EDISON DRIVE . AUGUSTA, MAINE 04336 . (207) 622-4868

January 22, 1991 MN-91-18

SEN-91-27

UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION Attention: Dr. Thomas E. Murley, Director Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation Washington, DC 20585

References: (a) License No. DPR-36 (Docket No. 50-309)

(b, MYAPCo Letter to USNRC Dated December 28, 1990 (MN-90-130)

Subject: Revision to 10 CFR Part 21 Report - GE Type AK-2A-25-1 Low Voltage

Switchgear Breakers

Gentlemen:

This letter is to revise some erroneous information contained in the 10 CFR Part 21 Report Reference (b). The spring rotation in the second paragraph on page two was inadvertently reversed and should read as follows (changes are highlighted in the left hand column):

> The manufacturer further stated that they do not know at this time when the springs become disengaged. They have tried unsuccessfully to duplicate the spring disengagement. One factor which has been identified as having an influence on the failures is the orientation of the operating springs. There are two correct orientations for installation of operating springs. When facing the front of the RTB with the end of the springs hooked from under the carrier pin, the left hand spring must have a clockwise spiral and the right hand spring must have a counterclockwise spiral. If the springs are hooked over the top of the carrier pin, the left hand spring must then have a counterclockwise spiral and the right hand spring must have a clockwise spiral.

Please contact us should you have any questions regarding this matter.

Very truly yours,

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S. E. Nichols, Manager Nuclear Engineering & Licensing

SEN/sjj

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