

# **RULEMAKING ISSUE**

February 18, 1994

(Affirmation)

SECY-94-038

FOR:

The Commissioners

FROM:

William C. Parler General Counsel

SUBJECT:

SUPPLEMENTAL ETHICS REGULATIONS

## PURPOSE:

To obtain Commission approval of supplemental employee conduct regulations relating to outside employment and security ownership restrictions.

#### BACKGROUND:

On July 30, 1993, the Commission authorized the Office of the General Counsel (OGC) to submit proposed supplemental ethics regulations to the Office of Government Ethics (OGE) for its approval. Under the government-wide Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch issued by OGE, OGE approval is a prerequisite for promulgation of the regulations. The Commission also approved NRC Management Directives and Handbooks 7.7 and 7.8, which implement these regulations. See the July 30, 1993 Memorandum from Samuel J. Chilk to William C. Parler on SECY-93-157.

After extensive discussions which resulted in numerous editorial changes, OGC received informal approval from the Office of Government Ethics. OGE has requested that, after the Commission approves the proposed draft and signs the Federal Register Notice, the agency submit the Federal Register Notice to OGE for cosignature. The NRC will then be responsible for publication.

OGC will be revising Management Directives and Handbooks 7.7 and 7.8 to reflect the Commission directives contained in the July 30 Staff Requirements Memorandum and the text of the final rule ultimately approved by the Commission.

Controts Join Szabo, OGC 504-1610

NOTE: TO BE MADE PUBLICLY AVAILABLE WHEN THE FINAL SRM IS MADE AVAILABLE

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# OGE PROPOSED CHANGES TO THE NRC DRAFT SUBMITTED FOR THEIR APPROVAL

The following summary describes the major changes to the proposed supplemental regulations that OGE has suggested.

All of these changes are reasonable and consistent with the philosophy incorporated in the draft regulation submitted to OGE, and raise no policy issues. Most of the items listed below (as well as the numerous editorial suggestions) were requested so that NRC regulations would contain language that is consistent with other Federal agencies' supplemental conduct regulations that OGE has approved.

- 1. 5 CFR § 5801.101 (General). This new section is a standard statement of the general purposes of the supplemental regulations. It explains that the regulations apply to all NRC employees and that they supplement the government-wide standards of conduct regulations (5 CFR Part 2635). It also notifies employees that they are subject to the government-wide regulations on standards of conduct, financial disclosure, and the NRC supplemental conduct regulations.
  - 2. 5 CFR § 5801.102 (Prohibited securities).
- a). Mutual funds. The NRC proposed adding a new category of entities to the NRC prohibited securities list: an energy or utility sector investment fund which has more than 20% of its assets invested in prohibited securities or with more than 5% of its assets invested in a single prohibited security. This 20%-5% rule was adopted from OGE's definition of a wide-diversified mutual fund. However, OGE recommended, after consulting with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the operations and holdings of mutual funds, that this threshold be raised to 25% of the total assets of the fund and that there be no specific percentage limitation on an individual prohibited security that is part of the fund's portfolio.

Following the issuance of the July 30, 1993 Staff
Requirements Memorandum, OGC reviewed the prospectuses of energy
or natural resource mutual funds to determine which of these
funds NRC employees would be prohibited from owning if the
Commission promulgated the proposed regulation, which
incorporates OGE's modification. Attached is a list OGC compiled
of mutual funds that agency employees subject to the security
ownership restrictions rould be barred from owning. These
entities would be included in the next NRC prohibited securities
list, which will be published after the supplemental regulations
become effective.

b). Prohibited security list. The revised regulation makes it clear that the security ownership prohibition is not triggered until the NRC places the entity on its prohibited securities list. This avoids any inference that an employee

might be in violation of the restriction if the employee holds security interests in a company engaged in activities that qualify the entity for placement on the prohibited securities list the next time that it is issued.

- c). Definition of Securities. The regulation includes a more comprehensive definition of the term security interest.
- d). Waivers. The original proposal authorized the Chairman to grant a waiver of the requirement for divestiture of a prohibited security interest if divestiture would be "inequitable". The revised regulation is more specific on the conditions for granting a waiver. To grant a waiver, the Chairman must determine that the employee's holding of the security is not inconsistent with the standards of conduct regulations or prohibited by law and (a) is not necessary to ensure confidence in the impartiality and objectivity in administering NRC programs, or (b) legal constraints prevent divestiture. The revision specifically authorizes a waiver to a special Government employee if divestiture would result in substantial financial hardship.
- 3. 5 CFR § 5801.103 (Prior approval for outside employment). The revision adds an expanded definition of outside employment.
- 4. OGE has requested that we issue the implementing Management Directives 7.7 and 7.8 at the same time that the regulations go into effect. Because we need to revise those directives to reflect the changes contained in the July 30, 1993 Staff Requirements Memorandum and to conform the directives to the language of the revised regulations, as well as inform agency employees of the rule changes, we recommend that the rule not be made effective until 90 days after publication in the Federal Register.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

That the Commission affirm the enclosed proposed final rule.

William C. Parler General Counsel

Attachments:

1. Draft Final Rule

2. List of Proposed Prohibited Mutual Funds

Commissioners' comments or consent should be provided directly to the Office of the Secretary by COB Monday, March 7, 1994.

Commission Staff Office comments, if any, should be submitted to the Commissioners NLT Monday, February 28, 1994, with an information copy to the Office of the Secretary. If the paper is of such a nature that it requires additional review and comment, the Commissioners and the Secretariat should be apprised of when comments may be expected.

This paper is tentatively scheduled for affirmation at an Open Meeting during the Week of March 7, 1994. Please refer to the appropriate Weekly Commission Schedule, when published, for a specific date and time.

DISTRIBUTION:

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ATTACHMENT 1

Draft Final Rule

[7590-10]

### NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

#### 5 CFR Chapter XLVIII

#### 10 CFR PART 0

RINS 3209-AA00, 3209-AA04, 3209-AA15 and 3150-AE60

Supplemental Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission

AGENCY: Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Final Rule.

SUMMARY: The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), with the concurrence of the Office of Government Ethics (OGE), is issuing regulations for employees of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission that supplement the Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch issued by OGE. These supplemental regulations address outside employment by NRC employees and ownership of securities by NRC employees, their spouses, and minor children. The NRC is also repealing its current regulations on those subjects, while adding a cross-reference to the new provisions and preserving certain separable financial interest exemptions.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Final rule effective [insert date 90 days after the date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER].

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: John Szabo, Office of the General Counsel, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555, telephone: 301-504-1606.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. Background

On August 7, 1992, the Office of Government Ethics published the Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch (Standards) for codification at 5 CFR Part 2635. See 57 FR 35006-35067, as corrected at 57 FR 48557 and 57 FR 53583. These Standards, which took effect on February 3, 1993, set

uniform ethical conduct standards applicable to all executive branch personnel.

5 CFR 2635.105 authorizes executive agencies, with concurrence from OGE, to publish agency-specific supplemental regulations that are necessary to implement their ethics programs. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission, with OGE's concurrence, has determined that the following supplemental regulations, being codified in new chapter XLVIII of 5 CFR, consisting of part 5801, are necessary for successful implementation of the NRC's ethics program. By this notice, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission is also repealing the parts of its regulations which were preserved by 5 CFR 2635 pending issuance of this supplemental regulation (see the additional OGE grace period extension at 59 FR 4779-4780).

## II. Analysis of the Regulations

## Section 5801.101 General

Section 5801.101 explains that the regulations contained in the final rule apply to all NRC employees, including members of the Commission, and are supplemental to the executive branch-wide standards. Members and employees of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission also are subject to the Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch at 5 CFR part 2635, the executive branch financial disclosure regulations at 5 CFR part 2634, and additional regulations regarding their conduct published by the agency in 10 CFR part 0.

## Section 5801.102 Prohibited securities

5 CFR 2635.403(a) authorizes agencies, by supplemental regulation, to prohibit or restrict the acquisition or holding of a financial interest or a class of financial interests by agency employees based on a determination that the acquisition or holding of such interests would cause reasonable persons to question the impartiality and objectivity with which agency programs are administered. Where it is necessary to the efficiency of the service, such prohibitions or restrictions may be extended to employees' spouses and minor children.

By 10 CFR 0.735-29, the Commission has long prohibited most of its employees, their spouses, minor children, and other members of their households, from holding stocks, bonds, and other securities issued by major entities in the commercial nuclear field. Section 5801.102 imposes very similar restrictions upon designated employees, their spouses and minor children, based upon the Commission's determination that these restrictions are necessary to maintain public confidence in the impartiality and objectivity with which the NRC executes its regulatory functions. The restrictions also will help to

maintain public confidence that sensitive information relating to agency operations is not misused for private gain and will help accomplish the NRC's mission by avoiding widespread disqualification of employees from the performance of their official duties.

Section 5801.102 is narrower in scope than 10 CFR 0.735-29 in that it does not apply to all members of the employee's household. Consistent with 5 CFR 2635.403(a) and 2635.403(c)(1), it restricts only the holdings of designated employees, their spouses, and minor children. The Commission has determined that application of the securities restrictions in § 5801.102 to spouses and minor children is necessary to the efficiency of the service. As evidenced by 10 CFR 0.735-29, the NRC believes it is important to the success of its mission for regulated entities and others affected by agency decisions to have this additional degree of assurance that agency decisions are not influenced by considerations of personal gain on the part of NRC personnel.

In addition to limiting the section's application to employees, their spouses, and minor children, the Commission has made other minor revisions to the restrictions as stated in 10 CFR 0.735-29. The categories of prohibited securities set forth in § 5801.102(b) have been revised to reflect the new types of licenses established in 10 CFR part 52 and to include securities issued by State or local governments to finance low-level waste facilities. Section 5801.102(b)(8) also prohibits employees for the first time from owning securities issued by an energy or utility sector mutual fund that has invested more than 25 percent of the fund's assets in prohibited securities.

The time frames for complying with the security ownership regulations have also been modified. Under 10 CFR 0.735-29, NRC employees have had 30 days to comply after commencing employment or being promoted to a position covered by the security ownership prohibitions; one year to divest any security interest newly added to the agency's prohibited security list; and a "reasonable time" to dispose of securities inherited by gift. Consistent with 5 CFR 2635.403(d), the final rule provides a uniform 90-day period for divestiture, with extension available in cases of undue hardship.

The criteria in § 5801.102(e) for waiving the prohibition on holding a specific security have been modified to provide greater specificity. A criterion has been newly added to cover circumstances in which legal constraints prevent divestiture. One example of such a legal constraint would be the situation in which the prohibited security is held as part of the assets of a trust of which the employee is a beneficiary and where the trustee, who has sole authority to purchase and sell the assets, refuses the employee's request to sell the prohibited security.

The Commission has eliminated the requirement contained in 10 CFR 0.735-29 that employees who are subject to the security ownership restrictions certify each year that they are in compliance. Because the annual certifications have rarely revealed violations of the substantive restrictions, there is inadequate justification for continuing this requirement. However, to monitor compliance, the NRC will continue to require employees holding designated positions to certify compliance upon commencement of employment with the agency or upon promotion for the first time to a position covered by the security ownership restriction. Agency employees will also be required to report to the Office of the General Counsel in writing any prohibited securities obtained after the initial certification. This will permit the Office of the General Counsel to track required divestitures. On the effective date of this regulation, the NRC will issue Management Directive 7.7 and its accompanying Handbook which lists those agency positions covered by the security ownership restrictions. The Handbook will also describe procedures for obtaining Certificates of Divestiture and waivers from the security ownership restrictions. Both the Management Directive and Handbook will be available at the NRC Public Document Room, 2120 L Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 200555-0001. Copies will also be available in each NRC Office. Section 5801.103 Prior approval for outside employment 5 CFR 2635.803 authorizes individual agencies, by supplemental regulation, to require agency employees to obtain approval before engaging in outside employment or other outside activities. The NRC has long had the prior approval requirement, set forth in 10 CFR 0.735-40. Section 5801.103 of the final rule retains the requirement that NRC employees obtain prior written approval before engaging in outside employment with entities that are regulated by or have business with the Commission. The agency designees for approval of outside employment and internal agency procedures for obtaining the necessary approvals will be set forth in NRC Management Directive 7.8 and the accompanying Handbook. This Directive and Handbook will be issued on the effective date of this regulation and will be available in the NRC Public Document Room and in each NRC Office. III. Repeal of Superseded Portions of the NRC Conduct Regulations and Related Modifications The final rule repeals the NRC conduct regulations 10 CFR 0.735-8, 0.735-29, and 0.735-40, effective on the same day that this rule takes effect. The information collection requirements

of section 0.735-8 are no longer necessary. Section 0.735-29 will be superseded by the prohibitions on securities contained in 5 CFR 5801.102 and section 0.735-40 will be superseded by the requirements for prior approval of outside employment contained in 5 CFR 5801.103. These repeals, together with those effected by 58 FR 3825 and 29951, leave in 10 CFR part 0 only the waiver provisions of sections 0.735-21(a) and (b) which are preserved by 5 CFR 2635.402(d)(1). These paragraphs are redesignated 0.735-2(a) and (b) to follow a new section 0.735-1 which provides a cross-reference to the NRC's supplemental regulation and to the executive branch-wide financial disclosure and standards of ethical conduct regulations at 5 CFR parts 2634 and 2635.

#### IV. Matters of Regulatory Procedure

## Administrative Procedure Act

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b), the NRC finds good cause not to seek public comment on this rule. Such comment is unnecessary because the NRC is essentially repromulgating existing regulations in a different form, and the regulations pertain wholly to internal agency personnel matters that affect only NRC employees, their spouses, and minor children. To increase the likelihood of a smooth transition from the NRC's prior ethics rules to the new Government-wide standards of ethical conduct regulations, these rulemaking actions should take place as soon as possible. The rule and accompanying repeals will become effective 90 days after the date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

## Environmental Impact: Categorical Exclusion

The NRC has determined that this final rule is the type of action described in categorical exclusions 10 CFR 51.22(c)(1) and (2). Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement has been prepared for this final regulation.

## Paperwork Reduction Act Statement

This final rule contains no information collection requirements and therefore is not subject to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.).

#### Regulatory Analysis

The NRC is promulgating a supplemental regulation to OGE's Government-wide standards of conduct regulations in order to implement effectively the NRC's ethics program. This rule has no significant impact on health, safety or the environment. There is no substantial cost to licensees, the NRC, OGE, or other Federal agencies.

## Regulatory Flexibility Act

As required by the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980, 5 U.S.C. 605(b), the Commission certifies that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities because it affects only NRC employees.

## Backfit Analysis

The NRC has determined that the backfit rule, 10 CFR 50.109, does not apply to this final rule and that a backfit analysis is not required for this final rule because these supplemental regulations do not involve any provisions which would impose backfits as defined in 10 CFR 50.109.

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## 5 CFR Part 5801

Conflict of interests, Government employees.

#### 10 CFR Part 0

Conflict of interests, Criminal penalties.

| Approv    | , 1994.                           |             |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Chairman, | IVAN SELIN,<br>Nuclear Regulatory | Commission. |
| oproved:  |                                   | , 1994.     |

STEPHEN D. POTTS, Director, Office of Government Ethics.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, with the concurrence of the Office of Government Ethics, is amending title 5 of the Code of Federal Regulations and title 10, chapter I, of the Code of Federal Regulations as follows:

TITLE 5 -- [AMENDED]

1. A new chapter XLVIII, consisting of part 5801, is added to title 5 of the Code of Federal Regulations to read as follows:

#### 5 CFR CHAPTER XLVIII -- NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

PART 5801--SUPPLEMENTAL STANDARDS OF ETHICAL CONDUCT FOR EMPLOYEES OF THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Sec.

5801.101 General.

5801.102 Prohibited securities.

5801.103 Prior approval for outside employment.

Authority: 5 U.S.C. 7301; 5 U.S.C. App. (Ethics in Government Act of 1978); 42 U.S.C. 2201, 5841; E.O. 12674, 54 FR 15159, 3 CFR, 1989 Comp., p. 215, as modified by E.O. 12731, 55 FR 42547, 3 CFR, 1990 Comp., p. 306, 5 CFR 2635.105, 2635.403, 2635.803.

#### § 5801.101 General.

In accordance with 5 CFR 2635.105, the regulations in this part apply to members and other employees of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and supplement the Standards of Ethical Conduct for Employees of the Executive Branch contained in 5 CFR part 2635. In addition to the standards in 5 CFR part 2635 and this part, members and other employees are subject to the executive branch financial disclosure regulations contained in 5 CFR part 2634 and to additional regulations regarding their conduct contained in 10 CFR part 0.

#### § 5801.102 Prohibited securities.

- (a) General prohibition. No covered employee, and no spouse or minor child of a covered employee, shall own securities issued by an entity on the list described in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Prohibited securities list. Once a year, or on a more frequent basis, the Commission will publish and distribute to employees a list of entities whose securities a covered employee or the spouse or minor child of a covered employee may not own. The list shall consist of entities which are:
- (1) Applicants for or holders of early site permits, construction permits, operating licenses, or combined construction permits and operating licenses for facilities which generate electric energy by means of a nuclear reactor;
- (2) State or local governments, if the primary purpose of the security is to finance the construction or operation of a nuclear reactor or a low-level waste facility;

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- (3) Entities manufacturing or selling nuclear power or test reactors;
- (4) Architectural-engineering companies providing services relating to a nuclear power reactor;
- (5) Applicants for, or holders of, a certified standard design;
- (6) Entities licensed or regulated by the Commission to mill, convert, enrich, fabricate, store, or dispose of source or special nuclear material, or applicants for such licenses that are designated by the Commission because they are or will be substantially engaged in such nuclear fuel cycle or disposal activities;
- (7) The parent corporation of any subsidiary described in paragraphs (b)(1) (b)(6) of this section; and
- (8) An energy or utility sector investment fund which has more than 25% of its assets invested in securities issued by entities described in paragraphs (b)(1)-(b)(7) of this section.
  - (c) <u>Definitions</u>. For purposes of this section:
  - (1) A covered employee means:
    - (i) A member of the Commission;
    - (ii) The Inspector General of the NRC;
    - (iii) A member of the Senior Executive Service (SES);
    - (iv) An employee who holds a non-SES position above GG-15; and
    - (v) Any other employee, including a special Government employee, whose duties and responsibilities, as determined by the Commission or its designees, require application of the securities ownership prohibition contained in this section to ensure public confidence that NRC programs are conducted impartially and objectively. The positions of these employees are specified in NRC Management Handbook 7.7, which is available in the NRC Public Document Room; and
- (2) The term "securities" includes all interests in debts or equity instruments. The term includes, without limitation, secured and unsecured bonds, debentures, notes, securitized assets and commercial paper, as well as all types of preferred and common stock. The term encompasses both current and contingent ownership interests, including any beneficial or legal

- 9 interest derived from a trust. It extends to any right to acquire or dispose of any long or short position in such securities and includes, without limitation, interests convertible into such securities, as well as options, rights, warrants, puts, calls, and straddles with respect thereto. (d) Divestiture and reporting of prohibited securities.

- (1) Newly covered employees. Upon promotion or other appointment to a position subject to the securities prohibition of this section, a covered employee shall sign a statement identifying securities of an entity on the prohibited securities list which he, his spouse or minor child own, or, if none are owned, certifying that he, his spouse and minor child own no such securities. Except as provided in paragraph (d)(4) of this section, the newly covered employee, or his spouse or minor child, shall divest prohibited securities within 90 days after appointment to the covered position.
- (2) Newly prohibited securities. Within 30 days after publication of the prohibited securities list to which an entity's name has been added, a covered employee who owns, or whose spouse or minor child owns, prohibited securities shall make a written report of that ownership to the Office of the General Counsel. Except as provided in paragraph (d) (4) of this section, the covered employee, his spouse or minor child, shall divest prohibited securities within 90 days after publication of the prohibited securities list.
- (3) Securities acquired without specific intent. Within 30 days after a covered employee, or the spouse or minor child of a covered employee, acquires securities of an entity on the prohibited securities list as result of marriage, inheritance, gift or otherwise without specific intent to acquire the securities, the covered employee shall make a written report of the acquisition to the Office of the General Counsel. Except as provided in paragraph (d) (4) of this section, a covered employee, or the spouse or minor child of a covered employee, shall divest prohibited securities within 90 days after the date of acquisition.
- (4) Extension of period to divest. Upon a showing of undue hardship, the Chairman of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission may extend the 90 day period for divestiture specified in paragraphs (d)(l) through (d)(3) of this section.
- (5) Disqualification pending divestiture. Pending divestiture of prohibited securities, a covered employee must disqualify himself, in accordance with 5 CFR 2635.402, from participation in particular matters which, as a result of continued ownership of the prohibited securities, affect his

financial interests, or those of his spouse or minor child. Disqualification is not required where a waiver described in 5 CFR 2635.402(d) applies. Procedures for obtaining individual waivers are contained in NRC Handbook 7.7 which is available in the NRC Public Document Room.

(6) Tax treatment of gain on divested securities. Where divestiture is required by this section, the covered employee (except a special Government employee) may be eligible to defer the tax consequences of divestiture under subpart J of 5 CFR part 2634, pursuant to procedures in NRC Handbook 7.7, which is available in the NRC Public Document Room.

## (e) Waivers.

- (1) The Chairman may grant a waiver to permit a covered employee, or the spouse or minor child of a covered employee, to retain ownership of a security of an entity on the prohibited securities list upon a determination that the holding of the security is not inconsistent with part 2635 of this title or otherwise prohibited by law, and that:
  - (i) Under the circumstances, application of the prohibition is not necessary to ensure confidence in the impartiality and objectivity with which NRC programs are administered;
    - (ii) Legal constraints prevent divestiture; or
  - (iii) For a special Government employee, divestiture would result in substantial financial hardship.
- (2) Where a waiver has been granted under paragraph (e)(l) of this section, the covered employee must disqualify himself, in accordance with 5 CFR 2635.402, from participation in particular matters which, as a result of continued ownership of the prohibited security, would affect his financial interests, or those of his spouse or minor child unless he has received a waiver described in 5 CFR 2635.402(d), pursuant to procedures in NRC Handbook 7.9, which is available in the NRC Public Document Room.

## § 5801.103 Prior approval for outside employment.

- (a) An employee, other than a special Government employee, shall obtain written authorization before engaging in compensated outside employment with:
  - (1) A Commission licensee;
  - (2) An applicant for a Commission license;

- (3) An organization directly engaged in activities in the commercial nuclear field;
  - (4) A Commission contractor;
  - (5) A Commission supplier;
- (6) An applicant for or holder of a license issued by a State pursuant to an agreement between the Commission and the State;
- (7) A trade association which represents clients concerning nuclear matters; or
- (8) A law firm or other organization which is participating in an NRC proceeding or which regularly represents itself or clients before the NRC.
- (b) Requests for approval shall be submitted in writing to the agency designee specified in NRC Management Directive 7.8, which is available in the NRC Public Document Room, in accordance with procedures set forth in the accompanying NRC Handbook.
- (c) Approval of outside employment shall be granted in writing only upon a determination by the agency designee that the proposed outside employment would not violate a Federal statute or regulation, including 5 CFR 2635.
- (d) For purposes of this section, "outside employment" means any form of non-Federal employment, business relationship or activity, involving the provision of personal services by the employee. It includes but is not limited to personal services as an officer, director, employee, agent, attorney, consultant, contractor, general partner, trustee, teacher or speaker.

#### 10 CHAPTER I -- NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

#### PART 0 -- CONDUCT OF EMPLOYEES

2. The authority citation for part 0 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 25, 161, 68 Stat. 9925, 948, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2035, 2201); sec. 201, 88 Stat. 1242, as amended (42 U.S.C. 5841); E.O. 12674, 54 FR 15159, 3 CFR, 1989 Comp., p. 215, as modified by E.O. 12731, 55 FR 42547, 3 CFR, 1990 Comp., p. 306, 5 CFR 2635.105 and 2635.402(d)(1). Section 0.735-2, also issued under 5 U.S.C. 552, 553.

3. A new section 0.735-1 is added to read as follows:

§ 0.735-1 Cross-reference to employee ethical conduct standards and financial disclosure regulations.

Employees of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) are subject to the executive branch-wide Standards of Ethical Conduct at 5 CFR part 2635, the NRC regulation at 5 CFR part 5801 which supplements the executive branch-wide standards, and the executive branch-wide financial disclosure regulations at 5 CFR part 2634.

- 4. Section 0.735-21 is rcdesignated as § 0.735-2 and the heading is revised to read thereof, "Exemptions for financial interests."
  - 5. Sections 0.735-8. 0.735-29 and 0.735-40 are removed.

## ATTACHMENT 2

List of Proposed Prohibited Mutual Funds

## PROPOSED LIST OF PROHIBITED ENERGY AND UTILITY MUTUAL FUNDS

The following list was compiled from the Investment Compar: Institute's 1993-1994 Directory Of Mutual Funds. Based on the information provided from the individual funds, OGC calculated the percentages of prohibited stocks, as they were listed in the repective funds' most recent prospectuses, as exceeding 25% of the fund's total assets.

ABT UTILITY INCOME FUND, INC.

AMERICA'S UTILITY FUND, INC.

DEAN WITTER UTILITIES FUND

EATON VANCE TOTAL RETURN TRUST

FLAGSHIP UTILITY INCOME FUND (CORPORATE CASH MANAGEMENT FUND)

FIDELITY UTILITIES INCOME FUND

FIDELITY ELECTRIC UTILITIES FUND

FIDELITY UTILITIES INCOME FUND

FINANCIAL STRATEGIC UTILITIES PORTFOLIO

FORTRESS UTILITY FUND, INC.

FRANKLIN UTILITIES FUND

FRANKLIN GLOBAL UTILITIES FUND

LIBERTY UTILITIES FUND

MFS UTILITIES FUND

PILGRIM CORPORATE UTILITIES FUND

PRUDENTIAL UTILITY FUND, INC.

STRATTON MONTHLY DIVIDEND SHARES, INC.

VANGUARD UTILITIES INCOME PORTFOLIO