

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE 37401

October 3, 1980

Mr. Gerald R. Brantley
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, D.C. 20585

50-327

Dear Mr. Brantley:

In the letter of
Tennessee Valley Authority

Document No. 50-327

During the initial hearing after receipt of the DOL power license for Sequoyah Nuclear Plant, a difference of interpretation arose regarding Surveillance Requirement (SR) 4.4.3.2.1 in the technical specifications. This letter documents an understanding between TVA and NRC reached during telephone conference calls on September 24 and September 26, 1980, regarding the definition of "improved" ultrasonic (UT) inspection techniques. TVA requests that NRC provide written concurrence with this understanding. TVA also requests that NRC provide clarification on the inspection intervals. Both items are discussed below.

SR 4.4.3.2.1 states in part that "...areas of the pressurizer relief line shall be examined using improved UT detection and evaluation procedures. . . ." Supplement No. 3 of the Sequoyah Safety Evaluation Report states in part "...that an augmented inspection program should be implemented for the relief line. . . as defined in NUREG-0813, Revision 1. . . ." Section III.I.3.7 of NUREG-0813 states that "improved UT techniques have been developed by certain organizations." Specific inspection techniques are not provided.

Mr. and Mrs. the NRC staff and regional offices to try to determine a suitable requirement process to satisfy SR 4.4.3.2.1. L. J. Kretschmer indicated that Lambert, McCull, and Thomas (LMT) had successfully used an "improved" UT method he developed nuclear plant. TVA called LMT to get the specified details of their inspection technique. LMT uses two 1.5 MHz transducers mounted in a pierce-back configuration. Instruments can be left on 100% as feasible and all indications are evaluated. This inspection technique is identical to the LMT method except 2.25 MHz transducers are used. Mr. Kretschmer and L. R. Crowley (NRC-0813-PLI) agreed that "VAT-approved" UT method was acceptable for the required inspections.

TVA requests that the NRC provide written concurrence of the acceptable UT method approved by NRC-0813-PLI in order to receive final resolution of the future inspection question.

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Mr. Harold R. Denton, Director

October 9, 1980

Paragraph 1 of SR 4.4.3.2.4 requires that inspections be made before entering MODE 4 whenever the unit has been in cold shutdown for 72 hours or more and the inspection has not been done in the previous six months. Paragraph 2 has a discussion of the "six-month" inspections. TVA's interpretation of the first paragraph is that a shutdown is not required after six months but that the inspections are done when the plant has been in cold shutdown for other reasons for 72 hours, but not more often than once per six months. As such, the "six-month" inspections may have an interval between inspections greater than six months. After three successful inspections, the inspection interval would be increased to 36 months, but the same interpretation logic would hold true.

TVA requests that the NRC provide written concurrence of TVA's interpretation that a plant shutdown is not required at the end of the inspection interval in SR 4.4.3.2.4 but that the inspection is to be conducted during a shutdown caused by some other reason.

Very truly yours,

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

L.M. Mills
L. M. Mills, Manager
Nuclear Regulation and Safety

Sworn to and subscribed before me
this 9th day of Oct. 1980

Donald L. White
Notary Public

My Commission Expires 9-5-84

cc: Mr. James P. O'Reilly, Director
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U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
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