Martin, F. B. Martin, J. W. Jr.	3 3 3 6 8			
McAvoy, J. M. McGee, A. C. Miller, H. L.	3 3 1/8			

Name	CPIP
Miller, R. A. Moore, C. F.	1 3
Munsey, E.	1/2
Musser, E. H.	2
Neblett, C. F.	3
Ogren, J. W.	8
Parent, G. F.	3
Parham, N. W.	2
Donnich A I III	
Parrish, A. L., III Patteson, B. J.	7 3 3 7 3 3 2
Paxton, G. J.	3
Perkins, J. L.	7
Pheris, W. E.	3
Pickett, D. A.	3
Purnell, B. B.	2
Rentz, F. L.	2
Rhodes, J. T.	1/2
Robinson, C. M., Jr.	7
Rodill, W. B.	7
Roth, David B.	6
Runner, W. R.	3
Salkin, H. M.	3
Sarver, S. P.	8
Sharp, B. J.	3
Sherry, J. P.	2
Shupe, F. L.	3
Smith, D. L.	3
Smith, E. R., Jr.	1/6
Smith, J. S.	2
Smith, M. L.	2 6 2 3 3
Smith, R. A.	2
Smith, R. G.	3
Smith, V. R.	
Spendell, D. W. Jr. Spencer, W. C.	6
Stafford, A. H.	
Starkey, P. L.	8 2
Stewart, W. L.	1/8
	2,0



Name	CPIP	Home	Office	
Tatum, C. Taylor, I. B. Taylor, R. M. Tegethoff, R. F. Thomas, W. N. Thomasson, F. L., Jr. Thompson, W. L. Thornton, W. A. Topping, E. M. Tracey, E. T. Turner, D. S.	1/9 3 6 3 1 6 6 6 8 3 2			
Valentine, V. G. VanDyke, H. Vaughan, S. M.	3 3 3			
Waddill, J. W. Wagner, D. S. Wallmeyer, A. J. Walters, P. A. Washington, R. A. Washington, O. G. Wheeler, C. F. Williford, U. G. Wilson, J. L. Wine, J. R. Wroniewicz, G.	1/7 6 2 2 3 3 3 3 1 3			

APPENDIX A.1 - BSEP PERSONNEL

Home Phone

Office

GENERAL MANAGER (SITE EMERGENCY COORDINATOR)

C. R. Dietz



ALTERNATES

MANAGER - PLANT OPERATIONS

J. L. Harness

Pager



MANAGER - ENVIRONMENTAL & RADIATION CONTROL (RADIOLOGICAL CONTROL DIRECTOR)

A. G. Cheatham



MANAGER - MAINTENANCE (EMERGENCY REPAIR DIRECTOR)

J. P. Dimmette



MANAGER - OPERATIONS (PLANT OPERATIONS DIRECTOR)

J. W. Chase

Alternate

A. S. Hegler



ASSISTANT TO THE GENERAL MANAGER (LOGISTIC SUPPORT DIRECTOR)

L. E. Boyer



Alternate

J. A. Smith

MANAGER - TECHNICAL SUPPORT (ACCIDENT ASSESSMENT LEADER)

E. A. Bishop



Alternate

J. S. Boone



Rev. 8

RADIATION CONTROL SUPERVISOR I (PERSONNEL PROTECTION AND DECONTAMINATION LEADER)

L. F. Tripp

Alternate



Radiation Control Foreman (See Attached)

RADIATION CONTROL SUPERVISOR II (PLANT MONITORING LEADER)

J. D. Henderson



Alternate

Radiation Control Foreman (See Attached)

ENVIRONMENTAL AND CHEMISTRY SUPERVISOR (ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING LEADER)

C. E. Robertson

Alternate



A. H. Caylor

PRINCIPAL SPECIALIST - RADIATION CONTROL (DOSE PROTECTION COORDINATOR)

R. F. Queener



Alternate

R. C. Specialist (See Attached)

MECHANICAL MAINTENANCE SUPERVISOR (DAMAGE CONTROL LEADER)

G. G. Campbell



C. R. Treubel

I&C/ELECTRICAL MAINTENANCE SUPERVISOR (DAMAGE CONTROL LEADER)

T. L. Brown



R. D. Creech

SENIOR SPECIALIST ELECTRICAL/MECHANICAL (OPERATIONAL SUPPORT CENTER LEADER)

C. D. Aldridge

C. D. Parker

D. Stidham



BSEP/PEP-APPENDIX A.1



Rev. 8

Home Phone

SECURITY SPECIALIST (EMERGENCY SECURITY LEADER)

W. R. Hatcher

Alternate

G. Spies

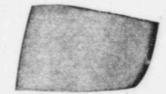


COST CONTROL SPECIALIST (EVACUATION ASSEMBLY LEADER)

J. L. Boyte

Alternate

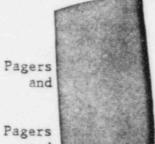
R. G. Lee



REGULATORY COMPLIANCE (EMERGENCY COMMUNICATOR)

K. E. Enzor

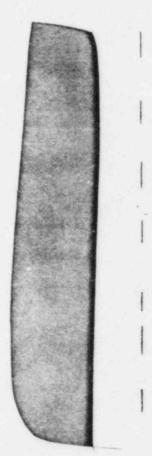
D. E. Novotny



R. M. Poulk

and





Environmental and Radiation Control

A. H. Caylor (E&C)

W. L. Conn (RC)

T. W. Doudna (RC)

B. E. Failor (RC)

J. B. Keyser (RC)

M. L. Milliror (E&C)

W. A. Nurnberger (E&C)

R. S. Otey (RC)

C. L. Priest (RC)

H. M. Shaver (RC)

J. D. Ward (RC)

J. W. Davis (E&C)

J. L. Kiser (RC ALARA)

R. E. Queener (RC)

P. B. Snead (RC)

R. E. Pennock (RC)

S. B. Potter (RC)

J. B. Cook (RC)

C. F. Blackmon

P. T. McNeill

W. L. Johnson

J. D. Lichty

D. C. Cooper

R. A. LaBelle

R. D. Tart

M. R. Foss

W. D. Link

J. L. Simon

S. B. York C. S. Briney

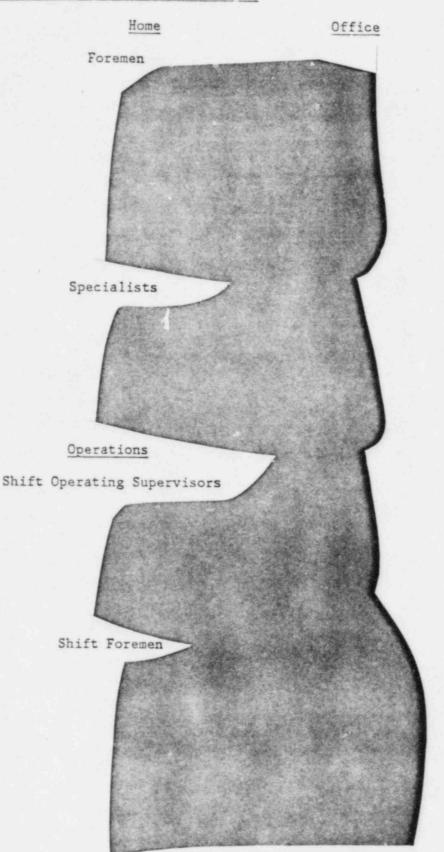
E. C. Hawkins

K. F. Horn

B. S. Strickland

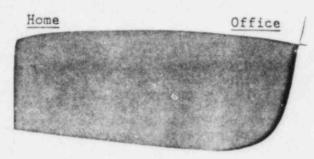
B. A. Harris

D. Pate



Qualified Operators for Emergency Switchboard

Annette Clemmons Charlotte Frye Kay Hewett Sandy Knight Rosetta Meachem



EOF Personnel

EOF Communicator

Mike Jones Wayne Martin

Phone Talkers TSC/EOF

Cindy Long Brenda Unger Evelyn Johnson

Status Board Plotter

Doug Allen George Milligan

Log Keeper

Ray White Bob Beverage

SRO

Norvell Stewart Ed Thorndyke

Data Logger

Barbara Hart Lynn Pierce

Clerk

Connie Cathey



APPENDIX A.2 - FEDERAL, STATE, AND COUNTY AGENCIES

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, REGION II

Atlanta, Georgia

HPN - Black Phone System

Bethesda, Maryland

HPN - Black Phone System

(Daytime, Nights and Holidays)
Rotary Dial
Touch Tone

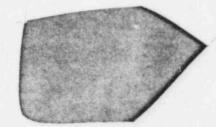
(Upon failure of Red Phone ENS)
Rotary Dial
Touch Tone

(To operate the HPN System, lift receiver and dial the desired party. No dial tone is heard.)

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Savannah River Operations Office Radiological Assistance Teams W. T. Thornton

S. R. Wright



Primary
(During Normal Working Hours)

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

State Warning Point
Highway Patrol
Radiological Health Branch
Mr. Dayne Brown

BRUNSWICK COUNTY

Warning Point
(County Sheriff)
Civil Preparedness
(Mr. Cecil Logan)

NEW HANOVER COUNTY

Warning Point

(County Sheriff - Sheriff J. McQueen)

Civil Preparedness

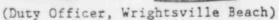
(Mr. Ben Washburn)

U.S. COAST GUARD

Marine Safety Office







FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

*Automatic Ring-Down dedicated telephone line



Alternate

7

GENERAL ELECTRIC
San Jose, California

408/971-1038

UNITED ENGINEERS AND CONSTRUCTORS
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

215/422-4844

BABCOCK AND WILCOX EMERGENCY PROTOCOL
For Postaccident Sample Analysis

Emergency Contacts

The following individuals are the points of contact within B&W for emergency notification that BSEP is preparing to ship a postaccident sample to the Lynchburg Research Center (LRC):

Emergency Control Officer:

Mr. J. P. (Pat) Doran

Work Phone Home Phone

Emegency Control Officer - Alternate:

Mr. A. F. (Arne) Olsen

Work Phone Home Phone



Required Information

When notifying the B&W Emergency Control Officer (ECO), the caller should be prepared to supply the following information:

- The plant involved, the name of the individual making contact, and the name and telephone numbers of the responsible person at the utility to whom follow-up communication should be addressed.
- The number and type of samples to be shipped; i.e., liquid, gaseous and/or charcoal cartridge.
- Measured radiation levels from the shipping container at the surface and at three feet.
- 4. The estimated shipping time and time of arrival at the Lynchburg (Virginia) Municipal Airport. (If shipment by other than air transport is intended, the carrier and time of arrival at the Lynchburg Research Center should be specified.)

RADIATION EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE CENTER/TRAINING SITE (REAC/TS)

Dr. Karl Hubner

