LICENSEE EVENT REPORT CONTROL BLOCK: (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL REQUIRED INFORMATION) 1 (2) 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 0 3 4 CON'T 2 9 7 0 9 1 3 68 69 EVENT DATE 0 1 EVENT DESCRIPTION AND PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES (10) See attached narrative 0 4 0 6 0 7 SYSTEM CAUSE CAUSE COMP VALVE COMPONENT CODE CODE SUBCODE SUBCODE ZIZI X (12 OCCURRENCE REVISION SEQUENTIAL REPORT LER/RO EVENT YEAR REPORT NO. CODE TYPE NO. 0 2 3 LO (17) REPORT 0 3 NUMBER 32 28 ACTION FUTURE TAKEN ACTION EFFECT ON PLANT ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED NPRD-4 PRIME COMF. COMPONENT SHUTDOWN HOURS (22) FORM SUB. MANUFACTURER SUPPLIER 2 9 9 9 9 26 Z/(21) 10 10 0 0 1 X (18) Z (19 Y N (24) 01 See attached narrative 1 0 FACILITY METHOD OF DISCOVERY DESCRIPTION (32) % POWER OTHER STATUS DISCOVERY Routine Sample 9 10 ACTIVITY CONTENT LOCATION OF RELEASE (36) RELEASED OF RELEASE 2 33 2 34 10 PERSONNEL EXPOSURES DESCRIPTION (39) NUMBER TYPE 0 0 0 PERSONNEL INJURIES DESCRIPTION (41) NUMBER 0 0 0 0 40 N/A LOSS OF OR DAMAGE TO FACILITY (43) DESCRIPTION N/A PUBLICITY NRC USE ONLY DESCRIPTION (45) ISSUED. 68 69 \$701860095 NAME OPPREPAREN. R. L. Poutwell 413-625-6140 PHONE:-

LER 78-23/03L-0 Yankee Atomic Electric Company Yankee - Rowe 050-029

EVENT DESCRIPTION AND PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES

During an approximate five hour unscheduled shutdown, the dose equivalent Iodine-131 concentration of the primary coolant system exceeded 1.0 mCi/gram Dose Equivalent I-131.

The reactor was operating at approximately 98% power 48 hours prior to the shutdown. Normal cleanup flow through the primary coolant purification demineralizer was about 25 gpm. There were no degassing operations prior to, or subsequent to the shutdown.

The dose equivalent iodine concentration exceed 1.0 μ Ci/gram for one continuous interval of nine hours. The maximum concentration measured was 1.2 μ Ci/gram D.E. I-131 approximately 7 hours after shutdown. The attached table summarizes the primary coolant specific activities during the period.

During the event, all plant systems functioned normally. There was no reduction in the integrity of the systems which contained the fission products. Thus, there were no adverse affects on the public health and safety.

This LER is essentially identical to that described in LER 78-03/03L-0 and LER 78-19/03L-0.

CAUSE DESCRIPTION AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

The root cause of the problem is assumed to be a cladding defect in a single fuel rod from a second cycle Exxon Nuclear Company fuel assembly.

This possible defect was suspected and evaluated during the 1977 Core XII refueling outage. It is suspected that the cause of the defect is the failure of the welded end cap of one fuel rod. The possibility of a cladding defect. and the consequences during subsequent power operation were evaluated by Yankee and by Exxon Nuclear Company. Their report, XN-NF-77-33, predicted fission product concentration in the primary coolant as a result of a single gross cladding defect. Their predictions agreed with those of Yankee's, and, in general, with the measured fission product concentrations in the primary coolant during the first twelve months of operation.

LER-78-23/03L-0

So called spikes are a well known phenomenon associated with rapid changes in reactor thermal power. In order to minimize reoccurrence of the problem during Core XIII, reactor power will be adjusted gradually.

It is believed that the suspected defective fuel rod is contained in a second cycle assembly and will be removed during the Core XIII, XIV refueling, scheduled for October 1978.

This event was reviewed by the Plant Operational Review Committee at Meeting No. 78-46 on October 2, 1978, with no additional comments or recommendations.

DATE/TIME/CONDITIONS			I-131 µCi/gram	I-133 µCi/gram	D.E. I-131 µCi/gram	Xe-133 μCi/gra
9/12/78	0800	98% RTP	0.05	0.06	0.07	. 0.
9/13/78	0800	98% RTP	0.05	0.06		0.
9/13/78	1135	Plant Scram				. 0.
9/13/78	1300	0% RTP	0.4	0.5	0.6	
9/13/78	1415	0% RTP	0.9	0.9		
9/13/78	1620	Startup				1.
9/13/78	1900	20% RTP	0.9	0.8	1.2	,
9/13/78	2230	55% RTP	0.7			1.
9/14/78	0800	78% RTP	0.5	0.3	0.6	1.6
	9/12/78 9/13/78 9/13/78 9/13/78 9/13/78 9/13/78 9/13/78 9/13/78	9/12/78 0800 9/13/78 0800 9/13/78 1135 9/13/78 1300 9/13/78 1415 9/13/78 1620 9/13/78 1900 9/13/78 2230	9/12/78 0800 98% RTP 9/13/78 0800 98% RTP 9/13/78 1135 Plant Scram 9/13/78 1300 0% RTP 9/13/78 1415 0% RTP 9/13/78 1620 Startup 9/13/78 1900 20% RTP 9/13/78 2230 55% RTP	DATE/TIME/CONDITIONS μCi/gram 9/12/78 0800 98% RTP 0.05 9/13/78 0800 98% RTP 0.05 9/13/78 1135 Plant Scram 9/13/78 1300 0% RTP 0.4 9/13/78 1415 0% RTP 0.9 9/13/78 1620 Startup 9/13/78 1900 20% RTP 0.9 9/13/78 2230 55% RTP 0.7	DATE/TIME/CONDITIONS μCi/gram 9/12/78 0800 98% RTP 0.05 0.06 9/13/78 0800 98% RTP 0.05 0.06 9/13/78 1135 Plant Scram 9/13/78 1300 0% RTP 0.4 0.5 9/13/78 1415 0% RTP 0.9 0.9 9/13/78 1620 Startup 9/13/78 1900 20% RTP 0.9 0.8 9/13/78 2230 55% RTP 0.7 0.6	DATE/TIME/CONDITIONS μCi/gram μCi/gram μα

FUEL BURN UP

First Cycle Fuel . 11,675 MWD/MTU

Second Cycle Fuel 26,555 MWD/MTU