March 7, 1991

- MEMORANDUM FOR: Susan F. Shankman, Acting Director Project Directorate I-3 Division of Reactor Projects = 1/11
- FROM: Ronald B. Eaton, Senior Project Manager Project Directorate 1-3 Division of Reactor Projects - 1/11
- SUBJECT: MEETING SUMMARY NRC TASK FORCE AND BOSTON EDISON COMPANY ON THE STATUS OF OFF-SITE EMERGENCY PLANNING FOR PILGRIM NUCLEAR POWER STATION

At the request of the NRC Task Force reviewing the status of off-site Emergency Preparedness, a meeting between the Task Force and BECo, open to the public to observe, was held in Plymouth, Massachusetts on February 25, 1991. The documents referred to on page 13 of the transcript are in the NRC public document room (PDR) and the local public document room (LPDR) except for the ones enclosed to this summary. The tables below will help in locating the public documents. Also enclosed is a copy of the transcript of the meeting and statements, letters or documents provided by the public at the meeting.

DOCUMENT TABLE

BECO LETTER	DATE	ACCESSION#	MICROFILM ADDRESS
90-119	10/04/90	9010120057	55431+065/55432-230
90-133	11/29/90	9012130116	56112-096/56112-098
91-2.91008	02/01/91	9102060362	56616-039/56616-136

Original signed by Ronald B. Eaton, Senior Project Manager Project Directorate 1-3 Division of Reactor Projects - 1/11

Enclosures:

- 1. BECO Letter 91-018
- 2. Public Meeting Transcript
- 3. Statement by Mary C. Ott
- and accompanying documents
- 4. Statement by Jane A. Fleming
- Letter of correction to the transcript provided by Mary C. Ott, dated February 27, 1991

cc: See next page

AFA	1 KKY 41		il A	previous concurrence	
OFC	:LA:PD1-3*	:NRR:PEPB*	: PM ; PDIE3	(A) 90:903-3	
NAME	:MRushbrook	FKantor	:REaton:dr	:SSpankman :	
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DISTRIBUTION Docket or Central File NRC & Local PDRs F. Miraglia S. Varga E. Greenman PDI-3 Reading S. Shankman R. Eaton OGC E. Jordan B. Grimes Receptionist (White Flint North) R. Erickson F. Kantor E. Podolak A. Mohseni M. Lawless, FEMA ACRS (10) J. Caldwell, Region 1 GPA/PA L. Sapp E. Tana D. Jones L. Plisco K. Brockman, MS 17G21 K. Abraham, Region 1 M. Rushbrook J. Johnson, Region I

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cc: Licensee/Applicant & Service List

Mr. George W. Davis

CC:

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ENCLOSURE 1

23

BOSTON EDISON

Pilgrim Nuclear Power Station Rocky Hill Road Plymouth, Massachusetts 02360

> February 21, 1991 BECo Ltr. #91-018

George W. Davis Senior Vice President - Nuclear

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attn: Document Cintrol Desk Washington, D.C 20555

> License No. DPR-35 Docket No. 50-293

CORRECTION TO OCTOBER 4, 1990 BOSTON EDISON COMPANY RESPONSE TO NRC REQUEST FOR INFORMATION ON OFFSITE EMERGENCY PLANNING FOR PILGRIM STATION

On October 4, 1990, Boston Edison Company submitted a response to an NRC request for information on offsite emergency planning (BECo Ltr. 90.119 as amended by BECo Ltr. 90-133, November 29, 1990). Recently, Boston Edison conducted an analysis of mobilization times of the Massachusetts National Guard to staff the Wellesley r ception center and of the arrival time of the general public at Wellesley. A copy of that analysis is attached.

As a result of our analysis, Boston Edison has determined that Item Tr-70 at p. II-98 of our October 4, 1990 response contains an inaccurate statement. In Item Tr-70, Boston Edison stated that "[t]he first evacuees arriving at Wellesley would occur at approximately five to six hours after the evacuation had been announced to the public." Based upon the attached memorandum, we anticipate that the first evacuees would arrive at Wellesley within the first 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 hours after the EBS evacuation order.

If you have any questions, please feel free to call me or Ron Varley at (508) 747-9464.

G. W. Davis

EOF3650 Attachment

910-280118

cc: Mr. William T. Russell Associate Director for Inspection and Technical Assessment Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission February 21, 1991 Page Two

cc (Continued)

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Mr. Steven A. Varga, Director Division of Reactor Projects - I/III Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555

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Mr. Richard Strome Regional Director Federal Emergency Management Agency J. W. McCormack Post Office & Court House Boston, MA 02109

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Boston Edison Company

To: R. A. Varley	From: R. J. Markovich	Record Type A4.08
Date: February 15, 1991	Dept. Doc. EP91-116	Non-Safety Related

Subject: <u>Timely Mobilization of the Massachusetts National</u> Guard to Staff Wellesley

Distribution:

I. Introduction

This memorandum summarizes Boston Edison's analysis of the abliity of the Massachusetts National Guard (MNG) to staff the monitoring and decontamination station (MDS) at the Wellesley reception cent. In a timely manner. The MNG performs monitoring, and if necessary, decontamination of evacuees at the Wellesley reception center. As discussed below, the MNG can staff the MDS at Wellesley in a timely manner.

There are two basic components in the analysis: (1) the estimated time it will take the MNG and Massachusetts Department of Public Works (MDPW) to staff and activate the MDS at the reception center; and (2) the estimated time it will take for evacuees to arrive at the reception center facility. Each of these is discussed below. A timeline is also provided which graphically portrays the anticipated sequence of events leading up to full facility staffing.

> Before summarizing the analysis, it should be noted that the most critical element of the emergency response effort is to assure that persons are provatly evacuated from the EPZ (if that is the applicable protective action directive). It should also be noted that while the analysis summarized below focuses on the ability to timely staff the MDS at Wellesley and process evacuees in the first several hours of an evacuation, the applicable FEMA criterion addresses the capability to monitor 20 percent of the evacuating population in about 12 hours. There is no criterion of which we are aware which governs the number of persons to be processed during the first few hours of an emergency.

II. Estimated Time of Arrival of the Massachusetts National Guard at Wellesley and Activation of the Monitoring and Decontamination Station at the Facility

The MNG is part of the emergency response team assigned to the Wellesley reception center. The MNG performs monitoring, and if necessary, decontamination of evacuees reporting to Wellesley. (See "Wellesley Reception Center", IP-05 (Draft-4, December 19, 1990)).

Applicable Radiological Emergency Response Plan (RERP procedures call for the MNG to be notified and mobilize early on in an emergency at the Alert level and to prepare the MDS at Wellesley at the Site Area Emergency.*! (See "Wellesley Reception Center", IP-05 (Draft-4, December 19, 1990)). This ensures that in most emergencies, the MNG

* Pursuant to MNG procedures, the MNG does not activate until the Governor declares a state of emergency. The analysis contained in this memorandum does not quantify the time needed to obtain a Governor's declaration. That process may add some additional time to the mobilization sequence 'owever, based on discussions with MCDA, we understand that in the vent of an immediate General Emergency at Pilgrim, action would be promptly initiated to establish a state of emergency.

> would be prepared to monitor, and if necessary, decontaminate evacuees well in advance of any protective action directive to the general public to evacuate the Pilgrim EP2.

> In the unlikely event of an immediate General Emergency, the Massachusetts Department of Public Works staff located at the Wellesley facility is responsible for setting up the Wellesley facility prior to the arrival of the MNG. (See "Reception Center Setup", IP-17 (Draft-3, February 1, 1990)). Initial set-up of the MDS at the Wellesley facility takes approximately 30 minutes. This entails wheeling at least one portal monitor about 200 feet from storage to its set-up location. This also includes gathering a few hand held monitors used for monitoring vehicles, and placing a number of traffic cones out_ide the facility. Complete set-up of the MDS at the facility including set-up of: monitoring and decontamination areas, 2 portal monitors, and traffic areas should take approximately one hour. Complete set-up of all aspects of the Wellesley reception center should take approximately 2 hours.

> If set-up of the Wellesley facility is called for during working hours, set-up can begin almost immediately upon the DPW staff being notified, because the DPW staff is located at Wellesley. (See "MCDA Operations Officer" IP-03 (Draft-07, January 21, 1991)). During off-hours, the MDPW dispatcher is notified by MCDA at about the same time the MNG is notified. (See "MCDA Security Guard" IP-07 (Draft-06, December 10, 1990)). The MDPW dispatcher then notifies the MDPW staff via telephones and pagers to report to Wellesley. (See "Wellesley Reception Center RERP", Section II.F.4 (Draft-2, January 17, 1991)). Based on

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conversations with the MDPW Emergency Response Coordinator, MDPW staff response time to Wellesley would be minimal because most of the MDPW staff live in the vicinity of Wellesley. In addition, the MDPW staff has received training in set-up of the facility, registration of evacuees, and in basic monitoring operations.

Based upon recent conversations between Colonel Gavigan (MNG) and members of my staff, in the very unlikely scenario where an immediate General Emergency is declared at Pilgrim, the MNG can have at least 10 people at Wellesley within about one hour of notification. ** Within about two hours, the MNG .an have at least 20 personnel at Weilesley and within about three hours of notification, 40 MNG personnel can be at Wellesley. Finally, within about four hours of notification, the full complement of MNG personnel (48) assigned to perform the monitoring, and decontamination of evacuees at Wellesley (one shift) will be at the facility. According to MCDA, it has been their understanding, as well, that the MNG will be cole to promptly mobilize (i.e., to make personnel available in less than 4 - 6 hours).

Only 6 to 8 persons are needed to perform the initial monitoring of evacuees and vehicles, including ehicle monitors and a recorder, 1 portal monitor operator, and a mitial personnel monitor and a recorder. Basic monitoring and decontamination of evacuees can be handled by 18 to 20 people. The 18 to 20 people include: 2 portal

*** Boston Edison's October 4, 1990 letter to the NRC (Item Tr-70 at p. II-98) generally states that "an advance [MNG] party could be at Wellesley in one to four hours, with remaining personnel arriving at intervals up to six to twelve hours." Those estimates have since been refined. While we understand that it may be the MNG's general policy or practice to respond to emergency situations in about 4 - 8 hours, our discussions, as mentioned above, indicate the ability to more promptly mobilize to support RERP-related activities.

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monitor operators, 2 initial personnel monitors, 1 personnel recorder, 6 vehicle monitors, 1 vehicle recorder, 4 secondary personnel monitors, and 2 personnel decontamination assistants. and 2 vehicle decontamination assistants.

Therefore, even at the earliest stages of a fast-breaking event in which an immediate General Emergency is declared, sufficient MNG personnel would be available to begin monitoring operations. (e.g., ore lour after notification). Furthermore, DPW personnel located at Wellesley or near would conduct facility set-up and this should not be a limiting factor in promptly initiating reception center operations. Finally, in all but the most unlikely scenarios, facility staffing and preparation will occur well prior to the declaration of a General Emergency.

III. Estimated Arrival Times of Evacuees

As indicated in the attached table, in the uninkely event of an immediate General Emergency and the proterive action directive is a rapid evacuation, the earliest that any evacuees would be expected to arrive at Wellesley is approximately one hour and thirty minutes after an evacuation of the EPZ is ordered. This assumes a quick departure from the EPZ, clothes packed, family gathered and car gassed.

In Boston Edison's October 4, 1990 Letter to the NRC (Item Tr-70 at p. II-98), Boston Edison stated that the first evacuees would arrive at Wellesiey about five to six hours after the public was notified to evacuate. The statement that the first evacuees would a rive at Wellesley in about five to six hours is inaccurate. More detailed analysis results in a better estimate of about one hour and thirty minutes as discussed in this memorandum.

IV. Comparison of MNG and General Public Arrival Times at Wellesley

In the unlikely event of an immediate General Emergency, the MNG would receive notification from MCDA approximately 15 minutes before the general public receives the EBS message to evacuate. (See "MCDA Operations Officer", IP-03 (Draft-07, January 21, 1991); "MCDA Security Guard", IP-07 (Draft-06, December 10, 1990). Approximately 10 personnel from the MNG should arrive at Wellesley about 45 minutes before any evacuees arrive. These 10 members of the MNG could begin monitoring of any early arriving evacuees. Additionally, approximately 15 minutes after the first evacuees have arrived at Wellesley, a basic monitoring and decontamination crew consisting of 18 to 20 members of the MNG would have arrived at Wellecley. This crew could adequately monitor and begin to decontaminate the initial evacuees arriving at Wellesley. Finally, in the event of an immediate General Emergency, the Wellesley. Finally, would be fully staffed by the MNG four hours after notification.

V. Conclusion

In the unlikely event of an immediate General Emergency at Pilgrim, the Wellesley Reception Center would be set-up in a timely manner by the DPW staff. Any early arriving evacuees at Wellesley could be monitored, and if necessary, decontaminated by the MNG in a timely fashion. Additionally, as portrayed in the attached timeline:

- Approximately 10 personnel from the MNG will arrive at Wellesley 45 minutes before the first evacuees arrive. Upon the MNG's arrival, the DPW staff should have completed initial set-up of the monitoring equipment at Wellesley. These 10 members of the MNG could begin monitoring any early arriving evacuees.
- Approximately fifteen minutes before the first evacuees have arrived at Wellesley, the full complement of MDS equipment should be in place.
- A basic monitoring and decontamination crew consisting of 18-20 members of the MNG would be operational at Wellesley with about fifteen minutes after the first evacuees arrive. This crew could adequately monitor and Segin to decontaminate the initial evacuees arriving at Wellesley.
- Finally, in the event of an immediate General Emergency, the MDS at Wellesley would be fully staffed by the MNG four hours after notification.

/jlm EOF2829

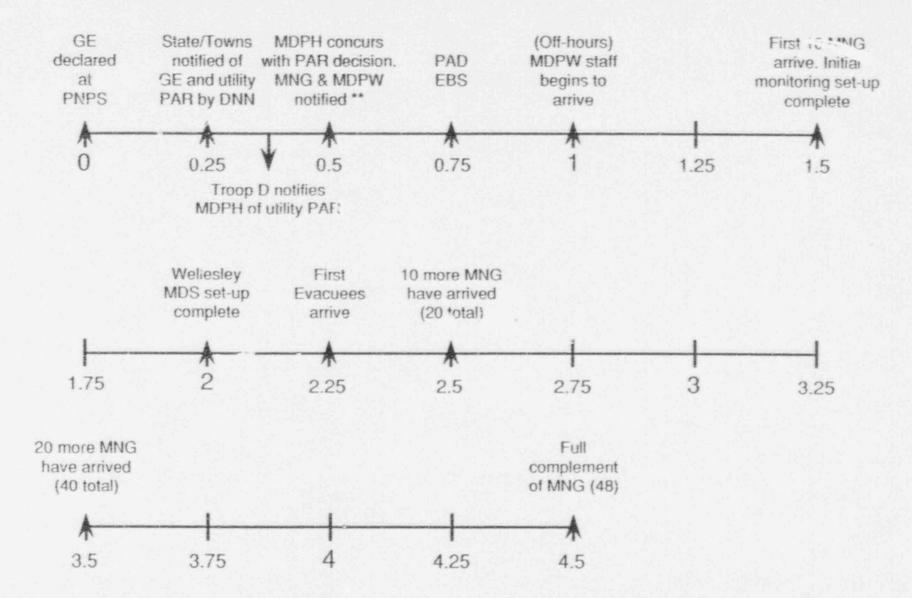
Cumula	tive	Number	of	Gener	ali	Publ	lic	Arriving	at
	Welle	esley R	ecep	otion	Cen	ter	Pri	or to	
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Elapsed Time (Hrs.) from Order to Evacuate	Cumulative <u>Number of Arrivals</u> **			
:30	0			
1:00	0			
1:30 to 2:30	0 to 513			
2:30 to 3:30	513 to 1289			
3:30 to 4:00 ****	1289 to 1950			

*	This table is based on an analysis of the arrival times of the general public at Wellesley conducted by KLD Associates Inc.
**	Number of arrivals is based on summer weekend, midday conditions.
***	Full complement of MNG (48) have arrived.

TABLE

MOBILIZATION OF MNG TO STAFF WELLESLEY*



* All times are approximate.

* * Time needed to obtain Governor's State of Emergency Declaration not quantified.