



UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

TERA

Docket No. 50-364

NOV 13 1980

APPLICANT: Alabama Power Company

FACILITY: Joseph M. Farley Nuclear Plant, Unit 2

SUBJECT: SUMMARY OF OCTOBER 30, 1980 MEETING REGARDING REVIEW OF
OPERATING LICENSE APPLICATION

The purpose of the meeting was to hear and discuss the means by which power cables in containment electrical presentation are protected from over current. The presentation was in response to a Request No. 040.15, transmitted by letter dated September 10, 1980. Enclosure 1 is a list of attendees. Enclosure 2 is the draft response to Request No. 040.15 that was discussed in the meeting.

Staff said the draft response was well-prepared and acceptable for review. Applicant plans to submit this response the week of November 10, 1980, with minor modifications as discussed in the meeting.

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Lester L. Kintner, Project Manager
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Enclosures:
As stated

cc: See next page

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ENCLOSURE 1

OCTOBER 30, 1980 MEETING
ALABAMA POWER COMPANY - NRC
OVERCURRENT PROTECTION

R. Fitzpatrick	Power Systems Branch, DSI, NRC
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L. Kintner	Licensing Branch No. 2, DOL, NRC
H. Bell	Bechtel
J. Love	Bechtel
R. George	Alabama Power Company
O. Kingsley	Alabama Power Company
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T. Milton	Southern Company Services

PROTECTION ANALYSIS FOR
RESPONSE TO NRC STAFF POSITION 040.15
CONTAINMENT PENETRATION OVERCURRENT PROTECTION
J. M. FARLEY NUCLEAR PLANT UNIT 2

1. The following categories of electrical circuits penetrate the containment:
 - A. Medium voltage power for Reactor Coolant Pump Motors: 3 Ø, 4.16 KV
 - B. Low voltage power: 3 Ø, 600V, 480V and 208V
 - C. Low voltage control power: 120V AC, 125V DC
 - D. Lighting circuits: 480/277V AC
 - E. Instrumentation circuits using electronic power supplies
 - F. Instrumentation circuits which generate their own signal (e.g., thermocouples)
2. Categories 1E and 1F above will not be discussed further because they are inherently self-limiting and of such low power to be of no concern.
3. For Category 1A, the power supply circuits to the Reactor Coolant Pump Motors, Table 1 and Figure 1 depict the primary and backup overcurrent protection devices provided by the existing plant design. As shown in Figure 1, adequate time-current coordination exists between the motor feeder breaker overcurrent protection and the bus supply breaker overcurrent protection to provide primary and backup overload and short circuit protection for the containment penetration conductors.

In regard to NRC Staff Position 040.15B, the G. E. switchgear and the associated overcurrent relays are suitable for the service environment in the plant area where they are installed. However, the switchgear is non-Class IE and no seismic qualification data was obtained for this equipment. Other plants have utilized similar type switchgear in Class IE application.

In regard to NRC Staff Position 040.15E, the external control power used for tripping both the primary and backup breakers is currently provided from the same 125V DC section of the 250V DC Turbine Building Battery. A modification will be made to provide 125V DC control power to the primary and backup breakers from different 125V DC sections of the Turbine Building Battery. The 125V DC control power cables for the backup breakers will be installed in conduit and be physically separated from the 125V DC control power cables for the primary breakers.

4. Category 1B consists of low voltage power supply circuits to equipment loads inside the containment which are powered from 600V AC load centers, 600V AC motor control centers, 208V AC motor control centers, 600V AC distribution panels, and the 480V AC, 3Ø supplies to the H₂ recombiners. Each of these sub-categories will be discussed separately below.

A. 600V AC Load Centers: Table 2 provides a tabulation of the loads inside the containment which are powered from 600V AC load centers. As shown on Figure 2, the existing load feeder breakers which provide the primary overcurrent protection provide both short circuit and overload protection for the containment penetration conductors. However, the existing bus supply breakers are magnetic trip only breakers and as shown on Figure 2 do not provide thermal overload protection. Therefore, a modification will be made to provide MSCP fuses in series with each phase of the power cables for the loads in Table 2.* The MSCP fuses will be located between the load center feeder breakers and the containment penetration conductors as shown on the single line on Figure 2. The MSCP fuses will provide adequate backup overload and short circuit protection for the containment penetration conductors as shown on Figure 2.

B. 600V AC Motor Control Centers: Table 3 provides a tabulation of the loads inside the containment which are powered from 600V AC Motor Control Centers (MCC's). As shown in Table 3, three sizes of containment penetration conductors are used for these loads (#4/0 AWG, #6 AWG and #2 AWG).

Figure 3 shows the time-current coordination curves for the existing overcurrent protection devices associated with the #4/0 AWG penetration conductors. As shown in Figure 3, adequate time-current coordination exists between the 600V MCC breaker feeding the load and the 600V load center breaker which supplies the MCC to provide primary and backup overload and short circuit protection for the #4/0 containment penetration conductors.

Figure 4 shows the time-current coordination curves for the existing overcurrent protection devices associated with the #6 AWG containment penetration conductors. As shown on Figure 4, the existing 600V MCC breakers and O/L relays provide primary overcurrent protection for both short circuit and overload protection of the containment penetration conductors. However, the existing 600V load center

* Except for loads which are noted in Table 2 or loads which are noted in Table 3 or only required occasionally for short periods of time. These loads will be normally deenergized and controlled administratively.²

breakers which supply the 600V MCC's do not provide adequate backup overcurrent protection. Therefore, a modification will be made to provide MSCP fuses in series with each phase of the power cables for the loads in Table 3* which use #6 AWG penetration conductors. The MSCP fuses will be located between the 600V MCC's and the containment penetration conductors as shown on the single line on Figure 4. The MSCP fuses will provide adequate backup overload and short circuit protection for the #6 AWG penetration conductors as shown on Figure 4.

Figure 5 shows the time-current coordination curves for the existing overcurrent protection devices associated with the #2 AWG containment penetration conductors. As shown on Figure 5, the existing 600V MCC breakers and O/L relays provide adequate primary overcurrent protection for both short circuit and overload protection of the penetration conductors. However, the existing 600V load center breakers which supply the 600V MCC's do not provide adequate backup overcurrent protection. Therefore, a modification will be made to provide MSCP fuses in series with each phase of the power cables for the loads in Table 3 which use #2 AWG penetration conductors. The MSCP fuses will be located between the 600V MCC's and the containment penetration conductors as shown on the single line on Figure 5. The MSCP fuses will provide adequate backup overload and short circuit protection for the #2 AWG containment penetration conductors as shown on Figure 5.

- C. 208V Motor Control Centers: Table 4 provides a tabulation of the loads inside the containment which are powered from 208V MCC's. As shown on Figure 6, adequate primary and backup overload and short circuit protection is provided for the penetration conductors by the existing 208V MCC breakers/overload relays, and the 600V MCC breakers which supply the 208V MCC's.

* Except for loads which are noted on Table as not required on Modes 1-4 or loads which are noted on Table as only required occasionally for short periods of time. These loads will be normally deenergized and controlled administratively.

- D. 600V AC Distribution Panels: Table 5 provides a tabulation of the pressurizer heater groups inside the containment which are powered from the 600V AC distribution panels. As shown on Figure 7, adequate primary and backup overload and short circuit protection is provided for the penetration conductors by the distribution panel breakers and the 600V load center breakers which supply power to the distribution panels.
- E. 480V, 3 Ø Supplies to H₂ Recombiners: Table 6 provides a tabulation of the primary and backup overcurrent protection which exists for the containment penetration conductors associated with the H₂ Recombiner power supplies. As shown on Figure 8, adequate primary and backup overcurrent protection is provided for short circuit and overload protection of the penetration conductors.
5. Category 1C consists of low voltage control power supply circuits to 120V AC and 125V DC devices located inside the containment which originate from 120V AC or 125V DC distribution panels or control power cabinets located outside the containment. Subcategories of Category 1C consist of power supplies to 125V DC and 120V AC solenoid valves, power supplies to the Control Rod Drive Mechanism (CRDM) and power supplies to the Rod Position Indication (RPI) system. Each of these subcategories will be discussed separately below.
- A. 125V DC and 120V AC Solenoid Power Supplies: Table 7 provides a list of the solenoid valves inside the containment which are powered from 125V DC and 120V AC distribution panels. Figure 9 shows the time-current coordination curves for the existing 3 Ampere fuses which provide primary overcurrent protection for the penetration conductors, and for the existing 30 Ampere breakers which provide backup overcurrent protection. As shown on Figure 9, adequate primary and backup short circuit and overload protection for the containment penetration conductors is provided by the existing fuses and breakers.

B. CRDM Power Supply: Table 8 provides a tabulation of the CRDM stationary gripper and lift control power cables which penetrate the containment. Each of these cables have adequate primary short circuit and overload protection provided by fuses located in the Rod Control Power Cabinets as shown on Figures 10 and 11. In addition, these cables are de-energized on a SIAS signal which will eliminate the possibility of a cable fault damaging the penetration conductors subsequent to a LOCA.

C. Rod Position Indication (RPI) Distribution Panels: Table 9 and Figure 11A show the existing primary and backup overcurrent protection devices for the RPI power supply penetration conductors. As shown on Figure 11A, adequate primary and backup short circuit and overload protection is provided for the containment penetration conductors.

6. Category 1D consists of 480/277V AC lighting circuits inside the containment as shown on Table 10 which are powered from 600V AC to 480/277V AC lighting transformers located outside the containment. Figures 12 and 13 show the time-current coordination curves for the existing overcurrent protection provided on these circuits.

As shown on Figure 12, adequate primary short circuit and overload protection is provided for the containment penetration conductors by the existing 600V AC load center feeder breaker. However, as the 600V AC load center supply breaker is a magnetic trip only breaker, no backup overload protection is provided by the 600V load center supply breaker. A modification will be made to add MSCP fuses between the 225 KVA lighting transformer and the penetration conductors. As shown on Figure 12, the MSCP fuses will provide adequate short and overload backup protection for the penetration conductors.

As shown on Figure 13, adequate primary and backup overload and short circuit protection is provided for the containment penetration conductors by the existing 600V AC MCC breaker and the 600V AC load center feeder breaker which supply power to the 75 KVA lighting transformer.

7. NRC Staff Position 040.15B - All primary and backup overcurrent protection devices discussed in Items 1 thru 6 above are suitable for operation in the plant area service environments where they are installed. All MSCP fuse cabinets which will be added to provide backup protection for both non-Class IE and Class IE circuits as discussed in Items 1 thru 6 above will be qualified to IEEE 323-74 and IEEE 344-75.



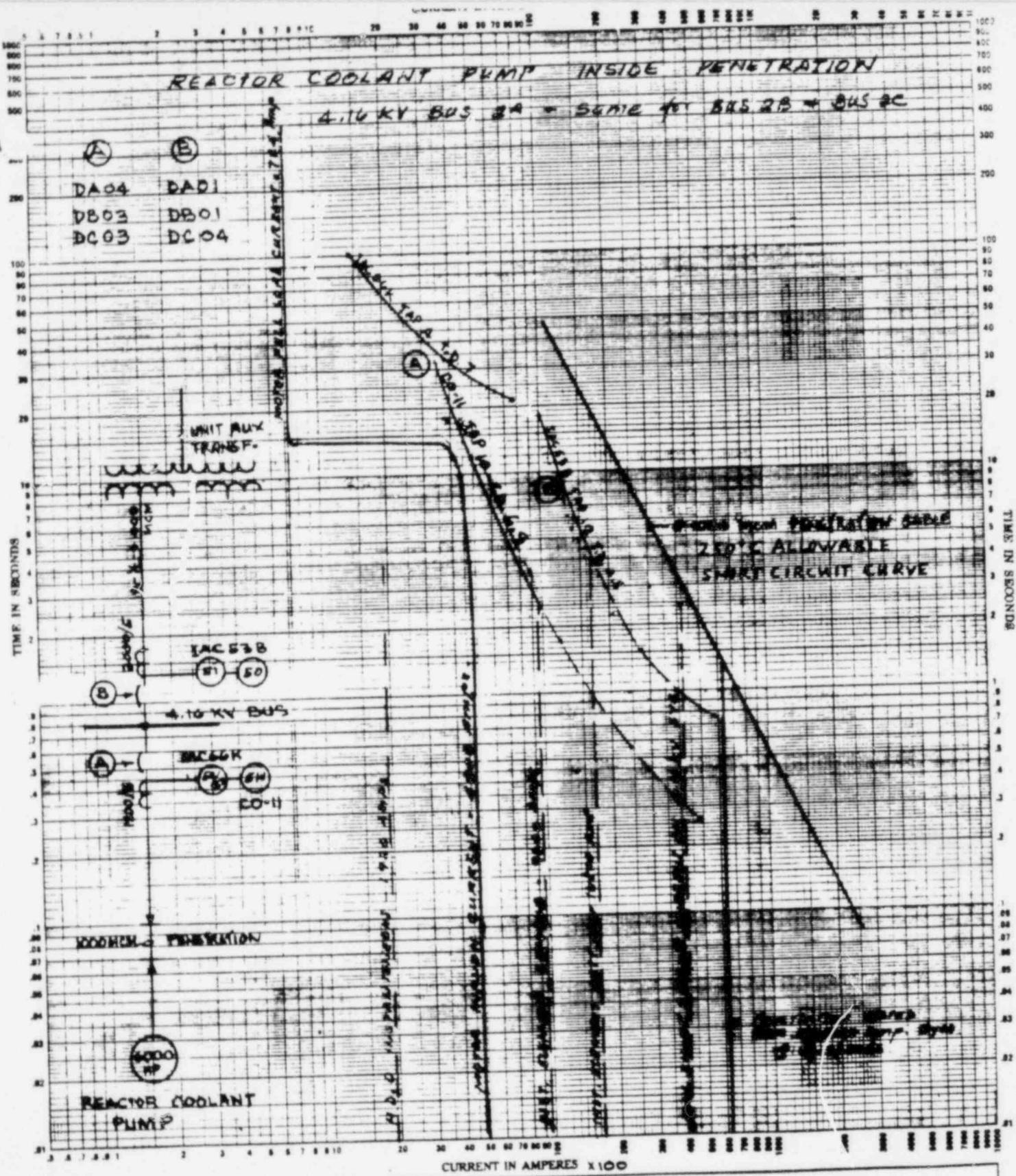
CALCULATION SHEET

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PROJECT J.M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2 JOB NO. 7597-20 DATE _____
SUBJECT Penetration Cable SHEET NO. 1 of 1

TABLE 1 - 4.16 KV MEDIUM VOLTAGE

SERVICE	4160 V AC SWGR	PRIMARY PROTECTION	BACK-UP PROTECTION	PENETRATION CABLE SIZE	LOAD
Reactor Coolant Pump 2A	2A (AM-4.16)	<u>DAO4</u> ① IAC66K tap 4; TD 7 ② CO-11 tap 10; TD 6.9	<u>DAO1</u> IAC53B tap 12; TD 4.5	1000 MCM	6000 HP
Reactor Coolant Pump 2B	2B (AM-4.16)	<u>DB03</u> ① IAC66K tap 4; TD 7 ② CO-11 tap 10; TD 6.9	<u>DB01</u> IAC53B tap 12; TD 4.5	1000 MCM	6000 HP
Reactor Coolant Pump 2C	2C (AM 4.16)	<u>DC03</u> ① IAC66K tap 4; TD 7 ② CO-11 tap 10; TD 6.9	<u>DC04</u> IAC53B tap 12; TD 4.5	1000 MCM	6000 HP

The enclosed curve shows the single line diagram, short time thermal capability of the penetration cable and setting of the relays.



CURRENT IN AMPERES X 100	
<p style="text-align: center;">#1200 MCM O/C TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES For MEDIUM VOLTAGE PENETRATION (9.16 KV) Few Links. In.</p>	
BASIS FOR DATA Standards	Dated _____
1. Tests made at _____ Volts a-c at _____	p.l. Starting at 25C with no initial load _____
2. Curves are plotted to _____	Test points no variations should be _____
No. _____ Date _____	

FIGURE 1 - RCP



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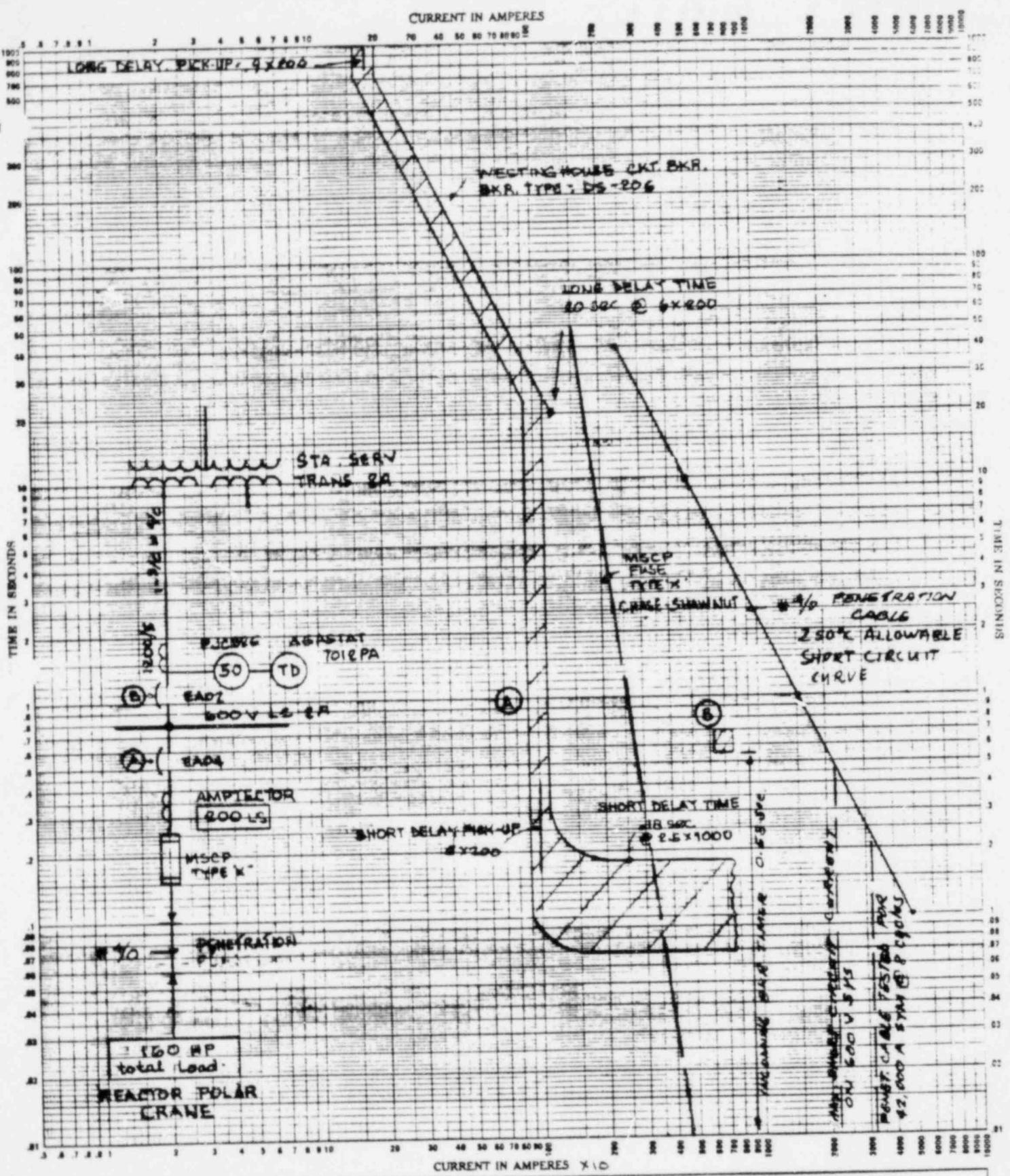
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SUBJECT Penetration CableJOB NO. 7597-20SHEET NO. 1 of 1

TABLE 2 - 600 VAC LOAD CENTERS

PRIMARY PROTECTION	PROPOSED BACK-UP PROTECTION			REMARK
	SERVICE	CKTBKR LOAD CIR SENR/FATE	SETTING	
600V AC CKTBKR LOAD CIR SENR/FATE	L.D. = 180A S.D. = 1000A	Sec Remark K1	# 4/0	100 HP total load
Reactor Polar Crane	EA04	800/200	L.D. = 112.5A Inst. = 1800A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
Containment Cooler 2A (Nor.)	EA10	800/150	L.D. = 112.5A Inst. = 1800A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
Containment Cooler 2B (Nor.)	EB05	800/150	L.D. = 112.5A Inst. = 1800A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
Containment Cooler 2C (Nor.)	EB06	800/150	L.D. = 112.5A Inst. = 1800A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
Containment Cooler 2D (Nor.)	EC12	800/150	L.D. = 112.5A Inst. = 1800A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
CRDM Cooler Fan 2A	ED11	800/150	L.D. = 135A Inst. = 1200A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
Containment Cooler 2A (Emerg.)	ED15	800/150	L.D. = 187.5A Inst. = 1500A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
Containment Cooler 2B (Emerg.)	ED16	800/150	L.D. = 187.5A Inst. = 1500A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
Containment Cooler 2C (Emerg.)	EE08	800/150	L.D. = 187.5A Inst. = 1500A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
CRDM cooler Fan 2B	EE13	800/150	L.D. = 135A Inst. = 1200A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"
Containment Cooler 2D (Emerg.)	EE16	800/150	L.D. = 187.5A Inst. = 1500A	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "X"



#40 PENET. CABLE

TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

For 600 V LC BUS 2A EA04 - Type DS-306. Fuse Links to _____.

BASIS FOR DATA Standards Dated _____.

1. Tests made at _____ Volts a.c. at _____ p.l. Starting at 25C with no initial load.

2. Curves are plotted to _____ Test points no variations should be _____.

FIGURE 2 - 600 V AC Load Centers

TABLE 3 - 600 VAC MCC'S

	PRIMARY PROTECTION			EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PROPOSED BACK-UP PROTECTION			
SERVICE	600V AC MCC	CKT. BKR OR COMB. BKR/START. SIZE	INST. SETTING	600V AC LOAD CTR	FUSE	PENET. CABLE SIZE	LOAD	REMARK
Reactor Cavity clg. Fan Mtr. 2A	FA-F7	A010	210	None	"MSCP" Fuse Type "S"	#6	5 HP	
Reactor Cavity Cool Fan MOV	FA-I6	A003	10	None	"MSCF" Fuse Type "S"	#6	.13 HP	
CTMT Post LOCA Air Mixing Fan 2D	FA-I5	A025	105	None	"MSCP" Fuse Type "S"	#6	7.5 HP	
CTMT Post LOCA Air Mixing Fan 2C	FA-J5	A025	105	None	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	7.5 HP	
CTMT Post LOCA Air Mixing Fan 2B	FB-I3	A025	105	None	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	7.5 HP	
CTMT Post LOCA Air Mixing Fan 2A	FB-I4	A025	105	None	"MSCP" FUSE Type "S"	#6	7.5 HP	
Reactor Cavity clg. Fan Mtr. 2A	FB-J7	A025	210	None	"MSCP" FUSE Type "S"	#6	15 HP	
CTMT Elevator No. 9 Controller	FB-A4R	B035	400- 700	None	See Remarks	#6	15 HP	maybe occasionally required for short periods of time.- per APCO.
CTMT Dome Recirc. F-n 2A	FC-P3	A025	105	None	"MSCP" FUSE Type "S"	#6	7.5/2 HP	
CTMT Dome Recirc. Fan 2B	FC-P4	A025	105	None	"MSCP" FUSE Type "S"	#6	7.5/2 HP	
RCP Motor Space Heaters	FC-I2	B015	400- 700	None	see remark	#6	3.44 kW	Not required in Mode 1-4 - per APCO
RCP Brq. Oil Lift Pump	FC-J4	A025	125	None	"MSCP" FUSE Type "S"	#6	10 HP	



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 PROJECT J.M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2
 SUBJECT Penetrations

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 SHEET NO. 2 of 6

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TABLE 3

SERVICE	PRIMARY PROTECTION		INST SETTING	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PROPOSED BACK-UP PROTECTION	PENET. CABLE SIZE	LOAD	REMARK
	CKT. BKR OR COMB. PKR/STAT SIZE	MCC						
RCP Brq Oil Lift Pump	FC-N3	A025	125	None	FUSE MSCP "Fuse Type 'S'"	#6	10 HP	
Refueling Water Surface Supply	FC-J3	A025	210	None	see remark	#6	15 HP	not required in Mode 1-4 - per APCO
Refueling Water Surface Exhaust	FC-M5	A100	630	None	see remark	#2	50 HP	not required in Mode 1-4 - per APCO
CFMF Pre-Access Fan Motors	FC-J5	L050	330	None	MSCP "Fuse Type 'S'"	#6	25 HP	
RCP Mtr. Space Heaters AC	FC-N4	B015	400-700	None	see remark	#6	3.44 KW	not required in Mode 1-4 - per APCO.
Receptacles Term. BOX 2A	FC-J6L	B100	600-1000	EC04 LD = 600A SD = 3000A	None	#4/0	50 HP	maybe occasionally required for short periods of time - per APCO.
Reactor Cavity Filter Pmp Recep.	FC-J6R	B020	400-700	None	see remark	#6	7.5 HP	not required in Mode 1-4 - per APCO
Up Ending Frame Winch Mtr	FC-S3L	B015	400-700	None	see remark	#6	3/1 HP	not required in Mode 1-4 - per APCO
CFMF GIB CRANE (N2T1K006W)	FC-MAL	B030	400-700	None	See Remark	#6	10 HP	maybe occasionally required for short periods of time - per APCO
Reactor Cavity Manipulator Crane	FC-N2L	B030	400-700	None	see remark	#6	15 HP	not required in Mode 1-4 - per APCO
CFMF GIB CRANE (N2T3K006W)	FC-S3R	B030	400-700	None	See remark	#6	10 HP	maybe occasionally required for short periods of time - per APCO
SW Port Drain Pump Recept.	FC-C5R	B040	400-700	None	see remark	#6	10.5	not required in Mode 1-4 - per APCO



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PROJECT J. M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2

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SUBJECT Penetration Cable

JOB NO. _____

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TABLE 3

PRIMARY PROTECTION SERVICE	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION		PROPOSED BACK-UP PROTECTION		PENET. CABLE SIZE	LOAD	REMARK
	Ckt #	BKR or Compt Bkt Size	INST, SELING LOAD CENTER	FUSE			
CMR G1B Crane (initial)	FD-HTR	B030	400- 700	None	See Remark	#6	10 HP
RCP Big Oil lift Pump	FD-DL	A025	125	None	"MSCP" Fuse Type "S"	#6	10 HP
CMF Dome Recirc. Fan 2D	FD-E3	A025	105	None	"MSCP" Fuse Type "S"	#6	7.5/2 HP
Reactor Cool Drain Tank Pump 2B	FD-B4	L050	330	None	"MSCP" Fuse Type "S"	#6	25 HP
CMF Sump Pump Mtr. 2A	FD-C2	A025	125	None	"MSCP" Fuse Type "S"	#6	10 HP
CMF Sump Pump Mtr. 2B	FD-D2	A025	125	None	"MSCP" Fuse Type "S"	#6	10 HP
CMF Pre-Access Fan Mtr.	FD-C4	L050	330	None	"MSCP" Fuse Type "S"	#6	25 HP
RCP Mtr Space Heaters 2Ps	FD-G3	B015	400- 700	None	see Remark	#6	3.44 kW
Receptacles Term Box AC	FD-A3L	B070	600- 1000	$\frac{600}{SD} = 600A$ $SD = 2400A$	None	#4/0	50
Reactor Cool Drain Tank Pump 2A	FE-AC	L050	330	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	25 HP
Receptacles Termin Box 2Ps	FE-A4L	B100	600- 1000	$\frac{600}{SD} = 500A$ $SD = 3600A$	None	#4/0	50 HP
Incore Det. Drive y Cont. Panel.	FE-C3L	B050	600- 1000	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	20

8 26 34 L 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

TABLE 3

SERVICE	PRIMARY PROTECTION		INST. SETTING	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PROPOSED BACK-UP PROTECTION	POWER CABLE SIZE	LOAD	REMARK
	VOLTAGE	CIRCUIT BREAKER OR COMB. BKR/SPDT SIZE						
SERVICE . .	600V AC MCC	CRP. BKR OR COMB. BKR/SPDT SIZE		600V AC LOAD CENTER	FUSE			
CTMT DOME Recirc. Fan 2C	FE-H5	A025	105	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.75/2 HP	
RHR Pump Inlet MOV	FU-G2	A005	29	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.25 HP	
CTMT AIR Cooling Fan MOV	FU-H2	A003	12	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.13 HP	
CTMT Air Cooling Fan MOV	FU-H3	A003	12	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.13 HP	
RCP Motor Cooler Disch MOV	FU-H4	A003	10	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.66 HP	
CTMT to Atmos Diff. Press MOV	FU-J4	A003	10	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.13 HP	
Pressurizer to Relief Tank MOV	FU-K4	A005	22	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.16 HP	
CTMT Cooler Disch MOV	FU-K6	A003	10	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.17 HP	
Post ACDT Air Sampler From CTMT	FU-L4	A003	12	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.15 HP	
Post ACDT Air Sampler from CTMT	FU-L5	A003	12	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.15 HP	
RCP Seal Water Return Isol.	FU-T4	A005	22	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.66 HP	
Post ACDT Air Sampler Return MOV	FU-M4	A003	12	None	MSCP FUSE TYPE "S"	#6	.15 HP	

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INITIATOR Ace Mendivila DATE _____
PROJECT J.M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2 SUBJECT Penetration Cable



PROJECT J. M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit 4
SUBJECT Penetration Cable

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TABLE 3

SERVICE	PRIMARY PROTECTION		EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION		PROPOSED BACK-UP PROTECTION		PENET. CABLE SIZE	LOAD	REMARK
	VOLTAGE	TYPE	INST.	SIZE	VOLTAGE	TYPE			
CTMT Air Sampler MOV	600V AC MCC	CRP. BKR or COMB BKR/SPST SIZE	INST. SETTING	600V AC LOAD CENTER	FUSE	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.1 HP	
CRDM Cool Fan Dampers MOV	FU-R5	A003	16	None					
CTMT Air Cooler Disch MOV	FU-V4	A003	12	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.13 HP	
Reactor Cavity H ₂ Dilution Fan VLV	FU-W2	A003	16	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.66 HP	
RHR System Inlet Fsol. VLV	FU-W4	A005	29	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	2 HP	
Accumulator 1A Disch VLV	FU-T5	A010	45	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	2.6 HP	
Accumulator 1C Disch VLV	FU-Z2	H050	565	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "U"	#2	26.6 HP	changed cable size per 2 BE - 932
Post ACDT Air Sampler Return MOV	FU-Z3	H050	565	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "U"	#2	26.6 HP	changed cable size per 2 BE - 932
Post ACDT Air Sampler From CTMT	FV-M3	A003	12	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.5 HP	
Post ACDF Air Sampler From CTMT	FV-H4	A003	12	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.5 HP	
Post LOCA CTMT Vault MOV	FV-H5	A003	12	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.5 HP	
Instr. Air Line Disch. MOV	FV-Y4	A003	12	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.7 HP	
	FV-Y5	A005	29	None		"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	2 HP	

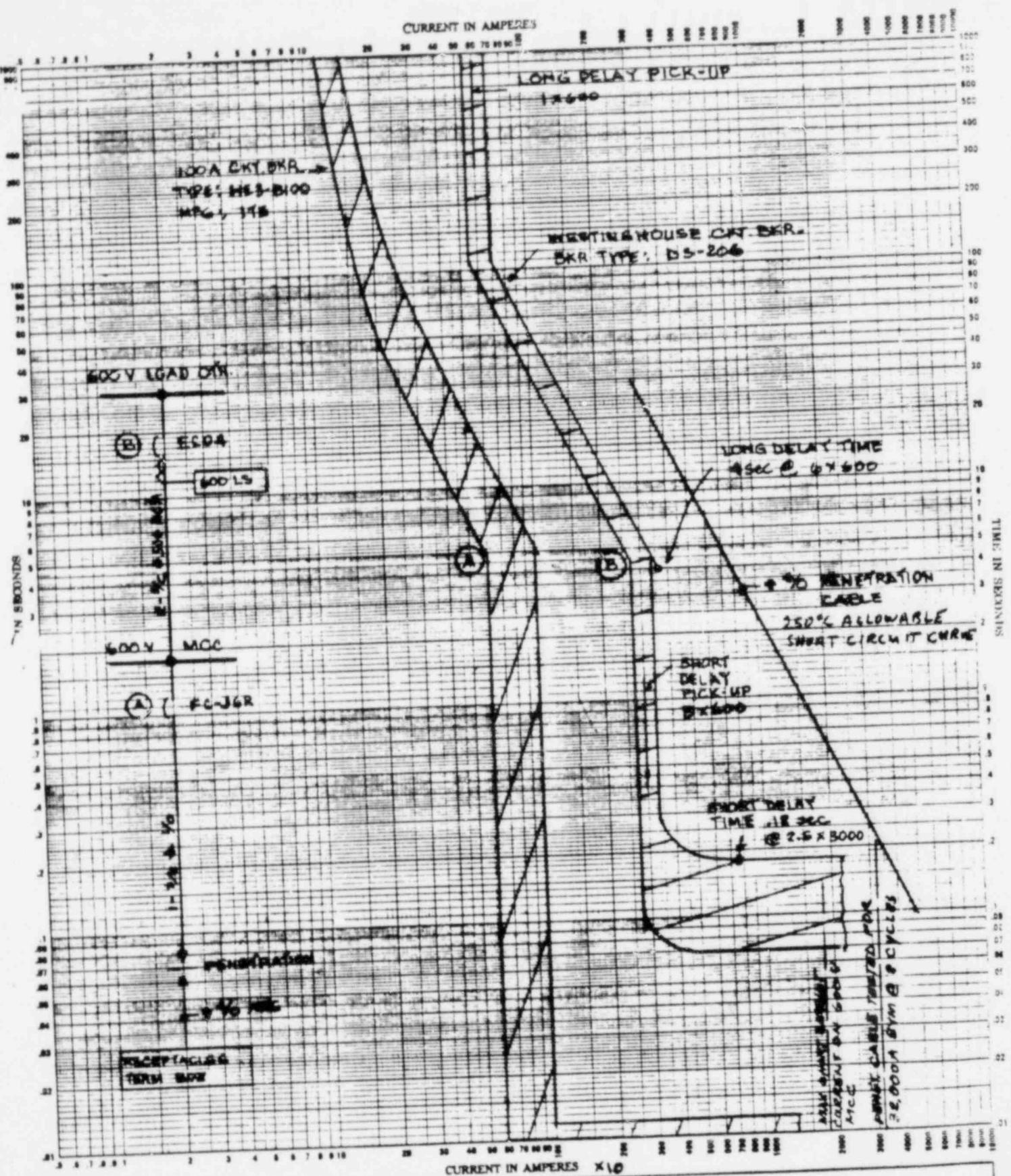


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 PROJECT J. M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2 JOB NO. 7597-20 DATE
 SUBJECT Penetration Cable SHEET NO. 6 of 6

TABLE E 3

SERVICE	CR. BKR OR COMPET SIZE MCC	INST, INST, LOAD CENTER	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PROPOSED BACK-UP PROTECTION	FUSE	PENET. CABLE SIZE	LOAD	REMARK
CRDM Cool Fan Damper	FV-S2	A003	12	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.13 HP	
CTMT Air cooler Duct MOV	FV-J4	A003	16	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.66 HP	
CTMT Air cooler Disk MOV	FV-J5	A003	16	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.66 HP	
Reac. Cavity Hz Dilution Fan VLV.	FU-N2	A005	29	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	2 HP	
Accumulator 1B Disc VLV	FV-S2	H050	535	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "U"	#2	26.6 HP	Changed cable size per # BE - 932
RHR System Inlet Tsol. VLV.	FV-V3	A010	45	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.16 HP	
Pressurizer to Relief Tsol. VLV.	FV-W4	A005	22	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.16 HP	
RHR System Outlet Tsol VLV	FV-V2	A010	45	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.16 HP	
RCP CEW Return from Oil Cool	FV-C3	A005	22	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	1.33 HP	
CTMT Air Cooling Fan MOV	FV-F2	A003	12	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.13 HP	
CTMT Air Cooling Fan MOV	FV-F3	A003	12	None	"MSCP" fuse Type "S"	#6	.13 HP	



#70 ANG		TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES	3
For RECEPTACLES TERM. BOX		Per Link. In	
BASIS FOR DATA Standards		Dated	
1. Tests made at	Volts a-c at	p-i, Starting at 25C with no initial load.	
2. Curves are plotted to	Test points so variations should be		
		No.	Date

FIGURE 3 - 600 VAC MCC

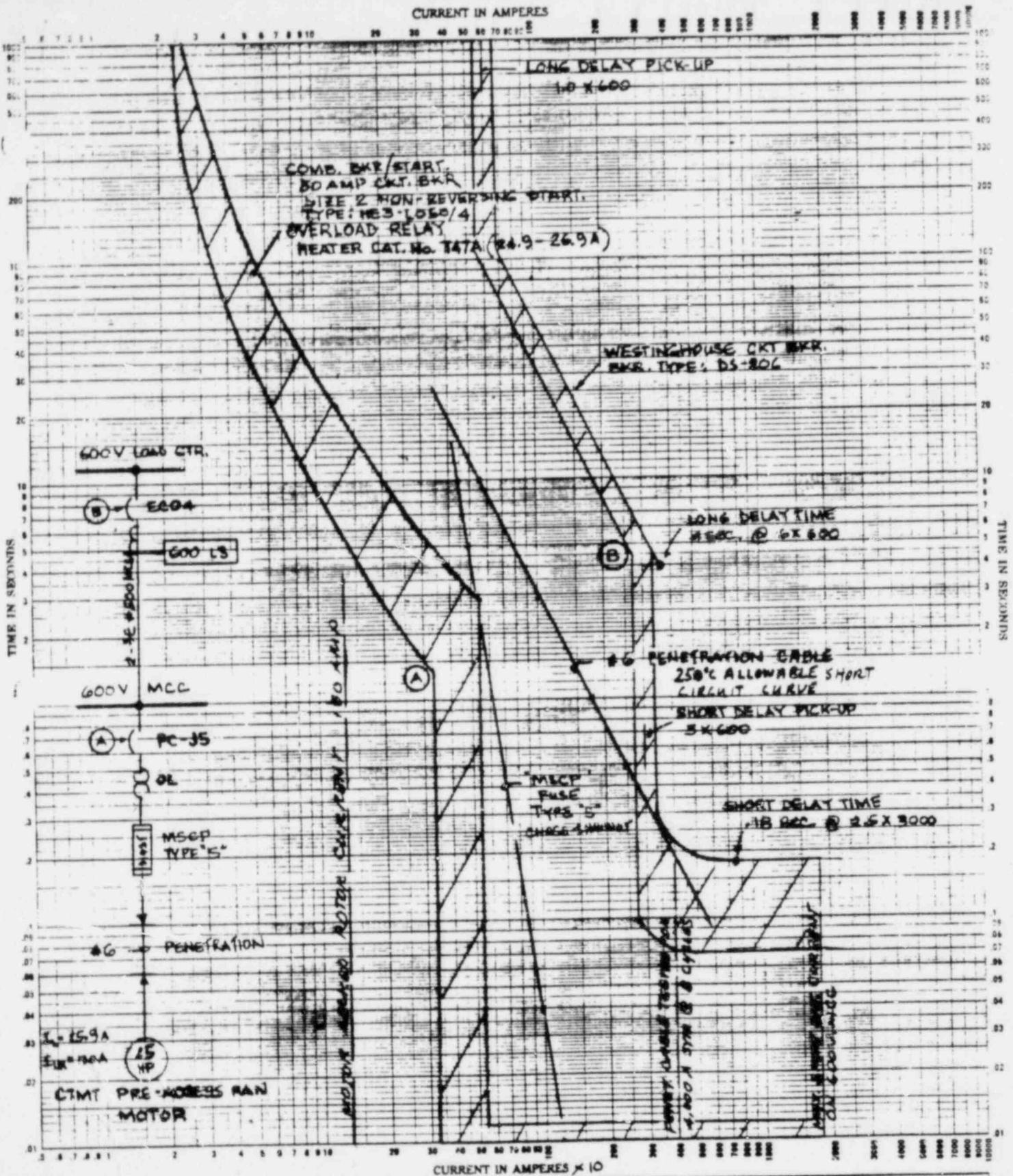
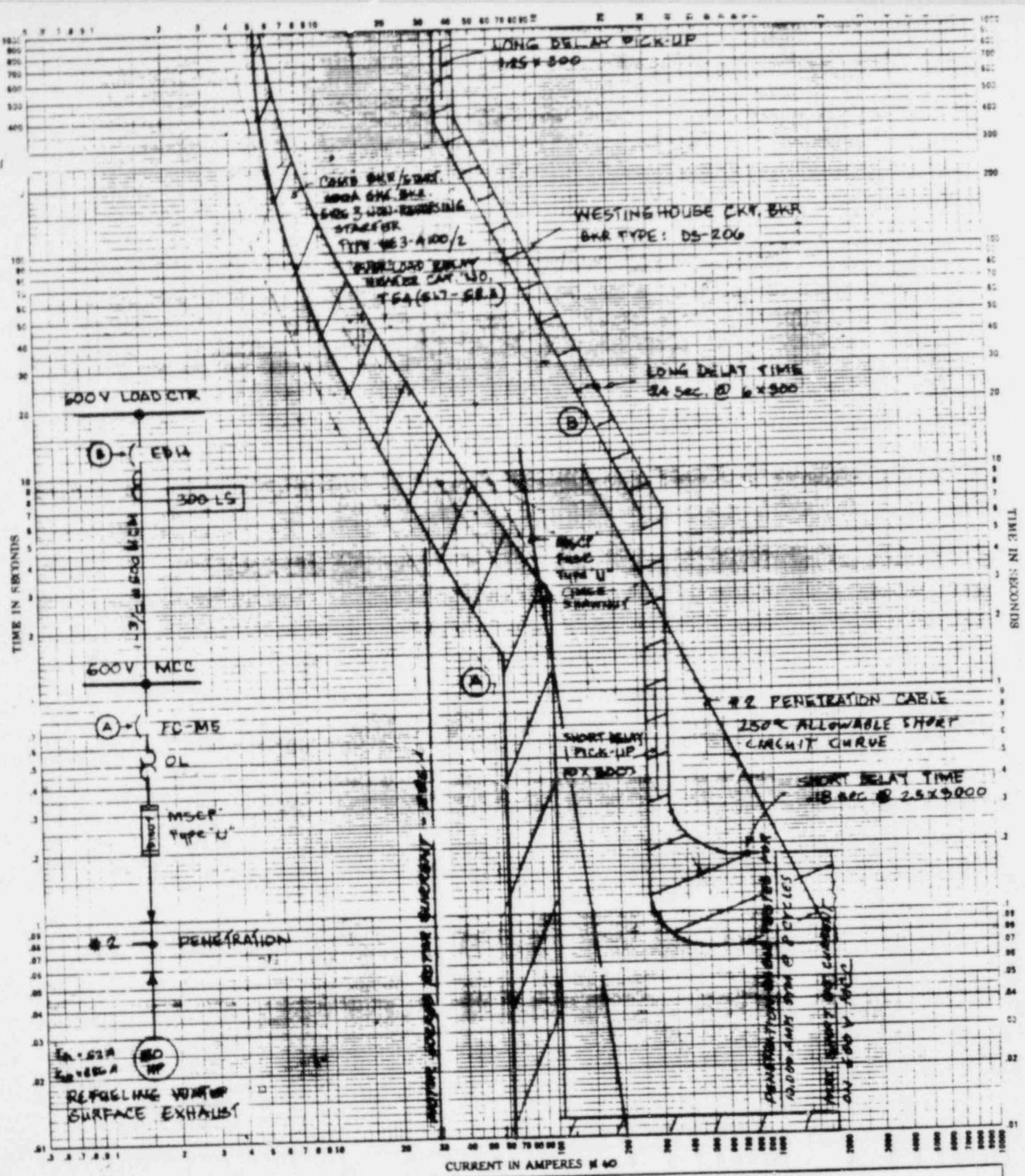


FIG. 4		TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES	
For CMT. PRE-ACCESS FAN MOTOR.		1	
BASIS FOR DATA Standard		Fuse Links in	
1. Temp media at		Dated	
2. Currents tested to		p-l, Starting at 25C with no initial load	
		Test points so variations should be	
		No. _____ Date. _____	



#2 AWG		TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES 2	
For REFUELING WATER SURFACE EXHAUST		Face Links in	
BASIS FOR DATA Standards		Dated	
1. Tests made at		Volts ac at	
2. Curves are plotted to		p.l. Starting at 25C with no initial load	
		Test points so variations should be	
		No.	
		Date	

FIGURE 5 - 600 VAC MCC



CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR Ace Mendisla DATE _____ CHECKED _____ DATE _____
PROJECT J. M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2 JOB NO. 7597-20
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TABLE 4 - 208 VAC MCC

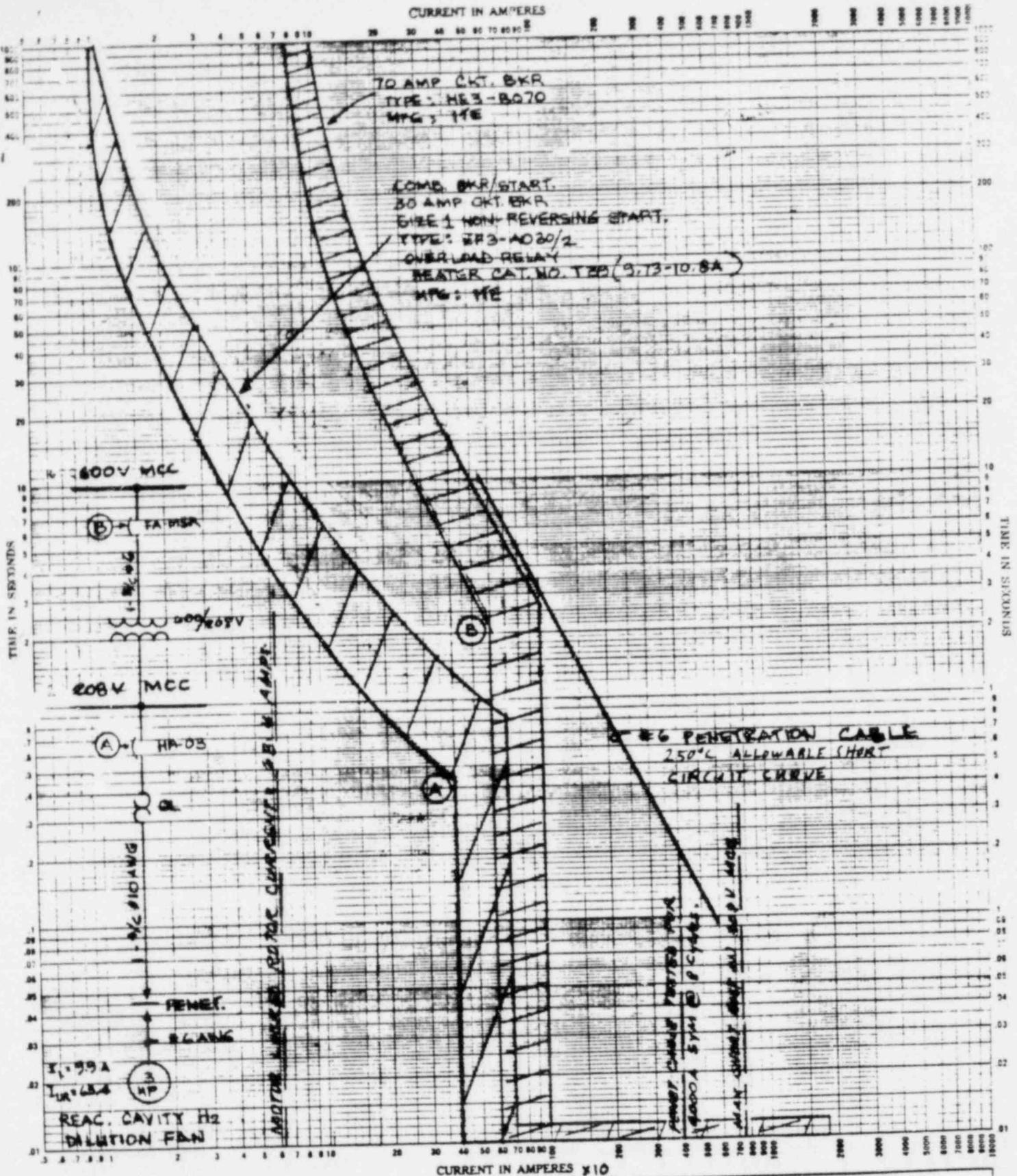


FIGURE 6 - 208V AC MCC'S

For REAC CAVITY H₂ DILUTION FAN - TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES
 BASIS FOR DATA Standards Fuse Links to _____
 1. Tests made at _____ Dated _____
 2. Curves are plotted to _____ p.i., Starting at 25C with no initial load
 Test points so variations should be _____

K-E TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC **48-5257**
KEUFFEL & ESSER CO.



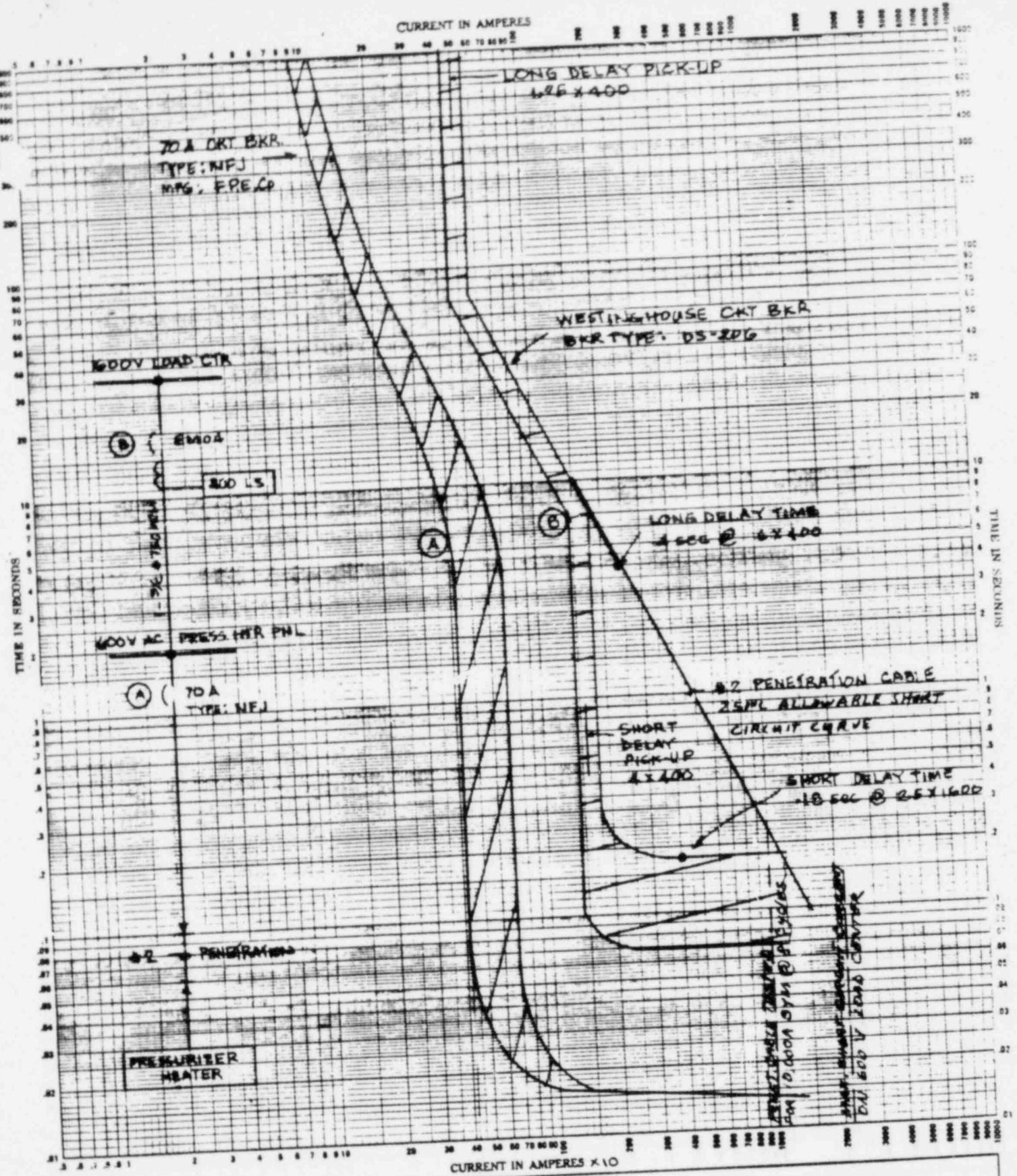
CALCULATION SHEET

CALC. NO. _____ REV. NO. _____

ORIGINATOR Arc Mendiola DATE _____ CHECKED _____ REV. NO. _____
PROJECT J.R.R. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2 JOB NO. 7597-20 DATE _____
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TABLE 5 - 600 VAC DISTRIBUTION PANELS

SERVICE	PRIMARY PROTECTION	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PENET. CABLE SIZE	LOAD (kW)	REMARK
PRESSURIZER HTR. GROUP 2A TERM. BOX N1TB010	CKT. BKR. 1 thru 5 70A/JLS INST. 750-1600A	EA#1 LD = 330A SD = 1200A	# 2	69.3 kW/ CKT. max.	
PRESSURIZER HTR. GROUP 2B TERM BOX N2TB011	CKT. BKR. 1 thru 5 70A/JLS INST. 750-1600A	EC#1 LD = 330A SD = 1200A	# 2	69.3 kW/ CKT. max.	
PRESSURIZER HTR. GROUP 2C TERM BOX N2TB008	CKT. BKR. 1 thru 7 70A/NFJ INST. 750-1600A	EM#4 LD = 500A SD = 1600A	# 2	69.3 kW/ CKT. max	
PRESSURIZER HTR. GROUP 2D TERM BOX N2TB007	CKT. BKR. 1 thru 4 70A/NFJ INST. 750-1600A	EM#5 LD = 270A SD = 1200A	# 2	69.3 kW/ CKT. max.	
PRESSURIZER HTR. GROUP 2E TERM BOX N2TB009	CKT. BKR. 1 thru 5 70A/NFJ INST. 750-1600A	EM#7 (UNITS) LD = 330A SD = 1200A	# 2	69.3 kW/ CKT. max	



For 600V AC PRESSURIZER HEATER DIST. PNL 2C, 10, 16
BASIS FOR DATA Standards TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES
1. Tests made at Volts a.c. at Dated
2. Curves are plotted to Test points so variations should be

FIGURE 7 - 600VAC DIST. PANELS

TABLE 6 - 480V, 3Ø H₂ RECOMBINE_r SUPPLIES

SERVICE	PRIMARY PROTECTION	SECONDARY PROTECTION			LOAD (KV)
		Ckt BK/R FRAME/ SENSCR RTG	Ckt BK/R LOAD CTR SNSCR RTG	Ckt BK/R LOAD CTR SNSCR RTG	
H ₂ RECOMBINE _r HTR 2A	FALL 3	100/100	EE10	800/600 L.D.=600 S.D.=1200	4/0
H ₂ RECOMBINE _r HTR 2B	FBRH6	100/100	EE10	800/600 L.D.=600 S.D.=1200	4/0

TABLE 6

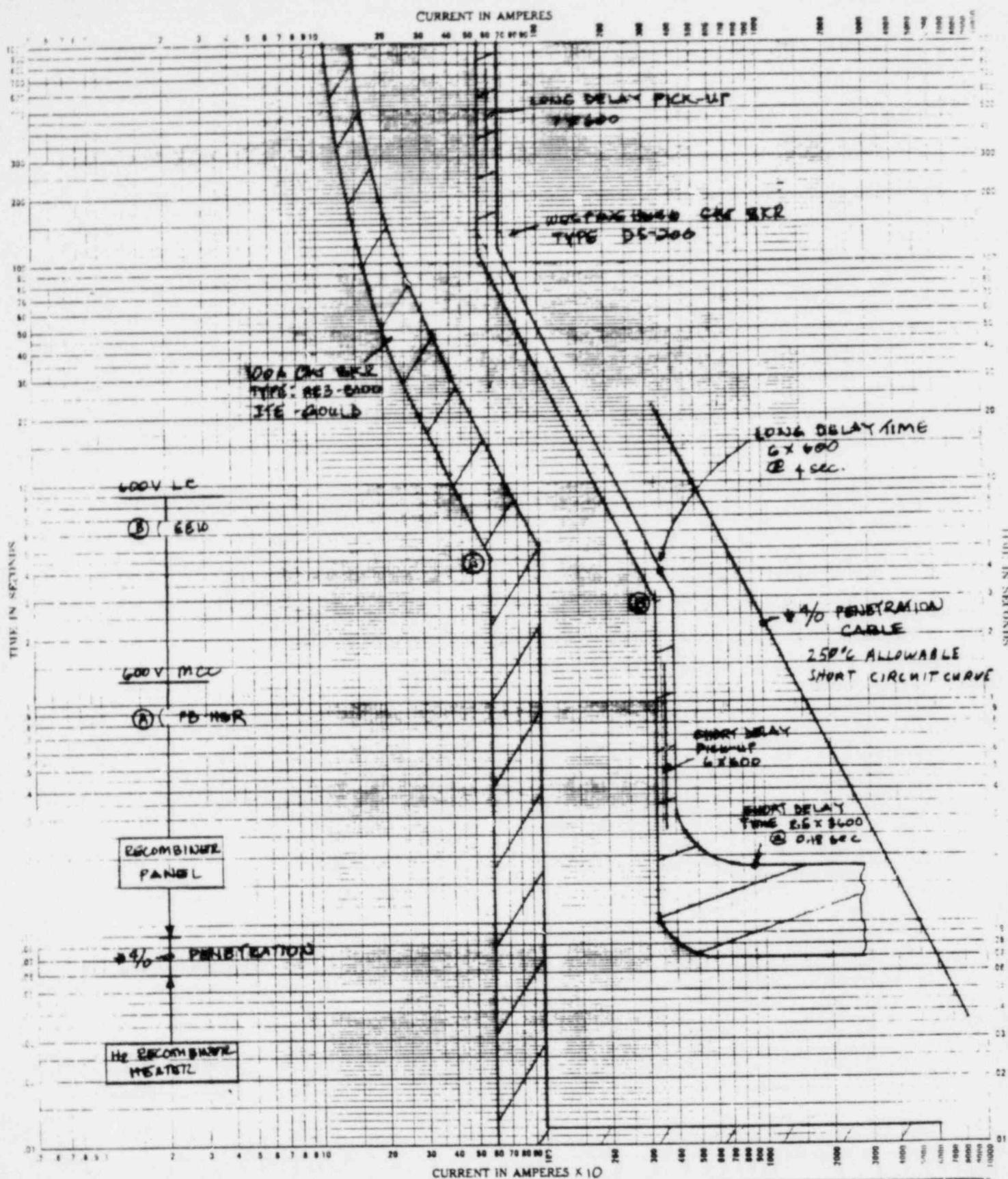
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ORIGINATOR	DATE	CHEKED	DATE	PROJECT	SUBJECT
REV. NO.	CALC. NO.	JOB NO.			

CALCULATION SHEET





Penetration Cable + 4% AWG		TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES	
H ₂ Recombiner Heater 2A + 2B		Fuse Links In	
EASIS FOR DATA Standard		Dated	
1. Term made at	Volts ac at	p.l., Starting at 25C with no initial load	
2. Currents at		Test points so variations should be	
		No. Date	

FIGURE 8 - 480V, 3 ϕ H₂ Recombiner Supplies



CALCULATION SHEET

CALC. NO. _____ REV. NO. _____

ORIGINATOR Arce Mendoza DATE CHECKED _____
PROJECT S. M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2 JOB NO. 7597-20
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TABLE 7 - 125VDC And 120VAC Solenoids

SERVICE	FUSE	PRIMARY PROTECTION	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PENBT. CABLE SIZE	LOAD (W)	REMARK
PRZR PWR Relief VLV (445A) 2A	FBI (TC-05A) 3 AMPS	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #11	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	70	
PRZR PWR Relief VLV (444B) 2B	FBI (TC-25A) 3 AMPS	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #7	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	70	
Letdown Line Isol. VLV. (459)	FBS (TC-06A) 3 AMPS	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #17	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
Letdown Line Isol. VLV (460)	FBG (TC-06A) 3 Ammps	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #17	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
Reac Cool Drn Tank Pump Disch VLV	FBS (TC-05A) 3 AMPS	Distr. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #11	Distr. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
Reac Cool Drn Tank Vent Isol. VLV	FBG (TC-05A) 3 AMPS	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #11	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
RMW to RCP Standpipe Fill	FB3 (TC-06A) 3 Ammps	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #17	DISTR. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
PRZR Rel. Tnk to RMW Isol. VLV	FB4 (TC-25B) 3 Amps	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #7	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
PRZR Rel Tnk to Drn to WPS Drn Tnk	FBS (TC-25B) 3 Ammps	Distr. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #7	Distr. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
Excess Letdown Isol. VLV (8153)	FBG (TC-27B) 3 AMPS	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #15	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
RCS PRZR AUX Spray VLV (8145)	FBS (TC-27B) 3 AMPS	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #18	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
Excess Letdown Isol. VLV (815U)	FB7 (TC-27B) 3 AMPS	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #15	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
RMW to RCP Standpipe Fill (M68A)	FB2 (TC-27B) 3 Ammps	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #15	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	
RMW to RCP Standpipe Fill (8168B)	FB3 (TC-27B) 3 Ammps	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #15	DISTR. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	#12	35	



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SUBJECT Penetration Cable SHEET NO. 2 of 7

TABLE 7

	PRIMARY PROTECTION	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PENET CABLE SIZE	LOAD (W)	REMARK
SERVICE	FUSE	125V DC DISTR. PNL			
ACCUM. N ₂ SUPPLY + VENT ISOL.	FB2(TC-08A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #13	12	35	
ACCUM. N ₂ SUPPLY + VENT ISOL.	FB6(TC-08A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #13	12	35	
ACCUM. LINE TEST ISOL.	FB4(TC-08A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #13	12	35	
ACCUM. LINE TEST ISOL.	FB8(TC-08A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #13	12	35	
ACCUM. FILL LINE ISOL.	FB3(TC-08A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #13	12	35	
ACCUM. FILL LINE ISOL.	FB7(TC-08A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #13	12	35	
ACCUM. INJEC. TEST LINE ISOL.	FB5(TC-08A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #13	12	35	
ACCUM. INJEC. TEST LINE ISOL.	FB9(TC-08A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #13	12	35	
ACCUM. N ₂ SUPPLY + VENT ISOL.	FB2(TC-29B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #9	12	35	
ACCUM. LINE TEST ISOL.	FB4(TC-29B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #9	12	35	
ACCUM. FILL LINE ISOL.	FB3(TC-29B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #9	12	35	
ACCUM. INJECT. TEST LINE ISOL.	FB5(TC-29B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #9	12	35	
RCP SEAL LEAK OFF ISOL.	FBI(TC-06A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #17	12	35	
DAMPER SV'S CTMT PURGE ISOL.	FBI(TC-29B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #8	12	35	



CALCULATION SHEET

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PROJECT J. M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2

SUBJECT Penetration Cable

DATE

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DATE _____

JOB NO.

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TABLE 7

PRIMARY PROTECTION	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION					
SERVICE	FUSE	125V DC DISTR. PNL	PENET CABLE SIZE	LOAD (W)	REMARK	
LETDOWN ORIFICE ISOL. ULV	FB9(TC-06A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT # 17	12	35	SV-A	THERE ARE TWO SV'S IN SERIES CONTROLLING THIS VALVE. BOTH SV'S MUST OPEN TO OPEN THE VALVE. SV-A HAS REDUNDANT CONTROL AND POWER FEEDS.
	NBAFP 2605A-A 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2C 30A CKT BKR CKT # 9	12	35	SV-A	
	NGASC 2506D-A 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT # 23	12	35	SV-B	
RCP SEAL LEAK OFF ISOL.	FB2(TC-06A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT # 17	12	35		
RCP SEAL LEAK OFF ISOL.	FB1(TC-27B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT # 15	12	35		
RCS ALTERNATE CHARGING LINE	FB1(TC-06A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT # 18	12	35		
RCS NORMAL CHARGING LINE	FB1(TC-27B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT # 14	12	35		
REAC. VESSEL LEAK OFF ISOL.	FB7(TC-25B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT # 7	12	35		
PRZR REL. TNK TO RMW SUPPLY	FB2(TC-25B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT # 7	12	35		
RCP SEALS WTR BYPASS ISOL	FB8(TC-27B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT # 15	12	35		
EXCESS LETDOWN TO VLT OR FCDT	FB5(TC-27B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT # 15	12	35		
LETDOWN ORIFICE ISOL.	FB10(TC-06A) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT # 17	12	35	SV-A	THERE ARE TWO SV'S IN SERIES CONTROLLING THIS VALVE. BOTH SV'S MUST OPEN TO OPEN THE VALVE. SV-A HAS REDUNDANT CONTROL AND POWER FEEDS.
	NBAFP 2605A-A 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2C 30A CKT BKR CKT # 9	12	35	SV-A	
	NGASC 2605-D-A 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT # 23	12	35	SV-B	



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ORIGINATOR Area Manager

DATE _____

CHECKED _____

DATE _____

PROJECT J. M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2JOB NO. 7597-20SUBJECT Penetration CableSHEET NO. 4 of 7T A C L E 7

SERVICE	PRIMARY PROTECTION	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PENET CABLE SIZE	LOAD (W)	REMARK
LETDOWN ORIFICE (SOL.)	F88(TC-06A) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #17	12	35	SV-A
	NBAFP 2506A-A 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2C 30A CKT BKR CKT #9	12	35	SV-A
	NGASC 2506D-A 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #23	12	35	SV-B
ACCUM. TEST LINE (SOL VLV.)	F81(TC-08A) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2A 15A CKT BKR CKT #13	12	35	
RCP COMP. COOL.	F84(TC-31B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT #12	12	35	
EXCESS LETDOWN HX COOL DISC.	F81(TC-09A) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2A 20A CKT BKR CKT #6	12	35	
SG2A BLOWDOWN	FAN (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2B BLOWDOWN	FAM (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2C BLOWDOWN	FAL (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2A BLOWDOWN	FAC (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2B BLOWDOWN	FAB (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2C BLOWDOWN	FAA (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
CVCS LETDOWN LINE	FAD (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
CVCS LETDOWN LINE	FD (NBL2702A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2B 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	



CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR Aree Mandiola DATE _____ CHECKED _____ REV. NO. _____
PROJECT J. M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2 JOB NO. 7597-20 DATE _____
SUBJECT Penetration Cable SHEET NO. 5 of 7

TABLE 7

	PRIMARY PROTECTION	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PENET CABLE SIZE	LOAD (W)	REMARK
SERVICE	FUSE	125V DC DISTR. PNL			
SG2A BLOWDOWN	FC (NBL2702A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2B 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2B BLOWDOWN	FB (NBL2702A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2B 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2C BLOWDOWN	FA (NBL2702A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2B 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2A BLOWDOWN	FK (NBL2702A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2B 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2B BLOWDOWN	FJ (NBL2702A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2B 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2C BLOWDOWN	FH (NBL2702A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2B 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2A BLOWDOWN	FAK (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2B BLOWDOWN	FAJ (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
SG2C BLOWDOWN	FAH (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
PRESS. ETH. SPACE SAMPLER	FAS (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
PRESS. LIQ. SPACE SAMPLER	FAR (NBL2702B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2E 30A CKT BKR CKT #5	12	35	
ACCUMULATOR SAMPLER	F/3766 (NFSZ607A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT #6	12	35	
SG2A BLOWDN SAMPLER	F/3179A (NFSZ607A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT #6	12	35	
SG2A BLOWDN SAMPLER	F/3179B (NFSZ607A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT #6	12	35	



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ORIGINATOR Free Mandiola DATE _____ CHECKED _____ REV. NO. _____
 PROJECT J. M. Farley Nuclear Plant Unit #2 JOB NO. 7597-70 DATE _____
 SUBJECT Penetration Cable SHEET NO. 6 of 7

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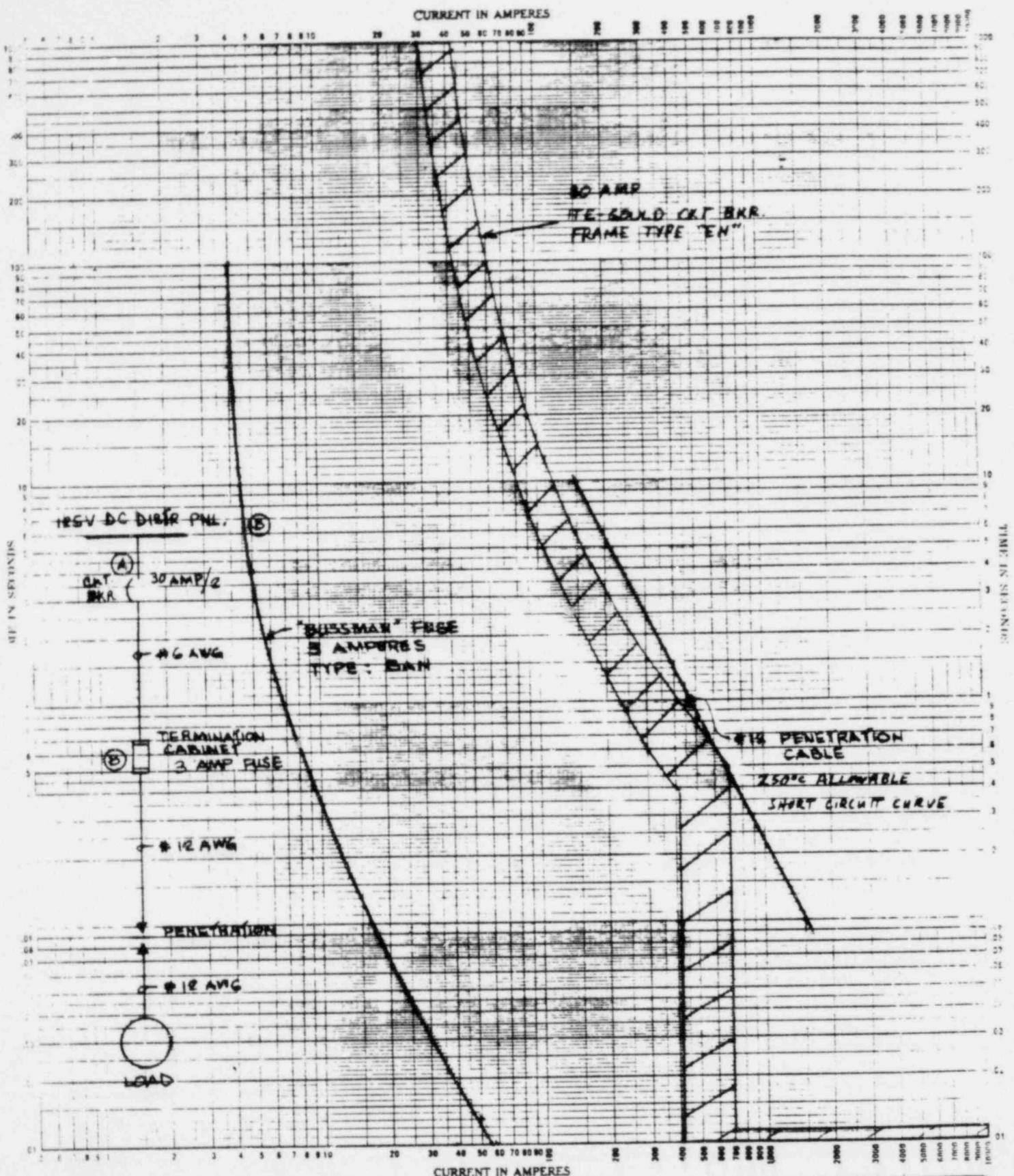
PRIMARY PROTECTION	EXISTING BACK-UP PROTECTION	PENET CABLE SIZE	LOAD (W)	REMARK
SERVICE	FUSE	125V DC DISTR. PNL		
SG2B BLOWDN SAMPLER	F/3180A (NFSS2607A-A) 3 AMPS	125V PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT # 6	12	35
SG2B BLOWDN SAMPLER	F/3180 (NFSS2607A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT # 6	12	35
SG2C BLOWDN SAMPLER	F/3181A (NFSS2607A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT # 6	12	35
SG2C BLOWDN SAMPLER	F/3181E (NFSS2607A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT # 6	12	35
ACCUM. TANK 2A SAMPLER	F/3162 (NFSS2607A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT # 6	12	35
ACCUM TANK 2B SAMPLER	F/3163 (NFSS2607A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT # 6	12	35
ACCUM TANK 2C SAMPLER	F/3164 (NFSS2607A-A) 3 AMPS	DIST. PNL 2C 20A CKT BKR CKT # 6	12	35
REAC. COOLANT HOT LEG	F/3101 (NFSS2607B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2F 20A CKT BKR CKT # 10	12	35
REAC. COOLANT HOT LEG	F/3102 (NFSS2607B-B) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2F 20A CKT BKR CKT # 10	12	35
CTMT SUMP DISCH.	FA (NGB25040) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2D 15A CKT BKR CKT # 16	12	35
CTMT COOLER DRAINS	FA (NGB2504Q) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2G 30A CKT BKR CKT # 12	12	35
CTMT COOLER DRAINS	FD (NGB2504Q) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2G 30A CKT BKR CKT # 12	12	35
CTMT COOLER DRAINS	FC (NGB2504Q) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2G 30A CKT BKR CKT # 12	12	35
CTMT COOLER DRAINS	FB (NGB2504Q) 3 AMPS	DIST PNL 2G 30A CKT BKR CKT # 12	12	35



CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR Arcel Mendiola DATE _____ CHECKED _____ DATE _____
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SUBJECT Penetration Cable SHEET NO. 7 of 7

TABLE 7



BUSSMAN 3 AMP FUSE TYPE BAN #12 AWG TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

For 125V DC + 120V AC SOLENOID VALVES Fuse Links In.....

BASIS FOR DATA Standards.....

1. Term mod.

2. Currents are off-scale in.....

Volts acc. at.....

Test points no variations should be.....

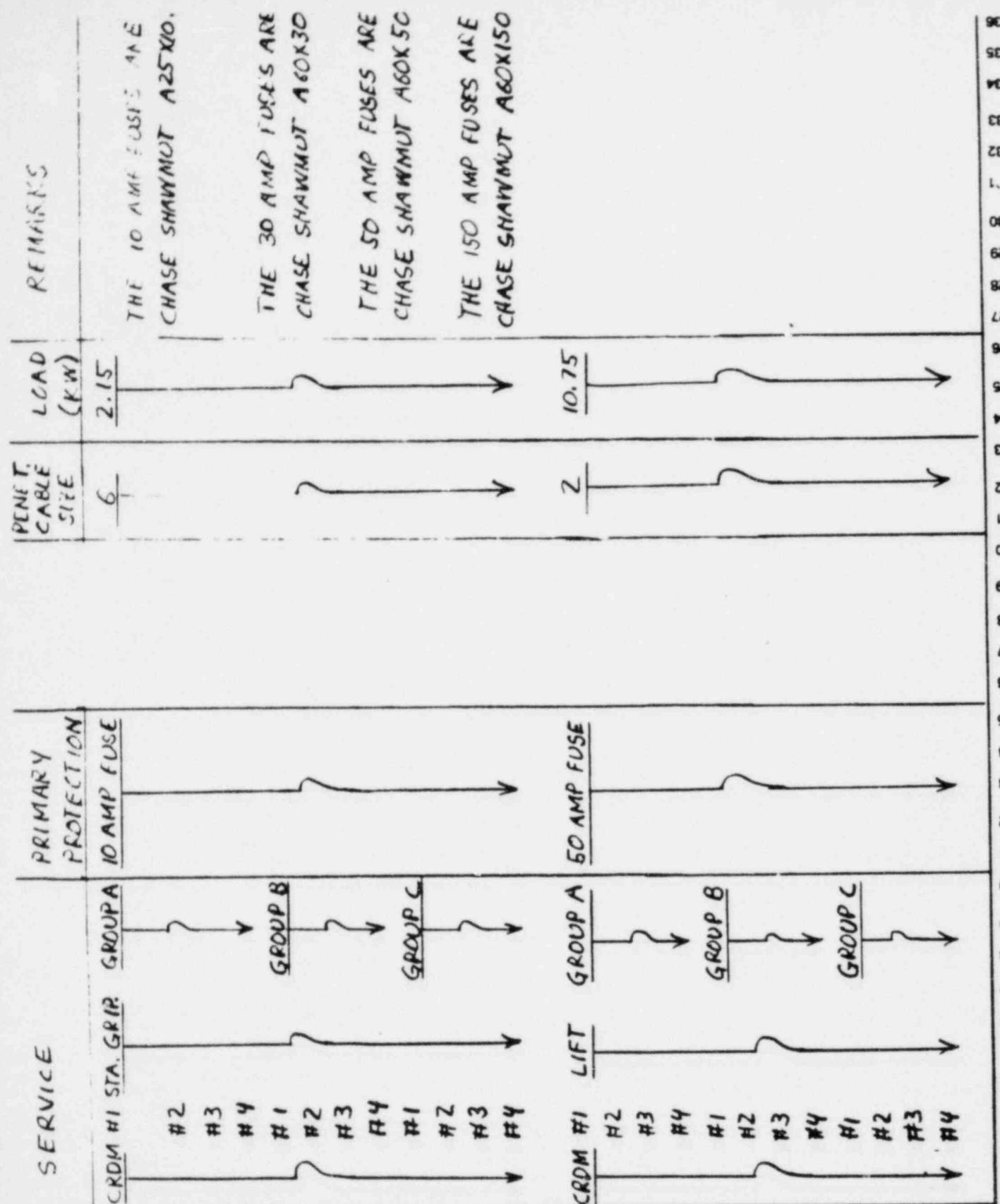
Dated.....

p.i. Starting at 25C with no initial load.....

No.....

Date.....

FIGURE 9 - 125VDC & 120VAC Solenoids



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TABLE 8 - CRDM SUBJECT SHEET NO. 345-1042

ORIGINATOR _____ DATE _____ CHECKED _____ DATE _____
CALC. NO. _____ REV. NO. _____

CALCULATION SHEET



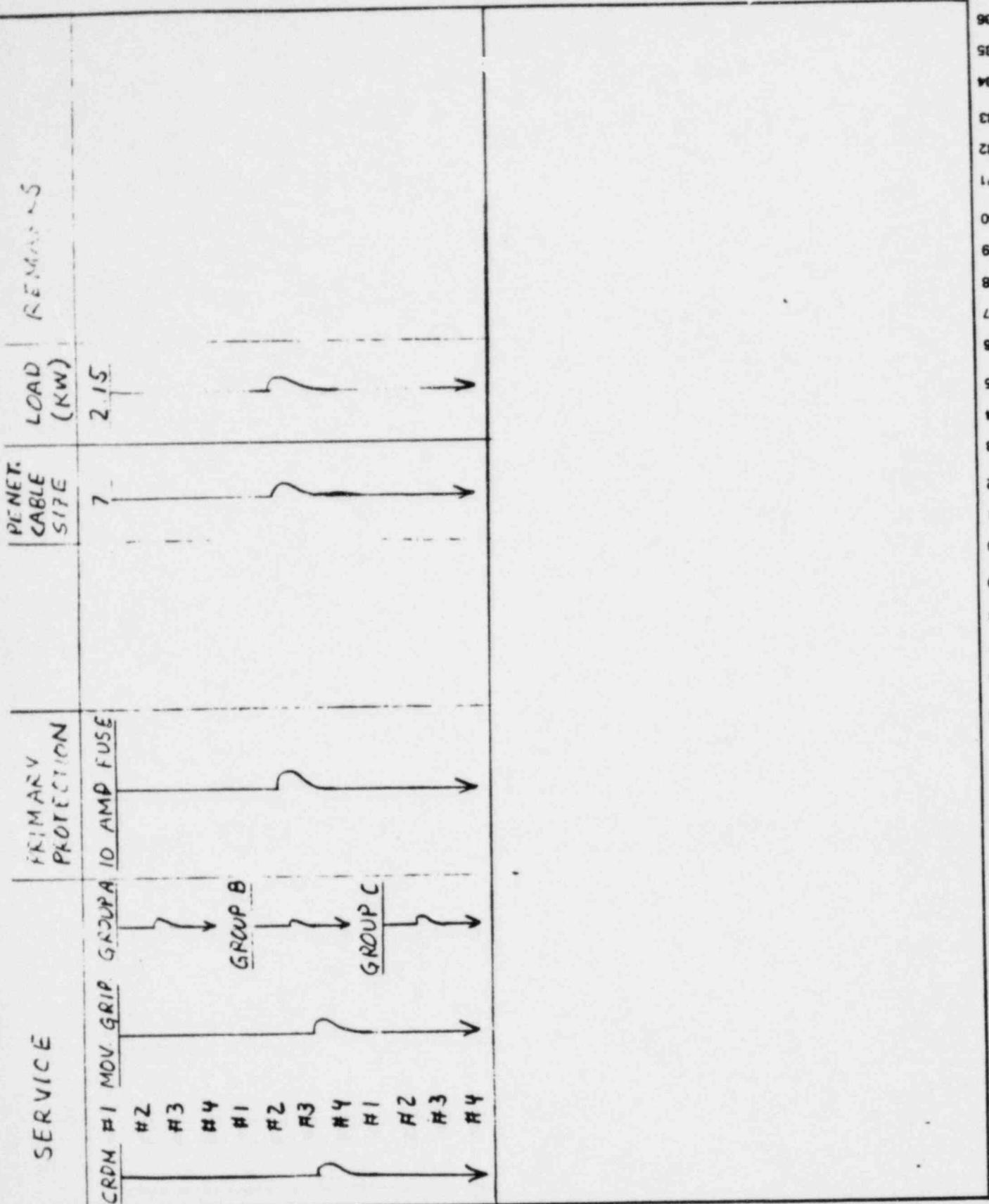


TABLE 8 - CRM SUBJECT PHRASES SHEET NO. 545-2472

ON 801

ON 80F

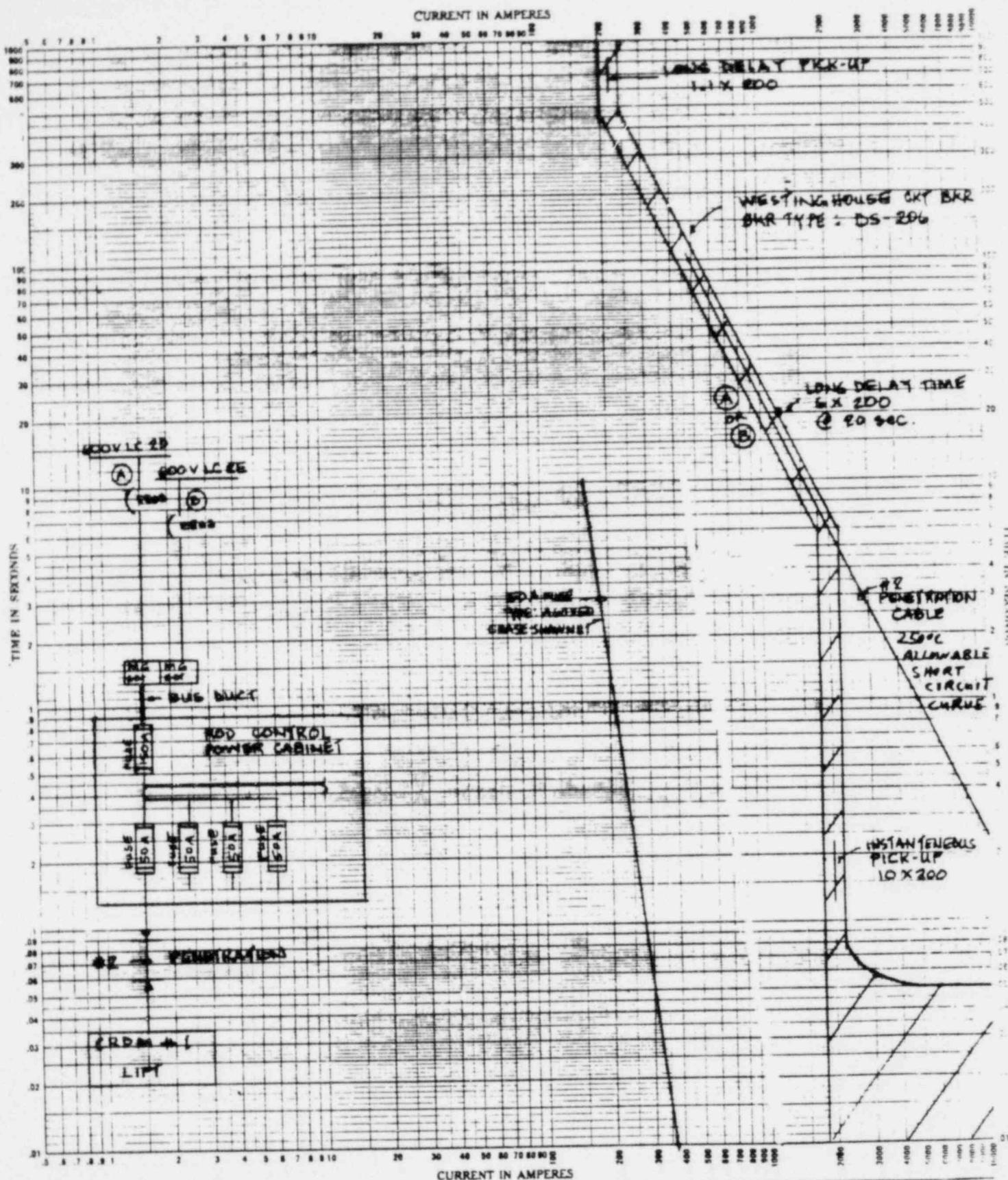
ORIGINATOR _____ DATE _____ CHECKED _____ BY _____

CHECKED _____ DATE _____

[View Details](#) | [Edit](#) | [Delete](#)

CALCULATION SHEET

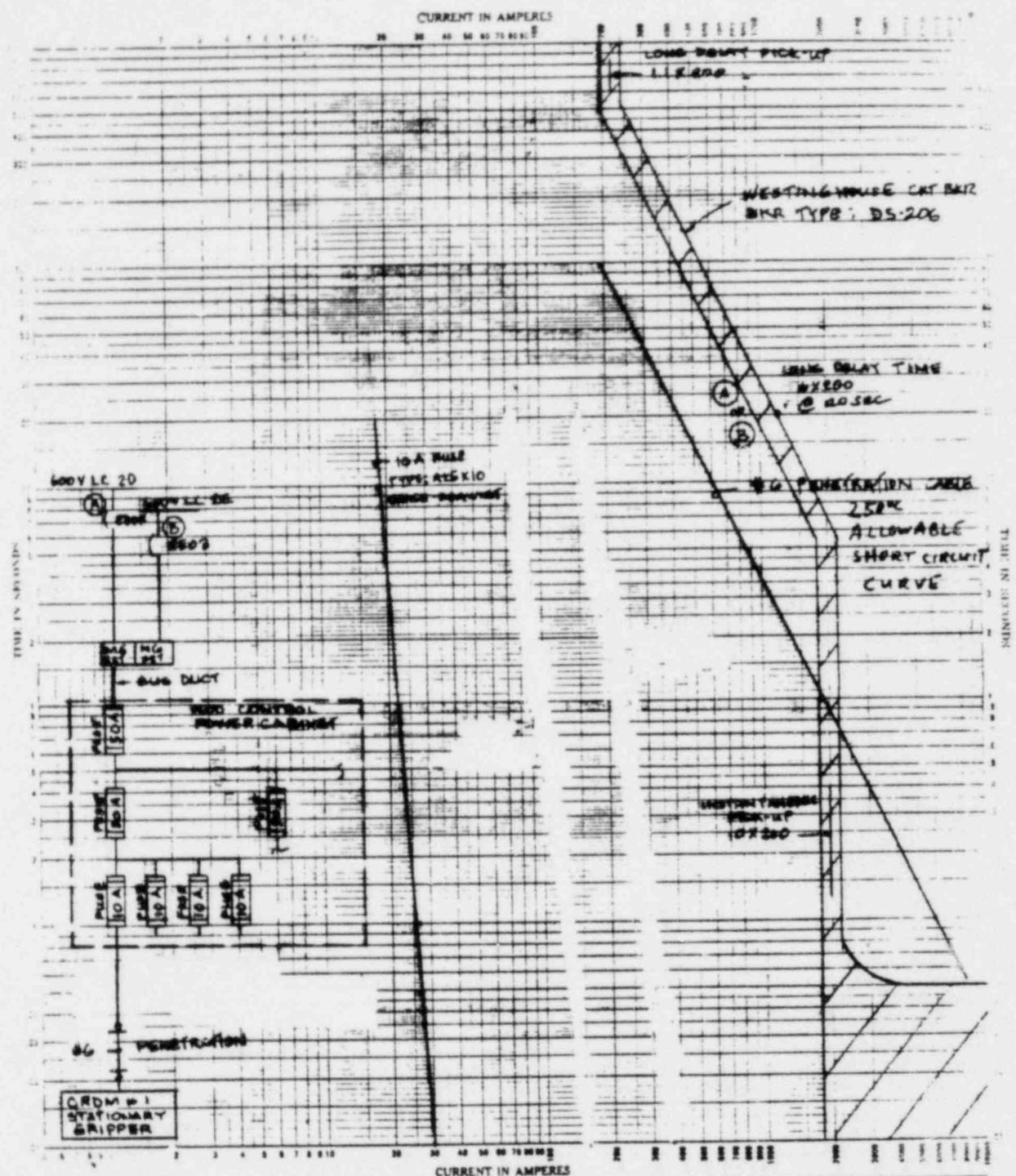




PENETRATION CABLE #2 AWG
For CONTROL ROD DRIVE MECHANISM

BASIS FOR DATA Standards

1. Tests made at _____
2. Curves are plotted to _____



PENETRATION CABLE #6 AWG
For CONTROL ROD DRIVE MECHANISM

BASIS FOR DATA Standards

1. Test made at.....

2. Current limited to.....

Volts a.c. at.....

Test points no variations should be.....

TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES
Fuse Links in.....

Dated.....

p.l. Starting at 25C with no initial load.....

No.

Date.....

CURRENT
IN AMPERES
TESTED AT 600 VOLTS
TEST NO. 11

FIGURE 11 - C.R.D.M. STATIONARY GRIPPER



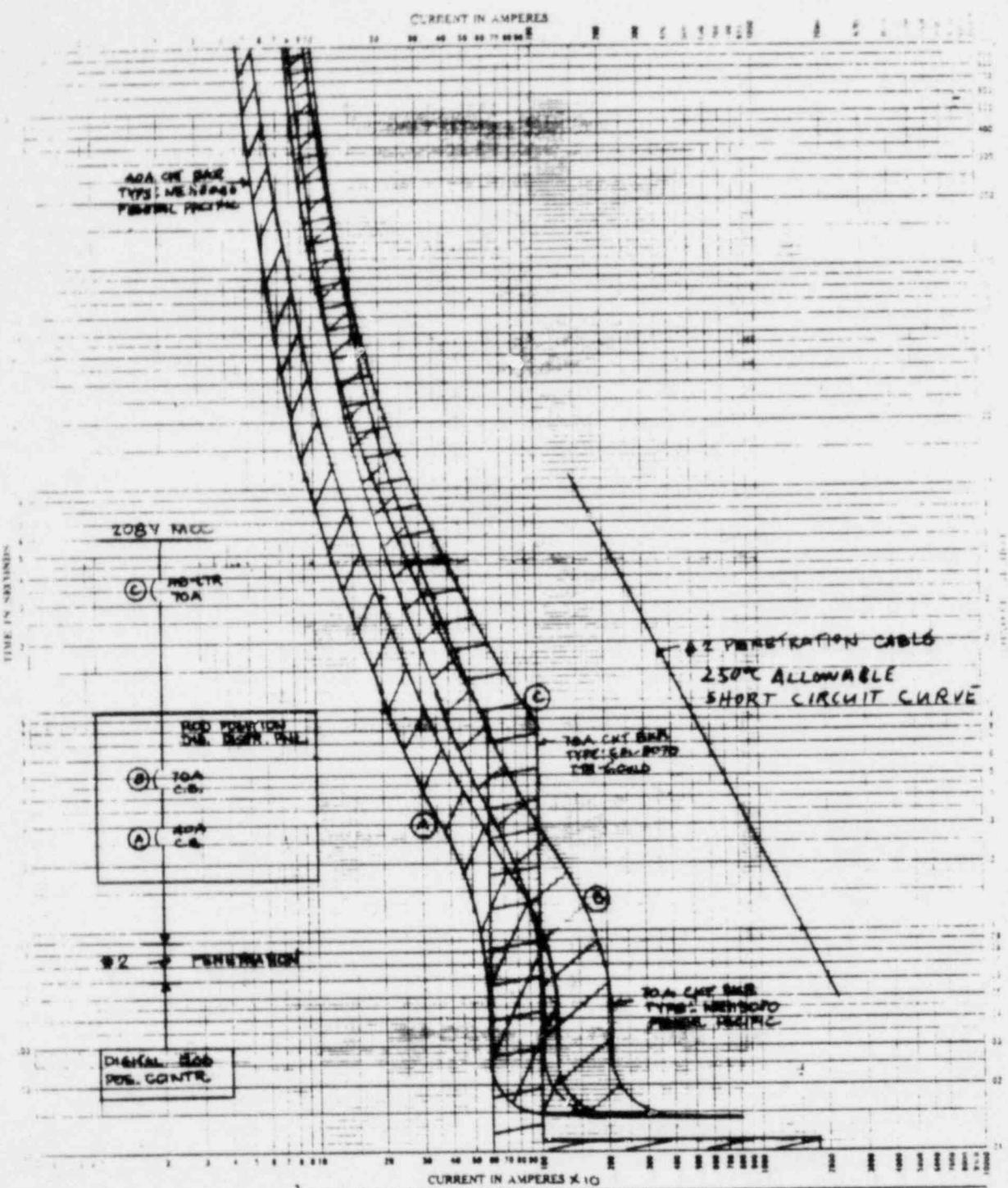
CALCULATION SHEET

ORIGINATOR _____ REV. NO. _____
 PROJECT J.M. FARLEY NUCLEAR UNIT 2
 SUBJECT DIGITAL ROD POSITION CONTROL SHEET NO 1 of 1

SERVICE	PRIMARY PROTECTION		SECONDARY PROTECTION		PENET CABLE SIZE	REMARKS
	N2CII LOOB-N		N2CII LOOB-N	208V MCC HDLN6 OR HBRL7 *		
DIGITAL ROD POS. IND. PNL 2A	40 AMP BKR	70 AMP BKR	70 AMP BKR	70 AMP BKR	2	* 208V MCC'S HDLN6 OR HBRL7 ARE REDUNDANT FEEDS FOR N2CIILOOB-N. A MECHANICAL INTERLOCK IS PROVIDED ON THE 70 AMP MAIN BREAKERS IN N2CIILOOB-N.
DIGITAL ROD POS. IND. PNL 2B	40 AMP BKR	70 AMP BKR	70 AMP BKR	70 AMP BKR	2	
PENETRATION PROTECTION						
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
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21						
22						
23						
24						
25						
26						
27						
28						
29						
30						
31						
32						
33						
34						
35						
36						

Table 9

TABLE 9 - RPT



For RPI		TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES	
RISIUS FOR DATA Standards		Fuse Links: In	Dated
<input type="checkbox"/> This made at _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Curves are plotted in _____		Volts a-c at _____	p-l. Starting at 2SC with no initial load
		Test points so variations should be _____	
		No. _____	Date _____

At TIME CURRENT = 42.5257

FIGURE 11A - RPI



CALCULATION SHEET

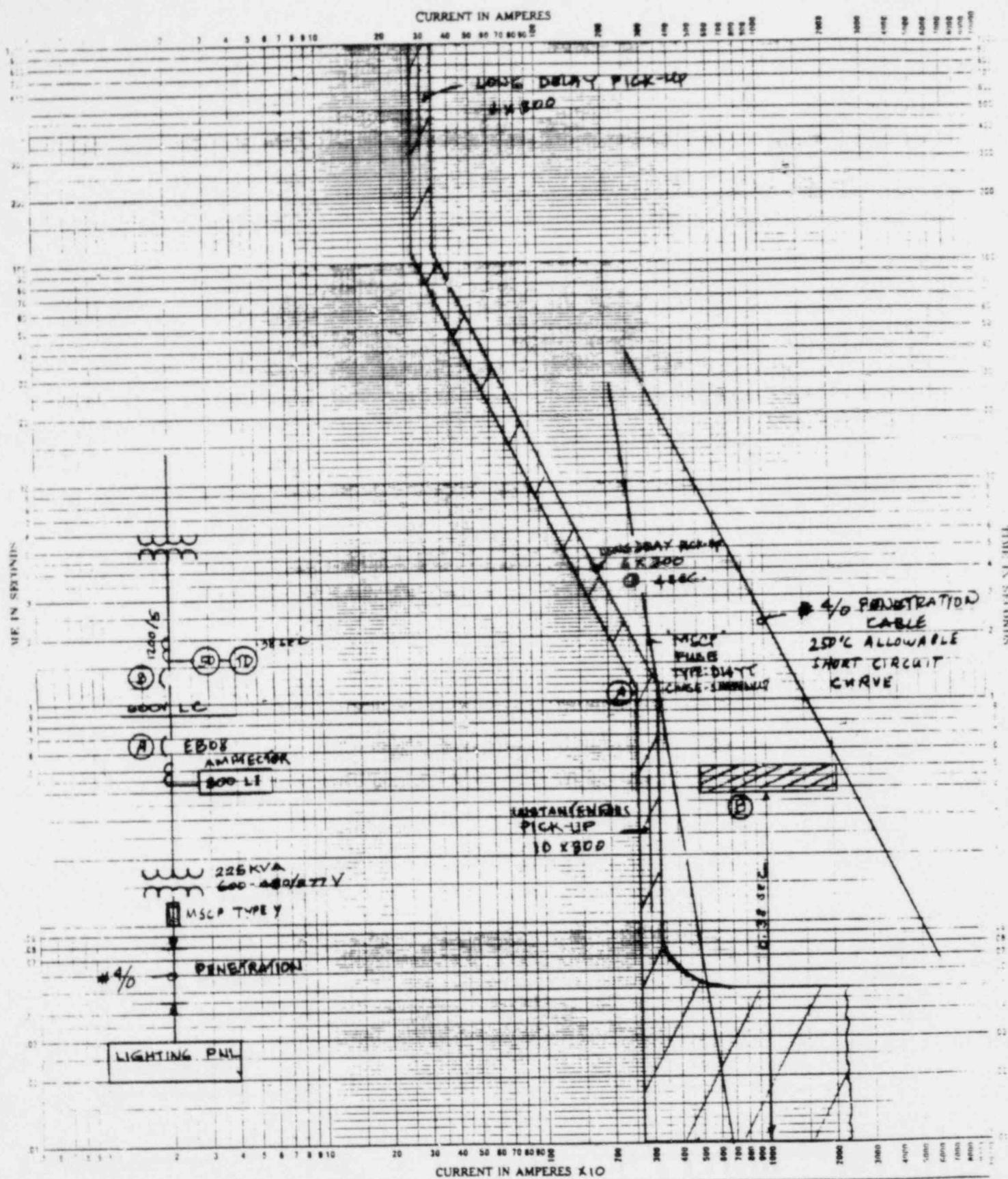
REV. NO. _____ DATE _____
 CALC. NO. _____ CHECKED _____
 PROJECT _____ SUBJECT _____
 TABLE 10 - LIGHTING POWER SHEET NO. 1 of 2

SERVICE	600V AC LOAD CIR	CKT BKR FRAME/ SENSOR RIG	SETTING	PROPOSED BACK UP PROTECTION	PENET. CABLE SIZE	LOAD (kW)	REMARKS
LIGHTING PANEL 2P	EBOB	800/300	L.D.=300 INST.=3000	"MSCP" FUSE TYPE Y	4/0	30	

SERVICE	PRIMARY PROT. 600V MCC	EXISTING BACK UP PROT.		SETTING	PENET. CABLE SIZE	LOAD (kW)	REMARKS
		600V AC LOAD CTR	CKT BKR FRAME/ SENSOR RIG				
LIGHTING PANEL 2Q	100 AMP ITE-Gould TYPE HE3-B100	EA05	800/400	L.D.=500 SD=2400	4/0	30	

TABLE 10

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37



PENETRATION CABLE 4/0 AWG		TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES	
LIGHTING PANEL		Fuse Links in	
For		Dated	
BASIS FOR DATA Standards			
1. Test made at		Volts r.c. at	
2. Current at which the		p.f. Starting at 25°C with no initial load	
		Test points so variations should be	

No. _____
Date _____

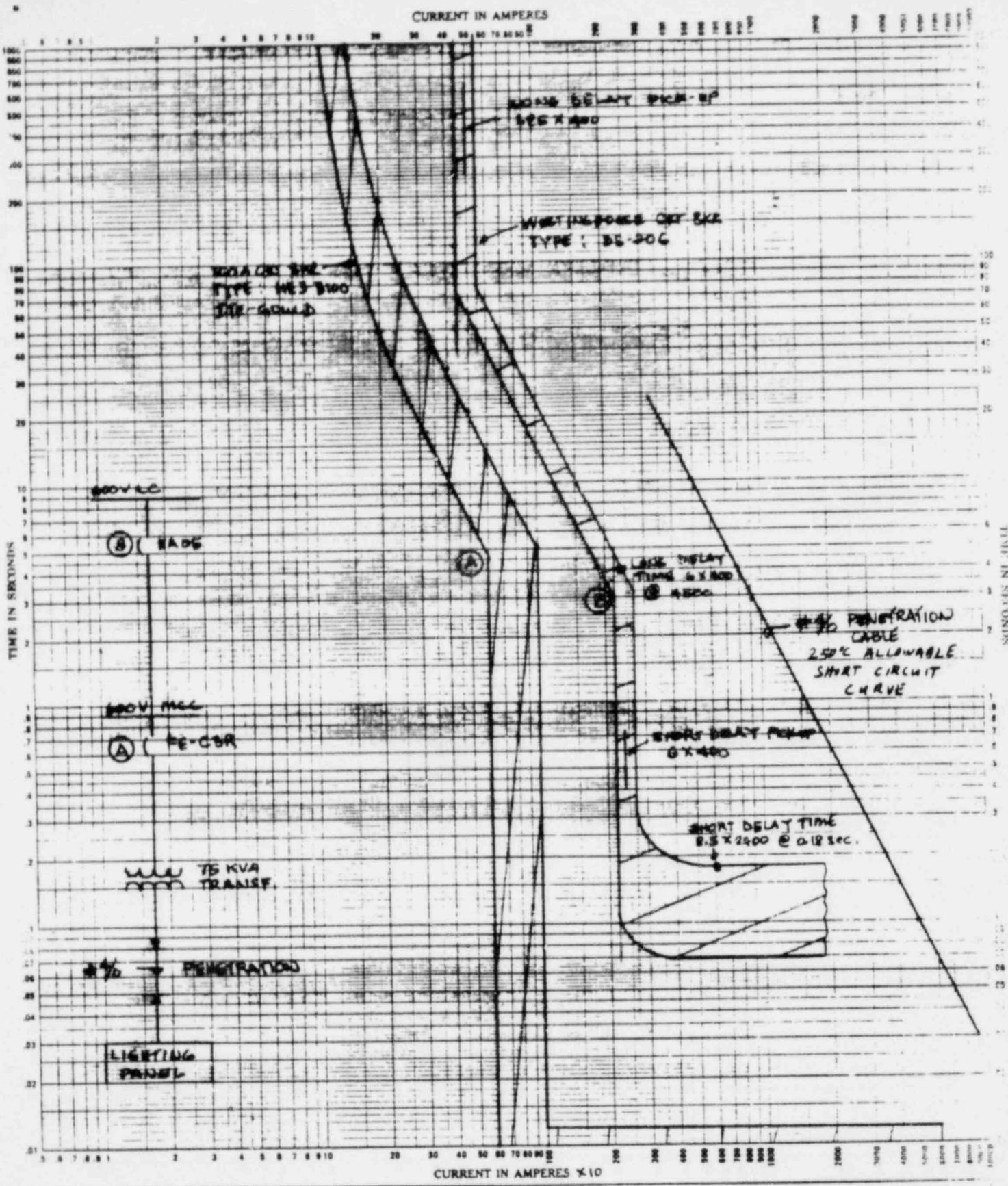


FIGURE 13

For LIGHTING PANEL Fuse Links In _____
Date _____

For LIGHTING PANEL

TIME-CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

PAGE EIGHT

BASIS FOR DATA Standards

Test made at

2. Curves are pi

• • • • •

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

Volts a.c. at.....

Test points so variations

— 1 —

p-l, Starting at 25C with an initial load

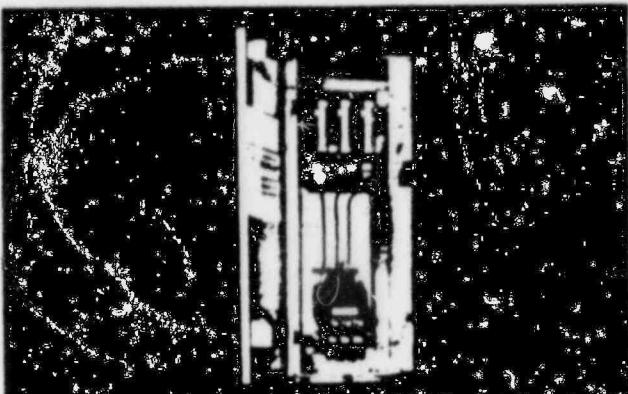
should be _____

20

Date

1

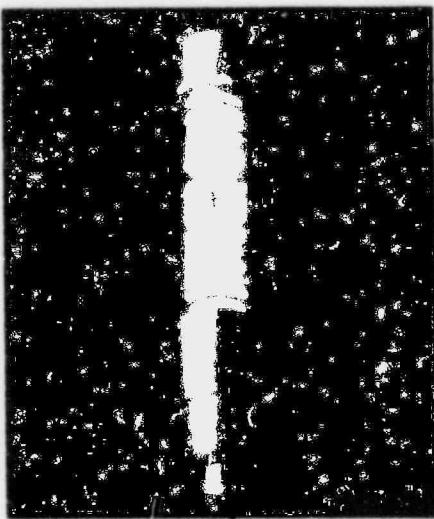
TOTAL PROTECTION



Combination starter with Motor Short Circuit Protectors.



Combination starter with High Fault Circuit Protectors.



Motor Short Circuit Protector



High Fault Circuit Protectors

I-T-E's combination starters with Motor Short Circuit Protectors (MSCPs)* or High Fault Circuit Protectors (HFCPs)* provide more overcurrent protection than any other device available. They bring to the motor branch circuit the first system engineered to provide total overcurrent protection. MSCPs, used with fusible type combination starters, and HFCPs, used with circuit breaker type combination starters, clear faults up to 100,000 amperes.

MSCPs are used in place of fuses and are precisely coordinated with the starter's heaters. HFCPs are used in conjunction with circuit breakers and are precisely coordinated with them and with the starter's heaters. The heaters and circuit breakers provide protection against lower level overcurrents. The MSCPs and HFCPs take over where these other devices leave off and protect against the higher levels of current.

The result is complete, uninterrupted protection from full load motor current all the way up to 100,000 amperes at 600 V AC. This total protection means that the devices guard against all damage to heaters, relays, contacts and all other starter elements. Even if the overcurrent is caused by damage within the motor itself, MSCPs and HFCPs greatly limit the motor damage.

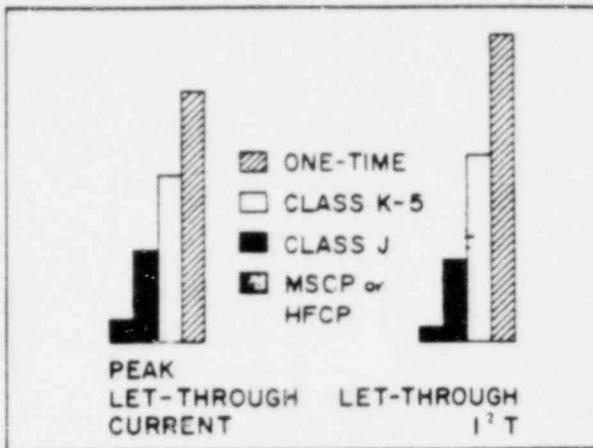
MSCP combination starters are available in NEMA sizes 0 through 5. HFCP combination starters are available in NEMA sizes 0 through 4. Both are UL listed and include patented circuitry to prevent a blown energy limiter from causing single phasing.

*patent pending

Quick Current Interruption

MSCPs and HFCPs are special types of energy-limiting fuse-like devices. Typical single and dual element fuses are designed to protect against overloads as well as short circuits. As a result, compromises must be made in the design of these devices. In MSCPs and HFCPs it is not necessary. Their purpose is to protect against short circuits only. This allowed I-T-E to design them with extremely short fault-clearing time.

High level fault clearing with an MSCP or HFCP is virtually instantaneous. These devices limit let-through energy and peak let-through current to a fraction of the let-throughs experienced with Class J fuses selected according to NEC article 430.



Protection Where It Counts Most

Extending protection up to 100,000 amperes is important with today's higher available fault currents. But just as important, or even more so, is the complete motor branch circuit protection in the range from locked rotor current up to 10,000, 20,000 or 30,000 amperes.

This is where most motor branch circuit overcurrents occur. This is where most damage is done. This is where MSCPs and HFCPs save the most dollars, in terms of both equipment repairs and extended downtime.

Coordination—The Key

Section 430-52 of the 1971 National Electrical Code recognizes the MSCP and HFCP principle to give complete protection to motor branch circuits when used in coordination with the other protection elements in a combination starter. Coordination of an MSCP with the overload heaters, and coordination of an HFCP with the instantaneous-trip circuit breaker is absolutely essential.

This coordination is the heart of the "total protection" system that I-T-E has developed. Each size of MSCP is designed specifically for operation with properly coordinated heaters. The same is true for HFCPs and the heaters and circuit breakers used with them.

This coordination is so important that all of the combination starter elements—starter, heaters, switch or circuit breaker and MSCP or HFCP—must be tested together. Factory-prepared charts designate the proper heaters, breakers and MSCPs or HFCPs to be used together to obtain total protection for each application. MSCPs are listed and identified not by current level that they are designed for but simply by a letter designation as a measure against improper applications. HFCPs are designated by the current ratings of the circuit breakers for which they are designed.

Elements Work Together

In MSCP combination starters, the devices are coordinated so that the MSCP will be inoperative in the overload relay's normal operating range. At less than 13 times full load motor current, the MSCP begins to provide protection and continues it up to 100,000 amperes at 600 V AC.

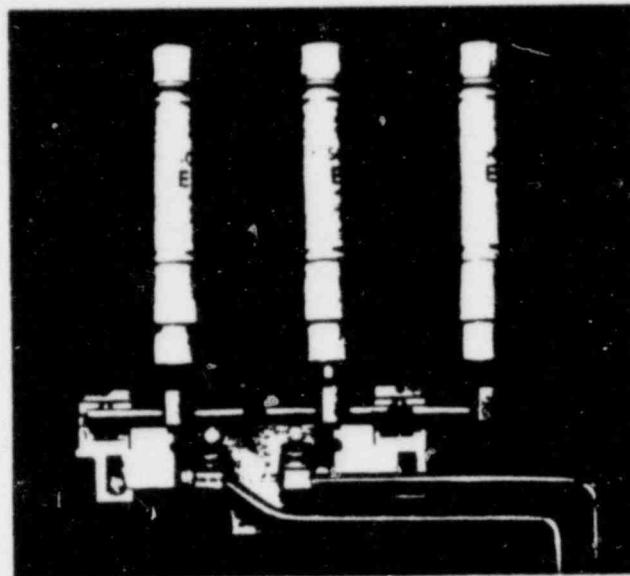
In HFCP combination starters, the overload relay protects the circuit in its normal range from full load motor current up to 13 times that value. The instantaneous-trip breaker provides protection from just below that point up to the upper limit of its heater-protecting capability. From this point up to 100,000 amperes at 600 V AC, the HFCP provides protection.

With both types of combination starters, each type of protective device becomes active for the range where its advantages are maximum. At the same time there is no gap in protection and no nuisance blowing or tripping.

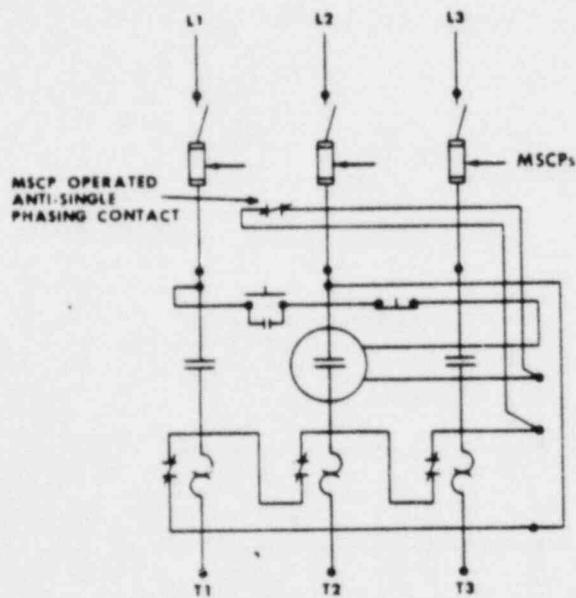
Anti-Single Phasing

I-T-E's MSCPs and HFCPs have different types of systems which prevent causing single phasing. When one of these devices blows, it provides for very quick cutoff of operating current in all three phases.

An MSCP has a TRIGGER® which extends from its casing when it blows. This provides two advantages. It indicates which phase has sustained the fault. And, more important, it operates an auxiliary contact which opens all three phases by dropping out the starter. This TRIGGER feature is an I-T-E exclusive.

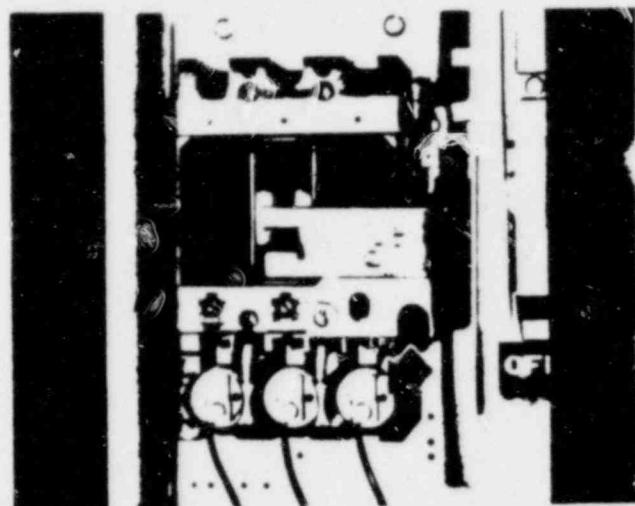


MSCPs contain TRIGGERS which protrude and operate an auxiliary contact to open all three phases, preventing a blown MSCP from causing single phasing.

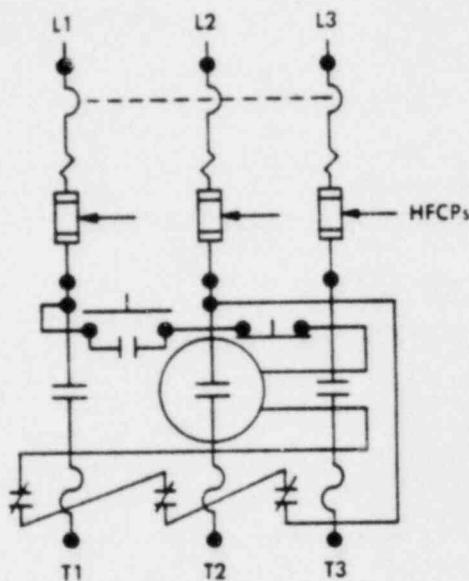


MSCP Combination Starter Circuit

When an HFCP blows, the circuit breaker is tripped through a circuit designed for this specific purpose. The HFCP limits let-through current immediately and the circuit breaker opens all three phases in less than one cycle.



Each HFCP contains an indicator which protrudes to signal which one has blown. Single phasing from a blown HFCP is prevented by a circuit within the blown limiter. This circuit trips the breaker when a fault occurs in any phase.



HFCP Combination Starter Circuit

Can't Void Protection

MSCP holders are designed so that they will not accept standard fuses. Six different holder sizes are used for the six starter sizes, 0 through 5. Each specific holder is designed for use with a certain size starter. It will accept any of the various MSCP sizes intended for that starter. And it will accept devices designed for smaller sizes, but not those for larger starter sizes.

If a misapplication should be made, combining the largest size MSCP for a certain starter size with the lowest rated heater, any starter damage that might result during a short circuit is minimal.

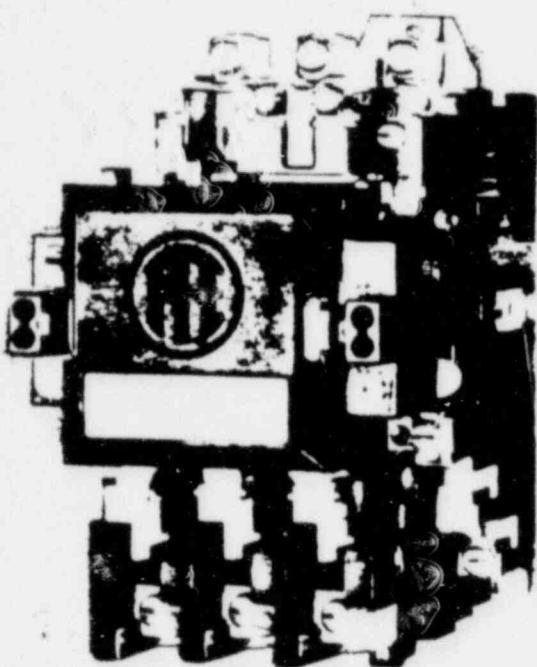
HFCP holders, which will not accept fuses, have rejection keys for each size circuit breaker. They are designed so that only the correct size HFCP can be inserted. Rejection keys in the HFCPs prevent insertion of HFCPs larger or smaller than the proper ones for a given breaker.

Wide Selection of Combination Starters

I-T-E MSCP and HFCP combination starters are built around the dependable Class A20 starter. All of the installation and maintenance advantages of this starter, proven by extensive experience, are retained. MSCP combination starters are available in NEMA sizes 0 through 5, in NEMA 1, 4 and 12 enclosures. HFCP

combination starters are available in NEMA sizes 0 through 4, in NEMA 1, 4, 12, 7 and 9 enclosures. All of these modern enclosures, except explosion-proof types, have flange-mounted disconnect handles that maintain control of the switch or circuit breaker even when the door is open.

I-T-E STARTERS SIMPLIFY INSTALLATION



The starter components in MSCP and HFCP combination starters give the user the ultimate in design, ease of maintenance and dependability for millions of operations. Check these features for cutting installation, inspection and maintenance time and for broad applicability.

STRAIGHT THROUGH WIRING. No wiring errors or wasted time. The LINE comes in at the top . . . the LOAD terminals are at the bottom.

CONNECTIONS ARE UP FRONT where you can easily see and reach them. Installation, inspection, general maintenance and replacement take less time and cost less money.

MOUNTING VERSATILITY is another advanced I-T-E motor control feature. The starter can be installed in any position in the vertical plane. This means more freedom, whatever your application needs. I-T-E's horizontal magnet design obsoletes gravity dropout.

AUXILIARY INTERLOCK provides one normally open or normally closed contact or both (all independent circuits). Up to three interlock blocks can be furnished without increasing outline dimensions or adding special insulating barriers.

NO TOOLS REQUIRED to inspect contacts. The cover cap snaps off to expose all contacts. A safety interlock feature prevents contacts from closing with cover cap off.

EASY CONTACT REPLACEMENT. You don't need to disconnect a single wire or remove any accessory. Movable contacts, held by spring-loaded clips, slip straight out. The stationary contacts are each held by one screw. All contacts are symmetrical on each starter size and will fit in any position.

COIL is encapsulated in hot-molded insulating compound to eliminate moisture and mechanical failure. Wired connections aren't necessary, owing to built-in contacts. Forget broken coil leads and insulation wear.

PLUG-IN OVERLOAD RELAYS are a real boon to the man on the job. Fast installation. No wiring errors. The third overload relay is furnished as standard with no increase in starter dimensions.

IDENTICAL BASIC STRUCTURE. You needn't contend with different problems in different starter sizes. I-T-E's total design approach makes starters identical, sizes 0-5.

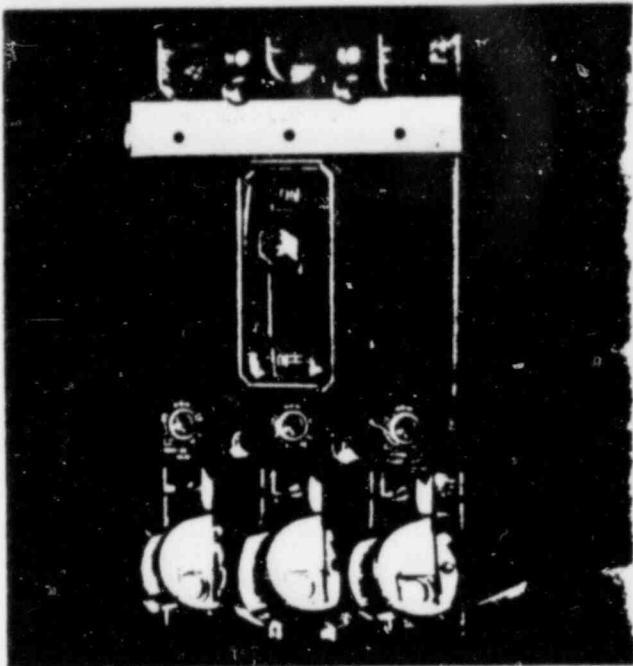
I-T-E TIME TESTED DISCONNECT SWITCHES



MSCPs mount in holders on the disconnect switch with visible contacts but not visible arcs. Window openings in the switch front show the double-break contacts when the switch is open, and a red "ON" flag when the switch is closed. Closing of contacts and arcing take place safely inside arc chambers. All exposed current-carrying parts, including the MSCP holders, are dead when the switch is open. Auxiliary electrical interlocks are available for switch mounting when an external control source is brought into the starter enclosure.

- DOUBLE-BREAK ACTION . . . QUICK-MAKE, QUICK-BREAK
- FRONT-MOUNTED COMPACT MSCP HOLDERS FOR EASIER MSCP INSTALLATION AND REPLACEMENT
- DIRECT-ACTION OPERATION FROM FLANGE-MOUNTED HANDLE
- HORSEPOWER RATED
- VISIBLE CONTACTS WITHOUT VISIBLE ARCS
- STRAIGHT-THROUGH WIRING, TOP TO BOTTOM. NO WIRE BENDING. NEATER ARRANGEMENTS.
- SILVER-PLATED CURRENT-CARRYING PARTS THROUGHOUT
- PROVISION FOR AUXILIARY INTERLOCKS TO EXTEND RANGE OF CONTROL
- DEAD-FRONT SAFETY WITH ISOLATED CONTACTS AND SHIELDED CURRENT-CARRYING PARTS
- ENCLOSED ARC CHAMBERS FOR MAXIMUM SAFETY, LONGER CONTACT LIFE, LESS MAINTENANCE

I-T-E INSTANTANEOUS TRIP CIRCUIT BREAKERS

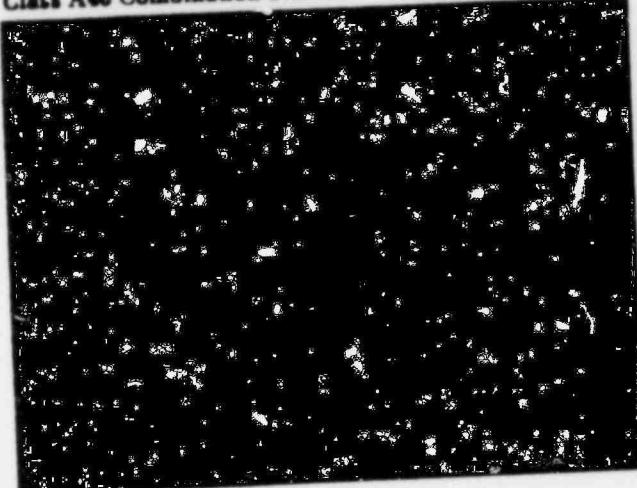


The ETI magnetic instantaneous trip circuit breaker can be adjusted to eliminate tripping from motor starting currents. But it still provides split-second operation (less than one cycle) when dangerous overcurrents occur. HFCPs mount in holders below the ETI breaker. They are installed easily from the front, and attach to the load side of the breaker.

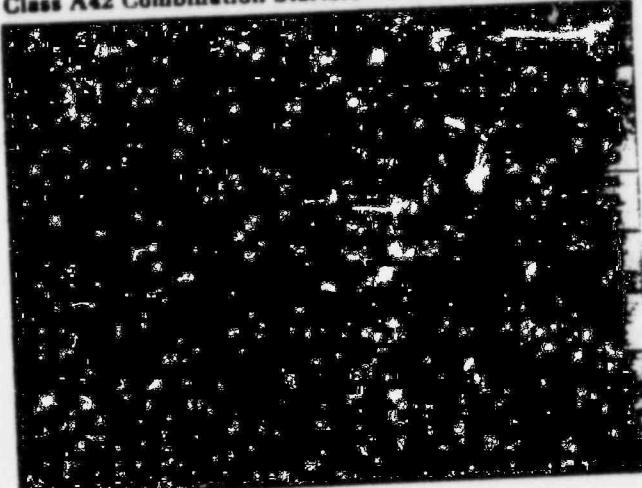
- INSTANTANEOUS TRIPPING UNDER SHORT CIRCUIT CONDITIONS WITHOUT NUISANCE TRIPPING
- RECESSED TERMINALS FOR DEAD-FRONT SAFETY
- DIRECT OVER-CENTER TOGGLE HANDLE GIVES QUICK-MAKE QUICK-BREAK OPERATION
- STRAIGHT-THROUGH WIRING. LINE ENTERS AT TOP, LOAD CONNECTS AT BOTTOM
- SILVER-PLATED CURRENT-CARRYING PARTS THROUGHOUT FOR LONG LIFE, LOW WATTAGE LOSS
- PROVISION FOR AUXILIARY CONTACTS, NORMALLY OPEN OR CLOSED, SHUNT TRIP OR UNDERTRUE VOLTAGE DEVICES
- CONVENIENT BREAKER TRIP ADJUSTMENT—THREE DIALS ON FRONT OF BREAKER
- TRIP-FREE MECHANISM PREVENTS CONTACTS FROM BEING HELD CLOSED AGAINST OVERCURRENT

MSCP COMBINATION STARTERS

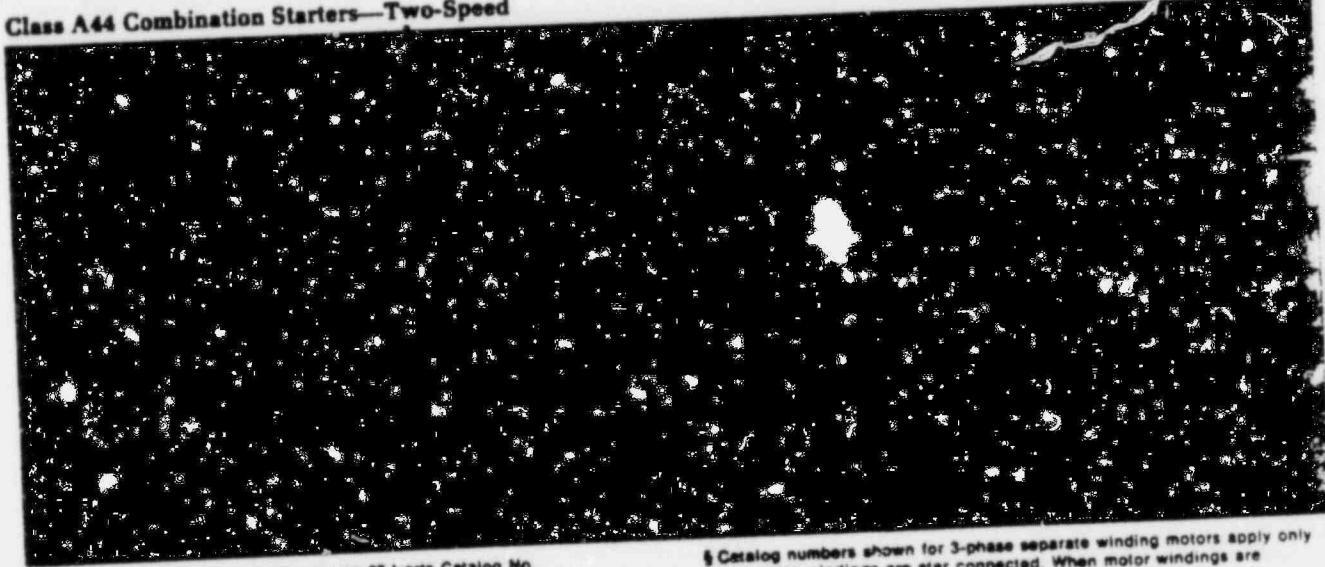
Class A40 Combination Starters—Non-Reversing



Class A42 Combination Starters—Reversing



Class A44 Combination Starters—Two-Speed



◆ For 25- and 50-Hertz applications, use 60-Hertz Catalog No. and specify Hertz.

† Suitable for NEMA 5, dual-tight applications. Reset button furnished when requested.

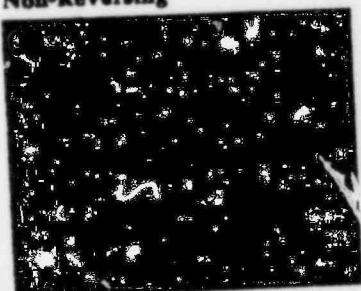
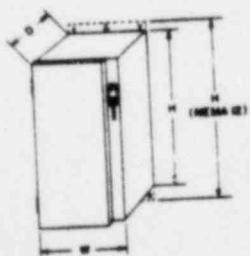
NOTE: These combination starters do not contain MSCPs or heater elements when shipped. MSCPs and heaters must be ordered separately from the tables on the opposite page.

§ Catalog numbers shown for 3-phase separate winding motors apply only when motor windings are star connected. When motor windings are connected open Delta, use 3-phase single-winding starters.

* Starter is limited to the maximum horsepower shown. In addition, motor full-load current must be less than the ampere rating for the same size A10 contactor.

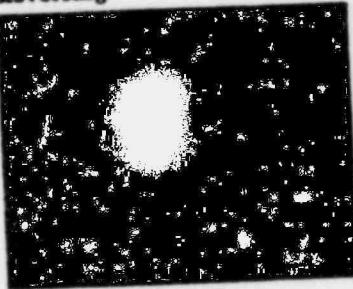
Combination Starter Enclosure Dimensions—For Both MSCP and HFCP Types

Non-Reversing



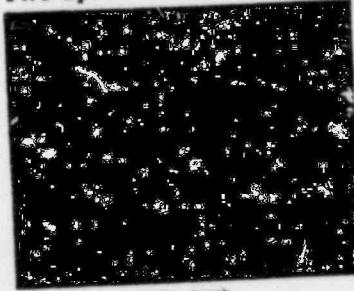
* Add 1" for handle depth.

Reversing



* Add 1" for handle depth.

Two-Speed



* Add 1" for handle depth.

HOW TO SELECT HEATERS AND MSCPs

For total circuit protection, first select the correct heater element. Nameplate full load motor current is the most important information for heater selection. Size of starter and ambient conditions are also necessary data

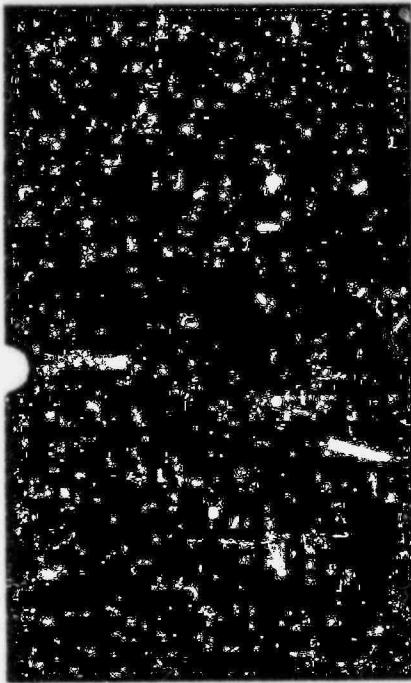
for proper selection. The heater tables will also show what MSCP to use. MSCPs are designated by a letter corresponding to a heater size for each starter. Three MSCPs are required for each in combination starter.

HEATER SELECTION TABLES



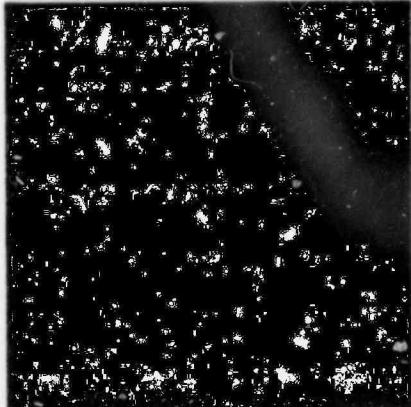
Current at which heaters will trip overload relay with the knob at 100% mark in an ambient of 40°C is 1.25 times minimum full load motor current. In addition, starters selected in this manner give 125% protection.

Size 0 & 1 Comb. Starters

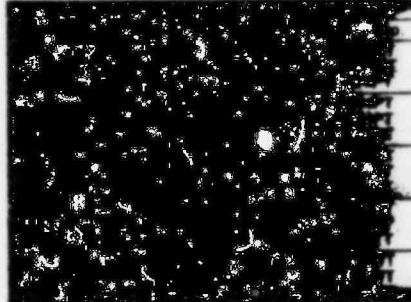


* Maximum heater for size 0.

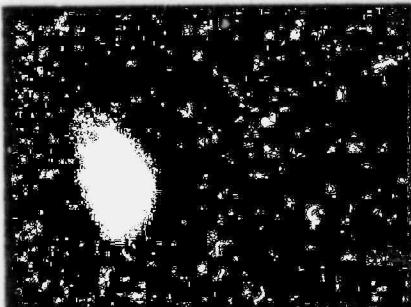
Size 2 Comb. Starter



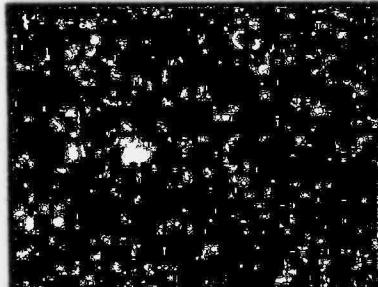
Size 3 Comb. Starter



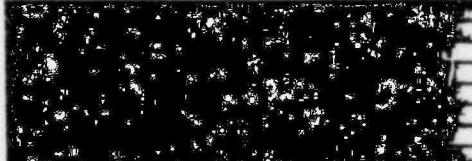
Size 4 Comb. Starter



Size 5 Comb. Starter



Replacement MSCPs



MEETING SUMMARY DISTRIBUTION

Docket File

NRC PDR

Local PDR

NSIC

TIC

TERA

NRR Reading

LB #2 File

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E. Case

D. Eisenhut

R. Purple

B. J. Youngblood

A. Schwencer

F. Miraglia

J. Miller

G. Lainas

R. Vollmer

J. P. Knight

R. Bosnak

F. Schauer

R. E. Jackson

Project Manager S. Kniel

Licensing Assistant MService

Attorney, OELD

I&E (3)

ACRS (16)

R. Tedesco

G. Lear

V. Noonan

S. Pawlicki

V. Benaroya

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