# NEBRASKA PUBLIC POWER DISTRICT

# COOPER NUCLEAR STATION

# INITIAL

SIMULATOR CERTIFICATION SUBMITTAL

NOVEMBER 1990

APPROVED BY OMB NO. 3150-0138 EXPIRES 9-30-92

# SIMULATION FACILITY CERTIFICATION

ESTIMATED BURDEN PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS INFORMATION COLLECTION REQUEST: 120 HRS. FORWARD COMMENTS REGARDING BURDEN ESTIMATE TO THE INFOR-

			20565, AND TO THE PAPERS	Y COMMISSION WASHINGTON D YORK REDUCTION PROJECT (3150 LENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON
	TRUCTIONS. This form is to be filed for initial certification, recertification (i mittal of such a plan. Provide the following information, and check the approp			ice testing plan made after initial
FA	Cooper Nuclear Station		number para de la companya de la com	50- 298
LIC	Nebraska Putlic Power District			11/30/90
Thi 1. 2. 3.	is to certify that:  The above named facility licensee is using a simulation facility consisting sold Documentation is svailable for NRC review in accordance with 10 CFR 86.4. This simulation facility meets the goldance contained in ANSI/ANS 3.5, 198. If there are any exceptions to the certification of this item, check here [X].	5(b). 5, as endorsed by NRC Regulators	y Guide 1,149.	10 CFR 55.45.
NA	ME for other identification) AND LOCATION OF SIMULATION FACILITY	Cooper Nuclear S Nuclear Training Brownville, NE	Center	
X	SIMULATION FACILITY PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACTS ATTACHE	D. (For performance tests conduc	sted in the period ending with t	he date of this certification)
DRS	SCRIPTION OF PERFORMANCE TESTING COMPLETED (Attach additional	page(s) as necessary, and identify	the item description being cont	nued)
	See attached Operability, Steady S	tate, Transient	and Malfunction	Tests.
Ď	See attached test schedule	dditional page(s) as necessary, and	identify the item description b	eing continued)
X	PERFORMANCE TESTING PLAN CHANGE. (For any modification to a pa	erformance testing plan submitted	on a previous certification)	** SAME AND DESCRIPTION OF A SAME PARTY OF A SAME PARTY.
DES	SCRIPTION OF PERFORMANCE TESTING PLAN CHANGE (Artech addition Not Applicable. Initial Submitted		fy the item description being co	ntinued)
X	RECERTIFICATION /Describe corrective actions taken, attach results of co. Attach additional page (s) as recessary, and identify the item description being	mpleted performance testing in ac g continued.)	cordance with 10 CFR § 55.45	(b) (5) Iv).
	Not Applicable. Initial Submitte	ed		
Ant	y false statement or omission in this document. Including attachments, may be a document and attachments is true and coded.  NATURE AUTHORIZED REPRESSITATIVE TITLE	subject to civil and criminal sancti	ons. I certify under penalty of	-
		clear Power Group	Manager	11/30/90
in a	coordance with 10 CFR § 55.5, Communications, this form shall be submitted	to the NRC as follows:	AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	

BY DELIVERY IN PERSON TO THE NRC OFFICE AT:

One White Flint North 11555 Rockville Pike Rockville, MD

NRC # ORM 474 (1-90)

dy MAIL ADDRESSED TO: Director Office of Nuclear Regulation
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20686

# Cooper Nuclear Station Simulator

# EXCEPTIONS TO ANSI/ANS 3.5, 1985

(ANSI/ANS 3.5 - 3.2.1): VBD-FP, Sprinkler Control and Fire Alarm Fanel was omitted. This panel is under review by the plant for Detailed Control Room Design Review enhancements. After the plant has determined which changes are to be made, then the simulator will evaluate for inclusion.

The seismic monitoring panel which has only limited operator interfaces will not be part of the simulated control room.

The control room ventilation radiation monitoring panel will not be part of the simulated control room. This panel has limited operator interfaces.

#### A.1 SIMULATOR INFORMATION

#### A.1.1 General

- The owner/operator of the simulator is Nebraska Public Power District. The simulator vendor was S-3 Technologies (previously Singer) of Columbia, Maryland.
- (2) The reference plant is the Cooper Nuclear Station located near Brownville, Nebraska. Cooper Nuclear Station is a General Electric Boiling Water Reactor (BWR/4) rated at 2381 megawatts thermal.
- (3) The simulator was available for training on June 4, 1990.
- (4) This is Nebraska Public Power District's initial report for the CNS simulator.

#### A.1.2 Control Room

- The simulated control room replicates the plant control room to the greatest extent possible. The following exceptions are noted.
  - (a) The sound powered phone equipment mounted on Vap-TP, Sprinkler Control and Fire Alarm Panel, was relocate; to the north wall of the simulator control room. This location is close proximity to the actual plant location.
  - (b) Wall mounted electrical/lighting panels, HVAC ducts, the kitchenette and toilet were omitted. There is no value to be gained by having these items in the simulator control room and this is considered a minor deviation.
  - (c) Diesel generator #2 local panels were added to the back panel row adjacent to Panel P-1. The panels installation configuration does not detract from training as they are not visible when viewing the control room panels from the front. The addition of these panels is considered to be a training enhancement.

#### A.1.2 Control Room - Continued

- (d) The instructor station occupies the corner where the security access control room is located in the plant. The size of the instructor station necessitated a slight reduction in the size of the shift supervisor's office. Th' is considered a minor deviation with no impact on training in the simulator.
- (e) The local panels for safe shutdown of the reactor outside the control room are located in the instructor station booth. These local panels are not part of the plant control room but are considered training enhancements for the simulator control room.
- (f) A Halon fire suppression system is used to protect the simulator computers and panels. The bottles sit in the simulated control room near the Diesel Generator panels out of view when operating the simulator control room panels. Smoke/fire detectors and Halon distribution nozzles are located in the simulator control room ceiling, unlike the plant.
- (2) The simulated control panels duplicate the control room panels with the following exceptions.
  - (a) In order to accommodate obsolete or otherwise unavailable equipment, minor substitutions of equipment were allowed on a case by case basis. Each substitution request was reviewed for training and visual impact prior to approval. The substitution requests are on file and available for review.
  - (b) The Ronan annunciator alarm panels, CRTs and controls have been installed in the simulator. This installation was a known design change anticipated for future plant installation during simulator construction. The simulator still leads the plant in this area as the plant completed one of two segments for installing Ronan equipment during the 1990 Spring Refueling Outage. Completion of the Ronan Design Change for the control room equipment is scheduled for the 1991 Outage.

#### A.1.2 Control .com - Continued

- (3) All systems are duplicated as configured at the time of simulator data freeze, May 5, 1988, except for Detailed Control Room Design Review (DCRDR) changes which had a data freeze of November 5, 1988. All logic, set point, and design changes have been tracked since data freeze. A Simulator Initial Upgrade Project is currently in progress. See section A.4.
- (4) The simulated control room environment extensively duplicates the actual control room.
  - (a) Lighting levels reflect that of the actual control room.
  - (b) Lighting configuration responds to changes with the simulated power buses.
  - (c) Noises typically heard from the control room are duplicated.
  - (d) The instructor station windows are tinted to reduce its visibility by the control room crew.

#### A.1.3 Instructor Interface

The Cooper Nuclear Station simulator Acceptance Test Procedure (ATP) was developed to test and verify the simulator's capabilities as defined by ANSI/ANS 3.5 of 1985. The test commenced at the vendor's factory on September 20, 1989 and was completed on January 16, 1990. Site Reverification Testing was conducted between February 12 and February 24 and consisted of a rerun of selected portions of the ATP.

The Third Generation Instructor Station (TGIS) was used throughout the ATP to conduct the tests, store snapshots and Initial Conditions, override plant controls and indicators, and record transient data. The continuous use of TGIS during the ATP test confirmed the operability and reliability of the instructors interface.

#### A.1.3 Instructor Interface - Continued

- (1) With the TGIS the instructor has at his/her immediate command 25 Initial Conditions (ICs) which were developed during Acceptance and Site Reverification Testing while performing the Mission Test (a plant startup and shutdown utilizing station procedures). Another 30 ICs are available for instructor storage of plant conditions for specific instruction or to carry events from one training session to the next. Of the ICs, 31 including the 25 mentioned above are password protected and cannot be changed by the instructors. A listing of the Initial Conditions is provided in Attachment A.
- (2) The specified plant Malfunctions are listed in Attachment B. In addition to the malfunctions, the ability to provide failure of all simulated control room components is provided by the Input/Output (I/O) override via TGIS.
- (3) Operations that are normally performed away from the control room in the plant are accomplished in the simulator by students/operators who establish normal communication with an instructor in the instructor's station. The instructor then initiates the expected response through the simulator's Remote Functions. These functions provide variable operation and appropriate time delays so that the operation appears to occur with the same response as in the plant's control room. A list of these functions is provided as Attachment C.
- (4) TGIS features consist of the standard and special functions.
  - (a) Standard features and functions
    Freeze Run
    Snapshot Reset
    Backtrack
    IC Reset and Switch Check
    Switch Check Override
    Remote Function Control
    Malfunction Control
    Annunciator Control
    Recorder Power Off
    Daily Operational Readiness Test (DORT)
    Simulator Startup/Shutdown
    Computer Fault
    Emergency Stop

#### A.1.3 Instructor Interface - Continued

(b) Special features and functions
Real Time Control - Slow/Real/Fast
Instructor Action Summary
I/O Override Control
Operator Action Monitor
Replay
Computer Assisted Exercise Program (CAEP)
Monitored Parameters
Video Screen Gopy
Instrument Noise Disable
Roll - Around TGIS Console
Dynamic Representation of all Control Boards and
Panels

The simulator provides a method of alerting the instructor that the simulator has exceeded normal simulator operating limits (i.e., conditions that are unanalyzed). If one of the simulator operating limits is exceeded, the simulator is placed in a freeze condition and a "pop up" message is displayed on the Third Generation Instructor Station that indicates which operating limit has been exceeded. The operating limits are:

Primary Containment Pressure Suppression Poc. Water Temperature Fuel Temperature Reactor Pressure Vessel Pressure

#### A.1.4 Operating Procedures

Cooper Nuclear Station plant procedures were used to conduct the Acceptance Test Procedure (ATP). The ATP outlined the activities, the expected response and provided sign off space for the test after the simulator met the critical objective. The plant procedures were used to perform the tasks of the ATP mission. The plant procedures were also used to specify operator response to transients and malfunctions. The only significant difference in procedures resulted from the simulator leading the plant with the installation of the new Ronan annunciator alarm system. As a result, alarm locations and actual engravings may vary from those defined in the plant procedures. A cross reference was developed to overcome this difficulty in the simulator until the plant has completed the upgrade to the Ronan Annunciators during the 1991 Refueling Outage. Having the new Ronan annunciator system in place will give the operators an advantage or "heads up" in using the new system.

# A.1.5 Changes Since Last Report

As this is the initial report there have been no changes to the simulator.

# A.2 SIMULATOR DESIGN DATA

The Cooper Nuclear Station Simulator Design Data Base index list is a two-inch thick computer print-out. This is available for review on request.

#### A.3 SIMULATOR TESTS

#### A.3.1 Computer Real Time Tests

The computer incorporates a utility program to monitor real time simulation, TIMMEM. TIMMEM is a monitoring program used to obtain time usage statistics on all individual program modules on the simulation computer. This program was used during Factory Acceptance Testing to verify that the simulator operates in real time and that sufficient time and memory exists to support expansion without exceeding real time simulation.

The test began with a full power end-of-core life Initial Condition. A scram signal was introduced and appropriate operator action was taken to stabilize the plant. The test was conducted for fifteen minutes and a print out of each modules memory utilization was generated. The IPU executive programs were then moved to the CPU and the test was performed again and another print out obtained. The test results are documented in the Acceptance Test Procedure, and shows sufficient spare execution time.

The test results provided a measurement of spare main memory as well as the time utilized by each module.

#### A.3.2 Steady State and Normal Operations Test

A one hour Stability Test at 100% power and normal operation tests at 30%, 53%, and 75% power were conducted as part of the Acceptance Test Procedure All tests were satisfactorily completed. Individual, specific results are available at the Cooper Nuclear Station Training Center upon request. The following critical parameter data was recorded during the test:

Reactor Thermal Power
Neutron Flux
Reactor Pressure
Reactor Water Level
Recirculation Loop Flow
Recirculation Loop Temperature
Total Core Flow
Total Core Differential Pressure
Torus Level

Torus Water Temperature
Primary Containment Pressure
Primary Containment Temperature
Main Steam Flow
Main Steam Pressure
Feedwater Flow
Feedwater Temperature to Reactor
Main Condenser Vacuum
Generator Megawatts

#### A.3.3 Transient Tests

The transients tested duplicated those outlined in Appendix B.1 of ANSI/ANS 3.5 of 1985. During the tests, the parameters listed in ANSI/ANS 3.5, Appendix B.1.2 were recorded. Data from the simulator tests was compared against plant data from the station's Plant Management Information System computer archive files of similar plant events for the following tests: 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6.

#### The tests were:

- 1) Manual scram
- 2) Simultaneous trip of all feedwater pumps
- 3) Simultaneous closure of all MSIVs
- 4) Simultaneous trip of both recirculation pumps
- 5) Single recirculation pump trip
- 6) Turbine trip
- 7) Maximum rate power ramp (decrease followed by increase)
- 8) Design basis LOCA with Loss of Offsite Power
- 9) Unisolable steamline break
- 10) Composite scenario (See Note 1)

As referenced in the Design Database Report, a combination of startup test data, plant reference archive data, and operational assessment of USAR data were used in these tests.

# A.3.4 Malfunction Tests

All malfunctions were tested during the Factory Acceptance Test utilizing plant procedures as the basis for retator action. The Malfunction Cause and Effect Manual was developed using the plant procedures, Updated Safety Analysis Report, speration experience and input, and engineering evaluations to predict the plant response.

A list of the specific malfunctions is included as Attachment B.

#### A.4 SIMULATOR DISCREPANCIES AND PLANT UPGRADE

Since the simulator data freeze, Simulator Design Change Requests (SDCRs) have been written documenting all changes to the reference plant. Most were written as a result of reviews of plant change packages or Discrepancy Reports from simulator operation. These SDCRs were evaluated and prioritized for the current Simulator Initial Upgrade Project that will configure the simulator up to date through the 1990 plant outage. Bids have been received for the Initial Upgrade Project, and it is scheduled to begin in the last quarter of 1990.

A complete design data base is maintained for the simulator design control. This data base contains all drawings, technical manuals, recorder strip charts, accident analysis and design calculations used to design and build the simulator. This data base provides the basis from which the simulator is modified to maintain it current with the reference plant.

To ensure that simulator design data is maintained current with respect to the plant, controlled procedures and controlled drawings are maintained.

Reactor scram records, plant licensee event reports (LERS), INPO SERs and SOERs and NRC bulletins/IE Notices are reviewed for simulator configuration and or performance impact.

Student feedback is monitored to implement training course critique comments into simulator configuration and/or performance.

A simulator computerized configuration management system (CMS) is used to track all plant modifications. This system logs and maintains current status of each modification.

#### A.5 SUMMARY

In summary, this report when used in conjunction with the simulator documentation and referenced documentation such as Simulator Design Specifications, Acceptance Test Procedures, performance data, etc., provides conclusive evidence that:

- 1. The design of the simulator was in conformance with the design of the reference plant as of the Design Data Freeze date of May 5, 1988. The design fully meets or exceeds the intent of ANSI/ANS 3.5. This report also discusses NPPD's intent and plans to incorporate plant changes past data freeze into the simulator with the intent to fully meet or exceed the standards of ANSI/ANS 3.5.
- Formal test programs were employed throughout the construction of the simulator to ensure that the design of the simulator fully met or exceeded the performance related requirements of ANSI/ANS 3.5.

#### PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 9/20/89 - 9/75/89

Description of Test: Plant Startup - cold to hot standby.

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Section 3.1.1(1), Section 3.1.1(5) and Section 3.1.1(7)

Available Options: The initial condition accounts for the preparation of the startup procedure. The listed procedures/sections are reflected in the control panel indications:

SOP 2.1.1 Att-A SOP 2.1.1.2

Tested Options: Cold shutdown conditions up to the point where the mode switch is placed in Run.

Initial Conditions: ICO1 - Cold shutdown configuration at Beginning of Life (BOL), moderator temperature 110 F, no decay heat. All rods are fully inserted. Core is xenon-free. Shutdown cooling is operating. RR pumps are shutdown.

Final Conditions: ICO9 - Plant is at 650 psig with reactor power corresponding to a heat up rate of 60 F/hr. Xenon following core physics. One feed pump providing feed water flow in automatic control. Bypass valves controlling pressure. SJAEs operating.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Plant experience of the operators conducting the test. Utilized reference plant procedures:

S.P	6.1.24	SOP 2.2.56	so	P 2.2.77
SOP	2.2.1	SOP 2.2.74	so	P 2.2.49
SOP	2.2.9	SOP 2.2.8	so	P 2.2.66
SOP	2.2.69	SOP 2.2.70	SO	P 2.2.40
SOP	2.2.68	SOP 2.2.85	so	P 2.2.68.1
SOP	2.2.69B	NPP 10.13	so	P 2.2.8
SOP	2.2.77	SOP 2.2.52	so	P 2.2.51
SOP	2.2.3	SOP 2.2.6	SO	P 2.2.5
SOP	2.2.75	SOP 2.2.55	so	P 2.2.67
SOP	2.2.33	SOP 2.2.80	SO	P 2.2.77
SOP	2.2.28	SOP 2.2.25		

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 9/26/89 - 9/28/89

Description of Test: Nuclear startup from hot standby to rated power

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Section 3.1.1(2), Section 3.1.1(3), Section 3.1.1(6), and Section 3.1.1(7)

Available Options: Performance of Station Operating Procedures utilized for normal startup of the plant from hot standby to rated power.

Tested Options: Normal startup of the plant from hot standby to rated power.

Initial Conditions Plant is at 650 psig with reactor power corresponding to a heatup rate of 60 F/hr. Xenon following core physics. One feedpump providing feedwater flow in automatic control. Bypass va ves controlling pressure. SJAEs operating.

Final Conditions: Steady state full power condition, xenon at equilibrium.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Plant experience of the operators conducting the test. Utilized reference plant procedures:

SOP	2.1.1	SOP 2.2.60.1	SOP	2.2.60
SOP	2.2.47	SOP 2.2.77	SOP	2.2.53
SOP	2.2.14	SOP 2.2.28	SOP	2.2.18

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

## PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 9/29/89

Description of Test: Plant shutdown from rated power to hot standby and cooldown to cold shutdown conditions.

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Section 3.1.1(8), Section 3.1.1(7)

Available Options: Beginning of Life (BOL), Middle of Life (MOL), and End of Life (EOL) core exposures.

Tested Options: Test utilized FOL core exposure.

Initial Conditions: Plant at steady state power full power condition, xenon at equilibrium.

Final Conditions: Plant in shutdown cooling mode, reactor pressure vessel vented.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Plant experience of the operators conducting the test. Utilized reference plant procedures:

SOP 2.1.10	SOP 2.1.4	SOP 2.2.6
SOP 2.2.28	SOP 2.2.77	SOP 2.2.13
SOP 2.2.69	SOP 2.2.69.2	SOP 2.2.25
SOP 2.2.56	SOP 2.2.3	SOP 2.2.75

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 10/03/89 - 10/05/89

Description of Test: Core Performance Testing

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Section 3.1.1(9)

Available Options: Testing divided as follows: Shutdown Margin Test, Reactivity Feedback Test, Rod Density Verification and Flux profiles, Kinetics Response, and Region Relative Power.

Tested Options: Tested all options

Initial Conditions: Moderator temperature 178 degree F, heating up from RR pumps. Reactor is approaching criticality at approximately 2 rods subcritical. Xenon is following core physics. Shutdown cooling is secured, both RR pumps running at minimum speed.

Final Conditions: Not applicable for core performance testing.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Operators were assisted by engineering and utilized plant reference data:

GE 23A4782

NEDE-31153

BOC-11 Tip Traces (DR25-S)

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 10/03/89 - 12/20/89

Description of Test: Operator Conducted Surveillance Testing

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Section 3.1.1(10)

Available Options: The below listed surveillances can be run any time during core life.

S.P. 6.1.2	S.P. 6.	1.3	S.P.	6.1.6
S.P. 6.1.7	S.P. 6.	3.2.1	S.P.	6.3.4.3
S.P. 6.3.5.1	S.P. 6.	3.6.1	S.P.	6.4.8.2.4

Tested Options: Surveillance were conducted at various core life.

Initial Conditions: Initial Condition dependant upon power requirements to meet the conditions for conducting the surveillance.

Final Condition:: Not applicable for testing of the surveillances.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Plant experience of the operators conducting the surveillances. Utilized plant reference procedures that are not otherwise referenced or tested elsewhere during the Acceptance Test Procedure. Surveillances selected involve multiple system interfaces, and are best observed on an integrated plant.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 1/05/90

Description of Test: Steady State Performance (30%, 53%, 75%, 100%)

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Section 4.1 and Appendix B Section B1.1(1) and (2)

Available Options: Middle of Life (MOL) and End of Life (EOL). Power levels for which plant reference heat balance data is available.

Tested Options: 30% and 100% conducted at MOL. 53% and 75% conducted EOL.

Initial Conditions: Initial Condition for 30% Power: RR pumps at minimum flow. Xenon building in. Plant operating point is just below the instability region. Main generator is tied to the grid. Drywell being inerted.

IC for 53% Power: Power is just to the right of the instability region at 100% rod pattern. Xenon is at equilibrium. Drywell inerting is complete.

IC for 75% Power: Same as for 53 % power except that power is raised to desired level by increasing recirculation pump flow. IC for 100 % Power: Steady state full power operation, xenon at equilibrium.

Final Conditions: The simulator computed values for steady state, full power operation with the reference plant control system configuration chall be stable and not vary more than +/- 2% of the initial values over a 60 minute period. The simulator computed values of critical parameters shall agree with +/- 2 of the reference plant parameters and shall not detract from training. The accuracy of computed values shall be determined for the three points over the power range.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Data used for determination of fidelity was Plant Management Information System data, plant analysis data (Updated Safety Analysis Report) and plant design data.

Deficiencies N° 1 d During Test: Average Condenser Total Pressure had a deviatio f 8.37%. Simulator computed a value of 1.37 psia and plant desi data is 1.50 psia. This delta is negligible and does not detract from training.

Average Temperature of Drywell had a deviation of 5.36%. imulator computed a value of 142.18 degree F as derived from actual plant drywell temperature profiles and this value was compared to plant analysis data of 135 degree F. This delta is insignificant and does not detract from training.

#### PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Daue Test Conducted: 12/1/89

Description of Test: Manual Scram From 100% Power

Reference to Standard: 7.NSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(1)

Available Options: 100% full power Initial Conditions for core life of Beginning, Middle and End.

Tested Options: 100% full power, beginning of core life.

Initial Conditions: Steady state full power operation, xenon at equilibrium.

Final Conditions: Transient is stopped at the point where the high pressure injection systems of HPCI, RCIC, and feedpumps trip on high water level.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Transient was compared to similar plant data where the plant was manually scrammed at 35% power. This plant data was c ptured via the Plant Management Information System.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

#### PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 12/4/89

Description of Test: Simultaneous Trip of All Feedwater Pumps

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(2)

Available Optons: 100% full power Initial Conditions for core life of Beginning, Middle and End.

Tested Options: 100% full power, middle of core lif .

Initial Conditions: Steady state full power operation, xenon at equilibrium.

Final Conditions: Transient is stopped at the point where high pressure injection systems, HPCI and RCIC, feed the vessel up to the high water level trip of these systems.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Transient was compared to a plant scram due to loss of feedwater. Plant was at approximate'y 80% power prior to the scram.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 12/4/89

Description of Test: Simultaneous Closure of All MSIV's

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(3)

Available Options: 100% full power Initial Conditions for core life of Reginning, Middle and End.

Tested Options: 100% full power, middle of core life.

Initial Conditions: Steady state full power operation, xenon at equilibrium.

Final Conditions: All MSIVs are closed, pressure being controlled by low-low set, reactor water level increasing due to injection by HPCI and RCIC.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Simulator traces compared to USAR main steam line break accident analysis for general trends.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 12/19/89

Description of Test: Simultaneous Trip of All Recirculation Pumps

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(4)

Available Options: 100% full power Initial Conditions for core life of Reginning, Middle and End.

Tested Options: 100% Full Power, Middle of core life.

Initial Conditions: Steady state full power operation, xenon at
equilibrium.

Final Conditions: Reactor power decrease to approximately 43.5%; no APRM high flux rod block. Reactor pressure decrease to approximately 945-950 psig. Reactor vessel level control system responds to level increase and decreasing steam flow by reducing total feedwater flow. Plant stabilizes and no plant trip.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Compared key parameters with CNS Restart Testing Final Summary Report NEDC-31304.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 12/19/89

Description of Test: Single Recirculation Pump Trip

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B. Section B1.2(5)

Available Options: 100% full power Initial Conditions for core life of Beginning, Middle and End.

Tested Options: 100% full power, middle of core life.

Initial Conditions: Steady state full power operation, xenon at equilibrium.

Final Conditions: Reactor power decrease to approximately 65% power; no APRM high flux rod block. Reactor pressure decrease to approximately 970 psig. Reactor vessel level control system responds to level increase and decreasing steam flow by reducing total feedwater flow. Plant parameters are stabilizing with no operator action within about one minute after transient initiation.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Simulator traces compared to CNS Restart Testing Final Summary Report NEDC-31305 and plant data of a trip of a single recirculation pump.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 12/19/89

Description of Test: Single Recirculation Pump Trip

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(5)

Available Options: 100% full power Initial Conditions for core life of Beginning, Middle and End.

Tested Options: 100% full power, middle of core life.

Initial Conditions: Steady state full power operation, xenon at equilibrium.

Final Conditions: Reactor power decrease to approximately 65% power; no APRM high flux rod block. Reactor pressure decrease to approximately 970 psig. Reactor vessel level control system responds to level increase and decreasing steam flow by reducing total feedwater flow. Plant parameters are stabilizing with no operator action within about one minute after transient initiation.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Simulator traces compared to CNS Restart Testing Final Summary Report NEDC-31305 and plant data of a trip of a single recirculation pump.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 12/20/89

Description of Test: Main Turbine Trip

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(6)

Available Options: An Initial Condition where the transie..t is not terminated due to a direct reactor scram from the turbine trip.

Tested Options: Power at 35% heing increased by rod withdrawal. RR pumps at minimum flow. Xenon building in. Plant operating point is just below the instability region. Main generator is tied to the grid. Drywell being inerted.

Initial Conditions: Simulator is set up in the configuration stated in to sted Option Facture power with control rod insertion up to the direct transform a main turbine trip is bypassed. Now east Close and TSC Trip Bypass annunciator actuated.

Final conditions: Feedwater system temperatures begin to decrease due to loss of extraction steam. As feedwater temperature to the reactor is decreasing, reactor power and pressure begin to increase slowly. Main turbine bypass valves open until fully open. Steam flow and feed flow increase. Feed low increase is limited by Startup Flow Control valve capacity. Reactor level begins to decrease. Once the main turbine bypass valve are full open, reactor pressure increase is more rapid, reactor power increase is more rapid. Reactor scram occurs from either high reactor pressure or high APRM flux.

peficiencies Noted During Test: None

#### PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 12/19/89

Description of Test: Maximum Rate Power Ramp (master recirculation flow controller in "manual") Down To Approximately 75% And Back Up To 100%

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(7)

Available Options: 100% full power Initial Conditions for core life of Beginning, Middle and End.

Tested Options: 100% full power, middle of core life.

Initial Conditions: Steady state full power operation, xenon at equilibrium.

Final Conditions: Plant stabilizes near initial condition after the power ramp. No scram occurs.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Simulator traces and response was compared to plant data for a reactor recirculation pump runaway event at reference plant. Verified that parameter response is similar to reference plant data.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 12/6/89

Description of Test: Maximum Size Reactor Coolant System Rupture with Loss of All Offsite Power.

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(8)

Available Options: Pipe break can be of either reactor recirculation discharge loops. Transient is conducted at 100% full power. Selection can be made from core life of Beginning, Middle, or End.

Tested Options: 100% full power, middle of core life. Reactor recirculation pump A discharge line rupture.

Initial Conditions: The following malfunctions are activated simultaneously. RR32-A (RR A discharge loop rupture), ED05 (Loss of Startup Transformer), ED06 (Loss of Emergency Transformer), ED07 (Loss of Normal Transformer), ED15 (Loss of 12.5 KV Power).

Final Conditions: Core spray injection begins at approximately 340 psig. LPCI injection begins at approximately 268 psig. Level is restored and maintained at or above the top of the fuel by low pressure CSCS systems.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Simulator traces and response is compared against similar event in USAR, verifying for general trends.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date Test Conducted: 12/6/89

Description of Test: Steam Line Break (Unisolable)

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(9)

Available Options: Any one of the four main steam lines upstream of the inboard MSIV can be selected for the rupture from 100% full power. Core life can be selected from Beginning, Middle, or End.

Tested Options: 100% full power, middle of core life. Main steam line "A" was selected for the rupture.

Initial Conditions: 100% full power, malfunction MS02-A (Steam Line 'A' Rupture Inside Primary Containment) is activated at 100% severity.

Final Conditions: Low pressure CSCS pumps sequentially start. Low pressure injection increases reactor level until interrupted by operator action.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Simulator traces and response were compared to a similar event in the USAR, verifying for general shape of the trends in simulator compared to the USAR.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

# PERFORMANCE TEST ABSTRACT

Date lest Conducted: 12/6/89

Description of Test: Composite Scenario - Transient consist of a simultaneous closure of all MSIVs combined with a single stuck open safety/relief valve and high CSCS injection systems (HPCI and RCIC) disabled.

Reference to Standard: ANSI/ANS 3.5 Appendix B, Section B1.2(10)

Available Options: 100% full power Initial Conditions for core life of Beginning, Middle and End.

Tested Options: 100% full power, middle of core life.

Initial Conditions: Steady state full power operation, xenon at equilibrium.

Final Conditions: Reactor pressure decrease to approximately 200 psig. Wide range water level decrease to approximately 90 inches TAF. LPCI and CS do not inject.

Description of Data to Determine Fidelity: Simulator traces and response were compared to similar events in the USAR. Although there are not unique events to compare to, the MSIV closure was the closest to this event. The stuck open relief valve allowed the vessel mass to decrease and depressurize, which was the expected response.

Deficiencies Noted During Test: None

TEST SCHEDULE

OF SUCKINIA	16. ADN	SM04	1031					
6	16, 130	SNO1						
	16. 130 16. 431 10F . 41 HUG . 91 SEP . 91 DCT . 91	RRD4	RRDS					
	AUG *91	RH01	RP01	RP02				
	JUL '91	RB02	RDD6					
	16. NOT	имоз	NH04					
H NON H		IRBI	MCDI	MS81	MS02	MM0.1	NMOZ	
90 THROUG	HPR '91	FM05	HPGI					
- DEC - 3	FEB '91 MAR '91	E015	т Д					
S SCHEDUL	FEB *91	EB003	ED08B	38003	EDOBO	EDDBE	EDOSE	FRABE
ON TESTIN	Jen 191	1090	5090	ED03	ED128	ED12B	ED12C	chich
MALFUNCTION TESTING SCHEDULE - DEC '90 THROUGH NOV '91	DEC *90	CR01	1053					

	.92							
	Z6. NON							
MF SCERT2	26. 130	RR16	SM8S	20MS				
	SEP *92	RP05						
	BUG *92	RH04	RP04					
	26. 130 26. 435 26. 908 26. 101 26. NOT	RD10	RD12	RD13				
	JUN 792	PC04	RD09					
H NOV '92	MRY *92	EBSW	NMOS	NMD6	NM07	NMO8		
91 THROUG	RPR *92	FW13	HP84					
. <u>330</u> - 3	MAR *92	FW09	FEIN					
о эснерии	FEB *92	EB148	ED148	ED138	ED138	ED13C	EB13D	9103
OH TESTIN	JRN '92	E090	ED04	ED09A	86003	360d3	ED03B	ED09E
MALEUNCTION TESTING SCHEDULE - DEC '91 THROUGH NOV	0EC *91	CS02						

E6. NON	SWLL	7007	1009				
OCT :93	RR33B	SW69	SW10				
SEP * 93	RR17	RR20					
E6. SHH	RP06	RP07					
E6. 130 E6. 435 E6. 988 E6. 70f E6. NOT E6. AHM	RB20						
Ser MOL	N#12						
MAY *93	M508	MM09					
BPR .	FWIER	FW188	FW19	FW20	1803		
MAR '93	E017	7 M 16					
DEC '92 JAN '93 FEB '93 MAR '93 BPR	EDIOR	ED108	EDIEC	ED16D	E010E	ED10F	ED106
JRN 793	5003	ED06	ED12E	ED12F	£013E		
0EC *92	CPB3						

ED10H

DEC . 93	JAN *94	FEB *94	MAR *94	RPR *94	MRY *94	JUN *94	JUL *94	RUG *94	SEP *94	OCT *94	NOV *94
AB06	EĐO2	EDIIF	E609		MS10		RD26	RR25	RR27	SW15	
CUOS	EDIIA	ED116	FW21		NM13		RD27	RR26	RR28	5W16	
Cuas	ED11B	ED11H	FW22		NM14		RH07		RR29	TE12	
	EDIIC	ED111	FW23		NM15				RR30		
	ED11D	ED11J							RR31		
	ED11E	ED13F							RR32		
									RESSS		

CHNNUTLY

OPERABILITY TESTING SCHEDULE

NOTE: SS = STEADY STATE STAB = STAB\*\* ITY TRANS = TRANSIENT 16. AON REAL TIME TEST 76, 130 16, d35 STAB 100Z TRHNS #10 16. 90 16. 10f 16. NOF TRANS #9 55 1002 TRANS #8 #15510N TEST (3.1.1) TRHNS #7 MAY '91 TRHNS #6 MAR '91 RPR '91 TRANS #5 202 55 TRANS #4 06. 330 18. WHI 06. 330 TRANS #3 TRBNS #2 TRHNS #1 55 25%

Attachment A
SIMULATOR INITIAL CONDITIONS

The following Initial Conditions (IC's), Rev. 3, were developed during the week of February 12, 1990. The required conditions were established using the following references:

- 1. NPPD Simulator Spec, Appendix C
- 2. SIM-88-253
- 3. SIM-89-012
- 4. Site Reverification discussions

Each IC lists the IC title, critical parameter values, and a brief narrative of the IC.

- ICO1 Cold Shutdown (BOL)
- ICO2 Cold Shutdown (MOL)
- 1003 Gold Shutdown (EOL)
- 1004 Cold Shutdown (BCL)
- IGO5 Cold Shutdown (MOL)
- ICO6 Cold Startup (EOL)
- ICO7 Critical Heatup (BOL)
- ICO8 Feedpump Startup (BOL)
- ICO9 Transfer to Run (BOL)
- 1010 Main Turbine Startup (BOL)
- IC11 Garator Synchronization (BOL)
- IC12 Start 2nd Feedpump (BOL)
- IC13 Power Increase from 60% (BOL)
- IC14 60% Steady State (BOL)
- IC15 Full Power Operation (BOL)
- IC16 Full Power, Xenon Buildup (BOL)
- IC17 Fu Power Operation (MOL)
- IC18 Ful: Power Operation (EOL)
- IC19 Power Decrease (BOL)
- 1020 Continue Power Decrease (BOL)
- IC21 Shutdown Graling Preparation (BOL)
- 1022 Hot Standby (BOL)
- 1023 Hot Scram Recovery (BOL)
- IC24 Cold Scram Recovery (BOL)
- 1025 Instability Region (BOL)

Attachment B
SIMULATOR MALFUNCTIONS

- ADO1 ADS Timer Failure
- ADO2 ADS Timer Inadvertent Start
- ADO2 Low Low Set Fails to Initiate
- ADU. SRV Tailpiece Pressure Switch Failure
- ADO5 SRV Tailpiece Vacuum Breaker Failure
- AD06 Reactor Pressure Relief Valve Complete Failure
- AD07 Reactor Pressure Relied Valve Partial Failure
- CRO1 Fuel Cladding Failure
- CR02 Increased Control Rod Worth
- CRO3 Gross Fuel Cladding Failure
- CRO4 Low-flow High-power Instability (LaSalle)
- CS01 Gore Spray Pump Trip
- CSO2 Core Spray Injection Valve Fails to Auto Open
- CS03 Core Spray Pump Discharge Line Break (Inside Vessel)
- CSO4 Core Spray Pump Discharge Line Break (Outside Vessel)
- CUO1 RWCU Pump Seal Failure
- CU02 RWCU Non-regenerative Heat Exchanger Tube Leak
- CU03 RWCU Blowdown Flow Control Valve Failure
- CU04 RWCU Pump Trip
- CUOS RWCU Filter/Demin Resin Intrusion into Reactor Vessel
- CU06 RWCU Filter/Demin Resin Depletion
- CU07 RWCU Filter/Demin Resin High DP
- CUO8 RWCU System Leak Inside Containment
- CUO9 Cold Water Cleanup Leak

- DG01 Diesel Generator Fails to Start
- DG02 Diesel Generator Trip
- DG03 Diesel Generator Breaker Fails to Close (Auto)
- DG04 Diesel Generator Voltage Regulator Failure
- DG05 Diesel Generator ~ rnor Failure
- ED01 and ED02 have been deleted
- ED03 4160V Bus Auto Transfer Failure
- ED04 Loss of All AC Power
- ED05 Loss of Power (Start-up Transformer)
- ED06 Loss of Power (Emergency Transformer)
- ECO7 Loss of Power (EDO3 L Transformer)
- ED08 480V Power Bus Failure
- ED09 480V Power Bus Failure
- ED10 MCC Failure
- ED11 Critical 120 VAC Power Panel Failure
- ED12 Loss of 125 VDC Bus
- ED13 Loss of 250 VDC Bus
- ED14 Loss of 24 VDC
- ED15 Loss of 12.5 KV Power
- ED16 Battery Charger Failure (125 VDC)
- ED17 Loss of Non-break Power Panel No.1
- ED18 PMIS System Power Failure
- EGO1 Main Gener for Field Breaker Fails to Open
- EG02 Main Transformer Loss of Cooling
- EG03 Generator Hydrogen Oil System Failure

- EGO4 Hydrogen Seal Oil System Failure
- EG05 Main Generator Auto Voltag. Regulator Signal Failure
- EG06 Loss of Generator Exciter Cooling
- EG07 Loss of Generator Hydrogen Cooling
- EG08 Total Load Loss
- EG09 Main Generator Trip
- FW01 Reactor Feedwater Pump Trip
- FW02 Reactor Feedwater Pump Loss of Lube Oil Pressure
- FW03 Reactor Feedwater PUmp Minimum Flow Valve Failure
- FW04 Exhaust Hood Spray Valve Failure
- FW05 Reactor Feedwater Pump Individual Controller Failure
- FW06 Reactor Feedwater Pump Individual Controller Oscillation
- FW07 Reactor Feedwater Pump Vibration
- FW08 CSCS Pressure Maintenance Failure
- FW09 Reactor Feedwater Pump Master Controller Oscillation
- FW11 Main Feedwater Flow Signal Failure to RVLC System
- FW12 Main Feedwater Flow Signal Oscillation
- FW13 Steam Flow Signal Failure to RVLC System
- FW14 Condensate Pump Trip
- FW15 Condensate Booster Pump Trip
- FW16 Hotwell Level Controller (Auto) Failure
- FW17 Condensate PUmp suction Boot Rupture
- FW18 Feedwater Line Break (Inside Containment)
- FW19 Feedwater Line Break (Outside Containment)
- FW20 High Pressure Feedwater Heater Level Control Failure

- rW21 Feedwater Control Signal Failure
- FW22 Main Feedwater Startup Master Controller Failure
- FW23 Lovejoy Feedwater Controller Failure
- FW24 Lovejoy Feedwater Controller Oscillation
- FW25 High Pressure Feedwater Heater Tube Leak
- FW26 3-4 Feedwater Heater Tube Leak
- FW27 1-2 Feedwater Heater Tube Leak
- HPO1 HPCI System Failure to Auto Start
- HP02 HPCI Turbine Trip
- HPO3 HPCI Discharge Line Break
- HPO4 HPCI Flow Controller Failure
- HPO5 HPCI Inadvertent Initiation
- HPO6 HPCI Steam Line Break
- HPO7 HPCI System Discharge Header Back Leakage
- HPO8 HPCI Suction Transfer Failure
- HV01 Drywell Fan Coil Unit Trip
- IA01 Instrument Air System Depressurization
- IA02 Service Air System Depressurization
- IA03 Non-critical Instrument Air System Leak
- IA04 Air Compressor Trip
- IA05 IA Filter/Dryer Clogging
- MC01 Main Condenser Air In Leakage
- MC02 Main Condenser Tube Leak
- MCO3 Main Condenser Tube Flow Blockage

- MCO4 Steam Jet Air Ejector Steam Supply Pressure Control Fail
- MCO5 Circulation Water Pump Trip
- MC06 Traveling Screen Blockage
- MCO7 SJAE Condenser High Level
- MCO8 Circ Water Leakage in Turbine Building Basement
- MS01 Steam Leakage Inside Pr. ary Containment
- MS02 Steam Line Rupture Inside Primary Containment
- MSO3 Steam Line Rupture Outside Primary Containment
- MSO4 Gland Seal Steam Exhauster Condenser High Level
- MS05 Steam Seal Pressure Regulator Failure
- MS06 MSIV Disc Separates from Steam
- MS07 MSIV Failure (MSIV Fails As Is)
- MS08 DEN System Pressure Transmitter Failure
- MS09 MSIV Closure Time Malfunction
- MS10 Steam Leakage in Turbine Building
- NM01 Rod Block Monitor Failure
- NMO2 SRM Channel Failure
- NMO3 SRM Channel Retract Permit Failure
- NMO4 SRM Channel Detector Stuck
- NM05 IRM Channel Failure
- NMO6 IRM CHannel Detector Stuck
- NMO7 IRM Channel Retract Permit Failure
- NMO8 IRM Failure
- NMO9 APRM Signal Failure
- NM10 TIP Probe Detector Stuck In Core

NM11 TIP Dry Tube Leak

NM12 SRM Inop

NM13 IRM Inop

NM14 APRM Inop

NM15 APRM Flow converter Unit Inop Failure

OGO1 Explosion (Fire) in Air Ejector Discharge Piping

OGO2 Sustained Hydrogen Burn

PC01 Nitrogen System Supply Failure

PCO2 Torus to Drywell Vacuum Breaker Failure

PC03 Suppression Pool Water Temperature Instrument Failure

PC04 Instrument Line Break

PC05 Torus Air Temperature Inst. ument Failure

PCO6 SGT System Flow Restriction

PCO7 Leak from Torus Air Space

PGO8 Suppression Pool Water Leak

PC09 Leak in Primary Containment

PC10 High Drywell Fressure Scram Signal

PC11 High Drywell Pressure CSCS Initiation Signal

RCOl RCIC System Failure to Auto Start

RC02 RCIC Turbine Trip

RCO3 RCIC Discharge Line Break

RCO4 RCIC Flow Controller Failure

RCO5 RCIC Inadvertent Initiation

RC06 RCIC Steam Line Break

- RD01 SDV Drain/Vent Valve Failure
- RD02 ATWS
- RD03 Scram Outlet Valve Leakage
- RD04 CRD System Flow Control Valve Failure
- RD06 CRD Drive Water Filter Clogging
- RD07 CRD Stabilizing Valve Failure
- RD08 CRD Hydraulic Pump Trip
- RD09 Control Rod Drift In
- RD10 Control Rod Drift Out
- RD11 Control Rod Accumulator Trouble
- RD12 Control Rod Stuck
- RD13 Control Rod Uncoupled
- RD14 Control Rod Scrammed
- RD15 Control Rod Failure to Scram
- RD16 Control Rod Slow Scram Time
- RD17 Control Rod RPIS Reed Switch Failure
- RD18 Loss of Air to Control Rod Drive HCUs
- RD19 Rod Drive Control System Timer Malfunction
- RD20 RPIS Failure (Total)
- RD21 RPIS Failure (Partial)
- RD22 Scram Discharge Volume Rupture
- RD23 Abnormal Rod Motion Speed; Fast
- RD24 Abnormal Rod Motion Speed; Slow
- RD25 CRD Withdraw Header Vent Line Failure
- RD26 Backup Scram Valve Failure
- RD27 Automatic ARI Failure

- RH01 RHR Pump Trip
- RH02 RHR System Discharge Header Back Leakage
- RH03 RHR Heat Exchanger tube Leak
- RHO4 LPCI Inboard Injection Valve Failed Closed
- RHO5 RHR System Discharge Line Break
- RH06 LPCI Outboard Injection Valve Failed Open
- RH07 RHR Shutdown Cooling Valve Isolation
- RM01 Process Liquid Radiation Monitor Failure
- RM02 Gaseous Radiation Monitor Failure
- RM03 Area Radiation Monitor Failure
- RP01 Scram Pilot Solenoids Fail to Deenergize
- RP02 Reactor Scram
- RP03 Electrical Protection Assembly Trip
- RP04 Group 1 Isolation Failure
- RP05 Group 2 Isolation Failure
- RP06 Group 3 Isolation Failure
- RP07 Group 6 Isolation Failure
- RPO8 Spurious PCIS Group 1 Isolation Signal
- RP09 Spurious PCIS Group 2 & 6 Isolation Signal
- RP10 Spurious PCIS Group 3 Isolation
- RP11 Scram Pilot Solenoids Deenergize
- RR01 RR Pump SEal #1 Restrictive Orifice Plugging
- RR02 RR PUmp Seal #2 Restrictive Orifice Plugging
- RR03 Recirc Pump Shaft Binding
- RRO4 Recirc Pump Drive Motor Breaker Trip

- RR05 Recirc Pump Field Breaker Trip
- RR06 Recirc Pump Control Signal Failure
- RR07 REcirc Pump Incomplete Start Sequence
- RR08 RRMG Scoop Tube Lockout Failure
- RR09 Recirc Motor Generator Tachometer Failure
- RR10 Recirc Pump #1 Seal Failure
- RR1. Recirc Pump #2 Seal Failure
- RR12 Recirc Pump Runback (20%)
- RR13 Recirc Pump Runback (45%)
- RR14 Recirc Loop Flow Transmitter Failure
- RR15 Jet Pump Flow Nozzle Blockage
- RR16 Recirc Master Flow Controller Failure
- RR17 Recirc M/A Flow Controller Failure
- RR18 Jet Pump Failure
- Rk19 Shutdown Cooling Loss of Mass
- RR20 Goolant Leakage Inside Primary Containment
- RR21 Vessel Head Inner Seal Leakage
- RR22 RRMG Set 1A Oil Pump Trip
- RR23 RRMG Set 1B Oil Pump Trip
- RR24 RPT Fails to Initiate Recirc Pump Trip
- RR25 LIS-57/LIS-58 )NR Yarway) Fails Downscale
- RR26 LIS-72/A/B/C/D (NR Yarway) Fails Downscale
- RR27 LT-52 (NR GEMAC) Failure
- RR28 LIS-101 (NR Barton) Failure
- RR29 LIS-83 Switch Fails Upscale
- RR30 LITS-73 (FZ Yarway) Switch Fails Downscale

RR31 Reactor Recirc Suction Loop Rupture

RR32 Reactor Recirc Discharge Loop Rupture

RR33 Reference Leg Vailure

RW01 Rod Worth Minimizer Failure

RW02 RSCS Failure

SLO1 SLC Pump Trip

SLO2 SLC Squib Valves Fail to Fire

SLO3 SLC Discharge Relief Valve Fails Open

SW01 Service Water Pump Trip

SW02 Supply Strainer Blockage

SW03 Class - I Isolation

SW04 RHR Service Water Booster Pump Trip

SW05 Loss of REC to Recirc Pump

SW06 Service Water Leakage in Control Building Basement

SW07 TEC Pump Trip

SW08 TEC Heat Exchanger Tube Leak

SW09 RGC Line Break

SW10 TEC Line Break

SW) - REC Pump Trip

SW12 REC Heat Exchanger Tube Leak

SW13 REC Heat Exchanger Cooling Water Blockage

SW14 REC Leakage in the Drywell

SW15 Loss of Drywell Cooling

SW16 PCIS Gr up 1 Isolation

- TC01 Main Turbine Trip
- TC02 Main Turbine Trip Lockout Relay Fails to Actuate
- TC03 DEH Fluid Pump Unloader Valve Failure
- TCO4 DEH Oil System Pressure Oscillation
- TC05 DEH Computer Failure
- TC06 DEH System Speed Signal Failure
- TC07 Bypass Valve Failure
- TC08 Main Turbine Overspeed
- TC09 Control Valve Failure
- TC10 DEH Fluid Leakage
- TC11 Turbine Main Stop Valve Failure
- TC12 DEH System Load Reference Failure
- TUO: Main Turbine Bearing High Temperature
- TU02 Main Turbine Bearing Oil Low Pressure
- TU03 Main Turbine Bearing High Vibration
- TU04 Main Turbine Oil Pump Failure
- TU05 Main Turbine High Eccentricity
- TU06 Main Turbine Rotor Expansion
- TU07 Main Turbine Lift Oil Pump FAilure
- YCO1 PMIS Data Concentrator FAilure

Attachment C
SIMULATOR REMOTE FUNCTIONS

- ADO1 Drywell Pneumatic Supply
- CS01 Cond Supply V1v (CM-V-41) to CS A
- CS02 Cond Supply Vlv (CMV-44) to CS B
- CSO3 CS PUmp A Suction CST Isol Vlv (CS-V-66)
- CS04 CS Pump B Suction CST Isol Vlv (CS-V-67)
- CUO1 RWCU Pump 1A CRD Mini Purge PCV-FREG-1A
- CUO2 RWCU Pump 1B CRD Mini Purge PCV-FREG-1B
- CU03 RWCU Filter/Demin FCV-15A Status
- CUO4 RWCU Filter/Demin FCV-15A Auto Setpoint
- CU05 RWCU Filter/Demin FCV-15B Status
- CU06 RWCU Filter/Demin FCV-15B Auto Setpoint
- CU07 RWCU Pump 1A Isolation
- CU08 RWCU Pump 1B Isolation
- CUG9 RR/CU Conductivity Sample Point Select
- CU10 RWCU FCV-15A Manual Control
- CU11 RWCU FCV-J5B Manual Control
- DG01 Loss of Emerg Trans; DG #1 & #2 Auto Start Boot
- DG02 Loss of S/U Trans; DG #1 & #2 Auto Start Boot
- DG03 #1 DG Droop/Parallel and Unit Parallel Switches
- ED01 Electrical Lockout Relays Throughout Entire Plant
- ED02 Ganged MCC Supply Brkrs with UV Trip (EXcept M,N,U,V)
- ED03 250 VDC Turbine Building Starter Rack Transfer
- ED04 125 VDC Panel "A" Transfer
- ED05 125 VDC Panel "B" Transfer

- ED06 125 VDC Reactor Building Starter Rack Transfer
- ED07 125 VDC RCIC Starter Rack Transfer
- ED08 125 VDC HPCI Starter Rack TRansfer
- ED09 Critical Power Panel "CCP" Transfer
- ED10 250 VDC BAttery Charger 1A in Service
- ED11 125 VDC Battery Charger 1B in Service
- ED12 125 VDC Battery Charger 1A in Service
- ED13 125 VDC Battery Charger 1B in Service
- ED14 24 VDC Battery Chargers Al & A2 in Service
- ED15 24 VDC Battery Chargers Bl & B2 in Service
- ED16 460 V MCC "M" Supply Breaker Status
- ED17 460 V MCC "N" Supply Breaker Status
- ED18 460 V MCC "U" Supply Breaker Status
- ED19 460 V MCC "V" Supply Breaker Status
- ED20 Critical MCC "E" Power Supply Transfer Switch
- ED21 Critical MCC "R" Power Supply Transfer Switch
- ED22 Critical MCC "RA" Power Supply Transfer Switch
- ED23 Critical MCC "RX" Power Supply Transfer Switch
- ED24 Critical MCC "X" Power Supply Transfer Switch
- ED25 125 VDC BAttery Charger IC in Service
- ED26 125 VDC BAttery Charger IC Input Transfer Switch
- ED27 125 VDC Battery Charger IC Output Transfer Switch
- ED28 Gaitronics Power Supply Transfer Switch
- ED29 "MAPP" Grid System Voltage
- ED30 "MAPP" Grid System Frequency
- EG01 Main Generator Disconnect

- EGO2 Main Generator Gas Pressure
- EGO3 Main Generator Hydrogen Purity
- EGO4 Hydrogen Seal Oil Backup Supply Pressure Regulation
- FW01 Condensate Pump 1A Discharge Valve (MC-V-15)
- FW02 Condensate Pump 1B Discharge Valve (MC-V-17)
- FW03 Condensate Pump 1C Discharge Valve (MC-V-19)
- FW04 Condensate Filter/Demin 1A Isolation Valves
- FW05 Condensate Filter/Demin 1B Isolation Valves
- FW06 Condensate Filter/Demin 1C Isolation Valves
- FW07 Condensate Filter/Demin 1D Isolation Valves
- FW08 Condensate Filter/Demin 1E Isolation Valves
- FW09 Condensate Filter/Demin 1F Isolation Valves
- FW10 Condensate F/D Bypass Valve
- FW11 Condensate Flow Through AOG Condenser
- FW12 Pressure Control Valve PCV-9A/B Setpoint
- FW13 Condensate Booster Pump 1A Discharge Valve MO-301
- FW14 Indensate Booster Pump 1B Discharge VAlve MO-302
- FW1º Condensate Booster Pump 1C Discharge Valve MO-303
- FW1: FW Heater 1A1 & 1A2 Isolation Valves MO-5/7
- FW 7 FW Heater 1A3 & 1A4 Isolation Valves MO-6/8
- rW18 FW Heater 1A3 & 1A4 Isolation Valves MO-9/11
- FW19 FW Heater 1B3 & 1B4 Isolation Valves MO-10/12
- TW20 FW Heater 1A5 Isolation Valves MO-13/15
- FW21 FW Heater 1B5 Isolation Valves MO-14/16
- FW22 FW Heater Bypass Valve MO-17
- FW23 FW Heater Bypass Valve MO-20

- FW24 FW Heater Bypass Valve MO-21
- FW25 FW Heater Bypass Valve MO-18
- FW26 FW Heater Bypass Valve MO-22
- FW27 FW Heater Bypass Valve MO-23
- FW28 FW Heater Bypass Valve MO-19
- FW29 Condensate Make-up & Reject to CST A or CST B
- FW30 Condensate Recirc Pump Suction
- FW31 Condensate Recirc FUmp
- FW32 Condensate Recirc Pump Disch Valve FCV-13
- FW33 FW Heater A5 to A4 Drain Valve (CD-MO-68)
- FW34 FW HEater B5 to B4 Drain Valve (CD-MO-69)
- FW35 FW HEater A3 to A2 Drain Valve (CD-MO-70)
- FW36 FW HEater B3 to B2 Drain Valve (CD-MO-71)
- FW37 CST Drain Valve to Main Condenser (MC-807)
- FW38 ECST Makeup Valve
- PW39 Condensate Transfer Pump & Disch Valve to Cond
- FW40 Reactor Feed Startup Recirc Valves Isolation
- FW41 Surge Dump Valve LCV-2A Isolation Valves
- FW42 Surge Make-up Valve LCV-2B Isolation Valves
- FW43 Condensate System and CBP Minimum Flow Isolation
- FW44 RFP A Lovejoy Feedwater Demand Override
- FW45 RFP B Lovejoy Feedwater Demand Override
- HV01 Outside Air Temperature
- HV02 Wind Speed
- HV03 Wind Direction
- HV04 Barometric Pressure

HV05 River Water Temperature

HV06 River Level (Sea Level Elev)

HV07 Outside RElative Humidity

IA01 Air Compressor Tendamatic Sequence Selection

IA02 PCV-609 Status

IA03 RHR, Core Spray Testable Check Valve Air Isolation

IA04 Air Compressor Reset

MCO1 Main Condenser 1A1 Inlet and Outlet Valves

MCO2 Main Condenser 1A2 Inlet and Outlet Valves

MCO3 Main Condenser 1Bl Inlet and Outlet Valves

MCO4 Main Condenser 1B2 Inlet and Outlet Valves

MC05 Main Condenser 1A2 Bypass Valve

MC06 Main Condenser 1A2 Bypass Valve

MCO7 Main Condenser 1B1 Bypass Valve

MCO8 Main Condenser 1B2 Bypass Valve

MC09 Main Condenser 1A Crossover Valve

MC10 Main Condenser 1B Grossover Valve

MC11 SJAE A In Service

MC12 SJAE B In Service

MC13 Deicing Gate Control

MS01 Auxiliary Boiler Status

MS02 Aux Steam Supply to RFPT (AS-M0-59)

MS03 Control for Extraction Steam NRV9 & NRV10

MSO4 Control for Extraction Steam NRV3, NRV5 & NRV6

MS05 Control for Extraction Steam NRV11 & NRV12

- MS06 Control for Extraction Steam NRV4, NRV7 & NRV8
- NMO1 RBM Channel A Auto Bypass Relay K7 Status
- NMO2 RBM Channel B Auto Bypass Relay K7 Status
- OGO1 Augmented Off-Gas System Charcoal Beds In Service
- OGO2 AOG Los Steam Pressure Isolation Relay
- OGO3 AOG Low Steam Pressure Isolation Signal Reset
- PCO1 Nitrogen Storage Tank Isolation Solenoid
- PG02 Drywell/Torus N2 Supply (PG-13)
- RCO1 RCIC Isolation (IS) Switch (Aux Relay Room)
- RD03 GRD PUmp Suction from CST/Demin Storage Rank
- RDO4 Charging Water Isolation Valve (CRD-29)
- RDO5 Isolation Valves for STabilizing Valves 25A
- RDO6 Isolation Valves for stabilizing Valves 25B
- RD07 CRD PUmp A Discharge Valve (CRD-11)
- RDO8 CRD PUmp B Discharge Valve (CRD-12)
- RDO9 CRD Mini Purge to RR PUmp A
- RD10 CRD Mini Purge to RR Pump B
- RD11 Isolation Valves for Flow Control Valve 19A
- RD12 Isolation Valves for flow Control Valve 19B
- RD13 CRD Pumps Minimum Flow Valves
- RD14 CRD PUmps Common Discharge Valve (CRD-170)
- RD15 North and south LSDV Vent Valves
- RD16 North SDV Drain Valve
- Rr17 South SDV Drain Valve

- RH01 Cond Supply Vlvs (RH-V-103/104) to RHR A LPCI Line
- RH02 Cond Supply Vlv (CM-V-38) to RHR B LPCI Line
- RH03 RHR A Process Sample Vlv (SSV95/SSV96)
- RHO4 RHR B Process Sample V1v (SSV6/SSV61)
- RH05 RHR Pump A Suction from Cond Supply Vlv (RHR-98)
- RHO6 RHR Pump D Suction from Cond Supply Vlv (RHR-99)
- RH07 RHR HEat EXchanger A Steam Isolation Vlv (RHR-368A)
- RHO8 RHR Heat Exchanger B Steam Isolation Vlv (RHR-368B)
- RP01 RPS "A" MG Set Motor Start & Close Output Breaker
- RPO2 RPS : B: MG Set Motor Start & Close Output Breaker
- RPO3 Jumpers for LIS-101A/D Contacts AA2-AA3 and BB2-BB3
- RPO4 Jumpers for Contacts 9-41 (9-42) CC10-CC11 and CC12-CC13
- RP05 Jumpers for Contacts EE12-EE13 and AA12-AA13 in Panel 9-15
- RR01 Recirculation Pump A MG Set Lockout Relay
- RRO2 Recirculation Pump B MG Set Lockout Relay
- RRO3 RRMG A DC Oil Pump
- RRO4 RRMG B DC 011 Pump
- RRO5 RRMG A Scoop Tube
- RRO6 RRMG B Scoop Tube
- SLO1 SLC Suction Source
- SW01 REC HXs SW Inlet Crosstie Vlv (SW-122)
- SW02 REC HX1A Inlet Isol Vlv (REC-18)
- SW03 REC HX1A Dutlet Isol VIv (REC-19)

- SW04 REC HX1B Inlet Isol Vlv (REC-20)
- SW05 REC HX1B Outlet Isol Vlv (REC-21)
- SW06 RHSW Booster Pumps 1A, 1C Vlv to RH (SW-118)
- SW07 RHSW Booster Pumps 1B, 1D Vlv to RH (SW-119)
- SW08 RH HX1A SW Inlet Vlv (SW-145)
- SW09 RH HX1B SW Inlet Vlv (SW-152)
- SW10 Demin Water to REC Surge Tank
- SW11 TEC HX1A SW Outlet Vlv (SW-55)
- SW12 TEC HX1B SW Outlet Vlv (SW-64)
- SW13 Demin Water to TEC Surge Tank
- SW14 Air Compressor 1A Cooling Water
- SW15 Air Compressor 1B Cooling Water
- SW16 Air Compressor 1C Cooling Water
- SW17 TEC HX1A Isolation Vlvs (TEC-18, 19)
- SW18 TEC HX1B Isolation Vlvs (TEC-20, 21)
- SW19 SW PUmps Disch Cross Connect Vly (SW-36)
- SW20 REC HX1A Temperature Control Vlv (SW-TCV-451A)
- SW21 REC HX1B Temperature Control VIv (SW-TCV-451B)
- SW22 RRMG Set 1B Oil Cooling Vlv (REC-49)
- SW23 RRMG Set 1B Oil Cooling Vlv (REC-51)
- SW24 RHSW Boost Pumps Disch Vlv to RH (SW-120)
- SW25 RHSW Booster Pump B Lifted Lead
- SW26 Control Power Fuse for SW-MO89B
- SW27 Local Operation of SW-MO-89B

TC01 Turbine Manual Trip from Front Standard

TU01 Turbine Lube Oil Cooler TES Set Point (T16-406)

TU02 Isolation for SW TCV to Turbine Lube Oil Cooler