



CORPORATION

FINAL STATUS SURVEY REPORT FOR THE DECOMMISSIONING
OF
IRT CORPORATION 3030 CALLAN ROAD FACILITY
SNM-1405

BACKGROUND

REASON FOR DECOMMISSIONING

The facility is being returned to unrestricted use because it is no longer necessary for IRT needs. The Corporate headquarters were relocated to 6020 Cornerstone Court West and IRT no longer utilizes any Special Nuclear Materials as part of its operations. The urgency for the release of the facility is due to the landlord's (TCW Realty Advisors) request that we vacate the IRT controlled lower floor by the end of January 1994.

MANAGEMENTS APPROACH

IRT Management assigned all responsibilities for the decommissioning exercise to its Director of Safety, Mr. Kay L Crosbie, who has been associated with the Radiation Safety and Regulatory Program since the initiation of the Special Nuclear Materials License in 1973. Mr. Crosbie is a Professional Engineer (Nuclear) and possesses a B of ChE degree and a MNE degree. He has a thirty two year working history associated with radiation, radiation safety, research reactors, and experimental physics. The approach to the decommissioning is brute force. IRT operations with SNM were restricted to a very small area within on the lower floor and there were no know incidences of spills or contamination any where within the area. Almost all operations with SNM were with sealed sources; operations not associated with sealed sources were with non-dispersible solids. Because of this it was not expected to find any fixed or removable activity. To assure this, areas which had materials not as sealed sources were surveyed and wipe tested over every square foot of floor space and approximately 10 square foot of wall space up to 1 meter above floor level. Areas having to do with sealed source operations only were surveyed and wipe tested in approximately 20 square foot areas of floor space. The only problem area expected was the activation of a below ground tube which was used to store neutron sources, one of which was SNM, a $^{238}\text{PuBe}$ source. The bulk of the sources stored in the underground location were ^{252}Cf which are licensed under IRT's State of California Radioactive Material License, 2468-80.

CORPORATE HEADQUARTERS
6020 CORNERSTONE COURT WEST, SUITE 200, SAN DIEGO, CA 92121
TEL: (619) 594-4411 FAX: (619) 594-4412
TEL: (619) 592-8888

MAILING ADDRESS
P.O. BOX 85317, SAN DIEGO, CA 92186-5317

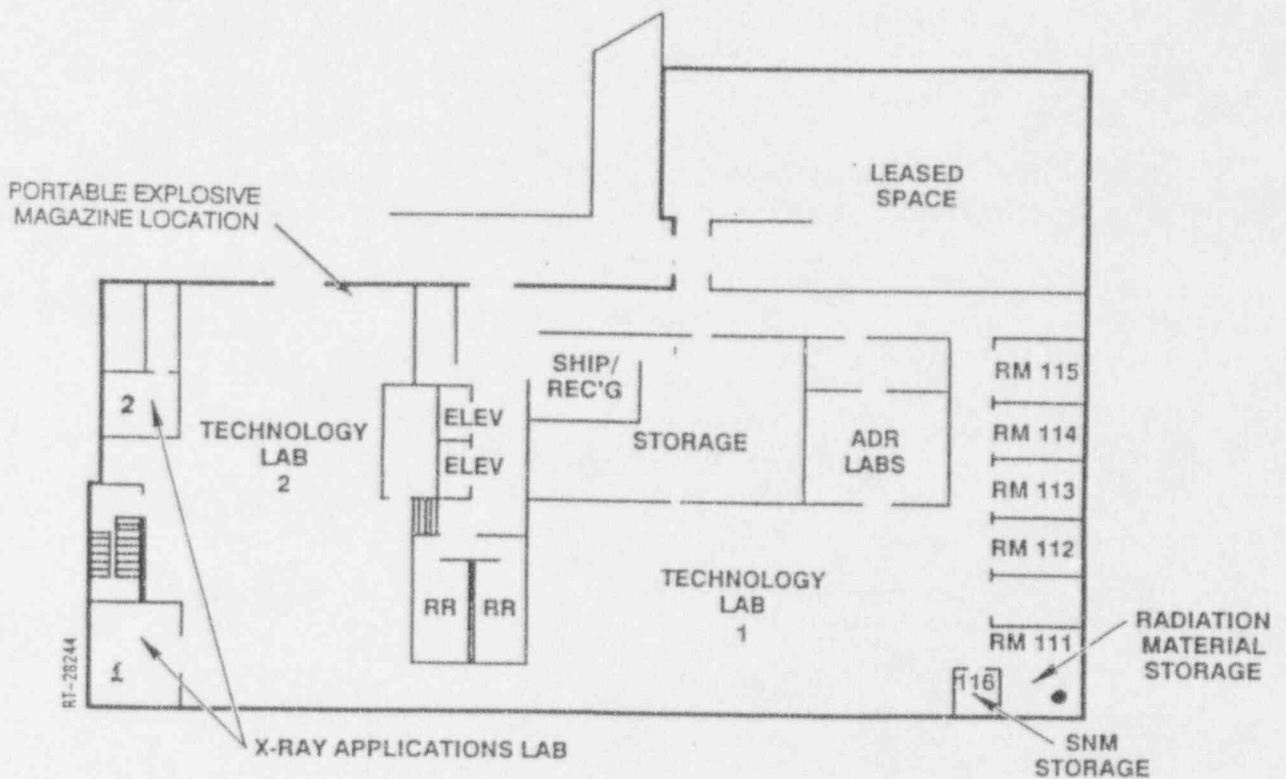
9402070096 940119
PDR ADDCK 07001359
C PDR

SITE DESCRIPTION

TYPE AND LOCATION OF FACILITY

The facility is a standard office building with a bottom floor designed for technical operations. The building is constructed of concrete and wood with a marbleized concrete exterior; the lower floor has concrete floors and walls and is below grade level at the front and at grade level at the back. The total area of the lower floor is about 20,000 square feet; the ceiling height is 9 feet.

The building is located at 3030 Callan Road in San Diego California. A plan view of the IRT controlled area is shown in the following figure.



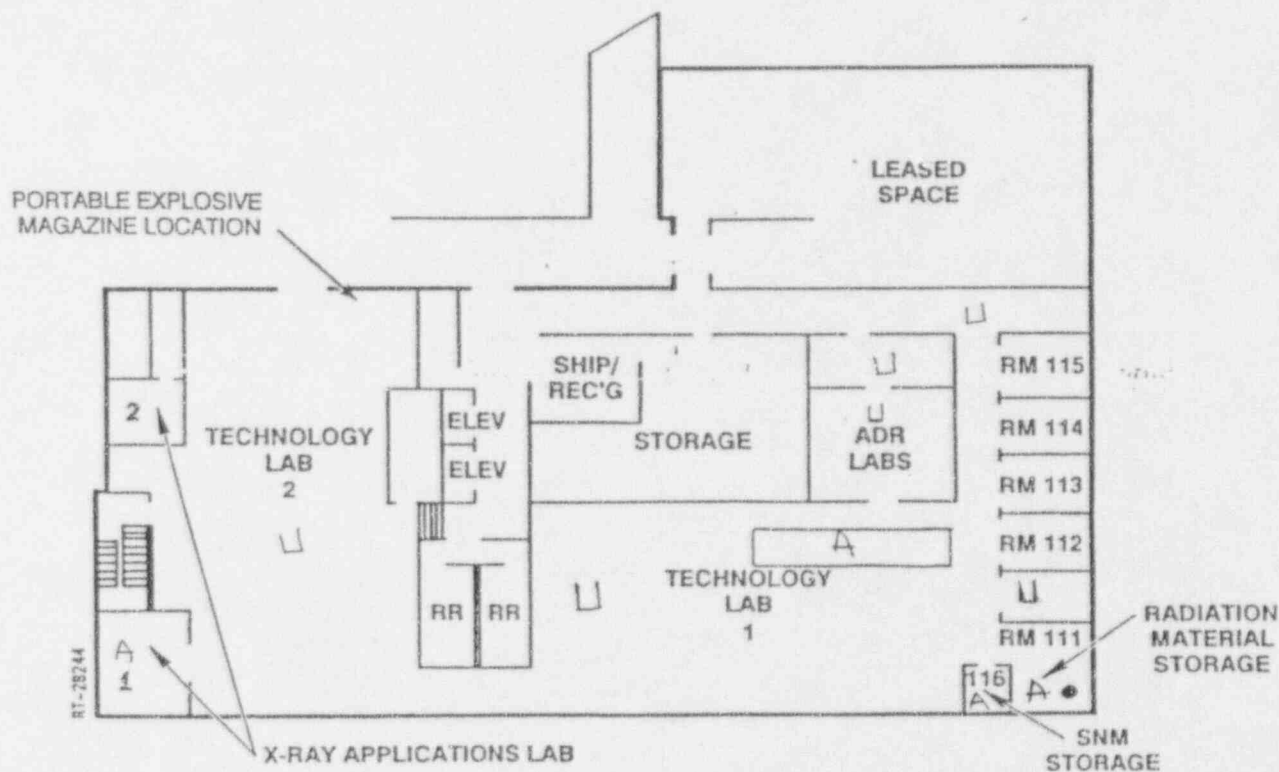
OWNERSHIP

The building is presently owned by TCW Realty Advisors of Los Angeles, California. The building was constructed in 1983 and owned by IRT Corporation until 1987 at which time it was sold and leased back to IRT Corporation.

OPERATING HISTORY

LICENSING AND OPERATIONS

This facility was licensed by the State of California, Radioactive Materials License 2468-80 for all materials other than Special Nuclear and by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission for Special Nuclear Material, SNM-1405. Exhibit 1 is a copy of the possession limits for both licenses. Please note that they reflect the possession limits which may or may not be the actual possession values. The primary type of work associated with all operations was the development of non-destructive gauges utilizing sealed isotopic sources and x-ray machines. Some of these devices were for the inspection of parts containing SNM. Activities related to SNM at this facility involved inspection systems to determine the enrichment and quality of nuclear fuel rods and just plain storage of unnecessary (excess) material awaiting disposal and/or disposition of government owned material. Regarding the SNM listed on the license, the only material used consisted of 1192 grams of 4% enriched uranium in the form of fuel rods and pellets and approximately 66 grams of fully enriched uranium in the form of a clean but "classified" fuel plate from the Naval Reactors Program. The operations involved (1) insertion of 347 grams into a stainless steel tube to simulate a fuel rod and the use of a test rod containing 845 grams with the subsequent removal of the pellets from both rods and (2) x-raying the fuel plate to look for defects. The following figure shows the location of each of these operations.



The loading and unloading operations took place in room 111, storage was in room 116; the rod scanner testing was done in the Technology Lab 1 area shown just outside of the ADR Lab; the X-ray operations were conducted in Applications Lab 1 adjacent to Technology Lab 2.

The loading operation of the 347 grams into a tube were conducted March 5 1987 in Room 111. Contamination survey results taken at the end of this operation indicated that gross beta was less than 30 dpm and the gross alpha was less than 5 dpm on the finished tube, the tools used, and the vials which contained the pellets. The used vials were placed in the radioactive waste container for ultimate disposal. The testing operation with the simulated fuel rods took place intermittently over the next few months; when not in use, the fuel rods were stored in the SNM vault, room 116. At the completion of the program the rods were placed in storage. X-ray testing of the UNC fuel plate took place from April 21, 1986 through April 25, 1986, with the plate being returned to storage between operations and at the end of the program. The subsequent removal of the fuel pellets from the aforementioned rods took place on June 30, 1990 in Room 111. Contamination measurements following the removal showed less than 30 dpm gross beta and less than 5 dpm gross alpha on either rod, the collection tray, the bottom of the hood, the floor around the hood, and the 4 containers in which the pellets were placed; the wipes covered 100 cm² or less. The pellets were poured out of the rods into plastic bags and the bags placed in metal containers. These containers were put in the storage vault, Room 116, awaiting ultimate transfer to the Arjons facility SNM vault and to disposal.

Storage of SNM involved all materials on hand at various and sundry times. Among the materials was a ²³⁸PuBe neutron source. Because of its activity it was stored in an aluminum tube inside a mineral oil filled 10 inch diameter stainless steel tube situated vertically in the ground with the opening in the corner of Room 111. Also stored in this tube within individual aluminum tubes were a number of ²⁵²Cf neutron sources carried under our California License. The PuBe source remained here for 6 and 2/3 years and had a neutron output of 3.8×10^7 neutrons/sec; the average quantity of Cf was 245 micrograms for 9 and 1/2 years with a neutron output of 5.8×10^8 neutrons/second (2.4×10^6 /microgram.) The time weighted ratio of the total neutron production is 18.5 to 1 in favor of the ²⁵²Cf neutrons. Other PuBe sources were stored in their own shipping drums and were subsequently returned to DOE as government owned equipment. All SNM has been transferred from the Callan Road facility to the Arjons facility or to waste disposal. Exhibit 2 shows the transfer information on materials shipped from Callan Road. Exhibit 3 shows the relative amounts of ²⁵²Cf and ²³⁸PuBe over the years this facility has been licensed.

WASTE DISPOSAL PRACTICES

There are no waste disposal practices which would impact the the contamination status of the facility. No waste has been buried nor disposed of through the sanitary sewer system. There have been no incidences of spills nor has there been any evidence of contamination identified through routine surveys and sealed source leak testing operations.

DECOMMISSIONING ACTIVITIES

OBJECTIVES

The objective was to show that the facility was ready for decommissioning in its present condition. It was not expected to find any fixed or significant removable contamination. The only possible exception to the release without variance was the activation which had occurred in the neutron source storage tube; it was assumed that the majority of the activation was a result of the ²⁵²Cf sources licensed by the State of California and therefore not a subject of this decommissioning effort.

RESULTS OF PREVIOUS SURVEYS

Previous surveys were routine and associated with the operations, not with decommissioning thoughts. Based upon the results of these surveys over the years, it was concluded that the facility might be ready in its present condition.

DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

N/A

FINAL SURVEY PROCEDURES

SAMPLING PARAMETERS

Even though there were no areas of potential high level or medium level of contamination, the approach to sampling consisted of covering the two rooms which involved operations with materials that were not specifically sealed sources in detail, and to cover other areas where SNM was used in a less defined pattern. The two areas were monitored 100% in that wipes were made over each square foot of floor space as were direct measurements of gross beta/gamma and alpha. Each wipe sample covered a minimum area of 900 cm² (1 square foot) and the wipes were analyzed for gross beta/gamma and alpha activity. A portion of the wipes were also analyzed for ³H. The sanitary sewer drain in Room 111 was wiped around the throat and inside as deep as permissible, approximately 4 inches. A laboratory hood with HEPA filter, which had been initially located in Room 111, was removed in 1991 and relocated to another controlled area at our Linear Accelerator Facility, also licensed. At the time of the removal, wipe and activity surveys were taken and revealed no significant activity above background and no significant smearable activity on the hood or ductwork, inside or out. Other areas of SNM use were covered in the same manner but over larger unit areas of approximately 20 square feet, still maintaining the 1 square foot of wipe area. It was brought to our attention that the walls of the various areas should also be considered. Since there were no areas of measurable floor contamination a grid pattern of approximately 12 square feet was selected. Alpha and beta/gamma scans were made in both affected and unaffected areas revealing no measurable activity above instrument background. Subsequent measurements were made on the affected areas at contact with the floor and 1 meter above the the floor for gross beta/gamma (thin window G/M Pancake detector and scalar system) and dose rate (micro R meters) respectively. The same measurements were made on the unaffected areas for comparison. It should be noted that there was no significant difference between the measurements in affected and unaffected areas for all direct measurements and wipe surveys. Looking at the "calculated" Minimum Detectable Activity for each instrument, most measurements of fixed or removable surface activity are less than the MDA, and hence within the NRC Guideline Release Limits. A few ³H wipes revealed levels above the MDA, but only a small percentage of the State of California Guideline Release Limits. The induced activity in the neutron source storage pipe was estimated (simple calculation) based upon the required flux necessary to produce the dose rate as measured with a pressurized ionization chamber survey instrument.

The calculated activity per unit mass was found to be above the concentration limits for release to an unrestricted area from both the NRC regulations and the State of California regulations. It is suggested that the storage tube be left in its present condition and filled with concrete. The activity is located approximately 7 feet below floor level and is not accessible and presents no threat to personnel or the environment. Jurisdiction over this tube must be established.

BACKGROUND/BASELINE LEVELS IDENTIFIED

There were no background/baseline levels established for this site per se. The intent was to have no measurable activity above normal background for the San Diego area with respect to the average dose rate. This value is purported to be approximately 15 microR/hr. The baseline for the fixed surface contamination activity was no more than twice the normal instrument background and for removable surface activity it was no more than twice the minimum detectable for our wipe counting system which we have determined to be approximately 30 dpm for gross beta/gamma activity and approximately 5 dpm for alpha activity.

MAJOR CONTAMINANTS IDENTIFIED

There are no major contaminants. The activation in the neutron storage tube was determined to be ^{60}Co and ^{54}Mn . These estimated concentration levels are 60 picoCuries/gram of Cobalt and 165 picoCuries/gram of Manganese. These isotopes are located in the stainless steel storage tube in Room 111 and are in a band approximately 3 feet high with the midpoint location approximately 7 feet below the floor level. There is no measurable activity above the pipe at floor level greater than the room background of 14 microR/hr. The activation was induced by neutrons from ^{252}Cf and $^{238}\text{PuBe}$ sources. The relative abundance ratio was estimated to be 18.5 to 1, Cf to Pu. These sources were stored inside aluminum tubes for identification and access. The bundle of aluminum tubes were suspended in the stainless steel storage tube which was filled with technical grade mineral oil. When the tube bundle was removed from the storage tube and allowed to drip dry there was no measurable removable contamination and direct radiation measurements were less than twice background which was expected since most activation products associated with aluminum are short-lived. After the oil was removed from the storage tube, standard wipe test revealed that there was no detectable removable contamination on the storage tube. The oil was subsequently sampled and the sample analyzed for gamma activity. No isotopes were identified with concentrations above the release limits for unrestricted use. Both the tube bundle and the removed oil were relocated to the Linear Accelerator facility for storage and subsequent disposal (we found a dead mouse or rat in the oil when we ladled it out of the tube). Needless to say we did not analyze the mouse, it is still in the waste oil drum.

GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED

The Guidelines utilized for the survey are from the State of California Acceptable Surface Contamination Levels in "Facilities and Equipment to Unrestricted Use, DECON-1," State of California which also references "Guidelines for Decontamination of Facilities and Equipment Prior for Unrestricted Use or Termination of Licenses for Byproduct, Source or Special Nuclear Material," U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, May 1987. The particular tables showing the limits are provided as Exhibit 4.

EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES SELECTED

There was no selection process. For the most part the job was straight forward and the equipment we use for routine surveying and contamination measurements is adequate for the job, standard wipe counting equipment for gross beta/gamma and alpha, thin window pancake GM detectors, alpha scintillation detectors, and ionization detector survey instruments. It was necessary for outside assistance for a portable sodium iodide scintillation system with multichannel analyzer for determining the specific isotopes present in the activated neutron source storage tube and for the determination of tritium activity on wipe samples. A liquid scintillator system is required and we do not possess one at this time, and it was not feasible to purchase one since tritium use is a thing of the past for IRT. The procedures as mentioned earlier in this section were to extensively survey every affected area and to monitor the unaffected areas in a less severe fashion. In case of discovery of contaminated areas, they would be cleaned and resurveyed on the spot.

INSTRUMENTS AND EQUIPMENT

The following instruments were used in the course of the survey:

Instrument 1 --Ludlum Model 14 Ratemeter with HP210 Pancake detector; Calibrated 3/4/93; Due 3/4/94; Recalibrated as check on 11/2/93. This instrument is calibrated on an annual basis by on outside service and is used for routine detection operations. This was used in the survey for scanning surfaces for fixed activity by observing the relative count rates for each area of interest and for determining the dose rate (rads/min) in the neutron source storage tube. It was also used for determining the relative activity along the length of the storage tube. The calibration factor was determined to be 0.23 rads/hr per 1000 counts/min.

The calculated scan mode MDA based upon a background (detector face shielded) of 24 counts/minute, a time constant of 3 sec with a measured efficiency of 0.288 for the standard beta source and an active area of 15 cm² is 1700 dpm/100cm².

Instrument 2 --Eberline PAC-1SA scintillation Alpha Survey Meter with 1/2 mil aluminized mylar window, AC-3-7 Probe; Calibrated 6/8/93; Due 6/8/94. This instrument was used to determine the fixed alpha surface activity by observing the relative count rate in areas of interest. The efficiency was determined by measuring its response to the standard ^{239}Pu alpha source.

The calculated scan mode MDA based upon a background of 10 counts/minute, a time constant of 2.5 seconds, a measured efficiency of 0.173 for the standard alpha source, and an active area of 59 cm^2 is $500\text{ dpm}/100\text{cm}^2$.

Instrument 3 --Victoreen 450P microR Pressurized Ionization Chamber Survey Instrument; Calibrated 3/4/93; Due 3/4/94. This instrument is calibrated annually by an outside service. This instrument has a relatively flat response for all energies above 80 kev.

Instrument 4 --Eberline Model BC-4 Beta Counting System; Calibrated each day of use with standard beta $^{90}\text{Sr}/^{90}\text{Yt}$ source; Due next use.

The calculated MDA based upon the 27 cpm background and the measured efficiency with the standard beta source of 0.378 is 72 dpm. We have always used 30 dpm as the minimum detectable based upon ignoring any count below 2.24 sigma, the 95% confidence level of the background count. This is what the measurement data report shows--- < 30 dpm.

Instrument 5 --Eberline Model SAC-4 Alpha Counting System; Calibrated each day of use with standard alpha ^{235}Pu source for efficiency determination; Due next use.

The MDA for this instrument is also based upon the 95% confidence level of the background and since the background is only a fraction of a count per minute, the procedure is to require at least 2 counts above this fraction to be real. With a measured efficiency of 0.39 for the standard alpha source the MDA is taken as 5 dpm.

Instrument 6 --Packard 1600-TR Liquid Scintillation Counting System; Calibrated each day of use with standard ^3H source; Due next use. This system is located at the Salk Institute which provided the counting services for tritium activity.

The MDA is given with the data report as 100 dpm.

Instrument 7 --HP210 Pancake GM detector with Technical Associates model FS8 scaler; calibrated each day of use with standard beta $^{90}\text{Sr}/^{90}\text{Yt}$ source for efficiency determination. This instrument was used to determine the the dpm/100 cm² at a number of locations in affected and unaffected areas for comparison and to provide a better measure of the scanning operations. In conducting the scanning operations, only the count rate was recorded; this system was used to provide better data in the appropriate units.

The calculated MDA for this instrument with a measured background (face of detector shielded) of 24 cpm, a measured efficiency of 0.29, and an active area of 15 cm² is 590 dpm/100cm². The same argument applies for this system as for the BC-4 system. If it is considered that any counts above the 95% confidence level of the background are indicative of contamination, the MDA becomes 250 dpm/100 cm².

Instrument 8 --Ludlum Model 19 micro R meter; calibrated annually by an outside service; calibrated 1/94 due 1/95; used to measure dose rates for background measurements and to confirm Victoreen Model 450P measurements. This instrument was borrowed specifically to measure background directly in the microR realm. The 450P requires "eyeball integration" over a wide range of digital indications to determine the average background at very low levels since the minimum full-scale reading is 500 microR. Measurements in the 10's of microR are necessarily on a poor section of the scale, no matter that the readout is digital. The same argument applies for the integration mode of operation.

INSTRUMENT USE TECHNIQUES

The procedures were straight forward. Scanning activities were conducted in a step wise fashion in that the movement of the detectors was not continuous. This was to allow the instruments to respond to each area. This was especially important for the alpha survey instrument because of the nature of the decay process and the absence of significant amounts of alpha contamination. The instruments were used and operated in accordance with the manufacturer's manuals.

PROCEDURES FOLLOWED

As previously discussed, the procedural approach was to survey in detail the affected areas and to survey in less detail all unaffected areas. Because of the nature of our operations and the form of the materials utilized in this facility it was anticipated that there would be no measurable contamination, either fixed or removable.

It was known that there would be some activation associated with the neutron source storage tube, but the magnitude was unknown. The delay between the removal of the sources and the actual commencement of the survey operations was expected to be somewhat longer than the 258 days that elapsed. For some unexplained reason the building owner expedited the vacating of the facility by IRT. Once the concentration of the isotopes were estimated from the measurements it was known that the limits for an unrestricted area were exceeded. The big question was how much of a threat was this activity to personnel and the environment.

Because of its location and the minimal threat, we petitioned the State of California to allow us to leave the tube in place and fill it with concrete. No statistical studies were conducted to determine the extent of the survey and how many samples or measurements would be required to satisfy the release criteria. It was arbitrarily decided to do a 100% area survey in those areas which had used or stored uncontained materials. These two locations were Room 111 and Room 116.

SURVEYING ORGANIZATION

No major decontamination activities were anticipated so the survey was conducted by the IRT Corporation Director of Safety/Radiation Safety Officer whose credentials were described earlier. A confirmatory check survey and review of our initial results was conducted by Occupational Services Incorporated. This is a local firm owned and operated by Mr. Nicola Rinaldi who has over 20 years experience as a practicing Health Physicist and Radiation Safety Officer. Occupational Services also provided counting services for ^3H activity.

SURVEY FINDINGS

The overall results of the survey show that the measured contamination levels and radiation levels at the facility are not significantly greater than normal background and well below the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the State of California release criteria. Activation of the neutron source storage tube shows concentration levels of the identified isotopes to be greater than the limits for an unrestricted area.

The differences between activities in the affected and unaffected areas were indistinguishable. Averaged group data of measurements in both types of areas were compared and found to be the same with regard to surface measurement raw data. Since the same detection system, the HP210 probe with the FS 8 scaler, the raw counts were averaged. The unaffected areas averaged 57 ± 3 cpm and the affected areas averaged 56 ± 4 cpm, clearly showing that the licensed activities had no effect on the natural background associated with the building. In $\text{dpm}/100\text{cm}^2$, the averages are 760 and 740 respectively. Direct measurements of the radiation dose rate at 1 meter above the surface of the floor ranged from 13 to 16 $\mu\text{R}/\text{hr}$ in both types of areas, again showing that the licensed activities had no effect on the normal background.

TECHNIQUES FOR REDUCING/EVALUATING DATA

There were no special techniques for reducing and evaluating the data. All computations utilized standard calculational techniques and the bulk of the data was direct reading in the proper units based upon measured efficiencies and calculated MDA's. The only unique evaluation was the determination of the induced activity in the neutron storage tube. This involved direct measurement of the dose rate in the center of the tube over the active area and back calculating the photon flux necessary to achieve the measured dose rate. The activation was distributed non-uniformly over the active area, i.e. the vertical distribution varied over a three foot span peaking in the middle of this span and dropping off to background approximately 18 inches either side of the peak. Circumferentially the dose rate was uniform. In order to determine the concentration of the activity it was necessary to integrate the dose rate along the vertical traverse and determine average doserate over the entire activated area. This turned out to be approximately 97 microR averaged over the entire three feet or approximately 210 microR averaged over 18 inches. The isotopes had been identified as ^{60}Co and ^{84}Mn so the concentration for each isotope was calculated assuming that the total contribution came from that particular isotope. Flux conversion factors were obtained from the Radiological Health Handbook for each isotope and the activity was calculated. The mass of the steel in the activated area was calculated and from these two numbers the concentration of each isotope was estimated. These concentrations were 1.2×10^{-10} Curies per gram and 3.3×10^{-10} Curies per gram, respectively. The relative contribution of each isotope to the total activity was estimated by comparing the flux to dose conversion factors and by looking at stainless steel activation data from past activation experiments. The flux to dose conversion factors from page 132 of the referenced document were comparable for both isotopes and the activation data decayed to the time period between removal of the sources and measurement of the dose rate, 258 days, showed that activities of ^{60}Co and ^{54}Mn were also comparable. For these reasons it was assumed that the isotopes made equivalent contributions to the dose rate. This then gave a concentration for the ^{60}Co of 6×10^{-11} Curies per gram and a concentration of 17×10^{-11} Curies per gram for ^{54}Mn . Both of these values are above the limits for an unrestricted area. The fact that the activated area is some 7 feet below ground level and unaccessible to personnel makes leaving the tube in the ground a viable alternative to removing it, especially if the tube is back-filled with concrete.

STATISTICAL EVALUATION

As previously noted there was no statistical methodology employed to selectively sample to provide a true representation of the data with the guidelines.

Full coverage of the affected areas using the statistical requirements for the MDA determination of the instruments should make the measurements a true representation of the data as applied to the guidelines. The following table compares the findings and the release criteria as defined by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. The data sheets for all measurements and the activity calculation is given in Exhibit 5.

COMPARISON WITH GUIDELINES

NUCLIDE	GUIDELINE FIXED AVERAGE DPM/100SQCM	SURVEY ALL AREAS	GUIDELINE REMOVABLE DPM/100SQCM	SURVEY ALL AREAS
U-NAT,U-235,U-238 & DECAY PROD	5000 ALPHA	500 (MDA)	1000 ALPHA	LESS THAN 0.5
BETA/GAMMA EMITTERS DECAY MODES OTHER THAN ALPHA	3000BETA/GAMMA	380 (MDA)	1000 BETA/GAMMA	LESS THAN 4
TRITIUM	20000	NOT DETERMINED	4000	26 MAXIMUM

SUMMARY

IRT Corporation relocated the Corporate Headquarters approximately 14 months ago and are now required to vacate the facility located at 3030 Callan Road in the city of San Diego, State of California. The building owner, TCW Realty Advisors, has suddenly required that we vacate building completely in short order. Licensed activities were conducted on the lower floor of this facility. These activities were primarily storage and the use of non-dispersible materials for the development of detectors and non-destructive test equipment. To facilitate the exodus, we jumped directly into the measurement program to demonstrate that the facility was suitable for unrestricted use with regard to contamination and background radiation levels. The only possible exception was activation caused by the storage of neutron sources. A program of complete coverage of all areas in which uncontained materials were used was selected with less severe coverage of other areas. Operations and previous routine surveys throughout the course of the occupancy of this facility essentially precluded finding any significant contamination. Standard survey and detection instruments were used for the measurements and outside services were solicited for analysis which we could not perform.

The program was successful in demonstrating the the facility was, as expected, able to meet the requirements of both the NRC and State guidelines without major decontamination activities. The sole exception is related to the activation of a neutron source storage tube buried in the ground. The location of the activated area and the inaccessibility of the area lends it suitable for leaving the tube in position and back-filling it with concrete.

With the approval of the suggested method for dealing with the activated tube, all other release criteria have been met and the facility can be released for unrestricted use. It is therefore requested that the facility be released at this time.

SUBMITTED BY:



K. L. CROSBIE, P.E.
DIRECTOR OF SAFETY/RADIATION SAFETY OFFICER

EXHIBIT 1

LICENSES

SMN 1405 AND CAL 2458-80



UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

JAN 3 1 1986

FCUP:RDC
70-1359
SNM-1405, Amendment No. 1

IRT Corporation
ATTN: Paul R. Maschka
Radiation Safety Officer
P. O. Box 83517
San Diego, California 92138-5317

Gentlemen:

In accordance with your application dated October 18, 1985, and pursuant to Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 70, Special Nuclear Material License No. SNM-1405 is hereby amended to add 8221 Arjons Road as an authorized place of use and to change the possession limits. Accordingly, Conditions 6, 7, and 8 shall read as follows:

6. Byproduct, source, and/or special nuclear material	7. Chemical and/or physical form	8. Maximum amount that licensee may possess at any one time under this license
A Pu (75% Pu-239)	Sealed Sources	30 grams
B Pu (75% Pu-239)	Mixed oxide fuel rods as sealed sources	365 grams
C Pu (75% Pu-239)	Any	1 gram
D Pu (75% Pu-239)	PuBe Neutron Sources	33 grams
E Pu (80% Pu-238)	PuBe Neutron Sources	2 grams
F Pu-236	Any	10×10^{-9}
G Pu-242	Any	5×10^{-4}
H U-235	Sealed Sources	200 grams
I U-235	Any	5 grams
J U-235	Sealed Sources	200 grams
K U-235	Any	5 grams
L U-235	Mixed oxide fuel rods as sealed sources	284 grams
M U-235	Sealed Sources	1400 grams
N U-235	Non-dispersible solid	300 grams*
O U-235	Any	10 grams

* This 300 grams of non-dispersible solid material is included as a part of the 1400 gram limit for the U-235 as sealed sources (M).

8602060178 Jff.

JAN 31 1986

F. Safeguards

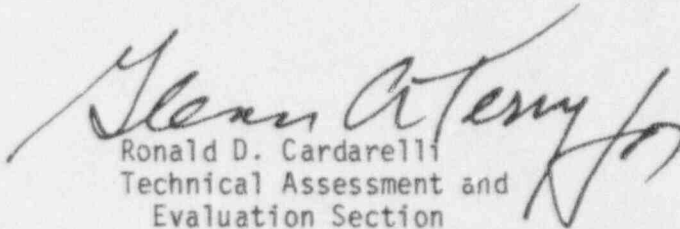
The staff has reviewed the safeguards aspects of the proposed amendment and has recommended approval.

G. Region V


The amendment application was discussed with R. D. Thomas of Region V. He indicated that all of the Region's concerns had been adequately addressed and that Region V had no objections to amending the license as requested in IRT's amendment application.

Conclusions/Recommendations

The staff has reviewed IRT's amendment application dated October 18, 1985, and finds that IRT's proposed changes are adequate to protect the health and safety of the public or the environment. The staff therefore recommends approval of the amendment.


Ronald D. Cardarelli
Technical Assessment and
Evaluation Section
Uranium Fuel Licensing Branch
Division of Fuel Cycle and
Material Safety, NMSS

Approved by:



William T. Crow, Acting Chief

RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL LICENSE

Pursuant to the California Administrative Code, Title 17, Chapter 5, Subchapter 4, Group 2, Licensing of Radioactive Material, and in reliance on statements and representations heretofore made by the licensee, a license is hereby issued authorizing the licensee to receive, use, possess, transfer, or dispose of radioactive material listed below; and to use such radioactive material for the purpose(s) and at the place(s) designated below. This license is subject to all applicable rules, regulations, and orders of the Department of Health Services now or hereafter in effect and to any conditions specified in this license.

<p>1. Licensee IRT Corporation P.O. Box 80817 2. Address San Diego, CA 92138</p> <p>Attention: Paul R. Maschka Radiation Safety Officer</p>	<p>3. License No. 2468-80 is hereby amended in its entirety. Amendment No. 33</p> <p>4. Expiration date December 20, 1989</p> <p>5. Inspection agency Div. of Occupational Safety & Health - S</p>	
<p>6. Nuclide</p> <p>A. Hydrogen-3</p> <p>B. Any radionuclide with Atomic Numbers 3-83 inclusive, except: (1) Strontium-90 and (2) Lead-210</p> <p>C. Any radionuclide with Atomic numbers, 3 - 83 inclusive.</p> <p>D. Any radionuclide with Atomic Numbers 84 and above, except: (1) Source material, and (2) Special Nuclear Material</p> <p>E. Any radionuclide with Atomic Numbers 84 and above, except: (1) Source material, and (2) Special Nuclear Material</p>	<p>7. Form</p> <p>A. Any</p> <p>B. Any</p> <p>C. Sealed sources</p> <p>D. Any</p> <p>E. Sealed sources</p>	<p>8. Possession limit</p> <p>A. Total not to exceed 100 millicuries 21 Curies Amend. 39</p> <p>B. Not to exceed 1 millicur for any one radionuclide total not to exceed 100 millicuries</p> <p>C. Total not to exceed 12 Curies.</p> <p>D. Not to exceed 5 millicur for any one radionuclide total not to exceed 100 millicuries.</p> <p>E. Total not to exceed 15 C</p>

(cont'd)

RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL LICENSE

continued

Supplementary Sheet

6. Nuclide (cont'd)	7. Form (cont'd)	8. Possession limit (cont'd)
F. Any radionuclide except: (1) Source Material, and (2) Special Nuclear Material	F. Sealed Sources	F. Total not to exceed 120 ()
G. Source Material	G. Any	G. 100 pounds
H. Strontium-90	H. Any	H. Total not to exceed 10 millicurie. <i>Amend. 44</i>
I. Lead-210	L. Any	L. Total not to exceed 1 millicurie.
J. Californium-252	J. Sealed sources	J. Total not to exceed 28 Curies (50 milligrams)
K. Any radionuclide, except: (1) Source material, and (2) Special Nuclear Material	K. Solid components of neutron activated materials	K. Total not to exceed 10 C
L. Any radionuclide except: (1) Source material, and (2) Special Nuclear Material	L. Mixed fission products and induced radioactive materials as contained in equipment and facilities activated by electrons, photons or neutrons.	L. Total not to exceed 500 curies. ()
M. Hydrogen-3	M. Accelerator targets (Safety Light Corporation) <i>or Amersham Amend. 40</i>	M. Total not to exceed 500 curies. <i>230</i>
N. Hydrogen-3	N. Contamination of neutron generators and associated equipment	N. Total not to exceed 100 curies.
O. Uranium, Natural or depleted	O. Metal	O. 10,000 pounds. <i>1000</i>
P. Cobalt-60	P. Sealed source (Picker Model Number P3801A) <i>or AMS Mod. AMS-3802</i>	P. 1 source not to exceed 1600 Curies. (cont')

amend. 37

RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL LICENSE

continued

Supplementary Sheet

6. Nuclide (cont'd)	7. Form (cont'd)	8. Possession limit (cont'd)
Q. Any radionuclide except Alpha emitters	Q. Solid components of activated materials	Q. Total not to exceed 1 millicurie.
R. Cobalt-60	R. Sealed Sources (AECL Model No. 198)	R. Total not to exceed <i>2ea = 26,400 Ci each</i> 35,000 2000 Curies: <i>amend #</i>
S. Californium-252	S. Sealed sources (General Electric Gen-CF-100 or Monsanto REsearch Corp. 2765)	S. Six sources not to exceed six millicuries each (12 micrograms), and 36 millicuries (72 microgram total).
T. Americium-241	T. Sealed Sources (Isotope Products Model 245S)	T. Six sources not to exceed 50 millicuries and 300 millicuries total.
U. Cadmium-109	U. Sealed Sources (Isotope Products Model 245 B)	U. Six sources not to exceed 50 millicuries and 300 millicuries total.
V. Any radionuclide	V. Contamination on materials used for tests of leakage and/or contamination.	V. Total not to exceed 1 millicurie.
W. Cesium-137	W. Sealed Sources (Industrial W. Nucleonics custom source)	W. Two sources not to exceed 20 Curies each.
X. Californium-252	X. Sealed Sources (Savannah River Model SR-CF-100 or Monsanto Research Corp. Model 2765 or General Electric GEN-CF-100)	X. Four sources not to exceed 215 millicuries (430 micrograms) each.
Y. Californium-252	Y. Sealed Sources (Savannah River Model SR-CF-100, or General Electric GEN-CF-100 or Monsanto Research Corp. Model 2765.)	Y. Total not to exceed 11 Curies (20 Milligrams), each source not to exceed 6 Curies (11 Milligrams)

(cont'd)

continued

RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL LICENSE

Supplementary Sheet

6. Nuclide (cont'd)	7. Form (cont'd)	8. Possession limit (cont'd)
2. Any radionuclide with Atomic numbers 3-83 inclusive, except: (1) Strontium-90, and (2) Lead-210	2. Any	2. Not to exceed 100 microcuries for any one radionuclide; 1 millicurie to
AA. Strontium-90	AA. Any	AA. Total not to exceed 100 microcuries
AB. Lead-210	AB. Any	AB. Total not to exceed 100 microcuries
AC. Any radionuclide with Atomic number 84 and above except: (1) Source material (2) Special Nuclear Material	AC. Any	AC. Not to exceed 1 millicurie for any one radionuclide and 5 millicuries maximum
AD. Any radionuclide with Atomic numbers 3-83, inclusive	AD. Sealed Sources	AD. Total not to exceed 100 Curies.
AE. Any radionuclide with Atomic Numbers 84 and above, except: (1) Source Material (2) Special Nuclear Material (3) Californium-252	AE. Sealed Sources	AE. Total not to exceed 5 Curies.
AF. Californium-252	AF. Sealed Sources	AF. Total not to exceed 20 millicuries (40 Micrograms)
AG. Uranium, natural or depleted	AG. Metal	AG. 5000 pounds.

(cont'd)

EXHIBIT 2
SMN TRANSFER DOCUMENTS

1. NAME: IRT Corporation
 STREET ADDRESS: P.O. Box 85317
 CITY: San Diego STATE: CA ZIP CODE: 92138

2. DOE/ERIC FORM 248M ATTACHED: YES NO

3. INVENTORY DATE: 2-11-93

4. REPORTING IDENTIFICATION SYMBOL (RIS): XBC

5. LICENSE NUMBER(S): CA-2468-80
 SMR-1405

7. TOTALS	8. BATCH DATA	9. TITLE		10. DATE	
		11. ENDING INVENTORY - NOT DOE OWNED	12. TOTAL (Lines 81-82)	13. BIAS ADJUSTMENT	14. DATE
1.0	1.0	1.3	1.0	4-2-93	

SECTION B COUNTRY CONTROL NUMBER DATA			
1. COUNTRY CONTROL NUMBER	2. ELEMENT WEIGHT	3. ISOTOPE WEIGHT	4. TOTAL WEIGHT
112 12 11.00	1.3	1.0	1.3

SECTION C CERTIFICATION

To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information given above and in any attached schedules is true, complete, and correct.

SIGNATURE: K. T. Cronshaw, P.E. TITLE: Radiation Safety Officer DATE: 4-12-93

To the best of my knowledge and belief, the information given above and in any attached schedules is true, complete, and correct.

SIGNATURE: K. T. Cronshaw, P.E. TITLE: Radiation Safety Officer

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
 NUCLEAR MATERIAL TRANSACTION REPORT

(1) (b) Printing options are optional
 MANDATORY DATA COLLECTION
 AUTHORIZED BY 10 CFR 30.40, 50.70,
 75.190 Public Law 93-703, 93-436, 96-91

1. SHIPPER'S BIZ: ABC XBX
 2. RECEIVER'S BIZ: XBX
 3. TRANSACTION NO.: 25
 4. CORRECTION NO.:
 5. SHIPPER: SHIPPER A
 6. RECEIVER: RECEIVER B
 7. ACTION CODE: 03
 8. DATA CODE: N
 9. NAME AND ADDRESS OF SHIPPER: IRT CORPORATION, PO BOX 85317, SAN DIEGO CA 92188-9197
 10. NAME AND ADDRESS OF RECEIVER: SAME AS BLOCK 9
 11. ATTENTION: K.L. CROSSBIE
 12. PHONE: 619-450-4343
 13. REPORT OR SHIPPER'S CONTRACT NO. OR ORDER NUMBER: 128889-B
 14. MATERIAL TYPE AND DESCRIPTION: PACKAGE 1. FRAU SOURCE 92-235-5 MATERIAL TYPE 20 93Z
 PACKAGE 2. GUNIC PELLETS A MATERIAL TYPE 20 97Z
 PACKAGE 3. GUNIC PELLETS B MATERIAL TYPE 20 97Z
 EACH PACKAGE ENCLOSED IN LIQUID PLASTICS
 RELOCATE TO ADDRESS VAULT
 RMSR # 128889-B
 15. REPORT OR SHIPPER'S CONTRACT NO. OR ORDER NUMBER: 128889-B
 16. U.S. POST ENTRY NO.:
 17. TRANSPORTATION PROFILE:
 18. PACKAGE IDENTIFICATION:
 19. TRANSMISSION PROFILE:
 20. ACTION DATE:
 21. A. MISCELLANEOUS: FISSILE
 22. TOTAL GROSS WEIGHT (kg):
 23. TOTAL VOLUME (liters):
 24. SHIPPER'S DATA: J.R. Crossbie 12/13/89
 25. RECEIVER'S DATA: J.R. Crossbie 12/13/89
 26. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL AND DATE SIGNED: SHIPPER'S VALUES ACCEPTED

LIST NO.	NO. OF ITEMS	IDENTIFICATION	NO. OF CONTAINERS	CONTAINER TYPE	NET WEIGHT	GROSS WEIGHT	NET WEIGHT	ELEMENT WEIGHT	ELEMENT WEIGHT	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION	WEIGHT IN SOLUTION
01	26	455	J	US1500009	8.5	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93
02	26	455	J	US1500009	324	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
03	26	455	J	US1500009	324	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

18. U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION, 400 MICHIGAN AVENUE, WASHINGTON, D.C. 20545
 19. DATE RECEIVED: 12/13/89

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
NUCLEAR MATERIAL TRANSACTION REPORT

(7) Previous editions are obsolete.
MANDATORY DATA COLLECTION
AUTHORIZED BY 10 CFR 30.40, 50.70,
75.150 Public Laws 93-703, 93-438, 96-81

1. SHIPPER'S NAME XBC	2. RECEIVER'S NAME XBX	3. TRANSACTION NO. 26	4. CONTRACT NO. 1405	5. SHIPPER'S LICENSE NO. 1405	6. RECEIVER'S LICENSE NO. 1405	7. ACTION CODE 02	8. DATA CODE N	9. PAGE 1	10. OF 2	11. COPIES MADE 5
12. NAME AND ADDRESS OF SUPPLIER IRIT CORPORATION PO BOX 85317 SAN DIEGO CA 92188-9197		13. NAME AND ADDRESS OF RECEIVER SAME AS BLOCK 9		14. REPORT OR IMPORT TRANSMITTAL A. LICENSE NO. 1405 B. U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION		15. PACKAGE IDENTIFICATION A. WEIGHT B. NUMBER C. SHIPPER'S IDENTIFICATION D. RECEIPT E. RECEIVED CONNECTION		16. ACTION DATE A. SHIPMENT B. SHIPPER'S IDENTIFICATION C. RECEIPT D. RECEIVED CONNECTION E. RECEIVED CONNECTION		
17. MATERIAL TYPE AND DESCRIPTION QUICK PELLETS C MATERIAL TYPE 20 42 FISSION FOLLS AIN COUNTERS		18. TRANSACTION PROFILE A. WEIGHT B. NUMBER C. SHIPPER'S IDENTIFICATION D. RECEIPT E. RECEIVED CONNECTION		19. REPORT OR IMPORT TRANSMITTAL A. LICENSE NO. 1405 B. U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION		20. RECEIVER'S DATA A. WEIGHT B. NUMBER C. SHIPPER'S IDENTIFICATION D. RECEIPT E. RECEIVED CONNECTION		21. TOTAL VOLUME (INSTRUMENTS ONLY) 447.75		

LINE NO.	QUANTITY	UNIT	DESCRIPTION	DATE	SHIPPER'S DATA	RECEIVER'S DATA	STATUS
01	455	J	U.S. U.S. 000000				
02	776	J	U.S. U.S. 000000				
<p>SHIPPER'S DATA SIGNATURE J.R. Crossley 12/13/89 DATE 12/13/89</p> <p>RECEIVER'S DATA SIGNATURE J.R. Crossley 12/13/89 DATE 12/13/89</p> <p>SHIPPER'S DATA SIGNATURE J.R. Crossley 12/13/89 DATE 12/13/89</p> <p>RECEIVER'S DATA SIGNATURE J.R. Crossley 12/13/89 DATE 12/13/89</p>							

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20545

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
NUCLEAR MATERIAL TRANSACTION REPORT

NUCLEAR FORM 741
This form and its instructions are obsolete.
MANDATORY DATA COLLECTION
AUTHORIZED BY 10 CFR 201.40, 301.40, 301.70,
301.100, PUBLIC LAW 93-502, 93-504, 93-505

1. REPORTER'S BUREAU	XBC	2. RECEIVER'S BUREAU	XBX	3. TRANSACTION NO.	27	4. CONTRACTOR NO.		5. PROCESSING CODE		6. SHIPPER		7. RECEIVER		8. DATA CODE		9. PAGES	10. COPIES	11. COPIES	12. COPIES
13. NAME AND ADDRESS OF SHIPPER	DRT CORPORATION PO BOX 05317 SAN DIEGO CA 92138-9797			14. NAME AND ADDRESS OF RECEIVER	DUKE AS BLOCK 9 ATTENTION: K.L. CROSSBIE D TELEPHONE: 612-150-4343 TRANSFER AUTHORITY: CONTRACTOR ONLY, ORDER NUMBER 13488			15. LICENSE NO. OF SHIPPER	SNH 1405	16. LICENSE NO. OF RECEIVER		17. NATURE OF TRANSACTION	18. DATE SHIPPED TO ACCOUNT OF	19. DATE SHIPPED TO ACCOUNT OF	20. DATE SHIPPED TO ACCOUNT OF	21. DATE SHIPPED TO ACCOUNT OF	22. DATE SHIPPED TO ACCOUNT OF	23. DATE SHIPPED TO ACCOUNT OF	24. DATE SHIPPED TO ACCOUNT OF
1. A. MISCELLANEOUS	PU FOLLS & SCRAP MATERIAL TYPE 50																		
2. B. ELEMENTS	ELEMENTS TYPE B QUANTITY RMSR # 122089A RELAYING TO ACTUOS VAULT																		
3. C. CONTAINER	B. Container Description: No. 10 C. Container Weight Attached: 10.0																		
4. D. TRANSPORTATION PROFILE	1. TRANSPORTATION PROFILE 2. TRANSPORTATION PROFILE 3. TRANSPORTATION PROFILE 4. TRANSPORTATION PROFILE																		
5. E. RECEIVERS DATA	1. RECEIVER'S DATA 2. RECEIVER'S DATA 3. RECEIVER'S DATA 4. RECEIVER'S DATA 5. RECEIVER'S DATA 6. RECEIVER'S DATA 7. RECEIVER'S DATA 8. RECEIVER'S DATA 9. RECEIVER'S DATA 10. RECEIVER'S DATA 11. RECEIVER'S DATA 12. RECEIVER'S DATA 13. RECEIVER'S DATA 14. RECEIVER'S DATA 15. RECEIVER'S DATA 16. RECEIVER'S DATA 17. RECEIVER'S DATA 18. RECEIVER'S DATA 19. RECEIVER'S DATA 20. RECEIVER'S DATA 21. RECEIVER'S DATA 22. RECEIVER'S DATA 23. RECEIVER'S DATA 24. RECEIVER'S DATA 25. RECEIVER'S DATA 26. RECEIVER'S DATA 27. RECEIVER'S DATA 28. RECEIVER'S DATA 29. RECEIVER'S DATA 30. RECEIVER'S DATA 31. RECEIVER'S DATA 32. RECEIVER'S DATA 33. RECEIVER'S DATA 34. RECEIVER'S DATA 35. RECEIVER'S DATA 36. RECEIVER'S DATA 37. RECEIVER'S DATA 38. RECEIVER'S DATA 39. RECEIVER'S DATA 40. RECEIVER'S DATA 41. RECEIVER'S DATA 42. RECEIVER'S DATA 43. RECEIVER'S DATA 44. RECEIVER'S DATA 45. RECEIVER'S DATA 46. RECEIVER'S DATA 47. RECEIVER'S DATA 48. RECEIVER'S DATA 49. RECEIVER'S DATA 50. RECEIVER'S DATA 51. RECEIVER'S DATA 52. RECEIVER'S DATA 53. RECEIVER'S DATA 54. RECEIVER'S DATA 55. RECEIVER'S DATA 56. RECEIVER'S DATA 57. RECEIVER'S DATA 58. RECEIVER'S DATA 59. RECEIVER'S DATA 60. RECEIVER'S DATA 61. RECEIVER'S DATA 62. RECEIVER'S DATA 63. RECEIVER'S DATA 64. RECEIVER'S DATA 65. RECEIVER'S DATA 66. RECEIVER'S DATA 67. RECEIVER'S DATA 68. RECEIVER'S DATA 69. RECEIVER'S DATA 70. RECEIVER'S DATA 71. RECEIVER'S DATA 72. RECEIVER'S DATA 73. RECEIVER'S DATA 74. RECEIVER'S DATA 75. RECEIVER'S DATA 76. RECEIVER'S DATA 77. RECEIVER'S DATA 78. RECEIVER'S DATA 79. RECEIVER'S DATA 80. RECEIVER'S DATA 81. RECEIVER'S DATA 82. RECEIVER'S DATA 83. RECEIVER'S DATA 84. RECEIVER'S DATA 85. RECEIVER'S DATA 86. RECEIVER'S DATA 87. RECEIVER'S DATA 88. RECEIVER'S DATA 89. RECEIVER'S DATA 90. RECEIVER'S DATA 91. RECEIVER'S DATA 92. RECEIVER'S DATA 93. RECEIVER'S DATA 94. RECEIVER'S DATA 95. RECEIVER'S DATA 96. RECEIVER'S DATA 97. RECEIVER'S DATA 98. RECEIVER'S DATA 99. RECEIVER'S DATA 100. RECEIVER'S DATA																		

LINE NO.	DATE	QUANTITY	UNIT	WEIGHT	VALUE	REMARKS
01						
<p>1. SHIPPER'S DATA: XBC, 12/20/89</p> <p>2. RECEIVER'S DATA: XBC, 12/20/89</p> <p>3. SUPPLIES VALUE: ACCRUE</p>						

18. U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ACTING AS THE SHIPPER'S AGENT HAS REVIEWED THIS TRANSACTION AND HAS DETERMINED THAT THE INFORMATION REPORTED IS CORRECT AND COMPLETE. THE SHIPPER'S DATA AND RECEIVER'S DATA ARE CORRECT AND COMPLETE. THE TRANSACTION IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REGULATIONS AND THE SHIPPER'S DATA AND RECEIVER'S DATA ARE CORRECT AND COMPLETE.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND
U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

NUCLEAR MATERIAL TRANSACTION REPORT

APPROVED BY 2846 NO. 3180-1082
EXPIRES: 3/31/87

ESTIMATED NUMBER PER RESPONSE TO COMPLY WITH THIS
SECTION OF THE REGULATORY GUIDE IS 1.0. COMMENTS REGARDING
MATERIALS AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT BRANCH (MMB) 3774
AND TO THE PERFORMANCE PROJECT (PP) 1180.
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET, WASHINGTON,
DC 20540

1. REPORT NUMBER: **XBC**

2. REPORT DATE: **2B**

3. REPORT TYPE: **XBEX**

4. REPORT STATUS: **A**

5. REPORT NUMBER: **3180-1082**

6. REPORT DATE: **3/31/87**

7. REPORT TYPE: **XBEX**

8. REPORT STATUS: **A**

9. REPORT NUMBER: **3180-1082**

10. REPORT DATE: **3/31/87**

11. REPORT TYPE: **XBEX**

12. REPORT STATUS: **A**

13. NAME AND ADDRESS OF SHIPPER: **INDT CORPORATION
PO BOX 85317
SAW DUES DA 92186-5317**

14. NAME AND ADDRESS OF RECIPIENT: **STATE
K. L. CROSSBIE, PE
619 612-8814**

15. TYPE OF TRANSACTION: **CI**

16. DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL: **Pa-238, Pu-238, Rb-86, Sealed Source
Material Type 03**

17. QUANTITY OF MATERIAL: **N/A**

18. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: **INTERSTATE TRANSPORT TO
ANTROS VAOULT**

19. DATE	20. TIME	21. LOCATION	22. OPERATOR	23. OPERATOR'S SIGNATURE	24. OPERATOR'S TITLE

25. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL AND DATE SIGNED: **J. J. [Signature] 4-12-83**

26. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL AND DATE SIGNED: **[Signature] 4-12-83**

27. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL AND DATE SIGNED: **[Signature]**

28. SIGNATURE OF AUTHORIZED OFFICIAL AND DATE SIGNED: **[Signature]**

29. RECEIVED DATA: **1.3**

30. RECEIVED DATA: **1.9**

31. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

32. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

33. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

34. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

35. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

36. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

37. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

38. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

39. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

40. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

41. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

42. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

43. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

44. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

45. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

46. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

47. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

48. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

49. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

50. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

51. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

52. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

53. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

54. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

55. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

56. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

57. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

58. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

59. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

60. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

61. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

62. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

63. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

64. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

65. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

66. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

67. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

68. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

69. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

70. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

71. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

72. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

73. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

74. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

75. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

76. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

77. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

78. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

79. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

80. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

81. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

82. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

83. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

84. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

85. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

86. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

87. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

88. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

89. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

90. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

91. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

92. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

93. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

94. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

95. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

96. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

97. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

98. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

99. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

100. RECEIVED DATA: **2 11 93**

WARNING: FALSE STATEMENTS IN THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE SUBJECT TO CIVIL AND/OR CRIMINAL PENALTIES. NBC REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT SUBMISSIONS TO THE NBC BE COMPLETE AND ACCURATE IN ALL MATERIAL RESPECTS. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE REGULATIONS MAY RESULT IN THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE CERTIFICATE.

EXHIBIT 3
CALIFORNIUM 252 AND PLUTONIUM 238 NEUTRON SOURCES
YEARLY INVENTORY

CF-252 AND PU-238 INVENTORY BY YEAR

YEAR	CF-252 MICROGRAMS	YEAR	PU-238 CURIES
1984	1.7	1984	0
1985	188	1985	0
1986	183	1986(1/2)	16
1987	930	1987	16
1988	689	1988	16
1989	76	1989	16
1990	58	1990	16
1991	50	1991	16
1992	38	1992	16
1993(1/6)	35	1993(1/6)	16
YEARLY AVERAGE	245		16
TOTAL OUTPUT	1.7X10 ⁽¹⁷⁾		9.1X10 ⁽¹⁵⁾

EXHIBIT 4
GUIDELINE TABLES

TABLE 3

STATE OF CALIFORNIA ACCEPTABLE SURFACE CONTAMINATION LEVELS^{1,2}

Nuclide ^a	(dpm/100cm ²) ^b		
	Average ^c	Maximum ^d	Removable ^e
U-nat, U-235, U-238 and associated decay products	5,000	15,000	1,000
Transuranics, Ra-226, Ra-228, Th-230, Th-228, Pa-231, Ac-227, I-125, I-129	100	300	20
Th-nat, Th-232, Sr-90, Ra-223, Ra-224, U-232, I-126, I-131, I-133	1,000	3,000	200
Beta-gamma emitters (nuclides with decay modes other than alpha emission or spontaneous fission) except Sr-90 and others noted above	5,000	15,000	1,000
H-3, C-14 except as DNA	20,000	60,000	4,000

- i) Where surface contamination by both alpha and beta-gamma emitting isotopes exists, the limits established for alpha and beta-gamma emitting isotopes should apply independently.
- b) As used in this table, dpm means the rate of emission by radioactive material as determined by correcting the counts per minute observed by an appropriate detector for background, efficiency and geometric factors associated with the instrumentation.
- c) Measurements of average contaminant should not be averaged over more than one square meter. For objects of less surface area, the average should be derived for each object.
- d) The maximum contamination level applies to an area of not more than 100cm².
- e) The amount of removable radioactive material per 100cm² of surface area should be determined by wiping that area with a dry filter or soft absorbent material, applying moderate pressure, and assessing the amount of radioactive material on the wipe with the appropriate instrument of known efficiency. When removable contamination of objects of less surface area is determined, the pertinent levels should be reduced proportionally and the entire surface should be wiped.
- f) DNA precursors mean molecules or compounds that are directly incorporated into the DNA molecule during DNA biosynthesis, purine and pyrimidine bases and their analogs, nucleotides and nucleosides. The acceptable surface contamination levels for H-3 and C-14 in DNA precursors are as tabulated in paragraph (d) for beta-gamma emitters.

¹-Guidelines for Decontamination of Facilities and Equipment Prior to Release for Unrestricted Use or Termination of Licensee for Byproduct, Source, Special Nuclear Material." U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, May 1987.

²-DHS Criteria for Release of Facilities and Equipment to Unrestricted Use, DECON-1," State of California.

TABLE 2

USNRC ACCEPTABLE SURFACE CONTAMINATION LEVELS¹

Nuclide ^a	(dpm/100cm ²) ^{b,c}		
	Average ^{b,d,e}	Maximum ^{b,d,e}	Removable ^{b,e,f}
U-nat, U-235, U-238 and associated decay products	5,000 α	15,000 α	1,000 α
Transuranics, Ra-226, Ra-228, Th-230, Th-228, Pa-231, Ac-227, I-125, I-129	100	300	20
Th-nat, Th-232, Sr-90, Ra-223, Ra-224, U-232, I-126, I-131, I-133	1,000	3,000	200
Beta-gamma emitters (nuclides with decay modes other than alpha emission or spontaneous fission) except Sr-90 and others noted above	5,000 B γ	15,000 B γ	1,000 B γ

- a) Where surface contamination by both alpha and beta-gamma emitting isotopes exists, the limits established for alpha and beta-gamma emitting isotopes should apply independently.
- b) As used in this table, dpm means the rate of emission by radioactive material as determined by correcting the counts per minute observed by an appropriate detector for background, efficiency and geometric factors associated with the instrumentation.
- c) Measurements of average contaminant should not be averaged over more than one square meter. For objects of less surface area, the average should be derived for each object.
- d) The maximum contamination level applies to an area of not more than 100cm².
- e) The amount of removable radioactive material per 100cm² of surface area should be determined by wiping that area with a dry filter or soft absorbent material, applying moderate pressure, and assessing the amount of radioactive material on the wipe with the appropriate instrument of known efficiency. When removable contamination of objects of less surface area is determined, the pertinent levels should be reduced proportionally and the entire surface should be wiped.
- f) The average and maximum radiation levels associated with surface contamination resulting from beta-gamma emitters should not exceed 0.2 mrad/hr at 1 cm and 1.0 mrad/hr at 1 cm, respectively, measured through not more than 7 milligrams per square centimeter of total absorber.

¹Guidelines for Decontamination of Facilities and Equipment Prior to Release for Unrestricted Use or Termination of Licenses for Byproduct, source, or special Nuclear Material," U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, May 1987.

EXHIBIT 5
SURVEY DATA SHEETS

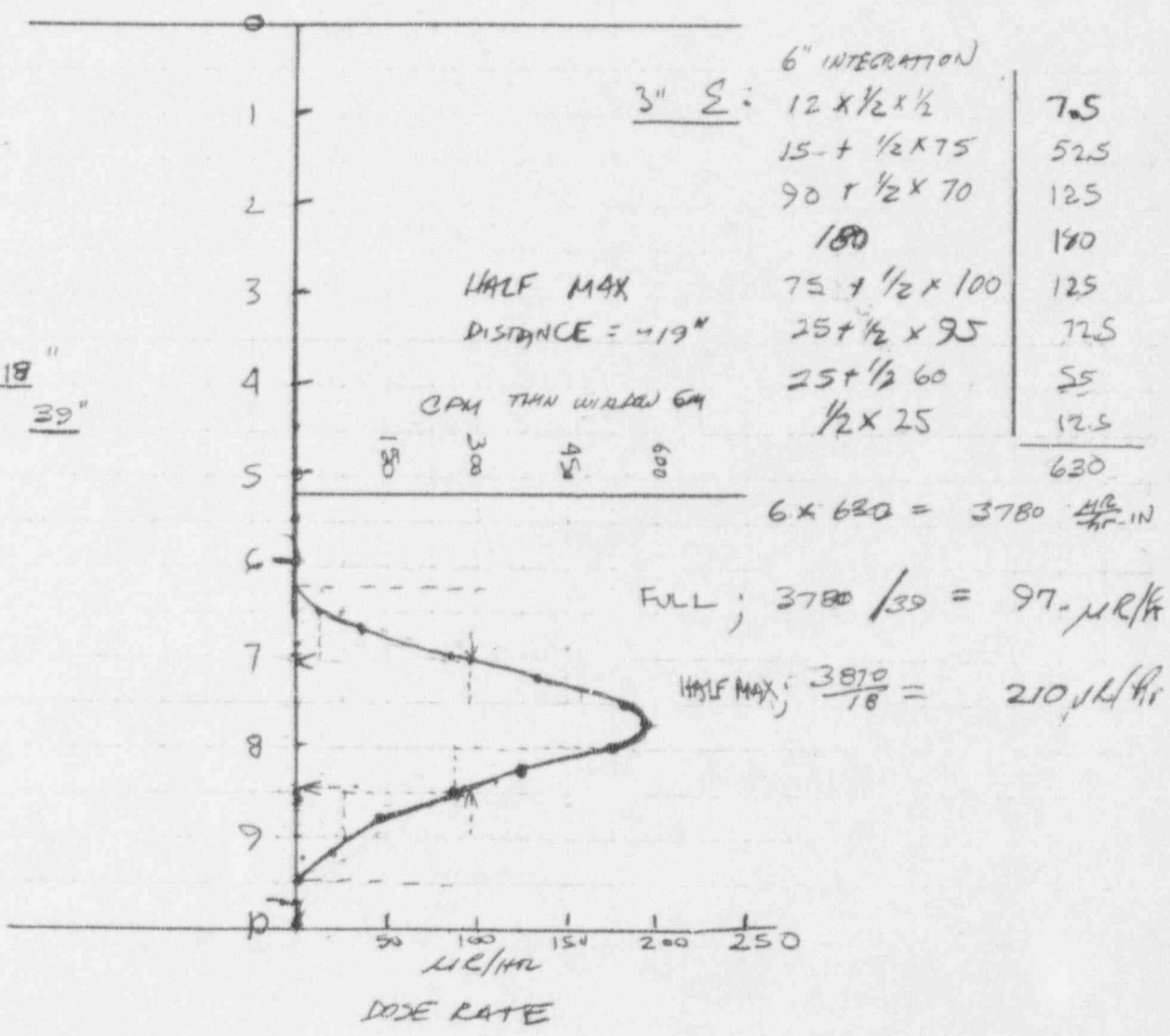
NEUTRON SOURCE STORAGE TUBE ACTIVATION ESTIMATE

START 10/25/93

ANALYSIS FOR CALLAN ROAD STORAGE AT NEUTRON ACTIVATION

DOSE RATE MEASUREMENTS TUBE $\frac{1}{2}$ VERTICAL
TRAVERSE VICTOREEN 450 P μ R METER. DETECTOR
IS SURROUNDED BY ACTIVATED MATERIAL $\frac{1}{2}$.
SIMULATING 4 π GEOMETRY. TUBE IS 10.5" O.D.
BY 10" O.D. AND 10' IN LENGTH.

$\frac{1}{2}$ MAX \approx 18"
FULL WIDTH 39"



SURVEY WITH NaI DETECTOR 2" DIA CRYSTAL
 IDENTIFIED ⁵⁴Mn AND ⁶⁰Co PEAKS - TYPICAL FOR
 STAINLESS STEEL AFTER SEVERAL MONTHS DELAY.

ACTIVITY CALCULATION:

• ⁶⁰Co ONLY

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 1.17 \text{ MEV} > \text{AVG } 1.25 \text{ MEV} \\
 & 1.33 \text{ MEV} \\
 \Phi_{\text{PIPER}} &= 4.6 \times 10^5 \text{ PHOTONS/CM}^2 \text{ SEC} \\
 \Phi_{210\mu\text{C}} &= 96.6 \text{ ATOMS/CM}^2 \text{ SEC} \\
 &= 48.3 \text{ DIS/SEC CM}^2 = 13 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Ci/CM}^2 \\
 \Phi_{97} &= 44.6 \text{ PHOTONS/CM}^2 \text{ SEC} \\
 &= 22.3 \text{ DIS/SEC CM}^2 = 6 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Ci/CM}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{210} &= 2\pi r h = 2\pi (12.7)(45.72) = 3648 \text{ CM}^2 \\
 A_{97} &= 2\pi r R = 2\pi (12.7)(99) = 7900 \text{ CM}^2 \\
 r_1 &= 13.33 \text{ CM}, r_2 = 12.7 \text{ CM}, h_1 = 45.72 \text{ CM}, h_2 = 99 \text{ CM} \\
 \text{ACT}_{210} &= 4.74 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Ci}; \quad V = \pi(r_1^2 - r_2^2)h_1 = 2375 \text{ CM}^3 \\
 \text{ACT}_{97} &= 4.74 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Ci}; \quad V = \pi(r_1^2 - r_2^2)h_2 = 5142 \text{ CM}^3 \\
 \rho &= 7.84 \text{ g/CM}^3 \\
 \text{MASS}_{210} &= 18620 \text{ g} \quad \text{MASS}_{97} = 40313 \text{ g}
 \end{aligned}$$

CONCENTRATION:

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_{210} &= 2.55 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Ci/g} & C_{97} &= 1.2 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Ci/g} \\
 & 3.8 \times 10^{-11} \text{ TOTAL PIPE} & & 3.9 \times 10^{-11} \text{ TOTAL PIPE}
 \end{aligned}$$

• ⁵⁴Mn ONLY

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Phi_{\text{Mn}} &= 6.4 \times 10^5 \text{ PHOTONS/CM}^2 \text{ SEC} \\
 \Phi_{210} &= 134 \frac{\text{PHOTONS}}{\text{SEC CM}^2} & \Phi_{97} &= 62 \\
 &= 3.62 \times 10^{-9} \text{ Ci/CM}^2 & &= 1.68 \times 10^{-9} \text{ Ci/CM}^2 \\
 \text{ACT}_{210} &= 13.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Ci}; & \text{ACT}_{97} &= 13.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Ci}
 \end{aligned}$$

CONCENTRATION:

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_{210} &= 7.1 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Ci/g} & C_{97} &= 3.29 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Ci/g} \\
 & 1.06 \times 10^{-10} \text{ TOTAL PIPE} & & 1.06 \times 10^{-10}
 \end{aligned}$$

OVER THE DECAY PERIOD, THE $^{60}\text{Co}/^{54}\text{Mn}$ COUNT RATE RATIO = $0.039/0.054$ (SEE ATTACHED

IRRADIATED STAINLESS STEEL ANALYSIS (24 HR)

DATA) AND THE ϕ TO DOSE CONVERSION

FACTORS ARE SIMILAR $4.6/6.4$, SO SAY EACH

ISOTOPE CONTRIBUTES 50% OF THE MEASURED

DOSE. ϕ OVER ACTIVATED AREA,

PEAK ^{60}Co	= 1.28×10^{-10} Ci/g	^{54}Mn	= 3.55×10^{-10} Ci/g
AVERAGE	= 6×10^{-11} Ci/g	^{54}Mn	= 16.5×10^{-11} Ci/g

AVERAGE OVER ENTIRE PIPE

^{60}Co = 1.9×10^{-11} ^{54}Mn = 5×10^{-11}

ALSO MAX DOSE RATE AT 0.7 CM FROM SURFACE

WAS MEASURED AS 1000 CPM WITH A HP D10

PROBE & LUDLUM 14 RATE METER WHICH

IS EQUIVALENT TO ≈ 0.26 MILLIRADS/HR. SEE

ATTACHED CALIBRATION

11/2/33/RCR

ACQGRP 1 ADC 1 15-APR-86 11:32:52
 KEV 0.529225 ZERO -8.529 15-APR-86 10:26:35
 TOTAL 0 0
 LIVE 01:00:00 01:00:00
 REAL 00:00:00 01:00:05

STAINLESS STEEL 24 HOUR DECAY

15-APR-86 11:33:02 ND65 INTENSIFIED REGION PEAK EXTRACTION

GROUP 1
 ID: STAINLESS STEEL 24 HOUR DECAY
 SRCH FRM -8.000 TO 2159.180
 E/CH 0.529 E(0) -8.529
 CHNS 2
 LT 3600 CT 3605

PN	ENERGY	AREA	BKGND	FWHM	LEFT	RW	CTS/SEC	ZER
15 ^{Se75}	135.662	766	2848	1.54	269	8	0.21277800	10.49 <i>121d</i>
2 ^{Cr51}	321.225	39868	5136	1.91	617	12	11.0744000	0.56 <i>278d</i>
3 ^{As74}	480.290	765	638	1.92	915	15	0.21250000	5.91
4	511.980	3544	1062	3.24	977	15	0.98444400	2.12
5 ^{Ge77}	559.871	897	396	1.99	1070	9	0.24916700	4.58 <i>11.3hr.</i>
6	564.645	238	259	2.46	1080	7	0.06611110	11.55 <i>275d</i>
7	619.098	137	238	1.71	1183	7	0.03805560	18.07
8	657.528	109	164	1.91	1255	9	0.03027780	19.18
9	686.366	568	343	2.06	1310	7	0.15777800	6.23
10	690.049	72	72	0.32	1319	3	-0.0005556	6E+02
11	773.316	77	126	1.32	1474	7	0.02138890	23.56
12	810.992	36	92	1.14	1547	5	0.01000000	41.20
13 ^{Mn54}	834.917	368	268	2.42	1589	10	0.10222200	8.17 <i>291d</i>
14 ^{Mn56}	847.105	184	303	1.37	1615	5	0.05111110	15.28 <i>258h</i>
15 ^{Fe57}	1099.020	1333	400	2.27	2088	10	0.39027800	3.46 <i>451d</i>
16 ^{Co60}	1172.740	89	80	2.25	2226	11	0.02472220	17.73
17 ^{Fe59}	1291.080	798	281	2.25	2452	9	0.22166700	4.62 <i>451d</i>
18 ^{Co60}	1332.380	49	60	1.60	2531	8	0.01361110	26.53 <i>529y</i>
19 ^{Co60}	1345.760	7	9	0.66	2558	3	0.00194444	71.43 <i>12.8h</i>
20 ^{K40}	1459.690	266	42	2.66	2766	15	0.07388890	7.03 <i>1.25x10^9y</i>
21 ^{Mn56}	1808.140	72	8	3.05	3426	12	0.02000000	13.03 <i>258h</i>
22 ^{Mn56}	2110.980	13	16	2.06	4001	8	0.00361111	51.60 <i>258h</i>

PEAK SEARCH DONE

SOURCES REMOVED 2/12/93
MEASUREMENTS 10/26/93

SEE SS DATA

258 DAY DECAY

Co FACTOR 0.91

Mn FACTOR 0.54

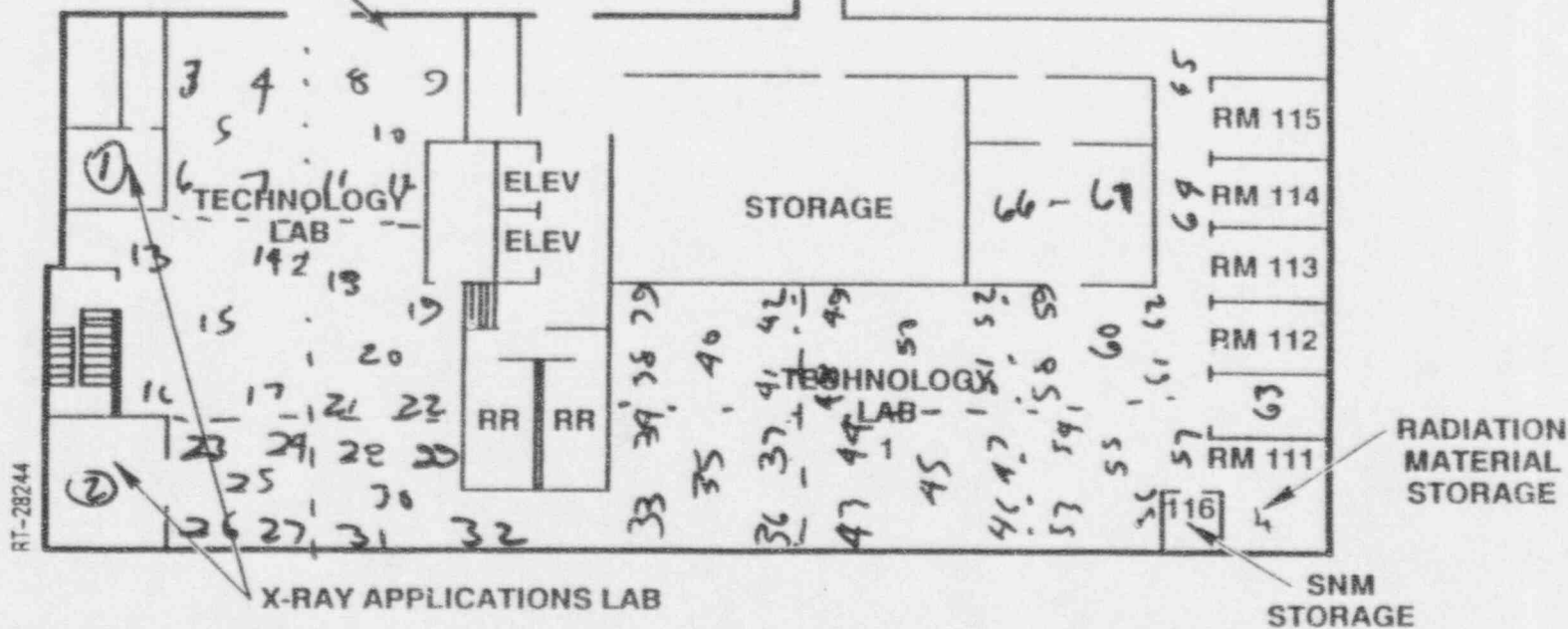
Co (1.33) →	0.0118		
(1.17) →	0.0217		
		TOTAL	0.034
Mn (0.85) →	6.054		6.054

HIGH BAY AND LOW BAY WIPE SURVEY DATA

LEVEL ONE

PORTABLE EXPLOSIVE
MAGAZINE LOCATION

LEASED
SPACE



Lower floor north

HIGH BAY & LOW BAY AREAS

INTELCOM RAD TECH

HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

13550

20200

1 OF 3

BETA COUNTER	BC-4	9/21/92	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	JAC-4	9-21-92	Date
BACKGROUND	28.4	cpm		BACKGROUND	0.6	cpm	
SOURCE	5049.2	cpm		SOURCE	7902.1	cpm	
EFFICIENCY	37	%		EFFICIENCY	39.1	%	
BETA FACTOR	2.7	dpm/count		ALPHA FACTOR	2.55	dpm/count	

Date	Time	GROSS Net B (cpm)	GROSS Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				B dpm	α dpm		
9/21/92	1100	29	0	<30	<5	1 APP 1	KLC
		31	0			2 APP 2	
		34	1			3 1A	
		23	0				
		29	0			5	
		28	0			6	
		28	0			7	
		30	1			8	
		26	0			9	
		28	0			10	
		27	0			11	
		31	1			12	
		26	0			13	
		28	0			14	
		30	0			15	
		29	0			16	
		28	0			17	
		29	0			18	
		30	1			19	
		26	0			20	
		27	0			21	
		31	1			22	
		30	1			23	
		33	0			24	
		27	1			25	
		25	1			26	
		29	0			27	
		30	0			28	

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

118

2 of 3

BETA COUNTER	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	Date
BACKGROUND	cpm	BACKGROUND	cpm
SOURCE	cpm	SOURCE	cpm
EFFICIENCY	%	EFFICIENCY	%
BETA FACTOR	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	dpm/count

Date	Time	GROSS Net B (cpm)	GROSS Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				B dpm	α dpm		
9-21-92	1330	28	0	230	25	29	KLC
		29	0			30	
		30	0			31	
		31	0			32	
		26	1			33 LB	
		27	0			34	
		33	1			35	
		30	1			36	
		27	0			37	
		24	0			38	
		26	0			39	
		30	0			40	
		36	0			41	
		25	1			42	
		33	0			43	
		30	1			44	
		28	0			45	
		29	1			46	
		31	1			47	
		29	0			48	
		30	0			49	
		24	0			50	
		27	0			51	
		31	1			52	
		35	1			53	
		26	0			54	
		28	1			55	
		24	0			56	

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

HB *3 of 3*

BETA COUNTER	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	Date
BACKGROUND	cpm	BACKGROUND	cpm
SOURCE	cpm	SOURCE	cpm
EFFICIENCY	%	EFFICIENCY	%
BETA FACTOR	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	dpm/count

Date	Time	GROSS Net B (cpm)	GROSS Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				B dpm	α dpm		
<i>9-21-92</i>	<i>1600</i>	<i>26</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>< 30</i>	<i>< 5</i>	<i>57</i>	<i>KLC</i>
		<i>29</i>	<i>0</i>	↓	↓	<i>58</i>	
		<i>27</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>59</i>	
		<i>25</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>60</i>	
		<i>31</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>61</i>	
		<i>29</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>62</i>	
		<i>26</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>63</i>	
		<i>24</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>64</i>	
		<i>32</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>65</i>	
		<i>30</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>66 ADR</i>	
		<i>26</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>67 ADR</i>	

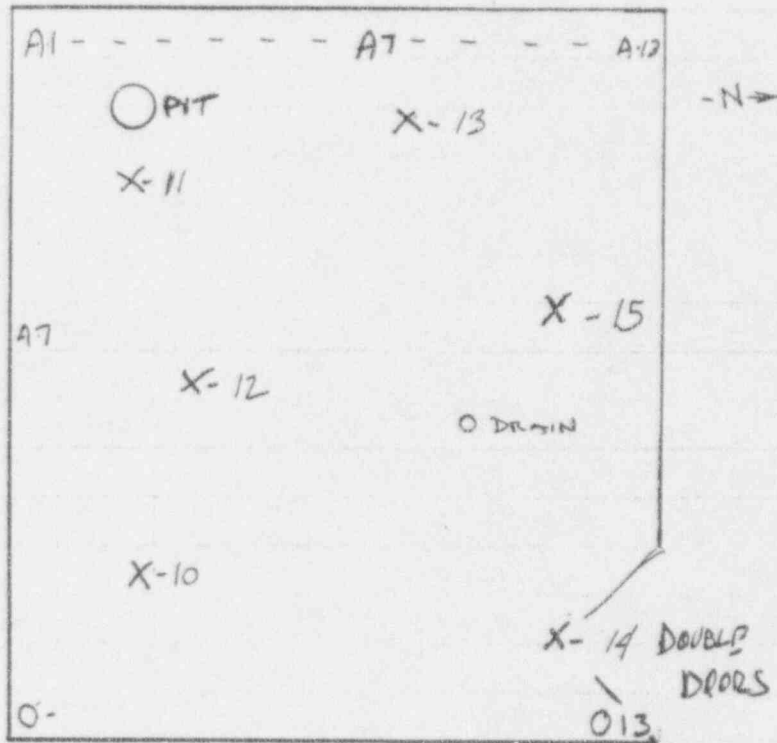
CF-121

RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL AND SNM STORAGE ROOMS WIPE SURVEY DATA

ROOM 111 RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS STORAGE

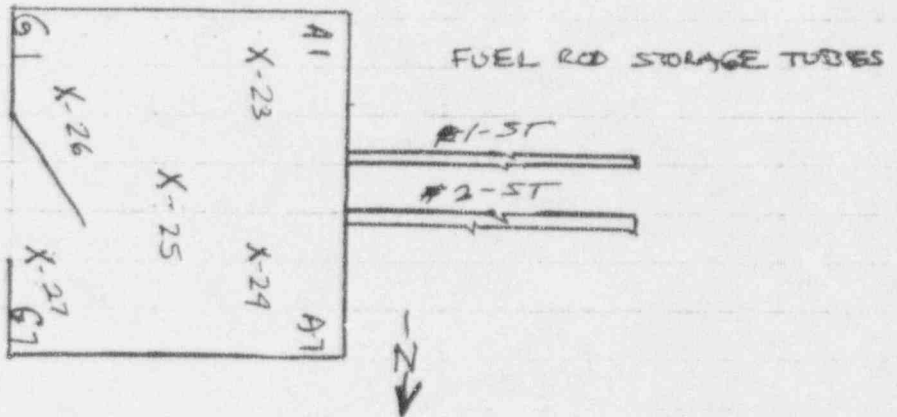
1 FT SQUARE SAMPLES
A1 THROUGH O-13.

X DENOTES THIRD PARTY CHECK & TRITIUM COUNTING



ROOM 116 SNM STORAGE

1 FT SQUARE WIPE
A1 THROUGH G7



INTELCOM RAD TECH

HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

RAD. MAT. STORAGE ROOM 111

20200

10PT

BETA COUNTER	BCA	10/25/83	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	SACA	10/25/83	Date
BACKGROUND		30.1	cpm	BACKGROUND		1	cpm
SOURCE	(1320)	5062.1	cpm	SOURCE	(20200)	7910	cpm
EFFICIENCY		38.1	%	EFFICIENCY		39.2	%
BETA FACTOR	2.63		dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	2.55		dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number RAD. STOR.	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
10-25-83	01000	6	1	<30	LS	A1	KLC
		9	0			A2	
		3	0			A3	
		-1	-1			A4	
		2	2			A5	
		-3	0			A6	
		7	0			A7	
		1	0			A8	
		0	-1			A9	
		-2	1			A10	
		5	1			A11	
		3	0			A12	
		0	-1		✓	A13	
		4	2		5	B1	
		-1	0		LS	B2	
		6	3		7.65	B3	
		-3	1			B4	
		1	0			B5	
		0	1		✓	B6	
		2	3		7.65	B7	
		-4	0		LS	B8	
		6	2		5	B9	
		3	0		LS	B10	
		0	0			B11	
		1	-1			B12	
		2	2		5	B13	
		0	0	✓	LS	C1	
		-1	1			C2	

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT
RM

2 OF 7

BETA COUNTER	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	Date
BACKGROUND	cpm	BACKGROUND	cpm
SOURCE	cpm	SOURCE	cpm
EFFICIENCY	%	EFFICIENCY	%
BETA FACTOR	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
10-25-93	1120	3	0	230	25	C3	KLC
		-4	-1			C4	
		0	0		↓	C5	
		1	2		5	C6	
		0	1		25	C7	
		2	0			C8	
		-1	0			C9	
		6	1			C10	
		8	-1			C11	
		2	0			C12	
		0	1			C13	
		-3	1			D1	
		-5	0			D2	
		1	-1			D3	
		0	-1			D4	
		4	1			D5	
		2	1		N	D6	
		-3	2		5	D7	
		1	-1		25	D8	
		0	0			D9	
		5	0			D10	
		2	1			D11	
		7	1			D17	
		-4	0			D13	
		-3	1			E1	
		0	0			E2	
		1	0			E3	
		6	0	↓	↓	E4	

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

RM 3 of 7

BETA COUNTER		Date	ALPHA COUNTER		Date		
BACKGROUND		cpm	BACKGROUND		cpm		
SOURCE		cpm	SOURCE		cpm		
EFFICIENCY		%	EFFICIENCY		%		
BETA FACTOR		dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR		dpm/count		
Date	Time	Net B (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				B dpm	α dpm		
10-25-93	1330	7	0	<30	<5	E5	KLO
		1	-1			E6	
		0	0			E7	
		-3	0			E8	
		1	0			E9	
		2	1			E10	
		-4	1			E11	
		5	1			E12	
		1	0			E13	
		3	-1		↓	F1	
		0	0		↓	F2	
		2	2		5	F3	
		-1	2		<5	F4	
		6	0			F5	
		4	1			F6	
		1	0			F7	
		-3	0		↓	F8	
		0	0		↓	F9	
		-5	2		5	F10	
		0	1		<5	F11	
		1	-1			F12	
		4	0			F13	
		2	0			G1	
		6	1			G2	
		3	1			G3	
		-4	1			G4	
		0	0		↓	G5	
		1	-1		↓	G6	

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

RM

9 of 7

BETA COUNTER				Date	ALPHA COUNTER				Date
BACKGROUND				cpm	BACKGROUND				cpm
SOURCE				cpm	SOURCE				cpm
EFFICIENCY				%	EFFICIENCY				%
BETA FACTOR				dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR				dpm/count
Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By		
				B dpm	α dpm				
10-25-73	1500	-3	-1	230	25	G7	KLU		
		1	0			G8			
		0	1			G9			
		-1	2			G10			
		4	0			G11			
		8	2			G12			
		-2	-1			G13			
		5	1			H1			
		3	0			H2			
		0	0			H3			
		1	0			H4			
		0	-1			H5			
		-1	2			H6			
		6	0			H7			
		1	0			H8			
		3	0			H9			
		0	1			H10			
		1	-1			H11			
		7	1			H12			
		4	0			H13			
		-3	1			I1			
		-2	1			I2			
		-4	0			I3			
		5	-1			I4			
		0	0			I5			
		1	0			I6			
		6	1			I7			
		2	-1			I8			

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

RM 5 of 7

BETA COUNTER <u>BC4</u> <u>10-26-93</u> Date	ALPHA COUNTER <u>JAC4</u> <u>10-26-93</u> Date
BACKGROUND <u>29</u> cpm	BACKGROUND <u>1</u> cpm
SOURCE <u>5011</u> cpm	SOURCE <u>7892</u> cpm
EFFICIENCY <u>37.7</u> %	EFFICIENCY <u>39</u> %
BETA FACTOR <u>2.65</u> dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR <u>2.56</u> dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
<u>10-26-93</u>	<u>0700</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>230</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>J9</u>	<u>KLU</u>
		<u>0</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>J10</u>	
		<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>25</u>	<u>J11</u>	
		<u>5</u>	<u>-1</u>			<u>J12</u>	
		<u>-3</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>J13</u>	
		<u>-1</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>J14</u>	
		<u>6</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>J15</u>	
		<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>J16</u>	
		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>J17</u>	
		<u>0</u>	<u>-1</u>			<u>J18</u>	
		<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>J19</u>	
		<u>5</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>J20</u>	
		<u>-2</u>	<u>0</u>		<u>↓</u>	<u>J21</u>	
		<u>7</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>J22</u>	
		<u>8</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>25</u>	<u>J23</u>	
		<u>3</u>	<u>-1</u>			<u>J24</u>	
		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>J25</u>	
		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>J26</u>	
		<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>K1</u>	
		<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>K2</u>	
		<u>-1</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>K3</u>	
		<u>-3</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>K4</u>	
		<u>5</u>	<u>-1</u>			<u>K5</u>	
		<u>2</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>K6</u>	
		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>K7</u>	
		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>K8</u>	
		<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>K9</u>	
		<u>4</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>↓</u>	<u>↓</u>	<u>K10</u>	

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

RM 6 of 7

BETA COUNTER		Date	ALPHA COUNTER		Date		
BACKGROUND		cpm	BACKGROUND		cpm		
SOURCE		cpm	SOURCE		cpm		
EFFICIENCY		%	EFFICIENCY		%		
BETA FACTOR		dpm/count		ALPHA FACTOR		dpm/count	
Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
10-26-53	0812	-3	1	230	25	K11	KLC
		1	6			K12	
		0	-1			K13	
		4	0			L1	
		2	0			L2	
		5	0			L3	
		1	1			L4	
		-4	-1			L5	
		-2	-1			L6	
		1	1			L7	
		0	0			L8	
		3	-1			L9	
		6	1			L10	
		-3	1			L11	
		8	1			L12	
		0	-1			L13	
		1	-1			M1	
		1	0			M2	
		0	0			M3	
		2	0			M4	
		-1	1			M5	
		3	2		5	M6	
		-4	-1		25	M7	
		1	0			M8	
		0	1			M9	
		2	0			M10	
		1	1			M11	
		0	1			M12	

1F-121

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

RM 7057

BETA COUNTER	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	Date
BACKGROUND	cpm	BACKGROUND	cpm
SOURCE	cpm	SOURCE	cpm
EFFICIENCY	%	EFFICIENCY	%
BETA FACTOR	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
10-26-93	0930	6	2	430	5	M13	
		-3	-1		45	N1	
		0	0			N2	
		0	0			N3	
		1	1			N4	
		2	1			N5	
		-4	1			N6	
		7	1			N7	
		2	-1			N8	
		3	0			N9	
		-1	-1			N10	
		0	0			N11	
		6	0			N12	
		2	1			N13	
		3	1			0-1	
		1	0			02	
		-2	-1			03	
		-3	0			04	
		5	0			05	
		1	0			06	
		0	1			07	
		-4	1			08	
		1	0			09	
		0	0			010	
		5	-1			011	
		2	0			012	
		-3	0			013	
		1	0			DRAIN	

INTELCOM RAD TECH

HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

SUM VAMT

ROOM 116 SNA

1 OF 2

BETA COUNTER	10-28-93	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	10-28-93	Date
BACKGROUND	31	cpm	BACKGROUND	1	cpm
SOURCE (13210)	5021	cpm	SOURCE (20200)	7887	cpm
EFFICIENCY	37.8	%	EFFICIENCY	39	%
BETA FACTOR	2.64	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	2.56	dpm/count

Date	Time	Net B (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				B dpm	α dpm		
10-29-93	0900	-4	1	230	LS	A1	
		3	1			A2	
		0	1			A3	
		5	-1			A4	
		-1	-1			A5	
		-2	0			A6	
		4	1			A7	
		1	0			B1	
		6	0			B2	
		3	0			B3	
		-1	1			B4	
		2	-1			B5	
		-4	1			B6	
		0	1			B7	
		0	1			C1	
		1	-1			C2	
		6	-1			C3	
		3	0		↓	C4	
		1	2		S	C5	
		0	1		LS	C6	
		-5	0		↓	C7	
		2	-1		↓	D1	
		0	2		S	D2	
		1	0		LS	D3	
		3	1		↓	D4	
		6	1		↓	D5	
		-1	1		↓	D6	
		0	0		↓	D7	

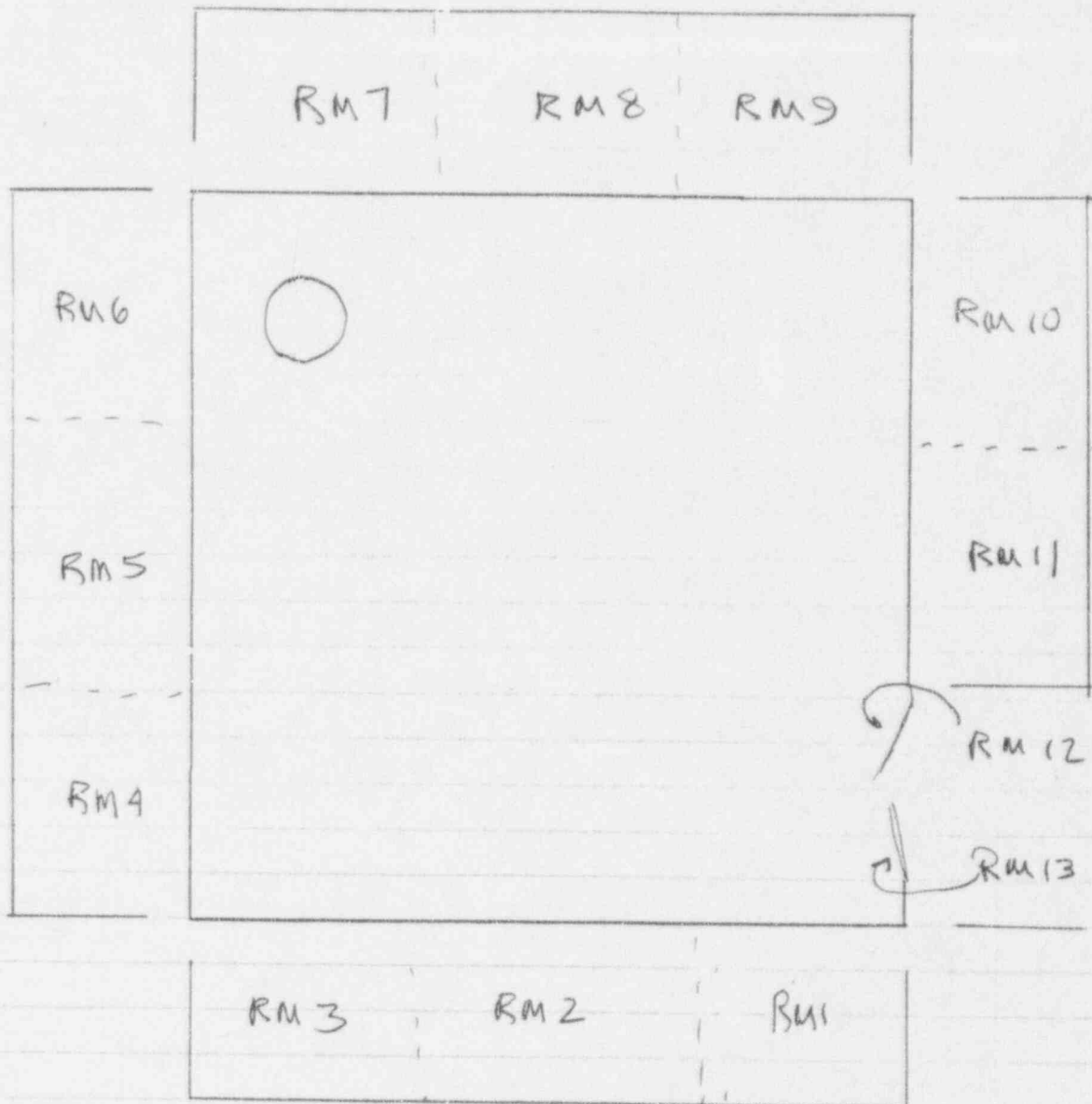
INTELCOM RAD TECH

HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

SUM

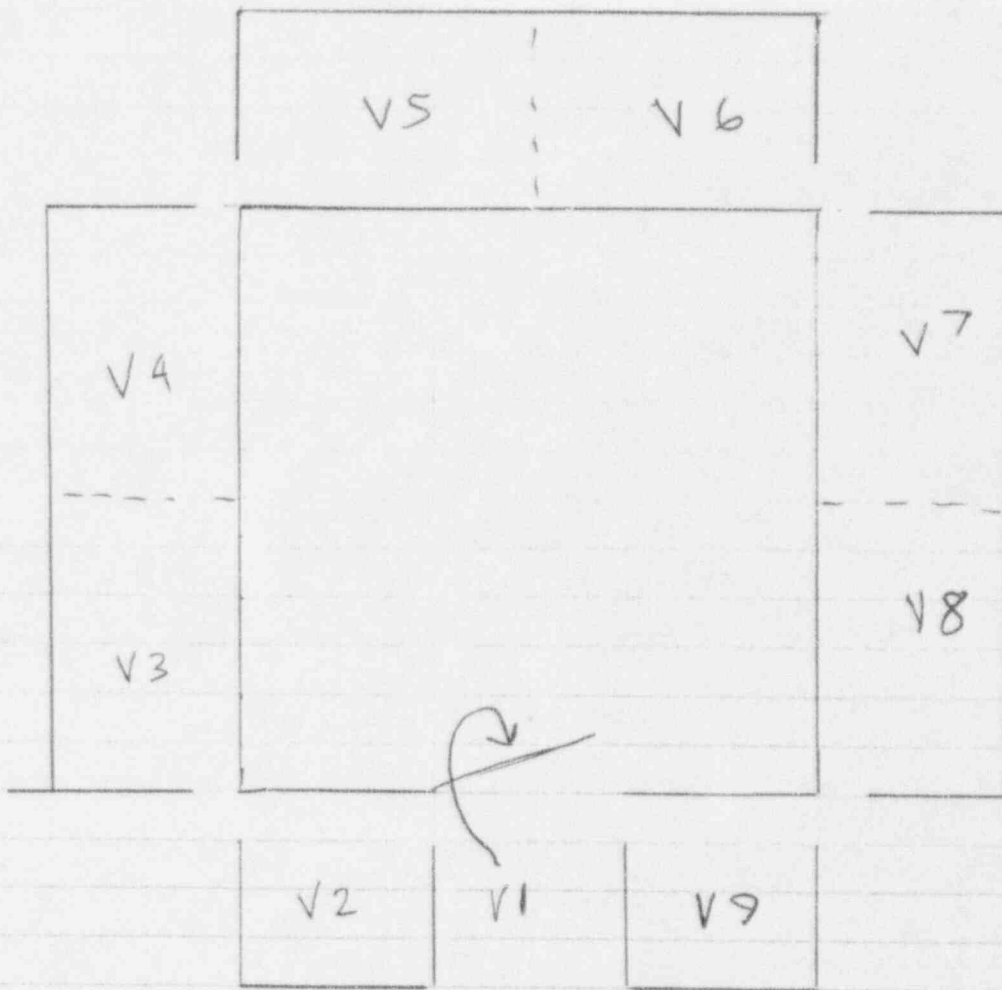
2 OF 2

BETA COUNTER				Date	ALPHA COUNTER				Date
BACKGROUND				cpm	BACKGROUND				cpm
SOURCE				cpm	SOURCE				cpm
EFFICIENCY				%	EFFICIENCY				%
BETA FACTOR				dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR				dpm/count
Date	Time	Net B (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By		
				B dpm	α dpm				
10-28-93	1000	6	-1	<30	<5	E1	KCC		
		2	1	↓	↓	E2			
		-3	1			E3			
		1	0			E4			
		0	0			E5			
		-4	-1			E6			
		-3	-1			E7			
		-1	0			F1			
		5	-1			F2			
		6	1			F3			
		4	1			F4			
		1	0			F5			
		0	0			F6	✓		
		3	2			F7	5		
		-2	1			G1	<5		
		5	1			G2	1		
		1	1			G3			
		0	0			G4			
		-3	0			G5			
		-1	-1			G6			
		4	1			G7			
		3	0	#1 ST					
		1	0	#2 ST					



RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL STORAGE ROOM
WALL WIPE SURVEY

1/16/99



SAM VAULT ROOM WALL
WIPE SURVEY

1/10/94

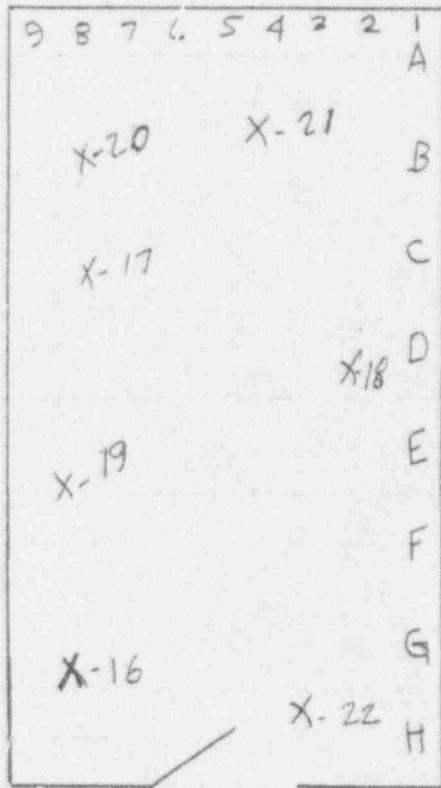
INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

BETA COUNTER <u>BC4</u> <u>1/10/54</u> Date	ALPHA COUNTER <u>SAC4</u> <u>1/10/54</u> Date
BACKGROUND <u>27.5</u> cpm	BACKGROUND <u>0.2</u> cpm
SOURCE <u>5001</u> cpm	SOURCE <u>7910</u> cpm
EFFICIENCY <u>37.4</u> %	EFFICIENCY <u>0.392</u> %
BETA FACTOR <u>2.67</u> dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR <u>2.55</u> dpm/count

Date	Time	GROSS Net-β (cpm)	GROSS Net-α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
<u>1/10/54</u>	<u>0900</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>0</u>	<u><30</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>V1</u>	<u>RLB</u>
		<u>30</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>V2</u>	
		<u>26</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>V3</u>	
		<u>34</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>V4</u>	
		<u>20</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>V5</u>	
		<u>29</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>V6</u>	
		<u>27</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>V7</u>	
		<u>35</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>V8</u>	
		<u>30</u>	<u>2</u>	∨	∨	<u>V9</u>	
		<u>33</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>RM1</u>	
		<u>23</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>RM2</u>	
		<u>24</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>RM3</u>	
		<u>26</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>RM4</u>	
		<u>28</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>5</u>	
		<u>22</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>6</u>	
		<u>28</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>7</u>	
		<u>29</u>	<u>2</u>			<u>8</u>	
		<u>24</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>9</u>	
		<u>20</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>10</u>	
		<u>30</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>11</u>	
		<u>29</u>	<u>1</u>	∨	∨	<u>12</u>	∨
						<u>13</u>	
<u>1 SQUARE FT WRAPS ON WALLS</u> <u>900 CM²</u> <u>< 3 dpm / 100 CM²</u>							

COUNTING ROOM WIPE SURVEY DATA

ROOM 115 COUNTING LAB



INTELCOM RAD TECH

HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

COUNTING ROOM

1 GF 3

BETA COUNTER	10/28/93	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	10/28/93	Date
BACKGROUND	30	cpm	BACKGROUND	0.9	cpm
SOURCE	5018	cpm	SOURCE	7898	cpm
EFFICIENCY		%	EFFICIENCY		%
BETA FACTOR		dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR		dpm/count

Date	Time	Net B (cpm)	Net a (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				B dpm	a dpm		
10/28/93	1300	-1	0	430	45	A1	
		-2	0			A2	
		3	0			A3	
		5	-1			A4	
		1	0			A5	
		0	0			A6	
		-1	0			A7	
		-1	-1			A8	
		2	0			A9	
		5	0			B1	
		3	1			B2	
		-4	0			B3	
		4	0			B4	
		3	0			B5	
		0	-1			B6	
		1	0			B7	
		2	1			B8	
		-3	0			B9	
		-1	0			C1	
		0	0			C2	
		-2	0			C3	
		1	-1			C4	
		2	0			C5	
		4	-1			C6	
		0	0			C7	
		-1	0			C8	
		3	0			C9	
		4	1			D1	

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

CTRM 2 OF 3

BETA COUNTER	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	Date
BACKGROUND	cpm	BACKGROUND	cpm
SOURCE	cpm	SOURCE	cpm
EFFICIENCY	%	EFFICIENCY	%
BETA FACTOR	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	dpm/count

Date	Time	Net B (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				B dpm	α dpm		
10/25/82		3	0	<30	<5	D2	
		-4	0			D3	
		1	0			D4	
		0	1			D5	
		3	0			D6	
		2	1			D7	
		0	0			D8	
		-2	0			D9	
		-4	0			E1	
		1	0			E2	
		0	1			E3	
		3	1			E4	
		0	1			E5	
		5	0			E6	
		-1	0			E7	
		0	1			E8	
		3	-1			E9	
		-2	-1			F1	
		-4	0			F2	
		0	-1			F3	
		1	-1			F4	
		5	0			F5	
		-1	0			F6	
		0	1			F7	
		-1	0			F8	
		0	0			F9	
		0	1			G1	
		1	1			G2	

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

CT ROOM

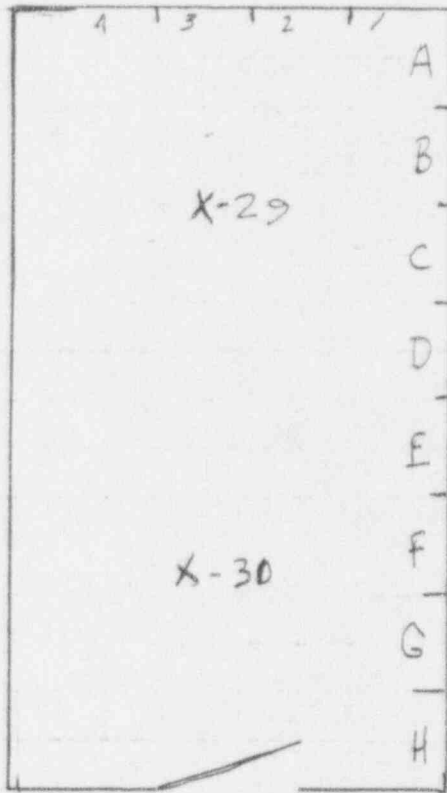
30F3

BETA COUNTER	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	Date
BACKGROUND	cpm	BACKGROUND	cpm
SOURCE	cpm	SOURCE	cpm
EFFICIENCY	%	EFFICIENCY	%
BETA FACTOR	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
10/28/53		6	1	220	25	63	
		3	1			64	
		-2	0			65	
		1	0			66	
		0	0			67	
		0	-1			68	
		0	0			69	
		2	1			H1	
		1	0			H2	
		3	0			H3	
		-2	-1			H4	
		-1	0			H5	
		4	-1			H6	
		5	-1			H7	
		-3	0			H8	
		1	1			H9	
		0	1			BEUCH NORTH-NORTH	
		0	0			BEUCH NORTH-SOUTH	
		1	0			BEUCH SOUTH-NORTH	
		1	0			BEUCH SOUTH-SOUTH	
		2	-1			CABINET	

DETECTOR LABS WIPE SURVEY DATA

ROOM 112 DETECTOR LAB 1



INTELCOM RAD TECH

HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

ROOM 112

1 OF 2

BETA COUNTER <i>BC-4</i>	<i>10/27/93</i> Date	ALPHA COUNTER <i>SAC 4</i>	<i>10/27/93</i> Date
BACKGROUND	<i>30.1</i> cpm	BACKGROUND	<i>0.9</i> cpm
SOURCE	<i>5002.1</i> cpm	SOURCE	<i>7891.1</i> cpm
EFFICIENCY	<i>37.6</i> %	EFFICIENCY	<i>39.1</i> %
BETA FACTOR <i>2.65</i>	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR <i>2.56</i>	dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
<i>10/27/93</i>	<i>0900</i>	<i>-1</i>	<i>-1</i>	<i><30</i>	<i><5</i>	<i>A1</i>	<i>K2C</i>
		<i>3</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>A2</i>	
		<i>2</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>A3</i>	
		<i>-4</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>A4</i>	
		<i>0</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>B1</i>	
		<i>1</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>B2</i>	
		<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>B3</i>	
		<i>1</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>B4</i>	
		<i>-1</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>C1</i>	
		<i>0</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>C2</i>	
		<i>5</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>C3</i>	
		<i>-2</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>C4</i>	
		<i>-1</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>D1 -</i>	
		<i>-3</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>D2</i>	
		<i>1</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>D3</i>	
		<i>4</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>D4</i>	
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>E1</i>	
		<i>1</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>E2</i>	
		<i>3</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>E3</i>	
		<i>-2</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>E4</i>	
		<i>-1</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>F1</i>	
		<i>-1</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>F2</i>	
		<i>-2</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>F3</i>	
		<i>0</i>	<i>-1</i>			<i>F4</i>	
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>G1</i>	
		<i>-1</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>G2</i>	
		<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>G3</i>	
		<i>2</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>G4</i>	

EF-121

INTELCOM RAD TECH

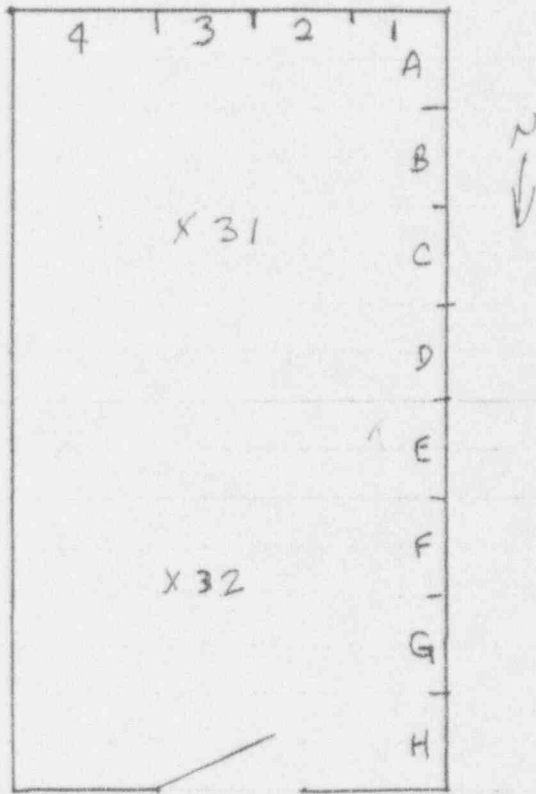
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

2082

BETA COUNTER	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	Date
BACKGROUND	cpm	BACKGROUND	cpm
SOURCE	cpm	SOURCE	cpm
EFFICIENCY	%	EFFICIENCY	%
BETA FACTOR	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	dpm/count

Date	Time	Net B (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
10/27/93	10:30	1	-1	430	25	H1	MLC
		-3	0			H2	
		2	0			H3	
		0	-1			H4	
		-1	1			DESK	
		3	0			TABLES	
		5	1			SINK	

ROOM 113 DETECTOR LAB 2



INTELCOM RAD TECH

HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

3200

ROOM 112

20700

1002

BETA COUNTER	BC-9	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	SAC-9	Date
BACKGROUND		cpm	BACKGROUND		cpm
SOURCE	ROOM 112 DATA	cpm	SOURCE	ROOM 112 DATA	cpm
EFFICIENCY		%	EFFICIENCY		%
BETA FACTOR		dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR		dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
10/27/93	1108	1	-1	< 30	< 5	A1	KLC
		2	-1			A2	
		-4	0			A3	
		0	-1			A4	
		1	-1			B1	
		3	0			B2	
		-7	0			B3	
		0	0			B4	
		0	0			C1	
		3	-1			C2	
		-1	-1			C3	
		1	-1			C4	
		1	-1			D1	
		0	1			D2	
		0	0			D3	
		0	-1			D4	
		0	0			E1	
		-4	0			E2	
		3	0			E3	
		0	-1			E4	
		1	-1			F1	
		1	-1			F2	
		-1	0			F3	
		-2	-1			F4	
		-1	0			G1	
		0	0			G2	
		-1	0			G3	
		3	-1			G4	

CF-121

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

2052

BETA COUNTER	Date	ALPHA COUNTER	Date
BACKGROUND	cpm	BACKGROUND	cpm
SOURCE	cpm	SOURCE	cpm
EFFICIENCY	%	EFFICIENCY	%
BETA FACTOR	dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				β dpm	α dpm		
		1	-1	230	25	H1	KLC
		1	-1			H2	
		-3	-1			H3	
		0	0			H4	
		-1	1			FREEZER	
		2	0			SINK	
		4	0			TRAYES	

TRITIUM COUNTING RESULTS

THIRD PARTY CHECK ALPHA AND BETA/GAMMA

REFER TO PREVIOUS WIPE SURVEY DATA AND GRIDS

X-RATED SAMPLE NOTATION ON GRID

X-COUNTS

Protocol #: 11 Name: H-3 CPM 02-Nov-73 12:47
 Region A: LL-UL= 0.0-18.6 Lcr= 0 Bkg= 0.00 %2 Sigma=0.00
 Region B: LL-UL= 2.0-18.6 Lcr= 0 Bkg= 0.00 %2 Sigma=0.00
 Region C: LL-UL= 0.0- 0.0 Lcr= 0 Bkg= 0.00 %2 Sigma=0.00
 Time = 2.00 QIP = SIS

S#	TIME	CPMA	SIS	FLAG	D/M	dpm / 1000 CM ²
1	10.00	10.90	25.871	B	24	2.6
2	2.00	14.60	13.403		24	2.6
3	2.00	14.10	15.027		19	2.1
4	2.00	12.10	3.494			3.2
5	2.00	17.60	8.832			3.4
6	2.00	19.10	9.280			3.5
7	2.00	20.10	9.773			-
8	2.00	10.60	15.135			2.7
9	2.00	15.60	13.020			2.1
10	2.00	12.10	7.565			-
11	2.00	7.10	0.000			-
12	2.00	4.60	0.000			-
13	2.00	24.10	9.212			4.2
14	2.00	24.60	7.517			4.2
15	2.00	27.60	13.606			1.9
16	2.00	126.60	9.784		205	22.7
17	2.00	222.60	10.880		360	26.2
18	2.00	10.60	10.350			2-
19	2.00	106.10	9.988		171	19.0
20	2.00	357.10	10.851		576	61.0
21	2.00	57.60	11.405		94	10.0
22	2.00	53.60	10.535		87	9.6
23	2.00	12.10	15.278			2.1
24	2.00	6.10	16.042			-
25	2.00	7.10	14.105			-
26	2.00	10.10	12.114			-
27	2.00	20.60	11.942			-
28	2.00	84.60	9.429		137	15.2
29	2.00	59.10	8.351		95	10.5
30	2.00	74.10	7.882		119	13.2
31	2.00	61.10	9.348		48	10.8
32	2.00	59.10	7.398		95	10.5
33	2.00	1.30	39.110			<MDA
34	2.00	157482	18.452	STD		

dpm / 1000 CM²
 2.6
 2.6
 2.1
 3.2 (900 CM² WIFES)
 3.4
 3.5
 -
 2.7
 2.1
 -
 4.2
 4.2
 1.9
 22.7
 26.2
 2-
 19.0
 61.0
 10.0
 9.6
 2.1
 -
 -
 -
 15.2
 10.5
 13.2
 10.8
 10.5
 <MDA

MAX = 4000
 ∴ 1.6 g

RM 112
 RM 113
 ORANGE RM 111
 COUNTING LAB RM 115
 SWM RM 116
 MORE ROOM 115

PACKARD 1600-TR LIQUID SCINTILLATION COUNTER

OSI WIPE SURVEY IRT CORP

2 NOV 93

OPERATIONAL CHECK:

CHANNEL A H-3 STANDARD CONTAINING 2.53 K-DPM (Feb 93) 157482 CPM 62 %eff.

CHANNEL B C-14 STANDARD CONTAINING 129 K-DPM NA CPM NA %eff.

CHANNEL C GROSS BETA--Total counts in this channel NA CPM NA %eff.
from both of the above standards.

Background: CHANNEL A 11 CPM CHANNEL B _____ CPM CHANNEL C _____ CPM

Efficiency = $\frac{\text{Observed net CPM}}{\text{DPM in Standard}}$

Minimum Detectable Activity = MDA = 1.64 $\frac{\frac{\text{CPM (bkg)}}{\text{Time (bkg)}} + \frac{\text{CPM (bkg)}}{\text{Time (Sample)}}}{\text{Counter Efficiency}}$ = DPM

MDA Ch A = $1.64 \sqrt{\frac{11}{10m} + \frac{11}{2m}}$ = $\frac{4.2 \text{ c/m}}{0.62 \frac{C}{D}}$ = 7 D/m

W.C. Murrell
Person performing procedure

1/193

IRT

43-2 BKGD : 2/5 min \Rightarrow 0.4 cpm

ECON

FS-8 BKGD : 353/10 min \Rightarrow 35.3 cpm

44-3 BKGD : 178/10 min \Rightarrow 17.8 cpm

¹⁴C : 16313 cpm · I₁₂₅ : 15,939 cpm ²³⁰Th : 2282 cpm

· 1025 μ Ci 77,126 dpm 68,000 dpm

	1 min	10 min	10 min	
	43-2	FS-8	44-3	
XZ	1 0	364	195	
TECH	2 0	384	201	MDCR(α) = 1.64 $\sqrt{\frac{2}{25} + \frac{2}{25}} = 0.656$ cts
LAB #1	3 0	341	181	
A-5	4 0	324	183	MDCR(β) = 1.64 $\sqrt{\frac{753}{100} + \frac{353}{100}} = 4.36$ cts
113	1 0	357	179	
TECH	2 0	366	209	MDCR(γ) = 1.64 $\sqrt{\frac{178}{100} + \frac{178}{100}} = 3.09$ cts
LAB #2	3 0	360	211	
X9	4 0	333	197	EFF(α) = $\frac{2282}{68,000} \Rightarrow 33.56\%$
	1 0	383	205	
(Rm-111)	2 0	339	175	EFF(β) = $\frac{1025}{16313} \Rightarrow 7.17\%$
	3 0	340	208	
	4 0	356	195	EFF(γ) = $\frac{15,939}{77,126} \Rightarrow 20.7\%$
	5 0	348	209	
	6 0	360	175	MDA(α) = $\frac{0.656}{.3356} = 1.955$ dpm
Rm 115	1 0 ✓	357	204	$\approx 0.0000009 \mu$ Ci
X-17	2 0 ✓	371	194	
	3 0	385	178	MDA(β) = $\frac{4.36}{.0717} = 60.81$ dpm
	4 0 ✓	337	216	$\approx 0.0000027 \mu$ Ci
	5 0 ✓	324	194	
	6 0	355	195	MDA(γ) = $\frac{3.09}{.207} = 14.93$ dpm
X72	7 0	337	183	$\approx 0.0000007 \mu$ Ci
	1 0	371	169	
(Rm-116)	2 0	380	190	- ALL < MD -
	3 0	363	216	
	4 0	314	184	
X71	5 0	332	179	

SCANNING AND FIXED ACTIVITY MEASUREMENTS
FOR COMPARISON OF AFFECTED AND UNAFFECTED AREAS

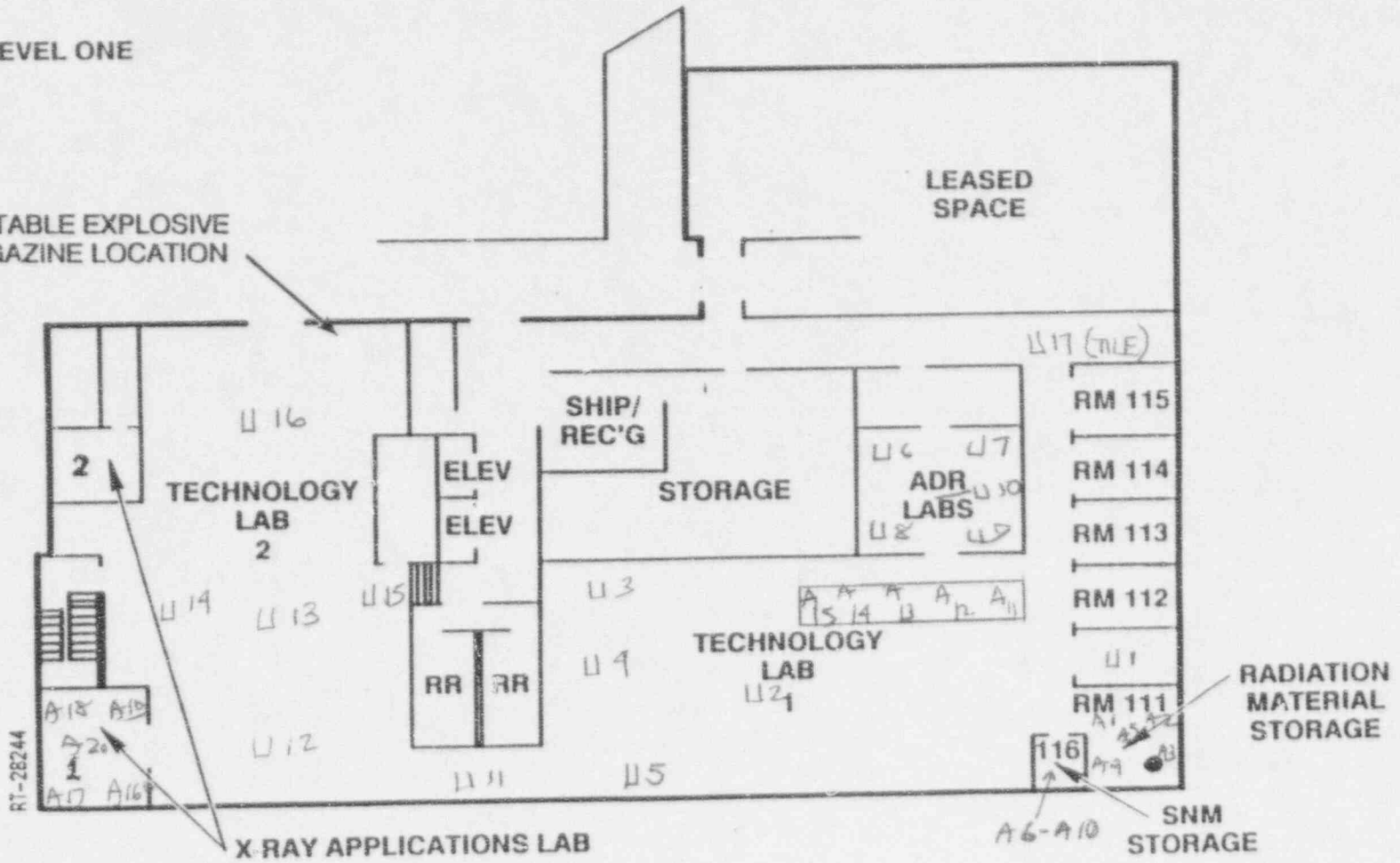
SCANS WERE MADE AT THE TIME OF THE WIPE SURVEYS FOR BOTH BETA/GAMMA AND ALPHA ACTIVITY WITH A LUDLUM MODEL 14 RATEMETER AND A HP210 PROBE AND A PAC 1SA AND AC-3-7 PROBE ALPHA SCINTILLATION DETECTOR, RESPECTIVELY. THESE MEASUREMENTS SHOWED NOTHING DISTINGUISHABLE FROM BACKGROUND COUNT RATES. SUBSEQUENT CONTACT MEASUREMENTS WITH THE HP210 PROBE AND A FS8 SCALER SYSTEM CALIBRATED FOR EFFICIENCY WITH THE STANDARD STRONTIUM BETA SOURCE INDICATED THAT THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AFFECTED AND UNAFFECTED AREAS WAS NOT MEASURABLE. IT IS CONCLUDED THAT THE ACTUAL MEASURED ACTIVITY IS DUE TO THE NORMAL ACTIVITY OF CONCRETE. THIS IS SUPPORTED BY THE FACT THAT IN LOCATIONS COVERED WITH TILE AND OR CARPET THE MEASURED ACTIVITY IS LESS.

SURVEY INSTRUMENT DOSERATE MEASUREMENTS AT 1 METER ABOVE THE FLOOR WITH THE TWO MICRO R METERS GAVE THE SAME RESULTS FOR BOTH AREAS.

LEVEL ONE

PORTABLE EXPLOSIVE
MAGAZINE LOCATION

LEASED
SPACE



Lower floor north

UNAFFECTED AREAS

NUMBER	CPM	DOSE RATE <i>uR/hr</i>
U1	58	15
U2	63	15
U3	61	13
U4	55	15
U5	58	13
U6	61	14
U7	53	14
U8	55	13
U9	59	13
U10	57	13
U11	60	14
U12	54	14
U13	58	15
U14	59	14
U15	56	13
U16	53	15
U17	35	14

AFFECTED AREAS

NUMBER	CPM	DOSE RATE $\mu R/hr$
A1	58	15
A2	59	14
A3	61	14
A4	56	15
A5	57	15
A6	51	14
A7	46	13
A8	56	15
A9	59	15
A10	53	13
A11	59	14
A12	57	14
A13	55	14
A14	61	13
A15	53	12
A16	60	12
A17	57	13
A18	54	15
A19	63	14
A20	60	16

MISCELLANEOUS LEAK TESTS AND ROUTINE SURVEY DATA

INTELCOM RAD TECH

HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT
WEEKLY WIPE SURVEYS 10-15-86 *D. Keeling*

BETA COUNTER BC-4	10-14-86 Date	ALPHA COUNTER SAC-4	10-14-86 Date
BACKGROUND	27.7 cpm	BACKGROUND	0.10 cpm
SOURCE	6372.2 cpm	SOURCE	8096.7 cpm
EFFICIENCY	40.0 %	EFFICIENCY	39.8 %
BETA FACTOR	2.50 dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR	2.51 dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By <i>D. Keeling</i>
				β dpm	α dpm		
10-15-86	1405	0	0	1.3 <30	<5	4879	① OUTSIDE FLOOR AT VAULT DOOR
		1.3	0	<30	<5	4880	② INSIDE DOOR VAULT FLOOR
		3.3	1.9 ^{4.7 dpm}	<30	<5	4881	③ FLOOR BY STAIR CABINET - VAULT
		0	0 ^{2.0}	<30	<5	4882	④ FLOOR UNDER THIRDS - VAULT
		0	0.9	<30	<5	4883	⑤ HOT LAB DOOR - 1ST FLOOR
		0	0	<30	<5	4884	⑥ FLOOR IN REAR OF CABINET H.L.
		6.3	0	<30	<5	4885	⑦ FLOOR BY DESK HOT LAB
		8.3	0	<30	<5	4886	⑧ FLOOR AT END OF DESK - H. LAB
		0	0	<30	<5	4887	⑨ FLOOR IN FRONT OF DESK H. LAB
		0	0	<30	<5	4888	⑩ FLOOR BY CUB H. LAB
		0	0	<30	<5	4889	⑪ CUB TOP HOT LAB
		4.3	0.4	<30	<5	4890	⑫ CUB SHELF HOT LAB
		3.3	0	<30	<5	4891	⑬ FLOOR BY WELL - H. LAB
		0	1.9	<30	<5	4892	⑭ FLOOR BY FUME HOOD H. LAB
		7.3	0	<30	<5	4893	⑮ FUME HOOD 3LL - H. LAB
		72.3	1.9	180.75	<5	4894	⑯ C-252 BANG 00-252-19

Paul R. Mascher

3-4-87

Had an RSC meeting.

Bruce Kavacs, IRT/Ridge east coast Rep. called. He wanted to know what progress I was making on the FMI license and ARGUS registration.

I told him I ~~hadn't~~ haven't had time to start on it yet, and that it would be 2-4 weeks before I could.

3-5-87

Started air sampler in Hat Job.

Setting up to load Japanese G-Gd pellets into a test rod ~~for~~ with Lew Parks.

Removed pellets from the Vaults and opened each container. Put vials in hand.

0% Gd =	11 pellets
2% Gd =	" "
4% Gd =	" "
6% Gd =	12 pellets

Wipes taken on vials

51000% Gd	<u>430</u> Bdpm	<u>45</u> α dpm
5101 2% Gd	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>
5102 4% Gd	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>
5103 6% Gd	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>

Opened the vials, ~~then~~ measured the diameter of each pellet then placed it in the ~~test~~ test rod.

Read and understood by _____

air Sample

5051 1.02 x 10⁻¹³ B uli/ml 8.0 x 10⁻¹⁴ α uli/ml

Paul R. Maschka

3-5-87

Sealed tube ends. Cleaned ~~the~~ tube, vials
and calipers

Wipes taken:

5497 Calipers	$\frac{430}{5}$	Bdpm	$\frac{45}{5}$	2 dpm
5498 Vials	$\frac{5}{5}$		$\frac{5}{5}$	
5499 tubes	$\frac{45}{5}$		$\frac{45}{5}$	

With Dennis Piper; testing a PKM using .23 gm
~~Pa~~ Pa foil samples. after adjusting H.V. and
windows the unit saw the Pa easily.

~~Met~~ Met with Chuck Preskitt: he
wanted to know why I wasn't
working on the FMI license. I told him:

1. Semi-annual leak check
2. Cf-Co irradiation cell.
3. Certification tests for CXI
4. Routine surveys & inspections
at Linn, Arizona and Callan Rd.
5. Monitoring irradiated Gemstones
6. Rewriting Linn Rad Safe Manual
7. Trying to get CAP's for Deles and
Aries completed.
8. Monit. PKg, label, and paperwork
gemstone packages going to U. of Mo.
9. Film badge change.
10. Calibrate survey meters.

I told ~~him~~ him that I need help writing
the registration for ARGUS-200 and the
FMI license.

Paul R. Maschler

Completed 5NM Inventory and wipes. 3-5-87

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

BETA COUNTER <i>F5-T</i> 3/16/87 Date	ALPHA COUNTER <i>SAC-4</i> 3/16/87 Date
BACKGROUND <i>25.6</i> cpm	BACKGROUND <i>0.03</i> cpm
SOURCE <i>4814.4</i> cpm	SOURCE <i>8032.6</i> cpm
EFFICIENCY <i>30.4</i> %	EFFICIENCY <i>34.8</i> %
BETA FACTOR <i>3.22</i> dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR <i>2.51</i> dpm/count

Date	Time	Net B (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By <i>PX M</i>
				B dpm	α dpm		
3/16	1320	0	0	<30	<5	5104	<i>fresh head</i>
		0	0	<30		5	<i>2nd page</i>
		0	0	<30		6	<i>R.S. F. 1</i>
		0	0	<30		7	<i>Compton</i>
		0	0	<30		8	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		0	0	<30		9	<i>Compton</i>
		0	1	<30		5110	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		0	4	<30	10	11	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		0	0	<30		12	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		1	0	<30		13	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		6	0	<30		14	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		5	0	<30		15	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		0	0	<30		16	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		0	0			17	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		0	0			18	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		0	0			19	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		3	0			5-1 20	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		0	1			21	<i>u.s. Ion</i>
		3	0			5-1 22	<i>u.s. Ion</i>

3-6-87

Reviewed Guide for Registration of Devices

Met with Presbitt and R. Lukens. Lukens will write ARB US-200 Registration. Want over the procedures and guidelines with him.

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

Semi-annual
SWM Leakties
Paul R. Maschka

BETA COUNTER FS-8 8/23/88 Date	ALPHA COUNTER SAC-1 8/23/88 Date
BACKGROUND 22.4 cpm	BACKGROUND 0.24 cpm
SOURCE 5733.6 cpm	SOURCE 8110.9 cpm
EFFICIENCY 38.2 %	EFFICIENCY 40.1 %
BETA FACTOR 2.61 dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR 2.50 dpm/count

Date	Time	Net B (cpm)	Net a (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By
				B dpm	a dpm		
8/23	1510	3	1	<30	<5	128 Rad	3065
		0	0	}	}	29	"3137
		0	0			130	"2085
		2	0			1	"3138
		0	0			2	"2008
		0	1			3	"3104
		3	0			4	"Belgo
		1	0			35	"3136
		0	0			6	"3119
		0	0			7	"3087
		2	0			8	"2017
		0	0			9	"2019
		24	0			140	"3056
		5	1			1	10' Rad (max)
		0	0			3%	2 U/ed Japan Rad
		0	0			(DU+NU)3	B&W U/ed Rada
		0	0	4	U ⁵ Fis Cntr		
		4	0	45	U ⁵ Ion Chamber		
		2	1	6	R-5 Fis Cntr		
		0	0	7	Pu Fis Cntr		
		0	0	8	CFX Plates		
		0	1	9	Pu foils unopa		
		0	6	150	Pu foils 0.237		
		2	0	1	Pu foils 0.041		
		0	0	2	Pu foils Gera		
		0	0	3	94-239-11		
		4	3	4	98-237-142		
		0	1	155	98-235-4		

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

*Semi-annual
SNM Leak Test
Paul R. Maschka*

BETA COUNTER <i>FS-8</i> <i>8/23/88</i> Date	ALPHA COUNTER <i>SAC-4</i> <i>8/23/88</i> Date
BACKGROUND <i>22.4</i> cpm	BACKGROUND <i>0.24</i> cpm
SOURCE <i>5733.6</i> cpm	SOURCE <i>8110.9</i> cpm
EFFICIENCY <i>38.2</i> %	EFFICIENCY <i>40.1</i> %
BETA FACTOR <i>2.61</i> dpm/count	ALPHA FACTOR <i>2.50</i> dpm/count

Date	Time	Net β (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	FINAL RESULT		Sample Number	Counted By <i>PRM</i>
				β dpm	α dpm		
<i>8/23</i>	<i>1510</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i><30</i>	<i><5</i>	<i>128</i>	<i>Rad 3065</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	}	}	<i>29</i>	<i>" 3137</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>130</i>	<i>" 2085</i>
		<i>2</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>1</i>	<i>" 3138</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>2</i>	<i>" 2008</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>3</i>	<i>" 3104</i>
		<i>3</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>4</i>	<i>" Belgo</i>
		<i>1</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>35</i>	<i>" 3136</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>6</i>	<i>" 3119</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>7</i>	<i>" 3087</i>
		<i>2</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>8</i>	<i>" 2017</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>9</i>	<i>" 2019</i>
		<i>4</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>140</i>	<i>" 3056</i>
		<i>5</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>1</i>	<i>10' Rad (new)</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>3%</i>	<i>2 U/ed Japan Rad</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>(DU & NU)</i>	<i>3 B&W U/ed Rada</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>4</i>	<i>U⁵ Fis Cntr</i>
		<i>4</i>	<i>0</i>			<i>45</i>	<i>U⁵ Ion Chamber</i>
		<i>2</i>	<i>1</i>			<i>6</i>	<i>R-S Fis Cntr</i>
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>Pu Fis Cntr</i>		
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>CFX Plates</i>		
		<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>9</i>	<i>Pu fails unop</i>		
		<i>0</i>	<i>6</i>	<i>150</i>	<i>Pu fails 0.237</i>		
		<i>2</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>Pu fails 0.041</i>		
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>Pu fails Sera</i>		
		<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>94-239-11</i>		
		<i>4</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>98-237-142</i>		
		<i>0</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>155</i>	<i>98-235-4</i>		

7/11/89

INVENTORIED ALL SNM AT CALLAN
VAULT & RM STORAGE ROOM. WIPE TESTED
ALL ITEMS AN ALSO VAULT FLOOR.
NO. LEAKAGE OR CONTAMINATION DETECTED.
RESULTS ATTACHED.

INTELCOM RAD TECH
HEALTH PHYSICS SAMPLE REPORT

BETA COUNTER				ALPHA COUNTER			
Date	Time	Net B (cpm)	Net α (cpm)	B dpm	α dpm	Sample Number	Counted By
7/11/89	1100	0	2	1500 dpm	4500 dpm	120	U-235 (SOURCE) KLO
		0	0			191	U-235 "
		0	0			192	Pu (DOE)
		1	0			193	Pu (SEAL (AIR))
		1	1			194	Pu (FOILS) 1/2
		3	1			195	Pu (AIRS) .59
		4	1			196	Pu (FOILS) CAN
		5	0			197	U-235 (SOURCE)
		0	0			198	U-235 (SOURCE)
		2	0			199	U-235 FOILS CAN
		0	1			200	U-235 FOILS CAN
		2	0			201	U-235 (SOURCE) CAN
		0	0			202	CFE PLATE
		6	1	230 dpm	25 dpm	203	VAULT FLOOR
		2	1	"	"	204	PAINT LABELS

SNM INVENTORY, SSLT AND LOCATION

JULY 1992

A physical inventory of the Special Nuclear Material on hand at this time was completed on July 27, 1992. The following Material is on hand:

MATERIAL	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
^{235}U oxide powder	Sealed source plastic vial 92-235-4 8.5/8.0 grams	SS container in white 5 gal bucket
^{235}U oxide powder	Sealed source plastic vial 92-235-5 8.5/8.0 grams	SS container in white 5 gal bucket
^{235}U oxide	Fission Counters RSN-34A-M1,K591 RSN-34A-M1,G1481 FC4A-300 */*	Loose, plastic wrap white 5 gal bucket
^{235}U Al alloy	Lg CFX Fuel Plate, Al clad SAJ 51 11/10.7 grams	Plastic wrap white 5 gal bucket
	Sm CFX Fuel Plate, Al clad SAL 22 SAK 128 5/4.6 grams (both)	Plastic wrap white 5 gal bucket
$^{235}\text{U}/^{239}\text{Pu}$ oxide	NFS fuel rods 2-017,019,085 3-136,137,138 6555/129 U grams 146/143 Pu grams	Pipe container #1
	Belgo fuel rod J0182 1154/0.6 U grams 42/42 Pu grams	
	NFS fuel rods 2-008 3-056,065,087,104,119 6525/148 U grams 183/180 grams	Pipe Container #2

MATERIAL	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
^{239}Pu metal	Unopened foil 0.237/0.234 grams	Green 6M container 2R in metal can
	Foils 0.0417/0.0412 grams	Blue 2R
	Foils 0.237/0.234 grams	Yellow 6M container 1 inch 2R
	Scrap 0.195/0.193 grams	3 inch 2R
^{239}Pu oxide	Fission counter FC4A-300 */*	White 5 gal bucket loose
^{239}Pu salt	Plated source S-21 94-239-12 */* grams	Callan Road Counting lab
$^{238}\text{PuBe}$	Sealed neutron source 94-238-1 1.1/1.0 grams	Callan RM storage source storage pit

All wipe tests were negative: < 13 picoCuries beta/gamma
 < 2.3 picoCuries alpha.

Also, wipe tests of storage tubes, floor, and calibration sources were negative, i. e. less than minimum detectable.

Sample description
MINERAL OIL FOR K. CROSBIE

Spectrum Filename: MIMOIL.SPC

Acquisition information

Start time 07-DEC-93 08:42:46
Live time 9025
Real time 9031
Dead time .07%
Detector/Geometry IDs 1 & 1

Detector system

No detector description was entered

Calibration

Filename: CRUN0222.SPC
Created: 29-SEP-93 13:00:27 & Two point calibr
RECALIBRATION FOR 30 GM HOLDER, SOURCE M-10
S1B01883

Zero offset -1.770 keV; Gain .750 keV/channel

Library Files

Main analysis library: TOPAZ.LIB

Analysis parameters

Start channel 20 for an energy of 13.23keV
Stop channel 3500 for an energy of 2617.30keV
Peak rejection level 50.000%
Activity scaling factor 1.0000E+00/ 1.5000E+01 = 6.6667E-02
Detection limit method:
 Don't print isotope if not found */5cc*
Additional random error: 1.0000000E+00
Additional systematic error: 1.0000000E+00
Background width: best method (based on spectrum).

Corrections	Status	Comments
Decay correct to date	NO	
Decay during acquisition	NO	
Peaked background correction	NO	
Absorption (Internal)	NO	
Geometry correction	NO	
Random summing	NO	

Energy calibration normalized difference: .3138

Spectrum name: MIMOIL.SPC

MPC table filename: TOPAZ.TBL

***** SUMMARY OF NUCLIDES IN SAMPLE *****
 TIME OF COUNT UNCERTAINTY 1 SIGMA

NUCLIDE ACTIVITY COUNTING % of MPC
 BQ PER ~~GRAM~~ CC

```

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
F-18 Am 511 3.7203E-01            17.04%            .37 ]
ZR-89 #     2.5184E-02            43.96%            .03 ]
K-40 #     9.1342E-01            14.82%            .91 ]
  
```

All peaks for activity calculation had bad shape.

] Default value from table used for MPC.

----- SUMMARY -----
 TOTAL ACTIVITY (13.2 to 2617.3 keV) 1.3106270E+00 BQ PER ~~GRAM~~ CC

The library has energies which are not separable.

***** SUMMARY OF DISCARDED PEAKS *****

14.15 & Y-88	15.80 & Y-88	27.20 & J-126	27.47 % J-126
31.00 & J-126	31.70 & J-126	35.49 & SB-125	53.16 % BA-133
57.98 & TA-182	59.32 & TA-182	67.75 % TA-182	79.62 % BA-133
81.00 & BA-133	84.68 + TA-182	100.11 & TA-182	113.67 & TA-182
127.19 & NI-57	133.03 % HF-181	136.28 + HF-181	142.65 % FE-59
145.44 & CE-141	152.43 & TA-182	156.38 & TA-182	160.61 + BA-133
165.85 % CE-139	176.33 % SB-125	179.39 + TA-182	192.35 & FE-59
222.10 % TA-182	223.23 & BA-133	229.32 % TA-182	255.06 & SN-113
276.40 & BA-133	279.20 & HG-203	302.85 & BA-133	308.46 & IR-192
316.51 & IR-192	320.08 ! CR-51	345.94 % HF-181	356.02 % BA-133
380.43 % SB-125	383.85 & BA-133	427.89 & SB-125	463.38 & SB-125
468.07 & IR-192	475.35 % CS-134	482.18 % HF-181	492.00 & J-126
511.00 % Ge-69	511.00 % ANN-511	563.23 * CS-134	569.32 & CS-134
573.90 + Ge-69	588.59 & IR-192	600.56 & SB-125	604.70 ! CS-134
606.64 % SB-125	612.47 & IR-192	634.78 + AS-74	635.90 % SB-125
656.00 & J-126	664.50 - J-126	671.41 & SB-125	722.79 & SB-124
724.20 + ZR-95	730.00 % J-126	763.94 & AG-110M	765.78 ! NB-95
795.84 & CS-134	801.93 ? CS-134	810.77 % CO-58	834.83 & MN-54
863.96 & CO-58	871.70 % Ge-69	898.02 & Y-88	937.49 & AG-110M
1001.68 % TA-182	1038.57 % CS-134	1099.25 % FE-59	1106.40 % Ge-69
1115.55 + ZN-65	1121.28 & TA-182	1167.94 CS-134	1173.24 + CO-60
1189.05 % TA-182	1221.42 & TA-182	1230.97 % TA-182	1257.47 % TA-182
1274.53 & NA-22	1289.17 & TA-182	1291.60 + FE-59	1332.50 + CO-60
1336.20 % Ge-69	1365.15 & CS-134	1368.53 + NA-24	1620.80 % ZR-89
1657.30 & ZR-89	1690.98 & SB-124	1712.90 % ZR-89	1744.50 & ZR-89
1757.48 % NI-57	1836.01 % Y-88	1919.43 & NI-57	2090.94 % SB-124

* - Peak is too wide, but only one peak in library.

! - Peak is part of a multiplet and this area went negative during deconvolution.

? - Peak is too narrow.