NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

ORIGINAL

ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD APPEAL BOARD

In the Matter of: CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY (Byron Nuclear Power Plant)	DOCKET NOS. 50-454 OL 50-455 OD SILLE
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1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
2	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
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4	ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD APPEAL BOARD
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6	In the Matter of:
	CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY : Docket Numbers 50-454 OL
8	(BYRON NUCLEAR POWER PLANT) : 50-455 OL
9	:
10	Fifth Floor Hearing Room 4350 East-West Highway
11	Bethesda, Maryland Thursday, May 13, 1982
12	Oral argument in the above-entitled matter was
13	
14	convened, pursuant to notice, at 10:00 a.m.
15	BEFORE:
16	JUDGE STEPHEN EILPERIN, Chairman JUDGE CHRISTINE KOHL, Member JUDGE REGINALD GOTCHY, Member
17	
18	APPEARANCES :
19	On behalf of the Applicant, Consolidated Edison Company:
20	MICHAEL I. MILLER, Esg.
21	PAUL M. MURPHY, Esq. Isham, Lincoln & Beal
22	3 First National Plaza Chicago, Illinois
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1 APPEARANC	55: (Cont.)			
2		half of the men Voters:	Intervencr,	, Rockford	League
3		MYRON M. CI	HERRY. Esg.		
4		Cherry & Fi	Lynn 1. National H	laza	
5		Chicago, I	llinois		
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2	ORAL ARGUMENT BY:	PAGE
3	Myron Cherry	4
4	on behalf of Intervenor, Rockford League of Women Voters	
5		
6	Michael J. Miller on behalf of Applicant,	40
7	Commonwealth Edison	
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PROCEEDINGS

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JUDGE EILPERIN: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. My name is Stephen Eilperin. I am Chairman of the Appeal Board in this case. With me today are Dr. Eleginald Gotchy and Ms. Christine Kohl.

We will be hearing oral argument today on the consolidated appeals taken by the Rockford League of Women Voters from the October 27, 1981 and January 27, 9 1982, orders of the Licensing Board in this case.

10 The first of those two orders struck all of 11 the League's contentions and dismissed the League as a 12 party. The second of the two orders adhered on 13 reconsideration for that decision.

The argument today is governed by our May 6th 15 order. 50 minutes has been allotted to each side. The 16 League may, of course, reserve a portion of its time for 17 rebuttal.

18 I will now call on counsel to formally
19 identify themselves for the record. I will begin with
20 Mr. Cherry.

21 MR. CHERRY: Myron M. Cherry, Cherry & Flynn, 22 Three First National Plaza, Chicago, Illinois; on behalf 23 of the Rockford League of Women Voters.

24 JUDGE EILPERIN: Thank you, Mr. Cherry. Do 25 you wish to reserve a portion of your time for

1 rebuttal?

MR. CHERRY: Yes. I do not think I am going 2 3 to take anywhere near the full 50 minutes, subject to 4 the Board inquiry. And I cannot imagine I would need 5 more than five or six minutes for rebuttal. I do not 6 think my whole presentation will take more than a couple 7 of minutes. So within that framework, I would like to 8 reserve some time. 9 JUDGE EILPERIN: Fine. Mr. Miller? 10 MR. MILLER: Thank you. My name is Michael I. 11 12 Miller, with the firm of Isham, Lincoln & Beal, Three 13 First National Plaza, Chicago, Illinois. With me at the 14 counsel table is my partner, Paul M. Murphy with the 15 same law firm. JUDGE EILPERIN: Thank you, Mr. Miller. 16 We can proceed with the argument. Mr. 17

11

18 Cherry.

19ORAL ARGUMENT BY MYRON CHERRY ON BEHALF OF20INTERVENOR, ROCKFORD LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS

21 MR. CHERRY: Good morning. With the 22 permission of the panel, I shall begin:

I appreciate the courtesy of the panel in 24 setting the argument today on a day when I have another 25 one, to avoid a double trip. As I indicated earlier,

subject to the questioning of the panel, I shall not
 take very long. Our position is amply stated in our
 brief and in the petition for reconsideration. Perhaps
 I will have 20 minutes to chat with your this morning.

5 George Freeman, my gentleman friend from 6 Virginia, always starts oral argument, to my 7 observation, with a pleasant joke. Sometimes he quotes 8 from the Bible. Following that path, I would like to 9 make two observations which I think are relevant to at 10 least our version of what is going on here.

11 When I rode down from my hotel this morning, 12 or up to Bethesia, I came down Mass. Avenue. I looked 13 at all of the embassies and the British consulate and 14 the Argentine Chancellory, and I opined that there was 15 no war because everything was quiet. The trees were 16 green, and people were dressed in suits, and there was 17 no fighting.

18 This morning when I arrived at this building, 19 three separate guards sent me to three separate places 20 when I asked for the Appeal Board hearing. And 21 eventually I came to the fifth floor.

Now in both of those cases, two things are apparent. I do not know what is going on in the Falklands from an observation of a ride down Massachusetts Avenue. And certainly the guards who sent

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1 me to three and then six and then two had never been to 2 the NRC Appeal Board public hearing room.

3 So it is here: The Licensing Board and its 4 chairman, Mr. Miller, made no effort to investigate the 5 Illinois Commerce Commission proceeding, a proceeding 6 which everyone believed was relevant. I when I tried 7 and attempted to form a consolidated discovery, the ICC 8 chairman when I asked for information about this 9 hearing, my worthy opponents when they wanted to have 10 the ICC hearing halted pending this proceeding, and 11 Director Denton when he denied our 2.20 request on the 12 basis of an affidavit that was submitted to the ICC, 13 saying that the issues would be dealt with in this 14 proceeding. Mr. Miller made no effort to find those 15 facts out, but opined that the two instances were not 16 relevant. He concluded no war in the Falklands based on 17 a ride down Mass. Avenue.

18 He made no --

JUDGE KOHL: Mr. Cherry, do you really expect 20 the NBC to schedule its hearings based on allegedly 21 parallel proceedings in another forum when the 22 proceedings have not been formally jointly 23 consolidated?

24 MR. CHERRY: Ms. Kohl, I think that there are 25 two questions here. Let me answer them both. Number

1 one, I do not believe that they are allegedly
2 intertwined proceedings. They are in fact the very same
3 issues and it does not take any scholar to look at the
4 allegations that were made in the affidavit prepared by
5 the three gentleman from California, which was identical
6 to the one which that was filed before the NRC, to note
7 that the unresolved safety issues, the core of this
8 presentation by the Rockford League of Women Voters from
9 a safety standpont, was in fact the same thing urged
10 before the Illinois Commerce Commission from an economic
11 standpoint.

7

I did not ask that there be joint hearings. I do not think we were at that pint yet, although I dobserved in my appeal briefs here that the NBC has at least on two occasions I have observed had joint hearings.

17 What I objected to was the total ignoring of 18 the possibilities of joint discovery, of avoiding 19 depositions, and having a consolidated approach toward 20 the very same documents, the very same deponents, and 21 the very same information. That is what I avoided.

JUDGE KOHL: Mr. Cherry, assuming that 23 everything that you say is in fact true, that there is 24 this overlap of issues, you are not suggesting are you 25 that there would have been a mandatory merging of the

1 proceedings, or that it was mandatory for the Licensing 2 Board to take account of that? You apprised the Board 3 of the existence of the hearing, the Board was aware of 4 i+ and, it seems to me, acted in its discretion to 5 schedule discovery and other proceedings in this case as 6 it saw fit. 8

7 MR. CHERRY: Well, Ms. Kohl, Mr. Miller did 8 not act in anyone's discretion. He acted, I grant you 9 that, but he did not act at anyone's discretion. My 10 argument is not with --

JUDGE KOHL: Well, if he does not have the discretion to schedule discovery in other proceedings within the context of this NRC case as he sees fit, then you are saying that he is required by some other law or fregulation or principle to take account of your supposedly parallel proceedings before the Illinois Commerce Commission.

18 MR. CHERRY: No, I did not ask Mr. Miller to 19 take account of the ICC proceeding until those 20 irrational decisions came out. What Mr. Miller did, he 21 never called a meeting, he never talked to counsel about 22 what was going on in discovery, and he in effect said, 23 "Counsel, meet." And I met.

24 JUDGE KOHL: What has this got to do with your 25 failure to respond to the interrogatories on two

1 separate occasions?

2 MR. CHERRY: Because that failure is not an 3 absolute failure. Mr. Miller did not ask that I 4 respond. 9

5 JUDGE KOHL: Have you ever responded to the 6 interrogatories?

7 MR. CHERRY: Have I ever responded to the 8 interrogatories?

JUDGE KOHL: Yes. You said it was not an
10 absolute failure.

MR. CHERRY: Well, because he never ordered the interrogatories to be answered. What he did was say: I grant the motion to compel, and with respect to the time limit, you sit down with counsel and work it to out.

I then sat down with counsel, and because I I then sat down with counsel, and because I believed that the cases required a consolidated effort Beased upon my some 20 years of practice at trial law, it if did not make any sense to do things twice. I thought I ohad worked something out. And then when I was told that hat all of my obligations by my opponents were to be cobserved, but theirs were not, I asked the Licensing Board for help.

24 JUDGE KOHL: But you did not ask the Licensing 25 Board for help until when?

MR. CHERRY: When the deal fell apart.

JUDGE KOHL: Well, there is a letter attached to the Licensing Board's opinion that is dated December 15th, 1981. In that it states, rightly or wrongly, that you had agreed to an October 1st deadline for the response to the interrogatories.

MR. CHERRY: Yes.

1

7

B JUDGE KOHL: At that point, if you disagreed 9 with the substance of that letter, why did you not then 10 go to the Licensing Board as it had instructed earlier 11 in its August 18th order, I believe it is dated: If for 12 some reason the parties cannot get together, it is up to 13 the objecting party to seek a protective order or other 14 relief. Why did you not act at that time?

15 MR. CHERRY: Because subsequent to the 16 September 16th letter, we scheduled the depositions of 17 Minor and Hubbard on the 24th and the 25th, and Mr. 18 Murphy agreed that he would await answers to 19 interrogatories until he took the depositions of those 20 two people. And I fully believe not only would he get 21 the information he wanted from those interrogatories, 22 from the depositions, but they might not even have 23 occurred. That is set forth --

24 JUDGE EILPERIN: Mr. Cherry, that is a 25 disputed factual question. MR. CHERRY: Which was found against me
 without a hearing.

11

JUDGE EILPERIN: All right.

3

4 MR. CHERRY: But I have answered the 5 question.

6 JUDGE EILPERIN: As of, if I recollect the 7 undisputed facts, as of September 18th, the arrangement 8 for taking depositions of Messrs. Minor and Hubbard fell 9 through. Is that correct?

10 MR. CHERRY: I do not know if the exact date 11 is the 18th. It fell through at some point when 12 Commonwealth Edison refused to pay expenses and I gave 13 them my judgment based upon that. I would add one other 14 thing --

JUDGE EILPERIN: I believe that was the 18th. Now you were at that point under an order issued by the In Licensing Board on August 18th to promptly answer the interrogatories subject to conference. You had your gonference. The conference could not resolve things. The arrangements fell through. What obligation do you think you were under as of September 18th to answer those interrogatories?

MR. CHERRY: On September 18th?
 JUDGE EILPERIN: As of September 18th when the
 parties had conferred a number of times, arrangements

had been unavailing to take the depositions of Messrs.
 Minor and Hubbard and, as Judge Kohl mentioned, there
 was indeed a letter dated September 16th from Mr.
 Murphy, I believe, saying that you had promised the
 answers to the interrogatories by October 1st.

6 What do you think your obligation was at that 7 point to comply with the Licensing Board's August 18th 8 order?

9 MR. CHERRY: Well, let me restate the question 10 so that I understand it. Are you asking me what my 11 obligation is to answer interrogatories in a 12 circumstance which ignores the agreements with counsel? 13 Or are you asking me --

14 JUDGE EILPERIN; I am asking you --

MR. CHERRY: -- what my obligation is to answer interrogatories in the context of the very meeting I had with counsel as directed by the Board? Because those are two different questions.

19 JUDGE EILPERIN: I am asking you how you 20 interpret the August 18th order of the Licensing Board?

21 MR. CHERRY: I interpret --

JUDGE EILPERIN: Let me give it a bit more 23 context. The Licensing Board, as of September 9th, had 24 issued a scheduling order, and we are talking now about 25 events September 18th and beyond is what I am interested

1 in.

15

2 MR. CHERRY: It issued a unilateral order; 3 that is right. 13

JUDGE EILPERIN: It issued a scheduling order September 9th which set aiscovery to conclude by November 1, not simply answers to interrogatories but depositions and all discovery which had been pending before the Licensing Board as of August 18th, the Licensing Board said was to be concluded by November 1.

10 Now what do you think was your obligation11 under that August 18th order?

MR. CHERRY: Well, my obligation under the MR. CHERRY: Well, my obligation under the August 18th order in light of the meetings that I had with counsel was not to answer the interrogatories.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Why not?

16 MR. CHERRY: Because the interrogatories were 17 subject to a meeting of counsel, and I have averred 18 below, which was rejected by the Licensing Board, that 19 my opponent said that he was going to take two 20 depositions and then he was going to determine whether 21 he wanted the interrogatories. I had every right under 22 a direction to meet with counsel to consider those 23 interrogatories in that context as, if not withdrawn, 24 then temporarily put aside.

25 JUDGE EILPERIN: But if the meeting below had

1 failed, if there had been a disagreement, how could you
2 still hold Edison to what you say is the promise that
3 they disagreed with?

4 NR. CHERRY: Well, I am having a little 5 trouble, Judge Eilperin, following that. If I make a 6 deal with someone -- a lawyer's deal that has been 7 accorded the right to enforcement since I can remember 8 in the history of justice because if lawyers do not make 9 discovery deals and keep them this system, you know very 10 well sir, does not work -- if I make a deal with 11 somebody and he says A for B, and then my deal partner 12 pulls away his A, do I then give him B? Of course not. 13 Now, maybe I was at --

JUDGE EILPERIN: You do not think you had an 15 obligation to go to the Licensing Board and say: 16 Lookit, I have to answer these interrogatories and you 17 told me I had to answer them promptly, Edison now has 18 reneged on a deal; I want a protective order. You do 19 not think you were under any obligation to go back to 20 the Licensing Board seeking a protective order at that 21 point?

JUDGE KOHL: Since the Board was not a party 23 to the so-called lawyer's deal, but certainly an 24 interested observer?

25 MR. CHERRY: Well, the Board should have been

a party. The Board ignored, in my judgment, its
 2 responsibilities. But let me deal with that directly.

3 It is possible, I will admit in hindsight, 4 that perhaps after that meeting fell down I should have 5 moved for a protective orier. I cannot give you any 6 solid reason why I did not. I can give you perhaps my 7 best in-hindsight estimate. I was in the middle of a 8 protracted litigation which did not conclude until 9 September which resulted in a settlement agreement over 10 an injunction. Shortly after the deal fell apart, I 11 believe that Edison moved, and I then told my position 12 in response to Edison.

13 JUDGE EILPERIN: October 2nd.

MR. CHERRY: Okay, which is approximately
15 three weeks. I believe my --

16 JUDGE KOHL: And it is after the alleged 17 dealine.

18 MB. CHERRY: There was no deadline.
19 JUDGE KOHL: Presumably, if you want a relief
20 from a discovery order, you should seek that relief
21 prior to the expiration of the time.

MR. CHERRY: There was in my judgment, Judge Kohl, no leadline. The Licensing Board had not set a deadline for the answering of interrogatories. I had agreed in good faith to answer interrogatories by a date

1 certain. Mr. Murphy then told the Board that that was
2 true without telling the Board that he had agreed to
3 take the ispositions on the 23rd and 24th and that he
4 had agreed to await those depositions for his
5 interrogatories.

6 So technically, the advice of September 30th 7 to the Licensing Board was a misrepresentation because 8 it was not a date. I did not violate any date. Tell me 9 where there is a date that I violated. At best, I am a 10 fool for having relied on a man I went to law school 11 with. That is what I am at fault for.

JUDGE KOHL: Would it not have been a prudent Gourse for a person who has practiced for 20 years, as you have just stated, under the circumstances to take the first step in bringing this dispute to the Licensing Board and apprise it? Certainly, the Licensing Board has said in a number of orders at different times that discovery was to proceed expeditiously and promptly. Given that statement of the Board and its obvious involvement here, it seems to me a prudent individual vould have acted in that instance, notwithstanding other obligations that you may have had.

23 MR. CHERRY: Judge Kohl, I am not perfect, and 24 I am not always prudent. I am here being accused of a 25 wilfull pattern of delay. Of that I am unjustly

1 accused.

It may have been appropriate for me in late September to have first advised the Licensing Board, but that failure to have advised the Licensing Board when the Licensing Board itself was not involved in counsel and when I have -- and rejected below in the most unsatisfactory application of due process I have ever seen to take one person's word from another -- the issue here is the finding of fact of the Licensing Board that Nr. Cherry on behalf of the Rockford League of Women Voters exercised a wilfull pattern of continued delay of orders.

13 That finding of fact is nonsense on this 14 record. Perhaps my judgment was wrong in believing that 15 I could rely on co-counsel in a hotly litigated case 16 without papering every agreement. Perhaps my judgment 17 was wrong in not going to Mr. Miller and moving forward 18 promptly to tell him of things that had fallen apart. 19 Perhaps I had the poor judgment in expecting that Isham, 20 Lincoln & Beal would live up to the payment of Minor and 21 Hubbard expenses when we had agreed to take a joint 22 deposition when they had done so in an order before. 23 Perhaps I am guilty of bad judgment, but I do not know 24 that if that bad judgment is not tantamount to some 25 wilfull violation of the rules that I and my client get

1 tossed out.

A word about that scheduling order. This Licensing Appeal Board has observed on not one occasion, and the Commission has a series of rules, that Licensing Board chairmen are to hold meetings to discuss discovery Schedules. What did Mr. Miller do? He waited 18 months to decide a petition of contentions. So much for his desire to get this case moving forward.

9 He ignored my discovery request for 18 months, 10 and then said that I am using it as a bootstrap when I 11 had a motion pending to enforce them for over nine 12 months. I am supposed to remind him every week of his 13 duties. And then he set a discovery schedule that was 14 so unrealistic it was almost foolish to impose a 15 November 1 schedule.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Mr. Cherry, let me ask you another question about the asserted agreement among k counsel. As I understand it, it is your contention that the agreement was that if Edison supplied certain information to you, you would then by October 1st answer the interrogatories?

MR. CHERRY: No, it was not quite that, Mr. 23 Eilperin -- excuse me, Judge Eilperin. I did not in 24 effect say that if you do this I will do this. The 25 agreement, as I observed it, was I am going to do this

1 in this time frame and you are going to do this in this 2 time frame.

In other words it was not, I would say, A necessarily a tit-for-tat; it was two people who were building a house. And I am expecting that foundation to go forward while I make my foundation.

7 JUDGE EILPERIN: Your agreement was to answer 8 the interrogatories by October 1st; is that right?

9 MR. CHERRY: To cooperate in good faith in the 10 discovery, and I set October 1st as the date I believed 11 I could make. That is correct.

12 JUDGE EILPERIN: To answer any13 interrogatories.

14 MR. CHERRY: That is correct.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Now what was Edison supposed to do, and when were they supposed to do it, according to your version?

18 MR. CHERRY: Okay. Edison was to answer 19 interrogatories, and Edison asked for a delay of those 20 interrogatories which I gave them. I never got those 21 answer. Edison was then going to take the deposition--

JUDGE EILPERIN: Excuse me for one moment. 23 They were going to answer your interrogatories, if I 24 recollect, by September 28th?

25 MR. CHERRY: That is correct.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Were they supposed to do 2 anything else?

MR. CHERRY: Yes. They were supposed to take the depositions of Minor and Hubbard on the 24th and 5 25th. And they were then to tell me when that 6 deposition was concluded, what information that they now 7 had with all of the other documents that we had given 8 them as well as the retition, whether or not the 9 interrogatories which they asked were still meaningful.

10 JUDGE EILPERIN: They had the right to stand 11 on their claim that you asked the interrogatories as 12 given by October 1st?

MR. CHERRY: No. Under my understanding, when the depositions of Minor and Hubbard were set, it was my understanding that the depositions would go forward and Edison would determine, for very good and sufficient reasons. Do you know what my activity was in answering the interrogatories? To give them to Minor and Hubbard.

The process of education was going on. Edison The process of education was going on. Edison would have gotten the same, if not better, deposition information in the depositions. And 'do not forget, the Licensing Board, in its famous August 18th order, has Licensing Board, in its famous August 18th order, has said a well-timed deposition is better than --JUDGE EILPERIN: I am just trying to find out

1 what you say is the agreement between you and Edison.

2 MR. CHERRY: Yes.

3 JUDGE EILPERIN: Your version --

4 MR. CHERRY: My version of the truth was -- I 5 say my version of the truth because I do not believe 6 that you three can opine on a contradicted --

7 JUDGE EILPERIN: I have asked you for your 8 version. So why don't you give it to me?

9 MR. CHERRY: My version of the truth is that 10 there was an agreement to move forward with joint 11 discovery. I will admit that that agreement was more de 12 facto than de jure, in the sense that we did not sit 13 down and make a written agreement that we will 14 consolidate for discovery. Edison admits it in their 15 brief.

JUDGE EILPERIN: You do not think that Edison 17 under your version of the events, Edison did not have a 18 right to stand on your answering the interrogatories by 19 October 1st?

20 MR. CHERRY: They withdrew the request, Judge 21 Eilperin.

22 JUDGE EILPERIN: They withdrew the request for 23 you to answer the interrogatories?

24 MR. CHERRY: That is correct. They scheduled 25 depositions on the 23rd and 24th of the two principal

1 people who would be necessary to answer the 2 interrogatories. I could not have answered those 3 interrogatories myself.

4 JUDGE EILPERIN: Why did you then not go back 5 to the Licensing Board and explain it to them?

6 MR. CHERRY: Well, I did not go back -- Well, 7 because I did not believe that Edison would thereupon on 8 October 2nd take advantage of an agreement that was 9 breached by them. That is why I did not go to the 10 Licensing Board.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Is there any way, do you think, that you could have answered interrogatories of -- let me put it this way: You said in your brief that the interrogatories, to answer the interrogatories bound take you five or six weeks. Is that an accurate statement?

MR. CHERRY: To answer those
 18 interrogatories --

19 JUDGE EILPERIN: To answer those20 interrogatories.

21 MR. CHERRY: -- I conservatively estimated to 22 be fully answered would take five or six weeks; 23 correct.

24 JUDGE EILPERIN: And nevertheless, around 25 September 18th or thereabouts, or September 15th you

1 reached an agreement, you say, with Edison whereby 2 October 1st you would have answered those 3 interrogatories if they gave you certain information? MR. CHERRY: Sure. But I also --4 5 JUDGE EILPERIN: Why is that a credible 6 explanation? MR. CHERRY: Well, have you looked at the 7 8 interrogatories? It first asks me to list every witness 9 I am going to have in the hearing. -JUDGE EILPERIN: Why is that credible --10 MR. CHERRY: I am going to answer that 11 12 guestion. JUDGE EILPERIN: -- that within two weeks you 13 14 would have been able to answer the interrogatories? 15 MR. CHERRY: I am going to answer that 16 guestion. JUDGE EILPERIN: Fine. 17 MR. CHERRY: It first asked me to list every 18 19 witness I am going to put in the hearing. September 20 18th, the only witnesses I knew were Minor and Hubbard. 21 I would not have had a great difficult; in answering 22 those questions. The way I was going to answer those 23 24 interrogatories was to use a version of Rule 37, I 25 think, of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, which I

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1 think is adopted in the Appellate Court Practice Act by 2 directly if not by observation, is that if people ask 3 you interrogatories and they have information which 4 answered the interrogatories or there is a body of 5 information which exists that is applicable to both 6 parties with respect to it, you are permitted in 7 answering interrogatories to refer them to the 8 information.

9 What Edison would have received on October 1st 10 was not an answer to each and every interrogatory 11 because that was impossible under the circumstances. We 12 would have had a sparring of words, the kind of sparring 13 over interrogatories that lawyers deal with.

That is why I was delighted when I thought I for reached an agreement that they would take Minor and Hubbard's deposition. I had given them all the documentary information, and I said, let us see where 8 you are after the depositions.

19 Certainly, a short time after I am told by the 20 Licensing Board that my contentions are approved -- you 21 do not think I worked on this case from March 1980 until 22 I got an Appeal Board ruling, I mean a Licensing Board 23 ruling on contentions? I did not run up time for my 24 client. The case as of September 1 was in no different 25 shape than if I walked out tomorrow and filed a

1 complaint and 20 days later there was an answer. Viewed
2 in that context, the discovery schedule set by the
3 Licensing Board, plus its castigating me for not having
4 promptly entered a date which it had nothing to do with
5 as a result of a counsel meeting which it ordered, but
6 then did not find out what was going on, made my mind
7 almost bizarre.

8 JUDGE EILPERIN: It seems to me, if I can 9 understani what you have been saying, you have just been 10 saying that it would not have taken you six weeks to 11 answer the interrogatories because you would not have 12 answered the interrogatories.

MR. CHERRY: I would have answered - JUDGE EILPERIN: That it would have taken you
 a couple of days--

16 MR. CHERRY: No.

17 JUDGE EILPERIN: -- and essentially you would 18 have just said, Minor, Hubbard, and Bridenbaugh have 19 this information.

20 MR. CHERRY: No, I do not think that that 21 would have been a responsible response.

22 JUDGE EILPERIN: What would have been a 23 responsible response?

24 MR. CHERRY: I do not have at my fingertips 25 all the information, but I did in early September talk

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1 to -- when I say "early September," in the context of 2 the meeting of counsel I had a communication with Minor 3 and Hubbard and had set up a schedule for going through 4 information. It became apparent as a result of that 5 that Bridenbaugh and Hubbard would be better able to 6 give information to Commonwealth Edison of what they had 7 in a process other than interrogatories, which is why I 8 suggested that procedure.

9 JUDGE EILPERIN: The counsel for Commonwealth 10 Edison has a right, as I understand it -- it is not an 11 absolute right -- but they do have the right to proceed 12 with discovery if they wish, and if they want to ask 13 interrogatories they can as interrogatories.

Now what would have -- if we would order you fight now to come up with the answers to interrogatories, those interrogatories that have been outstanding since last July, what sort of answers would B Edison get?

19 MR. CHERRY: I would think answers that were 20 appropriate under the rules. But I do not believe 21 that--22 JUDGE EILPERIN: What is that?

22 JUDGE EILPERIN: What is that?
23 JUDGE KOHL: And how soon would they get
24 them?

25

MR. CHERRY: I have not focused on how soon

1 they would get them. I want to make it clear that we
2 have not said that we have not said we would not answer
3 interrogatories. Everybody has accused us of saying we
4 would not answer interrogatories. That is not true. I
5 mean --

6 JUDGE EILPERIN: Well, you have not answered 7 interrogatories.

8 MR. CHERRY: For a reason which I have 9 suggested.

JUDGE EILPERIN: What I am suggesting is: 11 What if the Appeal Board decides that we will let you 12 back in subject to your answering the interrogatories 13 within two days or three days after we issue our 14 decision? What sort of response would Edison get?

MR. CHERRY: Well, I think that before I could assert that I could answer interrogatories within two or three days after a decision, I would have to know what kind of time frame we are talking about, what is the availability of Minor and Hubbard--

20 JUDGE EILPERIN: If these interrogatories have 21 been outstanding since last July--

22 MR. CHERRY: As mine have been outstanding for 23 two years, Judge Eilperin.

JUDGE EILPERIN: That is a separate question.25 These have been outstanding since last July. Do you

1 think it is unreasonable as a condition to being allowed 2 back in the proceeding to answer these interrogatories 3 which have been outstanding for that length of time, 4 within approximately three weeks from now, within no 5 more than three weeks?

6 MR. CHERRY: I think it is unreasonable for 7 this Appeal Board to condition my getting in a case that 8 I was unfairly tossed out of by ordering me to answer 9 interrogatories in the context of a time frame that 10 suggests that these interrogatories were outstanding 11 since July, because that presumes that these 12 interrogatories were not withdrawn pending the 13 depositions as I have asserted, and therefore makes the 14 same judgment without a record that Mr. Miller made 15 below.

Do I think it is improper for you to order me to answer interrogatories in the context of a litigated 8 case? Absolutely not. Do I think it is improper for 19 you to order me to answer interrogatories as a condition 20 or punishment of being in a case I was unfairly thrown 21 out of? Heck, yes, I think that is unreasonable.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Do you really think it is unreasonable for the Appeal Board to say that you must answer these interrogatories within three weeks of today? Do you think that is an unreasonable order?

MR. CHERRY: It is an unreasonable order if the reason you are doing so is you view my conduct since July as improper. It is not unreasonable if that judgment is a result of you three gentleman or your--

JUDGE KOHL: Excuse me?

6 MR. CHERRY: -- and lady, I am sorry-- or your 7 delegates, the Licensing Board, making a discovery 8 schedule.

9 I will tell you what I would do in this case, 10 what my result would be if I would stand back: I would 11 not get involved in what is essentially a lawyers 12 squabble, because I think that lawyers have an 13 obligation not to squabble, but sometimes the stakes are 14 such that they do squabble for a whole lot of reasons 15 and they take a whole lot of positions and advantages.

I would say to myself that not three weeks It i.om now but on a very short date I would order the It Licensing Board to hold the first meeting of counsel. I would have each lawyer come to that meeting with some or rational idea of what he or she wants to do with discovery. And then I would have a schedule made that makes sense. And then if someone violates that schedule, I would cut his head off.

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JUDGE EILPERIN: Let me ask you something 2 else.

MR. CHERRY: And I am sorry, Ms. Kohl, I
4 didn't mean any selection process in my remark. It was
5 simply spontaneous.

6 JUDGE EILPERIN: The Licensing Board held a 7 prehearing conference, if I recall, August of -- when 8 was it, August of '79?

MR. CHERRY: Yes. I was no involved.

9

10 JUDGE EILPERIN: You were not involved. You
11 later did become involved in a conference in mid to late
12 September, did you not?

MR. CHERRY: No, I was never in a conferencewith the Licensing Board.

JUDGE EILPERIN: No, no, no. I did not say 16 that. Excuse me if I led you to believe I meant with 17 the Licensing Board. The conference among counsel was 18 in September of 1979? Does that ring a bell?

19 MR. CHERRY: Yes. I had a meeting in my 20 office prior to my becoming involved with the case in 21 September of 1979.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Okay. Now the Licensing Board had asked for counsel to discuss and attempt to 4 agree upon a set of contentions by October 15, 1979. Is 5 that accurate?

1 MR. CHERRY: Not quite accurate. The 2 Licensing Board had asked the Rockford League of Women 3 Voters, unrepresented by counsel, and Commonwealth 4 Edison to get together on 13 framed contentions to see 5 if they could agree on language. I got involved in the 6 case because Mr. Nader called me and said: Would you 7 help them negotiate with Commonwealth Edison? That is 8 how I got involved.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Okay. As I understand it,
10 sometime by the end of October, I believe, both the NRC
11 Staff and Edison had given you their version of what
12 they thought acceptable contentions would be.

MR. CHERRY: With respect to what the League14 had then raised, yes.

JUDGE EILPERIN: That's right. And I recall seeing -- is it accurate that you had said you would roome up with your set of contentions by November 2nd? I saw that in one of the letters.

19 MR. CHEBRY: If I could be apprised of the 20 letter, I think I have it. I was not, and I made it 21 very clear to everybody, representing the Bockford 22 League of Women Voters in any process except for that 23 single meeting.

JUDGE EILPERIN: For the contentions.
MR. CHERRY: No, no, except to meet with them

1 to make certain that I could translate for them. I will 2 be very candid with you what happened after that 3 meeting. The Rockford League of Women Voters is not 4 known, as part of a League of Women Voters, as a 5 hard-hitting public interest agency. I did not want to 6 get involved in a case in opposing a nuclear power plant 7 with people who did not share my views. It took a while 8 before I agreed to take that case, and I didn't want it, 9 and I wasn't asked to take it in the beginning, but 10 later I was.

11 JUDGE EILPERIN: When was that?

MR. CHERRY: Oh, I think that it was within three or four weeks before I filed the revised contentions in March that I had made an arrangement with the Rockford League of Women Voters that I would control the legal part of the case without having to be verviewed by people on legal decisions, and that there were sufficient funds available in connection with the preduced fee arrangement that I had worked out for them.

20 When we left the meeting in 1979, I had not 21 only not agreed to represent the Rockford League of 22 Women Voters, but had rejected that representation.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Well, why were you asking A Edison and the NRC Staff to give you their set of acceptable contentions?

MR. CHERRY: I don't know that I asked Edison. I can tell you what happened at the meeting. I told Commonwealth Edison that the only interest I had in an NRC proceeding these days was the unresolved safety issues, in a sense, and their economic implications; that if the League would focus on those and I could raise some money for expenses, I would be very interested in raising that issue. Just to go in an NRC proceeding and talk about raion X-2, I have got better things to do with my life and my sense.

I said to Commonwealth Edison that these would be the kinds of issues with which I got involved. There was to my knowledge no agreement that they would give us their contention by a certain date.

15 JUDGE EILPERIN: You don't recollect ever 16 having stated that you would have your set of 17 contentions available by November 2nd?

18 MR. CHERRY: It may be that the Rockford 19 League of Women Voters in the context of that agreed 20 that they would respond to Edison's letter with respect 21 to the 13 or 14 existing contentions that the Rockford 22 League had, which bore little similarity to the ultimate 23 petition to intervene. I had nothing to do with the 24 matter after September 1979.

25 There is nobody who could have left that room

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1 believing that they could rely on anything I said as a 2 lawyer. I didn't do anything in the case for another 3 month. I discouraged Betty Johnson and the other people 4 who came to me and said: You are not ready for this 5 battle; it's going to be too bloody for the Rockford 6 League of Women Voters. You are going after a billion 7 dollar facility that is somewhat built. You are playing 8 in a different ballgame. If you want me to be involved, 9 these are my criteria. You accept them or I will go 10 away.

It took me a while before I was able to get that worked out. I did not have any responsibility in September of 1979 to do anything. I met with these people as a courtesy to Mr. Nader so that they at least felt that they had someone there at that meeting, and I made it absolutely clear to everyone involved.

17 JUDGE EILPERIN: Who now represents the 18 League? Is it you and your partner, Mr. Flynn?

19 MR. CHERRY: In this case?

20 JUDGE EILPERIN: Yes.

21 MR. CHERRY: Yes. And I must say, Judge 22 Eilperin, for whatever it is worth, because it is a 23 representation and we are bound by a record, I never 24 delayed, either willfully or negligently, in this case. 25 There is no reason in the world that I went into a case

1 simply to get tossed out. I have been around the NRC 2 very long in positions, and I guess in some circles I 3 represent fair game. Sometimes I don't mind it. I 4 prefer if it is done with a little more skill than Mr. 5 Miller did, just for professional reasons.

6 But there is no reason in the world that this 7 Board can believe that if the Rockford League of Women 8 Voters are properly placed back in this case with Cherry 9 and Flynn as their counsel, that this case will not be 10 treated with first priority and with all discovery 11 obligations being honored, for my own protection.

JUDGE EILPERIN: You are saying that that November 2nd date was not a date that you gave, you the thirk maybe it is a date the League of Women Voters for gave?

16 MR. CHERRY: If we took a moment, I might be 17 able to look at my record. I do not know of an 18 obligation that I as an attorney took. It may be that 19 the Bockford League of Women Voters promised with 20 respect to that meeting that they would have their 21 revised contentions on November 2nd.

I remember after the meeting with Commonwealth 23 Edison Ms. Johnson asking me what I would io, and I gave 24 them my criteria. Those criteria were not even 25 considered, let alone met, until sometime in January or

February. If the Rockford League of Women Voters missed
 some representation or some deadline in November, I am
 merely suggesting --

4 JUDGE EILPERIN: When did you agree to 5 represent them? January or February?

6 MR. CHERRY: I would say a period of three to 7 four weeks prior to the filing of the revised 8 contentions, because those revised contentions had to be 9 approved by a variety of hierarchy in the League and I 10 knew that took some time.

JUDGE EILPERIN: So the revised contentions
were filed March 10th. You are saying that --

13 MR. CHERRY: So I would guesstimate. I don't 14 have the exact date at my fingertips, but I know that in 15 1979 I had not agreed to represent the Rockford League. 16 As a matter of fact, I remember by Christmas-time having 17 a conversation with a friend of mine saying that I am 18 somewhat depressed because here is a lady who would like 19 to challenge the Byron Nuclear Power Plant. I am not 20 sure she really knows what she is getting involved in. 21 She came to me, I would like to help here, but I am not 22 going to get involved in another case where it boils 23 down to, as I said before, discussing raion X. I happen 24 to think that is the highest style for my personality or 25 my intellectual afforts. I wanted to get involved with

1 the unresolved safety issues and I still do.

JUDGE EILPERIN: You have used up 40 minutes. JUDGE EILPERIN: You have used up 40 minutes. You have 10 minutes left to use as you see fit. You can reserve your time for rebuttal, or complete your argument now.

6 MR. CHERRY: I do not believe that in this 7 case the Licensing Board made any effort to run a 8 lawsuit in any way at all as the Rules of the Commission 9 contemplate. It unilaterally set discovery schedules 10 and then unilaterally amended that.

As for what I regard as intemperate and vitriolic language against me, I don't understand it. I have never met Mr. Miller. I have observed how he has handled Isham, Lincoln & Beal in the Midland decision which I am arguing today, by excusing conduct which he found to be of a character far more serious than I am rexcused, yet I get treatment somewhat differently. It makes me wonder. It makes me also concerned that if we do get reversed, whether or not Mr. Miller is appropriate to handle this case. But I do not understani that attack.

Our version of the facts -- and I emphasize 23 that it is a version -- is nothing you can take except 24 by way of a future representation because I do not 25 believe that the facts of this case, as disputed as they

1 are, are before this Board or were ever considered by 2 the Licensing Board or could fruitfully obtain anywhere 3 if we had a hearing, because I am sure that each lawyer 4 would obtain and observe the same representations he 5 made here.

6 While I am disappointed in my co-counsel's 7 efforts, I come here not in anger but in sorrow. I want 8 to try this lawsuit. I believe that there are important 9 issues in this case. I believe that I am experienced 10 and skilled enough to do it. I will work with my 11 opponent's counsel. I am going to do it in writing this 12 time. But I will not let this effort interfere with 13 smoothely moving this forward. And if I am obligated to 14 report to Mr. Miller each time there is a disagreement, 15 I will call him on an hourly basis, if necessary. I 16 will involve the Licensing Board, and I will do what I 17 believe is fair under the circumstances. Both here and 18 before the Licensing Board we have pledged our 19 cooperation in discovery, including the

20 interrogatories.

21 What do I think the --

JUDGE EILPERIN: Are you reserving any time 23 for rebuttal?

24 MR. CHERRY: If I do not, then I do not. I 25 have one more sentence to finish.

In this case it is a model of inefficiency. There is no one I can complain to that I waited 18 months for a decision by the Licensing Board. I complained about my interrogatories outstanding to the Staff and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and when I said the same thing to the Licensing Board, everybody forgot about my interrogatories.

8 I believe that this case represents a unique 9 vehicle not for attacking me but for laying down 10 standards as to how Licensing Boards should involve 11 themselves in discovery. I think this case cries out 12 for reversal, and I would like to get back to the 13 business of trying it.

14 Thank you.

15 JUDGE EILPERIN: You will have six minutes 16 left for rebuttal.

17 Mr. Miller.

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ORAL ARGUMENT BY MICHAEL J. MILLER ON BEHALF OF

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APPLICANT COMMONWEALTH EDISON

MR. MILLER: May it please the panel:

I would like to start, if I may, by responding to two factual issues which were discussed with Mr. Cherry during his portion of the argument. The first, and in my judgment the critical one, is whether or not there was an agreement between both the Rockford League of Women Voters and Commonwealth Edison Company with respect to discovery.

Mr. Cherry in his remarks states that he lelieves that such an agreement in fact existed. And yet, when one looks at the very document upon which he relies to support his version of the agreement, one finds that the key paragraph demonstrates that as of the date he says an agreement existed there was an rireconcilable difference between counsel for the League and counsel for the Commonwealth Edison Company.

19 That document is identified as Exhibit 13 to 20 the League's petition for reconsideration. By way of 21 background, I should state that the discovery 22 differences between the parties, both in the Illinois 23 Commerce Commission proceeding and in the proceeding 24 before this Board, were not dealt with orally. The 25 correspondence files of our firm, and I am sure of Mr.

Cherry's firm as well, are literally papered with
 letters that vent out virtually on a daily basis
 reflecting the status of negotiations regarding
 discovery and other matters, so that there could be
 truly no misunderstanding as to what the obligations of
 each side were.

7 In the September 16th, 1981, letter which 8 bears the caption, but not the Illinois Commerce 9 Commission Docket number, Rockford League of Women 10 Voters vs. Commonwealth Edison Company, which is how 11 that proceeding is styled at the Illinois Commerce 12 Commission, and which shows a copy to the Illinois 13 Commerce Commission Hearing Examiner, there is a 14 paragraph 2, numbered paragraph 2, which reads as 15 follows:

16 "We have agreed that the scientists of MHB, 17 Messrs. Hubbard and Minor, will be deposed at your 18 offices September 25th, and that you will endeavor to 19 take their depositions simultaneously and conclude them 20 within one day."

It then goes on to say: "You have agreed to 22 pay their air fare and hotel accommodations, but you 23 have not agreed to pay their expert witness fees, even 34 though the pertinent federal, Illinois, and NRC 25 precedents require that you do so."

1 It goes on to talk about some what we believe 2 to be inapplicable NRC and federal court precedents, and 3 it states in the concluding portion of that numpered 4 paragraph 2:

5 "Accordingly, unless you provide a written 6 commitment to pay their expert witness fees as well as 7 r expenses, we will not produce Messrs. Hubbard and 8 dinor."

9 As of September 16th, just on this document 10 alone, there was no agreement on discovery at the 11 Illinois Commerce Commission, let alone any supposed 12 agreement that goes to the relationship of that 13 discovery with discovery that was pending with the NRC.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Had you intended to use the 15 depositions of Hubbard and Minor to cover this case, as 16 well as the Illinois Commerce Commission case?

MR. MILLER: If the question was, were the MR. MILLER: If the question was, were the la depositions going to be taken with an eye towards the contentions in this case, the answer is no. There were specific factual assertions made in affidavits that were filed in support of the petition at the Illinois Commerce Commission which were going to be the subject matter of that deposition.

24 In fact, when we couldn't get Mr. Hubbard and 25 Mr. Minor and when we found that Mr. Cherry and the

League would not answer interrogatories in the NRC proceeding, we caused subpoenas to be issued by Chairman Miller, which were served on Messre. Hubbard, Bridenbaugh and Minor in the NRC proceeding. We were simply running out of time. We had a discovery cutoff schedule and we had had absolutely no response to what I regard as the most basic of discovery to which we were entitled.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Well, if you were running out of time, why wouldn't you have wanted to have just used Hubbard and Minor to take their deposition one time to cover both proceedings?

13 MR. MILLER: Well, that might have been 14 appropriate, but we had a dispute with the League and 15 its counsel with respect to paying their expert witness 16 fees at the Illinois Commerce Commission. That was a 17 dispute which the League's counsel points out. We had 18 fought it out at the NRC and lost on it.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Is there any doubt, generally 20 speaking, that if one side wants to depose another 21 party's experts that you have to pay the time of that 22 expert.

23 MR. MILLER: There is no doubt at the NRC, 24 there is no doubt at the federal court, and now there is 25 no doubt at the Illinois Commerce Commission. However,

1 the Illinois Commerce Commision has come out just the 2 opposite way from the NRC and the federal courts have, 3 and a party does not have to pay the expert Witness 4 fee. That was decided in this very situation.

5 JUDGE EILPERIN: But you wanted to take the 6 deposition of Minor and Hubbard for purposes of the NRC 7 proceeding.

8 HR. MILLER: Yes, sir, I agree. And indeed, 9 we made arrangements, or attempted to make arrangements 10 with them when we caused the subpoenas to issue in this 11 proceeding, that we would in fact pay their fees for 12 attendance at a deposition that was going to take place, 13 scheduled to take place at their offices in Palo Alto or 14 Stanford, California.

15 JUDGE EILPERIN: Is that when you sent them a 16 check for \$30?

17 MR. MILLER: Yes, because we then had -- but 18 we had telephone communications with them in which we 19 said we would pay your fees. It would depend upon how 20 much time was spent, obviously. There was never any 21 understanding we would pay the fees in advance, and I 22 think that Messrs. Hubbard and Minor understood that.

JUDGE EILPERIN: So you're saying when you 24 sought subpoenas from the NRC for their deposition that 25 you had agreed to pay their expert witness fees?

MR. MILLER: Yes, sir, that was made clear.

Now on the same date, just finishing up on this September 16th letter, Mr. Murphy sent the letter to Mr. Cherry regarding the answers to interrogatories. It bears the caption of the NRC proceeding. It shows copies on all the parties to the NRC proceeding. And in it there is stated our understanding that there was an unconditional obligation on the part of the League to prespond to the interrogatories by October 1st, 1981.

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JUDGE EILPERIN: That is a disputed question 11 of fact, though, because Mr. Cherry has a verified 12 pleading which says it wasn't unconditional.

13 MR. MILLER: Well, that may very well be. I 14 don't doubt that he has a verified pleading that states 15 that it was not unconditional. I guess this really goes 16 to the question of whether or not there is a hearing 17 that is required to resolve the issue of whether there 18 was an agreement or not.

19 There are two observations I'd like to make 20 about that. First of all, the hearing that is referred 21 to in many of the cases that are cited, both in the 22 League's brief and our brief, are really, if you look at 23 the case, nothing more than the type of hearing that 24 takes place at a motion call in a distict court, where 25 there is an opportunity for counsel to present the court

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with whatever affidavits and factual support he has for
 his position and to make argument, and the court rules.

There is no suggestion that an evidentiary hearing is required or indeed appropriate on these sorts of collateral matters. I think the standard really is the one that is analogous to that in ruling on motions for summary judgment or summary disposition at the NRC: 8 Is there a genuine dispute as to a material fact?

9 On the basis of the papers that were before 10 the Licensing Board, the papers that are before you, it 11 is abundantly clear that there never was any such 12 agreement as is alleged in the verified pleading filed 13 by the League. The notion that we have to have a 14 hearing I think will just introduce yet another 15 extraneous factor into this proceeding.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Other than the claim that Mr. JUDGE EILPERIN: Other than the claim that Mr. Cherry and the League, his client, did not respond to 18 the interrogatories, as was reported by Mr. Miller, is 19 there anything else in the proceeding that you think the 20 Licensing Board rolied upon to come to a conclusion that 21 there has been some sort of a pattern of recalcitrance?

MR. MILLER: Yes, and it really relates to the second factual matter that I would like to bring to the Board's attention, Judge Eilperin. You inquired of Mr. Cherry what the representations were made by the League

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with respect to negotiating on these contentions. These
 documents are in the form of status reports.

Two of them are from counsel for the NRC 4 staff, who at that time was participating in the 5 negotiation. One of them is from Mr. Murphy. We agreed 6 with the staff that we would not file duplicate 7 reports. They are found as Exhibits 11, 12, and 13 to 8 Commonwealth Edison Company's opposition to the League's 9 petition for reconsideration.

Your recollection was really accurate, because in it is the first of those exhibits which refers to the November 2nd, 1979, date. It states -- this is a report to the Board. It says that there was a meeting between to counsel for the Applicant and the Staff with Mr. Cherry. The Applicant was to submit to the Intervenor and Staff a detailed statement of position on Intervenor's present proposed contentions. Then the Staff was to furnish its statement, and thereafter Intervenors will submit a revised statement of proposed contentions to Applicant and Staff which is expected no 11 later than November 2nd, 1979.

JUDGE EILPERIN: That refers to the meeting, 23 when? In September?

24 MR. MILLER: On September 26th; yes, sir.
25 The next status report is again from counsel

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1 ior the Staff.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Is it your recollection then 3 that Mr. Cherry at that September 26th meeting agreed to 4 submit revised contentions by November 2nd?

5 MR. MILLER: I cannot state that that was the 6 fact. I believe that Mr. Cherry's characterization of 7 the representation is accurate, that it was 8 representatives of the League, not necessarily Mr. 9 Cherry, who informed us that he had really been retained 10 simply for the purpose of negotiating contentions.

JUDGE EILPERIN: For negotiating contentions? 12 Or for that one meeting? Mr. Cherry seemed to say this 13 morning that it was just that one meeting.

MR. MILLER: If I might consult with Mr.15 Murphy.

16 (Pause.)

17 It really was for, I think, for that one 18 meeting, although we were to direct our correspondence 19 with respect to the contentions to Mr. Cherry as well.

20 The next status report is Exhibit 12 to our 21 opposition to the petition for reconsideration. It is 22 dated November 27th. It says in pertinent part: "On 23 November 26th and November 27th, 1979, Staff counsel 24 spoke with Mr. Myron Cherry, who advised that he will be 25 filing a notice of appearance on behalf of the League of

Women Voters of Rockford within the next few days. He
 also indicated that he will file revised contentions for
 the Applicant and Staff to examine shortly after the 1st
 of January, 1980."

5 The last status report on these negotiations 6 regarding contentions is Exhibit 13 to that opposition 7 document. It is dated January 22nd, 1980. It is over 8 Mr. Murphy's signature, and numbered paragraph 2 of that 9 letter states:

"With respect to the intervention by the ILeague of Women Voters, the status of negotiation remains as stated in Mr. Carmen's letter of November 37th. That is, the parties are awaiting receipt from the League of Women Voters of draft revised contentions to sexamine. I was informed today by Mrs. Betty Johnson that Myron Cherry has been retained to act as counsel for the League of Women Voters in this proceeding and would be filing shortly a notice of appearance and prevised statement of contentions."

JUDGE EILPERIN: That letter is dated when? MR. MILLER: January 22nd, 1980. I was unable to reach Mr. Cherry to learn when this filing would take place.

JUDGE EILPERIN: So you think that that was 25 tantamount to an unreasonable delay?

MR. MILLER: Well, Judge Eilperin, there is a finite amount of time within which, from the notice of hearing to the hearing process, the parties have to discharge their obligations. The first step in that clearly is to know what the contentions are that are going to be litigated. AndIt took us from October until March just to find out what the position of the League of Women Voters was after they had ween admitted as a party.

10 JUDGE EILPERIN: But you did not seek an order 11 until some time in late February from the Licensing 12 Board.

13 MR. MILLER: No, sir, we did not. I was 14 really dismayed and disturbed to hear Mr. Cherry refer 15 to misrepresentations by me and my partners. I too have 16 spent my entire professional career litigating cases 17 before this agency and in courtrooms, and I agree with 18 him, lawyers have to work with one another, they have to 19 make agreements and stick by them, and they have to 20 accommodate one another where it is at all possible.

We were at the early stages of dealing with the League. It was uncertain that they were going to be represented by Mr. Cherry at all until January, and it seemed to us more appropriate, more in accordance with the Licensee's obligations to the Board and to the

1 process itself not to immediately seek assistance from
2 the Board, but instead to work with the League itself in
3 the first instance and then with its counsel in an
4 effort to see if we could not arrive at some sort of
5 accommodation with respect to an agreed set of
6 contentions on which we could go forward. That never
7 happened. That never happened here.

8 JUDGE EILPERIN: So what is the part of the 9 pattern, other than the August refusal to answer the 10 August 18th interrogatories ordered by the Board?

11 MR. MILLER: What we have is a stretching, if 12 you will, a pushing of deadlines off, of refusal to 13 identify first the substance of the contentions and then 14 to provide even the most minimal information to the 15 Applicant so that it can be prepared to meet the burden 16 of proof that it bears in these proceedings.

17 JUDGE EILPERIN: Well, let me ask this: In 18 December of 1980, the Licensing Board ruled upon the 19 contentions in this proceeding?

20 MR. MILLER: Yes, sir.

JUDGE EILPERIN: And said that discovery should begin promptly, or words to that effect. Edison did not file any discovery until July, some seven months after that. Why did it take Edison that long to start but the discovery process?

MR. MILLER: Well, on the basis of the Board's order in December, we believed that there had been a misapprehension, if you will, of the pleading requirements for contentions by the Licensing Board. We had two choices We could attempt to go forward, as we ultimately did, and litigate those 114 contentions, or we could seek some further relief from the Licensing Board before plunging in.

9 Again, perhaps we were imprudent in not moving 10 promptly right after that order to begin the discovery 11 process. But we had some expectation, which ultimately 12 proved to be groundless, that our petition for 13 reconsideration would lead to a further winnowing out of 14 contentions that we felt were ill-founded and not in 15 accord with the Commission's requirements.

JUDGE EILPERIN: What would have happened if you did both at the same time, you started up discovery and sought reconsideration? Do you think Mr. Cherry would have opposed answering interrogatories until the petition for reconsideration had been ruled upon?

21 MR. MILLER: He may have, I don't know. Given 22 what happened when we ultimately knew that the Licensing 23 Board was standing firm, I doubt that we would have 24 gotten any significant information in that interim 25 between December of 1980 and the ultimate ruling on the

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1 petition for reconsideration in July of 1981.

2 JUDGE EILPERIN: You didn't seek 3 reconsideration --

MR. MILLER: Until February.

4

5 JUDGE EILPERIN: -- of the admission of all of 6 the contentions.

7 MR. MILLER: No, sir. That's correct.
8 JUDGE EILPERIN: Why didn't you start up
9 discovery as to the ones that you were not seeking
10 reconsideration on?

11 MR. MILLER: Well, it was a judgment our part 12 that until we had the decision on reconsideration from 13 the Licensing Board that discovery should wait. I must 14 say --

JUDGE KOHL: But your interrogatories were not
 contention-specific, as I understand.

17 MR. MILLER: No, they were --

JUDGE KOHL: They were boilerplate and applied 19 to all of them. Wouldn't it have been more of a 20 judgment for the League to make as to which ones they 21 thought it was prudent to respond to at that point?

MR. MILLER: No doubt, and we would have had a addispute about that. I must say that I anticipated a ruling on the petition for reconsideration at a somewhat searlier date than we actually received it, and perhaps

was remiss in not going forward with the initial phases
 of discovery even while that petition for
 reconsideration was pending.

I must say that, although it is certainly accurate to say that what this Board is reviewing is two orders of the Licensing Board, these orders were really rentered at our initiative. That is, it was we who filed the interrogatories, it was we who filed the motion to compel, it was we who filed the motion to impose sanctions.

But I do not believe that we simply had any choice at any stage of the proceeding not to go forward is in an attempt to flesh out these 114 contentions. I think the Licensing Board in the opinion in which it admitted the contentions analogized them to notice for pleading. They were certainly that. They give us notice of what is involved, but very little more.

18 Some of them are skeletal. A lot of them are 19 quite vigue. Some of them are apparently lifted 20 verbatim from contentions that are filed in the 21 operating license proceeding for the Midland plant. And 22 we used all of the techniques, or attempted to use all 23 of the techniques, that are available under the NRC's 24 Rules of Practice and that are identified in the 25 Commission's statement of policy to try to determine

1 what the facts underlying these contentions are.

We attempted to negotiate with respect to the language of the contentions. We filed the interrogatories. There was a blanket objection interposed to it. We moved to compel and were successful in receiving an order from the Licensing Board ordering that the interrogatories be answered.

8 JUDGE EILPERIN: What do you think was open 9 for discussion as a result of that August 18th order?

10 MR. MILLER: I confess it was a bit of a 11 puzzle to us as well, as to what we were to confer on 12 with respect to the League. That is, there had been in 13 our judgment an unequivocal direction, we believe, to 14 answer the interrogatories and to do so promptly. The 15 one thing that was missing from that order was a date 16 certain by which the League was to respond.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Don't you think that the IN Licensing Board's order could also have been read as In encouraging the parties to confer about the possibility of depositions instead of interrogatories, as the first step?

MR. MILLER: No, sir, I don't believe so.
JUDGE KOHL: How do you interpret guideline
9?
MR. MILLER: Well, what guideline 9 says is

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1 that interrogatories are not the sole discovery method 2 established by our Rules of Practice, and by reminding 3 us that it's not the sole discovery method I do not 4 think that it was suggesting that the interrogatories, 5 which had then been pending for approximately a month, 6 were not appropriate or should be replaced by a 7 deposition.

B JUDGE KOHL: But when you continued to 9 encounter difficulties in getting responses to those 10 interrogatories, did it occur to you that perhaps 11 pursuing it -- withdrawing them, as Mr. Cherry alleges 12 that you did do on September 28th, and instead pursuing 13 it through depositions, would that seem to be --

MR. MILLER: Ultimately, that was the step we to took, when it became apparent that we were not going to for get any information, including the names of witnesses to depose.

18 JUDGE KOHL: When you say ultimately that was 19 the step that you took, is it true then that you did 20 effectively withdraw the interrogatories?

JUDGE MILLER: No, ma'am. No, ma'am. And I would really like to be directed to the -- to any representation by Commonwealth Edison Company that it was withdrawing interrogatories pending at the NRC. There were also interrogatories and requests for

1 documents that were pending at the Illinois Commerce 2 Commission.

3 JUDGE KOHL: And were those withdrawn? Did 4 you withdraw some of those?

5 JUDGE MILLER: I do not believe that they were 6 withdrawn. But in any event, there was no withdrawal of 7 interrogatories at the NRC.

8 JUDGE KOHL: So any discussion about 9 depositions related to discovery over and above what you 10 still expected to get from interrogatories?

MR. MILLER: That was my interpretation, MR. MILLER: That was my interpretation, because the interrogatories -- I believe one of the members referred to them as boilerplate. Perhaps that's an accurate description, but they really are the most basic sorts of questions, which are, do you have have any witnesses? And if so, tell us their names so that we can go take their depositions.

18 JUDGE KOHL: They are basic questions, but 19 they ask for broad answers or fairly comprehensive 20 answers, do they not?

21 MR. MILLER: Well, they ask for an 22 identification of the facts which underlie the 23 contentions. And if those facts were known to the 24 League at the time it drafted these contentions, it 25 would clearly be an extensive undertaking. It also asks

1 for the names of any witnesses that might be called. It 2 also asks for identification of documents. Those are 3 the normal, at least in my experience, first steps to a 4 discovery program, which then leads to a request for the 5 documents and for depositions.

6 I would not have anticipated written 7 interrogatories which would have continued to go. 8 Again, in my experience those kinds of interrogatories 9 turn into lawyers' exercises. Lawyers draft the 10 interrogatories, parsing words very carefully, and 11 lawyers prepare the responses parsing their words 12 equally carefully, and nothing is accomplished.

I might point out that the parallel experience If we have had with the remaining Intervenors in the Byron proceeding has been instructive. The same type of interrogatories were posed to them. They are not represented by counsel. After some delay, they answered the interrogatories, and the discovery process has gone forward in a way that I believe is clearly contemplated by the Commission's Rules of Practice and by its policies. We've had our depositions and we have determined that some of the contentions filed by DAARE/SAFE, some of which overlap, I might add, the League's contentions, are suitable for summary disposition and we will be filing those in accordance

with a schedule that is established by the Licensing
 Board, and some are not, and we're going to have a
 hearing on them.

4 JUDGE EILPERIN: Has there been a motion for 5 sanctions filed as to DAARE/SAFE?

6 MR. MILLER: No, there was not because there 7 was a commitment by them to file answers to the 8 interrogatories, and they kept the commitment. They did 9 what they said they were going to do.

10 JUDGE EILPERIN: How much iocumentary 11 information did you get from the League on an informal 12 basis? I think at one point I've seen --

13 MR. MILLER: Yes, there's a representation, 14 and I must say I was puzzled by that. I do not believe 15 that we have received any documentation in the form of a 16 submission of documents other than perhaps 17 identification of certain NUREG reports from the League, 18 certainly none that I am aware of.

19 JUDGE KOHL: I am concerned about a - 20 MR. MILLER: Excuse me. If I might just
 21 consult again with Mr. Hurphy.

22 (Pause.)

23 24

25

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(Pause.)

1

MR. MILLER: Mr. Murphy, who I just consulted with, tells me we have received documents from the League in the Illinois Commerce Commission proceeding. Some of them were from the files of Messrs. Minor and Hubbard.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Had you received all of the 8 documentary support to their affidavit that was 9 submitted in the Illinois Commerce Commission 10 proceeding? Is that what you are saying?

MR. MILLER: I can't -- I don't know whether
12 we-- It was represented to us as being the complete
13 documentary support for their affidavits, yes, sir.

JUDGE KOHL: I am concerned about a possible inconsistency, then, in your letter of September 16th to Mr. Cherry. You state there that "Yesterday You" -- referring to Mr. Cherry -- "agreed to provide answers on behalf of the League and on behalf of DAARE/SAFE by October 1st."

20 MR. MILLER: Yes, sir -- Yes ma'am. I just 21 did the same thing.

JUDGE KOHL: You all are having a little 23 problem with that this morning.

24 MR. MILLER: Yes. I apologize.
25 MR. CHERRY: I apologize on behalf of both of

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1 us.

4

JUDGE KOHL: I am sure the League of Women
3 Voters will like this.

(Laughter.)

5 MR. MILLER: At that point in time Mr. Cherry 6 was, I believe, negotiating with DAARE/SAFE to represent 7 them. DAARE/SAFE is a group of professors from Northern 8 Illinois University and local residents of the Rockford 9 area. At various times they have had representation by 10 a lawyer -- not Mr. Cherry. He has withdrawn his 11 appearance. This occurred in the summer of 1981. We 12 had difficulty in knowing to whom to address papers.

As you can see from the transcript of the A October 2nd conference call, there was some confusion on the part of DAAPE/SAFE as to just what the status of their legal representation was. In any event, I do not believe that Mr. Cherry in fact represented DAARE/SAFE. He certainly never filed a notice of appearance on their behalf.

JUDGE KOHL: So at what point did you get the 21 answers from them to your interrogatories? Were they 22 filed timely? From this it sounds like they had the 23 same "obligation" by October 1st to respond.

24 MR. MILLER: Yes. It was not by October 1st, 25 but there was a promise, something we never received

1 from the League, but a promise that they would be 2 answered by a date certain and reasons were given why 3 they could not be answered by October 1st. We accepted 4 that and went forward with the process.

5 There are some other techniques that have been 6 identified by the Commission as ways of narrowing the 7 scope of contentions and determining what facts are in 8 issue. We tried those too. We conferred with counsel 9 for the League after the August 18th order, again to 10 determine what the date would be when the League would 11 respond.

12 When that fell apart -- that is, when October 13 1st came and went and we knew we were not going to 14 receive answers -- we tried the next step, one which Mr. 15 Cherry says should have been done. That is, we wanted a 16 telephone conference call with the Board and the parties 17 so that this matter could be dealt with effectively and 18 in a timely fashion.

19 There had been a lot of paper filed at that 20 point in time, and it seemed to us that it was 21 appropriate to get the Board involved. I participated 22 personally in setting up the arrangements for that 23 conference call and believed that I had Mr. Cherry's 24 agreement to participate. Some 45 minutes before the 25 call was set to take place we were informed that he

1 could not or would not participate. So that went for 2 naught.

At any stage in this whole progression from interrogatory to imposition of the sanction of dismissal, the League could probably have purged itself of the default and gone forward in the proceeding by rsimply answering the interrogatories. All lawyers have to play by the rules. All parties to these proceedings have to play by the rules. If there is an order that says you will answer interrogatories and you are under pain of dismissal from the proceeding, answer the interrogatories.

JUDGE KOHL: Mr. Cherry argues that the order was not specific enough, that the Licensing Board never for involved so directly as to announce a date certain by which he had to respond to your particular interrogatories. And for that reason he felt that it was an open question subject to negotiations.

19 MR. MILLER: Well, there is a paragraph which 20 I believe is written in very straightforward terms which 21 deals with the objections that were then presented to 22 the Licensing Board by the League to justify its failure 23 to answer the interrogatories.

24 It says: "The League's objections, based 25 largely upon the argument that the four interrogatories

1 are premature, are denied. Movant is entitled to full 2 and responsive answers based upon the presently known 3 status of these matters and to additional information 4 when it becomes available."

5 Then it goes on and says: "The parties will 6 be allowed a reasonable period of time to confer." 7 Still dealing with the interrogatories. "However, 8 responsive answers shall be filed to these and other 9 interrogatories promptly and discovery shall be 10 conducted expeditiously."

I am at a loss to understand how those words, given the procedural context in which this dispute arose, could be interpreted as somehow excusing the League from answering the interrogatories.

JUDGE EILPERIN: If we found that there has he been a willful disobedience to that one Licensing Board order, do you think that is sufficient to justify the sanction of dismissal?

MR. MILLER: Yes, sir, given the fact that the League has persisted from the time that the motion to compel was filed until, including Mr. Cherry's appearance here today, to assert that there is a right that it has not to respond to orders of the Licensing Board validly issued after full argument and simply to impose its own view of a consolidated proceeding or

whatever, not only on the parties but on the Licensing
 Board.

3 This sort of conduct, in my judgment, has two 4 serious consequences. First, I think the whole process 5 is in jeopardy if Licensing Board orders can be flouted, 6 if the League can simply thumb its nose at orders, and 7 then on the basis of assertions of some agreement that 8 are directly contradicted by the papers and get back 9 into the proceeding, then the whole orderly process 10 which is contemplated of getting from a notice of 11 hearing to an initial decision by the Licensing Boards 12 is in jeopardy.

13 Secondly, I believe that the hearings on the 14 Byron Station in particular will be absolute chaos. We 15 are now at a stage where there has been an ACRS 16 letter. There has been a Safety Evaluation Report 17 issued, and we are still where we were ten months ago in 18 terms of knowing what the League has in mind, and 19 hearings are scheduled in August of this year.

JUDGE EILPERIN: When is a realistic date for 21 fuel loading of the plant? Does the end of '83 sound. 22 right?

23 MR. MILLER: Yes, sir. That is the present 24 schedule. I trust the Board received copies of my March 25 26th letter. It was served on the Appeal Board as well

1 as directed to the Licensing Board members, with respect 2 to the most recent schedule adjustment in the fuel load 3 date.

But I will repeat what was said in that Eletter. While the fuel load date has slipped approximately six to eight months from the April 1983 date previously contemplated, the company is still planning on commercial operation of the units in 1984, the summer of 1984.

10 JUDGE EILPERIN: So the end of '83 is what you 11 think is a realistic date for fuel load?

MR. MILLER: At this point in time, yes, sir.
JUDGE KOHL: Has the Licensing Board estimated
ta time when they believe the hearing would be completed?

MR. MILLER: I do not believe they have. Certainly nothing has been disclosed to us. My belief to is that the schedule for the Byron hearings may have been governed by the so-called Bevel Committee guidelines, which measures a time period from when the Safety Evaluation Report is issued to a Commission decision. I believe it may be 300 days or something like that.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Do you have any feel how long the hearing will take solely with the current Intervenors involved?

MR. MILLER: My guess is that we are probably looking at a three to four week hearing. The Intervenors DAARE/SAFE have been quite diligent in locating and identifying witnesses to support the Contentions that they have put forward; and they have also identified some matters arising out of the Safety Revaluation Report which they believe give rise to further Contentions -- three additional Contentions.

9 That matter is currently pending before the 10 Licensing Board for decision. So we are looking at I 11 believe nine numbered contentions, one of which dealing 12 with generic unresolved safety issues has six or seven 13 subparts. So there is a significant number of issues to 14 be addressed in the hearing.

15 JUDGE EILPERIN: And you think sometime by 16 early October that hearing would be finished?

17 MR. MILLER: Yes.

25

JUDGE GOTCHY: What is the status? You
mentioned that there had been a motion for summary
disposition on a number of the DAARE/SAFE contentions.
R. MILLER: No. If I said that, I misspoke

22 myself.

23 JUDGE GOTCHY: That is what I thought you
24 said.

MR. MILLER: No. I said the date for filing

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1 motions for summary dispositions is June 7th. We 2 anticipate being able to file such motions on a number 3 of contentions.

JUDGE GOTCHY: I see. And you are filing motions on how many of those nine Contentions, do you recall? I am curious because there is a lot of overlap, as you said, between some of the DAARE/SAFE Contentions and some of the League's Cententions.

9 NR. MILLER: Dr. Gotchy, I am just not 10 prepared at this point to say. I would guess that it is 11 going to be at least three or four, but some of the 12 unresolved -- I know that we will not be in a position 13 to file summary disposition motions with respect to many 14 of the unresolved safety issue Contentions.

JUDGE GOTCHY: Since last fall, when the Board order was issued, there have been changes as you know in the Commission's rules regarding some of the subjects which are present in the 114 Contentions that were accepted by the Board.

20 MR. MILLER: Right, there are about five of 21 them on financial qualifications and presumably would 22 be--

JUDGE GOTCHY: Need for power and alternative 24 energy. I was curious as to if we elected in the future 25 to allow Mr. Cherry to pursue his role in the hearing,

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1 if considering that many of the 114 interrogatories
2 would now be removed by rule, some which are related to
3 the Contentions from DAARE/SAFE would possibly be
4 dismissed by summary disposition, if it would be
5 reasonable in your mind that assuming Mr. Cherry lived
6 up to his promise here today that if he were readmitted
7 that he would pursue everything very diligently, if
8 there would be any prospect of them completing all the
9 requirements to participate in a hearing beginning this
10 fall.

11 MR. MILLER: I do not see how it is possible 12 myself. First of all, I tried to listen very carefully 13 to Mr. Cherry's response to, I guess it was, Judge 14 Kohl's question, and I did not understand that there was 15 any wholehearted acquiescence in moving forward with 16 discovery.

Again, the League wants it on its terms. And 18 if the League is to be readmitted conditional on its 19 complying with the discovery request, I understood that 20 the League's position would be that that was not 21 acceptable to them. But perhaps I misunderstood.

In any event, I believe that at this stage readmission of the League on any basis is going to be extremely difficult for all the parties and the Board.

1 sanction of dismissal, although I can understand it, 2 that the sanction of dismissal is kind of a problem 3 perhaps for the Appeal Board.

It is obviously the most severe sanction that 5 can be imposed. When one looks at the alternatives that 6 were available to the Licensing Board, there was simply 7 nothing in its arsenal of sanctions that was not the 8 functional equivalent of dismissal, or which would have 9 had literally no effect in assuring future compliance.

10 The language of the Board's August 18th order 11 was sufficiently critical and condemnatory of the 12 League's approach with respect to the interrogatories 13 to, at least in my mind, constitute a reprimand or a 14 clear indication at the least that the conduct of the 15 League ought to change. Now that it had no effect.

In cases in which dismissal of parties has In cases in which dismissal of parties has taken place at the NRC, there have been, as the League points out in its brief, multiple chances for redemption. In each of those cases, though, there was a pro se intervenor involved. Indeed, in the Susquehanna case it was apparent I believe to the Licensing Board and the Appeal Board that there may have been a fundamental misunderstanding of what was required of parties to NRC proceedings with respect to discovery beligations. Mr. Cherry, by his own proclamation, is a

1 skilled practitioner. And to not impose sanctions in 2 this instance I believe would make a mockery of the 3 process.

4 If the Board has no further questions, I am 5 finished.

6 JUDGE EILPERIN: Mr. Cherry, you have about 7 six more minutes.

8 MR. CHERRY: Yes. I would like to, in light 9 of Mr. Miller's poignant closing, lift us up to say that 10 I have a motion for sanctions pending too, and the fuel 11 dates of '83 and the hearings in August and the 12 commercial operation of Commonwealth Edison are nice, 13 but I believe we ought to focus -- to me, that is 14 totally irrelevant to whether or not this process, which 15 was initiated by Commonwealth Edison, slows down their 16 hearing or their fuel date.

17 Mr. Miller, by his own admonition, was -18 JUDGE EILPERIN: Even if you are found to have
19 been at fault?

20 MR. CHERRY: No. If I am found to have been 21 at fault, cut my head off. I just do not think that 22 there is a record to support that; and if it is done, I 23 would like it done as guickly as possible so that I can 24 deal with that.

25 JUDGE EILPERIN: I will say this, though, that

you are advised promptly that if we do admit you back
 into the hearing I would certainly ask my colleagues to
 impose a deadline far shorter than one week after our
 decision to fully answer Edison's outstanding
 interrogatories.

6 MR. CHERRY: If a decision comes down, Judge 7 Eilperin, I am not here simply to get back into the 8 Rockford League of Women Voters' hearing. That is my 9 right, and that was taken away. I am outraged by Mr. 10 Miller's decision, and I do not want in either this 11 community or this town to have a situation where a 12 Licensing Board Chairman can make irresponsible 13 statements that sound like judge and judicial 14 temperament but are far short of that.

And if you are going to order the Rockford Heague of Women Voters to answer interrogatories within one week, I would assume that you would find for Mr. Miller on the factual circumstances and call me a Willful pattern of behavior, because I do not see how I should bear the brunt of this decision unless this Board is willing to make factual determinations.

I will go Mr. Miller one better. If the loser and hearing below between me and him gets tossed out of this proceeding -- i.e., I am right and he gets tossed out with Commonwealth Edison -- then I should like a

1 hearing. I am not afraid of what that hearing will 2 bring, but I do not believe under the circumstances when 3 there is no record I should apologize for my conduct.

I do not think a hearing is the appropriate way to go, but I am not going to back off from one if I am told that somehow I am remiss on representations that were taken by the Licensing Board out of thin air.

3 JUDGE EILPERIN: I want you to be advised that 9 at least I, for one, take the failure to answer the 10 interrogatories rather seriously and, as I say, if under 11 any circumstances we come to a decision that would let 12 the League back in, again I for one would expect the 13 League's answers to those interrogatories to be full and 14 complete very, very soon after a decision is made.

MR. CHERRY: What about my interrogatories he pending against the Staff and Commonwealth Edison? Do I get some direction to at least get an order out of the licensing Board telling me whether I am entitled to them or not?

20 JUDGE KOHL: I will direct your attention at 21 least for the interim to 10 CFR 2.740.B.1.

MR. CHERRY: I appreciate that, but I made a motion to the Regulatory Staff to ask for these interrogatories to be answered. The Regulatory Staff's answer said as soon as Contentions were given they would

promptly answer the interrogatories. Commonwealth
 Edison went further. It said not only will we answer
 the interrogatories when the Contentions are finalized,
 but I will do the best I can to help out in the
 interim. So this record does not reek of justice on one
 side.

7 JUDGE KOHL: Your recourse for that it seems 8 is before the Licensing Board.

9 MR. CHERRY: But I made a motion, Judge Kohl,
10 and it has not been ruled on.

JUDGE KOHL: No longer. In terms of the Licensing Board, at this point in time you are not a Board there, so there is no obligation on the Board.

MR. CHERRY: My motion, Judge Kohl, before the IS Licensing Board was made probably six months before they is ever decided the petition for reconsideration. It has if been pending almost two years before the Licensing Board. They have simply ignored it.

JUDGE EILPERIN: Let me ask you this, Mr. 20 Cherry. Is it your assertion that Edison made discovery 21 agreements to you which are not reflected in the letters 22 in this proceeding?

23 MR. CHERRY: Sure, I walked into a meeting 24 with Edison and they gave me -- which is Item 12 to my 25 petition for reconsideration -- 40 pages of revised

Contentions, and yet Mr. Miller stands up before you and
 says my Contentions are vague. A story, to be
 believeable, has got to make sense.

How does a lawyer revise my Contentions in 40 5 pages and ask me in the same time frame, mind you, to 6 consider revising that, and then you believe him that we 7 had agreeied on interrogatories? It does not make any 8 sense.

9 JUDGE EILPERIN: Am I correct you are saying 10 that although it is not reflected in those letters as 11 far as I can read them, that Edison nevertheless agreed 12 to postpone or as you say withdraw its interrogatories 13 pending receipt of answers from -- pending your receipt 14 of answers from Edison and pending depositions of some 15 of your witnesses?

MR. CHERRY: Paul Murphy said to me in his office in the First National Bank Building that he wanted to take the depositions of Minor and Hubbard and I said I hope we take them in both cases so we do not have to do them over again, and it was at that juncture that I said to him it does not make any sense for me to answer interrogatories using the same people if you are going to take your depositions. And in the context of my giving him a continuance from his interrogatories, those interrogatories were put on hold. Yes, sir.

JUDGE EILPERIN: What was his answer? There 1 2 are six affidavits that say there was no such 3 agreement.

MR. CHERRY: And the world has believed that 4 5 unresolved safety problems have been resolved for ten 6 years.

JUDGE EILPERIN: I am just asking --7 MR. CHERRY: Those affidavits, if they 8 9 conflict with my position, have to be either of two 10 things: (a) they are false; (b) they are the observation 11 of a witness, which sometimes differs with the 12 observation of a different witness.

I make that observation because it is pretty 13 14 hard these days to be found guilty of perjury; one has 15 to be intentional. It is still possible, members of the 16 Appeal panel, possible -- I would like to hope 17 so -- that the lawyers had an ordinary, good faith 18 lawyers' disagreement, and Mr. Murphy and Mr. Miller 19 believe what they believe and I believe what I believe, 20 and the Licensing Board opines what it opines --JUDGE EILPERIN: You have one minute.

MR. CHERRY: -- in its judgment. 22 23 I think it would be a mistake to order 24 interrogatories to be answered by a date certain, 25 although I am not, as Mr. Miller has suggested, telling

21

1 you I will not do so. I will not disobey any order of 2 any Board or court. But I think what you should 3 do -- and I ask you to do -- is to call an immediate 4 conference and have the Licensing Board meet and set a 5 schedule that is rational. You might even ask them to 6 do that before you decide the case, if you want to. But 7 do not make observations on Mass. Avenue about wars in 8 the Falklands. Let us go to the Falklands. Let us sit 9 in the room with the Licensing Board participant who 10 participates in the process. 77

Thank you for your attention.

JUDGE KOHL: I have one last question. I just Want to clarify this. If the Licensing Board sets a date certain by which you are to respond to the soutstanding interrogatories of Edison, you will abide by that and respond. Is that correct?

17 MR. CHERRY: Yes.

11

18 JUDGE KOHL: Thank you.

JUDGE EILPERIN: The case is submitted. Thank20 you very much.

21 MR. CHERRY: It obviously depends on the kinds 22 of things that go on -- the availability of my 23 witnesses, where I am. If you said tomorrow, I could 24 not do that, for example.

25 JUDGE KOHL: Counsel, your answer was "yes."

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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

This is to certify that the attached proceedings before the

ATOMIC SAFETY AND LICENSING BOARD APPEAL BOARD

in the matter of: Consolidated Edison Company (Byron Nuclear Power Plant)

Date of Proceeding: May 13, 1982

Docket Number: 50-454-OL & 50-455 OL

Place of Proceeding: Betheada, Maryland

were held as herein appears, and that this is the original transcript thereof for the file of the Commission.

Jane N. Beach

Official Reporter (Typed)

gicial Reporter (Signature)