



UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

June 9, 1994

Docket No. 50-412

Mr. J. D. Sieber, Senior Vice President
and Chief Nuclear Officer
Nuclear Power Division
Duquesne Light Company
Post Office Box 4
Shippingport, Pennsylvania 15077-0004

Dear Mr. Sieber:

SUBJECT: GENERIC LETTER (GL) 92-01, REVISION 1, "REACTOR VESSEL STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY," BEAVER VALLEY UNIT 2 (TAC NO. M83432)

By letter dated July 8, 1992, Duquesne Light Company (DLC) provided its response to GL 92-01, Revision 1. The NRC staff has completed its review of your response. Based on its review, the staff has determined that DLC has provided the information requested in GL 92-01.

The GL is part of the staff's program to evaluate reactor vessel integrity for Pressurized Water Reactors (PWRs) and Boiling Water Reactors (BWRs). The information provided in response to GL 92-01, including previously docketed information, is being used to confirm that licensees satisfy the requirements and commitments necessary to ensure reactor vessel integrity for their facilities.

A substantial amount of information was provided in response to GL 92-01, Revision 1. These data have been entered into a computerized database designated Reactor Vessel Integrity Database (RVID). The RVID contains the following tables: A pressurized thermal shock (PTS) table for PWRs, a pressure-temperature limit table for BWRs, and an upper-shelf energy (USE) table for PWRs and BWRs. Enclosure 1 provides the PTS table, Enclosure 2 provides the USE table for your facility, and Enclosure 3 provides a key for the nomenclature used in the tables. The tables include the data necessary to perform USE and RT_{pts} evaluations. These data were taken from your response to GL 92-01 and previously docketed information. References to the specific source of the data are provided in the tables.

We request that you verify the information you have provided for Beaver Valley Unit 2 has been accurately entered in the summary data file. No response is necessary unless an inconsistency is identified. If no comments are received within 30 days from the date of this letter, the staff will consider your actions related to GL 92-01, Revision 1, to be complete and the staff will use the information in the tables for future NRC assessments of your reactor pressure vessel.

This information requested by this letter is within the scope of the overall burden estimated in GL 92-01, Revision 1, "Reactor Vessel Structural Integrity, 10 CFR 50.54(f)." The estimated average number of burden hours is 200 person hours for each addressee's response. This estimate pertains only

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DFO

Mr. J. D. Sieber

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June 9, 1994

to the identified response-related matters and does not include the time required to implement actions required by the regulations. This action is covered by the Office of Management and Budget Clearance Number 3150-0011, which expires June 30, 1994.

Sincerely,

Original signed by
Gordon E. Edison, Senior Project Manager
Project Directorate I-3
Division of Reactor Projects - I/II
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Enclosures:

1. Pressurized Thermal Shock Tables
2. Upper-Shelf Energy Table
3. Nomenclature Key

cc w/enclosures:
See next page

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Gordon E. Edison, Senior Project Manager
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See next page

Mr. J. D. Sieber
Duquesne Light Company

Beaver Valley Power Station
Units 1 & 2

cc:

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Summary File for Pressurized Thermal Shock

Plant Name	Beltline Ident.	Heat No. Ident.	ID Neut. Fluence at EOL/EFPY	IRT _{net}	Method of Determin. IRT _{net}	Chemistry Factor	Method of Determin. CF	%Cu	%Ni
Beaver Valley 2 EOL: 5/27/2027	Int. Shell B9004-1		6.207E19	60°F	Plant Specific	44	Table	0.07	0.53
	Int. Shell B9004-2		6.207E19	40°F	Plant Specific	44	Table	0.07	0.59
	B9005-1 Lower Shell		6.207E19	28°F	Plant Specific	51	Table	0.08	0.59
	B9005-2 Lower Shell		6.207E19	33°F	Plant Specific	44	Table	0.07	0.58
	Circ. Weld	83642	6.207E19	-30°F	Plant Specific	37.05	Table	0.08	0.07
	Axial Welds	83642	1.861E19	-30°F	Plant Specific	37.05	Table	0.08	0.07

Reference for Beaver Valley 2

Fluence data and amount of copper are from July 8, 1992, letter from J. D. Sieber (DLC) to USMRC Document Control Desk, subject: Beaver Valley Power Station, Unit No. 1 and No. 2, Response to Generic Letter 92-01

Amount of nickel and IRT_{net} data are from Table A-2 of WCAP-12406.

Summary File for Upper Shelf Energy

Plant Name	Beitline Ident.	Heat No.	Material Type	1/4T USE at EOL/EFPY	1/4T Neutron Fluence at EOL/EFPY	Unirrad. USE	Method of Determin. Unirrad. USE
Beaver Valley 2 EOL: 5/27/2027	Int. Shell B9004-1		A 533B-1	61	3.87E19	83	Direct
	Int. Shell B9004-2		A 533B-1	56	3.87E19	76	Direct
	Lower Shell B9005-1		A 533B-1	61	3.87E19	82	Direct
	Lower Shell B9005-2		A 533B-1	57	3.87E19	78	Direct
	Circ. Weld	83642	Linde 0091 SAW	105	3.87E19	145	Direct
	Axial Welds	83642	Linde 0091 SAW	114	1.16E19	145	Direct
<p><u>References</u></p> <p>Fluence and USE data are from July 8, 1992, letter from J. D. Sieber (DLC) to USNRC Document Control Desk, subject: Beaver Valley Power Station, Unit No. 1 and No. 2, Response to Generic Letter 92-01</p> <p>Chemical composition data are from Table A-2 of WCAP-12406.</p>							

PRESSURIZED THERMAL SHOCK TABLES AND USE TABLES FOR ALL PWR PLANTSNOMENCLATURE

Pressurized Thermal Shock Table

- Column 1: Plant name and date of expiration of license.
 Column 2: Beltline material location identification.
 Column 3: Beltline material heat number; for some welds that a single-wire or tandem-wire process has been reported, (S) indicates single wire was used in the SAW process, (T) indicates tandem wire was used in the SAW process.
 Column 4: End-of-life (EOL) neutron fluence at vessel inner wall; cited directly from inner diameter (ID) value or calculated by using Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.99, Revision 2, neutron fluence attenuation methodology from the quarter thickness (T/4) value reported in the latest submittal (GL 92-01, PTS, or P/T limits submittals).
 Column 5: Unirradiated reference temperature.
 Column 6: Method of determining unirradiated reference temperature (IRT).

Plant-Specific

This indicates that the IRT was determined from tests on material removed from the same heat of the beltline material.

MTEB 5-2

This indicates that the unirradiated reference temperature was determined from following MTEB 5-2 guidelines for cases where the IRT was not determined using American Society of Mechanical Engineers Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section III, NB-2331, methodology.

Generic

This indicates that the unirradiated reference temperature was determined from the mean value of tests on material of similar types.

- Column 7: Chemistry factor for irradiated reference temperature evaluation.
 Column 8: Method of determining chemistry factor.

Table

This indicates that the chemistry factor was determined from the chemistry factor tables in RG 1.99, Revision 2.

Calculated

This indicates that the chemistry factor was determined from surveillance data via procedures described in RG 1.99, Revision 2.

Column 9: Copper content; cited directly from licensee value except when more than one value was reported. (Staff used the average value in the latter case.)

No Data

This indicates that no copper data has been reported and the default value in RG 1.99, Revision 2, will be used by the staff.

Column 10: Nickel content; cited directly from licensee value except when more than one value was reported. (Staff used the average value in the latter case.)

No Data

This indicates that no nickel data has been reported and the default value in RG 1.99, Revision 2, will be used by the staff.

Upper Shelf Energy Table

- Column 1: Plant name and date of expiration of license.
- Column 2: Beltline material location identification.
- Column 3: Beltline material heat number; for some welds that a single-wire or tandem-wire process has been reported, (S) indicates single wire was used in the SAW process. (T) indicates tandem wire was used in the SAW process.
- Column 4: Material type; plate types include A 533B-1, A 302B, A 302B Mod., and forging A 508-2; weld types include SAW welds using Linde 80, 0091, 124, 1092, ARCOS-B5 flux, Rotterdam welds using Graw Lo, SMIT 89, LY 320, and SAF 89 flux, and SMAW welds using no flux.
- Column 5: EOL upper-shelf energy (USE) at T/4; calculated by using the EOL fluence and either the copper value or the surveillance data. (Both methods are described in RG 1.99, Revision 2.)

EMA

This indicates that the USE issue may be covered by the approved equivalent margins analysis in a topical report.

- Column 6: EOL neutron fluence at T/4 from vessel inner wall; cited directly from T/4 value or calculated by using RG 1.99, Revision 2, neutron fluence attenuation methodology from the ID value reported in the latest submittal (GL 92-01, PTS, or P/T limits submittals).

Column 7: Unirradiated USE.

EMA

This indicates that the USE issue may be covered by the approved equivalent margins analysis in a topical report.

Column 8: Method of determining unirradiated USE.

Direct

For plates, this indicates that the unirradiated USE was from a transverse specimen. For welds, this indicates that the unirradiated USE was from test date.

65%

This indicates that the unirradiated USE was 65% of the USE from a longitudinal specimen.

Generic

This indicates that the unirradiated USE was reported by the licensee from other plants with similar materials to the beltline material.

NRC generic

This indicates that the unirradiated USE was derived by the staff from other plants with similar materials to the beltline material.

10, 30, 40, or 50 °F

This indicates that the unirradiated USE was derived from Charpy test conducted at 10, 30, 40, or 50 °F.

Surv. Weld

This indicates that the unirradiated USE was from the surveillance weld having the same weld wire heat number.

Equiv. to Surv. Weld

This indicates that the unirradiated USE was from the surveillance weld having different weld wire heat number.

Sister Plant

This indicates that the unirradiated USE was derived by using the reported value from other plants with the same weld wire heat number.

Blank

Indicates that there is insufficient data to determine the unirradiated USE.