





HARVANDER MEDCHOOL USNRC

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

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OFFICE OF SECRE FARY DOCKET NUMBER PR 20 DOCKETING & SERVICE PROPOSED RULE PR 20 BRANCIZS May 1994 (59FK 9146)

Secretary of the Commission Nuclear Regulatory Commission Attention: Docketing and Service Branch Washington, DC 20555

re: Disposal of radioactive materials by release into the sanitary sewer system

Sir:

I write to express concern about proposals to reevaluate the sewer disposal limits of 10CFR20.

Although I have not had access to the contractors' reports, I suspect most local accumulation in the sewers and treatment systems can be dealt with locally and without specific attention of the NRC, especially if the nature of the accumulation is such as to reflect also the accumulation of other more hazardous, nonradioactive materials as well.

For medical research and biotechnology laboratories, the present sewer limits afford the major means for source reduction of low-level radioactive waste. And the sewer system receives many other forms of hazardous chemical and biological materials.

The form of permitted disposal must be evaluated in relationship to the carriers - via nonradioactive, proven accumulation. The total quantity limits presently applied are adequate. The limits should be related to activity, not dose; if a local dose exceeding limits is detected, local amelioration must be accomplished. Ingestion of sewer outfall, of course, is an absurd assumption. Patient excreta should continue exempted from the limits; any local retention would be a rank violation of ALARA principles and biologically unacceptable.

I support the Commission's belief that the present regulations are adequate.

Sincerely yours,

Ein & Drum David E. Drum, MD, PhD, CHP

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