



UNITED STATES  
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

NORTHERN STATES POWER COMPANY  
DOCKET NO. 50-263  
MONTICELLO NUCLEAR GENERATING PLANT  
AMENDMENT TO FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 75  
License No. DPR-22

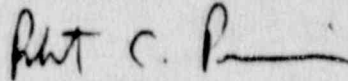
1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
  - A. The application for amendment by Northern States Power Company (the licensee) dated July 31, 1990 complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
  - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
  - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
  - D. The issuance of this amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
  - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.
2. Accordingly, the license is amended by changes to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment, and paragraph 2.C.2 of Facility Operating License No. DPR-22 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Technical Specifications

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No. 75, are hereby incorporated in the license. The licensee shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications.

3. This license amendment is effective as of the date of its issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION



Robert C. Pierson, Director  
Project Directorate III-1  
Division of Reactor Projects - III, IV, V  
& Special Projects  
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Attachment:  
Charges to the Technical  
Specifications

Date of Issuance: October 12, 1990

ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 75

FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. DPR-22

DOCKET NO. 50-263

Revise Appendix A Technical Specifications by removing the pages identified below and inserting the attached pages. The revised pages are identified by amendment number and contain marginal lines indicating the area of change.

Insert

202  
204

Replace

202  
204

### 3.0 LIMITING CONDITIONS FOR OPERATION

- c. For the diesel generators to be considered operable, there shall be a minimum of 32,500 gallons of diesel fuel (7 days supply for 1 diesel generator at full load @ 2500 KW) in the diesel oil storage tank.

### 4.0 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- c. At least once each Operating Cycle during shutdown simulate a loss of offsite power in conjunction with an ECCS actuation test signal, and:
1. Verify de-energization of the emergency busses and load shedding from the emergency busses.
  2. Verifying diesel starts from ambient conditions on the auto-start signal and is ready to accept emergency loads within ten seconds, energizes the emergency busses with permanently connected loads, energizes the auto-connected emergency loads in proper time sequence, and operates for greater than five minutes while its generator is loaded with the emergency loads.
- d. During the monthly generator test, the diesel fuel oil transfer pump and diesel oil service pump shall be operated.
- e. Once a month the quantity of diesel fuel available shall be logged.
- f. Once a month a sample of diesel fuel shall be taken and checked for quality.

Bases 3.9:

The general objective is to assure an adequate supply of power with at least one active and one standby source of power available for operation of equipment required for a safe plant shutdown, to maintain the plant in a safe shutdown condition, and to operate the required engineered safeguards equipment following an accident.

AC shutdown requirements and operation of engineered safeguards equipment can be provided by either of the two standby sources of power (the diesel generators) or any of the three active sources of power (No. 1R, No. 2R, or No. 1AR transformers). Refer to Section 8 of the USAR.

To provide for maintenance and repair of equipment and still have redundancy of power sources, the requirement of one active and one standby source of power was established. The plant's main generator is not given credit as a source since it is not available during shutdown.

The plant 250 V dc power is supplied by two batteries. Most station 250 V loads are supplied by the original station 250 V battery. A new 250 V battery has been installed for HPCI loads and may be used for other station loads in the future. Each battery is maintained fully charged by two associated chargers which also supply the normal dc requirements with the batteries as a standby source during emergency conditions. The plant 125 V dc power is normally supplied by two batteries, each with an associated charger. Backup chargers are available.

The minimum diesel fuel supply of 32,500 gallons will supply one diesel generator for a minimum of seven days of full load operation. The diesel fuel oil requirement of 32,500 gallons ensures that one emergency diesel generator can run for 7 days at full load (2500 KW). The amount of fuel oil necessary to run one emergency diesel generator for 7 days is 31,248 gallons. The difference between these two volumes allows for instrument inaccuracy, tank volume uncertainties, and the location of the suction pipe. Additional diesel fuel can normally be obtained within a few hours. Maintaining at least seven days supply is therefore conservative.

In the normal mode of operation, power is available from the off-site sources. One diesel may be allowed out of service based on the availability of off-site power and the daily testing of the remaining diesel generator. Thus, though one diesel generator is temporarily out of service, the off-site sources are available, as well as the remaining diesel generator. Based on a monthly testing period (Specification 4.9), the seven day repair period is justified. (1)

(1) "Reliability of Engineered Safety Features as a Function of Testing Frequency", I.M. Jacobs, Nuclear Safety, Volume 9, No. 4, July - August 1968.