NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

BEFORE THE ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD

In the Matter of:

WISCONSIN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY : DOCKET NO. 50-266 OLA-2

(Point Beach Nuclear Plant, Unit 1) :

DATE: September 27, 1982 PAGES: 1 - 38

AT: Washington, D. C.

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

BEFORE THE ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD

In the Matter of:

WISCONSIN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY : Docket No. 50-266 OLA-2 (Point Beach Nuclear Plant, Unit 1):

In the Offices of Alderson Reporting Company 400 Virginia Avenue, S.W. Washington, D. C.

Monday September 27, 1982

The telephone conference in the above-entitled matter was convened, pursuant to notice, at 4:50 p.m.

BEFORE:

PETER BLOCH, Chairman Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the Applicant, Wisconsin Electric Power Company:

BRUCE CHURCHILL, Esq.
LISA RIDGEWAY, Esq.
Shaw, Pittman, Potts and Trowbridge.

On behalf of the Staff of the NRC:

RICHARD BACHMANN, Esq.

On behalf of Intervenors, The Environmental

Decade:

PETER ANDERSON, Esq.

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PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: My name is Peter Bloch. I am the

Chairman of the Licensing Board in Docket No. 50-266-OLA-2. This

is a license amendment proceeding filed by Wisconsin Electric

Power Company with respect to repair of steam generators by

replacement of major components, including the tube bundles,

in accordance with the Licensee's application for amendment dated

May 27, 1982.

This conference was called at the request of the Applicant and the purpose of the conference is to discuss scheduleing.

I would ask the parties to identify themselves for the record. For the Applicant.

MR. CHURCHILL: Yes, Your Honor. My name is Bruce Churchill, I am with the law firm of Shaw Pittman Potts and Trowbridge. With me is Lisa Ridgeway also with the same law firm.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: For the staff of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

MR. BACHMANN: Yes, this is Richard Bachmann, with the Office of the Executive Legal Director.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: For Petitioner.

MR. ANDERSON: Wisconsin's Environtmental Decade, Inc., makes a special appearance until clarification occurs on a certain matter, by its Co-Director, Peter Anderson.

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CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Anderson, will you please address us as to what you need clarification on.

MR. ANDERSON: Sir, I think it is pretty clear, but I just want to make sure that there is no ambiguity, that this is not a special prehearing conference pursuant to 10 CFR Section 2.751(a).

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: No. The purpose is entirely one for deciding and to schedule things, possibly leading to a special prehearing conference.

MR. ANDERSON: That obviates my need to make a special limited appearance.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Thank you, Mr. Anderson.

Mr. Anderson, I would like us to have a status report on the documents that Decade is filing pursuant to the September 20 deadline that the Board imposed, and to the understanding of the Board there will be delayed filed affidavits which will explain the reason for the late filing. Could you explain what has already been filed, what is about to be filed, and what we expect to learn.

MR. ANDERSON: We filed a petition for a hearing dated

August 11. I don't have my notation here, but I received a

call in the earlier part of this month asking if we could have

any supplement or amendment to that petition made by September

20th, which will focus obviously on the letters from the

individuals on whose behalf we are filing the petition.

We have sent the letter out at the time I left town on September 17th, I was out of the state. We have not received it. I had left the transmittal filing to be sent by the secretary if the, arrived by the 20th, and they did not. My notes indicate, as I was not in the office at the time, she called you on September 20th saying that those returns had not yet been made.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: That is correct.

MR. ANDERSON: You indicated, apparently to her, that a special filing would have to be required to accompany that.

I returned on Wednesday, the same day on which those documents came in. I have only been holding them because we were on hold, per the Licensee's request to have a prehearing conference, and it is today.

So the status is that I have those letters. I will put them in the mail today. I just wanted to find out what the accompanying -- The reason I delayed it until this conference call right now was to find out what the accompanying format should be.

MR. BLOCH: Those should have been mailed, Mr. Anderson. We were asking you to make up a deficiency pointed out by the Applicant concerning whether or not you had appropriate authority to represent individuals who lived within an appropriate radius from the plant, and whether there was a sufficient interest.

MR. ANDERSON: Right.

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CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Could you now tell me, then, do these affidavits show that?

MR. ANDERSON: These are letters which read, "To Wisconsin Environmental Decade. This is to request that Wisconsin's Environtmental Decade intervene on my behalf before the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in opposition to the application by Wisconsin Electric Power Company to replace the steam generator at its Point Beach Nuclear Plant, Unit 1."

Are we on the record?

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Yes, we are.

MR. ANDERSON: Should I repeat that slowly?

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: The reporter, I suspect, will interrupt if she doesn't get it.

MR. ANDERSON: The first letter was signed by Joseph Duark, and the second by Paul Cortens.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Do they also state that they are members?

MR. ANDERSON: The letter does not state that, no.

They are.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: There is a possible problem. There has to be some evidence, I believe, and I think Applicant will demand it as well, that they are members, as well as the fact that they are authorizing you to represent them. I think you should probably show how long they have been members, or something of that sort to indicate that they are good faith. These are technical requirements, but they are important because

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they are the underpinning for your intervention.

MR. ANDERSON: I could include that in my letter. To get it back from them would be another delay.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: I would like to have comments from Applicant on this particular aspect of the proceeding. We, then, may pass on to other scheduling matters.

Mr. Churchill.

MR. CHURCHILL: Yes, Your Honor. Our response to the petition dated August 24, we cited the law and in what respects the petition was deficient, not only showing the requisite standing and interest through members of Decade, but also in that it didn't specifically state interest, and also that the interest that it did state was outside the scope of the amendment request.

We asked that the petition be denied, and we pointed out that this was an experienced, sophisticated intervenor in these proceedings and it well knew the requirements. We also pointed out our timing problems in that we don't have a lot of time in order to go through an entire hearing. As everybody is well aware, we now have 12 months to go through the entire process of initial decision, and that means even that a license wouldn't be issued until well after lots of preparation would have had to have been made in this very expensive undertaking.

Decade was, therefore, under notice of the time requirements. We did not ask that there be an opportunity for

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petition to be cured, we asked that it be denied. The staff has well pointed out deficiencies in the petition and also asked that it be denied, and not that it be given another chance for it to be cured.

In spite of that, he was given an opportunity by the Board, by September 20th, to cure the petition. He did not do that. Furthermore, he is now saying that even he has affidavits, which may or may not be sufficient, that for some reason he still did not send them in. This is more than a technicality. This is a case more than any other that I can think of, including sleeving hearing, which all of the parties on this call are parties, where the procedural aspects with respect to scheduling and timing could have substantial substantive effects, because the plant goes down for October 1, if we don't have the authorization or know one way or another what we are going to do, we could very well foreclose entirely from doing it.

I see no reason at all why Mr. Anderson should be given yet a third opportunity, having failed twice to provide an adequate petition to intervene.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: The staff.

MR. BACHMANN: Yes, Judge Bloch. I am quite disadvantaged here in using a speaker phone and not having the regulations close by me. It occurs to me, though, from what I remember of the regulations that up to 15 days prior to the special prehearing conference, a potential intervenor does have an

opportunity to amend his petition. On the other hand, I tend also to agree with Mr. Churchill that the delays here, at least from an attorney's standpoint, have been really somewhat inexcusable.

The basic premise is, I suppose, that an organization, according to the letter of the regulation, does have the opportunity to name and identify members. Then, in turn, those members could then state that the organization could represent them. I don't think that it is quite as closed as has been stated, wherein they must themselves identify themselves as members. I am just going from the exact words of the regulation, and not going from that which is available.

If we get to the situation, however, where we are within those days preceding the prehearing conference, the first special prehearing conference, the 2.751(a) special prehearing conference, I would be definitely stronger in my opposition to allow a petitioner for intervention any more chance to cure the petition. This is pretty much the staff's position at this point.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Bachmann, when I commented on the intervenor saying that he was a member it was because of experience in the Perry decision in which it turned out that there was a person who thought he was a member, but the organization had no record or recollection of that.

It seems to me that to some extent membership is a

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reciprocal thing. It is nice, certainly, to pin things down.

Both the organization has to believe he is a member, and he has to believe that he is a member.

In addition, at this point, it seems to me he should have been a member when the petition was filed. Do you have any comment on that?

MR. BACHMANN: I would say that an affidavit from Mr.

Anderson under oath, stating that this person indeed was a member of Decade at the time the petition was filed, and signed and sowrn to by Mr. Anderson as an official of the organization, at least should be enough to move forward in this area.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Churchill, before we ask Mr. Anderson, do you agree that this would be sufficient to demonstrate membership?

MR. CHURCHILL: I would be satisfied with that to demonstrate membership, but I have other problems with the defects in the affidavit.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Could you expand a little bit orally, before we give Mr. Anderson a chance to respond, on the problems with paragraph 4 of the petition, stating that they have a recognized life and property interest. What more do you think they should state in order to establish a safety concern for the organization and the individual members?

MR. CHURCHILL: I am looking for the petition.

Your Honor, it states that Decade has a recognized life

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and property interest.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Your problem is that it is the individuals who have that?

MR. CHURCH: Yes. The individual must show how (a) that he has an interest; and (b) that he wants Decade to represent that interest. From what heard read by Mr. Anderson, the individual does not state what his interest was.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: As I heard it, it did not state where the individual resided. I am not sure of the distance from the plant or what the nature of the interest was.

Mr. Anderson, would you like to comment at this point?

MR. ANDERSON: I would, if I may, Mr. Chairman.

I would be less than honest and less than forthright if

I did not say here and now that I am appalled at the focus that

is being placed in this proceeding by the Licensee and the staff.

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the industry have been on

notice since at least 1971 about the enormity of the safety

problem from degrading steam generator tubes.

Through the 11 years that have transpired since that time, it has been one attempt at evasive action to avoid resolving that problem after the other. In our view, with all due respect, I must say that the focus of the discussion by the Licensee and the staff is not taken as a good faith legal representation on our part, but rather as an attempt to continue to take evasive action that can only have its final consequence

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in a nuclear nightmare that will be catastrophic to all of us.

I would like to add one more thing, if I may, Mr.

Chairman. There is a fundamental inconsistency in Mr. churchill's position. On the one hand, he is saying, we have to move quickly because of the urgency that the Licensee perceives. On the other hand, Mr. Churchill is quibbling about every small, slight, meaningless technicality, that obviously will be resolved, but if dwelled upon could take weeks, months, and years of every one's time for no import.

I think that the reason for that inconsistency in our view is because he is attempting simply not to pursue a legal interest, but to wear down with trivia and layers of meaningless formalities, an intervenor who has far less legal resources.

I that the rules of the Commission provide, under Section 10, CFR 2.751(a), that we have a right, prior to 15 days before the special prehæring conference, to amend. There is not shortcoming, or lacking, or anything else on the part of the intervenor.

I would urge that if we are going to move forward in this spirit of accommodation to serve the public interest from all our perspectives. Any further dwelling on this kind of minutia is simply counterproductive, and I think in the long run analysis, when something does go catastrophically wrong, will redound very substantially to the reflection on the motivation of the parties involved. That completes my statement.

with you in the prior proceeding on the license amendment on Point Beach, that you feel extremely strongly about licensing matters and their dangers. We respect you for that feeling. But we are asking questions that, however trivial they may seem to you, are nevertheless matters on which legal standing may depend and which the Board is going to have to rule on.

I hope that you will not overlook these minutae in your concerns for the big picture.

I just would like to know whether we are correct in having heard the affidavit, that also does not establish the place of residence of the individual.

MR. ANDERSON: The place of residence is not stated in the letter sent to us, but it is a matter of record in terms of the phone book, or whatever. They do reside in Two Rivers and White Law respectively.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: And those are within what distance of the plant?

MR. ANDERSON: T think White Law would be something like 12 miles, and Two Rivers certainly would be within 20 miles of the plant.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Presumably they can file affidavits that state their place of residence, and also states that they are concerned for their safety.

MR. ANDERSON: Certainly, but I would add that if you

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want affidavits, these are farmers, we have to recognize.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: You can talk to them.

MR. ANDERSON: All I am saying is that each additional layer of detail and legal procedure one wants and demands will delay. I am just trying to make it clear that if you want to move expeditiously, one is going to have to not make so many demands in these courts. These are not legal law firms. Talking about affidavits means additional time.

We call them, and they are out in the field plowing, taking their harvest in, explaining to them what it is, making arrangements, each thing takes time. These are not legal law firms.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Okay. Mr. Anderson, if you just thought it through, there are certain steps that have to be taken. It might have been done only once, and then you would have been done with it. It has to get done, and it has to be done right before you are admitted as a party.

Can you, as a matter of your own affidavit, state to us that these people are members and the date of their membership?

MR. ANDERSON: No, I can't. Our files don't go back more than I don't know how long, a year and a half. I can state that they were parties as members. I can state that they were members as of a certain date, but in terms of the initiation date of membership that is lost to time.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: No, members as of a certain date prior

to the date that you filed the petition.

MR. ANDERSON: These go back to a PSC proceeding in 1980.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: And they have been members since.

MR. ANDERSON: Yes.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: What you will have to do, for the record, is to establish carefully that you have met all the standing requirements. It is technicality from your viewpoint, but it is essential technicality. It has to be done, and it has to be done 15 days before the special prehearing conference.

Mr. Churchill, I know that you have in mind -- Assuming that this first hurdle is gotten over, which is not certain at this time, but Mr. Anderson understands what is required and it seems that he may be able to meet these requirements. The Board is not prepared to rule at this point that he is unable to correct his petition. What is the schedule that you would like to suggest for the filing of the last amended petition and for the special prehearing conference?

MR. CHURCHILL: Your Honor, I can answer the second part about the special prehearing conference, but I would like to make a comment on the rules. The rules do not say that he has until 15 days prior to the special prehearing conference to amend his petition. The rules state that he shall submit a supplement stating the contentions in 15 days prior to the special prehearing conference.

An amendment to the petition has to be done on a showing of good cause. The rules do not provide that he has the opportunity to come in 15 days before the prehearing conference with the amended petition. I am referring to 2.714(a)(3).

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: The Board will take a brief recess to examine the rule.

MR. CHURCHILL: Excuse me, I may have misspoken slightly.

He can amend it without prior approval up until that time. After that time, good cause has to be shown. I was referring to 2.714(b) which states that the supplement must be filed 15 days prior to the 2.751(a) special prehearing conference.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: If I heard you correctly, then, you agree that up to 15 days prior to the special prehearing conference, the petition may be amended. As far as you represent to us at this time, the law does not preclude an amendment that meets objection to standing.

MR. CHURCHILL: I am sure that that wasn't the intent of that particular provision, Your Honor.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: How are you sure?

MR. CHURCHILL: Because of the way it is written. The 2.715(a) special prehearing conference is established to consider, among other things, the contentions that are submitted. We would have to read in there that that could be established also to take into consideration the defects in the petition. I have always read 2.714(a)(3) to mean, if there were some kind

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of substantive amendment, if he wanted to change it, not necessarily to cure the defects.

In any event, our primary argument, Your Honor --CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Wait a second, Mr. Churchill. The first sentence of (3) says, "Any person who has filed a petition for leave to interve or who has been admitted as a party." It suggests that even if you have not been admitted as a party, you may amend.

MR. CHURCHILL: Yes, but it is my understanding, in this particular case where we have pointed out the extreme scheduling problems, he was ordered by the Board to provide the amendment to cure the petition by September 20th.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: I understand that.

MR. CHURCHILL: This he did not do.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Now the question that I asked you, what would you suggest as a date for the special prehearing conference?

MR. CHURCHILL: Excuse me one moment.

(Pause.)

MR. CHURCHILL: Your Honor, the schedule that I would like to propose, assuming of course that the petition would be cured, is a special prehearing conference for October 19. Actually, Your Honor, the date that I had in mind, and which I informed Mr. Anderson of last week when I called him, was that the filing of his special supplement to his petition stating his contentions would be filed by October 1, in which case the special prehearing

conference could be October 15. However, October 15 falls on a Friday, and I think a more convenient day for a special prehearing conference would be on a Tuesday, the following Tuesday.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Churchill, what are the Federal Register notice requirements that we have to meet?

MR. CHURCHILL: For a special prehearing conference?

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Yes, are there any?

MR. CHURCHILL: I am not sure that there would be any as far as the number of days. I would have to check.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: I think we may need 15 days notice, analogous to a construction permit, but I ask you that sincerely because we are going to have to give adequate notice if it is a public hearing.

MR. CHURCHILL: Just a minute. I will see if the rules cover that.

(Pause.)

MR. CHURCHILL: I am reading 2.715(a) and I don't see any particular restriction on that, Your Honor, other than the special prehearing conference will take place sometime within 90 days after notice of hearing.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Isn't there a requirement that it has to be a public hearing?

MR. CHURCHILL: Probably the general requirment that this is all part of a public hearing, Your Honor, but Idon't see

any specific requirement for the duration of the notice prior to a special prehearing conference.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: I am not seeing it right now, but I think that there is one. I think there was one proceeding in which there was a successful intervenor's motion in court based on failure to give adequate notice.

In any event, the Board would intend to give at least

15 days prior notice before a public hearing, and it takes about
a week after we send a notice to the Federal Register for it to
be published. So that will push the date you are suggesting.

That one consideration alone would push it.

MR. CHURCHILL: Wouldn't that still give us enough time, if it were on the 19th?

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Barely. It would be nip and tuck.

MR. CHURCHILL: That is assuming that there would have to be 15 days notice. We are not in a situation such as the notice of opportunity for a hearing, where we are notifying other members of the public of their right to come and submit a petition to intervene or make limited appearance statements.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: It is the right of the public to come to the hearing and to know where it is going to be held.

MR. CHURCHILL: That's right, and that may be the reason why there is no specified number of days, or why it wouldn't be necessary to have even as much as 15 days notice. Certainly it should be a reasonable notice. But subject to further check,

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Your HOnor, I am not sure that there is a 15 day notice period.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Have you completed your presentation on your suggested hearing date?

MR. CHURCHILL: No, I have not. I thought I could run that out a little more.

It was an October 19 prehearing conference, preceded by an October 1 date for the petitioner to submit his contentions. What I would hope for is that by November 5 there may have been a Board ruling on which contentions are in and which are out, so that the first round of discovery could commence.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: The Board's ruling will depend to some extent on the complexity of the contentions and the response .

MR. CHURCHILL: Absolutely, Your Honor, and I cannot suggest a particular time for the Board to rule. This is only a suggestion that if we did have a special prehearing conference and if it were possible to get a Board ruling in late October on that, then we could proceed with the first round of discovery on November 5.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: The Board will always act with diligence, and we hope that it will be the same with the parties.

You want to spell out what that means for the rest of the schedule; is that what your argument is?

MR. CHURCHILL: I think probably at this point in time that is all I would be requesting, that we get the special prehearing conference going which requires the submission of

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BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 REPORTERS 300 7TH STREET, S.W. 21 contentions, so that we can start our first round of discovery in early November.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Your important objective is to begin the sleeving project in October 1983?

MR. CHURCHILL: October 1, 1983.

MR. ANDERSON: Excuse me, Your Honor, but I think you meant to say, replacement project.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: If I said sleeving, I meant repair or replacement.

MR. CHURCHILL: Yes, we would have to have authorization by October 1, that is the date that unit 1 would be shut down, and work would begin promptly. We would anticipate that this work would 'ake about six months. Not only because of the fuel that is in there now, which pretty well indicates when the plant would come down, but just all of the scheduling that is necessary to start the work, plus the importance of getting the plant up again promptly at the completion of the sleeving program, makes it very important that we do have an initial desision in time to start by October 1.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: To be clear, do you already have a commitment from your contractors that they will begin on that date if licensing approval has been obtained?

MR. CHURCHILL: Yes, sir, we certainly do.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Do we have that commitment for us in our record?

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MR. CHURCHILL: You do not have that commitment in the record, Your Honor. It has not been part of the application, and those things generally are not.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: You have made that statement on the reocrd, and we can rely on you. But is important that we have that as a firm assurance, if that is what we are going to base our expedition in this proceeding on.

MR. CHURCHILL: Yes, sir, you have my assurance.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: When you say, there is a firm commitment to do it, does the contract also call for penalties for lateness?

MR. CHURCHILL: I don't have an answer for that, Your Honor. It may not.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: The reason I am interested is that it could be sort of an agreement to present to the NRC, a statement that you would like to begin on that date, but if there is no penalty for breach, it may not be a real contract to start on that date.

MR. CHURCHILL: I couldn't begin to get into the contractual consequences of missing that date. I don't have the contract in front of me, and it may well be proprietary.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Is it the kind of thing that is subject to possible scheduling difficulties by the contractor?

MR. CHURCHILL: I do know this, Your Honor. Yes, it is subject to scheduling difficulties. I do know that in the contract great pains were taken to make sure that that date

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would be upheld by the contractor. The contractor, incidentally, is Westinghouse.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: But this is not the kind of situation, as we had in the last case that we were in together, where Westinghouse could come up to October and said, "We have decided to take on some other project first. Therefore, we can't get to you."

MR. CHURCHILL: In this case, I believe it is not, Your Honor. The steam generators have already been ordered. They are probably mostly fabricated by now. The major parts will be. As far as I know that work is in progres. The steam generators will, in fact, arrive on site sometime prior to the beginning of work. A temporary construction building was erected to house them, or will be erected.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: The delivery of the piece, therefore, has been promised on a particular date, but I think the more difficult question is the labor, because apparently Westinghouse does sometimes develop competing concerns from its different customers.

MR. CHURCHILL: I do know that the Wisconsin Electric, in negotiating the contract, went to great length to make sure that the contract provide assurances that Westinghouse would be ready and able to do this work on October 1. I can't tell you the details because I don't know them in the sense that I don't have the contract before me. Secondly, before I did that on a

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public record like this, I would have to check with Westinghouse and the company to find out how much, if any, of that was proprietary.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: I am not sure how much of an effect this has at this stage, but you understanding that you are asking for special consideration on scheduling based on this contract, and you really should know the extent to which this is firm, or the extent to which it is something that can easily slip because it is possible, if not at this time, but at a later time, that the degree of firmness in that arrangement would affect the degree of expedition to which you are entitled.

MR. CHURCHILL: Two comments on that, Your Honor.

One is that I don't believe that I am asking for expedited schedule per se, in the sense of asking that any normal time periods be abbreviated and so on. I am only asking for an efficient schedule that would begin right away, because as we all know in these things, we cannot predict. A week or two comes in here, and it comes in there, and schedules get stretched out, particularly when we are starting here at the beginning with much more than was anticipated.

So at this point, I would not like to use the word expedition because we are not asking for any special shortening of any periods of time specified in the regulations.

The second point I would like to make is that the company itself would be at a tremendous financial disadvantage

if they could not begin the work at this time. It is not just a question of a contract provision with Westinghouse, but it is a question, with all the resources of the company being geared up to go ahead with this work, and the very significant damage it would suffer if it couldn't begin at this time.

I can undertake, Your HOnor, to keep the Board informed if unforeseen circumstances should come up and for reasons other than the hearing it looks like that schedule might slip.

But I can tell you that the company is going to do everything in its power to make sure that that schedule is adhered to.

I believe that it is possible, if this hearing process is schedulee efficiently, to complete the process in time to have an initial decision prior to October 1. I don't think at this time it requires what would actually be called expedition, but it does require an efficient schedule that begins immediately.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: We appreciate that.

Mr. Anderson, what schedule would you suggest for the special prehearing conference?

MR. ANDERSON: I would like to, sir, first pose a question to you, if I may. The schedule that we have from Mr. Churchill in the sleeving docket, OLA-1 has a September 22nd date labeled "Possible Board Decision on Litigable Issues." That hope is obviously not realized. Could I ask, if I may, if there is an anticipated date or expected of arrival of the sleeving decision?

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CHAIRMAN BLOCH: We hope to issue that within a week, and it could be much less time than that. Certainly we hope to do it thin a week.

MR. ANDERSON: The reason I asked that question is that the answer to Mr. Churchill depends upon what transpires in that proceeding, namely, the fact is, we have two proceedings going on at the same time, and for a party with extremely limited resources that is next to impossible to do.

If that proceeding is truncated by a decision denying any litigable issues, time is freed up to turn to this proceeding.

But if that proceeding is going on hot and heavy during the month of October, and extending through the last week in October, decision-making in two proceedings going on at the same time will be tantamount, under the conditions we have in the real world here, to preventing an effective representation on the latter.

Iwould like to add on that score that I do not believe that the Licensee comes through with clean hands. There have been a number of attempts at the State and Federal level to provide some equality of economic and financial ability to participate and the company has vigorously prevented that from happening.

So the company has taken a position consistently to prevent us to have the financial wherewithal to proceed with expedition, and then to come in the next day and say, "We have

expedition," can be construed as an attempt, basically, by economic dominance, to prevent another side of the story from being heard.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Anderson, how long will it take you to file reasonable contentions that will live up to the contention requirements of the NRC, if that is the only thing you are doing now and you don't have the other proceeding to worry about?

MR. ANDERSON: October 15.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Until October 15 to file?

MR. ANDERSON: With the caveat that the other proceeding is not going on at the same time.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: I take it that that process has already begun.

MR. ANDERSON: No, it has not started. I have in front of me here the Point Beach Nuclear Plant steam generator repair report, and I have not had time to do anything more than a very cursory way to look at it. I have not begun the process of writing contentions for OLA-2.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: But you did receive that document in August?

MR. ANDERSON: I received that document on August 18,

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Okay. Have you anything further to say about the schedule. The earliest date you would suggest, if there was nothing going on in the other proceeding, November 1

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would be satisfactory. But if there are other things going on in the other proceeding, you may need more time.

MR. A NDERSON: November 1 would be your assumption as to the time required between the filing and the prehearing. All I would say, we would be willing to accept a date of October 15 for filing the contentions.

I have another thing that I want to say. I think, in fact, we all recognize that Mr. Churchill is seeking expedition. I think in terms of whether the company is entitled to expedition, there are two questions that you that you can bifurcate the issue into. One is, what kind of contracts, and so forth, have they entered into. In terms of that, it is our belief that if they move in advance of their permit from the appropriate regulatory bodies, they do so -- I think the law supports this -- at their own risk.

It would be no different than my saying, I have scheduled a vacation in the Bahamas for the whole month of October, and I am entitled, therefore, to have no hearing in that time. Obviously, it depends upon the relation of the application to the public interest.

I think their contractual obligations, if there are any and they are established, would be irrelevant. The issue is what are the safety needs for installing the steam generators in the 1983 refueling period. I think we would argue, and we would hope the Board would adopt this position, that if

expedition is required, that they make a showing that can be responded to with accompanying affidavits as to the safety needs for undergoing the repair in October of 1983.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Anderson, obviously, the need for that is economic, not safety. There is never any safety need to do something sooner rather than later. If there is, they can close the plant down. I don't understand your point.

MR. ANDERSON: If they chose to procure contracts arguendo that impose penalties or incur costs related to this repair if they don't go forward on that date, they incurred those contract liabilities prior to receiving regulatory approval. I believe that the rule of law is that they have done so at their own risk, and that is their problem.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Your argument is that there was no safety need to do the repair that soon. In fact, the generator is safe enough that they could have gone beyond October of 1983?

MR. ANDERSON: No, I am not saying that. I am saying that it is their requirement to make a showing that it is a safety concern past October, which they could make a good showing about, perhaps. I would add that they could make a showing that it is economically not efficient to operate it after October. But they cannot add to that economic argument any concern as to any contractual penalty clauses, because those contracts are with respect to a proposal that has not yet been approved by the regulatory bodies.

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Obviously, if that kind of contractual liability had to be considered by the Board, you could be whipsawed backward and forward, and have your freedom of action improperly constrained. That is why I believe that you have to interpret those contractual penalties, if any, as being incurred by the company at its own risk and outside the consideration of this Board.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Bachmann, your advice, please.

MR. BACHMANN: About all that the staff can add to that, obviously, is the fact that even after the Board issues its initial decision, it merely authorizes the staff to make the rest of the safety and environmental findings that need to be made.

In other words, whatever is brought into issue here, and assuming decided in the favor of Wisconsin Electric, the staff still needs to complete its entire health safety and environmental concerns. So we are attempting, or at least the staff is attempting to be as neutral as possible in this particular area. We will assume that we will make our findings as things progress.

I might add, just for the benefit of the parties, that it appears that a fairly realistic safety evaluation will not be coming from the staff until December, and I would say, being perhaps even more realistic, January.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: This is January 1983?

MR. BACHMANN: December 1982, January 1983.

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Additionally, there has been talk about the desirability of an environmental impact statement in this case, which has not yet been officially decided here by the staff and, therefore, I am just mentioning it as a point that may put us even possibly past that date before the staff has made its findings.

So, while the staff can sympathize with both Mr. Anderson and Mr. Churchill, we have our own schedule that we are going to have to follow to make our own findings in order to issue the amendment, if indeed the Board authorizes the Director of NRR to issue such an amendment.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: I am not sure how that cuts. It arguably does not affect in any way how we ought to schedule our hearing, or are you suggesting that it has some weight in favor of one of the parties?

MR. BACHMANN: No, sir. What I am saying is that the staff, at the end of the hearing, assuming there is one, will be given or not given authorization to proceed to make findings to issue the amendment. As a result, we are between both parties. In other words, the staff has no real stake in either pushing it forward or pushing it back. Obviously, we would attempt to keep our technical reviewers along with the hearing process, and not delay it in any respect. At the same time, we have no real stake in accelerating it.

The best I can say at this point is that the staff will continue to attempt to make the deadlines put upon it -- when I

speak of the staff, I mean the technical staff -- by the Board.

Beyond that, we really have no position on this.

MR. ANDERSON: Mr. Bloch.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Yes.

MR. ANDERSON: To answer the question that you posed to Mr. Bachmann, I think one implication of his statement to the schedule would be this: In OLA-1, it was recognized the need to have discovery on the SER as it pertains to discovery on staff. If we are going to have discovery as to the SER as well, Mr. Bachmann's statement would appear to imply that there would be no point in having first round discovery completed until January of 1983, which would obviate the need to rush the preceding part of the schedule.

The usual procedure is that you must have to contentions

admitted generally before the SER. At the time the SER is issued,

you have new contentions admitted only if there is good cause for

late filing as a result of the issuance of the SER.

There is no automatic discovery on the SER, unless you have a new contention admitted as a result of good cause flowing from the SER.

MR. ANDERSON: I was trying to do something different, which is to relate the SER to the discovery, as opposed to the submission of contentions.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: I see. You are saying that the SER

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could contain information relevant to admitted contentions.

MR. ANDERSON: Yes, and with regard to which discovery is appropriate.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Which could affect the scheduling of the close of discovery.

MR. ANDERSON: That is correct. If we are going to push discovery back, that would mean that there would be less need to have a crushing period for the contentions.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Churchill, do you see any implications of the staff's statement on the SER for when the special prehearing conference should be held?

MR. CHURCHILL: No, sir, there are no implications whatsoever on that. In fact, the recent Appeal Board decision in
the Duke Power Company, it is the Cawtawba decision, ALAP 687,
made it very clear that you do not wait for the issuance of the
SER before you settle on contentions.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: But Mr. Anderson was suggesting that you might, before you close the discovery period on admitted contentions.

MR. CHURCHILL: NO, sir. I have very strong views on that. I think that the majority and I believe all of the discovery should be undertaken immediately after the contentions have been admitted.

I don't think that there is anything in the regulations or even in the statement of consideration, or in the policy

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out. Mr. Anderson may argue at some later time, after the SER is out, that he should have an opportunity for additional discovery after that. If he does argue that at some later date, we will give our position on that. But it is not his as a matter of right to wait until the SER is out before discovery begins.

Number one none of this has any bearing on when the special prehearing conference would be held, because we have to start that right away. Number two, after the special prehearing conference and your order admitting contentions, if any, discovery should proceed immediately. The question of whether the SER, which is really just the staff's view of information or the assessment of information that has already been submitted on the record, generally does not contain new information. That definitely should not wait to hold up the entire discovery schedule as Mr. Anderson is suggesting.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Anderson, before we conclude this conference, I would like to talk with you briefly about the form for contentions because in OLA-1, in which we all participated together, we had a special way in which we considered contentions, because of special expedition. That does not apply here.

I just would like to call your attention to a decision that the Chairman participated in in the Perry case, Licensing Board Panel 8124, it appears at 14 NRC 175, 1981, particularly

page 184, which lists some of the factors which might be considered for admitting a contention.

I am pointing it out to you because in this case, it is a license amendment proceeding. We already have an application that is filed that has a table of contents. We would expect, when you file bases for contentions that you will show that you understand this particular project well enough so that there is no complete answer to your contention in the already filed application.

Do you understand what I am saying, Mr. Anderson?

MR. ANDERSON: That was always my understanding. That wa one of the reasons why I indicated that it would be next to impossible to do this at the same time the other one is going on. I understand what you are saying clearly.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: The other parties understand this as well?

MR. CHURCHILL: Yes, Your Honor. I apologize for this, but earlier on, Mr. Anderson asked a question and I think it had to do with when the decision would come out on OLA-1. I did not really hear the question or the answer, and I apologize.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: The Board said that we expected to be able to issue that opinion within a week, possibly sooner.

MR. CHURCHILL: Okay.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: It doesn't mean that it will happen, that is just our expectation.

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MR. CHURCHILL: Mr. Anderson did make a few comments at that time that I would like to respond to. Number one, his main concern seems to be that he is in two proceedings at once, and is stretched or spread too thinly. But I have to remind the Board and the parties that Commission case law in fact does not look kindly on one party making an excuse for not being able to perform in another hearing because of his participation in aother hearing.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Churchill, does that case law refer to living up to obligations that have been set, or does it mean that you don't consider those kinds of problems in setting schedules?

I would even think that it would be proper, if your firm had difficulty because you were in more than one case, for us to consider that construct on your schedule.

MR. CHURCHILL: I think, Your Honor, that the Board has the discretion to set schedules and to take into consideration the various practical aspects. In this particular case, there is an overwhelming practical aspect where we are undertaking to get a license amendment. We did not ask for the hearing. We don't think that the hearing is necessary. This was brought about solely by this other party, who already is involved in another proceeding.

We should not be whipsawed in-between two proceedings neither of whichis our doing. We did not ask for either one.

Certainly, and I think we can probably find case law, too, that suggests that when an organization, particularly one with lots of members, and I think he said there were something like 64,000 members of this organization, on the strength of that representation there ought to be, you would think, among those 64,000 people some other help somewhere on this.

In view of the fact, and we would ask the Board to consider very carefully both sides of it, not just Mr. Anderson's statement that because he is involved in one, he can't timely act in this one, we would ask you to also consider the other side of it, and that is the Applicant's very serious concern about an efficient schedule beginning immediately.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Churchill, I know you want to finish by next February. If we were to meet as late as November 15th, could you trace out for me why that would be a serious hardship in terms of meeting your October requirement?

MR. CHURCHILL: If we met on November 15, this of course would depend on how long it would take for the discovery to take, then how long it would take to file motions for summary disposition, responses, and a Board decision on that, preparation of testimony, how long it would take for a hearing to be held, two months after that for proposed findings. This would depend on how long it would take for an initial decision on it.

It probably would be possible if we a special -- It may be theoretically possible to get it done if everything goes right

and according to step, but often times it is not the case.

I have a concern that right now it would be very difficult, and already our schedule is in jeopardy. I am not sure that I could play it out to the day exactly where this would come out because there are too many variables.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: You are talking of October 1983, right.

MR. CHUCHILL: Right.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: October 1?

MR. CHUCHILL: That is correct.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: I would like to have very brief closing comments, first by Mr. Bachmann, then Mr. Anderson.

Mr. Bachmann, do you have any closing comments?

MR. BACHMANN: Nothing more than to indicate to the Board that the staff is prepared to go ahead with the initially proposed schedule that Mr. Churchill gave. However, again, as I indicated, we have other things that need to be done, and we expect the SER to issue somewhere, let's say, in December or January, if that helps anybody in figuring out a schedule. Our other commitments are set up by the Board.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Mr. Anderson, do you have brief closing comments?

MR. ANDERSON: Very brief. We believe that the appropriate course is to request the licensee to make a showing as to why it is in the public interest, apart from any contractual obligations, as to why expedition is required. We believe that

should be done as well.

I have a very small housekeeping matter, which will take half a second, if I could.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Please.

MR. ANDERSON: The document room here for the transcript has worked superbly in OLA-1. We think that it will work superbly in OLA-2, as well, although we have not yet received the September 9 transcript for OLA-1 for the document room.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: Thank you. We will try to see what the problem is on that.

Do any of the parties have any objection to Decade maintaining an on-site library of our transcripts for OLA-2?

MR. BACHMANN: The staff has no objection.

MR. CHURCHILL: The applicant has no objection.

CHAIRMAN BLOCH: We will follow that same general procedure, and we will attempt to get a copy of the transcript for that purpose.

The Board would like to thank the parties for their participation. We would point out that there were very strong comments made by both the petitioner and the application, but in days we are not more than 30 days apart at most. We are hopeful that we can come up with a workable solution within the next week.

The hearing is adjourned.

(Whereupon, at 6:00 p.m., the conference adjourned.)

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

В	efore the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board
in the matter	of: Wisconsin Electric Power Company (Point Beach Nuclear Plant, Unit 1) Date of Proceeding: Sept. 27, 1982
	Docket Number: 50-266 OLA-2
	Place of Proceeding: Washington, D. C.

Patricia A. Minson

Official Reporter (Typed)

Official Reporter (Signature)