ORIGINATION

OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT PROCEEDINGS BEFORE

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD

DKT/CASE NO. 50-329 OM 50-329 OL 50-330 OL

TITLE CONSUMERS POWER COMPANY (MIDLAND PLANT, UNITS 1 & 2)

PLACE Midland, Michigan

DATE February 15, 1983

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD

In the Matter of:			
	ocket Nos	. 50-329 OM	
CONSUMERS POWER COMPANY :		50-330 OM	
(Midland Plant, Units 1 & 2) : D	ocket Nos	. 50-329 OL	1
		50-330 OL	
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Quality Inn Central 1815 South Saginaw Road Midland, Michigan 48640

Tuesday, February 15, 1983

Evidentiary hearing in the above-entitled matter was resumed pursuant to adjournment, at 9:15 a.m.

BEFORE:

CHARLES BECHHOEFER, Esq., Chairman Administrative Judge Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

DR. FREDERICK P. COWAN, Esq., Member Administrative Judge Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

DR. JERRY HARBOUR, Esq., Member Administrative dge Atomic Safety and Licensing Board

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APPEARANCES:

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Appearing Pro Se:

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MS. MARY SINCLAIR 5711 Summerset Street Midland, Michigan 48640

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PROCEEDINGS

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. I see we have Colonel Gadler with us today. Welcome to the hearing.

MR. GADLER: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We'll start this morning by reading our ruling on Mrs. Sinclair's motion, and I'll read it into the record.

On February 14, 1983 Intervenor Mary Sinclair filed a motion for us to postpone our scheduled hearing on her operating license contentions until certain pending quality assurance/ quality control issues are resolved. She claims that the OL contentions can be impacted by the alleged QA/QC deficiencies, particularly insofar as they may involve a failure to follow design specifications.

Absent Ms. Sinclair's motion, the hearing of the OL contentions would begin later today. Because of the immence of the scheduled hearing, we've heard oral argument on the motion, and that was at transcript 11346 through 11368, so that we could act on it in a timely fashion.

We appreciate the significance and seriousness of the various alleged QA/QC deficiencies. If not resolved satisfactorily, they might impact the potential licenseability of this facility.

But we agree with the Applicant and Staff that the design adequacy of a structure or component is a distinct and separable

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issue from whether that structure or component has been satisfactorily constructed or manufactured or installed. There is no necessary relationship between these issues. Either design inadequacies or construction deficiencies may be disqualifying. However, the considerations affecting each involve different technical factors. There is, accordingly, no reason why the hearing of one should await resolution of the other.

One point raised by Ms. Sinclair warrants clarification. The design for which the Applicant seeks approval must be the one to which the facility is constructed. If the facility as constructed does not meet the design specifications, the Applicant must either correct the facility or seek approval of a different design.

If it should adopt the latter course prior to our final initial decision, it is required under longstanding appeal board decisions -- and I cite McGuire as an early example and TVA-Brown's Ferry as a more recent one -- to keep the Licensing Board and parties informed. Any significant changes would be subject to relitigation.

For the foregoing reasons, we are denying Ms. Sinclair's motion. As authorized by 10CFR Section 2.730(e) we do not plan to 22 issue a written ruling. But we would request the Staff to provide Ms. Sinclair with copies of the transcript pages on which this ruling appears.

The Staff will do so. MR. WILCOVE: CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: It should be two or three pages, perhaps. ALDERSON REPORTING COMPANY, INC.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Now, are there other preliminary matters before we start the testimony? I understand that Mr. Marshall -- do you wish Colonel Gadler to make a statement, his statement this morning?

MR. MARSHALL: Yes, I would like to have him make a statement this morning and that would leave him available to leave anytime he wishes after that, anytime this week.

MR. PATON: Could I make a point about what you said about the Staff supplying copies to Mrs. Sinclair?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That is not technically required.

MR. PATON: I don't have any objection to it.

I am just wondering if by the time we get our transcripts
and then copy them, et cetera, I wonder if it might be just
as easy, since it's a couple pages, if the reporter could
possibly supply an extra set of those two or three pages
to her.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, that would be fine with us.

MR. PATON: Is that possible? I will talk to the reporter. I'm sorry, I shouldn't have bothered.

We'll take care of that.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I just thought that Mrs. Sinclair ought to have a copy of the ruling.

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MR. PATON: Absolutely.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: She is not subscribing to the transcript.

MR. PATON: That's right. And we'll take care of that.

MR. GADLER: Could the other Intervenors get a copy of that, too?

MR. MARSHALL: I'd like a copy, too.

MR. PATON: We'll take care of that, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIPMAN BECHHOEFER: That would be fine.

MR. STEPTOE: Mr. Marshall has already spoken to all the parties about Mr. -- Col. Gadler giving a limited appearance statement and the Applicant has no objection.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Col. Gadler, could you either go to the witness stand or you can do it right from there, it's up to you. You can do it right from where you are, if you prefer.

MS. SINCLAIR: I have one more preliminary matter, please. Yesterday you said that during your operating license you assumed that the plant is properly built.

Can you tell me what the basis for that assumption is?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: As we said in our ruling,

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it's just a separate issue. We assume for the purposes of design issues that the plant is built, will be built according to the design.

MS. SINCLAIR: Again, we're not licensing the Midland plant, we're examining a particular design here, is that correct?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: No, we are looking at the design which is proposed for the Midland plant.

MS. SINCLAIR: But we are not looking at what actually is at the Midland plant; these are two different things and Mr. Keppler --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We're looking at the latter issue later on in the QA, QC portions and in the -- the testimony on certain issues like the Zack issues and that type of thing.

MS SINCLAIR: I don't know of anyplace in the QA, QC hearings, to my knowledge, where things like how the water hammer problem has been solved and resolved at the Midland Plant, for example, can be raised in the QA, QC part of the hearings.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: It would have to be raised by showing that some of the components were defective, either installed in a defective manner or built in a defective manner.

MS. SINCLAIR: Then you'd have to have the same

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1 expert witnesses.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: No, you wouldn't have to have the same expert witnesses, they'd be the expert witnesses on construction and installation and that type of thing.

MS. SINCLAIR: So you are telling us the expert witnesses that we are going to be talking to don't really have the knowledge of what is exactly at the Midland Plant that we're talking about, is that correct?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I assume that's correct, within the confines of the contention. I don't know whether they actually have the knowledge apart from that, but --

(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I can't tell you whether each individual expert, apart from what he's here to testify from, would know these other things.

MS. SINCLAIR: Well, I guess the point of my motion was that -- and I accept your decision, of course, I just wanted to clarify my own thinking to you about this because it's difficult to put this much time and energy into a hearing and the expense that is involved, without really knowing whether you are indeed talking about the Midland plant.

And I think this is what I wanted to have clarified.

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And I think this is what I wanted to have clarified.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We are talking about the -- about designs which are being proposed to be used. If the facility isn't built according to those designs, then what has been built has to be fixed or if a design change is sought, then we're saying, and according to Commission precedent, the Applicants have to inform everybody if there is problems with that. That's subject to being heard.

So they're supposed to build the facility to the design 10 that they're proposing.

MS. SINCLAIR: I see. Thank you.

MS. STAMIRIS: May I ask a question about how we will follow through on -- in relation to your ruling? And I'm wondering, am I understanding you correctly if I would paraphrase it to say that we will go forward with the operator's license contention?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Operating --

MS. STAMIRIS: Operating license contentions on the assumption that the plant is built as designed, with the caveat that should we determine through QA or other means later that it is not built as designed, that we would repeat those portions of the operator's license contentions which had been conducted more or less in the abstract or on the design basis?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We wouldn't necessarily repeat We might determine how the facility could be corrected

so that it does meet the design specification, as a separate issue.

The facilities got to be built to meet the design. If they're going to change the design, then we would repeat.

MS. STAMIRIS: The contentions that had to do with that design change?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: If the design were changed, yes; but if this were correcting it, that would be a different issue, but they'd still -- but it would be a legitimate issue whether the facility is built to the design as submitted.

MS. SINCLAIR: Now, in my quality assurance contention, which was accepted, I had a number of very specific areas in which I identified components where questions of quality assurance and quality control had been already named.

If I am to be held within the confines of those specific things that I was required to state for getting the contention approved, then I will not be able to get into some of these other issues which we are dealing with now in order to determine whether they indeed are installed according to design or as has been recently disclosed, by this very special inspection team, but very probably be installed in a way quite different from what the plan or the design would be.

And this is what has raised the question of the difference between what we have been reading in the safety evaluation report in the FSAR and what is actually out there.

And I think that since we are the operating license, we have to come to grips with what is really out at the Midland Plant. And I appreciate your point that you feel there is a place to discuss what the design, that is planned for the Midland Plant, is.

But I think there is a considerable gap between that and what is actually out in the plant and what legally we can get a handle on because the contention -- my quality assurance contention as it is written has the specificity that was required and it does not incorporate going over whether these other components that we're going to be discussing, and design matters, are really in the as-built condition.

I think there is going to be a gap there. I personally, at this point, cannot see how we can overcome that particular legal difficulty in this proceeding.

MR. STEPTOE: Chief Judge Bechhoefer, if Mrs. Sinclair has any information or Mrs. Stamiris has any information that indicates that the systems that we are talking about have or are not installed or constructed in accordance with the design, she can either file a contention and -- a new contention, with that as a basis, and ask the Board to accept it as a late file contention. If it were new information, the Board might very well grant such a motion.

In addition, if she knew that the system is not going to function as designed because of problems in its construction

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or installation, she could use that information on cross examination of our witnesses.

things in the preparation of testimony and certainly if we knew that the -- that the systems that we're talking about would not function as designed because of -- for any reason, we would have an obligation to disclose that to the Licensing Board and to the other parties.

So, finally, quite apart from this adjudicatory proceeding, the NRC Staff, Region III, has an independent obligation to certify before the operating license issue that the plant is built in accordance with the design.

Therefore I see no legal gap as Mrs. Sinclair alleges.

It's not sufficient just to say that there have been quality

assurance problems at this plant and therefore we cannot discuss

or litigate the design of certain systems at all, that the Board's

ruling was clearly appropriate.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, as I say, if you do have any information about any particular component not being constructed properly, that is appropriate and you could either, as Mr. Steptoe mentioned, you could either raise it as a new contention or take it up on cross examination.

MS. SINCLAIR: I don't think that citizens can accept that burden of proof that we have to come up with the information.

The information that we do have is the kind of

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information that was disclosed by this special inspection team which casts a doubt on a tremendous amount of way in which this plant was built.

And so that verification of -- there was 150,000 potential deficiencies in construction. Until that verification of all of these is completed, I don't know if any witness can truly say they know what they're talking about, what is out there.

And I do appreciate the fact that you are willing to 10 | go forward just to review the design as planned. A great deal 11 of doubt has been cast also by Mr. Keppler, himself, on whether the as-built condition of the plant is in any way comparable to the design.

But it has not been made specific, and therefore there is no way that a citizen really can have access to that specific knowledge as we go through these contentions.

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I just certainly -- certainly if we have information that has bearing on it, we will bring it to your attention, but we certainly cannot accept it as a burden of proof ourselves.

We were hoping that once the deficiencies were verified, that we could go forward with better knowledge of what was out there and what had been corrected.

CHAIRMAN BECHECEFER: Well, I think you will be given a copy probably of the inspection report when that is circulated by the Staff. Maybe the Staff would like to make make a nument on what both Mr. Keppler and other people at NRR must do before the plant can actually be licensed, and this is apart from they're doing here at the hearing.

MR. PATON: Mr. Chairman, addressing specifically what Mrs. Sinclair says, there was discussion at the public meeting about a very large number of inspections. I believe the number was over a 100,000. And I think that this is what she's focusing on.

The NRC is going to satisfy itself as to the validity of those inspections. And there is -- I don't think the decision has been made yet as to the degree of sampling.

There was discussion at the public meeting.

One NRC official thought he should -- thought we should start out with a 100 percent evaluation of those

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554-2345 20024 (202) D.C. REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, 300 7TH STREET, S.W., specifications, and others said that they thought it should be determined what amount of sampling would be acquired to assure the degree of competence we needed.

But I think that's Mrs. Sinclair's focus and she will have access to that information. She will be advised of the results of that study and I think that's the information that she wants.

And if she has some reason to believe that our check on the validity of those, which she calls potential deficiencies, if there's any reason to cross examine the NRC on the validity of that reverification, she can do it. But I think that's the focus -- the matter that has caused her to raise those issues today.

She says that because we believe it necessary care to reverify those instructions, that that falls into question the entire plant. And I think she should focus on that effort on our recheck of those specifications.

That's where the -- that's where the questions lie and she will be given access to that information.

And if it is new information and raises new safety issues, then she can certainly ask this Board to raise whatever issues come out of those matters.

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MS. STAMIRIS: Judge Bechhoefer, may I respond? I'd like to give my perception of some of the things that Mr. Paton just talked about, because my understanding was a little bit different than just what he said, in that when Mr. Paton talked just now about the -- he termed it over a 150,000 -- no, I'm sorry, he said over 100,000, and Mrs. Sinclair had said 150,000 inspections that were now in question, that needed to be reverified.

I got the impression from what Mr. Paton says that there is -- there was some difference of opinion expressed at that meeting from members of the NRC staff as to whether that should be a sampling effort or a 100 percent reinspection.

And my understanding of the way it took place at the meeting is that the discussion of the sampling effort and how much would be sampled and how it would be sampled came from Consumers Power Company representatives. And the only opinion I remember being expressed by the NRC Staff, I'm not saying it is necessarily the only opinion, but the only one I remember hearing expressed at the meeting was that a better way to go at it might be to start with 100 percent reinspection and then if we found out that it didn't need to continue, if we found a high degree of satisfaction, or if the NRC or Consumers found a high degree of satisfaction with that 100-percent sample, then they could cut bab

20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, 300 7TH STREET, S.W., And the only other thing that I wanted to clarify is when Mr. Paton talks about their review or reverification of these reports, these over 100,000 inspection reports that are in question, it was also my understanding that that reverification effort would be done by Consumers more than it would be done by the NRC. And my assumption was that the NRC would audit Consumers' efforts in that regard.

MR. PATON: Mr. Chairman, I believe that's correct, but, again, with all these matters, we're kind of speculating on the degree of sampling and who is going to do the work.

The point is that that's the information that has caused the Intervenors to become interested, and that information will be made available to them.

And, if this gives rise to new safety issues, then they can ask this Board to accept a new contention.

MR. STEPTOE: Judge Bechhoefer, it's already an issue in this case. The Applicant's proposal for a construction completion plan and the Staff's reaction to it will be litigated in the April hearings.

MR. MARSHALL: Chief Judge Bechhoefer, at the same time, will it be made clear who is responsible for the deficiencies in the first place?

I'd like to know where to put the blame on this thing exactly, precisely.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 REPORTERS BUILDING, S.W. NOO 7TH STREET, CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I would say not necessarily, but I don't know.

MR. MARSHALL: I want to know who is in charge.

MR. GADLER: Mr. Chairman, I sit here and listen to all of these discussions, and I'm wondering what the Board, what your Board will do about the deficiencies.

Would you license a plant that had a lot of deficiencies, as pointed out in Mr. Keppler's letter?

He said 16,000, and it's probably a 160,000, and the public health and safety is involved.

Would you, as a Board, license a plant that has gone through this history of deficiencies?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We can't really answer that in the abstract in any particular deficiency which may or may not be here, because it's a matter of degree.

MR. GADLER: Well, I happen to be an engineer, and I know that if a system -- there's one little part in a system that doesn't work, in an automobile or any other system, that just isn't complete. And it's the same way with an electric plant or steam boiler, or anything else, if there's some parts, as Mrs. Sinclair pointed out, so very finely, and yet they forget that a system is in operation and the system's got to be complete.

And that plant is not complete. That plant is deficient.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, in order to be licensed, the plant will have to meet all NRC regulations and criteria, so --

MR. GADLER: Well, let's talk about the licensing procedure just a minute.

NRC, and the NRC are beholden to push the nuclear industry.

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MR. PATON: Mr. Chairman, I object.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I would object, too, Colonel Gadler.

MR. GADLER: Well, are you afraid of the truth? CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I'm afraid of the nontruth. MR. GADLER: Well, no, I'm telling the truth. I don't do anything but tell the truth.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: You're telling the truth as you perceive it, perhaps, but I question whether it is the truth. But I think we should move on from this.

MR. GADLER: Well, I know the truth hurts, and this is what is damaging. I know that the NRC objects to having the truth told, that they will license every plant that has ever been applied for.

They don't -- I'd like to have them show me one that they turned down. And that's what's going to happen here at Midland.

I was just telling Mrs. Sinclair this morning, what's the use of holding these hearings when the plant is going to be given a license regardless of whether it sinks into the plains of the Tittabawassee River.

MR. PATON: Mr. Chairman, I object to further comments from Colonel Gadler.

If he is entering an appearance on behalf of some party, perhaps it would be appropriate. But I thought he was here

to give something in the nature of a limited appearance statement.

MR. GADLER: I am going to give it.

MR. PATON: I further object to his comments that the NRC doesn't want the truth told. I don't believe that's the case.

(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I think it would be appropriate, Colonel Gadler, for you to make your statement at this time, if you would like to do so.

MR. GADLER: All right. But I won't retract anything I said about the NRC or anybody else, because that's the way I perceive it and that's the way I look at it and that's the way I see it. And I base that on all the literature, all the letters and things we sent to NRC and we can't get answers to.

Mr. Chairman, I want to thank you very much for allowing me to make this appearance. It's very kind of you. And I have given you, furnished you a copy of the little presentation I'm making.

I want to tell you that I am Steve J. Gadler of St.

Paul, Minnesota, and I am a registered professional engineer,

and I'm a retired Air Force Colonel and have been a member of

the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Board for 15 years, having

been appointed by four governors, both Republicans and Democrats.

I have a contract with the Mapleton Intervenors for a dollar a year and have had such a contract for the last 11 years.

And, incidentally, they haven't paid me the dollar yet.

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(Laughter)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, as I mentioned several times, We can't do anything about these contractual matters.

(Laughter)

MR. GADLER: There is a growing public fear of refusal to accept the risk attendant with nuclear power plants, and especially the Midland Nuclear Plant, Units 1 and 2. Not only do accident potentials as exemplified by the TMI disaster and by other nuclear plant accidents that have occurred on a every continent of the world -- and, at that point, it's interesting to note that the American public does not know about the nuclear disasters that have occurred in the various parts of the world in various nuclear plants -- but with the high level of radioactive-spent fuel that will be stored at the plant -- that's the Midland 1 and 2 -- and by the radioactivity that will be discharged to the air and water environments. Also, with the plant's location, the sinking buildings and soil conditions necessitating a \$300 million mining operation to underpin the plant; in other words, to shore it up.

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554-2345 REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 300 7TH STREET, S.W., I was born and raised in Leeds, South Dakota, where there's a big mine there, the largest gold mine in the world, and I think I know something about what it means to go down and run the drifts and shafts and underpin a plant.

I don't know how that is going to affect the health and safety of the population.

As an engineer, it is impossible for me to conceive of how anyone can build a plant, especially a nuclear plant, on the flood plains of the Tittabawasse River.

I'm not a geologist, but I have talked to some excellent top-notch geologists, and they -- I am quoting them: "Consumers Power Company has in the past tried to blame Intervenors for the delay of the Midland Power Plant Project. However, all the ASLB Board has to do is to look at the construction practices that have gone on at the Midland Plant to know that there is a serious danger that will affect the health and safety of every Midland resident.

of radioactive material stored on-site a mile from Midland's main street has never been properly evaluated or considered by the NRC or Consumers Power Company, for, if the evaluation would have been made, the plant's construction would

REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 300 7TH STREET, S.W., have been stopped before it was started.

The licensing authority -- that is, NRC -- has failed to consider adequately the cumulative impact that will be caused by the spent fuel that will be stored at the plant and the radioactivity that will be discharged to the environment, both air and water.

In addition, thelicense issuing authority, the NRC, has failed in its responsibility to protect the water of the Tittabawasse River from the radioactive, thermal, chemical and other discharges that will be dumped by the Midland Nuclear Plant into the river.

Four, since the NRC Staff in public admitted that a Class 9 accident did take place at TMI, it is now incumbent, I believe, on NRC to tell the public what Midlanders can do to protect themselves from a TMI type accident if the plant goes into operation.

Five, the rights of the citizens of Michigan and the United States are being violated by imposing upon them future radioactive releases and degraded environmental conditions, in violation of the Constitution and the NRC rules and regulations, as previously pointed out.

It never was the congressional intent, in my opinion, to allow any bureaucracy or company with eminent domain to insult citizens with radioactivity or to destroy moving bodies of water like the Tittabawasse River.

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Therefore, Mr. Chairman, I, as the technical director for the Mapleton Intervenors, again call upon the NRC to stop the building of the plant because of this tendency to become the second area in the world where you have a Leaning Tower of Pisa.

This is a matter of public health and safety and it is a very serious situation because the health and safety of the public is paramount, and that cannot be forgotten or passed over.

It is indeed unfortunate that the plant now being built was cited and a building permit given without the proper attention to the distance of the population center, the effect it would have on Dow Chemical Company if an accident would take place in the location of the flood plains of the Tittabawasse River.

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As an example, the Midland Plant is built on the flood plains of the Tittabawassee River in contravention of all sarety rules and good practice. Not only is the plant built on the flood plains of the river but it is sited within the City of Midland, in contradiction to NRC siting rules and regulations.

In siting the plant at that location and approving its construction, the AEC, now the NRC, disregarded the 100-year flooding potential of the Tittabawassee River. This disregard is now coming back to haunt the plant builders and, of course, Consumers Power Company and, naturally, the NRC. This haunting will go on because of the sinking buildings must be shored up by extensive mining operations, as I have previously pointed out.

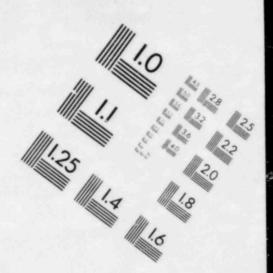
In addition, much of the underground piping had to be replaced, or is partly being replaced.

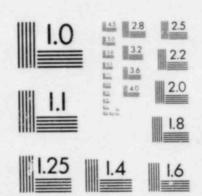
The complete mining operation that has taken place under the structures in an attempt to shore up the power plant will add at least \$300 million to the cost of the plant. Those are the figures that I have obtained from NRC documents and Consumer Power documents.

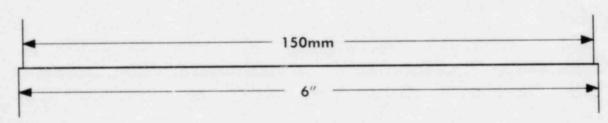
These costs were never given to the public at any time before the power company requested a permit to build the plant.

In addition to the mining operations, a dewatering program must be carried out and will continue to operate during the life of the plant. The dewatering program is carried out by the drilling of hundreds of wells. Does anyone know how much

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electricity will be required for operating the pumps to dewater the area?

The Midland Plant, a twin sister of TMI, is being built a mile from downtown Midland and less than three-quarters of a mile from the homes of the Mapleton Intervenors.

The license to build a nuclear plant is in direct violation of congressional intent as to distance of populated areas, it violates the NRC rules and regulations of siting and distance, was granted without giving adequate consideration concerning the problems of the spent fuel. And no consideration, apparently, was given to the discharges from the plant to the Tittabawassee River, which the water flows into Saginaw Bay and forms the drinking water in many communities, including the City of Midland.

It would seem to me that many years ago Consumers Power Company, Dow Chemical and the Atomic Energy Commission held meetings and determined that a plant would be able to furnish non-radioactive steam to Dow Chemical, for probably one could claim this meeting of minds was a conspiracy of a certain type.

But the events took place many years ago and people were at that time were not alerted to the danger or to the full effects of the radiation eminating from a plant in the midst of a large population center.

The health and safety of people are paramount. It is unfortunate that such a building event could take place, but it's

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certainly better to stop building the plant instead of completing it and having an accident, a predictable accident as happened at TMI.

Besides, if you stop building now, it won't cost four billion more dollars to decontaminate and to remove the plant after several years of operation.

In that respect, I have before me a decomissioning study -- I guess it's put cut by the Consumers company -- on a decommissioning of units 1 and 2. They list it as \$300 million, and I challenge them to prove that it isn't more like \$3 billion for decommissioning and decontaminating, because they don't even consider in there who's going to pay for the storing of that decontaminated material.

as an example, the letter from James G. Keppler, addressed to Mr. John D. Selby, president of the Consumers Power Company, dated the 8th of February, 1983, in which he cites 16,000 backlog inspections. It's probably more like, as I heard this morning, 160,000, and there's probably more than that. I ask the question, is that protecting the public health and safety if the NRC is satisfied with a sampling of that backlog inspections?

You can't sample statistically on public health and safety.

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Finally, Mr. Chairman, there's hope that this Board will eventually come to the full realization that nuclear power is an economic extravagance, a political liability, a sociological disaster, a real threat to the public health and safety, since there have been nuclear accidents on every continent of the world, a burden to unborn generations, a threat to the future of mankind, and especially, Mr. Chairman, the Midland Plant should never be licensed to operate.

Thank you very much, and I'd be glad to answer any questions.

Copies of this have been furnished to all the parties.

MR STEPTOE: Mr. Chairman, should copies be inserted in the record also?

I believe that Colonel Gadler was reading from it, but he was paraphrasing in some cases.

Would Colonel Gadler like that to be done? MR. MARSHALL: Have it bound into the record. They'd like that very much.

> (Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: It's not necessary. Do you have enough copies for that, or no?

MR. GADLER: Bardon?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I'm not sure there are enough copies for that.

MR. STEPTOE: We'll provide the copies, Chairman Bechhoefer.

MR. MARSHALL: Judge Bechhoefer, I believe what

Mr. Steptoe was saying, that he thought that at times Mr.

Gadler was speaking extemporaneously and that he would like
to have the original bound into the record so they can

see where he took the departure, from time to time, from
the record.

Okay, I'd like to have it bound into the record for that reason, for Mr. Steptoe.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay, that's fine. If there

MR. GADLER: I guess I didn't --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The version I have, by the way, has two of the pages inverted.

(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Are there any other preliminary matters before we --

MR. WILCOVE: Just one minor one.

Yesterday, when we bound into the record the testimony of Cook Landsman, Gardner and so forth, inadvertently Attachment 10 was left out of the package, so

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, I'd like to give seven copies to the reporter now and have it bound into the record now.

(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That Attachment 10, does that relate to anything that's going on today?

MR. WILCOVE: No, that would come up in April.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: It might be better, since it won't fit together -- in any event, it might be better to wait until some time in April to put it in?

MR. WILCOVE: That would be fine.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Do it at the time the Panel resumes the stand in April. Just note that it was left jut of the earlier one. It will be close to the place where it is referred to then.

MR. WILCOVE: We'll do it that way.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay.

Anything further before the Panel on the stand is resumed?

MS. STAMIRIS: Judge Bechhoefer, I have one brief preliminary matter I'd like to raise.

We had discussed off the record the other day,

I asked the NRC if they knew in the next SALP report -
in fact, the one that's overdue for the SALP period ended

in approximately July 1982 -- when that SALP report would

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be available and when those meetings would take place, and they indicated that that was not decided yet, it was being discussed within the NRC.

I wonder -- I wanted that to go on the record, and I wondered if NRC would make a commitment to inform the parties as soon as possible about the SALP meeting and the SALP report.

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MR. WILCOVE: We'll do so when, you know, there will be such meetings or when the SALP report is scheduled to come out. We will advise the Board and the parties.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: In the past we've always been sent copies promptly.

MS. STAMIRIS: What I am interested ir is not just -- you know, I'm sure that we would all get the report when it comes out, but I wonder if the NRC would make an effort -- I mean, we also discussed the fact that this report had been specifically delayed once by Mr. Keppler, and that is in a letter which I can't give you the date of, and Mr. Landsman indicated that it had been delayed a second time now, and I wondered if the NRC would make a special effort to try and find out as soon as possible when to expect this.

MR. WILCOVE: We will inquire of Region III, and when we have some information that would be useful we will forward it.

MS. STAMIRIS: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Of course, you can always ask Mr. Keppler when he's here.

MS. STAMIRIS: Yes.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Anything further before -MS. WEST: We'd like to recall Mr. Bird and
Mr. Wheeler to the stand at this time.

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MS. STAMIRIS: Judge Bechhoefer, I have some Xeroxing being done that I'd like to pick up now, and I'll be right back.

(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Why don't we take our

morning break now.

(Brief recess.)

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Back on the record.

MS. WEST: If we could, I'd like to clear up something from yesterday that was left open. If I could just do one or two questions on direct before we rebegin cross examination.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay.

Whereupon,

WALTER BIRD

ROBERT WHEELER

called as witnesses by counsel for the Applicant, having previously been duly sworn by the Chairman, was further examined and testified as follows:

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MS. WEST:

- Mr. Bird, have you been able to confirm the date of the drilling incident of observation Well No. 4, NCR No. 4245?
 - (WITNESS BIRD) Yes, I have.
 - What is that date?
- (WITNESS BIRD) The drilling was started on the 18th in that the rig was placed at that point in time, the bulk of the drilling physically occurred on May 19, and that was when the subsidance was noticed and the NCR was written.
- Are you familiar with the facts of this drilling 0. incident, Mr. Wheeler?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Yes. I was physically there and saw the arrangement of the rig and the void in that area.

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- Q. Could you briefly describe how it happened?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Well, I'm not sure exactly how it happened, but what I saw was that the rig had been positioned and they were in the process of drilling this Observation Well No. 4, and the rig was still in position at the point which I came and saw the area.

And the -- there was a void near the surface that you could physically see. And after -- of course, after the void was discovered, all work was stopped and then subsequently the rig was removed to keep the area from degrading any more than it was.

MS. WEST: Thank you, Chairman Bechhoefer. We just wanted to clear that up from yesterday.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay. Fine. Mrs. Stamiris?

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q. Mr. Wheeler, yesterday -- I'm sorry, Mr. Bird, yesterday in connection with the questions that I was asking, you described certainly preliminary investigation or specific activities that were going on between May 11th and May 19th, and you said that this was second-hand knowledge.

And I'd like to ask you in connection with the statement that -- the statements that have been made this morning, has it been determined that the May 11th date that is in the testimony on page five, was a typographical error or not, Mr. Bird?

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A. (WITNESS BIRD) It has been determined that it is -that it is an error. Whether it was typographical or how it got there, I'm not sure.

Q. Can you account for the fact that this error was not identified when this is something that is routinely done as -and was done in this case when you were asked at the beginning of your testimony whether any corrections needed to be made or changes be made to the testimony that you were submitting?

(WITNESS BIRD) After we had prepared our testimony initially, we had drafts of it that we reviewed for accuracy and we just missed that error.

So are you saying, then, that with respect to NCR 4245, the void associated with Observation Well No. 4 was not observed in any manner by anyone that you are aware of on May 11th, 1982?

(WITNESS BIRD) That is correct.

Mr. Wheeler, I want to ask that same question. there ever -- do you have any knowledge of any type of observation or people, whether first-hand or second-hand, informal or formal, that would indicate an observation of the void in connection with this 4245 incident that took place on May 11th?

(WITNESS WHEELER) No, I'm not aware.

When you say that, Mr. Wheeler, that you were present and saw the rig and the void itself, I believe you said that was on May 19th that you saw that?

- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I don't remember specifically the day, but I saw it when it happened, and in looking back, it was May 19th.
- Q. You saw it when it happened. So you don't have any recollection of anything with this void prior to that date which was, as you have later confirmed, to be May 19th?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) That's right.
- Q. Okay. Mr. Bird, how would you explain the statements that you made in your testimony yesterday about the types of informal or preliminary specification activities that were going on yesterday, supposedly between May 11th and May 19th?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Well, my recollection was, was that there were a lot of activities going on and I was getting a lot of information over several days period.

It was erroneous on my part yesterday to have assumed, based on what had gotten into our written testimony, that that had started on the 11th. Actually, that had started on the 19th, and then it went on beyond that, beyond the time the NCR was actually generated.

Q. But, Mr. Bird, when you made those statements, I had specifically directed your attention to the fact that this date was indicated to be May 11th in your testimony, and were you not responding to a question that indicated -- or that asked you what activities took place prior to the write-up of the incident on May 19th?

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MS. WEST: Your Honor, I think before the witness should be required to answer a question like that, we should be pointed to the exact question and the exact answer to make sure that the question and answer are not being mischaracterized.

MS. STAMIRIS: I would agree with Ms. West and like -and prefer to do it that way, but unfortunately because I do not
have access to a transcript and do not have copies of it, other
than I just borrowed one from the Staff a few moments ago, I have
not had a chance to review the testimony that was made yesterday.

If you want to take the time for me to wait and look through it or if anybody else wants to point out those statements, I don't know how you want to handle it, but I would be willing to look over this testimony and come back to it at a later time, perhaps after the next break.

MR. MARSHALL: I take exception to the objection raised on the grounds that the question has already been answered, the question has already been asked and answered once of the witness adjacent to him and there was no objection at that time, so then why should there be any objection now?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think the objection was just to make sure that the answer -- the previous answer was characterized correctly.

I'm trying to look it up quickly, but --

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, the Applicant would have no objection if after a break sometime later Mrs. Stamiris would

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care to come back today and ask a couple of questions if she thinks she can find this question and answer.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think it's around 11440.

MR. STEPTOE: I think it's 11452.

MR. WILCOVE: It should only take a moment now for us to find the question.

JUDGE COWAN: Did you find it, Mr. Steptoe?

MR. STEPTOE: Yes, it's 11451 and the following page which this discussion occurred. May we show the witness those pages of the transcript?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yes.

MS. STAMIRIS: I have not located the parts that I am particularly interested in yet, but I have no objection to the witness looking over these pages.

MR. MARSHALL: No objection.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, I think there is some statements -- look at 453. And maybe 453 isn't all of it, but I would -- isn't that what you're driving at more or less?

MS. STAMIRIS: I haven't gotten it yet. Well, it's definitely between -- it's definitely finished by page 11455 because at that point I asked him to go back about the type of statements, the preliminary activities that he was talking about, and so --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I was sort of pinpointing at 453 there is reference to the sketches and that type of thing, around

1 about line 18 and following.

MS. STAMIRIS: Okay. All right.

by MS. STAMIRIS:

Q. On page 11453 of the transcript -- do you have that,

5 Mr. Bird?

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(WITNESS BIRD) Yes, I do.

When you made the sentence that after saying that you didn't know why it took that length of time between May 11th and May 19th of 1982 to write up the report, on line 14 of this transcript page you said, "That is not to say that they hadn't started and made an investigation as to gathering facts to be able to write the nonconformance report at all."

And you said, "I remember that there were some extensive sketches and people were probing to try to ascertain the physical dimensions. All of that would have taken some time. Whether it would have taken eight days, that I can't say."

And I would also like to direct your attention back on page -- on 11452 of the transcript, when I asked you in line 10 -- well, you repeated my question in line 10 as to why the NCR was written on 5-19, when the incident had occurred on 5-11.

And you said you didn't know why it took that long. And on lines 18 through 23 is your response that reads, "My recollection was -- is that there was some subsidance in the area adjacent to this hole which clued people in that something was wrong. And then when they looked, they saw it, and I don't remember if that was the same day they were drilling or not, but I believe it was sometime after this."

What I'd like to ask you, Mr. Bird, is I'd like to ask you about this -- the lines I just read on page 11452 about some subsidance in the area adjacent to this hole. And you said that

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. WASHINGTON. REPORTERS BUILDING, S.W. STREET. you had a recollection of this.

Can you tell me any more what your recollection was of the subsidence, the area adjacent to the hole, prior -- or I'd like to ask you, was this recollection of subsidence prior to the incident that was written up in the NCR on 5-19-82?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Are you done?
- Q. Yes, I'm sorry.
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) The word is subsidance.
- Q. Is that all you have to say in response to my question?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) No, but I wanted to get the proper word so we can talk about it. My recollection was there was some subsidence there that clued people in that there was something wrong.

Having gone back last night to look at the details of what all had happened, that's when I ascertained that the written testimony was in error in using the word or the date of the 11th. And I was in error yesterday in doing some speculation as to why it took so long to write a nonconformance report or what might have happened between the 11th and the 19th.

I would have been much better off to say I don't know yesterday, rather than to have speculated. Now that the facts have been ascertained, we recognize that the subsidence was noted on the morning of the 19th, the investigation started that day, the nonconformance report was generated that day.

Q Okay. But, Mr. Bird, the lines in your testimony that

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I just directed you to were not presented as speculation, as you've described them now, because you used the word "recollection".

And since we were talking about what happened in the time period before the 5-19 write-up and incident, you indicated that it was your recollection that there was some subsidence in the area adjacent to this hole in this time period.

And I think that -- wouldn't you agree that -- to say that your -- that was your recollection is quite different than to say that you were speculating?

MS. WEST: Objection, Your Honor, I think she's arguing with the witness now. I think she's trying to clarify it in her own mind what the witness is trying to testify to.

MR. WILCOVE: Staff thinks that is a proper question.

(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think he can answer this question.

BY WITNESS BIRD:

A. (WITNESS BIRD) The speculation I was addressing is what is found on page 11452, line 13. The recollection is -- that word is used in line 18. The recollection of the subsidence is, in fact, accurate.

What was unaccurate from what we knew yesterday was the timing between when the subsidence was noted and the time it was actually determined that there was a void there and a nonconformance report was written. That all occurred on the same day.

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BY MS. STAMIRIS:

So are you testifying now that when you made the statement yesterday that your recollection was that there was some subsidance in the area adjacent to this hole, that that did not -- what I want to ask you about that statement that you made on lines 18 and 19, is whether you believe today that that recollection occurred at the time of the incident on 5-19 or whether you believed that -- or whether you believed yesterday --I'm sorry, I'm having trouble with asking my questions this morning. I will start over.

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Mr. Bird, when you made the recollection yesterday that there was some subsidance in the area adjacent to this hole, at that time were you not answering in your mind what had taken place prior to the 5-19 incident as we were discussing?

(WITNESS BIRD) No, I was not. I believe now, as I A. did then, that it was the subsidance which initiated the people into realizing that there was a problem there.

Yesterday I was confused from the testimony, the written testimony as to the IIth, which got us off on the wrong track somewhat, in trying to recollect the time frame of all those events happening.

But I remember that it was fairly close to the time that the subsidance was found that somebody knew that there was a nonconforming condition, then the only thing that was missing yesterday was why did it take so long to have a nonconformance report written, not recognizing that it was in fact the same day versus the day -- eight days later; given, we assumed, yesterday, that the subsidance was noted on the 11th.

Mr. Bird, according to your recollection of the incident and events surrounding the 5-19 NCR, is it your recollection that this subsidance that you described was the first indication of any problem in that area?

Was this the first clue you had that something was wrong or potentially wrong?

(WITNESS BIRD) It was the first clue that the people

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- there had, and that was the first visual thing that they could see. I personally wasn't there.
- Q. And, Mr. Wheeler, you indicated that you were there, is that correct?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Yes.
- Q. Do you agree with Mr. Bird that this subsidence that was noted was the first indication of any problem in relation to this incident?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Yes.
- Q. Would you describe in any more detail how that subsidence appeared and how you saw it and give us any more details that you can about the initial subsidence that was noted at this place?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I remember that there was -- near the top you could see a void that led or was near the casing that was part of the Observation Well No. 4.
 - Q. How large was that void that you saw?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I don't remember.
 - Q. Roughly? A couple feet? Couple inches?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Are you talking about diameter?
 - O. Yes.
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Oh, I'd say it was maybe a foot in diameter.
- Q. Then the casing itself would have taken up some of that space in the middle of the void?

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- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) No, the void was adjacent to the casing.
 - Q. The void was not surrounding the casing?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) It was adjacent to the casing.
 - Q. Was it directly adjacent to the casing?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I don't remember if it was or wasn't.

MS. STAMIRIS: Maybe this would be a good time to introduce some exhibits which I think will help us clarify exactly what happened and where -- I have some drawings that were made -- I will identify where these drawings came from.

And I have not copied the whole document, but I've included them into -- made separate copies of the diagrams of this void.

MR. MARSHALL: I'm going to leave the room for a while and I'd like to delegate Mr. Gadler to take my place on cross examination, please.

MR. STEPTOE: I'm sorry, I object to that, Judge
Bechhoefer. I don't think a party can delegate to a non-attorney.

MR. MARSHALL: Doesn't matter if he's qualified as our financial executive and also qualified over the years, some 16 years.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, Mr. Marshall, our rules require that he be an attorney or -- we could perhaps recognize Colonel Gadler as a technical interrogator for some purposes, but --

MR. MARSHALL: Actually what I'm asking is that he

4-4, dn4 1 technically cross examine the technical witnesses in my absence, that the record will be protected for the Mapleton Intervenors.

> CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, the Mapleton Intervenors are not the party, you are the party.

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MR. MARSHALL: I understand that, but I only ask -- I only ask the Court's indulgence that if I leave the room for a while that he be allowed to participate in my place, and Mr. Steptoe has taken objections on a technicality.

But he is not a member of the guardians of the statute, is what I think he's saying, but actually he is technically qualified to cross examine these witnesses. I will guarantee you that.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, when we get to that, if you are not in the room, then we'll proceed.

MR. MARSHALL: Thank you very much.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: He will not be able to participate in any procedural matters which is --

MR. MARSHALL: Yes, I understand; just cross examination of the technical witnesses is the only thing I am talking about.

MR. GADLER: I won't be able to cross examine them on the wells, the technical aspects of the wells?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Perhaps, as I say, we can recognize you as a technical interrogator. Under our rules you would not be permitted to --

MR. GADLER: Why is the legal profession got everything so tied up?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That is what the rules say.

MR. STEPTOE: I believe the rules do indicate certain requirements for technical interrogators and we'll investigate

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(202) 554-2345 20024 D.C. WASHINGTON, REPORTERS BUILDING. S.W. STREET. this. I assume the Board has not made a ruling on that at this point yet and we'll get to it later.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, we're hoping that there will not be too much of a question raised on that, but we have not made a ruling yet.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q. Mr. Wheeler, before I pass out these exhibits, I'd like to ask you, when you said that the void that you saw, which was the first indication of a problem in this area on 5-19, was adjacent to the well casing, can you tell me how close it was to the well casing and describe its shape? And you said it was about a foot in diameter, was it -- how close was it to the well casing?

MS. WEST: Objection, this question has been asked and answered. I believe the witness had just indicated he didn't know exactly how close it was.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, he saw it and that is why I'd like to ask him to estimate roughly how close it was.

WITNESS WHEELER: I just don't remember.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q. Mr. Wheeler, in connection with the void that you saw near the casing, when you say you don't remember, I mean, do you have any rough idea whether it was, like, 20 feet from the casing or a couple feet from the casing or can you just put it in some rough terms to quantify its location in relation to the casing?

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- (WITNESS WHEELER) As I remember, it was close to the A. casing, but I don't remember how close.
- Would you estimate that it was probably within four feet of the casing?

MS. WEST: Your Honor, this question's been asked and answered three times now and the witness has tried to answer to the best of his recollection, but he says he simply doesn't remember any better than that.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think the exact question -- I 10 think Mrs. Stamiris is trying to get him to -- to help him refresh his recollection a little bit.

At the very least, I think Mrs. Stamiris is -- can explore -- I think the witness used the term adjacent, and I think Mrs. Stamiris is just trying to explore what that means.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Mr. Wheeler, when you use the word adjacent, would that not correlate with a statement that it was within approximately four feet of the casing, to use the term adjacent, in your mind?
- (WITNESS WHEELER) I just, you know, I just don't remember exactly -- like I said, I think I thought it was close to the casing. I don't remember if it was right next to it, two inches away from it, four feet. I just don't remember.
- Okay. At the time you observed it, what did you do about it when you observed it?
 - (WITNESS WHEELER) I was called out to the field after

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it had been discovered. And at that time the decision that had to be made was that we had ascertained whether work should continue or not, and it was decided by all parties involved that the work should be stopped.

- Q. Okay. Who were you called out by?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I do not recall.
- Q And is it your testimony that despite the fact that you were called out specifically to determine whether or not this represented a problem which should lead to a stop-work, that you can't remember with any more exactness than what you have testified, where that void was in relation to the casing?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Could you repeat that question, please?
- Q. Okay. I'd like to ask -- since you were called out with this specific purpose of looking at this void and determining whether or not a stop-work should be instituted, that you had that purpose in mind when you went and first saw this subsidence, does that still correlate with your testimony that you can't remember with any more exactness than what you have testified to as to the precise occasion or the relative location of that void?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I guess I don't understand the question.
- Q. Okay. I'll try to go at it a different way. Do you think that -- I'm having trouble with this, so I'm just going to use an example. This is not really a question yet.

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But I will say it this way: To me it would be understandable that you couldn't remember exactly where that void was in relation to that casing if it was just something that you had happened upon and had not been identified as a problem, and you weren't specifically focusing your attention on it, if you just come across it that day.

But in light of your testimony that you were called out specifically to observe that void to make the determination as to whether or not a stop-work should be into effect, doesn't that seem to you to indicate that you should have been concentrating on it in such a way that you could remember with some more precision where that void was located?

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) At that particular time the important consideration was control of the work and whether the work should continue or not continue.

The void itself would be reviewed and addressed by some engineering means later on as far as a fix is concerned.

I think the important thing at that point in time was that we had an incident that needed to be addressed in terms of, you know, the work that was under way.

- Q. And was that decision to institute a stop-work at that time your decision?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) No.
- Q. Who all was involved in that decision? Well, first let me ask, were you a part of that decision?

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A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I had some input into it, yes.

Q. Who all was involved in the stop-work decision on

5-19-82?

(WITNESS WHEELER) Let me just talk about the organization as opposed to the people.

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The organizations that were involved was the site
management organization, Bechtel QC and Consumers QA.

Q. And who observed the incident on 5-19 and took part in the stop-work decision from Consumers QA?

MS. WEST: Your Honor, could we have a clarification of that sentence, please? I'm not certain whether she's asking simply who took part in the decision to -- who from Consumers took part in that decision to stop work or whether she's asking was there someone from Consumers QA who actually saw the void created and then later took part in the decision to stop work.

MS. STAMIRIS: I will ask the question separately.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I would like one clarification, also. Would you -- when you talk about Consumers QA, are you talking about MPQAD or talking about something else?

WITNESS WHEELER: Talking about MPQAD.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Thank you.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q Mr. Wheeler, was there a representative of Consumers
 MPQAD who saw the incident when it occurred or shortly thereafter
 on 5-19-82?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Yes.
 - Q Was was that individual?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Bob Sevo.
- Q. Was there a member of Bechtel QC who saw the incident on 5-19-82?

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- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Yes.
- Q. Who was that?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I think it was Rod Bennett.
- Q. And you mentioned that the site management was involved.
 And who represented the site management?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Myself and Don Miller was there.
- And is it your understanding that you, Mr. Wheeler, Mr. Miller, Mr. Bennett, and Mr. Sevo, were called in at approximately the same time to observe this subsidence?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) No.
- Q. Okay. Were any of these people there -- all right.

 First let me ask you, what time did you first see it during the day?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I don't remember exactly. I think it was in the afternoon.
 - Q. In the afternoon?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I think so.
- Q. So you were called in to view this subsidence in the afternoon on May 19, 1982, is that correct?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) That is how I remember it.
- Q Do you know whether any of the individuals that you had named, who had also seen the incident or the subsidence, hal seen it before you?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I think some had, yes.
 - Q. Do you know who was present when the subsidance was first

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noticed by anyone who first saw the subsidence and who was present at that time?

- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) No, I don't remember. I don't know.
- Q. Do you know whether there was an on-site geotechnical soils engineer that saw it that day?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) There was a -- I'm not sure of his title, but there was a soils engineer assigned to that rig.
 - Q. Who was that soils engineer assigned to that rig?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I don't remember his name.
- Q. Who was he employed by or what was his position? Was he a Consumers employee?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) No, he was a Bechtel employee.
- Q. I think I will ask some other questions about this before I pass out those -- the maps that I have, that diagrammed the void.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: While we're still on people, who was E. Smith?

WITNESS BIRD: Gene Smith was the PFQC whish is project field quality control engineer. He is basically the highest supervisory level Bechtel quality control person on site.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: He is Mr. Bennett's supervisor?

WITNESS BIRD: Yes, he would have been the supervisor of Mr. Bennett.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q. Mr. Wheeler, do you know what Mr. Smith's involvement

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was with this when he first saw the incident?

- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) No, I don't.
- Q Mr. Bird, I'm looking for my own -- and, Mr. Wheeler, I'm going to direct your attention to Attachment -- I believe it is 7D which talks about this incident.

All right. Mr. Bird, before I begin to ask some questions about this, I want to go back to one other thing that you said yesterday in your testimony.

And I believe you indicated yesterday that there was -that the verbal stop-work which was issued in relation to the
previous drilling incident, which took place on April 24, 1982,
did you indicate that that verbal stop-work was lifted on May 26th?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I was looking at the document at the time and if that was the date that I had read there, that's the date I said yesterday.
- Q. That is the date that was -- that was signed as lifting of the stop-work at the bottom of FSW-22.

I'd like to ask about the relationship between the earlier incident, 4199, to this second drilling incident of 4245.

And going back to the incident that occurred on NCR 4199, I'd like to ask and I'd like to direct your attention to Attachment 7E which is Bechtel NCR 4199, and I'd like to ask you, first, Mr. Bird, whether there are any Consumers Power Company NCRs that were written up on this incident?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) I don't remember any.

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Did you testify yesterday that the incident itself took place on 4-24-82 and this Bechtel NCR was written up on 4-29-82?

(WITNESS BIRD) That is correct.

Why were there no nonconformance reports or paper work written up by Consumers Power Company regarding this drilling incident on 4-24-82?

(WITNESS BIRD) On 4-24-82 it was not known that there was a nonconformance. As we stated yesterday, it was after the 9 fact that it was ascertained that that was the day that the damage actually took place.

Well, on 4-29 or 4-28-82 when it was ascertained that this was a nonconformance, on what basis was it ascertained at that time that this constituted a non-conformance?

(WITNESS BIRD) The real evidence of the fact that the duct bank was damaged was the noticing of the fluid that came 16 out in the auxiliary building.

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Okay. And is it your understanding -- do you --0 is it your understanding today that this was a proper handling of this incident to not consider it a non-conformance on the day that the actual construction was hit but only considered a non-conformance on the day that you confirmed that a safety related structure which had indeed been damaged?

MS. WEST: Objection, your Honor. I think that's a slight mischaracterization of this witness's testimony. I don't think he testified, as the question implied, that there was a consideration of the incident and someone decided it was a non-conformance on April 24th.

My recollection of his testimony is that it wasn't decided until April 28th or 29th that this was, in fact, a non-conformance.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, to me, it's not important whether a consideration was given or not on the 24th to, say, deliberately avoid writing up a non-conformance. So I would revise the question the way that Miss West suggests and ask the question in this way, Mr. Bird, or slightly different.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Do you , as you sit here today, consider that the handling of this incident was proper in that no determination was made on April 24th when an obstruction was

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first hit and their determination as to whether or not it constituted an NCR was not made until April 28. when it was ascertained that a safety related utility had been damaged?

A (WITNESS BIRD) It's such a long question it's difficult to get all the parts together.

Q I'll repeat. The important part of the question was: Do you, as you sit here today, believe that that was a proper handling of this chain of events?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Yes, with an explanation.

It was clear that the individuals involved on the 24th, although they knew they had hit something, was convinced themselves that they had not hit any safety-related structure.

when it was ascertained that a safety-related structure had been hit, Bechtel QC immediately got the paperwork in motion and generated the non-conformance reports that we're looking at.

Q So, as you have described it, you believe that this was a proper application of quality assurance and quality control procedures?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Yes.

Q I believe I asked you yesterday, but I will repeat the queston.

On what basis did the workers who hit the

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obstruction on April 24th definitely think that it was not a safety-related structure? On what basis did they make that determination?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I remember the question from yesterday, and I don't have any better recollection today than I did yesterday on what all that basis was other than that they were sure themselves they were not that close to the duct bank.

Q But you just have a vague recollection of that?

I mean, you don't have anymore specifics that

you could tell me as to on what they based that determination?

A (WITNESS BIRD) No, ma'am, I did no research over the night on that.

All right, taking the chain of events as it
happened between April 24th and April 28th, 1982, I'd like
to ask again why there is no Consumers Power Company writeup of a non-conformance report or any kind of paperwork
to document this incident, even if it was only going to
be documented on the 28th or 29th?

Why is there no Consumers Power Company nonconformance report at the same time as this Bechtel report took place?

A (WITNESS BIRD) The Consumers Power quality assurance organization became aware of the actual

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non-conforming condition in the same time frame as the Monthtel quality control organization.

Since Bechtel quality control was taking the appropriate action to document the condition on a non-conformance report, there was no need for Consumers to be duplicative in that effort.

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. WASHINGTON REPORTERS BUILDING, S.W., 300 7TH STREET,

1 Q. And were there no efforts above and beyond this Bechtel 2 nonconformance report that were taken by Consumers?

I mean, I understand what you're saying about them not needing or wanting to duplicate the same efforts as far as writing their own nonconformance, but did they go a level above this and was there any other paper work or action that Consumers MADAD took in response to this incident?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) Consumers Power definitely had some other paper work that went beyond this, and that was Don Miller's stop-work directive that he wrote on it.

MPQAD, although we were not involved at that instant that the vertal stop-work directive was given, and, in writing the letters, we were made aware of it shortly thereafter and supported it completely.

- Q. This verbal stop-work directive, did it come from Mr. Miller?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I believe it was Mr. Peck, but I can check that.

It was Mr. Bruce Peck.

Q. Okay. And was this -- why was this Consumers' stop-work by Mr. Peck not written up? Why was it verbal and why was there not a written stop-work at that time by Consumers on --

MS. WEST: Objection. Your Honor, I think it was very clearly testified to that the verbal stop-work was immediately followed up that day with a written stop-work.

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BY MS. STAMIRIS:

	Q.	Is	that	correct	t,	Mr.	Bir	d,	that	th	e verbal	stop-work
was	immed:	iate	ely f	ollowed	up	tha	at d	lay	with	a	written	stop-work?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) I'm going to wait till I hear the objection.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, that is a different question. Do you object to this one, or --

MS. WEST: I think it's clear in the testimony that they were issued the same day, but, if you wish the witness to answer --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think the latter question, not the first one.

BY WITNESS BIRD: A verbal stop-work authority is necessary in order that when an individual who has the authority to take such action sees something he can say halt right now.

And I can say that much faster than I can go back to my office and get clerical help to write a letter.

The letter was written shortly after the verbal direction was given.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q. Is this top-work SSW-22 the stop-work that you are referring to?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) I was trying to be careful in my language between the stop work directive which was Mr. Peck's verbal word and Mr. Miller's letter versus the stop-work form,

20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, 300 7TH STREET, S.W., which is a quality form, which is FSW-22.

Q. Okay. By making a verbal directive and having Mr. Miller write a letter indicating a verbal directive on 4-28-82 confirming the verbal stop-work, is that recorded in your quality system in the same way as the formal stop-work order such as FSW-22 represents?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) The formal quality system gives the quality assurance organization stop-work authority on anything. that has any relationship to quality -- to safety-related systems or quality activities. Beyond that, there is no -- nothing written in the program, in the quality assurance program, per se, which gives Mr. Miller the authority to stop work within the quality assurance program.

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However, he is the site manager and contractually he has the responsibility to control all work out there, and he most certainly has the management authority to stop work.

Well, why was this simply a verbal stop work order written up by Mr. Miller, who is not a member of the quality assurance department, as opposed to a formal written stop work by the quality assurance department on 4-28-82?

A (WITNESS BIRD) The site management organizationand I'm talking about Mr. Miller and Mr. Peck -- were there at the time that they saw the drilling rig going back over the same spot, for which, at that point in time, we thought there was a problem. And they most certainly took the only action they could have in saying no , stop work.

They recognized that there was a problem. They thought things weren't under control, and it turns out they were right, and they should have stopped work and they did.

Q Well, when you indicate that this was the only action that they could have taken, could they not have written up a formal stop work order, which is a part of the quality control and quality assurance reporting system, one of the QA -- I don't know if they're all

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QA 9s, but these formal stop work orders?

A (WITNESS BIRD) That was an action they could have had taken, yes.

Q Why didn't they?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I cannot answer why somebody did one thing versus another.

In either case, they got the end result accomplished that they wanted to accomplish right then.

I understand that you are saying they accomplished the result of stopping the work on that particular day and at that particular time, but we have had problems come into -- well, they're not into the record yet, but they will be in April -- but, in the February 8th escalated enforcement action and the letter by the NRC and Mr. Keppler, one of the main problems identified in the quality assurance breakdown alleged by the special inspection team was that quality assurance or quality control reporting was not being done properly, that there was indeed a deliberate effort to keep things out of the reporting and the tracking system. And I'm wondering if this informal verbal stop work by Mr. Miler is going to be tracked and followed in your quality assurance program and system in the same way that a formal stop work order would be?

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A (WITNESS BIRD) The answer was yes, and especially in this case, in that you were reading a minute ago from formal stop work that quality put out for the sole purpose of tracking this, the verbal and the written stop work directive that was issued by Mr. Miller such that we had was in the quality assurance program the means to assure that all the corrective action was taken prior to the lifting of the formal stop order.

Q Okay, when that formal stop work order was written, was the purpose of it to track and follow closely all of the details related to this 4199 drilling incident?

A (WITNESS BIRD) The purpose of it was to document and assure completion of those actions necessary
to make the reason for the stop work to go away such
that it could be lifted.

lifted

Q Okay. Just let me think for a minute.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: While you're pausing, how, in a situation like this, would a determination, first, be made, and, second, be recorded about whether or not an incident is reportable under 5055(e)?

Because normally that determination seems to be made by the MPQAD form and it does not appear to be a comparable decision reflected. It's on the Bechtel form, so I would just like to see how that aspect would be taken care of.

WITNESS BIRD: Bechtel procedures require that they look at any non-conformance report written on their forms for the aspects of reportability. And, although the form itself might not have a specific block to record that, procedurally they're required to go through that thought process to make that decision.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, what do they do to make a recommendation to MPQAD, then, or to Consumers as to reportability?

WITNESS BIRD: There's some differences in the program that has changed over the time depending on what OC functions we have taken over.

Purely within was in the Bechtel system, where QC is under the Bechtel supervision, a reportability, if it is determined that it appears that it is, that

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recommendation would go to their project quality assurance engineer, PQAE, and he has the programmatic responsibility within Bechtel to make reportability decisions and cause them to be reported.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The instance reflected by 4199 and 4245, were they in fact determined to be reportable and reported, or not?

WITNESS BIRD: They were determined to be not reportable.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Mr. Bird, am I correct, then, in understanding that this non-conformance report written by Bechtel on 4-29-82, which is Attachment 17 to Mr. Landsman's testimony, represent the only paperwork written up in addition to the April 28th letter from Don Miller about the verbal stop work?

Are these the only two pieces of paperwork relating to the 4199 incident at this point in time, as of 4-29-82?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I'm sure there are other pieces of paper that address this subject, whether they be engineering logs.

There were letters on the subject, and there's probably -- there's notification to the NRC over

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telecon.

more papers.

Q But you did testify earlier that you were not aware of any other MPQAD or Consumers writeups of this incident on 4-29-82?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I testified that I couldn't recollect any Consumers Power non-conformance reports.

Q And then I asked you if there was anything about that, you know, or any action taken by Consumers Power Company.

A (WITNESS BIRD) You asked if there was any other written action, I remember, and I said yes, there was.

Mr. Miller's letter most certainly was written action.

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And does Mr. Miller's written letter about the 0 verbal stop work constitute the only Consumers Power Company written action that you are aware of regarding this incident on 4-29-82?

A (WITNESS BIRD) No; I'm aware of some others.

Well, I thought I had asked you before, but would you tell me what others you are aware of, what other Consumers Power Company records of this incident are in existence?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I'm aware of a telephone record betw-en myself and Mr. Wayne Shafer of the NRC, and I'm aware of a memo from Mr. Bruce Peck to Wayne Shafer of the NRC.

Q And are those the only written records of communication or written records that you are aware of by Consumers Power Company of this incident?

(WITNESS BIRD) I cannot recollect any other specifics at this time.

Q Okay. What was the -- can you provide me with a copy of the telephone conversation or the memo from Peck to Shafer on that day?

(WITNESS BIRD) Yeah, I have a copy of it, but whether I'm allowed to give it to you or not I'm not sure.

MS. WEST: The Applicant has no problem with

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providing that. We only have one copy but you may see if if you wish.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

MS. STAMIRIS: I would like to. Thank you.
WITNESS BIRD: Let me look at it first.

Q Mr. Bird, this oral communications record dated 4-28-82 at 4:15 p.m., from Mr. Bird to Mr. Shafer, indicates that you, in Mr. Landsman's absence, and Messrs.

Landsman, Williams and Little from the NRC were out of town so you informed Mr. Shafer of this drilling indicate dent by your telephone call, is that correct?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I don't remember it quite that way, so --

Q Okay. What I'll ask you about first, and then I'll give it back to you to look at, is on the bottom line, the bottom two sentences say:

"We are in the process of investigating and do not have all the details yet, an NCR is being written on the duct bank."

and, when you said NCR is being written on the duct bank,
were you referring to Bechtel NCR or as Consumers' quality
assurance manager were you referring to a Consumers

Power Company NCR?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I may not have been referring to any one specific. That information came to me over

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the telephone telling me something was going on out there. I ascertained what facts I could. I most likely asked the question "Is this being documented on a non-conformance report"? And the answer was yes. And, in fact, the Bechtel NCR fulfills that.

Q Okay. Is this Bechtel NCR 4199 that we have as Attachment 17 to Mr. Landsman's testimony -- is that entered and tracked into the quality trend system as MPOAD?

A (WITNESS BIRD) It's entered into the trend system, but your word tracked doesn't make sense.

Q Well, it was entered into the trending system of MPQAD?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Yes, it is.

And then, the existence -- when it goes into the trending system, then, this is tracked relationship to a number of other similar incidents as the overall purpose of the trending system, is it not?

A (WITNESS BIRD) When it's trended, given the specific categories that the trend system allows for, it will have to be assigned to a given category. And if there were other incidents very similar to this, I would expect that they would be assigned the same category.

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O. Okay. Now, yesterday in your testimony, and I believe from what you've said today, your formal stop-order that is FSW-22 which was written up, was written in relation to this incident which took place on April 24th, 1982, is that correct?

(WITNESS BIRD) This incident was part of the reason A. given for writing the stop-work.

And why was the formal stop-work order not written until May 19th, 1982 when the incident had taken place on 4-24-32, April 24th, '82?

(WITNESS BIRD) I believe that was asked and answered vesterday also. It was that once the work had physically been stopped, problemmatically there's not a necessity to stop something that's already stopped.

So I do not have a reason to issue a stop-work for any problemmatic requirement.

It was a management decision to issue a stop-work on an MPQAD paper, again to provide the vehicle to assure that MPQAD and the other affected parties were all happy that the corrective action taken necessary such that we could remove this stop-work was completed and documented.

As you sit here today, do you think it would have been better from a quality assurance point of view to have issued that formal stop-work, FSW-22 -- well, do you think it would have been better from a quality assurance point of view to have issued a formal MPQAD stop-work on 4-29-82?

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A. (WITNESS BIRD) I don't believe there would have been any great advantage in having done that. The action Mr. Miller took was appropriate and effective.

Q. From what you're saying, then, you do not believe that this stop-work order was necessary, but were there some -- if it wouldn't have made any great difference or there was no particular advantage to having the formal MPQAD stop-work order, then why did you issue it on 5-19-82?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) Your original question was was there a great advantage to issue it at the time that the work was stopped, and there was no great advantage.

The decision was made to issue formally at some point in time later. The advantage came in at that point in time because we wanted the mechanism to document the ability to lift the stop-order.

Q. Oh, so didn't think that you could very well lift this stop-work order until you had documented formally that the stop-work had taken place, so you issued a stop-work order in order to lift it?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) That's a mischaracterization. Mr. Miller could have just as easily contracually said okay or had written another letter saying that this stop-work directive was no longer in place. That could have been done.

The advantage of putting it on the MPQAD stop-work order is that provides a better mechanism for visibility that QA

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is also happy with that decision.

Q. Well, I had a question in my mind that was an important follow-up question that I needed to ask next, and now I've lost it.

Oh, I know what it was. Mr. Bird, when you issued this formal stop-work order on 5-19-82, did you receive any indication from other people that you should do so?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) I'm certain I did, but I'm not sure who all the parties were.

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Q. Can you remember any of the people who made you feel on 5-19-82 that you should write up a formal stop-work order? Can you remember who any of those individuals were?

(WITNESS BIRD) I believe that it was Mr. Cook, Mr. Marguglio and some others, which we had a general discussion, and I don't even recollect who initiated the discussion, if it was myself or Mr. Cook or Mr. Marguglio, or even some other party, on whether MPQAD ought to issue a follow-up stop order to provide a tracking mechanism.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That is Consumers' Cook, is it not?

WITNESS BIRD: Mr. Jim Cook, yes.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

When you just said that this was a formal stop-work to provide a tracking mechanism, then doesn't that indicate to you that there was some consensus that the original verbal stop work and that chain was not going to be as adequately tracked as the formal stop-work order would be?

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, I think we've been over and over this several times. This witness has given his opinion as to why the second stop-work order was issued many times. I don't see what pursuing this line of questioning is going to add.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, the reason I'm pursuing it is because the witness is giving different answers.

A little while ago, when I asked him, I thought he

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said that there was -- and I was asking specifically in terms of tracking. I thought he indicated that he didn't perceive any real difference between the informal verbal stop-work order and the letter written by Mr. Miller, who is not a member of MPQAD, and what would have actually taken place with the formal stop-work order.

And now he answered that there would be a difference and that there was a difference in tracking with a formal stop-work order from MPQAD.

Now, unless I'm remembering his answers wrong, that's the reason I asked the question a second time.

(Discussion had off the record.)

JUDGE COWAN: Mr. Bird, you're talking about a discussion among various people as to whether MPQAD should issue a paper which would result in the proper tracking of the business, and this was in the early stages, before you actually did so.

Now, what was the conclusion of this, that you should wait and issue it later or that you shouldn't issue it at all?

WITNESS BIRD: I don't recollect the specific timing between the discussion and the time we wrote the stop-work, but it was that day or the day before. But the discussion occurred close to the time we actually issued the stop-work, not close to the time that Mr. Miller had stopped work with his directive.

JUDGE COWAN: I think that clarifies it for me.

I got the impression that this discussion occurred

earlier.

WITNESS BIRD: No, it occurred close to the 19th of May, and one of the things I had to do was issue it.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I have one further clarification.

When you answered the earlier questions about the first, the verbal, and then the written stop-work order -- not Consumers but the Bechtel one -- were you referring then solely to what had happened in the field, or were you also referring to whether it would be properly tracked, where I think you were pointing out that it wouldn't have made too much difference and whether Consumers issued one at that time or whether Bechtel issued one?

Were you referring solely to what was going on in the field then, or did you also have in mind how it would be tracked in the future or accounted for in the future?

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WITNESS BIRD: I believe you may be reading in more than what I intended to say.

May I make one --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That may be what Mrs. Stamaris' problem was, too.

WITNESS BIRD: You mentioned in the start of that statement, Judge, the Bechtel stop-work order, and there is no Bechtel stop-work. We're talking about a stop-work directive verbal and a letter from Mr. Miller, who is in Consumers Power site management organization, and then the formal stop-work from MPOAD.

What I was trying to say was that Mr. Miller's directive, verbal, and letter were effective and the work, as given in the scope of his letter and his directive, was physically stopped, and that was completely effective, and from that basis there was no need for MPQAD to put out another piece of paper.

The reason that the MPQAD stop-work order was put out was to assure that there would be close-out documentation, something that's within our program which we have a form for, to document that all the corrective action is taken and be able to lift it formally with a signature on the form that's for that purpose.

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, just for a clarification, Bechtel issued the NCR. It was Consumers that issued the stop-work order.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I see.

Well, if Mr. Miller's letter were all that existed, or it wasn't followed up by a formal stop-work order from MPQAD, would the incidents have been put into the -- I'm not sure the trend analysis program, but something like that -- would the incident have gotten in there, or would you have to use the MPQAD system to get it into that program?

WITNESS BIRD: It was the nonconformance reports that got issued, that gets put into the trend program, not the stop-work order.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q. Mr. Bird, when you indicated in response to Judge Cowan's question that the conversation with James Cook and Mr. Marguglio about the issuance or the need to issue a formal MPQAD stop-work order took place around the time of 5-19-82, did you have a similar conversation with them, or were Mr. Cook or Mr. Marguglio informed at all of the incident around April 28th, 1982?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Mr. Cook and Mr. Marguglio were on the distribution of the letter.
 - Q Of Mr. Miller's?
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD) Mr. Miller's. letter.
- Q. Okay. But I asked were you involved in any conversations with Mr. Cook or Mr. Marguglio about the drilling incident around the time frame of 4-28-82.
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD) I don't have any specific recollection

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You can't remember if you discussed it with Mr. Cook or Mr. Marguglio?

(WITNESS BIRD) I'm sure I discussed it with a lot of people either that day or the following day. On that basis, I really can't remember all the specific people who I did discuss it with.

Q. Can you remember any?

(WITNESS BIRD) My oral communication records was Mr. 10 | Shafer on the same subject -- not about the stop-work at that point in time, but the one you were looking at -- that also has Mr. Marguglio and Mr. Cook on distribution. So if I dian't discuss it with them, they got it the next day.

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Q So, do you remember whether or not any of these discussions -- well, do you remember any verbal discussions with Mr. Cook or Mr. Margulio prior to your conversation with Mr. Shafer at the NRC?

A (WITNESS BIRD) No, I do not.

By answering that way, I'm not sure if you mean you remember that there weren't any or you don't remember whether there were or not.

(WITNESS BIRD) I don't remember whether there were or not.

Okay Do you only keep oral communication records of your conversations with the NRC?

(WITNESS BIRD) No.

Do you have any oral communication records -and I don't mean particularly that form, but in terms of a telex or anything else that you could go back to that would help you refresh your recollection as to whether or not this incident had been discussed with Mr. Cook or Margulio around 4-28-82 or prior to conversations with Mr. Shafer?

(WITNESS BIRD) I don't believe I have anything to go back to.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, I asked for some procedural assistance as to -- I would like him to feel compelled to go back and look to determine whether

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there are any records, formal or informal, that would help refresh his recollection about this time frame and who he talked to about it. I think he indicated that he talked to many people about it. And I not sure if I can ask him to do so or if I can ask the Board to ask him to do so. And I would like to request that that information be brought in to clarify the situation at this time.

(Discussion had off the record.)

MS. WEST: Your Honor, may we respond?

The Applicant does not see the relevance of such a search, and we think that this line of questioning, that sort of search would only unduly prolong an already prolonged cross examination on an extremely minor point of this testimony.

We just don't see the relevance of such a search. The witness has already testified he can't remember any such conversation.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, I think it's relevant.

I didn't mean to interrupt if you had more to say.

The reason that I believe that it is extremely relevant is because I think it's important for us to

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determine at this point whether there was a conscious decision made not to issue a formal stop work on about 4-28-82 and who may have been involved in such decisions as to whether or not to issue an MPQAD stop work with Mr. Bird.

We've been told many times before in this proceeding, and it seems like the implication is here that the thought never arose. Nobody even thought to consider whether an MPQAD form should be written up.

And this is the area I'd like to focus on as to whether or not really the manager of quality assurance and the people he was involved with, you know, didn't think to ask that question or whether the question was asked, discussed, and a decision was made not to make such a formal reporting or stop work order at that time.

MS. WEST: Your Honor, I think this whole thing has been extensively discussed as to why the first stop work order was issued, why the formal stop work order was issued when it was.

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Mrs. Stamiris has asked extensively about what went through various persons' minds. There is no indication on the record that there was anything wrong with the decision process.

I just don't see that this sort of record searching is going to turn up anything.

(Discussion had off the record.)

MR. WILCOVE: Mr. Chairman, I was just speaking with Mrs. Stamiris, and the Staff has some questions that they plan to ask on cross examination that might serve to clarify a few issues and Mrs. Stamiris would have no objection if I were to begin my cross examination now and complete it and then go back and let the Intervenors finish their cross examination.

MS. WEST: Applicant has no objection to that order of cross.

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MR. GADLER: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to state -CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Mr. Gadler -- Colonel Gadler, you
don't have any rights to make even a statement.

MR. GADLER: Well, I thought you were going to rule that I was a technical director for Mapleton, can ask some questions of a technical nature from the witness.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, you may or may not be able to, if you meet the qualifications you -- which you ought to read first.

MR. GADLER: Pardon?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: If you meet the qualifications, you perhaps can do that.

MR. GADLER: What are the qualifications?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: One of them is that you have to read the testimony first, and that's very significant. But be that as it may, they're right in the rules, but you can't represent -- you are not asking the witness questions at this time.

MR. GADLER: Can I ask technical questions that have to do with --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: You can't at this time. No, you can't.

MR. GADLER: Pardon?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: You cannot at this time.

MR. GADLER: Well, when?

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, when it gets to be Mr. Marshall's turn.

MR. GADLER: I will bring in Mr. Marshall here and I will feed him the questions.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That is perfectly acceptable.

MR. GADLER: What is the difference whether it goes through me or him?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We're not arguing about that. It's not his turn. We're talking right now about Mrs. Stamiris' cross examination and the Staffs.

MR. GADLER: I don't know why the Staff should precede 12 | Mapleton Intervenors.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, we would permit the Staff to do that if -- and I guess if no other party objects, if that would help clarify some of the matters that Mrs. Stamiris is trying to raise to assist us in ruling on whether we should require a further record search.

MR. GADLER: I understood that Mr. Marshall was allowed to leave here because he had delegated to me the authority to ask technical questions; that you were going -- I thought you were going to make a ruling.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We said we'd make a ruling when the occasion arises, but you don't have any right to ask any questions at this stage. Mr. Marshall wouldn't, either. It's not his turn to ask the witnesses questions.

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, 300 7TH STREET, S.W., MR. GADLER: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: When we get to that time, then we'll be making a determination whether you have the requisite technical qualifications.

MR. GADLER: That is sometime in the future.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: It will be today.

MR. GADLER: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BECHHÖEFER: We'll get there today, I'm sure.
But at this point Mrs. Stamiris and Mrs. Sinclair has an
opportunity to ask question, as well.

(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We would suggest that at least insofar as it related to the point that Mrs. Stamiris was raising, we don't want to run too much longer before lunch, but the Staff on this point would like to ask its questions. And if you have other subjects, we may defer that to later.

MR. WILCOVE: Staff thinks that is a good idea.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We don't want to run too late.

Why don't you go ahead.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. WILCOVE:

- Q. Gentlemen, it says in your testimony that the CPC site manager stopped all Mergentime drilling activities, both Q and non-Q, is that correct?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) That's correct.

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- Q And that as the record has shown, that is Donald Miller, is it not?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) That is correct.
- Q. Mr. Wheeler, he is your supervisor's supervisor, am I correct?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Yes.
- Q. And to further understand what Mr. Miller's position is, you have approximately five engineers working under you, am I correct?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) They're not all engineers.
- Q. Well, could you explain who you do have working under you?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I have three civil engineers and two, what is called, construction advisors.
- Q. Am I correct in saying that Mr. Miller also has other chains of command that report up to him besides the chain of command that you are in?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Is it your testimony that Mr. Wheeler stopped all of Mergentime's work only because of that one drilling incident described in Attachment 7D?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Could you repeat that again, please?
- Q. If you turn to page four of your testimony, it says here, and I quote, "The CPC site manager issued a letter on April 28th confirming the verbal stop-work directive applicable

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. WASHINGTON. BUILDING. REPORTERS 300 7TH STREET. to all drilling operations and sheet-piling activities by

Mergentime Corporation and its subcontractor in all Q and non-Q

area."

I believe I said that was a part of -- that was in relationship to Attachment 7D to Dr. Landsman's testimony. I stand corrected. That is with respect to Attachment 7E.

What I'm asking is, is it your testimony that Mr.
Miller stopped all drilling by Mergentime, both Q and non-Q,
because of that one incident?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I'd say no.
- Q. Why did you do so then?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I think it was this one incident that was sort of the main reason because this incident happened and because they were now coming back to set up over the same spot that they were before, that -- and he probably -- he may well have, I can't speak for him, some other reasons to believe that things weren't under control in general.

But it was this -- it was the specific incident of them setting back up over the same location to go try to drill again, which said he should stop work.

Q. Is your testimony that he stopped all Q and non-Q work because they were going to drill again, drill one hole again?

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- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I believe it was because they were going to do that, that made him believe that they didn't really know what they were doing at that point in time. They didn't have it under control. That Bechtel did not have their subcontracter under control, that is why he stopped the work.
- Q. Why didn't MPQAD stop this work? In other words, why did Mr. Miller have to stop this work instead of MPQAD?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Mr. Miller and his people happened to be on -- at that location at that point in time when he came to that decision. So he had the opportunity and was there and appropriately took it.
- Q. Do you know why Mr. Miller would feel it necessary to stop all Q and non-Q work if you were just concerned with this one incident?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) That is certainly the safe course to take.
- Q. When you stated that Mr. Miller stopped all Q and non-Q work because he felt that Bechtel was not in control of its subcontractors, did you mean to say in this one instance or generally speaking?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I mean to say that he, generally speaking, had that perception. There was several incidences that had occurred before that -- which were on the other two Consumer Power nonconformance reports where MPQAD had concerns of the controls and why people could drill in the Q area without approved

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engineering drawings and procedures, et cetera.

- Q. If there were these other incidents that generated NCRs, why didn't MPQAD stop the work?
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD) There were two incidences before?
 - 0. Um-hum.
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) This is the third incident. You are asking why the trigger point is at number three versus number one or number two?
- Q. What I am asking is that Mr. Miller felt the need to stop, to stop Mergentime's work because of all these incidents.

And I would like to know why the MPQAD didn't perceive the same need, especially in light of the fact that Mr. Wheeler's testified that Mr. Miller's fairly high up in the chain of command?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) You're asking me to try to recollect something I might have heard of what Mr. Miller's thought process was at the time, and I'm incapable of doing that.
- Q. Mr. Bird, I disagree with you. I'm asking you why -you testified that Mr. Miller stopped Mergentime's work because
 on a number of incidents Bechtel was not in control of Mergentime.

What I'm asking you is why did Mr. Miller have to do that instead of the MPQAD?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) That was asked before, also, why he had to do that. It was his decision to do it. He could have decided to have MPQAD do it. If he would have brought that

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information to us immediately, we could have done it or we would have gone out ourselves shortly thereafter and saw the same circumstances.

We may well have come to the same conclusion ourself, without the site management organization being involved. But that's all supposition at this point in that it's a scenario that did not happen.

Q. But you testified -- and you did testify that Mr.

Miller based his decision on a number of Q incidents. So what I am asking is if Mr. Miller came to that determination, shouldn't the MPQAD also have come to that determination?

MS. WEST: I'd like to object to the basis of this question. I believe the witness's testimony is being mischaracterized. He did not testify that Mr. Miller based his decision on a number of Q incidents.

MS. STAMIRIS: I think he did not use those words but that is exactly what he said when he said that Mr. Miller based his perception that Bechtel was not in control on the previous incidents which were Q incidents, which were written up on quality control NRC forms.

MR. WILCOVE: He did say that Mr. Miller based his decision on a number of incidents. And at least five incidents can be shown just from the NCRs and from Consumers February 3rd, 1983, letter to the Board.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, you can find out. You

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might want to ask him whether the incidents that Mr. Miller basis his decision on are the same ones -- likely to be the same ones that you are referring to.

Maybe there is some incidence we don't know about. Tie it down, why don't you. Why don't you try to ask that.

Or, Mr. Bird, do you know, are the other incidents that Mr. Miller had in mind the ones that are -- the incidents that are Q incidents that are reflected here or are there others?

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BY THE WITNESS:

A. (WITNESS BIRD) What I do know is that the two incidences we talked about a minute ago, which there was a drilling in the Q area, for which NCRs is written by MPQAD, and the BWST undermining, I think that happened, although it was a different contract, that had happened prior to this, and that was also written on an NCR.

And since Mr. Miller is on the distribution of those nonconformance reports, he had the knowledge of those instances. But to what extent any given incident or of even things he may well be aware cr, that I am not aware of, played in his coming to the conclusion to stop work directive was to be issued, I can't give those kind of waiting factors.

BY MR. WILCOVE:

- Q. In light of what you were aware of, by that, I mean, in light of what MPQAD was aware of, do you feel that MPQAD should have stopped work?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I do feel MPQAD should have stopped work in this case.
 - Q. At about the same time Mr. Miller stopped work?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) If about the same time means the same day, and Mr. Miller hadn't come to that conclusion, I believe it would be very probable we would have, but in fact he was there first and came to the conclusion first.
- Q. Would you know whether MPQAD at the time was considering stopping work?

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A.	(WITNESS B	IRD) Agai	n, you a	re askir	ng me	whethe	er we
considere	ed something	before we	had the	facts.	Mr.	Mille	r had the
facts fir	st and work	was being	stopped	before	the	facts 1	oecame
really to	MPQAD's at	tention.					

Q I am asking you in light of what you knew, which I can count four -- at least five NCRs which -- these five NCRs and I can also count another Q NCR that is in the February 3rd, 1983, letter from Consumers Power Company to the Board, in light of those facts, those six incidents, do you feel that MPQ -- was MPQAD stopping work?

MR. STEPTOE: Objection, Chairman Bechhoefer, Mr. Wilcove is not privileged to testify in asking a question.

Moreover, he -- the question assumes that the list that is in the February 3rd, 1982, letter was known to Mr. Bird at the time of the drilling incident that we're talking about.

That is something that cannot be assumed. It has to be established with proper foundation questions and this question is inappropriate and lacks proper foundation.

Also, I object to Mr. Wilcove testifying.

MR. WILCOVE: I do not believe I was testifying. I believe the record -- I just was repeating what was in the record, and that is --

MR. STEPTOE: Excuse me, that is not in the record, it's in a letter from me dated February 3rd and we have no objection to it being entered into the record. It's accurate as far as we

know.

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But he has to establish the witness's knowledge at the relevant time before he berates the witness about not stopping work based on knowledge which he's assuming that the witness had.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think that's correct. You ought to ask some foundation questions before you get into that.

BY MR. WILCOVE:

Q. Mr. Bird, are you aware of the five -- were you aware of the five NCRs that are attached to Dr. Landsman's testimony? Were you aware of them when they were written -- after they were written?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) You are asking more than -- I think I can answer something, so let me give it a try. The NCRs which were written on Consumer Power nonconformance report forms, I was certainly aware of, if not when they were written, as soon as the mail got them to Jackson and I was in my office, I could see them.

Bechtel nonconformance reports, I don't routinely see those at all. People within my organization see them, but I do not see each or read each and every one of those.

And I was -- my recollection, I'm not aware of those at the time other than the specific nonconformance report on the duct bank because I had a specific interest in that one and I asked for it. And it was -- and I probably would have -- it would have been given to me, anyway, to give me information.

But I don't see all the Bechtel nonconformance report forms.

You were talking about five and in just -- what I can remember here, I can only think of three nonconformance reports in this general subject which was part of Dr. Landsman's testimony attachments which physically occurred prior to this one.

And I might be wrong, but I did -- I don't know what the other two are that you are talking about. So if we could talk about each one specifically, I would address it.

(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Let's be back at 1:30 and start

again.

(Recess taken.)

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A. Yes, I am.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Back on the record. Before we broke, we agreed that at this point we would have Dr. Woods' testimony and we would interrupt the other testimony for that.

So, Mr. Steptoe, or, Miss West.

MR. STEPTOE: Thank you. May we ask Dr. Woods to take the stand, please?

Whereupon,

RICHARD D. WOODS,

called as a witness by counsel for the Applicant, having previously been duly sworn by the Chairman, was further examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. STEPTOE:

- Dr. Woods, would you state your full name for the record, please?
 - Richard David Woods.
- And you are employed for purposes of this proceeding as a consultant to Bechtel?
 - That's correct.
- Are you familiar with a document entitled "Testimony of Dr. Richard D. Woods on behalf of the Applicant regarding Seismic Shakedown Settlement at the Midland Site, Except Deisel Generator Building"?

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	Q.	Do	you have	any	cor	rections	or	additions	you'd	like	to
make	to	this	testimon	y at	the	present	tir	me?			

A. Yes, I have a few corrections. Or page one, third line from the bottom, invert the letters I and C and the words associates, Stoll, Evans, Woods, and Associates.

On page three, second paragraph, the eighth line of that paragraph, sentence starts: Sands with wider grain size -- wider should be replaced by the word broader, more in line with the typical technical phraseology. Sands with a broader grain size distributions.

And paragraph 5.5, retaining walls. Unfortunately my copy does not have page numbers.

Q. It's page number eight, I believe.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Page eight.

THE WITNESS: That paragraph should start with the word two, T-W-O, two category one retaining walls.

And finally on the reference list, reference number four, the very last line, the word Berkley is misspelled. It needs to be B-E-R-K-E-L-E-Y.

That's all the corrections I have.

BY MR. STEPTOE:

- Q. As corrected, is this testimony true and correct to the best of your knowledge and believe?
 - A. That's correct.

MR. STEPTOE: Chairman Bechhoefer, Applicant moves at

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300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20024 (202) 554-2345

this time that the testimony of Dr. Richard D. Woods on behalf of the Applicant regarding seismic shakedown settlement at the Midland site, except deisel generator building, be bound into the record as if read.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Any objections?

MS. WRIGHT: No.

MS. STAMIRIS: No objections.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The testimony of Dr. Woods will be admitted into evidence, bound into the record as if read.

(The document referred to, the statement of Richard D. Woods, follow:)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

BEFORE THE

ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD

In the Matter of) Docket Nos. 50-329 OM 50-330 OM CONSUMERS POWER COMPANY)

(Midland Plant, Units 1 & 2)) Docket Nos. 50-329 OL 50-330 OL

TESTIMONY

OF

DR. RICHARD D. WOODS

ON BEHALF OF THE APPLICANT

REGARDING SEISMIC SHAKEDOWN

SETTLEMENT AT THE MIDLAND SITE (EXCEPT DIESEL GENERATOR BUILDING)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD

In the Matter of Docket Nos. 50-329 OM 50-330 CONSUMERS POWER COMPANY Docket Nos. 50-329 OL (Midland Plant, Units 1 & 2))

AFFIDAVIT OF RICHARD D. WOODS

Richard D. Woods being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the author of "Testimony of Richard D. Woods concerning Seismic Shakedown Settlement at the Midland Site except Diesel Generator Building," and that such testimony is true and accurate to the best of his knowledge and belief.

RICHARD D. WOODS

Sworn and Subscribed Before Me this 14 Day of June 1983

Notary Public

Washtenaw County, Michigan

BEVERLY A. BROSS, Notary Public WASHTENAY COUNTY - MICHIGAN MY CUMMISSION EXPIRES 10-26-95

My Commission Expires

1.0 BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

This is the testimony of Dr. Richard D. Woods. My detailed resume is attached. The following is a summary of that resume. I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Civil Engineering from Notre Dame University in 1957 and a Master of Science degree from the same school in 1962. I worked for the Air Force Weapons Center, Albuquerque, New Mexico, on the design of blast resistant underground structures for one year and taught in the Civil Engineering Department at Michigan Technological University for one year before going to the University of Michigan for a Ph.D. in Civil Engineering, which I received in 1967. Since them I have been on the faculty of the Department of Civil Engineering at the University of Michigan, advancing to full Professor in 1976. My research interests have been in the field of soil dynamics and earthquake engineering. I have done part-time consulting in the fields of soil dynamics, earthquake engineering, structural vibrations, and general foundation engineering. My clients have included Bechtel, Corning Glass Works, Rockwell International, Eaton Corporation, TAMS, General Motors, Honeywell Inc., Woodward-Clyde Consultants, and Nuclen (Nuclear Brazil). I have directed research associated with dynamic soil properties and foundation vibrations. I am a principal in the foundation consulting firm of Stoll, Evans, Woods, and Assoicates, Ann Arbor, Michigan and am a member of ASCE, ASEE, ASTM, and SSA.

2.0 INTRODUCTION

My testimony is concerned with the evaluation of the potential for shakedown settlement of loose sands in the plant area at Midland (except the Diesel Generator Building). The shakedown settlement was evaluated using a method based on blow count and results of an experimental study on the behavior of sands under seismic loading by Silver and Seed (1969). The maximum ground acceleration was assumed to be 0.19g and 10 cycles of shearing strain reversal were considered. On the basis of my analysis and the proposed remedial measures being taken in the plant area, I have concluded that there is reasonable assurance that the plant area including piping and duct banks will not suffer excessive settlement due to seismic shakedown.

3.0 DISCUSSION

When earthquake excitation is a part of the design loads for a construction site, the potential for shakedown must be evaluated. Shakedown settlement is a phenomenon by which loose, clean cohesionless soils densify due to ground shaking. Soils of this type which have been deposited in a loose condition tend to undergo a redistribution of particle packing when shaken until a condition of minimum potential energy is achieved. The redistribution of particle packing causes a reduction in the bulk volume of the soil, thereby causing a potential

for settlement of the ground surface and structures built on the surface or buried in the soil mass.

whether or not a specific sand formation will undergo shakedown settlement is dependent upon characteristics of the soil and factors associated with the earthquake which causes shaking. Among the soil characteristics which influence the shakedown benavior are: grain size distribution, grain shape and relative density. Uniform grain size, rounded, loose sands are most susceptible to settlement due to shaking. Sands with wider grain size distributions and with more angular individual grains are less susceptible to shakedown settlement. Sands with high initial relative densities are less susceptible to shakedown settlement than sands with low initial relative densities.

Characteristics of the earthquake which influence the potential for and magnitude of shakedown settlement are the maximum ground acceleration and the number of cycles of shearing strain.

Pockets of sand which have a potential for shakedown settlement exist at several locations at the Midland site. Some areas occur under or near Category I structures while others are distributed throughout the plant area where pipelines and duct banks are buried.

4.0 EVALUATION OF SHAKEDOWN SETTLEMENT

experimental study of the settlement of dry sand subject to seismic loading conditions. The results of this study are appropriate for a conservative evaluation of shakedown potential because sand in the dry state is most susceptible to shakedown settlement. If some moisture occurs in the sand, apparent cohesion is present and this reduces the potential for shakedown. If sufficient water is present in the soil, the danger becomes that of liquefaction potential not shakedown and liquefaction potential has been addressed in other testimony.

To make use of the Silver and Seed (1969) study, the shear stress in the sand pocket under investigation due to the SSE is estimated from an equation based on Seed and Idriss (1971):

$$\tau = 0.65 \, \frac{a_{\text{max}}}{v} \, \sigma_{\text{V}} \tag{1}$$

g

in which:

T = shear stress

amax = maximum acceleration associated with earthquake

g = acceleration of gravity

σv = total vertical stress

Then a trial shear modulus is selected based on an assumed shearing strain and relative density from the curves proposed by Seed and Idriss (1970), Figure 1.

The shear strain is then computed from:

$$Y = \frac{\tau}{G}$$
 (2)

in which:

Y = shear strain

T = shear stress

G = shear modulus

Succesive corrections are applied to the trial G until the shear strain for which G was selected and the shear strain from eq (2) are in reasonable agreement. The relative density of the sand pocket is estimated from standard penetration blow counts. Using relative density and the magnitude of shear strain for which agreement was found above, the vertical strain due to 10 cycles of loading is estimated from the Silver and Seed curves, Figure 2.

Shear strain from Figure 2 is then multiplied by the thickness of the deposit to obtain an estimate of the shakedown settlement due to one-dimensional shaking. This settlement is multipled by three to obtain a conservative estimate of three dimensional shaking as suggested by Pyke et al (1975).

The settlement of all pockets occuring along any vertical profile and below any category I structure conduit or pipe are summed up to estimate the local shakedown settlement.

5.0 RESULTS OF SHAKEDOWN SETTLEMENT INVESTIGATION

Sands for which there is a potential for shakedown settlement occur in only five areas for this testimony (one additional area, the diesel generator building, is covered by separate testimony). These areas are shown on Figure 3 and are categorized as: Borated water storage tank area; railroad bay area of the auxiliary building; diesel fuel storage tanks; underground piping areas; and retaining walls area.

5.1 Borated Water Storage Tanks

No potential exists for shakedown settlement under the borated water storage tanks because the soil under these tanks is clay. Furthermore, the sand within the ring foundation has been compacted to a relative density greater than 80% for which no significant shakedown settlement will occur.

5.2 Railroad Bay

Three borings in the railroad bay area of the auxiliary building show pockets of sand. The maximum settlement due to shakedown was estimated to be 0.25 inch. The maximum differential settlement also would be about 0.25 inch because some portions of the same building are founded on till which will not settle due to shakedown.

5.3 Diesel Fuel Storage Tanks

One boring in the diesel fuel storage tank area showed pockets of sand. The maximum shakedown settlement which would occur based on that boring amounts to about 0.10 inch, and relative to a point which does not settle at all amounts to a differential settlement of the same magnitude. These shakedown settlements present no hazard to the diesel fuel storage tanks.

5.4 Underground Piping and Conduits

An inspection of the borings throughout the regions where underground piping and duct banks are buried shows that the worst situation, i.e. thickest sand deposits, occur near the SWPS. Remedial measures are planned for this area which call for removal of loose material to elevation 610 and replacement with suitable material. The potential for shakedown settlement below elevation 610 near the SWPS

is small because of limited thickness of loose sand.

Category I piping and duct banks in other parts of the site have been evaluated for shakedown settlement by studying the boring logs near and under these lines. By comparison with areas for which shakedown settlement was computed for other structures, it was concluded that the areas under piping and duct banks will experience shakedown settlements of no more than 1/4 inch.

5.5 Retaining Walls

Category I retaining walls are located northeast of the SWPS. Two other non-category I retaining walls are located south of the CWIS. Foundations for these retaining walls are located at elevations 595 and 611. Only loose sand below foundation levels are of concern for shakedown settlement and twelve borings in the region of the retaining walls showed that there is no loose sand under the retaining wall foundations. Shakedown settlement for these structures will be negligible.

6.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

Limited pockets of loose natural sand and loose fill sand exist in the plant area and under the railroad bay of the auxiliary building. The potential for an magnitude of earthquake shakedown settlement of these sands has been

evaluated. An earthquake with a maximum acceleration of 0.19g and 10 cycles of shear strain has been used in this evaluation.

In some areas near the SWPS remedial measures will eliminate the potential for shakedown settlement. For loose sand pockets in other areas, the magnitude of shakedown settlement has been estimated and found to be 1/4 inch or less.

For an SSE of .12g the shakedown settlement would be about 50% of that reported here.

7.0 REFERENCES

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- 2) Seed, H.B. and Idriss, I.M. (1970), "Soil Modulus and Damping Factors for Dynamic Response Analysis," Earthquake Engineering Research Center, University of California, Berkeley, December.
- 3) Seed, H.B. and Idriss, I.M. (1971), "Simplified Procedure for Evaluating Soil Liquefaction Potential," Journal of the Soil Mechanics and Foundation Division, <u>Proceedings ASCE</u>, Vol. 95, No. SM9, Sept., pp. 1249-1272.
- 4) Silver, M.L. and Seed, H.B. (1969), "The Behavior of Sands Under Seismic Loading Conditions," Report No. EERC 69-16, Earthquake Engineering Research Center, University of California, Berkely, December.

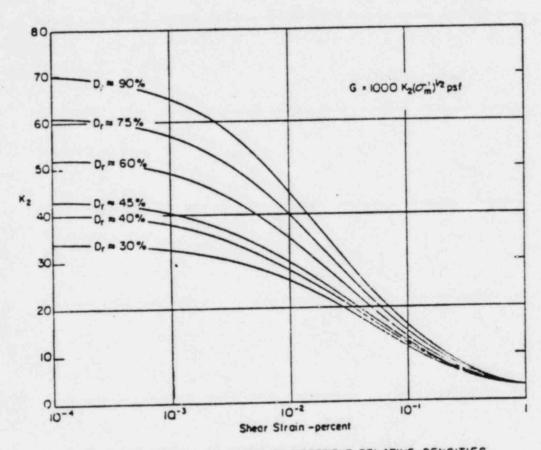
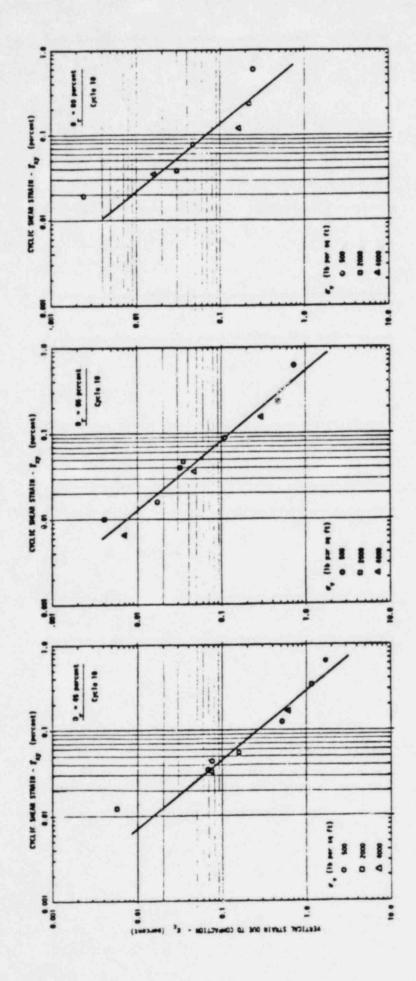
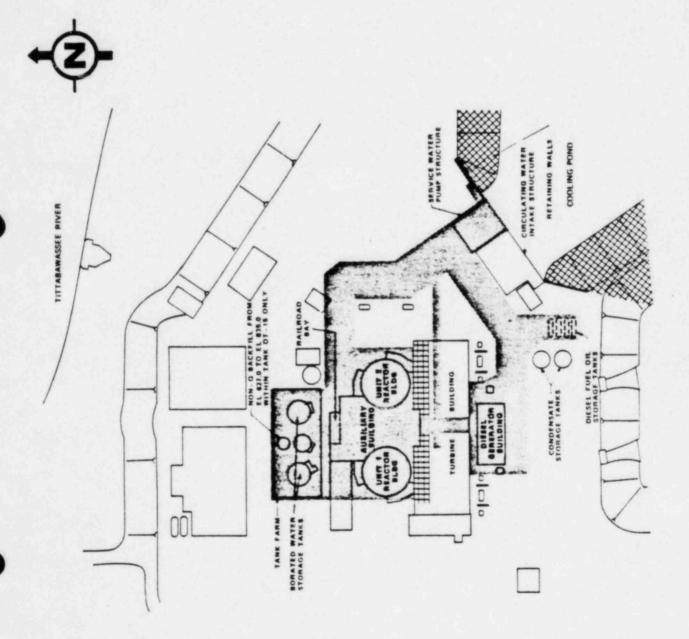


Fig. 1 SHEAR MODULI OF SANDS AT DIFFERENT RELATIVE DENSITIES.

(from Seed and Idriss, 1970)



Effect of Confining Pressure on Settlement in Ten Cysles (from Silver and Seed, 1969) Fig. 2



EXPLANATION

CLASS I FILL MATERIAL AREAS

THESE AREAS WERE NOT ORIGINALLY CONSTRUCTED TO SEISMIC CATEGORY I REQUIREMENTS. ALL SOILS RELATED WORK ACTIVITIES AFTER DECEMBER 1, 1962 IN THESE AREAS ARE COVERED BY ASLB ORDER OF APRIL 30, 1982 AND ARE OLISTED #### THIS AREA UNDER THE TURBINE BUILDING IS TEMPORARILY CLASSIFIED AS "Q" FOR THE PURPOSES OF UNDERPINNING ACTIVITIES

REFERENCE BECHTEL DRAWING C45(0) CLASS I FILL MATERIAL AREAS



CLASS I FILL MATERIAL AFFAS FICURE 3

RICHARD D. WOODS, Ph.D., P.E.

Professor of Civil Engineering
University of Michigan

RÉSUMÉ

RICHARD D. WOODS, Ph.D., P.E.

Professor of Civil Engineering University of Michigan

August, 1980

Home

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Office

2322 G. G. Brown Lab University of Michigan Ann Arbor, MI 48109 (313) 764-4303

PERSONAL DATA

Age: 45, born U.S. citizen Physical: Height 6'; weight 220 lb

Health: Excellent Military: U.S. Marines

Married: Wife, Dixie Lee (Davis)

Daughter, Kathleen Ann, age 23 Daughter, Cecilia Marie, age 15 Daughter, Karen Teresa, age 12

EDUCATION

High School, J. W. Sexton, Lansing, Michigan, 1953
B.S. Civil Engineering, University of Notre Dame, 1957
M.S. Civil Engineering, University of Notre Dame, 1962
Introductory (non-degree) Course, ASEE-AEC Basic Institute in Nuclear Engineering, North Carolina State College, 1964
Ph.D. Civil Engineering, University of Michigan, 1967

ORGANIZATIONS

American Society of Civil Engineers
American Society for Testing and Materials
American Society for Engineering Education
Chi Epsilon
Society of the Sigma Xi
Seismological Society of America

AWARD

1960

Collingwood Prize of American Society of Civil Engineers, 1969

EMPLOYMENT (Full Time)

EMPLOYMEN	NT (Full Time)
1976 to Present	Professor, Civil Engineering, University of Michigan. Courses taught: Basic Soil Mechanics, Field Sampling and Laboratory Testing of Soils, Foundation Engineering, Soil Dynamics, Civil Engineering Dynamics Measurements, Plane Surveying, Statics and Strength of Materials, Reinforced Concrete. Research performed: See separate paragraph below.
1971 to 1976	Associate Professor, Civil Engineering, University of Michigan. Courses taught: Included above.
1967 to 1971	Assistant Professor, Civil Engineering, University of Michigan. Courses taught: Included above.
1965 to 1967	Graduate Student, University of Michigan, supported on NSF Traineeship.
1964	<pre>Instructor, Civil Engineering, Michigan Techno- logical University, Houghton, Michigan. Courses taught: Included above.</pre>
1963	Project Engineer (GS-11), Air Force Weapons Laboratory, Kirtland, AFB, Albuquerque, N.M. Supervised contracts which were directed at determining engineering properties of soils under dynamic loads.
1960 to 1962	Graduate Student, University of Notre Dame, teaching assistantship, taught surveying camp.
1957 to	Lieutenant, U.S. Marine Corps, Camp Pendleton, California. Six months as platoon leader, movable

bridge company. Remainder of service as hydraulic

engineering officer preparing evidence for water

rights litigation.

EMPLOYMENT (Short Courses and Special Appointments)

- 1976 Fugro Fellow, University of Florida. On sabbatical leave from University of Michigan. Investigating use of static cone penetrometer with built-in pore pressure transducer to predict liquifaction potential of sands.
- Invited Author for Chapter on Soil Dynamics for U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Soils Manual, with F. E. Richart.
- 1973 Invited Lecturer, Woodward-Clyde Consultants
 Symposium, Berkeley. Topic: "Seismic Methods to
 Measure Shear Wave Velocity of Soils and Rock."
- 1973 Taught Extension Courses (evening), "Applications
 1972 of Soil Mechanics to Foundation Engineering,"
 2-10 week lecture series for Commonwealth Associates,
 Jackson, Michigan.
- Visiting Professor, Institute for Soil and Rock
 Mechanics, University of Karlsruhe, Germany. Taught
 Soil Dynamics and helped establish soil dynamics
 laboratory. Research on propagation of Rayleigh
 Waves in region of obstacles.
- 1971 Visiting Professor, Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur, India. Helped establish basic soil dynamics laboratory and field measurements capability.
- Invited Lecturer, Earthquake Engineering Seminar,
 University of Massachusetts, sponsored by National
 Science Foundation. Lectures on basic vibrations,
 wave propagation and dynamic soil properties.
- 1970 Chairman and Principal Lecturer, two 2-day
 1969 short courses, "Behavior of Soils for the Construction Industry, Continuing Engineering
 Education Program, College of Engineering, University of Michigan.
- Co-Chairman and Lecturer, Two-week short course,
 "Vibration of Soils and Foundations," Continuing
 Engineering Education program, College of Engineering, University of Michigan. Lectures on basic
 vibrations, wave propagation and field and laboratory measurements.

RESEARCH

At University of Michigan

Holographic Interferometry - Investigation of basic wave propagation and surface wave propagation in region of barriers.

Response of Pile Foundations to Dynamic Loads - with F. E. Richart.

Dynamic Properties of Soils - Laboratory and field measurement of compression and shear wave velocity and shear modulus of soils at both low and high amplitudes.

Isolation of Earthwaves by Barriers - Study of effectiveness of trenches and cylindrical holes at screening waves.

Dutch Static Cone Penetrometer - Study of use of penetrometer for identification of soils.

At Michigan Technological University

Mechanics of Slide Dams - Investigation of creation of dams by blasting material from canyon walls.

At Notre Dame University

Preliminary Design of Dynamic Direct Shear Device

CONSULTING EXPERIENCE

Areas of Consulting

Vibration Measurements - on machines, in soil, on structures

Measurement of Dynamic Soil Properties, in lab and in field

Stability of Soil Masses (Reserve Mining tailings delta)

Analysis and Design of foundations for dynamic loads

Site Investigations with Dutch, cone penetrometer

Blasting Damage Evaluations

Blasting Code Drafting

Seismic Site Investigations

Principal Clients

Bechtel Power Corporation, Ann Arbor, Michigan Attorney General, State of Michigan (Reserve Mining Case)

CONSULTING EXPERIENCE -- Continued

Giffels and Associates, Detroit, Michigan Smith, Hinchman and Grylls, Detroit, Michigan City of Rockwood, Michigan City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Honeywell Corporation, Minneapolis, Minnesota

Woodward-Clyde Consultants, Orange, California, Oakland, California and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Halpert, Neyer Associates, Farmington, Michigan

U. W. Stoll and Associates, Ann Arbor, Michigan

Eaton Brake Division, Detroit, Michigan

Tippetts-Abbett-McCarthy-Stratton, New York (Tarbela Dam)

Site Engineers, Inc., Cherry Hill and Montclair, New Jersey

Corning Glass Works, Corning, N.Y. and three other plants PUBLICATIONS AND REPORTS

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- Woods, R. D. (1977), "Holographic Interferometry to Study Seismic Wave Isolation," Karlsruhe (as above).
- Woods, R.D. (1978), "Measurement of Dynamic Soil Properties,"
 Proceedings of the ASCE Geotechnical Engineering Division
 Specialty Conference, EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING AND SOIL
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MR. STEPTOE: Judge Bechhoefer, I have one further item to address with this witness in direct examination. It relates to something that he testified about the last time he was present, which was November 20th, 1982.

There is a possible ambiguity in the record and I'd like to clear it up. It was a dialogue with Judge Harbour at pages 9771 and 9772.

Judge Harbour was asking the witness how many events did you say that you had examined to determine the necessary lateral extent of the sands in order for liquifaction to occur.

And at the bottom of the discussion Judge Harbour asked him for the reference that he was relying on. It was an article by Swiger and Christian, and that reference was provided.

BY MR. STEPTOE:

- Q. I would just like to ask the witness for what purpose were you citing the Swiger and Christian reference?
- A. My purpose was to indicate a large number of examples of cases where liquifaction had been studied and there was a long a large table in that article which listed many, many case studies.

It was particularly cited because it had the most -the largest concentration of references and examples. The paper
itself deals with a statistical evaluation of correlation between
blow count and liquifaction. But because I had indicated that I
had studied somewhere between 50 and 100 liquifactions cases,

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this presented the greatest opportunity to show a large number in one single reference.

Q. Does that paper include information on the lateral extent of those liquifaction incidents?

A. No, it does not.

MR. STEPTOE: That is all I wanted to clear up. We tender the witness for cross examination.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Mrs. Stamiris?

MS. STAMIRIS: I don't have any questions on this subject.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I guess -- is Mrs. Sinclair not here or not going to be here?

MS. STAMIRIS: I don't know. I expect her back this afternoon, but she didn't make any statements to me about it.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I thought Mr. Marshall would not be here this afternoon. Do you know whether Mr. Marshall had any questions that he wanted to ask of this witness?

MR. GADLER: I think he wanted me to cross examine, but I don't know where he is at right now.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: He told me he wasn't feeling good.

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MR. GADLEY: He isn't feeling well.

MR. STEPTOE: Judge Bechhoever, I also spoke with Mr.

Marshall and he said he wasn't feeling good and I believe he went
home. I discussed with him his desire that Colonel Gadler be -act as his technical interrogator and we agreed that if the Board
should so rule that Colonel Gadler is qualified to act in that
manner and meet the requirements of the regulations, Colonel
Gadler ought to have an opportunity to do that before he has to
leave on his plane this morning.

I think it was primarily in reference to the Bird and Wheeler testimony. But we would not pose any objection to Colonel Gadler acting as technical interrogator solely on the grounds that Mr. Marshall is not here.

We would want to see demonstrated that the regulatory requirements were met, however.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Would you wish to ask Dr. Woods any questions?

MR. GADLER: No, not today.

CHAIRMAN RECHHOEFER: All right. That will settle that, then. Does the Staff have any questions?

MS. WRIGHT: No, the Staff has no questions.

JUDGE COWAN: I've been elected to ask our question.

BOARD EXAMINATION

BY JUDGE COWAN:

Q. I noted in one place where you are referring to the

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deisel storage tanks, that the shakedown of a tenth of an inch presents no hazard. But when I come farther down the line, in a couple of places I find you refer to a settlement of a quarter of an inch.

And I don't see any interpretation of that as to whether a quarter of an inch is acceptable or poses any hazard to the buildings involved, and that's the one part that I was left in doubt about.

- A. It's my understanding that the duct work and piping is designed specifically to accept a quarter of an inch differential movement. So if -- we don't anticipate any more than that, then those facilities should not be affected by a shakedown.
- Q. This quarter of an inch that is mentioned in the testimony, is that a differential amount or a total amount?
- A. My understanding, this would be differential, which is a more severe criterion, because that would imply right next to a quarter of an inch settlement there would be zero.
 - Q. My operative says it's both.
 - A. On the railroad bay, correct.
- Q. At any rate, it's within the specifications that are required to be met?
 - A. That's correct.

JUDGE COWAN: That is all I have.

BY CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER:

Q. Do you know if the railroad bay is designed to accept

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a quarter of an inch?

A. That is my understanding.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: All right.

BY JUDGE COWAN:

Q. At the bottom of page five we find the reference to multiply settlement by three because of the fact that it's three dimensional shaking. And perhaps it would clarify the matters for everybody, to explain what rational reason you have for adding settlements of individual dimensions.

It's obviously failsafe, but is it conceivable that such a combination of these three dimensions could occur?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think the reason I really raised the question was because I was wondering why it wouldn't be cubed rather than multiplied by three.

BY JUDGE HARBOUR:

- Q. I think if you would explain the basis of the derivation of the factor of three multiplication as it is presented in the packet in the Pike et al paper.
- A. Most testing of sands for shakedown settlement -- as a matter of fact, I guess I would say all, up until Pike's work, had been done in one dimension, meaning that a sample was shaken horizontally.

Now, there was objection raised from the seismology community that really, when the earth gets shaken by an earthquake, it goes in all directions. So it does not only go this way, but

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sideways and up and down.

So in some studies at the University of California,
Berkeley, Pike, who was then a graduate student, performed his
thesis to determine the effects of multi-dimensional shaking.
So that while a sample is being shaken this way (indicating),
it was also shaken this way and vertically.

In those studies they found that there was additional settlement of a dry sand for each additional component of motion that was added. And to be conservative, to make a high estimate, the simplest thing to do was to multiply one dimensional shaking by three.

This provided an envelope which included and enclosed all data from three dimensional shaking.

BY JUDGE COWAN:

Q. After all, the shakedown does occur in an up and down direction?

A. That's correct.

JUDGE COWAN: And I certainly appreciate that explanation. It seems perfectly rational to me now.

JUDGE HARBOUR: I would like to point out that Mr.

Pike's work was supported in part by the Nuclear Regulatory

Commission Office of Regulatory Research and that I was the --

(Laughter)

(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I don't think the Board has

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anything more. Any of the parties have any follow-up? Mr. Steptoe?

MR. STEPTOE: No. We ask that Dr. Woods be excused.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yes, Dr. Woods, you may be excused.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, if we could recall Mr. Bird and Mr. Wheeler at this point.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Wait one minute. The Board wondered whether it wouldn't be desirable for the -- if the Staff is going to put on any testimony on this limited seismic shakedown subject. I assume Mr. Kane is here for that purpose, or am I wrong?

MR. KANE: The major reason I'm here is for -- in response to Mrs. Stamiris' contention. The Staff has no formal testimony on the seismic shakedown.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think at this point in the record, I think the Board was merely going to ask if the Staff had reviewed this and whether they have any problem with it.

MS. WRIGHT: We do have.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Maybe you want to take the stand very briefly on that. Was Mr. Kane the only one here or did you want to put somebody else on?

MR. PATON: Just Mr. Kane on this issue.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Is there any particular portion of the SER that you need to sponsor on this portion?

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MR. KANE: No.

MS. WRIGHT: Let the record show that Mr. Kane has been previously sworn in this proceeding.

JOSEPH KANE,

called as a witness by counsel for the Regulatory Staff, having previously been duly sworn by the Chairman, was further examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MS. WRIGHT:

Mr. Kane, have you -- or are you familiar with the testimony of Dr. Woods?

Yes, I am. A.

Q. Do you have any response to that testimony?

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20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, A. I have reviewed it. I had one question with respect to the actual boring on the depth interval and the relative densities that were used with respect to the railroad bay area. In speaking to members of Bechtel staff, I had that answered this morning.

The values of settlement that are indicated in Dr.

The values of settlement that are indicated in Dr.

Woods' testimony, a brief check of those would indicate that they

are reasonable and the values are acceptable to the Staff to be

used in design calculations.

Consumers has witnesses that address how these settlements have been used in design. So from our aspect, our aspect being the geotechnical engineering, we are in agreement with the magnitude of the settlements, that they are reasonable and acceptable for use in the design.

- Q. Do you have any further comments?
- A. No.

JUDGE HARBOUR: Does anyone else have any cross examination?

MR. PATON: Excuse me, we need a minute.

(Discussion had off the record.)

BY MS. WRIGHT:

- Q. Mr. Kane, have you previously testified as to the seismic shakedown characteristics of the Deisel Generator Building?
 - A. Yes, I did.

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Q.	And	what	was	your	conclusion?

A. The conclusion with respect to the seismic-induced settlements for the Deisel Generator Building were presented by Dr. Hendron. It's my recollection the maximum settlement that was estimated, was a quarter of an inch plus or minus .15 inch.

I checked those calculations and we're satisfied they were conservative and reasonable for the settlement to be used for seismic shakedown of the Deisel Generator Building. And so the Staff indicated in previous testimony that we were in agreement with these values.

Q. Have you now addressed the seismic shakedown characteristics for all buildings at the site?

A. With the submittal of Dr. Woods' testimony, all areas that would be of concern for seismic shakedown have been addressed to the Staff's satisfaction.

MS. WRIGHT: Thank you. Staff has no further questions.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay. Mrs. Stamiris?

MRS. STAMIRIS: I have no questions on seismic

shakedown.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Did you wish to ask some questions?

MR. GADLER: No questions.

MR. STEPTOE: No questions.

BOAPD EXAMINATION

BY JUDGE HARBOUR:

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Q	Is	the	meth	odology	which	is is	represe	ented	in in	Dr.	Woods
testimony	, a	ccept	table	method	ology	and	within	the	limi	ts	of
acceptabi:	lity	y by	NRC	regulat	ions?						

A. To answer your question, yes, it is acceptable to the Staff. It is recognized by the Staff that what we are trying to estimate, and that is the amount of settlement induced by seismic loading, is very limited in our knowledge.

NRC is still funding research. I understand the corps of engineers is about to submit a report to the NRC on seismic-induced settlements. So it is an acceptable method as it presently stands, but the facts are that we do not know a great deal about it.

The method that has been used for this plant has been used on other plants and it has been accepted as an acceptable method.

The factor three that we talked about for multidirectional shaking, that factor three was -- is being used to
give a settlement when that method is used for -- when you compare
it to actually observed cases you need the factor of three to
come out with what was observed.

And so to me, the factor of three is being -- also being influenced by the fact that the method needs that factor to compare to what has actually been observed. It's not an exact science by any means.

Q. But do you believe that the results and conclusions

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that	were	arrived	at	using	this	methodology	are	conservative

A. Yes.

EY CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER:

Q. From your answer you seem to, on the multi-dimensional settling, you seem to say that you needed a factor of three in order to take into account cases of settlement that had already occurred.

Does the factor of three take into account all such cases or should, perhaps, a larger factor have been used?

A. It's my recollection from articles that I have read that when a comparison was made using this method with a few cases where settlement was actually observed, there was not good comparison until the factor was three.

I don't think there is any basis for saying because it's three directional shaking, that the factor should be tiree.

I don't think they are directly comparable.

- Q. But as far as you know, three -- a factor of three would envelope the cases that you are aware of?
 - A. That is correct.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: That is all the Board has. Any follow-up? Any redirect?

MS. WRIGHT: No.

MR. STEPTOE: No.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Mr. Kane, I guess you are

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THE WITNESS: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: For the time being. We'll ask Mr. Bird and Mr. Wheeler to resume the stand.

MR. PATON: Mr. Chairman, could I make a very brief response on the record to Mrs. Stamiris' question about the SALP report? I was advised by Region III that the present official date for the issuance of the SALP report is June 1, 1983, but that they intend to delay that. It has not been delayed, but that is what they intend to do right now.

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JUDGE COWAN: Any indication of what sort of delay they're talking about?

MR. PATON: No, sir. I didn't pursue that.

JUDGE HARBOUR: Do you have any indication of what the reasons for the delay are?

MR. PATON: Judge Harbour, I have heard some reasons, but if the Court wants to have a response, I prefer to get back to Region III. And these were rather casually stated. I'd rather get back to Region III if the Board wants that information and tell them that the Board wants that information and to see what this response is.

If the Board wants that, I'd be very glad to do that, but I'm afraid that the reports I heard might not help the Board because they were stated in a very casual way. I can get that information for you very promptly.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think at your convenience we would appreciate finding out what you can.

MR. PATON: I will do that, Mr. Chairman. I'm sure I will be able to get you that by tomorrow at the latest.

JUDGE COWAN: You can ask my question, too.

MR. PATON: I will, Judge Cowan.

MS. STAMIRIS: Which is?

JUDGE COWAN: How much of a delay.

MS. STAMIRIS: Oh, how much, yes.

JUDGE COWAN: Weeks, months, or years.

MR. PATON: The two questions I have are how much of a delay and why.

MS. STAMIRIS: I have some questions I'd like you to ask about this, too. Might as well get them all taken care of at once.

I would like -- I just find it difficult to believe that they have told you that it's due in June of '83 but they are already telling you that they know that will have to be delayed.

Are you sure that they didn't mean that the June '83 issuance represents a delay from what Mr. Keppler said was going to take place at the end of this June?

MR. PATON: I will check that. I am quite certain that I heard what I heard, but I will make sure that that's the case.

MS. STAMIRIS: When you check into it, would you see if -- I mean, I'm not asking you to look too deeply into this for me, but if someone has a record of the letter that Mr. Keppler wrote which indicated -- and it came out sometime at the end of the summer, which indicated that the 1981-82 SALP report would be delayed, and I think his delay was, like, it was going to be out by the end of 1982.

If anybody has a recollection of that letter in which Mr. Keppler made the original delay and gave some reasons for that delay, would you let me know?

MR. PATON: Judge Bechhoefer, I would not really like to do that. Now I'm sort of getting to run errands for the Intervenors. I don't mind getting information, but this begins to become some kind of an investigation about why -- I mean, I will get whatever information she wants, but I don't want to have people start looking up letters and finding out some statement that she isn't sure what statement it's in, that I don't think that that's appropriate.

MS. STAMIRIS: When I ask you this, I'm telling you as much as I can remember about it as far as the dates. And I'm not asking you to dig into it for me, other than to ask someone --

MR. PATON: Let me try one thing, Mrs. Stamiris. What do you really want to know, why we changed our minds? I will try to get an answer for you, but what do you really want to know?

MS. STAMIRIS: I want to know the answer to the two questions that the Board posed. But I also would like a record of what the original reason for the delay was from Mr. Keppler.

MR. PATOI: Judge Bechhoefer, I will do that only if you instruct me to. I mean, the Board has said how much of a delay and why, and I think that's 98 percent of what anybody needs to know at this point.

If the Board instructs me to do something else, I will.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think that at this stage we
won't ask you to do that. Mr. Keppler will be here in April and
perhaps he may be asked that at that time.

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MS. STAMIRIS: Okay. I would -- and when Mr. Paton asks me what I am really going after, that what my bottom line is, I will tell you that right now, is that I think that this SALP report which reviews 1981 and '82 could and certainly should be made a part of the quality assurance hearings in April. And I see absolutely no reason why it should have to be delayed until June and already beyond that.

MR. PATON: My only response is that that is not a question.

MS. STAMIRIS: You asked me what I was really getting at before.

MR. PATON: Okay.

MS. STAMIRIS: That is what I am really getting at.

MR. PATON: Okay. I can't help you with that.

MS. STAMIRIS: Okay.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Mr. Wilcove, do you want to resume?

MR. WILCOVE: I've decided that the line of questioning that I was pursuing does not need to be pursued any further, so Mrs. Stamiris may continue her cross examination. The Staff would then complete its cross examination when it's the Staff's turn.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yours are --

MR. WILCOVE: Other matters, yes.

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(Discussion had off the

record.)

CROSS EXAMINATION BY MS. STAMIRIS:

All right, Mr. Bird, when I left off my question and I was asking the Board to require in some way that you would go back to any documents on the subject of the 4199 drilling incident and what possible conversations took place around 4-28-82 on that subject with Mr. Cook, Margulio or others, the question I'd like to ask you now in relation to that discussion is: Did the question ever arise in your mind about whether a stop work order, a formal stop work order by MPQAD should be issued at that point in time?

MS. WEST: Excuse me. Chairman Bechhoefer, could I have a clarification of this question? It's uncertain what time period the question is referring to as to when the question may or may not have arisen in Mr. Bird's mind.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Okay, what I mean to ask Mr. Bird is: Around 4-28-82, prior to or shortly after your conversation with Mr. Shafer on the subject of this drilling incident, did the question arise in your mind, as the quality assurance manager, as to whether a formal MPQAD stop work order should be instituted at that time?

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I really don't remember if it did or not.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, in light of Mr. Bird's lack of recollection about the discussions and his own thoughts and actions surrounding this incident on about 4-28-82, I would like to re-request that the Board have him go back to his -- any records that are in existence about communications that took place at this point in time so that we have some way to establish in the record whether or not the question had arisen to people in charge of MPQAD that a stop work should be instituted and a deliberate decision was, or a conscious decision was made not to issue such a stop work or was it a question of a stop work by MPQAD never even arose to the people in charge.

That is the question I want pursued when he would go back and look at the telexes, records, any kind of documentation of conversations or communications at this point in time.

MS. WEST: Chief Judge Bechhoefer, I have to renew my objection at this point. The question which Miss Stamiris just asked, apparently to try to lay the foundation for this request, does not lay it.

The requests in expanded form now is even more irrelevant to the proceedings that are before us. We just have the testimony on these five NCRs. What may

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have been going through Mr. Bird's mind at that point does not seem to me to be relevant, especially when we have documented evidence and testimony before us that a verbal stop work was issued, a letter stop was issued that same day, and a formal stop work was issued later.

It just seems to me to be sending the Applicant on a digging request without showing any real need to complete the record before this Board.

I don't see how these documents are needed.

I think the record is complete as it is.

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is.

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MS. STAMIRIS: I would like to respond by saying I do not consider it a digging request in that it is very narrow, the time frame that would be involved is very narrow. The question for which I am asking him to look at records regarding this incident concerning is a very specific question.

Therefore, what I'm asking him to do is a very specific task and narrow, and its; relevance to this proceeding really goes to the heart of the quality assurance and implementation of quality assurance matters that are the key issues before this Board and have been since December 6, 1979.

And in the February 8 enforcement action taken by the NRC, at the ends of that action one of the very specific requirements of Consumers Power Company was that they go back and look into the incidences regarding quality assurance reporting and determine how wide spread the practice was that the special inspection team had uncovered by which there was a deliberate effort made to keep quality assurance reporting at a minimum or keep it out of the record and it didn't go into the trending system and people were told not to regort quality incidents when they exceeded certain numbers. And I think this would be very much in keeping with what the NRC asked the Applicant to do and the Applicant should feel

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the need to do on their own is to look and see how widespread this practice was and if, indeed, it did extend to the soils remedial work area.

MS. WEST: Your Honor, I'd like to respond to that.

The February 8th incidents and inspection report has nothing to do with the information that Mrs. Stamiris is presently seeking.

What was at issue in the February 8th report was a very specific procedure, I-pins, in processe in spection notices.

What Mrs. Stamiris is seeking has nothing to do with how or whether quality related incidents are reported. What's she's looking for is information on whether anyone ever thought of issueing a stop -- an MPQAD, a formal stop work notice, that's unrelated to the issue of reporting.

MS. STAMIRIS: In response to Miss West, since she has brought up this subject of I-pins and she thinks that it relates to the in-process inspection notices, as opposed to what she thinks I was talking about, I would like to bring to the parties attention -- and I'd be happy to get copies of this made and introduce it as an exhibit. For the time being, I will identify it as a quality action request dated -- well, it's signed

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on 7-21-82, and it was included with all the non-conformance reports that we get from the Applicant, and cited as Item 25 in my September motion, where I made Attachment A and went through a series of events.

And this quality action request by -- well, it's to L. E. Davis, who I believe is a Bechtel person, and it's signed by Bryon Palmer for D. W. Puhalla. It doesn't sayat the top whether it's Consumers or Bechtel, but I will read the action requested on this quality action request.

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It says:

"26 QC in-process inspection notices --" and it gives the date --

> "identifying 71 individual deficiencies relevent to the installation of underpinning instrumentation have been issued between 7-8-82 and 7-19-82. Repetitive deficiencies, although identified by QC in accordance with their program, are contrary to the jobsice policy of doing the job right the first time. See attached. "

And I didn't have anything attached to it, I don't believe.

> "Construction supervision and field engineering are requested to provide corrective action to assure that construction activities are performed properly the first time and to avoid repetition of the performance noted by the above I-pins.

> "This corrective action is requested to include as a minimum training of crack supervision and field engineering and, too, monitoring of work in process to ensure that ongoing work is in compliance with the specified requirements."

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And I think the fact that there were 75

deficiencies reported between such a brief period as

7-8-82 and 7-19-82 indicates that indeed there were a lot
of problems going on with these sort of incidents in
the quality assurance area, and I think that it indicates
that it should be looked into further to determine the
seriousness of this incident and how widespread it was
and whether a stop work order was considered and rejected
or whether the thought of issuing a stop work order never
arose to the MPQAD people.

It's a question here of trying to get a handle on the basic question which we have been faced with throughout this proceeding: Are these problems due to their unwillingness to correct problems or their inability? Is it just they didn't even realize this should be done, or is it a question that they realize and know full well that something should have been done but they deliberately turned away from it.

(Discussion had off the record.)

MS. WEST: Your Honor, if I could just say one or two things.

We don't have the copy of the QAR that Mrs. Stamiris is reading from before us, but, from what she has read out of it, I see no connection with the

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testimony of these witnesses or especially the requests she's making of these witnesses.

It's a different time period. What she is requesting is telephone conversations that may or may not have occurred, which may or may not have led up to a stop work order. What she has read out of the QAR has nothing to do with that.

In addition, I'd just like to briefly address her later remarks.

These witnesses have pointed out over and over again that a stop work order at this time was, in fact, in effect and that the Consumer Powers MPQAD did, in fact, a few days later, issue their own formal stop work order.

It's not like work was continuing in the field and they were doing nothing about it.

MS. STAMIRIS: I would just like to respond to that.

I don't consider from April 24th, when the original incident occurred, until May 19th, when the formal stop work was written up, to be a few days.

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(Discussion had off the record.)

of the I-pinswill be taken up during the April hearings.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Does the Staff have any

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Does the Staff have any view on Mrs. Stamiris' request as to whether the information requested would be of any use to the record?

MR. WILCOVE: As I understand Mrs. Stamiris' requests to be -- and I would like her to correct me if I mischaracterize it -- is that she wants to know whether the MPQAD was considering issuing a stop work order around the same time that the site manager issued it.

I will ask Mrs. Stamiris, is that --

MS. STAMIRIS: That is essentially the question I am pursuing, yes.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Would your cutoff date be the date Mr. Miller sent this notice out?

MS. STAMIRIS: Not necessarily. That was sent out on 4-28 and the NCR was not even written up until 4-29.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q And I can't remember the date on the oral communication that you called Mr. Shafer at the NRC?
 - A (WITNESS BIRD) It was the 28th.
 - Q That was the 28th?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Yes.

MS. STAMIRIS: Could it extend to the 30th?

And I think that would still be a very narrow timeframe if we just included a few days after. That would be one day after the NCR was written up, April 30th, 1982.

I think between April 24th, 1982 and April 30th, 1982, whether there was any consideration given by MPQAD to issue a formal stop work order is the period I would like Mr. Bird to look into.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Mr. Wilcove?

MR. WILCOVE: Just a moment, Mr. Chairman.

(Discussion had off the

record.)

MR. WILCOVE: Mr. Chairman?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yes.

MR. WILCOVE: The Staff doesn't have any objection to Miss Stamiris' request. On the other hand, it's not something the Staff would necessarily ask for, so that, basically, the Staff feels that this should be worked out between the Applicant and Mrs. Stamiris.

To repeat, the Staff, of course, does not object. On the other hand, the Staff is not asking for it.

(Discussion had off the record.)

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JUDGE HARBOUR: You don't have a position, then, whether it would help the record or not?

MR. WILCOVE: It certainly would not hurt the record.

(Laughter.)

And it might help the record. I think the Board should determine the extent to which it would help the record balance out against the burden that it would impose on the Applicant.

MR. STEPTOE: Chief Judge Bechhoefer, it's not the burden of looking, a fairly narrow search for documents among a fairly narrow number of people, it's the delay and the notion that Mrs Stamiris is apparently able to wander down every side road and every path that she comes to and force us all to wait while this is going on.

We just can't see the conceivable relevance of this kind of information, given the testimony that has already been given on just why the site manager issued the stop work order and why MQPAD eventually did issue a formal stop work order.

MS. STAMIRIS: I would just like to say that a few minutes ago Miss West said that the burden was a significant reason for them wishing not to have to respond to this request.

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MR. STEPTOE: I don't think we did say that. MS. STAMIRIS: And I might add that I am asking +-(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We think that the answer to the question could be useful. I don't know that it would be.

I also don't think it has to be done in this hearing session, but if Mr. Bird could report if there was nothing in the files or, if there were something, he's likely to be back at a later date for some purpose or other, he could then correct that.

I do think the information could be useful. I don't know that it will be, but I think a simple report that there's nothing in the files would be sufficient. Mr. Bird wouldn't have to come back for that. I think he could do that.

MS. WEST: So, just to get it straight, what you would like the Applicant to do is search for and provide, if found, a written record of oral communications between Mr. Bird and Mr. Cook or Mr. Margulio that took place between the 24th and 30th of April, 1982 regarding the possibility of issuing a stop work order for this incident.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Right, oral or written.

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MS. STAMIRIS: Well, I would like to add that -well, when you say oral or written, I mean, we know an oral stop work order was given, so I had said a formal stop work order by MPQAD is what I'm really going after, whether a formal stop work written by MPQAD or -- well, any kind of formal action by MPQAD was considered.

And at one point earlier, although Miss West didn't say it now, it was said telephone conversations, and I think the way she said it now, any written record of oral communication wold cover -- any oral communication, and I would also like it to cover any written communication in itself or written record of a written communication, if we need to make that distinction.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, that's what we intended by saying oral. A telephone conversation or that type of thing is certainly covered by what they have in mind or what we thought you'd have in mind.

This is, again, concerning the possibility of MPQAD issuing the stop work order.

MS. STAMIRIS: So, if there was any written communication, let's just say, for example, between Mr. Cook, Margulio and Mr. Bird about whether a formal stop work order should be issued, then they would be looking for that also, wouldn't they?

MS. WEST: Yes.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, yes.

MS. STAMIRIS: I just wanted to make sure. Thank you.

> (Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I might add that the Board wanted to add to that request.

I would like to know what kind of written record -- I say written now because we don't have any before us -- that Consumers made or is reflected in Consumers' files concerning the decision whether or not to report both this incident and the one reflected by 4245 whether or not to report those to NRC.

The documents we have -- and maybe we have all of them -- do not have anything about saying who made the decision or how it was made. Mr. Bird didn't testify, or he answered one of my questions but the decision had been made. But I would like to see how the system reflects such germinations or reflections. reflectio

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MS. WEST: We'll do that, your Honor.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

We were on before and some questions that Mr. Wilcove asked in his cross examination on this subject, I believe that you indicated that the verbal stop work was issued by Mr. Miller because he happened to be there first and so he made the stop order. Does that agree with what you remember of your testimony?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Well, essentially, yes. He had the first opportunity.

verbal, but in his written record of the verbal stop
work order, I believe that you indicated that Mr. Miller
had come to the conclusion, or Mr. Miller perceived that
Bechtel was not in control or in good control, adequate
control of the Mergentime operations at that time. Does
that paraphrasing capture the essence of your testimony
about Mr. Bird! perception of Bechtel?

MR. STEPTOE: Mr. Miller's perception of Bechtel.

MS. STAMIRIS: I'm sorry; Mr. Miller's perception of Bechtel.

BY THE WITNESS :

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A (WITNESS BIRD) Yes, it does. To be more specific, on the work order, or on the stop work directive, it was Bechtel's control over Mergentime and any Mergentime's subcontractors.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Mr. Bird, do you believe that -- I guess I should put a time frame on it.Do your believe now that Mr. Miller was correct in his perception that Bechtel was not in adequate control of Mergentime's operations?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Yes.

Q Okay. Did you believe at the time of this verbal stop work at about 4-28-82 -- did you believe at that time that Mr. Miller was essentially correct in his perception that Bechtel was not in control of the Mergentine's operations.

A (WITNESS BIRD) I don't recollect going through that thought process whether Mr. Miller was correct or not.

The fact is that if the site manager has any reason at all that he wants to stop work Quality is 100 percent behind that because, again, if there's any indeterminancy at that's something is out of control, the lafe thing to do is to stop it, get the facts and then go from there.

So in principle we supported it completely

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without even knowing his reasons.

Q But am I correct in understanding that as of 4-28-82 that you did not have any particular opinion as to whether or not Bechtel was in control of Mergentime's operation?

A (WITNESS BIRD) On the date of 4-28, a lot of things were happening that day. I believe I was in Jackson I got some phone calls, and I got enough information to know that something has happened to the point that we considered it to be within the ground rules that I had to call Ross Landsman. And, in fact, I talked to Mr. Shafer instead that we had hit something there.

I did not have all the details of what was hit what all the circumstances were involving that.

Q Well, wouldn't it be more correct to say
that you had hit something four days earlier and you had
confirmed on the 28th that indeed it was this safety
related electrical, or the duct bank -- safety related
duct bank at the Auxiliary Building?

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A (WITNESS BIRD) That could be made as a correct statement now, and for quite a while now that could be made as a correct statement, but that could not be made as a correct statement as of the 28th, because at that point in time I didn't know about the 24th. I did not see any of the backup information.

Q Well, what were you told about this incident when you first got your phone call on the 28th?

A (WITNESS BIRD) That we thought the electrical duct bank, the Q electrical duct bank had been hit quite a bit in operation.

Q So, on the 28th, you were told that you thought they -- or that whoever was on site thought the electrical duct bank at the Auxiliary Building had been penetrated but it wasn't decided for sure at that point?

A (WITNESS BIRD) To say it hadn't been decided for sure, it might have been for sure in some people's minds and not for sure in other people's minds. I think our conversation with NRC is the most accurate way to describe it was that we didn't have all the facts and we have to investigate.

Q So, when you received your phone call on the 28th, is your recollecton of that phone call that you were not told that something was hit on the 24th and we have now determined on the 28th that it's the electrical

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duct banks at the Auxiliary Building?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I do not remember any specific information having to do with the date of the 24th in the first initial conversation with Mr. Miller.

- Q Going back to Mr. Miller's stop work that took place on 4-28-82, did you indicate that this stop work covered drilling in both Q and non-Q areas?
 - A (WITNESS BIRD) Yes, it did.
- Q Okay, then why did the drilling incident, which took place on 5-19-82, which is memorialized on Attachment 7-D -- why was there still drilling going on in relation to that incident if a stop work was supposed to be in effect and was still going to be in effect until the 26th of May?

A (WITNESS BIRD) He didn't make the complete statement. Stop work was in Q and non-Q applied to Mergentime Corporation and its subcontractors. There were some other people who were doing drilling which were not covered by the stop work.

Mean, from your position as quality assurance manager, do you believe that the decision that this verbal stop work need not extend to all drilling procedures was in accordance with good quality assurance principles?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Your question really doesn't

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make sense to me. There's more to it than that.

First of all, at that point in time there was more than just a verbal stop work, there was a written stop work directive, and it was written specifically to apply to the areas that it was indetermined as to whether it was in control or not.

And from that standpoint it was perfectly placed.

Would you agree that the stop work that was instituted on 4-28-82 addressed the specific drilling that was going on by Mergentime but did not address the generic implications of other drilling incidents?

(WITNESS BIRD) That statement doesn't make enough sense to agree or disagree.

What do you mean by generic implications?

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Well, do you think that this is the best application Q. of good quality assurance principals when you stopped the particular drilling by Mergentime but you do not address the drilling that's going on in the soils work in general?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) I think Mr. Wheeler may be able to add better statistics than I can, but my recollection was that the bulk of the drilling which would have been going on was being done by Mergentime and the Mergentime subcontractors. There were one, or possibly two -- maybe Bob can say -- other people who could drill out there or some specific things quite separate from the work that Mergentime was responsible for.

Q. Okay.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Let me ask you one question here. There's a reference on the second incident to Kelly dewatering, and is that the subcontractor which was doing the drilling the second time around?

MS. WEST: Are you referring to NCR --

4245. CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER:

MS. WEST: 4245.

WITNESS WHEELER: Kelly dewatering was the subcontractor of Bechtel's who was installing the permanent dewatering wells, all right? Mergentime and his subcontractor's scope of work involved the freeze wall and some temporary dewatering wells.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Now, Kelly was a subconfractor to Bechtel but not to Mergentime?

WITNESS WHEELER: That is correct.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Thank you.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Mr. Bird, when you replied to questions from Mr. Wilcove that the stop-work was instituted on 4-28-82 not in relation to only this one incident but there were other incidents that had occurred prior to that that led to the conclusion that a stop-work needed to be instituted, do you agree with that recollection of your testimony, that you said it was not this one incident in itself but there were others?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) I said that there were three other incidences which were written up on an MPQAD nonconformance report for which Mr. Miller was certainly aware of because he's on the distribution for those nonconformance reports.

Q And, of all the other incidents that you have had in your mind that may have contributed to the decision for a need for the stop-work on 4-28-82, did any of those incidents concern the Kelly dewatering people?

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, if we could have a clarification of this question. I think this witness has testified that he was not the one that issued the stop-work order, so whatever was in his mind prior to issuing a stop-work order isn't in conformity with his testimony.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, I think maybe I can ask the question more precisely.

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Why don't you just ask him directly were the incidents reported in -- well, the earlier incidents, particularly the ones attached with 7A and 72 did they relate to Mergentime or did they relate to some other contractor.

WITNESS BIRD: Kelly was not involved with any of their decision.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, do you know whether anybody other than Mergentime was involved?

WITNESS BIRD: I'm looking back to see what the NCR said, and I'm sure it was Mergentime on the 42-inch hole.

Wasn't it?

WITNESS WHEELER: No, I think the subcontract -- it did talk about the subcontractor installing the freeze wall, which was Mor Trench, which is a subcontractor to Mergentime.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q Did you say Mor Trench was a subcontractor to whom?
 - A (WITNESS WHEELER) Mergentime.
- Q Mr. Bird or Mr. Wheeler, are you aware of any incidents prior to 4-28-82 involving drilling problems by the Kelly Dewatering?
 - A (WITNESS WHEELER) I'm not aware of any.
 - A (WITNESS BIRD) I'm not either.
- Q Okay. Mr. Bird, I believe you have testified that Mr. Miller was the site manager who instituted the stop work order that was instituted on 4-28-82, is that correct?
 - A (WITNESS BIRD) Stop work directive.
 - Q This stop work what, directive?
- A (WITNESS BIRD) Directive was the words that he had used in his letter.
- MS. STAMIRIS: Okay, I'd like to pass out now what I'd like the parties to identify as Stamiris Exhibit 37.
- I may be missing a number. I think my last one was 36. I'm sure it's not beyond that, so I'll go to -- it could be that I had Stamiris Exhibit 35 as my last exhibit. But, to be on the safe side, I will number this Stamiris Exhibit 37. And I may be missing a number in

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sorry.

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sequence, but if you will cross out the number 15 that is in the corner of this document. That number corresponds to the chronology of events attached to my 9-4=82 motion, and it might be confusing. So if you will cross out the No. 15 and write Stamiris Exhibit 37.

Oh, I'm sorry; cross out the number -- ah, no.

I've got it wrong. There's no number to cross out, but
this exhibit will be Stamiris Exhibit 37.

MR. STEPTOE: Judge Bechhoefer?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Yes.

MR. STEPTOE: There is already, unfortunately, a Stamiris Exhibit 38 which was introduced on November 18th, and I believe that was the last one.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: So we're at 39 now?

MR. STEPTOE: Yes.

MS. STAMIRIS: Thank you, Mr. Steptoe. I'm

MR. STEPTOE: That's okay.

(The document referred to,
previously marked for identification as Stamiris Exhibit
39, was received in evidence.)

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: This will be marked as Stamiris 39 for identification.

MS. STAMIRIS: This document, I would like to identify where I got it in case the Applicant is interested. It came to me in the mail with the big pile of nonconformance reports that came out under a cover letter from Mr. Brunner to the Board and all parties in this proceeding. And it was attached to the stop-work order of FSW-22, and was stapled to that in relation to this incident.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

I'd like to ask you, Mr. Bird, whether this letter from a Mr. Miller constitutes the written confirmation of the stop-work order which took place on April 28, 1982, from Mr. Miller, the site manager?

(WITNESS BIRD) The answer is yes, but I need to 16, clarify that, again. This is the confirmation of the verbal stop-work order given on the 28th (indicating). They were both given on the same day.

- You say they were both given on the same day. This is the conf rmation of the verbal stop-work order?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Mr. Miller's letter is the confirmation of the verbal stop-work order directive.
- Was there any other stop-work directive that was given on the same day or stop-work order?
 - (WITNESS BIRD) The verbal and the letter, that's all

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there is for that day.

Then you do not agree with the statement that Miss West made at the beginning of your cross examination today when she indicated that there was a formal stop-work issued on the -later on the same day of the 28th in relation to this incident?

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, if I said there was a formal stop-work order, I don't recall saying that. But if I did say that there was a formal stop-work order issued on the 28th, it was entirely a tongue-slip.

JUDGE HARBOUR: Were you, indeed, referring to this (indicating)?

MS. WEST: Yes, I was.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Mr. Bird, you have testified this morning and this afternoon that Mr. Miller was the one to institute the stop-work order and that he happened to be there first and the implication being that that was why it was done by site management as opposed to MPOAD.

But this written communication that the verbal stop-work order was given by Mr. Bruce H. Peck at about 10:30 A.M. on April 28, 1982. And I would like to ask you whether Mr. Peck is a member of MPQAD?

- (WITNESS BIRD) He is not A.
- Is he also a member of the site management office? 0.
- (WITNESS BIRD) Yes, he is. A.

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0.	Can	you	tell	me	Mr.	Peck's	title	and	job,	please?

- (WITNESS BIRD) I will defer that to Mr. Wheeler. A.
- (WITNESS WHEELER) He's the construction superintendent.
- Q. And would you -- can you tell me, Mr. Wheeler, who Mr. Fischer is and what his job title is?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Mr. Fischer works for Bechtel and he was the -- or is -- at that time was the subcontractor's manager for the soils work. I don't know that that is the correct title or not, but --
- Thank you. Mr. Bird, are you aware of any quality assurance or quality control people who were aware of this incident on April 24th or the confirmation of this incident on April 28th, 1982?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Are you referring to MPQAD people?

MS. STAMIRIS: Yes.

BY THE WITNESS:

(WITNESS BIRD) I don't recollect who all --A.

MS. WEST: If we could specify when these people were supposed to have been aware of these incidents.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, at any time between April 24th and April 28th, I think, was part of the question.

WITNESS BIRD: I don't remember who all was aware in MPCAD on the date of the 28th. I most certainly know that some people were because it was my own people who called me to

tell me about it.

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But I remember talking to both people in the civil section, who was worried about the soils work at that time, and people in the electrical section who were worried about hitting the duct bank and what possible damage there was and what implications there might be there.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

I can't remember if I asked you before, but when you say your own people called you, can you remember who called you?

(WITNESS BIRD) That is what I say, I don't remember the specific names.

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Q. You don't remember who made the phone call to you and relayed this information to you?

(WITNESS BIRD) At this point in time I can -- I could make some fairly good guesses of who, what the individual names were, but if I came up with that list, probably someone would be wrong.

Can you remember any of them? It sounds like you talked to more than one person.

(WITNESS BIRD) I'm almost certain that Mike Shafer of the electrical section, I was talking to him. And I'm less certain whether it was Don Horn or some of the people that were working for Don Horn who I was talking to.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, since Mr. Horn happens to be here, I wonder if we can in any way confirm whether or not he was one of the people who talked to Mr. Bird about this incident on or about the 28th.

Isn't he here?

MS. WEST: Is there a ruling?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I didn't hear any objection.

MR. HORN: I don't recall whether I had contacted Walt or whether it was one of my people. I just don't recall whether I personally contacted him on that date based on this stop-work.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

One of the sentences about in the middle of this paragraph on Stamiris Exhibit 39, indicates that we are very

concerned about the lack of control by Bechtel over the activities of Mergentime as evidenced by the recent penetration of an electrical duct bank by a drilling operation.

Mr. Bird, what is your understanding of who it meant when it says "we are very concerned"? Who does "we" mean in your mind?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) From the rules of English, if an author says we, he means he and whoever else he's thinking of.
- Q. Nr. Bird, why do you think that the people who were drilling on April 24, 1982, didn't seem to have any idea that they were -- well, I should ask it more in the form of -- I will change the question.

Mr. Bird, why didn't the people who were drilling on April 24, 1982, seem to know that they were in the vicinity, at least, of the duct banks, the safety-related duct banks at the Auxiliary Building?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) The people who were doing the drilling thought they knew where the duct bank was and in fact the duct bank was as shown on the drawings. They had the rig had actually been misplaced over several feet from where they thought they were, so it was carelessness on the placement of the rig.
- Q. Did the drawings that they had, which indicated the location of the duct bank for the auxiliary, were those drawings in fact correct in indicating the position of where the electrical -- or I don't know if it was an electrical duct bank,

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where the duct bank for the Auxiliary Building actually turned out to be?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Yes.
- Q. So there was no problem in correlation between the field design drawings that they were using and the actual location of the electrical duct bank, is that correct?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) It's my understanding they matched up when they went back to check that.
- Q. Can you estimate for me how many feet off the drilling rig was from where they thought they were?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I remember a chaple. Mr. Wheeler was thinking it might have been a few more feet than that, up to five, but I remember it was a couple feet off.
- Q. Since this incident on 4-24-82, represented, at least, the third such drilling incident by Mergentime or their subcontractors, was there not some procedure by which quality people wanted to insure that they couldn't be a couple feet off before they started their drilling?
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD) At this point in time?
 - Q. Yes, at that point in time.
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) The first two instances really had nothing to do with the physical location of the hole they were going to drill. This case was the first case where they had hit something because they were someplace other than they thought they were.

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MS. STAMIRIS: I don't have any further questions on

Stamiris Exhibit 39 at that point, but I want to go back and -
MR. WILCOVE: I don't believe it's been offered and

received into evidence yet.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: He just identified it.

MR. WILCOVE: Well, the Staff has no objection to its

MR. WILCOVE: Well, the Staff has no objection to its introduction.

MS. WEST: Applicant has no objection.

MS. SINCLAIR: I have no objection.

MS. STAMIRIS: I'd like Stamiris' Exhibit 39 then to be introduced into the record as evidence and I would provide three copies to the court reporter.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Okay. Then Stamiris Exhibit 39 will be received into evidence.

(The document referred to, previously marked Stamiris Exhibit No. 39 for identification, was received in evidence.)

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q. Mr. Bird, at this point in time on 4-28-82, wasn't the soils remedial work under the direction and control of MPQAD?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) The soils remedial work, as far as the QA program went, for which Mergentime -- which Mergentime was doing, when it was in what was then defined as QA areas, did come under our coverage.

20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. 10-3 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILD Q. Well, you emphasize the word program, when you made that answer, and I'd like to ask you whether MPQAD was not also in control of quality control and quality assurance implementation of soils remedial work at that time in April of 1982.

A. (WITNESS BIRD) That is what I was having a hard time remembering when the soils -- what was under the Bechtel quality control, had their own soils group, and I forget the specific date of which they became under MPQAD, but I believe it was sometime after this.

Q. Can you find out that information and confirm the date as to when the soils remedial work was put directly under MPQAD as opposed to under Bechtel and get that information for me later?

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A. (WITNESS BIRD) The answer is yes, but we'll go find out when the soils quality control directly came under Consumers Power. The other was such a broad thing that I'm not sure there is any given point in time.

Q Well, isn't soils quality assurance also under MPQAD control at this point?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) The quality assurance aspects have always been under Consumers.

Q Then --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Wasn't that other date considerably later than what we're talking about? Wasn't it August or September of '82? We have some documentation in here. I don't know that I have it with me, but --

WITNESS BIRD: I believe it was late summer.

JUDGE COWAN: Certainly not in the spring, is my recollection.

WITNESS BIRD: But that is something we can certainly find out.

MR. STEPTOE: We'll check on that, Judge Bechhoefer.
BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q. But quality assurance aspects were all -- of soils remedial work were always under MPQAD?
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD) That's correct.
- Q. Mr. Bird, in your testimony on page two, near the bottom, you talk about the field engineering administered

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excavation permit system was in place at the time that these drilling incidents took place.

And the one that you are talking about in that paragraph is the one that took place in February of 1982 and is on NCR MO1-4-2-008.

Can you describe for me what were the controls of the field engineering excavation permit system that were in place at that time?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) Mr. Wheeler is much more into that than I am. He can give you a more -- a fuller answer the first time through.

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) At this particular time Bechtel had what they called an administrative guideline and it was entitled, I believe, Excavation Permit System.

However, it was not a formal procedure and did not fall under the QA program.

Q. Okay. But, Mr. Wheeler, emphasizing not so much where the procedure fit into your program, but on the actions or the implementation of this original excavation permit system, what kind of rules or procedures were the people who were doing the drilling supposed to be following to meet this field engineering excavation permit system?

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Without going back and reviewing that administrative guideline, I guess I can't give you an answer right now.

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Q I won't ask any further questions then about that original excavation permit system.

But, Mr. Bird, I do want to ask you, on page 1147 of yesterday's testimony, and I think perhaps you will recall testifying that the new, more stringently controlled excavation permit system that was going to come under your quality department was implemented on May 24th, 1982, is that correct?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) That's correct.
- Q. The attachment -- I think the Attachment 1, I think it was the only attachment to your testimony, has somewhere in the middle of these documents you have included a quality-related Bechtel Power Corporation field instruction entitled Excavation Permit System, and it's dated 6-24-82.

And I wonder why you have included this June 24, '82, excavation permit system in the documentation to go with your testimony while your testimony refers to a May 24th excavation permit system.

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) The May 24th date was the day that the original or Rev. 0 of that procedure was issued when we put our testimony togeher. Rev. 1 had by then, which is June 26, you said, or 24th, was then the official version as of that day.
- Q. Since you were testifying about the controls of the excavation permit system that was -- that were put into place on May 24, 1982, in relationship to your decision to lift the stop-work on May 26, 1982, why didn't you include the original revision to

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show us what was in place at that time that led to the lifting of the stop work?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) I don't remember any conscious decision on that at all. We were gathering materials together for the testimony and that came out of the official pile for what was in place and that is how we got it. I'm certain we could find the other one

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Was there any significant differences between Rev. 0 and Rev. 1?

WITNESS WHEELER: The differences between Rev. 0 and Rev. 1, there are some minor changes to the procedures. But the major difference is that Rev. 1 includes a drawing list which Rev. 0 didn't have.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Mr. Bird, or, Mr. Wheeler, would I be correct, then, in understanding that you don't -- that your recollection is that there were no differences in the purpose, scope, or definitions -well, I better ask it a different way.

Mr. Wheeler, in addition to the listing that is included with Revision 1, that you indicated was not with Revision 2, what other differences are you aware of that existed between these two excavation permit systems?

- (WITNESS WHEELER) There is some minor changes. I don't know right offhand what they are. We're talking about Rev. 0 and Rev. 1, not Rev. 1 and Rev. 2, also.
- Q I thought that is what I said. If I misspoke myself, I'm sorry. Has there been a Rev. 2 since 6-24-82?
 - (WITNESS WHEELER) No.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: When you get to a good breaking point we wouldn't mind taking an afternoon break.

MS. STAMIRIS: I'm at a good breaking point. It would help me organize my exhibit or whatever I need to come back to.

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MS. WEST: If we could --

WITNESS BIRD: We'd like to answer that question on the finish of her last question.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: All right.

WITNESS WHEELER: Regarding the changes from Rev. 0 to Rev. 1, on the procedure part with the delta one and the straight line, indicate sections of the procedure that have been changed (indicating).

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- May I look at -- on this break may I look at Rev. 0, if you have it, and compare it to those sections identified by delta one and Rev. 1?
 - (WITNESS WHEELER) I don't have Rev. 0 with me. A.
 - I thought you had it. 0.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: We'll take a 15 minute break.

(Recess taken.)

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CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Is the Staff ready?

MR. WILCOVE: Yes, Staff is ready.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I guess we'll just resume Mrs.

Stamiris' cross examination at this stage.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Mr. Bird, in connection with the NCR 4199 that we've been discussing --

MS. STAMIRIS: Before I start back with that. I would like to ask if the Applicant would mind providing me a copy of Revisions -- a copy of Revision 0 to the excavation permit system and also a copy of the field engineering excavation permit system that was in place in February of 1982.

And I wouldn't think that I would have significant or extensive questions from it. I probably won't have any, but I'd like to be able to look at the differences between those documents and what was submitted as an attachment, if possible.

MS. WEST: We'll try to get copies for Mrs. Stamiris tonight.

(Discussion had off the record.)

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, there may be a delay in obtaining copies of field engineering procedure, however.

MS. STAMIRIS: Thank you very much.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Mr. Bird, I'd like to read to you a description of the -oh, just a minute, I'm sorry, no. Regarding NCR 4199, and looking --

directing your attention to Attachment 7E to Dr. Landsman's testimony, the Bechtel nonconformance report that was written on 4-29-82 indicates at the bottom of block 16, which is titled Nonconforming Condition, after a description of the conduits that were damaged, there is the statement that -- it says, "No hold tags apply."

And then I see the word "no" has been crossed out and
I believe that there is a date. And I'm having a little difficulty
reading the date at which one hold tag was applied.

Can you help me decipher the date that is written in as a correction to this NCR 4199?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I would read that as 5-10-82.
- Q. Can you explain why no hold tags were applied on 4-29-82?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I don't remember any reason why no specific hold tag was put on as of the 29th. I do remember because I had looked at some notes that indicated that in fact the Bechtel QC hold tag had been applied to that location, but the date I'm not certain of. But it was before -- or I guess I can't say when it was.

This would indicate that it was May 10th. By May 10th the hold tag had to have been applied in order for them to revise the NCR at that date.

Q. Do you have any idea what that -- whether that word above -- before the number that you interpreted to be 5-10-82,

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what that word is that starts with a J?

Do you have any guesses as to what that says?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Between the word one and the date?
- O. Yes.
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) That's most likely somebody's initials. The rule is, when you change something, you initial off. And it would -- it's very small initials, but I would not be surprised if that is not also a JWM, which would correspond to J. W. Miller who wrote out the NCR to start with.
- Q. I was going to suggest that it probably correlated to box 24, a column over at the right-hand side of this same NCR, where it says disposition concurrence.

And there is a name signed there, J, and I can't read it, either, and the date is 5-10-82.

So would you agree that that date of 5-10-82 on the right-hand column would correspond with the date of 5-10-82 at which it was noted that one hold tag was applied?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) No, I would not make that assumption. That may be true, but I cannot say that it is true.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: The Js look different.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, whatever.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q. What is the purpose, Mr. Bird, what is the purpose of a holding tag?
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD) A holding tag is to prevent further work

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within the limits as described on a holding tag on the item for which it is applied.

Does the indication that no hold tags were applied on 4-29-82 represent any discrepancy in your mind between that action and the verbal stop-work that was put into effect on 4-28-82?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) No.
- Would you explain?
- (WITNESS BIRD) They're two separate actions. One is a A. holding tag put on by the quality organization; the other was a stop-work directive from a totally different company, but which applied to the organization, total Bechtel organization and Mergentime and the subcontractors. They're just different subjects.

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Q. Would this then indicate to you that as far as quality assurance or quality control is concerned, that there were no holds applied by them as of 4-29-82 on this work?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) Given what is here, that would be the conservative assumption that I would make, that there is no evidence that any holding tag was applied prior to 5-10-82.

Q. Do you have any recollection of what occurred on 5-10-82 to initiate the need for a hold tag to be applied at that point?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) I have just some vague recollections of discussing with some of the MPQAD people of whether a holding tag had been applied or not and whether it should be. And my recollection is we thought there ought to be one and they went and got it done.

Q. Do you have any idea why the word repair in the box 22 on this NCR, why a revision was made to change the word repair these ducts to the word rework for these ducts?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) No, I do not. There is really not much differenct between rework and repair, and I couldn't be certain that the people doing this were accurately using one word or the other.

- Q Would you agree that those duct banks were damaged?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Yes.
- Q. And would you agree that they were then repaired?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) No, they have not been.

- Q. They have not yet been repaired?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) That's correct.
- Q. What is the status of those duct banks today?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Do you want to answer that?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Currently there is a -- there's been a procedure that is under development from Mergentime to go in that area and repair the duct banks. That has, to my knowledge.
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) But there was some protective measures taken down at that point in time to prevent water from going in or from any further degradation of the area.
- Q. Okay. On page two of this nonconformance report, is the note in relation to a continuation of block 16, that it is indeterminate if any other conduits in the duct bank are damaged.

And I wondered if any further study has taken place since -- well, I first would like to ask you whether you consider that that statement, that it was indeterminate if any other duct banks or conduits in the duct banks were damaged, was made on 5-4 or 5-5-82, according to the dates with the signatures underneath that statement?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I didn't catch your question.
- Q. Do you think that that statement was accurate as of 5-4-1982?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I have no reason to disbelieve that the people who wrote this thought that was accurate.

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Q I just wanted to make sure that those signatures and that date did indeed indicate to you that they went with the statement just above them.

I'd like to ask you now whether any further studies or determination as to further damage of the conduits has taken place since May of 1982?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I remember that work was -- investigative work was going on at the time and I believe they were checking all the various cables that ran through that duct bank in terms of the continuity to check to see if anything had been severed.
- Q Was it determined that there were others that were damaged?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I do not believe that they found any damage beyond what was discovered initially with the water coming out of certain conduits.
- Q. The note that is continued underneath, which reads:

 In addition, water was noted in certain conduits. That is not a precise quote.

And it says at the end, it says: Cable pit IBMH004, I believe, also contained a significant amount of water.

Would you explain, Mr. Bird, or, Mr. Wheeler, the source of this water and the reason for this notation?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) The source of the water was most likely the drilling mud or the -- maybe just ground water that was in the area that could have also got through the same damage in the duct

bank. But now we cannot -- Bob and I cannot say that with certainty.

Q. Mr. Wheeler, when it talks about drilling fluid being found in the Auxiliary Building, what does the drilling fluid consist of?

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) It's a -- they use a revert. It's a -- I think it's a soybean derivative that is used to stabilize the hole. It's like -- sort of like a very thin or -- yeah, thin mud.

Q. Mr. Bird, or, Mr. Wheeler, do you have any recollection as to when any water was first -- no, I'm sorry, I will ask a different question.

Where is this cable pit which was found to have contained a significant amount of water in relation to the duct bank at the Auxiliary Building?

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Let me answer that question. The pit, itself, is in the Auxiliary Building. The duct bank that we're referring to here is a duct bank that goes to the service water structure. And the duct bank was hit just east of the Turbine Building.

Q. Well, if the duct bank that was hit goes to the service water structure, how did it -- how did the drilling fluid from that drilling end up in the Auxiliary Building?

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Because that is the location where the low point of the duct bank is.

Q. And then in all my question	when I have been referring
to the damage at the duct bank of the	Auxiliary Building, that I
have been incorrect in believing that	the duct banks at the
Auxiliary Building were damaged?	

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) That's correct.

JUDGE HARBOUR: Excuse me, I think there is a distinction here between the duct bank, which goes to the Auxiliary Building, being damaged, and the duct bank being damaged at the Auxiliary Building. The location is not at the Auxiliary Building.

WITNESS WHEELER: That is correct.

JUDGE HARBOUR: But does the duct bank run from the Auxiliary Building to the service water pump structure?

WITNESS WHEELER: That's correct.

JUDGE HARBOUR: And the damage occurred in between, I believe, did you say, west or south of the Turbine Building?

WITNESS WHEELER: East of the Turbine Building.

JUDGE HARBOUR: East, excuse me, yes.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q. Was this water that was found in the cable pit at the Auxiliary Building, fun as approximately -- well, was it found at the same time which are crilling fluid was found in the Auxiliary Building on 4-28-82?

4-28-82

A. (WITNESS BIRD) We can't make a statement to that based on what information is contained in the NCR, and I don't believe I have any other information I could look at to ascertain that.

Q All right. I would like to now move on and ask some questions about NCR 4245 and some of it may relate back to 4199, but -- on page five of your testimony -- I'm sorry, on page four of your testimony, before I leave the drilling incident, 4199, in just about the middle of the page, a little bit up from the middle, is the statement in your testimony that says, "The root cause of the nonconformance was that the procedural control to not drill closer than two feet to any known buried utility for vertical holes was not adequately implemented."

And, Mr. Bird, would you agree that there is similarity in being too close to the buried utilities in this case, to the incident in which someone was excavating too close to the buried water storage tank incident on 4-21-82?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) There is a difference in that for the BWST Excavation, they were trying -- physically trying to go right down next to it. Where in this case, procedurally they should have stayed two feet away, but not knowing that they weren't in the right place, that's how they violated that requirement.

Q So your recollection of the 4-21-82 BWST incident was not that they were working in an area that they weren't supposed to be?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) That's right.

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Q. Now, on page five of your testimony relating to NCR 4245, I believe you testified earlier that your first indication, Mr. Bird, of a problem in relation to this drilling incident near Observation Wall 4, was -- well, I'd like to read to you a description of that incident which I am reading from a letter dated May 25, 1982, which was a cover letter to the Board members from Mr. Brunner, in which all of these non -- that accompanied these nonconformance reports. And in this May 25th letter Mr. Brunner describes the incident this way.

He says, "On May 1° a drilling team working on one of the last permanent dewatering wells to be installed, encountered and damaged a noncatetory one circulating water drain line. The resultant hole in the drain line is believed to have provided a path for the flow of ground water and fill material, creating a cavity in the category one fill material in the near vicinity of the pipe."

Do you agree with Mr. Brunner's description of this incident, as I have read it to you?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) As it was read, yes. He said it was believed that, and at that time he was writing the letter, that is what was believed.
- Q. Since this letter was written on May 25th, then, does that description of the likely cause of the void which was encountered in relation to Observation Wall 4 -- I'll strike that and ask the question this way.

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You indicated that the subsidence was the first indication of a problem and you made that statement today. And when you made that statement, I assumed that you were stating this as your belief as of today that the soil subsidence, the visual observation was your first indication of a problem in that area, is that correct?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) That's correct, that was my understanding of what other people had seen.
- Q I understand that you said you did not have first-hand -you were not present at either the 4-22 incident -- or the 4-24
 incident or at this 5-19 incident, you were not present on-site,
 is that correct, when the incident occurred?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I believe I was on-site on 5-19, but I do not believe I went out and looked that day. I went out several days later for someone to show me exactly what the problem was.
- Q. If you are the quality assurance manager and you were on-site on May 19 when this drilling incident occurred, why didn't you go out and look at it?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I don't remember what all I was involved in that day to be able to tell you what I might have thought was more imporant at that point in time.

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Q What do you believe today caused the void that was encountered during the drilling on May 19th, 1982?

read the geotechnical engineering report which goes in and describes in great detail what they believe is the cause, which has to do with the prevailing action of the specific drill rig they were using and to the way they were advancing that rig down in the ground, causing a quick condition in the sand and causing, essentially, suction to pull material from outside the casing all the way down to the bottom of the rig and back up through the top.

And I have no reason to doubt that that is the proper explanation.

- Q Mr. Wheeler, you were present and did see this incident as it took place, didn't you?
 - A (WITNESS WHEELER) Not as it took place.
- Q Okay, then you saw it that day -- I can't remember if you said you saw it -- the first you saw it was in the afternoon, the first that you saw the subsidance?
 - A (WITNESS WHEELER) As I remember it, yes.
- Q Okay. Mr. Wheeler, according to your recollection of the events as they were related to you concerning the drilling incident on 5-1982, what do you think

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happened first, the hitting of an unidentified obstruction or the observation of some subsidance?

A (WITNESS WHEELER) As I understand, it was the hitting of the obstruction.

Q And, at the point that the obstruction was hit, did drilling stop?

- A (WITNESS WHEELER) I do not know.
- O Mr. Bird, do you know?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I believe that it stopped for at least some point in time while they were trying to figure out what was down there, and then they continued, or maybe they had - I just don't remember what happened.

Q Mr. Bird, as the quality assurance manager, do you believe that when an obstruction, an unidentified obstruction is hit that drilling should stop?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I do believe that, and that is now in the new procedure.

Q And do you believe that that drilling should stop as soon as something is hit?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Yes.

Q Okay, I'd like to direct your attention to Attachment 7-D to the Landsman testimony.

Before I ask questions from this attachment, there is another question or two that I would like to ask on page 5 of your testimony.

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In the first full paragraph on page 5 of your testimony is the statement that -- and it's four lines down in that paragraph -- "This void -- " speaking of the void in relation to NCR 4245 --

> "This void is apparently only indirectly related to another condition associated with observation Well 4 observed at approximately the same time, that being the penetration of a 12-inch non-Q condensate drain line at the depth of 38 feet."

Can youspecify anymore exactly what you meant that this void is apparently only indirectly related to the hitting of the 12-inch line?

(WITNESS BIRD) The next lire from where you stopped reading provides that.

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All right, when you say that the striking of 0 the line and the associated vibration may have contributed to the void formation, what else do you think contributed to the void formation?

(WITNESS BIRD) The what else is everything else, which is what I said before. It was the way the drilling rig was advanced, causing the material from outside the casing to be loosened and sucked up to be excavated from the hole.

But shouldn't the drillers have known how to prevent such removal of soil fines from the area by their drilling process?

You're asking me a question that goes beyond my specific technical competence in there from my own background, but, from the geotechnical engineering report that I read, they said that the conditions here were unique to OBS-4 and that it hadn't happened anywhere else and that it was really unique that it did happen here. But, in any case, the procedures were changed such that it could not happen again if they had used the same technique over again.

Well, you say that it was unique to Observation Well 4, but I think there is something in this series' of documents attached or that are entitled Attachment 7-D that indicates that there was subsidance and void

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formation at another well. And I will try and direct your attention to that now.

Okay, on the fourth page into this packet, on a continuation of this non-conformance report numbered page 2 at this time, under Block 22, near the bottom, is an item 2 which says:

"An abandoned 12-inch drill hole for a Mor Trench ejector well approximately 30 feet away -- "

and I won't read the coordinates --

"has caved in for the bottom 14 feet, approximately. The void covered by this NCR is aligned in the direction of this 12-inch drill hole."

So does this statement indicate to you that the void and the subsidence at Observation Well 4 was not unique, as you just testified?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I don't see any relationship between this statement and my previous statements as far as changing the uniqueness of the drilling method in the type of soil that they were drilling OBS-40.

This is merely a fact that was written down here to aid in the investigation to determine what the real root cause was at the time such a determination could be made.

20024 (202) 554-2345 D.C. 300 7TH STREET, S.W., REPORTERS BUILDING, WASHINGTON, Q Well, when you made the statement -- and I don't know if this -- these are not your exact words, but when you made the statement indicating that the subsidence and void encountered at Observation Well 4 was unique, did you not mean to imply by that that this was the only instance or example of such subsidence?

A (WITNESS BIRD) I didn't say it was unique. I said the geotechnical report which I read said it was unique.

O Well --

JUDGE HARBOUR: Excuse me. Is there any indication in this NCR as to the cause of the caving in on July 14th of that 12 inch diameter hole? Or do you have any knowledge of the cause of the caving in of that lower 14 feet of that 12-inch diameter nole?

WITNESS WHEELER: Let me answer that. The 12inch hole was, as it says in the SER, was drilled by
Mergentime, and the reason that the hole collapsed was
that after a period of time the revert that's used breaks
down and the hole will collapse under its own pressure.
And this hole was left open too long, so it collapsed on
itself.

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JUDGE HARBOUR: So it did not form a cavity or did not cave in during drilling of the well, is that correct?

WITNESS WHEELER: No, it caved in after the well

JUDGE HARBOUR: Whereas, the one that we're talkwas left open. 7 ing about in the procedure describing the cause of the woid formation had to do with the drilling method that would occur only while that hole was in the process of being drilled, is that correct?

WITNESS WHEELER: That's correct.

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, we'd just like to remind everyone now that the technical aspects of the geotechnical report, to which Mr. Bird has just referred, were testified to previously by Dr. Hendron on November the 15th on transcript pages 8646 and following.

It was on the same subject, the cause of this void.

JUDGE HARBOUR: Is this the geotechnical report to which Mr. Bird has been referring?

(WITNESS BIRD) It is. A

MS. WEST: Yes, sir.

MR. STEPTOE: Judge Harbour, I'm not sure that the report is mentioned by Dr. Hendron in his testimony, but he was talking about the same thing, and he had -- I

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I guess I can represent to you that he had read the report when he was testifying.

JUDGE HARBOUR: Well, would you repeat your statement, then, please?

MR. STEPTOE: The same subject, which was what caused the void in this OBS No. 4 -- that is, the drilling technique and the baling technique -- was testified to by Dr. Hendron.

MS. STAMIRIS: Do you have the date of Dr. Hendron's testimony?

MR. STEPTOE: November 15, 1982.

MS. STAMIRIS: Thank you.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Mr. Bird, the geotechnical report on this void, that Observation Well 4, that you cited and that Dr. Hendron had read, is it attached as a part of any of the documents that we have as attachments to Mr. Landsman's testimony in this proceeding?

A (WITNESS BIRD) It was not part of Dr. Landsman's testimony, nor was it part of ours.

Whether it was part of anybody else's, I wasn't here all those times so I can't say.

Who conducted that geotechnical report or study on the void?

(WITNESS BIRD) They were geotechnical people A

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under the employment of Bechtel Power.

- Was that report provided to anyone at the NRC?
- (WITNESS BIRD) I don't have any knowledge of that.
- Q Okay, I think there was an indication in -somewhere in this document, and I'll just ask you from your own recoilecton, and we could detail it if we need to.

Do you recall, Mr. Bird, that the void that is 10 referred to in connection with Observation Well 4 supposedly went in the direction of the other void at the abandoned 12-inch drill hole that Judge Harbour just asked about?

A (WITNESS BIRD) When you said "this document," you're talking about the NCR?

Well, in this packet of documents that is attached to 7-D as it is stapled together.

(WITNESS BIRD) Okay. A

No; I'm not asking you to look for it, I'm asking you if you have a recollection just from your memory, at this point, that the void extended, you know, from Observation Well 4 towards this other 12-inch well.

(WITNESS BIRD) It's too late, I already found it.

All right, where is it? 0

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A (WITNESS BIRD) It's in what you read before. It's Item No. 2.

JUDGE HARBOUR: I believe she was asking you, from your recollection, is it the same as what is written here.

Is that correct?

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MS. STAMIRIS: Well, I wish my question had been that intelligent, but in this case I had missed the bottom line there and I really was just asking if there was a line in the direction of the 12-inch drill hole.

BY THE WITNESS:

A (WITNESS BIRD) My own knowledge on this subject is what I read here. I have no further knowledge from any source.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Mr. Wheeler, do you make any connection between the voids at Observation Well 4 and this 12-inch drill hole?

A (WITNESS WHEELER) I can't say.

Q You can't? Okay, to go through some of the questions that I have from Attachment 7-D, on the second page of this packet of documents is the continuation of the NCR and a note that the drill bit for hole, Observation Well 4, has apparently an unidentified obstruction at approximately 35 feet.

When was that obstruction identified?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Do you mean when was it physically ascertained what the obstruction was?

Q Yes.

A (WITNESS BIRD) Our consensus here is it was after they hit it and it stopped. But, in timing

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relationship of whether it was the next hour or the next day, we don't remember.

Q Well, do you think they identified what was hit after they stopped drilling?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Yes.

Q I'll just flip through these pages, because I have notes on some of them. So, on the fourth page -- well, I think I already asked some of the questions on that page.

Mr. Bird or Mr. Wheeler, did the Bechtel geotechnical study that you have referred to -- did it consider the possibility that this void existed in the soils prior to the drilling and was not caused by the drilling incident but was caused or, you know, was, let's say, due to the random fill or the placement of the fill soils in this area?

MS. WEST: Excuse me, Chairman Bechhoefer, I'll have to object at this point.

Dr. Hendron's testimony was directed to this very point, explaining the cause of the void.

These witnesses are essentially up here -- especially Mr. Bird -- for the QAL aspects of this.

The technical part has been testified to

earlier.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I think that's right.

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That question is probably beyond his competence.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, but I asked him whether he knew -- I didn't ask him what he thought, I asked him whether the study considered that possibility, whether he remembers that the geotechnical people, who were expert in this area, considered the possibility that that void existed in the soils separate from the drilling incident.

BY THE WITNESS:

A (WITNESS BIRD) I cannot state whether the study considered that or not, but I can state that I do not recollect them making a positive statement that there was no void beforehand.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Do you think that the geotechnical people have not felt a need to identify precisely the cause for this hole?

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, I'll have to object to this, too. This witness can't testify or, obviously, be called upon to speculate as to what the geotechnical people may or may not have felt about something.

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(Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I'll have to uphold that objection on the grounds that Miss West stated.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q You testified earlier that -- all right, now, what I want to ask you about now, before the questions I have noted in this document, is: Was there a stop work order issued, a formal stop work order by MPQAD in relation to this 4245 drilling incident?

A (WITNESS BIRD) No, there was not.

Q Why not?

A (WITNESS BIRD) There was no need to. They had already stopped work, and I believe that Bechtel had issued a stop work directive. Bechtel QC had already issued a stop work directive.

JUDGT HARBOUR: Would that have been verbal or in writing?

WITNESS BIRD: I believe it's in writing, and
I'm thinking of the terminology. I know what they actually
call theirs is an activity hold.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q When was this Bechtel activity hold instigated?
- A (WITNESS BIRD) I'm looking at the piece of paper now.

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It's dated 5-19-82.

- Q And is that in this packet of attachment 7-D?
- A (WITNESS BIRD) I don't believe so.
- Q Okay. Do you have any identification numbers for the documents?

A (WITNESS BIRD) This is labeled Activity Hold, Order No. 4 and with the date, page 1 of 1.

Q Page what?

A (WITNESS BIRD) Page 1 of 1, so it's a one-page form.

Q Is there a generic name for the -- is this the type of document titled Activity Hold -- is there any other generic name for this type of document?

A (WITNESS BIRD) It's entitled Midland Project

1 and 2, Quality Control Activity Hold Order.

Q Okay. May I see that?

MS. WEST: Certainly.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Okay, I'd just like to read into the record a description of the work activities to be held and the start up system number affected from Box 3 on this report, if that's agreeable.

It says:

"Further drilling work is to be held on Kelly Dewatering Wells OBS 4 and OBS 1-A

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until utility locations are reconfirmed for OBS 1-A and the non-conforming condition at OBS 4 is specifically identified and a course of action is established for corrective action. Note, This hold order is for the drilling operation only. Gravel path and grant installations may continue on other wells. Thank you.

Mr. Bird, you had indicated earlier in your testimony, I believe, that you did not receive copies of Bechtel nonconformance reports, and I wondered if you received copies of Bechtel activity holds such as this?

A (WITNESS BIRD) No.

Q What action did MPQAD take in relation to the 5-19-82 drilling incident at Observation Well 4?

A (WITNESS BIRD) The MPQAD people were involved in what was happening and were out there looking, as testified earlier, with everybody else, agreeing to the course of action.

And, from what I see here and what I heard then, the right course of action was taken, so they really didn't have to do any active participation themselves to have generated any paper on that.

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So I asked you -- I want to ask you again, and Q I'll add one word to my question. What written or documented action did MPOAD take in relation to the 5-19-82drilling incident at Observation Well 4?

(WITNESS BIRD) After the incident there was a SCRE written to cover that condition to look at it for reportability.

Okay. Did MPQAD -- did you, as the quality 0 assurance manager for MPQAD, consider instituting a formal MPQAD stop work in relation to this incident?

(WITNESS BIRD) I don't recollect myself con-A sidering a stop work in this case. Whether anyone on my staff considered it or not I can't tell you.

Do you consider that, as quality assurance manager, that you were seeing to it that the quality control and quality assurance incidents were being properly reported and tracked and trended by MPQAD?

(WITNESS BIRD) Yes, that's within our total scope of our responsibility.

But what I mean is, in this incident on 5-19-82, the fact that MPQAD did not write up a stop work order directly related to this and south of the Bechtel QC activity hold was sufficient to get the job done.

What I want to ask you now is do you feel it was sufficient in terms of reporting and tracking and

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trending responsibilities of the MPQAD program?

(WITNESS BIRD) Yes.

Would you like to explain why or how you think it is sufficient?

(WITNESS BIRD) A nonconformance report was written which documented the circumstances of the nonconformance, which provides the mechanism to get the corrective action to fix the non-conformance. A stop work activity was placed by Bechtel QC, which prevented any further work in the area which could have caused any further deleterious effects in the areas, so that was under control. And Consumers Power initiated this SCRE which looked at this condition in terms of reportability.

So, really, all aspects that needed to be addressed were addressed.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q So as you sit here today, you do believe that all aspects that needed to be addressed as far as MPQAD responsibilities, have been properly addressed in relation to the 5-19 incident?
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD) That's correct.
- Q. You indicated that -- and I saw and read an excerpt from the Bechtel activity hold, which took place on 5-19-82, and I'd like to ask you, Mr. Bird, when that activity hold was lifted?
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD). From the document we're looking at --
 - Q. Which is what?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) The one you looked at a minute ago, it's blank as far as the activity hold having been lifted. So as of the date when this copy was made, and Mr. Wheeler had this, so I can't tell you when the copy was made, but at least as of that date it had been -- it had not been lifted yet.
- Q. Do you have any recollection as to when you made that copy and --
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) At the top there is a note which says that we wanted to get the stop work resolved and that was dated 6-1-82. So this copy was obviously made before 6-1-82.
 - Q. Don't you mean after?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Or after.
- Q Okay. Mr. Bird, on, I think, about the fifth page into the packet of attachments with 7D, it is a Bechtel nonconforming material installation conditional release dated 5-24-82.

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Do you consider that release, which was granted to temporarily backfill the referenced void, represents an exception to the activity hold that was still to be in place at this time?

(WITNESS BIRD) You use the words grants and exception. If they were the words you used, that is proper, that this is a means to allow an item to be worked on which has a holding tag applied against it.

The quality control activity hold order, as you had it read in the record, was for the drilling operation only.

- Um-hum. 0.
- (WITNESS BIRD) And this conditional release appears to allow things to happen other than drilling on that specific hole, which would indicate to me that they're really having this 14 conditional releast against the hold tag that was placed on that observation well and not against the activity hold.
 - The next page is another nonconforming material installation conditional release form dated 5 -- I think that --I checked that out, I think that is the date at the top there, is probably 5-25 or 5-26-82.

Would you agree with that?

- (WITNESS BIRD) Are you looking at page four of 4? A.
- Q. Yes.
- (WITNESS BIRD) I would say that is 5-26. A.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I might add, is that the same document, although it may be a different version of it, as the

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last page of the packet?

WITNESS BIRD: There appears to be the -- the specific page that we were discussing, has on the first line, all the way over to the right-hand side it says: Three period page four of four, which was -- which apparently this was four of four of something at one point in time.

Down in the other corner that we have a different writing, it's been several revisions and we have it up to page four of 22 in the total package.

Now, maybe I'm looking at a later version than what was 7D.

MS. WEST: I'm not sire you are looking at --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: There is an additional initial on the one we were talking about first, but at least it will clear out that that was 5-26.

MR. STEPTOE: Yes. If for no other reason that it would seem to clarify that first -- the date on the first page we were referring to is the 26th.

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BY MS. STAMIRIS:

All right. This conditional release granted to allow cleaning and flushing of the casing and inspection. It says an inspection of the 12-inch circulating water drain line which was encountered by the casing.

So is this 12-inch circulating water drain line in fact the obstruction that was hit on 5-19-82 at Observation Wall 4?

- (WITNESS BIRD) That is right.
- The next sentence that's written in there, says, "The water level within the casing will be maintained at elevation 619 feet, approximately, or higher, during the flushing or any recharge experiment.

Do you have any personal recollection of what happened with the water levels in relation to this notation and following this notation, Mr. Bird?

- (WITNESS BIRD) No, I don't. A lot of this material, the first time I saw it was when we were getting ready to try to prepare ourself for the testimony on this. So I didn't have any specific involvement back at that point in time as far as the testing that they were doing, to try to determine what the cause of the void formation was.
- (WITNESS WHEELER) Let me answer that. The concern at, I think, that particular time, was that the water level be maintained at such an elevation that further sands, material around the casing, not come into the casing, via ground water.

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So I think that is why that note was put in there.

Q I want to go back and ask you -- let's see now, Mr. Bird, you were on the site on the 19th when this 4245 incident took place.

And when did you first -- did you go and look into this situation at all on 5-19-82, to your recollection?

- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I remember I was on-site because I remember I was in some kind of meeting when I first heard about this. And I certainly had some discussion with some of my staff, the first opportunity that I had after that, to get what details were available to me. But I don't remember exactly who or what the exact content of those discussions was.
- Q. Mr. Wheeler, I'm going to ask you, and I'm getting a little bit mixed up in my mind now about the sequence of events in relation to NCR 4199, and I want to ask you to clarify, Mr. Wheeler, when you first -- when you first observed anything in relation with the observation well drilling incident 4245.
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) As I remember it, I went out the afternoon of the 19th.
- Q. And is this -- I'm sorry to be asking you this, because I know we covered it, but was this when you were called in by someone else and there were about four people called in to look at it on the afternoon of the 19th?
- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) There was a lot of people looking at it. There wasn't just four people, but I was told about it,

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and I went out and looked at it.

Q. Okay. Thank you. And do you have any recollection,
Mr. Wheeler, of who the MPQAD people were that were first looking
at this?

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) As I recall, I have answered this before, but as I recall, it was Bob Sevo.

Q. Okay. On, well, a couple pages beyond the page we were just on, is a Bechtel field engineer's report form dated 5-19-82. And in the top right-hand corner it says page one of two.

And it's written in script and signed by a Mr. John.

Do you have that page, Mr. Bird?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) Yes, we do.

Q I would like to read the first paragraph and then ask you a question about it. It reads, "During installation of outside casing for permanent dewatering Observation Well 4, an obstruction was encountered at approximately 35 feet in depth. This installation of casing proceeded for approximately four hours. At this time the fill around casing was discovered to be caving in and drilling was stopped."

Mr. Bird, you have previously testified that you believe that drilling should stop whenever an obstruction is encountered.

And do you believe that the continuation of drilling for four hours after the observation was encountered was improper procedures?

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- A. (WITNESS BIRD) It wasn't against the then-existing procedures. It would be against the one that was released shortly after May 24, I believe we said it was released.
- Q Well, do you believe that this was in keeping with good quality assurance principals?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) All we have to go on is what was written here. I do not know what else they might have been thinking or what else they -- what other facts they might have had as to what they thought they were hitting.

We ascertained later that the -- they did not know about that specific utility being in that area. They didn't expect it to be there.

- Regardless of what they expected or not, didn't you testify last summer that -- and I'm sure I won't have the exact words, but something to the effect that a proper quality assurance attitude is to conservatively assume the worst and until you verify otherwise, proceed with an investigation or activities to lock into the incident on the assumption that it could have been worse than happened?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) That was not a bad characterization of what I said, but the context of what I said was that is what a quality assurance professional does. That is why the nonconformance report was written on the BWST when they had some undermining there because it was indeterminate whether that could have affected that structure. The nonconformance report

was a registered document of that condition to force a resolution of that issue.

Q But what we're talking about here is the drilling incident and the fact that the drilling continued for four hours after an obstruction was hit.

Do you see a similarity in this incident, and I'll specify exactly what I mean, the fact that it says that this time -- I will have to read both sentences again.

"Installation of the casing proceeded for approximately four hours. At this time the fill around casing was discovered to be caving in and drilling was stopped."

So does the sequence of events here where drilling was stopped when the hole began to cave in, as opposed to when the obstruction was first hit, is there a similarity in your mind to the previous drilling incident, 4199, in which an obstruction was hit, but it was not written up on a nonconformance report or looked into until it was determined that a safety-related duct bank had been damaged?

Do you see a similarity in the procedures found here, that an obstruction was hit but that no quality action or stop-work action was taken until it was confirmed at some later time what the damage was that had been caused?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) The similarity was in the lack of specific direction at that point in time to cause people to have to stop and have to get a concensus of opinion from several

! organizations as to whatever you are hitting. Is it something you want to hit, and should you continue to drill, or, no, you can't drill there any more? And that's what the new procedure picks up, it provides that control.

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Q So under these circumstances, at the time of the incident on 5-19-82, do you believe that drilling should have stopped sooner than it did?

A. (WITNESS BIRD) Knowing what we know today, most certainly, in hindsight. But whether this individual, having the knowledge he had, made a proper decision or not is really beyond us to say today.

The four hours of hitting something, from just my own personal opinion, seems like that was a little long.

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) Could I make one comment here? I see that this field engineer report that we're talking about is signed by a D. L. John.

O. Yes.

A. (WITNESS WHEELER) He is a mechanical engineer and the purpose of this report is to document what was done after this incident. I do not believe it's the intent of this report to recreate or talk about the drilling operation itself. So there may be some assumptions in here that aren't correct. This person is not responsible for the drilling operation.

Q. Well, didn't -- I can't remember where, but I think I can find somewhere later. Didn't the -- what time was the obstruction hit? Do you know that, Mr. Wheeler?

A. (WITNESS WHEELER: No, I don't.

Q Well, maybe this would be the proper time to introduce an exhibit that I think will clarify that.

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MS. STAMIRIS: I would like to ask the parties to cross out the number 15 that is in the corner of this document and identify this document as Stamiris Exhibit 40.

And it is a copy of the stop-work order FSW-22 that is dated 5-19-82. And I will provide the court reporter with three copies afterwards.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q. Well, this is not the document that has the times on it that I was thinking it was going to have. But, Mr. Bird, would you identify Stamiris Exhibit 40 as the stop-work order which was instigated on May 19, 1982, that related to the drilling incident 4199 which took place on April 24, 1982?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) Everything you said was proper except it took place starting April 24, 1982, and went on through April 28, at which time the stop-work order was issued.
- Q I believe from your previous testimony, Mr. Bird, that the date of this stop-work order for the earlier drilling incident, which was stopped on 4-28-82, did not relate directly to the drilling incident identified on NCR 4245 which took place on 5-19-82.
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD) That is correct.
 - Q Going back to --
- MR. WILCOVE: Mr. Chairman, I again think this document better be received into evidence.
 - MS. STAMIRIS: Yes, I meant to ask that Stamiris

Exhibit 40 be received into evidence at this time.

MS. WEST: Applicant has no objection.

MS. SINCLAIR: I have no objection.

MR. WILCOVE: Staff has no objection.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Without objections, Stamiris Exhibit 40 will be received into evidence.

(The document referred to,

previously marked Stamaris

Exhibit 40 for idnet Loation,

was received in evidence.)

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Okay. Continuing through Attachment 7D, on this field engineer's report form that I was looking at before, on the second page of it is the statement that after attaching pressure guage system -- no, after attaching pressure guage, system was discovered to be partially filled with water and approximately -- what is that notation, 10 inches was noted on the guage, Mr. Wheeler?

- A. (WITNESS WHEELER) PSI.
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) What is crossed off there looks like someone started to write the abbreviation for pounds and then crossed that out and put PSI instead.
- Q. Mr. Bird, do you have any recollection of at what time the obstruction was first encountered on 5-19-82?

MS. WEST: Excuse me. Chairman Bechhoefer, I think

this witness has testified repeatedly that he has no personal knowledge of what time the obstruction was encountered on May 19, 1982.

WITNESS BIRD: I do not even remember reading that anywheres on the background information I had looked at.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q Mr. Wheeler, do you know whether the NRC was advised of this drilling incident on 5-19-82?
 - A. (WITNESS WHEELER) I'm not aware of that.
- Q. Mr. Bird, are you aware of whether the NRC was advised of this incident on 5-19-82?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) I can't say for certain that they were, but -- I kind of recollect that they were in the area and had seen it, but I might be wrong. I might be thinking of another incident.
- Q Well, Mr. Bird, it appears from many of your statements in testifying about these drilling incidents, that you were not directly in charge of or closely involved in following up on the activities in relation to these drilling incidents, is that correct?
- A. (WITNESS BIRD) You are asking -- you have been asking detailed questions of which I did not ever have the knowledge on. But I do believe that I have followed up on these incidences, specifically that is shown through my involvement with these stoy-work on the duct bank and my

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issuing of the SCRE for Observation Well No. 4.

Mr. Bird, is there someone, organizationally speaking, within the MPQAD who would be more in direct involvement or responsibility for these drilling incidents?

(WITNESS BIRD) we could probably search the records to find out which particular quality assurance department personnel was specifically involved or specifically assigned to the work associated with each one of these, but there is a great deal of work going on out there with literally dozens of people assigned to various areas, so that the manager does not get involved with all the work that is going on. He only gets involved with the work that requires his direct attention, depending on the circumstances.

MS. WEST: Chairman Bechhoefer, if I could interject at this point. The Board -- the reason for this testimony was the Board was interested in quality assurance aspects of these five incidents. Mrs. Stamiris has been asking very specific technical, not QA, questions, on many of these incidents, and those are the questions that Mr. Bird has been unfamiliar with. You did not indicate a desire to hear specific technical details of each drilling incident.

Also, we'd like to point out this has been unusually prolonged, especially in terms of delving into the technical details of these things, which as we said, we provided witnesses 25 | for the QA part and not for the technical part.

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JUDGE HARBOUR: May I ask you, Mrs. Stamiris, why you are interested in the times that these things occurred?

MS. STAMIRIS: I'm interested in the timing in relation to how and when it was reported and what instigated the reporting of the incident.

JUDGE HARBOUR: Are there -- within Bechtel are there well logs that exist for the drilling incidents here?

WITNESS WHEELER: Yes, there would be.

MR. STEPTOE: Judge Harbor and Judge Bechhoefer, it's my recollection with respect to this particular incident that it occurred about the same time that the ACRS was meeting in Midland and there was a guided tour that was provided with the entire ACRS past; this thing.

I can't believe that there's any question about reportability of this incident.

Maybe the Staff would correct me if I'm wrong, but it does seem that that's not a reasonable issue to be raising at this point with respect to this NCR.

(Discussion had off the record.)

MR. STEPTOE: Judge Bechhoefer, I believe that the Staff probably can answer that question very easily. I'd hate to go rooting through the quality assurance organization or construction organization out there at the plant to find out something that is this simple.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I would guess, on reportability, that is probably right, --

MR. WILCOVE: It is the Staff's understanding as well that the ACRS Subcommittee was informed of this incident during a site tour.

Mr. Hood can provide some more detail about what they were told.

MR. HOOD: My name is Daryl Hood. I'm with

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the NRC Staff.

On about May, I believe, the 21st -- if someone has Supplement 1 to the SCR in the chronology section you can correct me if my date is wrong -- I attended, along with the ACRS Subcommittee, a tour of this site, and the first phase of that tour included a briefing.

At that time, during the briefing, we were advised by Mr. Jim Cook of the penetration of this duct and how it came about.

During the actual tour I met with Mr. Landsman. He and I did observe this cavity associated with this particular drilling.

I do not know if members of the ACRS Subcommittee observed the cavity or not, but I can state, on the basis of the briefing that they along with myself and others present, were aware of that cavity.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Were you told by someone in Consumers, or did you just stumble into it?

MR. HOOD: We were told during the briefing that preceded the tour that they had struck this, I believe he said, the day before. It was sort of within a very few days, and I think it was the day before that he had struck this. And we were given some estimation of it, but they didn't know a great deal about it at the time. But they had observed the cavity. during the

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tour of this plant, and I looked at it. It was covered by boards, I believe, for protection purposes. But we observed a rather large cavity.

WITNESS BIRD: I might state for the record that I was present when the ACRS toured this site and this particular cavity was pointed out to the ACRS during the tour.

> (Discussion had off the record.)

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Well, rather than trying to go through the details of the documents on my next question -- and some of them are hard to read -- Mr. Bird and Mr. Wheeler, could either of you describe the thrust of the relationship between this drilling incident and the colored dye that was in the water and what significance that had as far as this particular incident was concerned?

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A (WITNESS WHEELER) I can't.

A (WITNESS BIRD) I can't either.

JUDGE HARBOUR; Was that discussed during the November hearing by Mr. Hendron?

JUDGE COWAN: Who are you asking?

JUDGE HARBOUR: The Applicant.

WITNESS BIRD: They were asking if this last business about the dye was discussed during the November hearings.

I wasn't there, and I think you people --

MS. WEST: Not that we know of, no.

MR. STEPTOE: I don't know.

(Discussion had off the record.)

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Well, I'd like to ask some questions about four pages after the page I was last reading from on the field engineer's report form, and it's also entitled field engineer's report form dated -- and I can't read the first part -- something 2882, page 1 of 1, and in the top right-hand corner it says CY-93.

Do you have this page, Mr. Bird?

- A (WITNESS BIRD) Yeah, I believe so.
- Q Are you familiar with -- well, a statement about two thirds of the way through this paragraph

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reads:

"Field engineering believes this increase in water surface is due to the heavy rain received last night."

And they're speaking of a rise in the water elevation from 6-19 to -- well, I'm not sure of what the rise was.

In the second sentence it says:

"The water surface prior to pumping was at approximately elevation 634. The water surface within the casing had been between elevation 629 and 630 for the past few days."

So there appears to have been a rise of about four feet in the water level, and I wonder if either of you are familiar with what was the cause for this rise in water level beyond this statement, you know, about someone assumed that it was probably due to the heavy rain.

A (WITNESS BIRD) As I said before, the first time I saw any of this is when we got Attachment 7-D. I had not looked at it prior to that. So the only thing I could say about it is what I read here, and I have no reason to doubt that it was not an accurate statement that the engineer made.

Q Okay. Mr. Wheeler, do you have any knowledge of the water levels in this case?

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- A (WITNESS WHEELER) No, I don't.
- Q I mean other than what you read here.

Okay, Well, I will simply ask you, does this last sentence indicate to you, Mr. Bird, that it says:

"The laborers will attempt to seal the top of this casing with a polyethylene film to prevent further run-off collection."

I guess I don't want to ask you a question about that, I just want to point that out to you in relation to the question I'm going to ack next, and two pages further on is the field engineer's report form dated 6-1-82, which is quite difficult to read because of the quality of the Xeroxing.

But it says, under Item 1, that the water level within observation well 4 casing was at approximately elevation 619. -- I guess that's 25 -- this morning, 6-1-82.

This is a three inch increase from the level reported on 5-28-82. All of the top of the casing was sealed outside with polyethylene film with -- I'm not sure if it says two bonds -- it is possible that some of the surface water did leak into the top of the casing.

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casing.

Do you believe that -- are you concerned about the possibility of the water level rising from below, as oposed to it leaking in from the top where it had been covered with this polyethylene?

WITNESS BIRD: Well, I don't have the technical competence to or have a concern in that area.

Q Mr. Wheeler, are you -- all right. If that original four-feet rise in ground water in addition to that two-inch rise in ground water were due to something other than rain water getting in from the top, would they indicate any reason for concern with you?

MS. WEST: Objection, Chairman Bechhoefer.

There's been no foundation laid for any supposition or speculation that there was any cause other than rain water for these incidents.

BY.MS. STAMIRIS:

Q Well, I think that it probably is beyond both of your fields of expertise to comment about the significance of rising waters, but I would like to ask either Mr. Bird or Mr. Wheeler if they are aware of other incidents on site in relation with the soils remedial work which indicated that there was ground water collections or rising when it was not anticipated.

MS. WEST: Objection, your Honor. This is very far off the scope of these witnesses' testimony.

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The possibility and the subject of ground water rise another drilling has nothing to do with the QA aspects of these five drilling incidents, which are what these men are here to testify about.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, I would be satisfied and happy to withhold these questions. I'd like to ask who would be the proper witness to question about repeated incidents of water level rising in relation with the soils work. Because I can a document quite a few other incidents.

MR. WILCOVE: Mr. Chairman, I also feel that this is getting far afield of the issues to be presented here at this time, and I would have to also oppose bringing in witnesses to answer this question.

I think it's getting off on a tangent that wasn't intended and very much prolonging the proceeding.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, I'd like to say that I don't care particularly how or when it is addressed, but I think that the parties would have to agree that if it were established -- and I have to address any hypothetical at this point in time; I'm not prepared to bring out documents to show other incidents at this time -- but if it were established that there was a pattern of let's say, six or ten different incidents where ground water was seeping in or rising -- and it seems to always to be

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attributed to a collection of surface water or perched water, or something else -- when it can't be proven if there is an unidentified source of ground water seepage and a repeated pattern of water seeping into various drillings or excavations at the site in relation to the soils remedial work, wouldn't the Board and the parties feel that this would be a significant matter in geotechnical terms to look into as to what is the reason for this ground water seeping in, this unanticipated ground water seeping in or rising?

> (Discussion had off the record.)

CHAIRMAN RECHHOEFER: I think we will sustain the objection. I think it's not close enough to their expertise, and I don't see what relationship it has to the QA aspects of these incidents.

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MS. STAMIRIS: Well, I was already accepting that myself when I said that I didn't care if I asked it in relation to quality assurance at this time, but the issues that I raised that, in the hypothetical, if it could be established that there was a pattern of incidents where water was rising up unexpectedly in drilling or excavation at the site --

JUDGE COWAN: Mrs. Stamiris, aren't you just repeating what we just heard?

MS. STAMIRIS: No, just -- well, I'm asking that if this pattern were established would it have geotechnical significance.

JUDGE COWAN: We've heard that.

MR. WILCOVE: Mr. Chairman, I might also add that if Mrs. Stamiris wishes to attempt to sponsor a new contention she is, of course, free to do so, and the parties will then respond accordingly. But I think just to immediately disembark on a new issue would not be the proper procedural way of doing so.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: I don't think these witnesses are --

MS. STAMIRIS: I agree with you then. I don't intend to pursue it, or I didn't intend to pursue it with these witnesses.

And would I be correct in following Mr. Wilcove's advice then, that if I could establish such a pattern that the proper way to raise it before this Board would be through a new

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contention through the OM proceeding?

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Well, it would be proper if the information were not so stale that should have been raised a lot earlier.

I mean, it would have to be something reasonably new and something the Staff wasn't aware of or wouldn't do anything about; something along that line.

There are many issues that may affect the overall structure of the soils matters which we aren't considering here but the Staff still must consider them, and if it were information that no one was considering and it is relevant, we can consider new contentions.

MS. STAMIRIS: Okay, I will try to --

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: But normal timeliness rules do apply and we have to balance a number of factors.

As you are aware, we have done it before.

MS. STAMIRIS: Well, I will try and determine with the Staff off the record whether or not they have pursued any interest or inspections into this area.

BY MS. STAMIRIS:

- Q. A few pages further into the Attachment 7D -- well, there is a Bechtel Power Corporation daily report sheet number 10F1 dated 4-27-82. Do you have that page before you, Mr. Wheeler and Mr. Bird?
 - A. (WITNESS BIRD) We have flipped back somewhere else.

1 It won't take a minute to find it.

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(Discussion had off the record.)

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WITNESS BIRD: If you'd give us that description

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again, please.

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BY STAMIRIS: I'll hold it up. I don't know if that

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will help you.

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It's titled at the top Bechtel Power Corporation

daily report. In the center it says sheet number 10F1. The

date is 4-27-82.

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(WITNESS BIRD) We have it.

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Q. Okay, in the first paragraph, under the words Moore

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Trench, I'd like to read this and ask you your understanding of

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whether it relates to the drilling incident on NCR 4245.

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"Gardner Denver set up on an ejector well M-E-54 drilled and hit obstruction at eight feet, moved two feet east and hit obstruction at eight feet again. Moved two feet west and drilled to 28 feet and hit obstruction. Issued stop work order because of the main utilities in the area. Moved to ejector well M.E. 27B. Drilled and set surface casing."

This description doesn't seem to fit the description that I had in my mind for either the NCR 4245 of the other NCR, 4199.

I'd like to ask you whether this description does relate to either of the drilling incidents that we "we discussed today.

> (Discussion had off the record.)

MS. STAMIRIS: I think that maybe the next paragraph, from that description in the next paragraph, it might relate back to the 4199 incident, because it says:

> "Drill team drill freeze hole. complete. Hit mud mat for duct bank at 11 and drilled third -- I can't read this exactly, but it sounds like it might have

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more to do with the earlier drilling incident, especially considering the 4-27 date.

CHAIRMAN BECHHOEFER: Let me inquire of the Staff, which one of your witnesses will address this one?

MR. WILCOVE: Dr. Landsman will do so.

Mr. Chairman, could we go off the record?

(Discussion had off the record.)

(Whereupon an adjournment was taken in the above-entitled cause at 6:05 p.m., to resume the next day, Wednesday, Malana February 16, 1983, at 9:00 a.m.)

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

in th	r of: CONSUMERS POWER COMPANY, Midland Plant, Units 1 & 2
	Date of Proceeding: February 15, 1983
	Docket Number: 50-329 & 330 OL & OM
	Place of Proceeding: Midland, Michigan

Pauline James & Associates
Official Reporter (Typed)

Official Reporter (Signature)

Pauline James