



UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

February 11, 1991

Docket Nos. 50-302

Mr. Percy M. Beard, Jr.
Senior Vice President, Nuclear Operations
Florida Power Corporation
Post Office Box 219-NA-2I
Crystal River, FL 32623
ATTN: Manager, Nuclear Operations Licensing

Dear Mr. Beard:

I would like to take this opportunity to thank the Florida Power Corporation for volunteering to participate in the Emergency Response Data System (ERDS). I am sure that the implementation of ERDS will prove to be beneficial both to the NRC and to Florida Power.

Enclosed you will find a survey designed to provide the hardware, communications, data point and administrative information necessary for our contractor to design the ERDS system interface and data base for your plant. Please note that one copy of the Data Point Library Reference File form (Enclosure 2) will be needed for each ERDS data point. This reference file will be used to provide physical significance to the numerical data transmitted over ERDS for members of the NRC emergency response organization.

Please complete the enclosed survey and Data Point Library Reference File for your plant and return them to me with a copy to Tony LaRosa, the ERDS project manager at NUS/EI Division, at the following addresses:

John R. Jolicoeur
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Mail Stop MNBB-3206
Washington, DC 20555

Tony P. LaRosa
NUS Corporation
EI Division
P.O. Box 50736
Idaho Falls, Idaho 83405-0736

I am enclosing a copy of the data concerning the Crystal River plant which was provided to our contractor as a part of the ERDS Feasibility study.

This request is covered by Office of Management and Budget Clearance Number 3150-0150 which expires March 31, 1992. The estimated average burden hours is 32 person hours per licensee response, including staff and management review and preparation of the requested response. These estimated average burden hours pertain only to those identified response-related matters and do not include the time for any follow on implementation. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information,

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including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Records and Reports Management Branch, Division of Information Support Services, Office of Information Resources Management, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555; and to the Paperwork Reduction Project (3150-0150), Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503.

I am looking forward to working with you to ensure a smooth implementation of ERDS at your plants. If you have any questions, please contact Tony LaRosa at (208) 524-9227 or me at (301) 492-4155. Again thank you for your continued support of the ERDS program.

Sincerely,

Original signed by:

John R. Jolicoeur
Incident Response Branch
Division of Operational Assessment
Office for Analysis and Evaluation

Enclosures:

1. ERDS Communications Descriptions and Survey Questionnaire
2. Data Point Library Reference File
3. Data Point Library Reference File Definitions
- 4B. Critical Safety Function Parameters for BWRs
- 4P. Critical Safety Function Parameters for PWRs
5. Engineering Units Coding Scheme
6. Zero Reference Coding Scheme
7. Coding Scheme for Unit Name and Unit ID
8. Computer Point Selection
9. Data from ERDS Feasibility Study

cc w/encls:

T. LaRosa

See next page

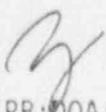
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ERDS COMMUNICATIONS DESCRIPTION AND SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

The following is a questionnaire pertaining to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission's (NRC) Emergency Response Data System (ERDS). It consists of a series of questions concerning plant I/O points, software protocols, data formats, transmission frequencies, and other plant computer specific information to be used in the ERDS computer database files. Also, included here are descriptions and examples of data streams that the NRC is expecting to see transmitted over the communication line.

The purpose of collecting the data is to develop a plant-specific database that will be retrieved into the ERDS once the system is activated by a utility. It will also be used to design and implement ERDS software that can receive the utility's data transmission. In essence, this information will provide the basis for building a profile of the plant in the ERDS database.

In some cases, the I/O point data may be distributed over several computers. The ERDS considers this situation a multi-feeder site and Section IV must be filled out for each feeder.

11. ERDS COMMUNICATIONS DESCRIPTION

A. Hardware

The following hardware will be supplied:

- for a single-feeder site:
 - Codex 2234 modem - V.22 2400 bps, asynchronous, auto-dialing, auto-answer, error-correcting, using the AT command set

- for a multiple-feeder site:
 - Codex 6015 multiplexer,
 - Codex 2260 modem - V.32 9600 bps, asynchronous, auto-dialing, auto-answer, error-correcting, using the AT command set

The modems are intended to be operated in the auto-reliable link mode (referred to as MNP in the modem manuals) with speed conversion and flow control enabled. Speed conversion allows the computer to communicate with the modem at a baud rate which is independent of the baud rate the modem is using to communicate with the remote modem. This feature is important because the modems have the ability to adjust their transmission rate downward if the remote modem is operating at a lower speed. However, in order to use speed conversion, the site computer must support some form of flow control. Three types of flow control are supported by the modems: XON/XOFF, RTS/CTS, and DTR/CTS. All of the above features are discussed in the modem manuals.

B. Software

i. Data Transmission

All transmissions, from both the site and the ERDS, will be terminated with a carriage return (<CR>).

a. Site will initiate a link request in ASCII using:

- the three-character site designator,
- the word LINK,
- local site time and date in the format MM/DD/YY/HH:MM:SS, and
- a <CR>.

If the site does not receive a response from the ERDS within one minute, it should send another link request message and continue sending them at one-minute intervals. If more than five minutes elapses without a response, site personnel should notify the NRC before disconnecting the line.

b. ERDS will respond in ASCII with:

- the three-character site designator,
- the word ACCEPTED or DENIED, and
- a <CR>.

If the ERDS responds with the denied message, the site should wait one minute and then send a link request message and continue sending them at one-minute intervals. If more than five minutes elapses without a response, site personnel should notify the NRC before disconnecting the line.

- c. When the ERDS is ready to receive data, it will send an initiate message in ASCII using:
- the three-character site designator,
 - the word INITIATE, and
 - a <CR>.

If the ERDS does not send an initiate message within one minute of the accept message, the site should send the link request message (described in Section II.B.1.a.).

- d. Upon receipt of the initiate message, the plant begins transmission of data at a 15-second rate. The data string consists of:
- a header containing the three-character site designator and date and time in the format MM/DD/YY/HH:MM:SS,
 - the data packet sequenced with point identifier, value, and quality tag,
 - a trailer containing the checksum value of the data packet, and
 - a <CR>.
- e. When the site or ERDS wishes to terminate the connection, an ASCII message will be sent containing:
- the three-character site designator,
 - the word TERMINATE, and
 - a <CR>.
- f. If a site is inadvertently terminated (due to loss of communications or receipt of terminate message) and the incident is still underway, the site should reconnect with the ERDS by redialing and using the reconnect link request message. This message is in ASCII and will

contain:

- the three-character site designator,
- the word RECONNECT,
- local site time and date in the format MM/DD/YY/HH:MM:SS, and
- a <CR>.

Upon receipt of this message, the ERDS will respond with the accept and initiate messages as described in Sections II.B.i.b and II.B.i.c. If the ERDS responds with a link deny message (described in Section II.B.i.b), the site should stop trying to reconnect and send a link request message (described in Section II.B.i.a). If the ERDS does not respond to the site's reconnect request within one minute, the site should send another reconnect request and continue sending reconnect requests once a minute. If more than five minutes elapses without a response, site personnel should notify the NRC before disconnecting the line. It is the responsibility of the site to monitor the outgoing line for loss of communications.

II. Data Format

The following three delimiters have been identified:

- (1) field delimiter (*),
- (2) data set delimiter (\), and
- (3) carriage return (<CR>).

Note: The length of the messages sent by the ERDS (e.g., ACCEPTED, DENIED, INITIATE, TERMINATE) are variable and it is recommended that the site software use the data set delimiter as the message delimiter for messages received from the ERDS.

- a. Link requests will be in ASCII as described in II.B.i.a. with each field separated by a field delimiter and the request terminated with a data set delimiter. For example, PA1*LINK*01/12/89/11:48:50\- b. The ERDS response will be in ASCII as described in II.B.i.b. with each field separated by a field delimiter and the response terminated with a data set delimiter. For example, PA1*ACCEPTED\- c. When the ERDS is ready to receive data it will respond in ASCII as described in II.B.i.c with each field separated by a field delimiter and the response terminated with a data set delimiter. For example, PA1*INITIATE\- d. Data streams will be in ASCII and will consist of three parts (header, data, and trailer) as described in II.B.i.d. with each field separated by a field delimiter and each of the three parts separated by a data set delimiter. For example,

```
Header: PA1*01/12/89/11:50:50\  
Data: B21CP004*-0.1234E+00*3*.....(for each parameter)\  
Trailer: 0000056000\

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- e. The point identifier may be up to 12 characters in length.
- f. The value may be up to 20 characters in length.
- g. The following quality tags will be accepted by the ERDS:

Good	= 0	Value is within range tolerance for discreet points or input points are within tolerance for composed points.
Off-scan	= 1	Point is currently out-of-service.
Suspect	= 2	Value is not bad yet should not be considered good. This quality will occur primarily on composed values when enough good inputs are present to allow the calculation to be made yet a bad quality on other inputs may make the result questionable.
Bad	= 3	Value is not within tolerance for discreet points or calculation of a composed point may not be made due to the qualities of its inputs.
Unknown	= 4	No quality indicator available.
Operator Entered	= 5	Value has been manually entered, overriding the discreet or composed value.

High Alarm = 6 Value is in high alarm.
Low Alarm = 7 Value is in low alarm.

- h. The checksum which accompanies each update set will be an integer value calculated by summing each of the bytes of the transmission, up to and including the dataset delimiter following the body of the update set (the body of the update set being the portion containing the parameter, value, and quality indications). This integer checksum value will then be encoded into the update set as a 10-digit value, left-padded with zeros as required to fill the 10-digit field. The checksum is the sum of the transmitted bytes.
- i. The reconnect link request message will be in ASCII as described in Section II.B.i.f with each field separated by a field delimiter and the request terminated with a data set delimiter. For example, PA1*RECONNECT*01/12/89/11:48:50\

iii. Protocol

- a. ERDS will use XON/XOFF to stop, resume, or suspend data transmission for the site.
- b. Communication parameters:
 - eight data bits
 - 1 stop bit
 - parity = none

iv. Exceptions

Please note any exceptions which must be taken to Section II and explain why.

III. SELECTION OF DATA FEEDERS

- A. How many data feeders are there (six maximum)?
- B. Identify the selected data feeders and provide the following for each:
- (1) a short description of the categories of data points it will provide (e.g., met, rad, or plant data points, by unit) and
 - (2) the rationale for selecting it if another system can also provide its categories of data points.
- C. Which data feeder is the site time determining feeder? This should be the feeder which is providing the majority of the data points.

IV. DATA FEEDER INFORMATION

Note: A new Section IV must be filled out for each feeder system selected.

A General Questions

i. Identification of Data Feeder

- a. What is the name in local parlance given to this data feeder (e.g., Emergency Response Information System)? Please give both the acronym and the words forming it.

- b. Is this the site time determining feeder?

- c. What is the update frequency of this feeder (in seconds)?

ii. Hardware/Software Environment

- a. Identify the manufacturer and model number of the data feeder hardware.
- b. Identify the operating system.
- c. What method of timekeeping is implemented on this feeder system (Daylight Savings, Standard, Greenwich)?
- d. In what time zone is this feeder located?

iii. Data Communication Details

- a. Can this data feeder provide asynchronous serial data communication (RS-232-C) with full-modem control?
- b. Will this feeder transmit in ASCII or EBCDIC?
- c. Can this feeder transmit at a serial baud rate of 2400 bps? If not, at what baud rate can it transmit?
- d. Does the operating system support XON/XOFF flow control?
 1. Are any problems foreseen with the NRC using XON/XOFF to control the transmission of data?
- e. If it is not feasible to reconfigure a serial port for the ERDS linkup (i.e., change the baud rate, parity, etc.), please explain why.
- f. Can the serial port dedicated to the ERDS be configured so that the NRC need not emulate a specific brand of terminal (i.e., can it be configured to be a "vanilla" terminal)?

g. Do any ports currently exist for the ERDS linkup?

1. If not, is it possible to add additional ports?

2. If yes, will the port be used solely by the ERDS or shared with other nonemergency-time users? Give details.

iv. Data Feeder Physical Environment and Management

- a. Where is the data feeder located in terms of the TSC, EOF, and control room?
- b. Is the data feeder protected from loss of supply of electricity?
- c. Is there a human operator for this data feeder?
 1. If so, how many hours a day is the feeder attended?

DATA POINT LIBRARY

The Data Point Library is a site-specific database residing on the ERDS computer which expands upon the basic information in a typical data point dictionary. The data being displayed at the NRC's Operations Center for the ERDS parameter will be the same as the plant's Emergency Response Team's data. That is, it will have the same value, timestamp, and be in the same engineering units. This requires that the Operations Center personnel adjust their thinking to accommodate the plant, functioning in terms of the plant's unique design and communicating with the plant's Response Team in the latter's unique engineering and operational "language". In order to do this, the Operations Center personnel need information which relates the data both to the plant's design and to the manner in which the plant's team utilizes and reacts to the data.

The types of information contained in the Data Point Library are the data point identifier, description, engineering units, range, alarms and/or technical specification limits and engineering system data. There will be one record in the plant's Data Point Library for each data point the plant will be sending to the ERDS.

Because the points selected for transmission to the ERDS are indicative of plant "health" and are associated with Critical Safety Functions, they are the indicators the plant's Response Team uses to determine the proper actions to take to mitigate an incident. Where required and useful, the Data Point Library will present textual information to the Operations Center user to provide information supplementing the point's value which will be useful in understanding how the plant team interprets the data. For instance, associated with a transmitted data point representing the reactor vessel level, the Data Point Library should contain the physical zero reference point, conversion factor for the height above the top of active fuel, type of detectors, effects of running reactor coolant pumps, effects of cold calibration, effects of elevated containment temperature, etc. Associated with a reactor water storage tank level transmitted as a percentage should be the capacity of that tank in gallons, number of reactor quality water storage tanks at the plant site, zero reference point conversion factor from percent to gallons, etc.

The Data Point Library will be particularly useful to the Operations Center user when evaluating the plant's action in predicting off-site radioactive releases. Associated with an effluent gaseous release data point expressed in CPM, the Data Point Library Reference Sheet should indicate the assumptions regarding isotopic mix, the current calibration factors of detectors, the discharge point or points for monitored releases, expected stack flow rates under various fan combinations, and any default values used by the plant team in their calculations.

Two examples of typical Data Point Library entries are included. The first is an example for a BWR and the second is an example for a PWR.

BWR DATA POINT LIBRARY REFERENCE FILE

DATE: 06/05/89
 REACTOR UNIT: XYZ
 DATA FEEDER: N/A
 NRC ERDS PARAMETER: CST LEVEL
 POINT ID: C345Z04
 PLANT SPEC POINT DESC.: CS TNK 1A LVL
 GENERIC/COND DESC.: Condensate Storage Tank A Level
 ANALOG/DIGITAL: A
 ENGR UNITS/DIG STATES: %
 ENGR UNITS CONVERSION: Each 1% = 1692 Gallons
 MINIMUM INSTR RANGE: 0
 MAXIMUM INSTR RANGE: 100
 ZERO POINT REFERENCE: SEALEV
 REFERENCE POINT NOTES: At 0% 245,000 Gals Remain In Tank
 PROC OR SENS: P
 NUMBER OF SENSORS: 2
 HOW PROCESSED: Average
 SENSOR LOCATIONS: 245,000 Gal Above Tank Bottom
 ALARM/TRIP SET POINTS: Low Level At 12%
 NI DETECTOR POWER
 SUPPLY CUT-OFF POWER
 LEVEL: N/A
 NI DETECTOR POWER
 SUPPLY TURN-ON POWER
 LEVEL: N/A
 INSTRUMENT FAILURE
 MODE: Low

TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION

FOR DP TRANSMITTERS: N/ALEVEL REFERENCE LEG: N/A

UNIQUE SYSTEM DESC.: This averaged sensor reading is for the normally used volume of the tank. The remaining 245,000 gallons are monitored by two discrete alarms at 150,000 and 50,000 gallons total remaining tank contents. Total tank volume is 414,200 gallons.

NOTE: A second identical tank normally dedicated to XYZ Unit 1 is available for cross-connecting to this tank at the bottom (ECCS) suction line.

PWR DATA POINT LIBRARY REFERENCE FILE

DATE: 06/05/89
 REACTOR UNIT: ABC
 DATA FEEDER: ERIS
 NRC ERDS PARAMETER: AX FD FL 1/A
 POINT ID: AF105A
 PLANT SPEC POINT DESC.: AFW Flow SG 11 MTR
 GENERIC/COND DESC.: AFW Flow SG 11 Frm Elec AFW Pump
 ANALOG/DIGITAL: A
 ENGR UNITS/DIG STATES: GPM
 ENGR UNITS CONVERSION: N/A
 MINIMUM INSTR RANGE: 0
 MAXIMUM INSTR RANGE: 500
 ZERO POINT REFERENCE: N/A
 REFERENCE POINT NOTES: N/A
 PROC OR SENS: S
 NUMBER OF SENSORS: 1
 HOW PROCESSED: N/A
 SENSOR LOCATIONS: On Line To SG 11 Outside Containment
 ALARM/TRIP SET POINTS: High Flow At 500 GPM
 NI DETECTOR POWER
 SUPPLY CUT-OFF POWER
 LEVEL: N/A
 NI DETECTOR POWER
 SUPPLY TURN-ON POWER
 LEVEL: N/A
 INSTRUMENT FAILURE
 MODE: Low

TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION

FOR DP TRANSMITTERS: N/ALEVEL REFERENCE LEG: N/A

UNIQUE SYSTEM DESC.: There are one electric and two turbine-driven AFW pumps. The electric pump has dedicated discharge lines to each SG. The flow element for this point represents the last sensor prior to the line entering containment. The two turbine-driven pumps use separate piping to the SGs. Maximum rated flow for t. s pump is 450 GPM. Shutoff head is 1200 PSIG.

PWR DATA POINT LIBRARY REFERENCE FILE

DATE: _____/_____/_____
REACTOR UNIT: _____
DATA FEEDER: _____
NRC ERDS PARAMETER: _____
POINT ID: _____
PLANT SPEC POINT DESC.: _____
GENERIC/COND DESC.: _____
ANALOG/DIGITAL: _____
ENGR UNITS/DIG STATES: _____
ENGR UNITS CONVERSION: _____
MINIMUM INSTR RANGE: _____
MAXIMUM INSTR RANGE: _____
ZERO POINT REFERENCE: _____
REFERENCE POINT NOTES: _____
PROC OR SENS: _____
NUMBER OF SENSORS: _____
HOW PROCESSED: _____
SENSOR LOCATIONS: _____
ALARM/TRIP SET POINTS: _____
NI DETECTOR POWER
SUPPLY CUT-OFF POWER
LEVEL: _____
NI DETECTOR POWER
SUPPLY TURN-ON POWER
LEVEL: _____
INSTRUMENT FAILURE
MODE: _____

TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION
FOR DP TRANSMITTERS:

LEVEL REFERENCE LEG:

UNIQUE SYSTEM DESC.:

DATA POINT LIBRARY
REFERENCE FILE DEFINITIONS

DATE: The date that this form is filled out or modified. (Eight characters)

REACTOR UNIT: The nuclear power plant name and abbreviation from the enclosed list of sites. (Three characters)

DATA FEEDER: If there is more than one data feeder for your system, enter the acronym for the data feeder from which the point comes. If there is only one data feeder, enter "N/A" in this field. (Ten characters)

NRC ERDS PARAMETER: One of the parameters from the enclosed BWR or PWR parameter list. A single value should be transmitted for each parameter for each loop. If not on the list, insert "Not Listed" or "NL". (Twelve characters)

POINT ID: Alphanumeric point description used to label the point during transmission. (Twelve characters)

PLANT-SPECIFIC POINT DESCRIPTION: Licensee computer point description for the transmitted point. (Forty characters)

GENERIC OR CONDENSED DESCRIPTION: Parameter description from the enclosed list of points for a BWR or PWR. If not on the list, condense the plant-specific point description. (Thirty-two characters)

ANALOG/DIGITAL: "A" if the signal is analog or numerical or "D" if the signal is off/on. (One character)

ENGINEERING UNITS OR DIGITAL STATES: Engineering units used by the licensee for display on licensee output devices. Use the engineering units abbreviations from the enclosed list when possible. When specifying pressure, use "PSIA" or "PSIG" rather than "PSI". For digital signals, give the "OFF" and "ON" state descriptors. (Twelve characters)

ENGINEERING UNITS CONVERSION: Notes about any special features of the A/D conversion and scaling. (Forty characters)

MINIMUM INSTRUMENT RANGE: Engineering units value below which data cannot go (bottom-of-scale value). (Ten characters)

MAXIMUM INSTRUMENT RANGE: Engineering units value above which data cannot go (top-of-scale value). (Ten characters)

ZERO REFERENCE POINT: Zero-point of engineering units scale, used primarily for levels or heights. Use the zero reference point abbreviations from the enclosed list when possible. (Six characters)

REFERENCE POINT NOTES: Notes about the reference point or other important and special features of the parameter. (Forty characters)

PROC OR SENS: Is the point formed by processing more than one signal, or is the source a single sensor ("P" or "S")? (One character)

NUMBER OF SENSORS: The number of signals processed in a full calculation assuming no bypassed or inoperative sensors. (Three characters)

HOW PROCESSED: The processing algorithm (sum, average, weighted average, highest, lowest, or a short description). (Forty characters)

SENSOR LOCATIONS: Description of the location(s) of the instrument(s) used. (Forty characters)

ALARM OR TRIP SETPOINTS: The most important setpoints for the parameter. State whether the limit is high or low. (Forty characters)

NI DETECTOR POWER SUPPLY CUT-OFF POWER LEVEL: The power level at which the power supply for the NI detector switches off. (Fifteen characters)

NI DETECTOR POWER SUPPLY TURN-ON POWER LEVEL: The power level at which the power supply for the NI detector switches on. (Fifteen characters)

INSTRUMENT FAILURE MODE: The mode in which this instrument fails. Possible answers are HIGH, MEDIUM, or LOW. If available, provide the numeric value at which the instrument fails. (Thirty characters)

TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION FOR DP TRANSMITTERS: This question pertains to differential pressure transmitters. Possible answers are "YES" or "NO" ("Y" or "N"). If the answer is "NO", please attach a copy of the correction curve. (One character)

LEVEL REFERENCE LEG: The type of level measurement (dry or wet) used on the level reference leg. (Three characters)

UNIQUE SYSTEM DESCRIPTION: Additional important information which will assist the NRC Operations Center personnel in understanding how the plant team interprets the data. (600 characters)

CRITICAL SAFETY FUNCTION PARAMETERS
FOR BOILING WATER REACTORS

<u>REACTIVITY CONTROL</u>	<u>PARAMETER DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>TYPICAL UNITS</u>
NI POWER RNG	Nuclear Instruments, Power Range	%
NI INTER RNG	Nuclear Instruments, Intermediate Range	AMP
NI SOURC RNG	Nuclear Instruments, Source Range	C/SEC
<u>CORE COOLING</u>		
REAC VES LEV	Reactor Vessel Water Level	IN
MAIN FD FLOW	Feedwater Flow into the Reactor System	%
RCIC FLOW	Reactor Core Isolation Cooling Flow	GPM
<u>RCS INTEGRITY</u>		
RCS PRESSURE	Reactor Coolant System Pressure	PSIG
HPCI FLOW	High Pressure Coolant Injection Flow	GPM
LPCI FLOW	Low Pressure Coolant Injection Flow	GPM
CR SPRAY FL	Core Spray Cooling System Flow	GPM
DW FD SMP LV	Drywell Floor Drain Sump Level	IN
<u>RADIOACTIVITY CONTROL</u>		
EFF GAS RAD	Radioactivity of Released Gasses	MCI/HR
EFF LIQ RAD	Radioactivity of Released Liquids	MCI/HR
CND A/E RAD	Condenser Air Ejector Radioactivity	C/MIN
DW RAD	Radiation Level in the Drywell	R/HR
MN STEAM RAD	Radiation Level of the Main Steam Line	MR/HR
<u>CONTAINMENT CONDITIONS</u>		
DW PRESS	Drywell Pressure	PSIG
DW TEMP	Drywell Temperature	F
SP TEMP	Suppression Pool Temperature	F
SP LEVEL	Suppression Pool Water Level	IN
H2 CONC	Drywell or Torus Hydrogen Concentration	%
O2 CONC	Drywell or Torus Oxygen Concentration	%
<u>MISCELLANEOUS PARAMETERS</u>		
CST LEVEL	Condensate Storage Tank Level	%
WIND SPEED	Wind Speed at the Reactor Site	MPH
WIND DIR	Wind Direction at the Reactor Site	DEG
STAB CLASS	Air Stability at the Reactor Site	

CRITICAL SAFETY FUNCTION PARAMETERS
FOR PRESSURIZED WATER REACTORS

<u>REACTIVITY CONTROL</u>	<u>PARAMETER DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>TYPICAL UNITS</u>
NI POWER RNG	Nuclear Instruments, Power Range	%
NI INTER RNG	Nuclear Instruments, Intermediate Range	AMP
NI SOURC RNG	Nuclear Instruments, Source Range	C/SEC
<u>CORE COOLING</u>		
REAC VES LEV	Reactor Vessel Water Level	IN
TEMP CORE EX	Highest Temperature at the Core Exit	F
SUB MARGIN	Saturation Temperature - Highest CET	F
CORE FLOW	Total Reactor Coolant Flow	MLB/HR
<u>STEAM GENERATORS</u>		
SG LEVEL 1/A	Steam Generator 1 (or A) Water Level	%
SG LEVEL 2/B	Steam Generator 2 (or B) Water Level	%
SG LEVEL 3/C	Steam Generator 3 (or C) Water Level	%
SG LEVEL 4/D	Steam Generator 4 (or D) Water Level	%
SG PRESS 1/A	Steam Generator 1 (or A) Pressure	%
SG PRESS 2/B	Steam Generator 2 (or B) Pressure	%
SG PRESS 3/C	Steam Generator 3 (or C) Pressure	%
SG PRESS 4/D	Steam Generator 4 (or D) Pressure	%
MN FD FL 1/A	Stm Gen 1 (or A) Main Feedwater Flow	LBM/HR
MN FD FL 2/B	Stm Gen 2 (or B) Main Feedwater Flow	LBM/HR
MN FD FL 3/C	Stm Gen 3 (or C) Main Feedwater Flow	LBM/HR
MN FD FL 4/D	Stm Gen 4 (or D) Main Feedwater Flow	LBM/HR
AX FD FL 1/A	Stm Gen 1 (or A) Auxiliary FW Flow	GPM
AX FD FL 2/B	Stm Gen 2 (or B) Auxiliary FW Flow	GPM
AX FD FL 3/C	Stm Gen 3 (or C) Auxiliary FW Flow	GPM
AX FD FL 4/D	Stm Gen 4 (or D) Auxiliary FW Flow	GPM
HL TEMP 1/A	Stm Gen 1 (or A) Inlet Temperature	F
HL TEMP 2/B	Stm Gen 2 (or B) Inlet Temperature	F
HL TEMP 3/C	Stm Gen 3 (or C) Inlet Temperature	F
HL TEMP 4/D	Stm Gen 4 (or D) Inlet Temperature	F
CL TEMP 1/A	Stm Gen 1 (or A) Outlet Temperature	F
CL TEMP 2/B	Stm Gen 2 (or B) Outlet Temperature	F
CL TEMP 3/C	Stm Gen 3 (or C) Outlet Temperature	F
CL TEMP 4/D	Stm Gen 4 (or D) Outlet Temperature	F

<u>REACTIVITY CONTROL</u>	<u>PARAMETER DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>TYPICAL UNITS</u>
<u>RCS INTEGRITY</u>		
RCS PRESSURE	Reactor Coolant System Pressure	PSIG
PRZR LEVEL	Primary System Pressurizer Level	%
RCS CHG/MU	Primary System Charging or Makeup Flow	GPM
HP SI FLOW	High Pressure Safety Injection Flow	GPM
LP SI FLOW	Low Pressure Safety Injection Flow	GPM
CTMNT SMP NR	Containment Sump Narrow Range Level	IN
CTMNT SMP WR	Containment Sump Wide Range Level	IN
<u>RADIOACTIVITY CONTROL</u>		
EFF GAS RAD	Radioactivity of Released Gases	MCI/HR
EFF LIQ RAD	Radioactivity of Released Liquids	MCI/HR
COND A/E RAD	Condenser Air Ejector Radioactivity	C/MIN
CNTMNT RAD	Radiation Level in the Containment	R/HR
RCS LTON RAD	Rad Level of the RCS Letdown Line	C/SEC
MAIN SL 1/A	Stm Gen 1 (or A) Steam Line Rad Level	MR/HR
MAIN SL 2/B	Stm Gen 2 (or B) Steam Line Rad Level	MR/HR
MAIN SL 3/C	Stm Gen 3 (or C) Steam Line Rad Level	MR/HR
MAIN SL 4/D	Stm Gen 4 (or D) Steam Line Rad Level	MR/HR
SG BD RAD 1A	Stm Gen 1 (or A) Blowdown Rad Level	MR/HR
SG BD RAD 2B	Stm Gen 2 (or B) Blowdown Rad Level	MR/HR
SG BD RAD 3C	Stm Gen 3 (or C) Blowdown Rad Level	MR/HR
SG BD RAD 4D	Stm Gen 4 (or D) Blowdown Rad Level	MR/HR
<u>CONTAINMENT CONDITIONS</u>		
CTMNT PRESS	Containment Pressure	PSIG
CTMNT TEMP	Containment Temperature	F
H2 CONC	Containment Hydrogen Concentration	%
<u>MISCELLANEOUS PARAMETERS</u>		
BWST LEVEL	Borate Water Storage Tank Level	%
WIND SPEED	Wind Speed at the Reactor Site	MPH
WIND DIR	Wind Direction at the Reactor Site	DEG
STAB CLASS	Air Stability at the Reactor Site	

ENGINEERING UNITS CODING SCHEME

PSIG	=	Pounds per square inch gauge
PSIA	=	Pounds per square inch absolute
INH ₂ O	=	Inches of Water Pressure
%	=	Percent
INCHES		
FEET		
FT&IN	=	Feet and inches
FTDEC	=	Feet and decimal feet
GAL	=	Gallons
LB	=	Pounds or pounds mass
GPM	=	Gallons per minute
KGPM	=	Thousands of gallons per minute
LB/HR	=	Pounds per hour
KLB/HR	=	Thousands of pounds per hour
MLB/HR	=	Millions of pounds per hour
CPM	=	Counts per minute
CPS	=	Counts per second
AMPS		
MAmps	=	Milliamps
μAmps	=	Microamps
DEGF	=	Degrees Fahrenheit
DEGC	=	Degrees Centigrade
MR/HR	=	Millirem per hour
R/HR	=	Rem per hour
CI/CC	=	Curies per CC
CI/ML	=	Curies per ML
μCI/CC	=	Microcuries per CC
μCI/ML	=	Microcuries per ML
CI/S	=	Curies per second
μCI/S	=	Microcuries per second
DEGFR	=	Degrees true (for wind direction from)
DEGTO	=	Degrees true (for wind direction to)
DF/FT	=	Degrees Fahrenheit per foot
DC/M	=	Degrees Centigrade per meter
DC/HM	=	Degrees Centigrade per 100 meters
DF/HFT	=	Degrees Fahrenheit per 100 feet
STABA	=	Stability class in form of A - G
STABI	=	Stability class in form of integer, where A = 1, B = 2
MPH	=	Miles per hour
M/S	=	Meters per second

ZERO REFERENCE CODING SCHEME

This field applies to levels and heights only. Leave it blank for temperatures, pressure, and flows. Give the physical point represented by the number zero for the parameter from the choices below.

TAF	=	Top of active fuel
UPHEAD	=	Upper head
LWHEAD	=	Lower head
MSSKRT	=	Moisture separator skirt
TOPHTR	=	Top of pressurizer heater bank
SURGE	=	Surge line penetration
SPRAY	=	At the spray nozzle
UTUBES	=	Top of S/GU tubes
TUBSHT	=	At S/G tube sheet
TNKBOT	=	Bottom of tank sump (e.g., CST)
COMPLX	=	Reference too complex for database entry
CNTFLR	=	Containment floor
SEALEV	=	Mean sea level

CODING SCHEME
FOR UNIT NAME AND UNIT ID

ARKANSAS NUCLEAR ONE-1..AN1	GRAND GULF-1.....GG1	QUAD CITIES-1.....
ARKANSAS NUCLEAR ONE-1..AN2	HATCH-1.....HT1	QUAD CITIES-2.....Q
BEAVER VALLEY-1.....BV1	HATCH-2.....HT2	RANCHO SECO-1.....RS1
BEAVER VALLEY-2.....BV2	HOPE CREEK-1.....HC1	RIVER BEND-1.....RB1
BELLEFONTE-1.....BE1	INDIAN POINT-2.....IP2	ROBINSON-2.....RO2
BELLEFONTE-2.....BE2	INDIAN POINT-3.....IP3	SALEM-1.....SA1
BIG ROCK POINT.....RP1	JAMES A FITZPATRICK.....FZ1	SALEM-2.....SA2
BRAIDWOOD-1.....BR1	KEWAUNEE.....KW1	SAN ONOFRE-1.....SO1
BRAIDWOOD-2.....BR2	LA CROSSE (GENOA-2).....LC1	SAN ONOFRE-2.....SO2
BROWNS FERRY-1.....BF1	LASALLE COUNTY-1.....LS1	SAN ONOFRE-3.....SO3
BROWNS FERRY-2.....BF2	LASALLE COUNTY-2.....LS2	SEABROCK-1.....SB1
BROWNS FERRY-3.....BF3	LIMERICK-1.....LM1	SEQUOYAH-1.....SE1
BRUNSWICK-1.....BK1	LIMERICK-2.....LM2	SEQUOYAH-2.....SE2
BRUNSWICK-2.....BK2	MAINE YANKEE.....MY1	SHEARON HARRIS-1.....HR1
BYRON-1.....BY1	MCGUIRE-1.....MC1	SHOREHAM.....SH1
BYRON-2.....BY2	MCGUIRE-2.....MC2	SOUTH TEXAS PROJECT-1...ST1
CALLOWAY-1.....CW1	MILLSTONE-1.....MS1	SOUTH TEXAS PROJECT-2...ST2
CALVERT CLIFFS-1.....CC1	MILLSTONE-2.....MS2	ST. LUCIE-1.....SL1
CALVERT CLIFFS-2.....CC2	MILLSTONE-3.....MS3	ST. LUCIE-2.....SL2
CATAWBA-1.....CT1	MONTICELLO.....MO1	SURRY-1.....SU1
CATAWBA-2.....CT2	NINE MILE POINT-1.....NM1	SURRY-2.....SU2
CLINTON-1.....CL1	NINE MILE POINT-2.....NM2	SUSQUEHANNA-1.....SQ1
COMANCHE PEAK-1.....CP1	NORTH ANNA-1.....NA1	SUSQUEHANNA-2.....SQ2
COMANCHE PEAK-2.....CP2	NORTH ANNA-2.....NA2	THREE MILE ISLAND-1.....TM1
CONNECTICUT YANKEE.....HN1	OCONEE-1.....OC1	THREE MILE ISLAND-2.....TM2
COOK-1.....CK1	OCONEE-2.....OC2	TROJAN.....TR1
COOK-2.....CK2	OCONEE-3.....OC3	TURKEY POINT-3.....TP3
COOPER.....CO1	OYSTER CREEK.....OY1	TURKEY POINT-4.....TP4
CRYSTAL RIVER-3.....CR3	PALISADES.....PA1	V. C. SUMMER.....VS1
DAVIS BESSE-1.....DB1	PALO VERDE-1.....PV1	VERMONT YANKEE.....VY1
DIABLO CANYON-1.....DC1	PALO VERDE-2.....PV2	VOGTLE-1.....VO1
DIABLO CANYON-2.....DC2	PALO VERDE-3.....PV3	VOGTLE-2.....VO2
DRESDEN-2.....DN2	PEACH BOTTOM-2.....PE2	WATERFORD-3.....WF3
DRESDEN-3.....DN3	PEACH BOTTOM-3.....PE3	WATTS BAR-1.....WB1
DUANE ARNOLD.....DA1	PERRY-1.....PY1	WATTS BAR-2.....WB2
FARLEY-1.....FA1	PERRY-2.....PY2	WNP-2.....WP2
FARLEY-2.....FA2	PILGRIM-1.....PG1	WOLF CREEK.....WC1
FERMI-2.....FE2	POINT BEACH-1.....PB1	YANKEE-ROWE.....YR1
FORT CALHOUN-1.....FC1	POINT BEACH-2.....PB2	ZION-1.....ZN1
FORT ST. VRAIN-1.....FV1	PRAIRIE ISLAND-1.....PI1	ZION-2.....ZN2
GINNA.....GI1	PRAIRIE ISLAND-2.....PI2	

COMPUTER POINT SELECTION

The main theme of the computer point selection process is to identify the minimum set of computer points, available on the fewest (preferably one) number of feeders from a site, which fully describe each of the parameters on the ERDS Parameter List.

When multiple computer points exist to describe a certain parameter, there is usually one point or a small subset of points which meet the following desirability criteria:

- For fluids systems (e.g., HPCI, Building Ventilation, Main Feedwater, etc.) the points representing the farthest location downstream in the system are most desirable. Examples:
 - = If the ventilation system exhausts from all buildings in the power block converge and ascend up a single plant vent stack, then only the effluent process radiation monitors on the plant stack need be described under "gaseous effluent" versus describing the individual effluent monitors which may exist for each of the exhaust lines which converge.
 - = If an injection or feedwater system has a set of points available which include flows measured at the pump discharges, at a combined header and at the point in the system just prior to injection into the loops or steam generators then the points which should be selected as potential ERDS feeds are the furthest downstream points (flow measured just prior to injection into loops or steam generators).
- Computer points which have undergone the maximum amount of range checking and other data point validation schemes should be selected. We are aware that many utilities are in the process of upgrading computer system validation techniques and that what exists now may be replaced at some future date.
- Computer points representing the widest expected range of the parameter should be selected. For example: If there is a choice of computer points for "Containment Pressure" with one representing the range -5 to +5 PSIG and another representing the range -5 to +100 PSIG, the wide-range -5 to +100 PSIG computer point should be selected; even though its accuracy may not be as great near the normally expected pressure of -1 to +1 PSIG.

The point composed of the maximum number of inputs should be used. The desirable point may be composed (processed) within the feeder computer or may be composed by a separate microprocessor outside the feeder as in the case of PWR Reactor Vessel Level Indication (RVLIS), Subcooling Margin Monitors (SMM) and meteorological tower systems. The philosophy of selecting the most composed points should not be applied in the case of parameters associated with PWR coolant loops (e.g., T-hot, T-cold, S/G Pressure, S/G Level, Main Feedwater Flow, ect.) to the extent of selecting points such as "Average T-hot", because loop-specific parameters are preferable for use in coolant-loop-specific accidents such as Steam Generator Tube Breaks. Composed points such as "Average T-hot Loop 1", "Average T-hot Loop 2", etc. should be selected.

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PLANT SURVEY REPORT

UNIT INFORMATION

UNIT SURVEY	UNIT				NO.
0 COMPLETE	NAME	UTILITY	LOCATION	STATE	TYPE LOOP CAPACITY
0 CR3					
0 Y	CRYSTAL RIVER-3	FL P&L CO	CRYSTAL RIVER	FL	FWR 2 B25

UNIT PARAMETERS

UNIT ID	PRO PARAMETERS	PARAMETER	FEEDER ID	AVAIL	NO. POINTS	NUMBER LOCATION	NUMBER RANGE
14 CRD							
CRD		PRESSURE	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		TEMP - HOT LEG	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		TEMP - COLD LEG	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		TEMP - MET	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		SUBCOOLING MARG	CRD0	N	0	0	0
CRD		PRZR LEVEL	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		ROB DRUM	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		RX 13L LEVEL	CRD0	N	0	0	0
CRD		RX COOL FLOW	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		NI - BR	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		NI - CR	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		NI - BR	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		S/S PRESSURE	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		S/S LEVEL	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		MAIN FEED FLOW	CRD1	Y	2	2	1
CRD		AUX FEED FLOW	CRD1	Y	2	4	1
CRD		HP SI FLOW	CRD1	Y	4	4	1
CRD		INT SI FLOW	CRD0	X	0	0	0
CRD		LP INJ FLOW	CRD1	Y	2	2	1
CRD		BWST LEVEL	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		CONT PRESS	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		CONT TEMP	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		H2 CONC	CRD0	N	0	0	0
CRD		CONT SUMP NORM	CRD1	Y	1	10	1
CRD		CONT SUMP WIDE	CRD0	X	0	0	0
CRD		RX COOL RAD	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		CONT RAD	CRD0	N	0	0	0
CRD		AVE RAD	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		EFF GASEOUS RAD	CRD1	Y	1	1	1
CRD		EFF LIQUID RAD	CRD1	Y	2	2	1
CRD		MAIN STM LN RAD	CRD1	Y	4	4	1
CRD		S/S BLEEDDOWN RAD	CRD0	N	0	0	0
CRD		WIND SPEED	CRD0	N	0	0	0
CRD		WIND DIRECTION	CRD0	N	0	0	0
CRD		STABILITY FLAG	CRD0	N	0	0	0

Subject

Total

25

25

CRYSTAL RIVER-3

PARAMETER	#	UNITS	REF PT	SPECIAL NOTES
PRESSURE	1	PSIG		
TEMP - HOT LEG	1	DEGF		
	2	DEGF		
TEMP - COLD LEG	1	DEGF		
	2	DEGF		
TEMP - CET	1	DEGF		
	2	DEGF		
SUBCOOLING MARG	1			
PRZR LEVEL	1	INCHES	SURGE	0=EMPTY, 320=FULL
RCS CHG/MU	1	GPM		
RX VSL LEVEL	1			
RX COOL FLOW	1	MLB/HR		
	2	MLB/HR		
NI - SR	1	CPS		
NI - IR	1	AMPS		
NI - PR	1	%		
S/G PRESSURE	1	PSIG		
	2	PSIG		
S/G LEVEL	1	INCHES	TUBSHT COLD CAL@200F, 0PSIG	
	2	INCHES	TUBSHT COLD CAL@200F@0PSIG:	
MAIN FEED FLOW	1	MLB/HR		
	2	MLB/HR		
AUX FEED FLOW	1	GPM		
	2	GPM		
HP SI FLOW	1	GPM		
	2	GPM		
	3	GPM		
	4	GPM		
LP INJ FLOW	1	GPM		
	2	GPM		
BWST LEVEL	1	INCHES	TNKBOT 0=EMPTY:600"=420KGAL:	
CONT PRESS	1	PSIA		
CONT TEMP	1	DEGF		
H2 CONC	1			
CONT SUMP NORM	1	FEET	TNKBOT DISC LVL DET:SMP VOL=8KGAL:	
RX COOL RAD	1	CPM		
CONT RAD	1			
A/E RAD	1	CPM		
EFF GASEOUS RAD	1	CPM		
EFF LIQUID RAD	1	CPM		
	2	CPM		
MAIN STM LN RAD	1	MR/HR		
	2	MR/HR		
	3	MR/HR		
	4	MR/HR		
WIND SPEED	1			
WIND DIRECTION	1			
STABILITY CLASS	1			

2/21/89

UNIT POINT

NO	NRC PARAMETERS	PARAM NO.	POINT NO.	FEEDER ID	POINT DESCRIPTION	PRO DR	VAL- HOW DES	IDA- TION RANGE	MIN RANGE	MAX RANGE	ENG UNITS	ZERO REF	SPECIAL NOTES
14	CR3												
15	CR3 PRESSURE	P 1	1	CR31	RC PRESS LOOP A WIDE RANGE	D	N	0		2500	PSIG		1 OF 2 LOOP PRESS SEL:
16	CR3 TEMP - HOT LEG	P 2	1	CR31	T-HOT LOOP A WR	D	N	120		920	DEGF		
17	CR3 TEMP - HOT LEG	P 2	2	CR31	T-HOT LOOP B WR	D	N	120		920	DEGF		
18	CR3 TEMP - COLD LEG	P 3	1	CR31	T-COLD LOOP A WR	D	N	50		650	DEGF		1 OF 2 A COLD LEGS
19	CR3 TEMP - COLD LEG	P 3	2	CR31	T-COLD LOOP B WR	D	N	50		650	DEGF		OTHER LEG NOT AVAILABLE:
20	CR3 TEMP - CET	P 4	1	CR31	T-HOT (X) IM-08H	D	N	0		2000	DEGF		1 OF 6 CET'S IN TRN X:
21	CR3 TEMP - CET	P 4	2	CR31	T-HOT (Y) IM-07E	D	N	0		2000	DEGF		1 OF 6 CET'S IN TRN Y:
22	CR3 SUBCOOLING MARG	P 5	1	CR30									SBCL MRGM IN CR, NOT ON CMPTR:
23	CR3 PRZR LEVEL	P 6	1	CR31	PZR LEVEL	D	N	0		320	INCHES SURGE		0=EMPTY, 320=FU LL
24	CR3 RCS CHG/MU	P 7	1	CR31	MAKEUP FLOW	D	N	0		200	GPM		LOOKS @ CMM MU LINE
25	CR3 RX VSL LEVEL	P 8	1	CR30									RVLIS(DP TYPE) IN CR, NOT TO CMPTR
26	CR3 RX COOL FLOW	P 9	1	CR31	RC - FLOW LOOP A	D	N	0		80	MLB/HR		
27	CR3 RX COOL FLOW	P 9	2	CR31	RC - FLOW LOOP B	D	N	0		80	MLB/HR		
28	CR3 NI - SR	P10	1	CR31	SRC RANGE NI-1	D	N	1E-1		1E+6	CPS		RED CH AVAIL:
29	CR3 NI - IR	P11	1	CR31	IN RANGE NI-3	D	N	1E-11		1E-3	AMPS		RED CH AVAIL:
30	CR3 NI - PR	P12	1	CR31	PWR RANGE NI-05A	D	N	0		125	%		3 RED CH AVAIL:
31	CR3 S/G PRESSURE	P13	1	CR31	STM PRESS OUT A	D	N	0		1200	PSIG		S/G SIDE MSIV:
32	CR3 S/G PRESSURE	P13	2	CR31	STM PRESS OUT B	D	N	1		1200	PSIG		S/G SIDE MSIV:
33	CR3 S/G LEVEL	P14	1	CR31	OTSG LVL A WR	D	N	0		600	INCHES TUBSHT		COLD
34	CR3 S/G LEVEL	P14	2	CR31	OTSG LVL B WR	D	N	0		600	INCHES TUBSHT		CAL@200F, OPSIG COLD
35	CR3 MAIN FEED FLOW	P15	1	CR31	MN FW FLOW A	D	N	0		6	MLB/HR		CAL@200F@OPSIG :
36	CR3 MAIN FEED FLOW	P15	2	CR31	MN FW FLOW B	D	N	0		6	MLB/HR		FW LINE TO S/G A
37	CR3 AUX FEED FLOW	P16	1	CR31	EM FW FLOW A	P	SU	N	0	1640	GPM		FW TO S/G B
38	CR3 AUX FEED FLOW	P16	2	CR31	EM FW FLOW B	P	SU	N	0	1640	GPM		SU 2 EFW LINES TO S/G A
39	CR3 HP SI FLOW	P17	1	CR31	HPI FLOW LOOP B2	D	N	0		500	GPM		SU 2 EFW LINES TO S/G B
													HPI=CHG PMP:CLD LEG INJ:

* 12/21/89

UNIT POINT

NRC ID	PARAMETERS	PARAM NO.	POINT NO.	FEEDER ID	POINT DESCRIPTION	PRO OR DES	VAL- HOW PROC	IDA- TION	MIN RANGE	MAX RANGE	ENG UNITS	IERD REF	SPECIAL NOTES
CR3	HP SI FLOW	P17	2	CR31	HPI FLOW LOOP A2	D	N	0	500	GPM			HPI=CHG PMP:CLD LEG INJ
CR3	HP SI FLOW	P17	3	CR31	HPI FLOW LOOP B1	D	N	0	500	GPM			HPI=CHG PMP:CLD LEG INJ
CR3	HP SI FLOW	P17	4	CR31	HPI FLOW LOOP A1	D	N	0	500	GPM			HPI=CHG PMP:CLD LEG INJ
CR3	LP INJ FLOW	P19	1	CR31	DH FLOW A	D	N	0	5000	GPM			CMW LPI&CORE FLD RPV INJ LINE
CR3	LP INJ FLOW	P19	2	CR31	DH FLOW B	D	N	0	5000	GPM			CMW LPI&CORE FLD RPV INJ LINE
CR3	BWST LEVEL	P20	1	CR31	BWST LV	D	N	0	600	INCHES	TNKBOT		0=EMPTY:600*=4 20KGAL: RED CH
CR3	CONT PRESS	P21	1	CR31	RB PRESS A	D	N	0	280	PSIA			AVAIL:SUB ATM: ELEV D=HI:3 RED CH AVAIL: LCL READOUT ONLY:
CR3	CONT TEMP	P22	1	CR31	RB TEMP ELEV D	D	M	40	400	DEGF			
CR3	H2 CONC	P23	1	CR30									
CR3	CONT SUMP NORM	P24	1	CR31	RB SUMP LEVEL (TRAIN A)	P	AC	N	0	10	FEET	TNKBOT	DISC LVL DET:SNP VOL=8KGAL: LTDN LN:1E+6CPM=1E+ 3UC/CC DET131: MAY BE ON NEW COMP LATE '88 UP SAME STK AS RB/AUX BLDG: LW RNG ONLY AVAIL:1E+6CPM= 1E-1UC/ML RW DISCH:1E+5CPM= 1E-3UC/ML SEC DISCH:1E+5CPM= 4E-4UC/ML 10F2 A MS LN: .1UC/CC/MR/ HR
CR3	RX COOL RAD	P26	1	CR31	PRIM COOL RM-L1	D	N	10	1E+6	CPM			
CR3	CONT RAD	P27	1	CR30									
CR3	A/E RAD	P28	1	CR31	COND PMP RM-A12	D	N	10	1E+6	CPM			
CR3	EFF GASEOUS RAD	P29	1	CR31	FH DUCT RMA-26	D	N	10	1E+6	CPM			
CR3	EFF LIQUID RAD	P30	1	CR31	PLT DISCH RM-L2	D	N	10	1E+6	CPM			
CR3	EFF LIQUID RAD	P30	2	CR31	TB SUMP RM-L7	D	N	10	1E+6	CPM			
CR3	MAIN STM LN RAD	P31	1	CR31	STM RAD RM-625	D	N	1E-1	1E+7	MR/HR			
CR3	MAIN STM LN RAD	P31	2	CR31	STM RAD RM-626	D	N	1E-1	1E+7	MR/HR			

2/21/89

UNIT POINT

NO	NRC PARAMETERS	PARAM NO.	POINT NO.	FEEDER ID	POINT DESCRIPTION	FRD OR DES	VAL- HOW PROC	IDA- TION	MIN RANGE	MAX RANGE	ENG UNITS	ZERO REF	SPECIAL NOTES
003	MAIN STM LN RAD P31	3	CR31		STM RAD RM-627	D	N		1E-1	1E+7	MR/HR		10F2 A MS LN: .1UC/CC/MR/ HR
003	MAIN STM LN RAD P31	4	CR31		STM RAD RM-628	D	N		1E-1	1E+7	MR/HR		10F2 B MS LN: .1UC/CC/MR/ HR
003	WIND SPEED	P33	1	CR30									AVAIL ON COMP LATE BB
003	WIND DIRECTION	P34	1	CR30									AVAIL ON COMP LATE BB
003	STABILITY CLASS	P35	1	CR30									AVAIL ON COMP LATE BB

CRYSTAL RIVER-3

PARAMETER	AVAIL	# POINTS	# LOCATNS	# RANGES
PRESSURE	Y	1	1	1
TEMP - HOT LEG	Y	2	2	1
TEMP - COLD LEG	Y	2	2	1
TEMP - CET	Y	2	2	1
SUBCOOLING MARG	N	0	0	0
FRZR LEVEL	Y	1	1	1
RCS CHG/MU	Y	1	1	1
RX VSL LEVEL	N	0	0	0
RX COOL FLOW	Y	2	2	1
NI - SR	Y	1	1	1
NI - IR	Y	1	1	1
NI - PR	Y	1	1	1
S/G PRESSURE	Y	2	2	1
S/G LEVEL	Y	2	2	1
MAIN FEED FLOW	Y	2	2	1
AUX FEED FLOW	Y	2	4	1
HP SI FLOW	Y	4	4	1
INT SI FLOW	X	0	0	0
LP INJ FLOW	Y	2	2	1
BWST LEVEL	Y	1	1	1
CONT PRESS	Y	1	1	1
CONT TEMP	Y	1	1	1
H2 CONC	N	0	0	0
CONT SUMP NORM	Y	1	10	1
CONT SUMP WIDE	X	0	0	0
RX COOL RAD	Y	1	1	1
CONT RAD	N	0	0	0
A/E RAD	Y	1	1	1
EFF GASEOUS RAD	Y	1	1	1
EFF LIQUID RAD	Y	2	2	1
MAIN STM LN RAD	Y	4	4	1
S/G BLOWDOWN RAD	N	0	0	0
WIND SPEED	N	0	0	0
WIND DIRECTION	N	0	0	0
STABILITY CLASS	N	0	0	0

FEEDER database file, printed 02/18/87 Records= 60 (N = -8 = NotApplicable) (U = -9 = Unknown)
R31 = SPDS/RECALL SYSTEM

<F01.Feeder Identifier.....>CR31 <F03.Feeder Acronyms.....>N
<F02.Feeder Name.....>V
SPDS/RECALL SYSTEM
<F05.TELECOMM record ID.....>CR

---- Operational status:
<F06.WhatStatus (operational?)>True <F07.Operational Date.....> / / <F08.Memo:Status Comments.....>NotApplic

---- System hardware/software environment:
<F10.CPU Manufacturer.....>COMPUDAS <F11.CPU Model.....>U
<F12.Operating System.....>DABLE
<F13.Memo:System Software.....>NotApplic

---- Roles of utility and vendors in development/maintenance:
<F15.Utility did Application?>False <F19.Util Maintains ApplSoftw?>Unknown
<F16.ApplicSoftware Vendors.v>
BABCOCK & WILCOX
<F17.Memo:Vendors Addresses...>SeeMemo--v
CONTACT: SCOTT WILSON; 3110 ODD FELLOWS ROAD; LYNCHBURG, VA 24501

---- DataComm technical attributes supported by the computer environment:
<F20.Serial feed Possible?>True <F21.Async available?>True <F22.What non-async Protocols?>N
<F23.Character Code.....>U
<F24.Baudrate Range.....>U <F25.Maximum Baudrate.....> -9
<F26.XON/XOFF flow cntrl avail?>Unknown <F27.ERDS can be Vanilla Trnsl?>Unknown

---- Port availability and needed products:
<F28.ERDS Port now exists?>Unknown <F38.ERDS port is ERDS-only...>Unknown <F29.Ports can be Added?>Unknown
<F30.feeder Needs Hardware?>Unknown <F33.Hardware Cost Sestimate..> -9.00
<F31.Memo:Hardware needed.....>Unknown
<F34.Needs Software Products?>Unknown <F37.Sfwr Products Cost Sest...> -9.00
<F35.Memo:Software needed.....>Unknown

---- Operational aspects:
<F04.Feeder Location.....>V
EPIC ROOM
<F39.Hook-Up Point at site...>
U
<F40.Delay til turn-on (hours)> -9.00

---- Miscellaneous:
<F44.Implementation Cost Sest..> -9.00
<F43.Memo:Implementation Notes>SeeMemo--v

1. THIS DATAFEEDER IS IN REALITY A DATAHANDLER WHICH TRANSMITS DATA POINT VALUES IN PACKED BINARY FORMAT (IN COUNTS) TO OTHER SYSTEMS WHERE THEY UNDERGO FURTHER PROCESSING FOR DISPLAY ON A CRT. THE DATA POINT VALUES ARE TRANSMITTED IN FOUR GROUPS OF 10. THERE ARE CURRENTLY THREE DATAHANDLERS (A, B, AND C). THE WRC MAY ONLY HOOK UP TO A OR B. AS OF THE TIME OF THIS SURVEY THERE WAS ONE PORT AVAILABLE FOR ERDS ON EACH OF THESE MACHINES. IF BOTH OF THESE PORTS ARE TAKEN BEFORE ERDS IS IMPLEMENTED, A NEW DATAHANDLER WILL HAVE TO BE PURCHASED TO PROVIDE AN ERDS PORT SINCE NO NEW PORTS CAN BE ADDED TO EITHER DATAHANDLER A OR B.
2. UTILITY SUGGESTS THAT WE RUN A DRIVER ON AN IBM-PC THAT SAMPLES THE DATAHANDLER AT REGULAR INTERVALS AND THEN CONVERTS THE DATA VALUES SENT BY THE DATAHANDLER FROM COUNTS TO FORMATTED ALPHANUMERIC CHARACTERS, PERFORMS SOME VALIDITY CHECKS ON THESE VALUES, AND THEN TRANSMITS THIS INFORMATION ONTO THE WRC OPERATIONS CENTER. THIS TYPE OF ARRANGEMENT IS CURRENTLY USED BY THE UTILITY AT ITS OFFICE IN ST. PETERSBURG, FLORIDA.

<F41.Memo:Comments for feeder.>SeeMemo--v
SURVEY COORDINATOR: JACK TUNSTILL
COMPUTER HARDWARE, SYSTEMS SOFTWARE, AND APPLICATION-LEVEL SOFTWARE SPECIALISTS: JACK PEEBLES, HOWER BITLER

This feeder has 0 CUSTGEN records and 0 DATAGEN records.

TELECOMM database file, printed 02/18/87
CR

Record# 42

(N = -8 = NotApplicable)(U = -9 = Unknown)

<T01.TELECOMM record ID.....>CR

---- Telephone information about the site:

<T04.Telephone Co for site....>UNITED TELEPHONE

<T23.Util gets Priority DTone?>Unknown <T29.EmergNotifcn on ded ckts?>True

<T05.Memo:site PBX Systems....>SeeMemo--v

HARRIS 1204, 1985

---- Dialing into the site:

<T07.Inward dialing is normal?>False <T08.can setup Inward dialing?>Unknown

---- Getting remote dialtone via corporate network:

<T09.CorpNet hopping possible?>True <T12.CoNet hops canbe allowed?>NotApplic <T10.CorpNet hops need pauses?>True

<T11.CorpNet # of dtone locns?> 1 <T24.max # miles hop to dtone.> -9

---- Other strategies for bypassing local congestion:

<T13.Memo:how bypass congestn?>Unknown

---- Normal outward dialing through site PBX:

<T15.PBX can Prevent Disconn?>Unknown <T16.PBX feedback is Tones?...>False

<T18.PBX Direct to LDist Net?>Unknown <T19.Memo:DirectLDist Carriers>Unknown

<T25.Memo:PBX Paths to 202/...>SeeMemo--v

1. MCI OUT OF ST. PETERSBURG

2. DIAL ?

---- Getting a new line to the site:

<T17.site trunks to # COs?....> 1 <T21.Memo:COs' LDist Carriers.>Unknown

<T27.idle CO trunk wires avib?>True <T28.possible Problems?.....>Unknown

---- Miscellaneous:

<T30.Memo:Implementation Notes>NotApplic

<T02.Memo:Contacts for tcomm.>SeeMemo--v

JOHN ROGG

UNIT POINT

UNIT	DESC	FASAN	POINT	UNIT	VAL	MIN	MAX	ENG	RECD	SPECIAL
NO.	NO.	NO.	ID	DESC	RANGE	RANGE	RANGE	UNITS	SET	NOTES
001	TEMP	F 1	1 0031	FC FREQ LOOP A WIDE RANGE	D	0	2500	PSIG		RECH AVAIL:
002	TEMP	F 2	1 0031	T-HOT LOOP A WR	D	0	320	INCHES SURGE		RECH AVAIL:
003	TEMP	F 2	1 0031	T-HOT LOOP A WR	D	0	320	INCHES SURGE		RECH AVAIL:
004	TEMP	F 3	1 0031	T-COLD LOOP A WR	D	0	320	INCHES SURGE		RECH AVAIL:
005	TEMP	F 3	1 0031	T-COLD LOOP B WR	D	0	320	INCHES SURGE		RECH AVAIL:
006	TEMP	F 4	1 0031	T-HOT (X) IN-08H	D	0	2000	DEGT		RECH AVAIL:
007	TEMP	F 4	1 0031	T-HOT (Y) IN-07E	D	0	2000	DEGT		RECH AVAIL:
008	TEMP	F 5	1 0031	F12 LEVEL	D	0	320	INCHES SURGE		RECH AVAIL:
009	TEMP	F 6	1 0031	MAKEUP FLOW	D	0	200	INCHES SURGE		RECH AVAIL:
010	TEMP	F 7	1 0031	FC - FLOW LOOP A	D	0	80	MLB/HR		RECH AVAIL:
011	TEMP	F 8	1 0031	FC - FLOW LOOP B	D	0	80	MLB/HR		RECH AVAIL:
012	TEMP	F 9	1 0031	SIC RANGE HI-1	D	1E-1	1E+6	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
013	TEMP	F 9	1 0031	SIC RANGE HI-2	D	1E-11	1E+2	AMPS		RECH AVAIL:
014	TEMP	F 10	1 0031	FWR RANGE HI-05A	D	0	1.25	INCHES SURGE		RECH AVAIL:
015	TEMP	F 10	1 0031	2TH PRESS OUT A	D	0	1200	PSIG		RECH AVAIL:
016	TEMP	F 10	1 0031	3TH PRESS OUT B	D	0	1200	PSIG		RECH AVAIL:
017	TEMP	F 11	1 0031	0155 LVL A WR	D	0	600	INCHES TURBINE		RECH AVAIL:
018	TEMP	F 11	1 0031	0155 LVL B WR	D	0	600	INCHES TURBINE		RECH AVAIL:
019	TEMP	F 12	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	6	INCHES TURBINE		RECH AVAIL:
020	TEMP	F 12	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	6	INCHES TURBINE		RECH AVAIL:
021	TEMP	F 13	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	1640	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
022	TEMP	F 13	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	1640	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
023	TEMP	F 14	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
024	TEMP	F 14	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
025	TEMP	F 15	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
026	TEMP	F 15	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
027	TEMP	F 16	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	5000	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
028	TEMP	F 16	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	5000	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
029	TEMP	F 17	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
030	TEMP	F 17	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
031	TEMP	F 18	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
032	TEMP	F 18	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
033	TEMP	F 19	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
034	TEMP	F 19	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
035	TEMP	F 20	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
036	TEMP	F 20	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
037	TEMP	F 21	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
038	TEMP	F 21	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
039	TEMP	F 22	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
040	TEMP	F 22	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
041	TEMP	F 23	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
042	TEMP	F 23	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
043	TEMP	F 24	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
044	TEMP	F 24	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
045	TEMP	F 25	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
046	TEMP	F 25	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
047	TEMP	F 26	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
048	TEMP	F 26	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
049	TEMP	F 27	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
050	TEMP	F 27	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
051	TEMP	F 28	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
052	TEMP	F 28	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
053	TEMP	F 29	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
054	TEMP	F 29	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
055	TEMP	F 30	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
056	TEMP	F 30	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
057	TEMP	F 31	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
058	TEMP	F 31	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
059	TEMP	F 32	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
060	TEMP	F 32	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
061	TEMP	F 33	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
062	TEMP	F 33	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
063	TEMP	F 34	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
064	TEMP	F 34	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
065	TEMP	F 35	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
066	TEMP	F 35	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
067	TEMP	F 36	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
068	TEMP	F 36	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
069	TEMP	F 37	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
070	TEMP	F 37	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
071	TEMP	F 38	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
072	TEMP	F 38	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
073	TEMP	F 39	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
074	TEMP	F 39	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
075	TEMP	F 40	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
076	TEMP	F 40	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
077	TEMP	F 41	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
078	TEMP	F 41	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
079	TEMP	F 42	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
080	TEMP	F 42	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
081	TEMP	F 43	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
082	TEMP	F 43	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
083	TEMP	F 44	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
084	TEMP	F 44	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
085	TEMP	F 45	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
086	TEMP	F 45	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
087	TEMP	F 46	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
088	TEMP	F 46	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
089	TEMP	F 47	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
090	TEMP	F 47	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
091	TEMP	F 48	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
092	TEMP	F 48	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
093	TEMP	F 49	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
094	TEMP	F 49	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
095	TEMP	F 50	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
096	TEMP	F 50	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
097	TEMP	F 51	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
098	TEMP	F 51	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
099	TEMP	F 52	1 0031	0155 FLOW A	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:
100	TEMP	F 52	1 0031	0155 FLOW B	D	0	500	CFM		RECH AVAIL:

UNIT POINT

UNIT NO. 10
MCC. 10
FACILITY CLASS 022

PARAN POINT FEEDER NO. 10
NO. 10
ID

POINT DESCRIPTION

VAL- CR RCU IBA- R14 R14
RANGE RANGE
RANGE RANGE
RANGE RANGE
RANGE RANGE

ENG 1000
UNITS 80

SPECIAL NOTES

UNIT STABILITY CLASS 022 1 0000

1002 MS B UNL. 100/CC/NO/HR
1002 A MS UNL. 100/CC/NO/HR
1002 B MS UNL. 100/CC/NO/HR
AVAIL ON COMP LATE 80
AVAIL ON COMP LATE 80
AVAIL ON COMP LATE 80