DUKE POWER COMPANY

ELECTRIC CENTER, BOX 33189, CHARLOTTE, N. C. 28242

L. C. DAIL VICE PRESIDENT. DESIGN ENGINEERING

January 17, 1983

SLG-83-049

C

Mr. James P. O'Reilly, Director U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region II 101 Marietta Street, Suite 3100 Atlanta, GA 30303

Re: RII:JPO

Cherokee Nuclear Station

Docket Nos. 50-491, 50-492, and 50-493

IE Bulletin 81-03

Cake File: P81-1412.11-01

Dear Mr. O'Reilly:

Attached is Duke Power Company's response to a December 10, 1982 letter requesting additional information on IE Bulletin 81-03 for Cherokee Nuclear Station.

I declare under penalty of perjury, that the statements setforth herein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Very truly yours,

L. C. Dail, Vice-President Design Engineering Department

JHS/pam

Attachment

cc: Director, Division of Engineering and Quality Assurance Office of Inspection and Enforcement U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555 DUKE POWER COMPANY
CHEROKEE NUCLEAR STATION
RESPONSE TO REQUESTED ADDITIONAL
INFORMATION ON IE BULLETIN 81-03

Number items listed below are in direct reference to IE Bulletin 81-03 and the requested additional information.

- 1. (1) Corbicula sp. are present in the Broad River which is a source of water for Cherokee Nuclear Station.
 - (4a) At present few systems have been completed and filled with water and therefore, only a discussion of intrusion potential is provided. All cooling water systems are closed loop systems: Nuclear Service Water (RN), HVAC, Low Pressure Service Water (RL) and Condenser Circulating Water (RC) systems will all be treated with sufficient biocides and/or chlorine to control clam growth. Exterior and interior fire protection systems will be protected by a combination of biocide and a system of strainers. All other non-safety related raw water intake structures will be visually inspected and clams removed by appropriate means such as physical removal, flushing, local treatment with biocide or screening/filtering procedures.
- 3.a. It is anticipated that as the various systems and ponds are filled with water, a monitoring program for clams will be established which will be similar to those in palce at operating plants.