CORPORATION

1956 ANNUAL REPORT

Precision components, equipment and weapons-for industry and defense



HIGHLIGHTS OF 1956

	1956	1955
Sales and other revenues	\$75,111,784	\$73,088,935
Profit	\$ 3,971,593	\$ 4,854,753
Per common share:		
Profit	\$2.06	\$2.54
Dividends	\$1.15	\$1.25
Book value (year-end)	\$21,30	\$20,38
Employees	6,472	
Common stockholders	7,315	

To our Stockholders and Employees:

Our sales and other revenues in 1956 were \$75,111,784, as compared with \$73,088,935 in 1955. Net profit was \$3,971,593, or \$2.06 a share, as compared with \$4,854,753, or \$2.54 a share, the year before.

Lower earnings resulted primarily from sharp reductions in automotive production, combined with heavy development and operating costs. An important series of cost-cutting measures was started early in the year. At mid-year we reported earnings of only 79 cents a share, but with economies taking effect, we were able to record substantially improved results in the second half.

Common dividends during the year totaled \$1.15 a share, with our 138th consecutive quarterly payment being made in December.

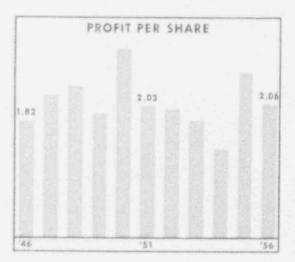


Automotive decline partially offset

The automotive industry, the source of almost half of our business, produced 25 percent fewer cars and trucks than in 1955. There was a proportionate decline in our sales of automotive parts. This loss of volume was largely offset by increased sales of aircraft and diesel bearings, but the process of cutting down in some major lines and building up in others affected our rate of profit.

Larger quantities of replacement bearings were required by the railroads, reflecting in part the increased number of diesel locomotives in use and in part the high level of rail traffic during the year. In the aircraft field, replacement bearing sales were in keeping with the number of piston-type engines in service, and production of precision air-oil seals for jet engines continued its growth of the past several years.

Sales of replacement bearings for cars and trucks were higher than in 1955. The benefits of large-scale automotive production in 1950 and afterward are now beginning to be felt in this field. Total car and truck population in the country has reached an all-time high of over 60 mil-





Sales, engineering and manufacturing heads at our largest operating unit led a successful effort to produce and introduce a new kind of engine bearing for today's powerful passenger cars. The bearing has been specified as standard for several leading makes of 1957 cars.

tion and the long-term outlook for replacement bearing sales is encouraging.

Profitable growth in electronics

Our electronics business increased by about 20 percent during 1956 and accounted for approximately one-fourth of our total sales. The products showing the largest sales increases were recording oscillographs and amplifiers, and transistors and diodes.

In the field of artificially-grown crystals, where we have been the leader for many years, sales have been affected by low-priced competition from abroad and by the development of ceramic materials having piezoelectric properties. We have been doing advanced work with our own lines of ceramics, however, and expect to enjoy an increasingly important position in the combined crystal and ceramics field.

Many Clevite products find their way into defense service, but our main direct contribution to national security is in the design and production of homing torpedoes and related equipment for the Navy. Sales in this field were ahead of 1955. The staff of our Research Center did notable work in advanced weapons design and in the

development of improved associated equipment.

Operating costs reduced

During the year we successfully carried out a program designed to reduce operating costs at two of our smaller units and still permit an orderly expansion of their business. The cost of new projects at our larger units was also reviewed carefully.

Our Clevite Transistor Products division was re-organized, and its research and manufacturing were concentrated on a small number of specialized products. Operating losses were steadily reduced during the year, and by November the unit was returning a small monthly profit.



Quarterly meetings of about 50 members of corporation-wide management have been effective in building up the exchange of knowledge and experience among our operating units. January's meetings included a detailed tour of our major electronic manufacturing operation.

A similar program was carried out at our German semiconductor company, with operating losses almost eliminated by the end of the year.

By selling our jet blade subsidiary, Clevite Aero Products, Inc., we were able to eliminate another source of operating loss. Although this operation was small, expanded government requirements pointed to a heavier investment, more manufacturing problems and a longer wait for satisfactory profits than we thought was justified.

Research work concentrated

Activities at our Research Center were increasingly focussed on fields directly related to our manufacturing units. The total cost of operating the Center for the



Clevite Research Center is well equipped for developing materials and processes useful in large-scale manufacturing. This strip rolling mill, which has a number of "big brothers" in our metalwarking plants, is used by the Center's materials department.

year was \$4,264,968; of this amount \$2,700,206 represented work done for and billed to outside organizations. The Center's net cost to Clevite was lower than in 1955.

The Center has added considerably to its standing in the field of industrial research. At present it is under contract to General Electric, Westinghouse, Sandia and other leading companies, for conducting research and development in fields in which we specialize. Together with projects being done at our own expense, this work provides us with new knowledge in areas such as high temperature materials—which are increasingly important in the development of bearings and jet seals—in semiconductors and piezo-electric materials, in magnetic recording and in nuclear components.

Active foreign business

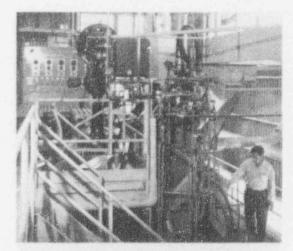
Our foreign business was good, and royalty income was at approximately the same high rate we reached in 1955.

Bearing and bushing sales in Canada were at high levels, with a satisfactory profit. During the year we bought the 1/5 interest in our Canadian subsidiary that had been owned by others, and also bought full ownership of a small powdered metal parts company in which we had held a 1/3 interest. Both companies were combined into a single unit in our St. Thomas, Ontario, plant.

Exports of engine bearings for replacement use abroad reached new high ground, with favorable profit margins.

Financial position sound

At the end of the year our financial position was strong, although not as liquid as at the end of 1955. During the year sizeable amounts of cash were required for increased working capital, for carrying



Capital expenditures authorized for 1957 include a second Banbury rubber compounding installation at Milan, Ohio, where this one is located. By compounding our own rubber we can maintain high quality standards.

small operations that were not yet profitable, and for capital additions. At December 31st current assets were 6.1 times current liabilities, as compared with 6.0 a year earlier.

Capital additions amounted to \$4,278,000, about twice our depreciation. Of this total, 70 percent was for ordinary replacements, 15 percent for additional capacity for existing products, and 15 percent for new capacity for new products.

Organization and personnel

Our programs for management development showed good results, with many of our people being promoted to positions of added responsibility.

We also gained new strength from outside the organization, the single most important step of this kind being the election of James J. Welker, an executive of broad industrial experience, as the corporation's Vice President—Operations. All of our plants enjoyed good personnel relations throughout 1956.

Outlook good

Like most other companies, we are faced in 1957, as in past years, with the continuing problem of inflation in wage, salary, and material costs coupled with downward pressures on selling prices. The solution to this problem, in our opinion, is still a time-honored and simple one—unrelenting hard work to cut costs and expand sales.

The full effect of the economics achieved in 1956 should be felt in 1957. Cost reduction efforts continue, and further benefits are expected. Our sales are currently at high levels, and with good business conditions our volume should be ahead of last year.

We believe that 1957 should be a good year, with earnings per share showing an improvement over 1956.

James L Myro

William & Zaffer

President

Cleveland, Ohio February 26, 1957



Consolidated Results of Operations

	1956	1955
REVENUES		
Sales of product	\$73,581,604	\$71,935,883
Royalties, interest and other revenues	1,530,180	1,153,052
Total revenues.	75,111,784	73,088,935
COSTS		
Wages, salaries, and company contributions for group, hospital and unemployment insurance and old age and retirement benefits (Note 6).	27.002.700	22 422 224
	34,085,688	32,453,236
Raw materials, supplies and services purchased, and other expenses	30,598,645	27,925,905
Portion of cost of buildings, machinery and equipment		
applied to operations	2,017,927	1,980,421
Real estate and other taxes	737,931	724,620
Federal and foreign taxes on incom.	3,700,000	5,150,000
Total costs	71,140,191	68,234,182
PROFIT FOR YEAR (Note 7)	3,971,593	4,854,753
Portion of profit paid to shareholders as cash dividends		
Preferred stock, \$4.50 per share	246,842	262,382
Common stock, \$1.15 per share in 1956, \$1.25 per share in 1955	2,078,225	2,257,065
	2,325,067	2,519,447
REINVESTMENT OF PROFIT FOR YEAR	1,646,526	2,335,306
Reinvestment of profit of previous years	25,257,179	22,921,873
REINVESTMENT OF PROFIT IN THE BUSINESS SINCE INCEPTION IN 1919	\$26,903,703	\$25,257,179



Consolidated Financial Position

	Decen	December 31	
	1956	1955	
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 5,343,876	\$ 4,861,517	
United States Government securities	1,985,407	6,458,465	
Receivable from customers and others	10,395,860	9,107,727	
Inventories (Note 1)	18,921,990	17,577,045	
	36,647,133	38,004,754	
Deduct:			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Notes payable	1,158,675	1,332,950	
Payable to suppliers and others	4,677,544	4,923,595	
Federal and foreign taxes on income	2,714,839	4,806,952	
Less: United States Government securities	. (2,552,226)	(4,688,067)	
	5,998,832	6,375,430	
WORKING CAPITAL	30,648,301	31,629,324	
Browning of his sold involved the Black Bl	41 484 080	10.077.774	
Property, plant and equipment (Note 2) Prepaid costs and other assets	21,424,979 - 979,947	19,867,771 1,666,299	
Intangible assets acquired in purchases of	27.435(254)	1,000,277	
subsidiaries, less amortization	2,412,941	2,293,458	
	55,466,168	55,456,852	
Deduct:			
Notes payable, 314%, due scrially until 1971,			
less \$832,500 current portion (Note 3)	11,670,000	12,502,500	
Minority interest in subsidiary		303,848	
	11,670,000	12,806,348	
NET ASSETS	\$43,796,168	\$42,650,504	
SHAREHOLDERS' INVESTMENT			
Preferred stock - 41/2% cumulative (Note 4)			
53,086 shares of \$100 par value	5 5,308,600		
58,123 shares of \$100 par value		\$ 5,812,300	
Common stock (Notes 4 and 5)			
1,807,152 shares of \$1 par value	1,807,152	1,807,152	
Capital in excess of par value (Note 4)	9,776,711	9,773,873	
Reinvestment of profit (Notes 3, 6 and 7).		25,257,179	
	38,487,568	36,838,204	
*****	B 43 707 170	E40 (E0 E04	
TOTAL INVESTMENT	\$43,796,168	\$42,650,504	

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - Inventories

The values of the metal content of certain inventories stated on the last-in, first-out bank of cost, which in the aggregate is lower than market value, were \$3,579,730 at December 31, 1956 and \$3,056,306 at December 31, 1955. The remaining inventory valuations, totaling \$15,342,260 and \$14,520,739 respectively, were stated at the lower of cost or market.

NOTE 2 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at original cost less accumulated depreciation aggregating \$16,295,201 at December 31, 1956 and \$14,331,118 at December 31, 1955.

NOTE 3 - 3 1/4 % Notes Payable

The notes payable to an insurance company, originally in the principal amount of \$15,000,000, are due in installments of \$832,500 per year from March 1, 1957 to March 1, 1970 and \$847,500 on March 1, 1971.

As of December 31, 1956, the note agreement provided a limitation of \$7,956,238 on the payment of each dividends.

NOTE 4 - Preferred and Common Stock

As at December 31, 1956 the authorized stock of the corporation consisted of 100,000 preferred shares and 2,500,000 common shares. There were 53,339 preferred shares authorized but unissued and remaining eligible for issue at December 31, 1956. Preferred shares retired pursuant to a requirement of the articles of incorporation cannot be reissued. On December 31, 1956, 692.848 common shares were authorized but unissued. Of this amount 110,205 common shares were reserved for issuance under the stock option plan.

The articles of incorporation provide that each year an amount shall be set aside and expended for the purchase and retirement or redemption of preferred stock. The minimum amount required, and the maximum amount permitted, to be set aside annually are amounts equivalent to 4% and 7%, respectively, of the aggregate par value of preferred stock issued. In accordance with such provision 4,611 preferred shares were retired in 1956. The amount to be set aside in 1957 for such purpose is \$375,785.

During the year 1956 an amount of \$2.838 representing the discount on preferred shares purchased was credited to "capital in excess of par value."

NOTE 5 - Stock Option Plan

A plan for granting stock options to key employees was approved at the 1956 annual stockholders meeting. On November 20, 1956 the Corporation granted options to sixty employees, including certain officers, to purchase a total of 110,205 shares of common stock. The option price per share is \$20.25, the market price on the date the options were granted. Options may be exercised in annual installments over periods starting from two to three years from the option date and ending, in most cases, ten years from the option date.

NOTE 6 - Retirement Income Plans

The Corporation has in effect a contributory, trusteed retirement income plan for salaried employees and a non-contributory trusteed plan for hourly employees. In 1956 the corporation r 14 \$932,000 into the trusts and charged against r an equivalent amount. The unfunded past r are liability at December 31, 1956 in respect of s. r. plans was estimated to be \$4.137,000.

NOTE 7 - Renegatiation

Profits on sales to the U. S. Government for the years 1953 through 1956 remain subject to renegotiation. The effect, if any, of renegotiation upon the accompanying financial statements cannot be determined at this time, but no significant change is anticipated.

Opinion of Independent Public Accountents

To the Board of Directors of Chesite Corporation

We have examined the consolidated statement of financial position of Clevite Corporation and its subsidiaries as at December 31, 1956, and the related consolidated statement of results of operations for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of results of operations and the notes thereto, present fairly the financial position of Clevite Corporation and its subsidiaries at December 31, 1956, and the results of their operations for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Swell. Wallington stompany

Cleveland, Ohio February 20, 1957

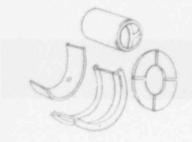
	1956	1955	1954
OPERATIONS (e):			
Sales and other revenues Profit before income taxes	\$75,112 7,672	\$73,089 10,005	\$60,149
Profit after income taxes Cash dividends:	3,972	4,855	5,619 2,669
Preferred Common Reinvestment of profit	247 2,078 1,647	263 2,257 2,335	268 2,070 331
Plant and equipment additions Depreciation	4,278 2,018	2,620 1,980	2,518 1,936
FINANCIAL POSITION AT YEAR END (a):			
Current assets Current liabilities Working capital Property, plant and equipment, less depreciation Book value of common shareholders' investment	\$36,647 5,999 30,648 21,425 38,488	\$38,004 6,375 31,629 19,868 36,838	\$35,618 4,760 30,858 19,231 34,319
PERCENTAGES:			
Profit before income taxes to:			
Shareholders' investment (average) Sales and other revenues Profit after income taxes to:	20.4% 10.2	28.1% 13.7	16.5% 9.3
Shareholders' investment (average) Sales and other revenues		13.6 6.6	7.8 4.4
PER COMMON SHARE (b):			
Profit after income taxes and preferred dividends Dividends Book value (year end)	\$2.06 1.15 21.30	\$2.54 1.25 20.38	\$1.33 1.15 19.07
OTHER:			
Number of common shareholders (year end)	6,472 7,315		5,335 5,713

⁽a) Thousands of dollars (b) Adjusted for two-for-one slock splits in 1953 and 1947

SUMMARY

1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947
\$71,305	\$54,193	\$50,052	\$42,506	829,788	\$29,645	\$31,061
7,979	8,144	7,687	7,914	4,205	5,013	4,803
	3,444	2,887	3,914	2,635		2,903
287		183		89	101	121
2,020 1,172		1,533 1,171	1,733 2,105	1,191 1,355	1,159 1,803	1,610 1,172
4,403 1,803	4,464 1,342	4,132 1,032	1,448 961	745 849	891 773	1,441 750
\$36,377 4,883 31,494 19,230	\$33,723 4,019 29,764 16,605	\$20,250 2,982 23,268 12,617	\$15,306 3,956 11,350 9,558	\$11,904 2,006 9,898 9,158	\$10,259 1,328 8,931 8,353	\$ 9,150 1,708 7,442 8,249
		21,250		17,954	15,620	13,817
25.7% 11.2		37.2% 13.4	41.6% 18.6	25.0% 14.1	34.1% 16.9	36.4%
						15,5
4.9	6.4	14.0 5.8	20.6 9.2	15.7 8.8	20.8 10.3	22.0 9.3
\$1,77	\$1,97	\$2.03	\$2.88	\$1.91	\$2.30	\$2.16
1.15		1.15 15.92			.90 12.13	1.25 10.73
6,127 5,530	5,870	4,527 3,689	4,095 3,211	3.014 3,056	3,560 2,981	3,494 2,611

A DIRECTORY OF PLANTS.



THE CLEVELAND GRAPHITE BRONZE COMPANY

17000 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland 10, Ohio

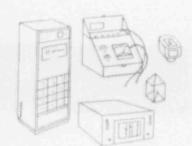
Products include sleeve bearings, thrust bearings, washers, bushings, electrolytic copper foil, wear plates, bi-metallic materials, oil and air seals, battery plaques, other precision products requiring advanced metallurgical and manufacturing techniques

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Chief Engineer
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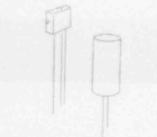
3405 Perkins Avenue, Cleveland 14, Ohio

Products include piezoelectric crystals and ceramics, electronic instruments for industrial and research use, sound and vibration measuring equipment, textile instruments for quality control, production instrumentation, magnetic recording components, account products, underwater weapons, underwater sound detection equipment, seismographic equipment

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6545 Carnegie Avenue, Cleveland 3, Ohio

Products include rubber-and-metal bearings, molded rubber parts, bonded rubberand-metal products, magnetic recording beits, vibration mounts

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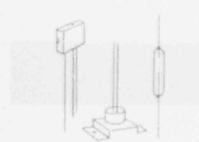


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1177 Talbat Street, St. Thomas, Ontario, Canada

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Paul Jeffers Vice President Sales
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Allan A. Cook Guntroller
Thomas J. Maloney Field and Product Engineer



CLEVITE TRANSISTOR PRODUCTS

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Products include transistors and diodes

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ALBERT A. DULAC Chief Engineer
ALLEN J. DUSAULT General Sales Manager
BEKTRAN E. MILLS Gontroller
LDWARD J. QUIER Works Manager



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5/0 East 105th Street, Cleveland 8, Ohio

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T. E. Lynch

Hans Jake

A. D. E.L. wore

W. J. Riley

President

Vice President and Manager—Physics Division

Manager—Physics Division

Manager—Materials Division

Controlle

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C. Baldwin Sawyer

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JOHN SHERWIN

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Guaranty Trust Company, New York

Carl W. Johnson

A Director and Senior Vice President and one of the founders of Clevite Corporation

CORPORATION