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TABLE 3.3-9

REMOTE SHUTDOWN MONIT LING INSTRUMENTATION

	INSTRUMENT	READOUT LOCATION	MEASUREMENT RANGE	MINIMUM CY NNELS OPERABLE
1.	Reactor Trip Breaker Indication	CRD switchgear room 124 foot elevation	open-clase	1 per trip breaker and 1 per secondary trip breaker
2.	Reactor Coolant Temperature - Th	Remote shutdown panel	120-920°F	1 per loop
3.	Reactor Coolant Pressure	Remote shutdown panel	0-2500 psig	1
4.	Pressurizer Level	Remote shutdown panel	0-320" H ₂ 0	1
5.	Steam Generator Pressure	Remote shutdown panel	0-1200 psig	1 per steam generator
6.	Steam Generator Level	Remote shutdown panel	0-150" H ₂ 0	1 per steam generator
7.	Decay Heat Removal Temperature	Remote shutdown panel	0-300°F	1 per cooler
8.	Motor Driven Emergency Feedwater Pressure	Intermediate Building 95 foot elevation	0-2000 psig	1 per pump
9.	Nuclear Services Closed Cycle Cooling Pumps Discharge Pressure	Auxiliary Building 95 foot elevation	0-300 psig	1
10.	Nuclear Services Closed Cycle Cooling Cooler Outlet Temperature	Auxiliary Building 95 foot elevation	0-250°F	1 per cooler

6.1 RESPONSIBILITY

6.1.1 The Director, Nuclear Plant Operations shall be responsible for overall facility operation and shall delegate in writing the succession to this responsibility during his absence.

6.2 ORGANIZATION

OFFSITE

6.2.1 OFFSITE AND ONSITE ORGANIZATIONS

Onsite and offsite organizations shall be established for facility operation and corporate management, respectively. The onsite and offsite organizations shall include the positions for activities affecting the safety of the nuclear power plant.

- a. Lines of authority, responsibility, and communications shall be established and defined from the highest management levels through intermediate levels to and including all operating organization positions. These relationships shall be documented and updated, as appropriate, in the form of organization charts, functional descriptions of department responsibilities and relationships, and job descriptions for key personnel positions, or in equivalent forms of documentation. These requirements shall be documented in the Final Safety Analysis Report.
- b. The Director, Nuclear Plant Operations shall be responsible for overall unit safe operation and shall have control over those onsite activities necessary for safe operation and maintenance of the plant.
- c. The Vice President, Nuclear Operations shall have corporate responsibility for overall plant nuclear safety and shall take any measures needed to ensure acceptable performance of the staff in operating, maintaining, and providing technical support to the plant to ensure nuclear safety.
- d. The individuals who train the operating staff and those who carry out health physics and quality assurance functions may report to the appropriate onsite manager; however, they shall have sufficient organizational freedom to ensure their independence from operating pressures.

6.2.2 FACILITY STAFF

- a. Each on duty shift shall be composed of at least the minimum shift crew composition shown in Table 6.2.1.
- b. At least one licensed Operator shall be in the control room when fuel is in the reactor.
- At least two licensed Operators shall be present in the control room during reactor start-up, scheduled reactor shutdown and during recovery from reactor trips.
- d. An individual qualified in radiation protection procedures shall be on site when fuel is in the reactor.
- e. All CORE ALTERATIONS after the initial fuel loading shall be directly supervised by either a licensed Senior Reactor Operator or Senior Reactor Operator limited to Fuel Handling who has no other concurrent responsibilities during this operation.

f. DELETED

g. The shift supervisors shall hold a senior reactor operator license. The operators required to have a license shall hold at least a reactor operator license.

6.3 FACILITY STAFF QUALIFICATIONS

6.3.1 Each member of the facility staff shall meet or exceed the minimum qualifications of ANSI N18.1-1971 for comparable positions, except for the Chemistry and Radiation Protection Superintendent who shall meet or exceed the qualifications of Regulatory Guide 1.8, September 1975, and the Operations Technical Advisor, who shall have a Bachelor's degree, or the equivalent, in a scientific or engineering discipline with specific training in plant design and response and analysis of the plant for transients and accidents.

6.4 TRAINING

6.4.1 A retraining and replacement training program for the facility staff shall be maintained under the direction of the Vice President, Nuclear Operations and shall maet or exceed the requirements and recommendations of Section 5.5 of ANSI N18.1-1971 and 10 CFR Part 55.

6.5 REVIEW AND AUDIT

6.5.1 PLANT REVIEW COMMITTEE (PRC)

FUNCTION

6.5.1.1 The Plant Review Committee shall function to advise the Director, Nuclear Plant Operations (DNPO) on all matters related to nuclear safety.

COMPOSITION

6.5.1.2 The Plant Review Committee shall be composed of nine members and one chairman from Nuclear Operations Supervisory Personnel responsible for the following areas: operations, health physics, security, maintenance, modifications, engineering, nuclear safety, and quality. These positions will be designated by the DNPO in Administrative Procedures.

ALTERNATES

6.5.1.3 All alternate members shall be appointed in writing by the PRC Chairman to serve on a temporary basis; no more than two alternates shall participate as voting members in PRC activities at any one time.

MEETING FREQUENCY

6.5.1.4 The PRC shall meet at least once per calendar month and as convened by the PRC Chairman or his designated alternate.

SPECIAL REPORTS

- 5.9.2 Special reports shall be submitted to the Director of the Office of Inspection and Enforcement, Region II, within the time period specified for each report. These reports shall be submitted covering the activities identified below. A separate Licensee Event Report, when required by 10 CFR 50.73(a), need not be submitted if the Special Report meets the requirements of 10 CFR 50.73(b) in addition to the requirements of the applicable referenced Specification.
 - a. ECCS Actuation, Specification 3.5.2 and 3.5.3.
 - b. Inoperable Seismic Monitoring Instrumentation, Specification 3.3.3.3.
 - c. Inoperable Meteorological Monitoring Instrumentation Specification 3.3.3.4.
 - d. Seismic event analysis, Specification 4.3.3.3.2.
 - e. Deleted.
 - f. Specific Activity, Specification 3.4.8.
 - g. Results of Steam Generator Tube Inspection. Specification 4.4.5.5.b.
 - h. Deleted.
 - Dose due to radioactive materials in liquid effluents in excess of specified limits, Specification 3.11.1.2.
 - Dose due to noble gas in gaseous effluents in excess of specified limits, Specification 3.11.2.2.
 - k. Total calculated dose due to release of radioactive effluents exceeding twice the limits of Specifications 3.11.1.2.a, 3.11.1.2.b, 3.11.2.2.a, 3.11.2.2.b, 3.11.2.3.a, or 3.11.2.3.b (required by Specification 3.11.3).
 - Dose due to Iodine-131, Tritium, and radioactive particulates with greater than eight day half-lives, in gaseous effluents in excess of specified limits, Specification 3.11.2.3.
 - m. Failure to process liquid radwaste, in excess of limits, prior to melease, Specification 3.7.13.2.
 - n. Failure to process gaseous radwaste, in excess of limits, prior to release, Specification 3.7.13.3.
 - o. Measured levels of radioactivity in environmental sampling medium in excess of the reporting levels of Table 3.12-2, when averaged over any quarterly sampling period, Specification 3.12.1.1.

3/4.3.3 MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

3/4.3.3.1 RADIATION MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

The OPERABILITY of the radiation monitoring channels ensures that 1) the radiation levels are continually measured in the areas served by the individual channels and 2) the alarm or automatic action is initiated when the radiation level trip setpoint is exceeded.

The CHANNEL CALIBRATION of the Reactor Building High Radiation Monitor is performed in situ for at least one decade below 10 rad/hr. In situ calibration by electronic signal substitution is used for all range decades above 10 rad/hr.

3/4.3.3.2 INCORE DETECTORS

The OPERABILITY of the incore detectors ensures that the measurements obtained from use of this system accurately represent the spatial neutron flux distribution of the reactor core. See Bases Figures 3-1 and 3-2 for examples of acceptable minimum incore detector arrangements.

3/4.3,3.3 SEISMIC INSTRUMENTATION

The OPERABILITY of the seismic instrumentation ensures that sufficient capability is available to promptly determine the magnitude of a seismic event so that the response of those features important to safety may be evaluated. This capability is required to permit comparison of the measured response to that used in the design basis for the facility. This instrumentation is consistent with the recommendations of Safety Guide 12 "Instrumentation for Earthquakes", March 1971.

3/4,3.3.4 METEOROLOGICAL INSTRUMENTATION

The OPERABILITY of the meteorological instrumentation ensures that sufficient meteorological data is available for estimating potential radiation doses to the public as a result of routine or accidental release of radioactive materials to the atmosphere. This capability is required to evaluate the needs for initiating protective measures to protect the health and safety of the public. This instrumentation is consistent with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.23 "Onsite Meteorological Programs", February 1972.

3/4.3.3.5 REMOTE SHUTDOWN INSTRUMENTATION

3/4.3 INSTRUMENTATION

BASES

3/4.3.3.6 POST-ACCIDENT INSTRUMENTATION

The OPERABILITY of the post-accident instrumentation ensures that sufficient information is available on selected plant parameters to monitor and assess these variables following an accident. This capability is consistent with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.97, Instrumentation for Light-Water Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant Conditions During and Following an Accident", December 1975.

3/4.3.3.7 DELETED

PLANT SYSTEMS

BASES

3/4.7.10 SEALED SOURCE CONTAMINATION

The limitations on removable contamination for sources requiring leak testing, including alpha emitters, is based on 10 CFR 70.39(c) limits for plutonium. This limitation will ensure that leakage from byproduct, source, and special nuclear material sources will not exceed allowable intake values.

3/4.7.11 DELETED

3/4.7.12 DELETED

LICENSE CONDITION

2.C (9) FIRE PROTECTION

Florida Power Corporation shall implement and maintain in effect all provisions of the approved fire protection program as described in the Final Safety Analysis Report for the facility and as approved in the Safety Evaluation Reports dated July 27, 1979, January 22, 1981, January 6, 1983, July 18, 1985 and March 16, 1988, subject to the following provisions:

The licensee may make changes to the approved fire protection program without prior approval of the Commission only if those changes would not adversely affect the ability to achieve and maintain safe shutdown in the event of a fire.