NUREG-0304 Vol. 15, No. 1

Regulatory and Technical Reports (Abstract Index Journal)

Compilation for First Quarter 1990 January – March

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Office of Administration



9006080185 900531 PDR NUREG 0304 R PDR Available from

.

Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Post Office Box 37082 Washington, D.C. 20013-7082

A year's subscription consists of 4 issues for this publication.

Single copies of this publication are available from National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161

NUREG-0304 Vol. 15, No. 1

3

Regulatory and Technical Reports (Abstract Index Journal)

Compilation for First Quarter 1990 January – March

Date Published: May 1990

Regulatory Publications Branch Division of Freedom of Information and Publications Services Office of Administration U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555



CONTENTS

Preface	
	Index Tab
Main Citations and Abstracts • Staff Reports • Conference Proceedings • Contractor Reports • International Agreement Reports	. 1
Secondary Report Number Index	. 2
Personal Author Index	. 3
Subject Index	. 4
NRC Originating Organization Index (Staff Raports)	. 5
NRC Originating Organization Index (International Agreements)	. 6
NRC Contract Sponsor Index (Contractor Reports)	. 7
Contractor Index	. 8
International Organization Index	. 9
Licensed Facility Index	. 10

PREFACE

This compilation consists of bibliographic data and abstracts for the formal regulatory and technical reports issued by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) Staff and its contractors. It is NRC's intention to publish this compilation guarterly and to cumulate it annually. Your comments will be appreciated. Please send them to:

Division of Publications Services Policy and Publications Management Branch Publishing and Translations Section Woodmont 537 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555

The main citations and abstracts in this compilation are listed in NUREG number order: NUREG-XXXX, NUREG/CP-XXXX, NUREG/CR-XXXX, and NUREG/IA-XXXX. These precede the following indexes:

Secondary Report Number Index Personal Author Index Subject Index NRC Originating Organization Index (Staff Reports) NRC Originating Organization Index (International Agreements) NRC Contract Sponsor Index (Contractor Reports) Contractor Index International Organization Index Licensed Facility Index

A detailed explanation of the entries precedes each index.

The bibliographic elements of the main citations are the following:

Staff Report

NUREG-0808: MARK II CONTAINMENT PROGRAM EVALUATION AND ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA. ANDERSON, C.J. Division of Safety Technology. August 1981. 90 pp. 8109140048. 09570:200.

Where the entries are (1) report number, (2) report title, (3) report author, (4) organizational unit of author, (5) date report was published, (6) number of pages in the report, (7) the NRC Document Control System accession number, (8) the microfiche address (for internal NRC use).

Conference Report

NUREG/CP-0017: EXECUTIVE SEMINAR ON THE FUTURE ROLE OF RISK ASSESSMENT AND RELIABILITY ENGINEERING IN NUCLEAR REGULATION. JANERP, J.S. Argonne National Laboratory. May 1981. 141 pp. 8105280299. ANL-81-3. 08632:070.

Where the entries are (1) report number, (2) report title, (3) report author, (4) organization that compiled the proceedings, (5) date report was published, (6) number of pages in the report, (7) the NRC Document Control System accession number, (8) the report number of the originating organization, (9) the microfiche address (for NRC internal use).

Contractor Report

NUREG/CR-1556: STUDY OF ALTERNATE DECAY HEAT REMOVAL CONCEPTS FOR LIGHT WATER REACTORS-CURRENT SYSTEMS AND PROPOSED OPTIONS. BERRY, D.L.; BENNETT, P.R. Sandia Laboratorios. May 1981. 100 pp. 8107010449. SAND80-0929. 08912:242.

Where the entries are (1) report number, (2) report title, (3) report authors, (4) organizational unit of authors or publisher, (5) date report was published, (6) number of pages in the report, (7) the NRC Document Control System accession number, (8) the report number of the originating organization (if given), and (9) the microfiche address (for NRC internal use).

International Agreement Report

NUREG/IA-0001: ASSESSMENT OF TRAC-PD2 USING SUPER CANNON AND HDR EXPERIMENTAL DATA, NEUMANN, U. Kraftwerk Union. August 1986. 223 pp. 8608270424. 37659:138.

Where the entries are (1) report number, (2) report title, (3) report author, (4) organizational unit of author, (5) date report was published, (6) number of pages in the report, (7) the NRC Document Control System accession number, (8) the report number of the originating organization (if given), and (9) the microfiche address (for NRC internal use).

The following abbreviations are used to identify the document status of a report:

ADD - addendum APP - appendix DRFT - draft ERR - errata N - number R - revision S - supplement V - volume

Availability of NRC Publications

Copies of NRC staff and contractor reports may be purchased either from the Government Printing Office (GPO) or from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161. To purchase documents from the GPO, send a check or money order, payable to the Superintendent of Documents, to the following address:

Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Post Office Box 37082 Washington, DC 20013-7082

You may charge any purchase to your GPO Deposit Account, MasterCard charge card, or VISA charge card by calling the GPO on (202)275-2060 or (202)275-2171. Non-U.S. customers must make payment in advance either by International Postal Money Order, payable to the Superintendent of Documents, or by draft on a United States or Canadian bank, payable to the Superintendent of Documents.

NRC Report Codes

The NUREG designation, NUREG-XXXX, indicates that the document is a formal NRC staff-generated report. Contractor-prepared formal NRC reports carry the report code NUREG/CR-XXXX. This type of identification replaces contractor-established codes such as ORNL/NUREG/TM-XXX and TREE-NUREG-XXXX, as well as various other numbers that could not be correlated with NRC sponsorship of the work being reported.

In addition to the NUREG and NUREG/CR codes, NUREG/CP is used for NRC-sponsored conference proceedings and NUREG/IA is used for international agreement reports.

All these report codes are controlled and assigned by the staff of the Publishing and Translations Section of the NRC Division of Publications Services.

ě.

The report listings in this compilation are arranged by report number, where NUREG-XXXX is an NRC staff-originated report, NUREG/CP-XXXX is an NRC-sponsored conference report, NUREG/CR-XXXX is an NRC contractor-prepared report, and NUREG/IA-XXXX is an international agreement report. The bibliographic information (see Preface for details) is followed by a brief abstract of this report.

NUREG-0020 V13 N11: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS SUMMARY REPORT.Data As Of October 30,1989.(Gray Book I) LOVELACE.W.H. Division of Computer & Telecommunications Services (Post 890205). January 1990. 543pp. 9002120335. 52579:130.

THE OPERATING UNITS STATUS REPORT - LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS provides data on the operation of nuclear units as timely and accurately as possible. This information is collected by the Office of Information Resources Management from the Headquarters staff of NRC's Office of Enforcement (OE), from NRC's Regional Offices, and from utilities. The three sections of the report are: monthly highlights and statistics for commercial operating units, and errata from previously reported data; a compilation of detailed information on each unit, provided by NRC's Regional Offices, OE Headquarters and the utilities; and an appendix for miscellaneous information such as spent fuel storage capability, reactor-years of experience and non-power reactors in the U.S. It is hoped the report is helpful to all agencies and individuals interested in maintaining an awareness of the U.S. energy situation as a whole.

NUREG-0020 V13 N12: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS SUMMARY REPORT.Data As Of November 30,1989.(Gray Book I) LOVELACE,W.H. Division of Computer & Telecommunications Services (Post 890205). January 1990. 558pp. 9003070140. 52809:125.

See NUREG-0020,V13,N11 abstract.

NUREG-0020 V14 N01: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS SUMMARY REPORT.Data As Of December 31,1989.(Gray Book I) LOVELACE,W.H. Division of Computer & Telecommunications Services (Post 890205). February 1990. 550pp. 9003130117, 52885:090.

See NUREG-0020,V13,N11 abstract.

NUREG-0040 V13 N04: LICENSEE CONTRACTOR AND VENDOR INSPECTION STATUS REPORT. Quarterly Report,October-December 1989.(White Book) * Division of Reactor Inspection & Safeguards (Post 870411). January 1990. 91pp. 9003070134, 52808:208.

This periodical covers the results of inspections performed by the NRC's Vendor Inspection Branch that have been distributed to the inspected organizations during the period from October 1989 through December 1989.

NUREG-0090 V12 N03: REPORT TO CONGRESS ON ABNOR-MAL OCCURRENCES.July-September 1989. * Office for Analysis & Evaluation of Operational Data, Director. January 1990 34pp. 9003070121. 52814:186.

Section 208 of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 identifies an abnormal occurrence as an unscheduled incident or event which the Nuclear Regulatory Commission determines to be significant from the standpoint of public health and safety and requires a Quarterly report of such events to be made to Congress. This report covers the period July 1 through September 30, 1989. For this reporting period, there were five abnormal occurrences. One phormal occurrence took place at a licensed nuclear power plant and involved significant deficiencies associated with the containment recirculation sump at the Trojan facility. The other four abnormal occurrences took place under other NRC-issued licenses: the first involved a medical diagnostic misadministration; the second involved a medical therapy muadministration; the third involved a radiation overeucposure of a radiographer; and the fourth involved a significant breakdown and careless disregard of the radiation safety program at three of a licensee's manufacturing facilities. The Agreement States reported no abnormal occurrences during the reporting period. The report also contains information that updates some previously reported abnormal occurrences.

NUREG-0304 V14 N04: REGULATORY AND TECHNICAL RE-PORTS (ABSTRACT INDEX JOURNAL). Annual Compilation For 1989. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). March 1990. 153pp. 9004030145. 53228:250.

This journal includes all formal reports in the NUREG series prepared by the NRC staff and contractors; proceedings of conferences and workshops; as well as international agreement reports. The entries in this compilation are indexed for access by title and abstract, secondary report number, personal author, subject, NHC organization for staff and international agreements, contractor, international organization, and licensed facility.

NUREG-0386 D05 R05: UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULA-TORY COMMISSION STAFF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE DIGEST.Commission, Appeal Board And Licensing Board Decisions.July 1972 - September 1989. * Office of the General Counsel (Post 860701). March 1990. 600pp. 9004110232. 53351:319.

This Revision number 5 of the fifth edition of the NRC Practice and Procedure Digest contains a digest of a number of Commission. Atomic Safety and Licensing Appeal Board, and Atomic Safety and Licensing Board decisions issued during the period, July 1, 1972 to September 30, 1989, interpreting the NRC's Rules of Practice in 10 CFR Part 2.

NUREG-0540 V11 N10: TITLE LIST OF DOCUMENTS MADE PUBLICLY AVAILABLE. October 1-31,1989. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). January 1990. 326pp. 9002120142. 52561:253.

This document is a monthly publication containing descriptions of information received and generated by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). This information includes (1) docketed material associated with civilian nuclear power plants and other uses of radioactive materiais, and (2) nondocketed material received and generated by NRC pertinent to its role as a regulatory agency. The following indexes are included: Personal Author, Corporate Source, Report Number, and Cross Reference to Principal Documents.

NUREG-0540 V11 N11: TITLE LIST OF DOCUMENTS MADE PUBLICLY AVAILABLE NOVEMBER 1-30, 1989. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). March 1990, 336pp, 9004090177, 53309:236. See NUREG-0540,V11,N10 abstract.

NUREG-0750 CI02: INDEXES TO NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ISSUANCES.January 1,1980 Through December 31,1985. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). November 1989. 1095pp. 9003160045. 52958:212.

Digests and indexes for issuances of the Commission, the Atomic Safety and Licensing Appeal Panel, the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel, the Administrative Law Judges, the Directors' Decisions, and the Denials of Petitions for Rulemaking are presented.

- NUREG-0750 V30 101: INDEXES TO NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ISSUANCES.July-September 1989. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). February 1990. 50pp. 9004100439. 53350:238. See NUREG-0750.CI02 abstract.
- NUREG-0750 V30 N01: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ISSUANCES FOR JULY 1989 Pages 1-84. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). January 1990. 89pp. 9004030109. 53229:208.

Legal issuances of the Commission, the Atomic Safety and Licensing Appeal Panel, the Atomic Safety and Licensing Board Panel, the Administrative Law Judges, and NRC Program Offices are presented.

- NUREG-0750 V30 N02: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ISSUANCES FOR AUGUST 1989. Pages 85-165. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). January 1990. 85pp. 9004030047. 53230:007. See NUREG-0750.V30.N01 abstract.
- NUREG-0750 V30 N03: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ISSUANCES FOR SEPTEMBER 1989, Pages 167-229. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). January 1990. 94pp. 9004030101. 53229:299. See NUREG-0750, V30, N01 abstract.
- NUREG-0750 V30 N04: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ISSUANCES FOR OCTOBER 1989, Pages 231-323. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205), January 1990, 97pp, 9004030044, 53230:096. See NUREG-0750,V30,N01 abstract.
- NUREG-0750 V30 N05: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ISSUANCES FOR NOVEMBER 1989. Pages 325-708. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). March 1990. 389pp. 9004100444. 53350:286. See NUREG-0750,V30,N01 abstract.

NUREG-0797 S22: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELEC-TRIC STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2. Docket Nos. 50-445 And 50-446. (Texas Utilities Electric Company, et al.) * Comanche Peak Project Division. January 1990. 369pp. 9003070163. 52814:220.

Supplement 22 to the Safety Evaluation Report related to the operation of the Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Units 1 and 2 (NUREG-0797), has been prepared by the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. The facility is located in Somervell County, Texas, approximately 40 miles southwest of Fort Worth, Texas, This supplement reports the status of certain issues that had not been resolved at the time of publication of the Safety Evaluation Report and Supplements 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12, and 21 to that report. This supplement also includes the evaluations for licensing items resolved since Supplement 21 was issued. Supplement 5 has been cancelled. Supplements 7 through 11 were limited to the staff evaluation of allegations investigated by the NRC Technical Review Team. Supplement 13 presented the staff's evaluation of the Comanche Peak Response Team (CPRT) Program Plan, which was formulated by the applicant to resolve various construction and design issues raised by sources external to the applicant. Supplements 14 through 20 presented the staff's evaluation of the applicant's Corrective Action Program and CPRT activities. Items identified in Supplements 7, 8, 9, 10,

11, 13, 14, and 15 through 20 are not included in this supplement, except to the extent that they affect the applicant's Final Safety Analysis Report.

NUREG-0797 \$23: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELEC-TRIC STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2.Docket Nos. 50-445 And 50-416.(Texas Utilities Electric Company, et al.) * Comanche Peak Project Division. February 1990. 102pp. 9003070170. 52808:299.

Supplement 23 to the Safety Evaluation Report related to the operation of the Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Units and 2 (NUREG-0797), has been prepared by the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. The facility is located in Somervell County, Texas, approximately 40 miles southwest of Fort Worth, Texas. This supplement reports the status of certain issues that had not been resolved at the time of publication of the Safety Evaluation Report and Supplements 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12, 21, and 22 to that report. This supplement also includes the evaluations for licensing items resolved since Supplement 22 was issued. Supplement 5 has been cancelled. Supplements 7 through 11 were limited to the staff evaluation of allegations investigated by the NRC Technical Review Team. Supplement 13 presented the staff's evaluation of the Comanche Peak Response Team (CPRT) Program Plan, which was fomulated by the applicant to resolve various construction and design issues raised by sources external to the applicant. Supplements 14 through 20 presented the staff's evaluation of the applicant's Corrective Action Program and CPRT activities. Items identified in Supplements 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, and 15 through 20 are not included in this supplement, except to the extent that they affect the applicant's Final Safety Analysis Report.

NUREG-0837 V39 N04: NRC TLD DIRECT RADIATION MONI-TORING NETWORK Progress Report. October-December 1989. STRUCKMEYER,R.; MCNAMARA,N. Region 1, Ofc of the Director. March 1990. 300pp. 9004100322. 53343:076.

This report provides the status and results of the NRC Thermoluminescent Dosimeter (TLD) Direct Radiation Monitoring Network. It presents the radiation levels measured in the vicinity of NRC licensed facility sites throughout the country for the fourth quarter of 1989.

NUREG-0896 S09: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF SEABROOK STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2.Docket Nos. STN-50-443 And STN-50-444. (Public Service Company Of New Hampshire) * Division of Reactor Projects - 1/ II (Post 870411). March 1990. 182pp. 9004030159. 53229:042.

This report is Supplement No. 9 to the Safety Evaluation Report (SER) (NUREG-0896, March 1983) for the application filed by the Public Service Company of New Hampshire, et al., for licenses to operate Seabrook Station, Units 1 and 2 (Docket Nos. STN 50-443 and STN 50-444). It has been prepared by the Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission and provides recent information on open items identified in the SER. The facility is located in Seabrook, New Hampshire. Subject to favorable resolution of the items discussed in this report, the staff concludes that the faciliity can be operated by the applicant without endangering the health and safety of the public.

NUREG-0936 V08 N04: NRC REGULATORY AGENDA.Quarterly Report,October-December 1989. * Division of Freedom of Information & Publications Services (Post 890205). January 1990. 134pp. 9003070131. 52808:074.

The NRC Regulatory Agenda is a compilation of all rules on which the NRC has proposed or is considering action and all petitions for rulemaking which have been received by the Commission and are pending disposition by the Commission. The Regulatory Agenda is updated and issued each guarter.

2

NUREG-1100 V06: BUDGET ESTIMATES.Fiscal Year 1991. * Division of Budget & Analysis (Post 890205). January 1990. 208pp. 9002120328. 52610:231.

This report contains the fiscal year budget justifications to Congress. The budget provides estimates for salaries and expenses and for the Office of the inspector General for fiscal year 1991.

NUREG-1214 R05: HISTORICAL DATA SUMMARY OF THE SYS-TEMATIC ASSESSMENT OF LICENSEE PERFORMANCE. ALLENSPACH,F.; NEASE,R. Division of Licensee Performance & Quality Evaluation (Post 870411). February 1990. 114pc. 9003070137. 52807:320.

The Historical Data Summary of the Systematic Assessment of Licensee Performance (SALP) is produced periodically by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. This summary provides the results of the assessment for each facility by NRC region and is further divided into the following sections: Section 1 presents the most recent SALP report ratings for facilities in operation and under construction. These ratings are grouped by Region showing rating based on the revised Manual Chapter 0516 functional areas, then the pre-revised Manual Chapter 0516 functional areas and then for reactors under construction. Section 2 presents a chronological listing of all SALP report ratings for each operating facility. These ratings are also grouped by Region showing ratings based on the revised Manual Chapter 0516 functional areas and then the pre-revised Manual Chapter 0516 functional areas. Section 3 presents a chronological listing of all SALP report ratings for each facility under construction. For historical purposes, past construction ratings for facilities that recently have been licensed also are listed in Section 3.

NUREG-1232 V04: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT ON TEN-NESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY: WATTS BAR NUCLEAR PER-FORMANCE PLAN, AULUCK,R. TVA Projects Division, January 1990, 84pp, 9003070159, 52809:041.

This safety evaluation report on the information submitted by the Tennessee Valley Authority in its Nuclear Performance Plan for the Watts Bar Nuclear Plant and in supporting documents has been prepared by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission staff. The plan addresses the plant-specific corrective actions as part of the recovery program for licensing of Unit 1. The staff will be monitoring and inspecting the implementation of the programs. The plan does not address all licensing matters that will be required for fuel load and operation of Unit 1. Those remaining licensing matters have been addressed in previous safety evaluations or will be addressed in accordance with routine NRC licensing practices.

NUREG-1316: TECHNICAL FINDINGS AND REGULATORY ANALYSIS RELATED TO GENERIC ISSUE 70.Evaluation Of Power-Operated Relief Valve And Block Valve Reliability In PWR Nuclear Power Plants. KIRKWOOD,R. Division of Safety Issue Resolution (Post 880717). December 1989. 26pp. 9002120148. 52611:263.

This report summarizes work performed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission staff to resolve Generic Issue 70, "Technical Findings and Regulatory Analysis Related to Generic Issue 70 -Power-Operated Relief Valve and Block Valve Reliability." The report evaluates the reliability of PORVs and block valves and their safety significance in PWR nuclear power plants. The report identifies those safety-related functions that may be performed by PORVs and describes ways in which PORVs and block valves may be improved. This report also presents the regulatory analysis for Generic Issue 70.

NUREG-1350 V02: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IN-FORMATION DIGEST.1990 Edition. OLIVE.K.L. Division of Budget & Analysis (Post 890205). March 1990. 110pp. 9004090296. 53315:278.

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission Information Digest provides summary information regarding the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, its regulatory responsibilities, and areas licensed by the Commission. This is an annual publication for the general use of the NRC Staff and is available to the public. The digest is divided into two parts: the first presents an overview of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the second provides data on NRC commercial nuclear reactor licensens and commercial nuclear power reactors worldwide.

NUREG-1381: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS, COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION, UNIT 1.Docket No. 50-445,Appendix "A" To License No. NPF-28. * Comanche Peak Project Division. February 1990. 350pp. 9003120783. 52683:015.

The Technical Specifications for Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Unit 1 were prepared by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. They set forth the limits, operating conditions, and other requirements applicable to a nuclear reactor facility, as set forth in Section 50.36 of Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations Part 50, for the protection of the health and safety of the public.

NUREG-1385: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEABROOK STATION, UNIT 1. Appendix "A" To License No. NPF-86. * Division of Reactor Projects - 1/II (Post 870411). March 1990. 400pp. 9004090200. 53307:001.

The Seabrook Station, Unit 1 Technical Specifications were prepared by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission to set forth the limits, operating conditions, and other requirements applicable to a nuclear reactor facility as set forth in Section 50.36 of 10 CFR Part 50 for the protection of the health and safety of the public.

- NUREG-1392: LEAKAGE OF AN IRRADIATOR SOURCE THE JUNE 1988 GEORGIA RSI INCIDENT. * Office of Governmental & Public Affairs (Post 870413). SETSER, J.L. Georgia, State of. February 1990, 45pp, 9003190259, 53005:245.
 - On June 6, 1988, operators of a pool irradiator in Decatur, Georgia were prevented by a safety system from raising sources from the pool. Radiation levels of 60 millirem per hour at the surface of the pool water were found, indicative of a leak of one or more of the 252 Cs-137 source capsules used at the irradiator. Because of the concerns which arose out of this incident, the State of Georgia and the Conference of Radiation Control Program Directors, Inc. decided it should be reviewed in depth. Georgia Governor, The Honorable Jce Frank Harris, created an Incident Evaluation Task Force and charged it with collecting information on the incident, maintaining communications with the DOE Investigative Board and preparing a written report of lessons learned. Since the incident and responses to it are still ongoing, a final report of the task force is expected at a later date. A summary of the Task Force's First Interim Report has been prepared for persons needing an overview of the incident and lessons learned to date. The Conference established an incident Review Teain which agreed to assume the responsibility from the Georgia task force to discuss the role of the States in regulating irradiators. Its Interim Report provides a summary of Agreement States' views and recommendations an some of the issues raised by the incident.
- NUREG-1395 DRFT: INDUSTRY PERCEPTIONS OF THE IMPACT OF THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ON NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACTIVITIES. Draft Report. DAVIS,A.B.; PEDERSON,C.D. Region 3, Ofc of the Director. March 1990. 186pp. 9004090218. 53313:190.

Teams of senior managers from the NRC surveyed licensee staff members representing 13 nuclear power utilities from across the country to obtain their candid views of the effectiveness and impact of NRC regulatory activities. Licensee comments addressed the full scope of NRC activities and the impact of agency actions on licensee resources, staff performance, planning and scheduling, and organizational effectiveness. The principal themes of the survey respondents' comments are that (1) licensees acquiesce to NRC requests to avoid poer ratings on NRC Systematic Assessment of Licensee

Performance (SALP) reports and the consequent financial and public perception problems that result, even if the requests require the expenditure of significant resources on matters of marginal safety significance, and (2) NRC so dominates licensee resources through its existing and changing formal and informal requirements that licensees believe that their plants, though not unsate, would have better reliability, and may even achieve a higher degree of safety, if licensees were freer to manage their own resources. This draft report does not attempt to defend any NRC position; endorse or refute licensee perceptions; or explain any action taken by NRC in fulfilling its responsibilities to protect the health and safety of the public. Senior NRC managers have made a preliminary evaluation of the information in this report and have made recommendations to address licensee concerns in some areas. The final evaluation and recommendations will be published at a later date as the final NUREG.

NUREG/CP-0105 V01: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. WEISS, A.J. Brookhaven National Laboratory. March 1990. 506pp. 9004030082. 53228:322.

This three-volume report contains \$4 papers out of the 111 that were presented at the Seventeenth Water Reactor Salety Information Meeting held at the Holiday Inn Crowne Plaza. Rockville, Maryland, during the week of October 23-25, 1989. The papers are printed in the order of their presentation in each session and describe progress and results of programs in nuclear safety research conducted in this country and abroad. Foreign participation in the meeting included ten different papers presented by researchers from France, Germany, Japan, Norway and the United Kingdom. The titles of the papers and the names of the authors have been updated and may differ from those that appeared in the final program of the meeting.

NUREG/CP-0105 V02: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. WEISS, A.J. Brookhaven National Laboratory. March 1990. 525pp. 9004090184. 53310:211.

See NUREG/CP-0105,V01 abstract.

NUREG/CP-0105 V03: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. WEISS, A.J. Brookhaven National Laboratory. March 1990. 550pp. 9004090193. 53308:060. See NUREG/CP-0105,V01 abstract.

NUREG/CP-0109: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEMINAR ON LEAK-BEFORE-BREAK.Further Developments in Regulatory Policies And Supporting Research. WILKOWSKI,G.M. Battelle Memorial Institute, Columbus Laboratories, CHAO,K.-S. Taiwan Power Co. February 1990. 354pp. 9003190303. 53043:231

The fourth in a series of International Leak-Before-Break (LBB) Seminars supported in part by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission was held at the National Central Library In Taipei, Taiwan on May 11 and 12, 1989. The seminar updated the international policies and supporting research on LBB. Attendees included representatives from regulatory agencies, electric utility representatives, nuclear power plant fabricators, research organizations, and academic institutions. Regulatory policy was the subject of presentations by Mr. G. Arlotto (U.S. NRC, U.S.A.), Dr. B. Jarman (AECB, Canada), Dr. P. Milella (ENEA-DISP, Italy), Dr. C. Faidy (EDF/Septen, France), and Dr. K Takumi (NUPEC, Japan). A paper by Mr. K. Wichman and Mr. S. Lee of the U.S. NRC Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation is included as background material to these proceedings; it discusses the history and status of LBB applications in U.S. nuclear power plants. In addition, several papers on the supporting research programs described regulatory policy or industry standards for flaw evaluations, e.g., the ASME Section XI code pro-cedures. Supporting research programs were reviewed on the first and second day by several participants from Taiwan, U.S., Japan, Canada, Italy, and France.

NUREG/CP-0110: PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL WORKSHOP ON NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL DOSE CONTROL AND ALARA IMPLEMENTATION AT NUCLE-AR POWER PLANTS AND SIMILAR FACILITIES. BAUM, J.W .: DIONNE, B.J.; KHAN, T.A. Brookhaven National Laboratory. February 1990 600op. 9004090237. BNL-NUREG-52226. 53312:016.

This report contains summaries of papers and discussions presented at the international Workshop on New Developments in Occupational Dose Control and ALARA Implementation at Nuclear Power Plants and Similar Facilities held at Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, New York, September 15-21, 1989. The purpose of this workshop was to bring together scientists. engineers, regulators, and administrators who are involved with occupational dose control at nuclear facilities to exchange information on recent developments from their countries. The eleven countries represented included: Canada, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, and the United States of America. This workshop was sponsored jointly by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the U.S. Department of Energy, in cooperation with the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, Nuclear Energy Agency.

NUREG/CR-2000 VOBN12: LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) COMPILATION.For Month Of December 1989. * Oak Ridge National Laboratory. January 1990. 70pp. 9002120184. ORNL/ NSIC-200. 52611:131.

This monthly report contains Licensee Event Report (LER) operational information that was processed into the LER data file of the Nuclear Safety Information Center (NSIC) during the one month period identified on the cover of the document. The LERs, from which this information is derived, are submitted to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) by nuclear power plant licensees in accordance with federal regulations. Procedures for LER reporting for revisions to those events occurring prior to 1984 are described in NRC Regulatory Guide 1.16 and NUREG-0161, "Instructions for Preparation of Data Entry Sheets for Licensee Event Reports." For those events occurring on and after January 1, 1984, LERs are being submitted in accordance with the revised rule contained in Title 10 Part 50.73 of the Code of Federal Regulations (10 CFR 50.73 - Licensee Event Report System) which was published in the Federal Register (Vol. 48, No. 144) on July 26, 1983. NUREG-1022, "Li-censee Event Report System - Description of Systems and Guidelines for Reporting," provides supporting guidance and in-formation on the revised LER rule. The LER summaries in this report are arranged alphabetically by facility name and then chronologically by event date for each facility. Component, system, keyword, and component vendor indexes follow the summaries. Vendors are those identified by the utility when the LER form is initiated; the keywords for the component, system, and general keyword indexes are assigned by the computer using correlation tables from the Sequence Coding and Search System.

NUREG/CR-2000 VO9 N1: LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) COMPILATION.For Month Of January 1990. * Oak Ridge National Laboratory. February 1990, 109pp. 9004090292, ORNL/ NSIC-200. 53315:166.

See NUREG/CR-2000, V08, N12 abstract.

NUREG/CR-2000 V09 N2: LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) COMPILATION.For Month Of February 1990. * Oak Ridge National Laboratory. March 1990. 120pp. 9004090225. ORNL/ NSIC-200. 53314:122.

See NUREG/CR-2000, V08, N12 abstract.

NUREG/CR-2331 VO9 N3: SAFETY RESEARCH PROGRAMS SPONSORED BY OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY RESEARCH.Progress Report, July-September 1989. WEISS, A.J. Brookhaven National Laboratory. February 1990. 104pp. 9003070194. BNL-NUREG-51454. 52812:282.

This progress report describes current activities and technical progress in the programs at Brookhaven National Labora.ory sponsored by the Division of Regulatory Applications, Division of Engineering, Division of Safety Issue Resolution, and Division of Systems Research of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research following the reorganization in July 1988. The previous reports have covered the period October 1, 1976 through June 30, 1989.

NUREG/CR-3145 V08: GECPHYSICAL INVESTIGATIONS OF THE WESTERN OHIO-INDIANA REGION.Annual Report.October 1988 - September 1989, YOUNG.C.J.; LAY.T.; JACOBSON,J. Michigan, Univ. of, Ann Arbor, MI. February 1990, 62pp, 9003070/254, 52802:257.

Earthquake activity in the Western Ohio-Indiana region has been monitored with a precision seismograph network consisting of nine stations located in west-central Ohio and four stations located in Indiana. Three local earthquakes have been recorded during this report period, with magnitudes ranging from 0.7 to 2.2. This may represent a return to a more normal local level of seismicity after an anomalously low level in the 2 years following the occurrence of the m(b) = 4.5 earthquake, in St. Marys, Ohio on July 12, 1986. If the guiescent period reflected a release of most of the accumulated crustal strain by the St. Marys event, then the increased level of seismicity may mark the beginning of a new phase of strain accumulation. Four regional events were also well recorded by the array stations during this year. All of these events occurred in regions with well-established histories of seismicity. Their magnitudes range from 3.1 to 4.4.

NUREG/CR-3668: MINET CODE DOCUMENTATION. VAN TUYLE.G.J.; NEPSEE,T.C.; GUPPY,J.G. Brookhaven National Laboratory. December 1989. 321pp. 9002120129. BNL-NUREG-51742. 52582:219.

The MINET computer code, developed for the transient analysis of fluid flow and heat transfer, is documented in this fourpart reference. In Part 1, the MINET models, which are based on a momentum integral network method, are described. The various aspects of utilizing the MINET code are discussed in Part 2, The User's Manual. The third part is a code description, detailing the basic code structure and the various subroutines and functions that make up MINET. In Part 4, example input decks, as well as recent validation studies and applications of MINET are summarized.

NUREG/CR-4214 R01 PI: HEALTH EFFECTS MODELS FOR NU-CLEAR POWER PLANT ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE ANALYSIS.Low LET Radiation.Part I:Introduction, Integration And Summary, EVANS, J.S. Harvard School of Public Health, Boston, MA. * Sandia National Laboratories, January 1990, 133pp. 9002120313, SAND85-7185, 52597:294.

This report provides dose-response models intended to be used in estimating the radiological health effects of nuclear power plant accidents. Models of early and continuing effects, cancers and thyroid nodules, and genetic effects are provided. Two-parameter Weibull hazard functions are recommended for estimating the risks of early and continuing health effects. Three potentially lethal early effects-the hematopoietic, pulmonary and gastrointestinal syndromes-are considered. In addition, models are provided for assessing the risks of several nonlethal early and continuing effects-including prodromal vomiting and diarrhea, hypothyroidism and radiation thyroiditis, skin burns, reproductive effects, and spontaneous abortions. Linear and linear-quadratic models are recommended for estimating cancer risks. Parameters are given for analyzing the risks of seven types of cancer in adults -- leukemia, bone, lung, breast, gastrointestinal, thyroid and "other". The category "other" cancers, is intended to reflect the combined risks of multiple myeloma. lymphoma, and cancers of the bladder, kidney, brain, ovary, uterus and cervix. Models of childhood cancers due to "in utero" exposure are also provided. For most cancers, both incidence and mortality are addressed. The models of cancer

risk are derived largely from information summarized in BEIR III---with some adjustment to reflect more recent studies. The effect of the revised dosimetry in Hiroshima and Nagasaki has not been considered. Linear and linear-guadratic models are also recommended for assessing genetic risks. Five classes of genetic disease--dominant, x-linked, aneuploidy, unbalanced translocations and multifactorial diseases--are considered. In addition, the impact of radiation-incluced genetic damage on the incidence of peri-implantation embryo losses is discussed. The uncertainty in modeling radiological health risks is addressed by providing central, upper, and lower vistimates of all model parameters. Data are provided which should enable analysts to consider the timing and severity of each type of health risk.

NUREG/CR-4469 V08: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELIABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report.October 1987 - March 1988. DOCTOR.S.R.; DEFFENBAUGH,J.; GOOD,M.S.; et al. Battelle Memorial Institute, Pacific Northwest Laboratory. October 1989. 67pp. 9002120167. PNL-5711. 52003:122.

The Evaluation and Improvement of NDE Reliability for Inservice Inspection of Light Water Reactors (NDE Reliability) Program at the Pacific Northwest Laboratory was established by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to determine the reliability of current inservice inspection (ISI) techniques and to develop recommendations that will ensure a suitably high inspection reliability. The objectives of this program include datermining the reliability of ISI performed on the primary systems of commercial light-water reactors (LWRs); using probabilistic tracture mechanics analysis to determine the impact of NDE unreliability on system safety; and evaluating reliability improvements that can be achieved with improved and advanced technology. A final objective is to formulate recommended revisions to ASME Code and Regulatory requirements, based on material properties, service conditions, and NDE capabilities and uncertainties. The program scope is limited to ISI of the primary systems including the piping, vessel, and other inspected components. This is a progress report covering the programmatic work from Octobe 1987 through March 1988.

HUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELIABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report, April-September 1988. DOCTOR,S.R.; DEFFENBAUGH,J.; GOOD,M.S.; et al. Battelle Memorial Institute, Pacific Northwest Laboratory. November 1989, 115pp, 9002120296, PNL-5711, 52597:100.

Evaluation and Improvement of NDE Reliability for Inservice Inspection of Light Water Reactors (NDE Reliability) Program at the Pacific Northwest Laboratory was established by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to determine the reliability of current inservice inspection (ISI) techniques and to develop recommendations that will ensure a suitably high inspection reliability. The objectives of this program include determining the reliability of ISI performed on the primary systems of commercial light-water reactors (LWRs); using probabilistic fracture mechanics analysis to determine the impact of NDE unreliability on system safety; and evaluating reliability improvements that can be achieved with improved and advanced technology. A final objective is to formulate recommended revisions to ASME Code and Regulatory requirements, based on material properties, service conditions, and NDE uncertainties. The program scope is limited to ISI of the primary systems including the piping, vessel, and other inspected components. This is a progress report covering the programmatic work from April 1988 through September 1988

NUREC 3R-4550 V01 R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FRE-QUENCY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY. ERICSON,D.M. ERC Environmental & Energy Services, Inc. WHEELER,T.A. SYPE,T.T., et al. Sandia National Laboratories. January 1990, 482pp, 9002120309, SAND86-2084, 52576:007. 6

Main Citations and Abstracts

NUREG-1150 examines the risk to the public from a selected group of nuclear power plants. This report describes the methodology that evolved as the internal event core damage frequencies for four plants were generated in support of NUREG-1150. The objective is to perform an analysis that closely approximates a state-of-the-art Level | Probabilistic Risk Assessment (PRA). Therefore, in principle, it is similar to those used in previous PRAs. However, this methodology, based upon previous studies and using analysts experienced in these techniques. allows the analysis to be focused upon selected areas. With this approach only the most important systems and failure modes are emphasized and modeled in detail, and the data and human reliability analyses are simplified. An analysis employing this methodology (exclusive of external reviews) can be completed in nine to twelve months using two or three full-time experienced systems analysts and part-time personnel in other areas. such as data analysis and human reliability analysis. This is significantly faster and less expensive than previous analyses, but even so, most of the insights that are obtained by the more expensive studies are still provided.

NUREG/CR-4554 V06: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM): A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW.Volume 6 - Theory Manual Buckling Of Circular Cylindrical Shelis. LO,T.; MOK,G.C.; CHINN,D.J. Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory. February 1990. 76pp. 9004030139. UCID-20674. 53228:173.

A computer system called SCANS (Shipping Cask ANalysis System) is being developed for the staff of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission to perform confirmatory licensing review analyces. SCANS can handle problems associated with impact. heat transfer, thermal stress, internal or external pressure loads, and lead slump. A new capability implemented in SCANS is buckling analysis of the steel shells of a spent fuel shipping cask during a postulated impact with an unyielding surface. Three sets of buckling analysis formulas are included: (1) Code Case N-284 of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, (2) American Petroleum Institute Bulletin 2U an upgrade of N-284 that includes test results available after N-284 was written in 1979, (3) formulas frequently used by the piping and pressure vessel industry and formulas recommended by the Structural Stability Research Council. To be compatible with the ASME Code, the first set is recommended for use in shipping cask evaluation and this set is implemented in SCANS. The second and third sets are recommended references for SCANS users.

NUREG/CR-4554 V07: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM) A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW.Volume 7: Theory Manual Puncture Of Shipping Casks. LO,T. Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory. February 1990. 65pp. 9004030060. UCID-20674. 53226:100.

Under current regulatory requirements, a shipping cask should be designed for a series of hypothetical accident conditions. These test conditions include a 40-inch free drop of the cask onto a 6-inch diameter puncture pin. In this study, existing puncture test data was examined. Simple formulas based on test data were proposed for puncture evaluation of shipping casks. Dynamic and static nonlinear finite element analyses were performed to correlate analyses with the existing test data. In this analytical approach, three puncture failure prediction methods were proposed and their applicability was evaluated. The analytical approach provides an alternative to testing. Both laminated and solid wall shipping casks were analysed. In the study of laminated casks, the effects of the inner shell on the puncture of the outer shell were examined, as were the effects of material strength of the puncture pin. The study of geometric scaling of casks indicated that the normalized incipient puncture energy is insensitive to variations in the scale factors. This conclusion indicates that the proposed analytical approach of combining finite element analysis and failure prediction methods is consistent with the similarity principles in tests, except when

local vibration is excited during the puncture process. Further study of this local vibration is needed.

NUREG/CR-4659 V03: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II).Switchgear, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relays. BANDYOPADHYAY; HOFMAYER,C.H.; KASSIR,M.K.; et al. Brockhaven National Laboratory. February 1990. 73pp. 9004030128. BNL-NUREG-52007. 53228:101.

As part of the Component Fragility Program which was initiated in FY 1985, three additional equipment classes have been evaluated. This report contains the fragility results and discussions on these equipment classes which are switchgear, I&C panels and relays. Both low and medium voltage switchgear assemblies have been considered and a separate fragility estimate for each type is provided. Test data on cabinets from the nuclear instrumentation/neutron monitoring system, plant/process protection system, solid state protective system and engineered safeguards test system comprise the BNL data base for I&C panels (NSSS). Fragility levels have been determined for various failure modes of switchgear and I&C panels, and the deterministic results are presented in terms of test response spectra. In addition, the test data have been evaluated for estimating the respective probabilistic fragility levels which are expressed in terms of a median value, an uncertainty coefficient, a randomness coefficient and an HCLPF value. Due to a wide variation of relay design and the fragility level, a generic fragility level cannot be established for relays

NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPERATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRANSIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER SWITCH SET-TINGS. FOLEY,W.J.; DEAN,R.S.; STEINBRECHER,H.; et al. PA-RAMETER, Inc. February 1990. 150pp. 9003120769. PARAME-TER IE158. 52882:267.

Documentation is provided in this report for the closeout of IE Bulletin 85-03. The purpose of the bulletin was to request licensees to develop and implement programs to ensure that the switch settings on certain safety-related, motor-operated valves are selected, set, and maintained so as to ensure reliable valve operation when valves are subjected to maximum differential pressures expected during normal operation and the design basis events. The report includes documentation and status of the review of Action Item e of the bulletin completed up to the issuance of Generic Letter 89-10 on June 28, 1989. Licensee actions for Action Item e were completed satisfactorily for 102 (86%) of the 119 facilities for which actions were required. Satisfactory completion of the remaining 17 facilities is ensured by the generic letter. In the report conclusions, the inter-relationship of the generic letter and the bulletin is presented. Background information is supplied in the Introduction and Appendix

NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1.Results And Analyses. GASSER,R.D.; FRYER,C.P.; GAUNTT,R.O.; et al. Sandia National Laboratories. January 1990. 269pp. 9003120772. SAND86-1030. 52884:009.

A series of in-pile experiments addressing LWR severe fuel damage phenomena has been conducted in the Annular Core Research Reactor (ACRR) at Sandia National Laboratories. The ACRR Debris Formation and Relocation (DF) experiments are quasi-separate effects tests that provide a data base for the development and verification of models for LWR severe core damage accidents. The first experiment in this series, DF-1, was performed on March 15, 1984, and the results are presented in this report. The DF-1 experiment examined the effects of low initial clad oxidation conditions on fuel damage and relocation processes. The DF-1 test assembly consisted of a nine-rod square-matrix bundle that employed PWR-type fuel rods with a 0.5-m fissile length. The fuel rods were composed of 10% enriched U0(2) pellets within a zircaloy-4 cladding. Steam flowed through the test bundle at flow rates varying between 0.5 and 3 g/s, and the ACRR maintained a peak power level of 1.5 MW during the high temperature oxidation phase of the test inducing about ~8.5 kW fission power and about ~20 kW peak oxidation power in the assembly. Visual observation showed early clad relocation and partial blockage formation at the grid spacer location accompanied by production of a dense aerosol. Posttest cross sections show liquefaction losses of fuel in excess of 10 volume percent, as well as large fractional losses of cladding material from the upper two-thirds of the bundle. The quantity of hydrogen measured during the test was consistent with the observed magnitude of cladding oxidation. Oxidation driven heating rates of 25 K/s and peak temperatures in excess of 2525 K were observed. The analyses, interpretation, and application of these results to severe fuel damage accidents are discussed.

NUREG/CR-4671: THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX. GAUNTT.R.O.; GASSER.R.D. Sandia National Laboratories. OTT.L.J. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. November 1989. 3970p. 9003070275. SAND86-1443. 52806:283.

The DF-4 test was an experimental investigation into the melt progression behavior of boiling water reactor (BWR) core components under high temperature severe core damage conditions. In this study 14 zircaloy clad UO(2) fuel rods, and representations of the zircaloy fuel canister and stainless steel/B(4)C control biade were assembled into a 0.5 m long test bundle. The test bundle was fission heated in a flowing steam environment, using the Annular Core Research Reactor at Sandia Laboratories, simulating the environmental conditions of an uncovered BWR core experiencing high temperature damage as a result of residual fission product decay heating. The experimental results provide information on the thermal response of the test bundle components, the rapid exothermic oxidation of the zircaloy fuel cladding and canister, the production of hydrogen from metal-steam oxidation, and the failure behavior of the progressively melting bundle components. This information is provided in the form of thermocouple data, steam and hydrogen flow rate data, test bundle fission power data and visual observation of the damage progression. In addition to BWR background information, this document contains a description of the experimental hardware with details on how the experiment was instrumented and diagnosed, a description of the test progression, and a presentation of the on-line measurements. Also in this report are the results of a thermal analysis of the fueled test section of the experiment demonstrating an overall consistancy in the measurable guantities from the test. A discussion of the results is provided.

NUREG/CR-4674 V09: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS:1988 A STATUS REPORT.Main Report And Appendix A. MINARICK, J.W.; CLETCHER, J.W.; BLAKE, A.A. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. February 1990. 169pp. 9003670234. ORNL/NOAC-232. 52810:323.

Thirty-two operational events with conditional probabilities of core damage of 1.0 x 10(-6) or higher occurring at commercial light-water reactors during 1988 are considered to be precursors to potential severe core damage. These are described along with associated significance estimates, categorization, and subsequent analyses. This study is a continuation of earlier work, which evaluated the 1969-1981 and 1984-1987 events. The report discusses (1) the general rationale for this study. (2) the selection and documentation of events as precursors. (3) the estimation and use of conditional probabilities of subsequent severe core damage to rank precursor events, and (4) the plant models used in the evaluation process.

NUREG/CR-4674 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE ACCIDENTS: 1988 STATUS DAMAGE A COhe MINARICK, J.W .; **REPORT** Appendixes B C. And CLETCHER, J.W.; BLAKE, A.A. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. ORNL/NOAC-232 9003070184. 1990. 473pp. February 52813.073

See NUREG/CR-4674,V09 abstract.

NUREG/CR-4691 V02: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description. JOW,H.; SPRUNG,J.L.: ROLLSTIN,J.A.; et al. Sandia National Laboratories. February 1990. 183pp. 9003190289. SAND86-1562, 53005:059.

This report describes the MACCS computer code. The purpose of this code is to simulate the impact of severe accidents at nuclear power plants on the surrounding environment. MACCS has been developed for the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission to replace the previous CRAC2 code and it incorporates many improvements in modeling flexibility in comparison to CRAC2. The principal phenomena considered in MACCS are atmospheric transport, mittadue actions based on dose projection, dose accumulation by a number of pathways including food and water ingestion, early and latent health effects, and economic costs. The MACCS code can be used for a variety of applications. These include (1) probabilistic risk assessment (PRA) of nuclear power plants and other nuclear facilities, (2) sensitivity studies to gain a better understanding of the parameters important to PRA, and (3) cost-benefit analysis. This report is composed of three volumes. Volume I, the User's Guide, describes the input data requirements of the MACCS code and provides directions for its use as illustrated by three sample problems. Volume II, the Model Description, describes the underlying models that are implemented in the code, and Volume III, the Programmer's Reference Manual, describes the code's structure and database management.

NUREG/CR-4691 V03: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual, ROLLSTIN, J.A.; CHANIN, D.I.; JOW, H. Sandia National Laboratories, February 1990, 338pp, 9003190293, SAND86-1562, 53042:250.

See NUREG/CR-4691, V02 abstract.

NUREG/CR-4704 V03: RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVE-NESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS.Studies On The Gross And Microscopic Pathology Observed At Death Of Mice Exposed To 60 Equal Once-Weekly Doses Of Fission... GRAHN,D.; THOMSON,J.F.; CARNES,B.A. Argonne National Laboratory. January 1990. 111pp. 9004090170. ANL-86-33. 53314:010.

Dose-response analyses of the pathologic consequences of exposure to 60 equal once-weekly doses of fission neutrons or 60Co gamma rays were used to generate relative biological effectiveness (RBE) values for the major causes of death or for tumor occurrences. Cumulative probabilities of death or occurrence were generated for 15 categories of neoplastic disease in the interval 800-999 days since first exposure for each dose, sex, and radiation quality. Depending upon the pathologic endpoint, RBE values varied from about 10 to 50. Variation in RBE values was not random or nonsystematic. RBE values were lower for tumors involving the connective tissues (about 10 to 15) than for the epithelial tissue tumors (about 20 to 50). Females did have significantly higher risk coefficients for many endpoints. The results suggest that the RBE value of 20 for life shortening from all causes of death is a weighted average of the RBE values representing the individual neoplastic diseases (approximately 90% of the excess risk of mortality induced by radiation at low doses). These results in conjunction with the results of large-scale studies funded by the Department of Energy and using the same facilities, support the conclusion that the quality factor (Q) for fission neutrons should be raised from the present value of 10 to a value of 20.

NUREG/CR-4731 V02: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVER-VIEW. SHAH, V.N.; MACDONALD, P.E.; AMAR, A.S.; et al. EG&G Idaho, Inc. (subs. of EG&G, Inc.). November 1989. 467pp. 9002120329. EGG-2469. 52578:023.

This report presents an assessment of the aging (time-dependent degradation) of selected major light water reactor components and structures. The stressors, pcreible degradation sites and mechanisms, potential failure modes, and current inservice inspection requirements are discussed for eleven major light water reactor components: reactor coolant pumps, pressurized water reactor (PWR) pressurizers, PWR pressurizer surge and spray lines, PWR reactor coolant system charging and safety injection nozzles, PWR feedwater lines, PWR control rod drive mechanisms and reactor internals, boiling water reactor (BWR) containments, BWR feedwater and main steam lines, BWR control rod drive mechanisms and reactor internals, electrical cables and connections, and emergency diesel generators. Unresolved technical issues related to understanding and managing the aging of these major components are identified.

NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1: LONG-TERM EMBRITTLEMENT OF CAST DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS.Semiannual Report,October 1987 - March 1988. CHOPRA,O.K.; CHUNG,H.M. Argonne National Laboratory. February 1990. 58pp. 9003070245. ANL-89/22. 52802:198.

The progress report services work performed by Argonne National Laboratory collossererm embrittlement of cast duplex stainless steels in LW: soums during the six months than October 1987 to March 1988. A mechanistic under as says of the activation energy of aging is described on the task of ne results of microstructural characterization of values leats of Grades CF-3, CF-8, and CF-8M stainless steel that a ere used in aging studies at different laboratories. The kinetics of the spinodal decomposition of ferrite (i.e., the primary mechanism of aging embrittlement) appear to be strongly influenced by a synergisac effect of G-phase nucleation and grow . When the activation energies (ranging from 18 to 50 kcal/mole) were plotted as a function of the volume fraction of G phase produced during accelerated aging, a good correlation was obtained regardless of variations in grade, bulk chemical composition, and fabrication process. Spinodal-like decomposition of austenite in heats containing a relatively high level of Ni has also been investigated. Charpy-impact data for thermally aged cast stainless steel were analyzed to determine the kinetics and extent of embrittlemont. The ferrite morphology had a strong effect on the extent of embrittlement, whereas the material composition influenced the kinetics of embrittiement. Results obtained from the present study of mechanical properties, and data of other investigators were analyzed to develop the procedure and correlations for predicting the kinetics and extent of embrittlement, under reactor operating conditions, from the material parameters.

NUREG/CR-4682: QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASON-IC TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICA-TIONS. SPANNER, J.C.; DOCTOR, S.R.; TAYLOR, T.T.; et al. Battelle Memorial Institute, Pacific Northwest Laboratory, March 1990. 150pp. 9004100344. PNL-6179. 53350:090.

The report documents one of the tasks conducted under a Pacific Northwest Laboratory (PNL) program entitled Evaluation and Improvement of NDE Reliability for Inservice Inspection of Light Water Reactors (NDE Rudisbility Program) The objective of this task was to develop recommended requirements and processes for qualifying the UT/ISI systems (personnel, equipment, and procedures) for inservice inspection of nuclear power plant components. This report describes an overall qualification process intended to achieve statistically designed performance validations, as well as include the prerequisite training and other qualification recommendations. The document also contains recommendations for the test specimens, environment, and other conditions under which the qualification processes should be conducted. In general, the recommendations described in this document are more stringent than the current industry requirements; however, there are exceptions. The major areas where specific enhancements are recommended include more stringent criteria for Level III qualifications, explicit recommendations for regualification, greater emphasis on periodic (annual) training, and recommendations for coordinating and administering the qualification processes on a national (rather than local employer) basis.

NUREG/CR-5169: MC9ILIZATION AND TRANSPORT OF URA-NIUM AT URANIUM MILL TAILINGS DISPOSAL SITES Application Of A Chemical Transport Model. ER&SON.R.L.; HOSTETLER,C.J.; KEMNER,M.L. Battelle Memorial Institute, Pacific Northwest Laboratory, January 1990. 115pp. 9002120263. PNL-7154. 52596:210.

The geochemical processes of aqueous specification, precipitation, dissolution, and adsorption influence the transport of uranium at uranium mill tailings disposal sites. Traditional transport models involve the use of a single parameter, the retardation factor, to simulate the stacts of these geochemical processes. Single parameter models are most applicable to field situations exhibiting no changes in major element chemistry along the flow path. Because of the changes in major element chemistry that occur when acidic leachate contacts a neutralizing soil, a single parameter transport model cannot accurately capture the details of uranium migration at a number of disposal sites. We have used a chemical transport model to qualitatively describe the effects of geochemical mechanisms on uranium transport. The result is a generalized conceptual model that can reproduce the features observed at a number of uranium mill tailings disposal sites.

NUREG/CR-5229 V02: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTI-GATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989.Annual Report. MCCONNELL,J.W.; ROGERS,R.D. EG&G Idaho, Inc. (subs. of EG&G, Inc.). DAVIS,E.C.; et al. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. February 1990. 52pp. 9003120764. EGG-2577. 52882:124.

The EPICOR-II Resin/Liner Investigation: Low-Level Waste Data Base Development Program, funded by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), is studying the degradation effects in EPICOR-II organic ion exchange resins caused by radiation; examining the adequacy of test procedures recommended in the Branch Technical Position on Waste Forms to meet the requirements of 10 CFR 61 using solidified EPICOR-II resin; obtaining performance information on solidified EPICOR-II resin; obtaining performance information on solidified EPICOR-II ion exchange resins in a disposal environment; and determining the condition of EPICOR-II liners. This report summarizes accomplishments of Fiscal Year 1989.

NUREG/CR-5256: COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORM-ANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY. DAVIS, P.A.; PRICE, L.L.; WAHI, K.K.; et al. Sandia National Laboratories. February 1990. 101pp. 9003190287. SAND88-3020. 53012:285.

Both the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) have promulgated regulations regarding the performance of geologic repositories for the disposal of high-level nuclear waste. Specifically, the EPA has promulgated three quantitative, postclosure requirements that apply to the entire disposal system, while the NRC's three quantitative, postclosure requirements apply only to particular subsystems of the repository. To assess compliance with all six of these quantitative requirements, the phenomena that can affect the performance of the repository, the processes by which these phenomena are produced, and the parameters associated with these processes will have to be identified and quantified. In addition, the analyses performed to assess compliance will have to be conducted in accordance with a performance assessment methodology to ensure that all regulatory criteria are addressed. A performance assessment methodology proposed by Sandia National Laboratories is composed of scenario development and screening, consequence analysis, uncertainty analysis, and sensitivity analysis. This methodology can be used to assess compliance with the EPA's and NRC's requirements.

8

MUREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL, VOLUME 4:MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROPERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS. BUCCAFURNI,A.: CARLSON, E.R.: CHAMBERS,R.: et al. EG&G Idaho, Inc. (subs. of EG&G, Inc.). February 1990. 1,000pp, 9003190269. EGG-2555. 53002:040.

This report describes the materials properties correlations and computer subcodes (MATPRO) developed for use with various light water reactor (LWR) accident analysis computer programs. Formulation of the materials properties are generally semiempiricas in nature. The materials properties subcodes contained in this document are for uranium, uranium dioxide, mixed uranium-plutonium dioxide fuel, zircaloy cladding, zirconium dioxide, stainless steel, stainless steel oxide, silver-indium-cadmium alloy, boron carbide, inconel 718, zirconium-uranium-oxygen melts, and fill gas mixtures.

NUREG/CR-5296: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-17:PIPE CRACKS IN STAGNANT BORATED WATER SYSTEMS AT PWR PLANTS. FOLEY, W.J.; DEAN, R.S.; HENNICK, A. PARAM-ETER, Inc. February 1990. 35pp. 9004090172. PARAMETER IE177. 53314:237.

Documentation is provided in this report for the closeout of IE Bulletin 79-17 and its revision on the safety-related subject of pipe cracks in stagnant borated water systems at operating plants with pressurized water reactors (PWRs). Closeout is based on the implementation and verification of actions required by the bulletin. Evaluation of utility responses and NRC/Region inspection reports indicates that the bulletin is closed for all of the 41 operating PWRs to which it was issued for action. It is concluded that the concerns of the bulletin have been resolved. Background information is supplied in the Introduction and Appendix A.

NUREG/CR-5289: CLOSEC: IT OF IE BULLETIN 79-23:POTEN-TIAL FAILURE OF EMERIGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR FIELD EXCITER TRANSFORMER. FOLEY.W.J.: DEAN,R.S.; HENNICK,A. PARAMETER, Inc. March 1990. 27pp. 9004090279. PARAMETER IE180. 53330:298.

Documentation is provided in this report for the closeout of IE Bulletin 79-23 regarding the potential failure of emergency diesel generator field exciter transformers. Closeout is based upon the implementation and verification of three actions required by the bulletin. Evaluation of utility responses and NRC/ Region inspection reports indicates that the bulletin is closed for all of the 119 nuclear power facilities with an operating license or a construction permit at the time the bulletin was issued, September 12, 1979. Deviations from bulletin testing requirements, along with licensee justifications, are listed. It is concluded that the problem of concern was not generic, since only two plants, Nine Mile Point 1 and Turkey Point, required modifications to correct connections which could cause high circulating currents. The problem at Turkey Point is described in the bulletin (see page A-1). Background information is supplied in the Introduction and Appendix A

NUREG/CR-5298: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BINDING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS. FOLEY,W.J.; DEAN,R.S.; HENNICK,A. PARAMETER, Inc. January 1990. 37pp. 9003070241. PARAMETER IE189. 52803:268.

Documentation is provided in this report for the closeout of IE Bulletin 85-01 regarding steam binding of auxiliary feedwater pumps for certain pressurized water reactors (PWRs) in nuclear power facilities. Individual facility closeouts are based on the implementation and verification of the three actions required by the bulletin. Evaluation of utility responses and NRC/Region inspection reports indicates that the bulletin is closed for 44 (92%) of the 48 facilities to which it was issued for action. Followup items are proposed for the use of NRC regional inspectors in ensuring satisfactory completion of required actions for the four facilities with open bulletin status. Conclusions are summarized in accordance with Generic Letter 88-03, which announced the NRC Staff's resolution of Generic Issue 93 on the subject of this bulletin. Background information is supplied in the introduction and Appendix A.

NUREG/CR-002: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-10: CON-TAMINATION OF NONRADIOACTIVE SYSTEM AND RESULT-ING POTENTIAL FOR UNMONITORED, UNCONTROLLED RE-LEASE OF RADIOACTIVITY TO ENVIRONMENT. FOLEY, W.J.; DEAN, R.S.; HENNICK, A. PARAMETER, Inc. February 1990. 30pp. 9003120758. PARAMETER IE193. 52882:237.

Documentation is provided in this report for the closeout of IE Bulletin 80-10 regarding contamination of nonradioactive systems resulting in the potential for unmonitored, uncontrolled release of radioactivity to the environment. Closeout is based on the documentation and verification of four actions required by the bulletin for holders of an operating license for a nuclear power tacility at the time the bulletin was issued (05-06-80). The bulletin was issued for information to holders of a construction permit for a nuclear power facility. Evaluation of utility responses and NRC/Region inspection reports in accordance with the close-out criterion indicates that the bulletin is closed for 65 (98%) of the 66 nuclear power facilities to which it was issued for action. A follow-up item is proposed for the facility with open status, for the use of NRC regional inspectors in ensuring successful completion of required actions. When the bulletin is closed as anticipated for the facility which requires follow-up (see page C-1), the concerns of the bulletin will have been resolved completely. Background information is supplied in the Introduction and Appendix A

NUREG/CR-5307: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-02: INAD-EQUATE QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR NUCLEAR SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT. FOLEY, W.J.; DEAN, R.S.; HENNICK, A. PARAME-TER, Inc. December 1989. 15pp. 9002120237. PARAMETER IE198. 52611:204.

Documentation is provided in this report for the closeout of IE Bulletin 80-02. The subject is inadequate quality assurance for nuclear equipment supplied by the Marvin Engineering Company. The equipment of concern is supplied either directly or through other suppliers for use in General Electric boiling water reactors (BWRs). Closeout is based on the implementation and verification of three (3) required actions. Evaluation of utility responses and NRC/Region inspection reports indicates that the bulletin is closed for all of the 38 BWR facilities to which it was issued for action. It is concluded that the safety concerns reflected in the IE Bulletin 80-02 were adequately resolved by the actions taken by licensees and verified by NRC inspectors. Background information is presented in the Introduction and Appendix A.

NUREG/CR-5316: MLT PROGRESSION, OXIDATION, AND NATURAL CONVECTION IN A SEVERELY DAMAGED REAC-TOR CORE. DOSANJH, S.S. Sandia National Laboratories. February 1990, 93pp. 9003070229. SAND88-3476. 53361:156.

In the revised Severe Accident Research Program plan, the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission places a great emphasis on code documentation. This present report, which describes work that was conducted over a period of several years in the MELPROG code development project, is intended to support this goal. Of interest here is the late phase of core melt progression. A model that treats some of the important physical processes that can occur during this phase of the accident is described herein. A number of straightforward examples are given to illustrate the utility of the model and to identify the dominant physical processes.

NUREG/CR-5368: REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS.A Reassessment Of The Design-Basis Events. DIAMOND.D.J.; HSU.C.J.; FITZPATRICK.R. Brookhaven National Laboratory. January 1990. 135pp. 9002120269. BNL-NUREG-52198. 52596:325.

This report documents a study of light water reactor event sequences which have been investigated for their potential to result in reactivity accidents with severe consequences. The study is an outgrowth of the concern which arose after the acci-

dent ai Chernobyl and was recommended by the report of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Comission (NRC) on the implications of that accident (NUREG-1251). The work was done for the NRC to reconfirm or bring into question previous judgements on reactivity events which must be analyzed for licensing. Event sequences were defined and then a probabilistic assessment was completed to estimate the frequency of the reactivity event and/or a deterministic calculation was completed to estimate the consequences to the fuel. Using the results of this analysis done by others, and a set of screening criteria developed within this study, judgements were made for each sequence as to its importance, and recommendations were made as to whether the NRC ought to be considering the important sequences as part of the design basis or for further, more detailed, investigation.

NUREG/CR-5376: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF THE MACCS CODE, Version 1.5. DOBBE,C.A., MARWIL,E.S.; CARLSON,E.R.; et al. EG&G Idaho, Inc. (subs. of EG&G, Inc.). February 1990. 61pp. 9003120744. EGG-2566. 52882:176.

An independent quality assurance (QA) and verification of Version 1.5 of the MELCOR Accident Consequence Code System (MACCS) was performed. The QA and verification involved examination of the code and associated documentation for consistent and correct implementation of the models in an error-free FORTRAN computer code. The QA and verification was not intended to determine either the adequacy or appropriateness of the models that are used in MACCS 1.5. The reviews uncovered errors which were fixed by the SNL MACCS code development staff prior to the release of MACCS 1.5. Some difficulties related to documentation improvement and code restructuring are also presented. The QA and verification process concluded that Version 1.5 of the MACCS code, within the scope and limitations of the models implemented in the code, is essentially error free and ready for widespread use.

NUREG/CR-5381: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MATERIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS. PHILBIN,J.S. Sandia National Laboratories. SALOIO,J.H. ERC Environmental & Energy Services, Inc. ROLLSTIN,J. Gram, Inc. March 1990. 177pp. 9004100430. SAND89-1302. 53344:114.

Several potential incident scenarios involving the accidental release of radioactive material at five reference, nonreactor nuclear material licensees are analyzed in this report. The economic risk (\$/licensee/yr) of decontamination is evaluated for each reference licensee. Although most releases and cleanup costs are minor, some less frequent incidents may result in very high cleanup costs that dominate the economic risk of decontamination of a particular licensee. The economic risk for the 5 plants ranged from a low of \$14,000 per licensee per year to a high of \$104,000 per licensee per year. This report is the second of two reports by Sandia National Laboratories on the economic risk of nonreactor nuclear material licensee operations. This report provides technical basis for a proposed financial responsibility rulemaking for nonreactor nuclear material licensees.

NUREG/CR-5386: BASIS FOR SNUBBER AGING RESEARCH: NUCLEAR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM. BROWN,D.P. Lake Engineering, Inc. PALMER,G.R. Wyle Laboratories. WERRY,E.V.; et al. Battelle Memorial Institute, Pacific Northwest Laboratory. January 1990. 119pp. 9002120341. PNL-6911. 52601:008. This report describes a research plan to address the safety concerns of aging in snubbers used on piping and equipment in commercial nuclear power plants. The work is to be performed under Phase II of the Snubber Aging Study of the Nuclear Plant Aging Research Program of the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission with the Pacific Northwest Laboratory (PNL) as the prime contractor. Research conducted by PNL under Phase I provided an initial assessment of snubber operating experience and was primarily based on a review of licensee event reports. The work proposed is an extension of Phase I and includes research at nuclear power plants and in test laboratories. Included is technical background on the design and use of snubbers in commercial nuclear power applications; the primary failure modes of both hydraulic and mechanical snubbers are discussed. The anticipated safety, technical, and regulatory benefits of the work, along with concerns of the NRC and the utilities, are also described.

NUREG/CR-5395 V02: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT.Test Group 30, Mapping Tests. GEISSLER.G.O. Babcock & Wilcox Co. December 1989. 1,058pp. 9003070265. EPRI/NP-6480. 52803:305.

The Multiloop Integral System Test (MIST) is part of a multiphase program started in 1983 to address small-break loss-ofcoolant accidents (SBLOCAs) specific to Babcock and Wilcox designed plants. MIST is sponsored by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Babcock & Wilcox Owners Group, the Electric Power Research Institute, and Babcock and Wilcox. The unique features of the Babcock and Wilcox design, specifically the hot leg U-herids and steam generators, prevented the use of existing integral system data or existing integral facilities to address the thermal-hydraulic SBLOCA questions. MIST and two other supporting facilities were specifically designed and constructed for this program, and an existing facility--the Once Through Integral System (OTIS)-was also used. Data from MIST and the other facilities will be used to benchmark the adequacy of system codes, such as RELAP5 and TRAC, for predicting abnormal plant transients. The MIST program is reported in 11 volumes. The program is summarized in Volume 1; Volumes 2 through E describes groups of tests by test type; Volume 9 presents inter-group comparisons; Volume 10 provides comparisons between the calculations of RELAP5/MOD2 and MIST observations, and Volume 11 presents the later Phase 4 tests. This Volume 2 pertains to MIST mapping tests performed to traverse the early post-SBLOCA events slowly. The tests investigated the effect of test-to-test variations in boundary system controls, and only the primary fluid mass varied during a specific test in this test group.

NUREG/CR-5395 V10: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT. RELAP5/MOD2 MIST Analysis Comparisons. KLINGENFUS, J.A.; PARECE, M.V. Babcock & Volicox Co. December 1989. 300pp. 9002120143. EPRI/NP-6480. 52580:313.

The Multiloop Integral System Test (MIST) is part of a multiphase program started in 1983 to address small-break loss-ofcoolant accidents (SBLOCAs) specific to Babcock and Wilcox designed plants. MIST is sponsored by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Babcock & Wilcox Owners Group, the Electric Power Research Institute, and Babcock and Wilcox. The unique features of the Babcock and Wilcox design, specifically the hot leg U-bends and steam generators, prevented the use of existing integral system data or existing integral facilities to address the thermal-hydraulic SBLOCA questions. MIST and two other supporting facilities were specifically designed and constructed for this program, and an existing facility--the Once Through Integral System (OTIS)--was also used. Data from MIST and the other facilities will be used to benchmark the adequacy of system codes, such as RELAP5 and TRAC, for predicting abnormal plant transients. The MIST program is reported in 11 volumes. The program is summarized in Volume 1; Volumes 2 through 8 describes groups of tests by test type; Volume 9 presents inter-group comparisons; Volume 10 provides comparisons between the calculations of RELAP5/MOD2 and MIST observations, and Volume 11 presents the later Phase 4 tests. The comparisons of RELAP5/MOD2 against the

MIST data and conclusions reached are the subject of this volume.

NUREG/CR-5398: TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING. PRICE,L.L.: WAHI,K.K.; GALLEGOS,D.P.; et al. Sandia National Laboratories. March 1990. 43pp. 9004100413. SAND89-1557. 53344:042.

Both the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) have promulgated regulations regarding the performance of geologic repositories for the disposal of high-level nuclear waste. One of the responsibilities of the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) is to demonstrate compliance with the appropriate regulations. The DOE will most likely use extensive numerical modeling to show compliance with the various quantitative requirements. Theses analyses will then be evaluated by the NRC. There are different levels of evaluation: peer review, conservative estimates, use of existing models/codes, and development of models/codes by the NRC. The intensity of the review will vary from analysis to analysis, depending on the importance of the analysis, the acceptability of the conceptual model behind the analysis and the solution technique used, and the potential for increasing confidence in the system description, should the NRC decide to develop its own models/codes. An appropriate level of review can be determined by applying these four criteria in a specific manner

NUREG/CR-5404 V01: AUXILIARY FEEDWATER SYSTEM AGING STUDY. CASADA,D.A. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. March 1990. 183pp. 9004090260. ORNL-6566. 53314:311.

This report documents the results of a study of the Auxiliary Feedwater (AFW) System that has been conducted for the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission's Nuclear Plant Aging Research Progam. The study reviews historical failure data available from the Nuclear Plant Reliability Data System, Licensee Event Report Sequence Coding and Search System, and Nuclear Power Experience data bases. The failure histories of AFW System components are considered from the perspectives of how the failures were detected and the significance of the failure. Results of a detailed review of operating and monitoring practices at a plant owned by a cooperating utility are presented. General system configurations and pertinent data are provided for Westinghouse and Babcock and Wilcox units.

NUREG/CR-5405: ANALYSIS OF SHELL-RUPTURE FAILURE DUE TO HYPOTHETICAL ELEVATED-TEMPERATURE PRES-SURIZATION OF THE SEQUOYAH UNIT 1 STEEL CONTAIN-MENT BUILDING. MILLER, J.D. Sandia National Laboratories. February 1990. 100pp. 9003070222. SAND89-1650. 52811:132.

Sandia National Laboratories, as part of the Containment Integrity Programs under the sponsorship of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC), has developed analytical techniques for predicting the performance of light water reactor steel containment buildings subject to loads beyond the design basis. The analytical techniques are based on experience with largescale steel containment model tests that provided important insights and experimental validation of the analytical methods. As a means of demonstrating these analytical techniques, the NRC asked Sandia to conduct a structural evaluation of an actual steel containment building. The objective of the analysis was to determine the actual pressure capacity and the mode, location, and size of failure, where a functional definition of failure is used. The purpose of this report is to document the calculations performed to determine the pressure limits for the shell-rupture mode of failure. General failure of the containment shell is predicted by application of a failure criterion to the results from finite element structural analyses. The failure criterion relates the calculated values of strain in the containment plates, due to internal-pressurization loading, to the ultimate strain limit of the steel. Included in the failure criterion are adjustments for factors inherent in finite element analysis, such as level of detail and element size of finite element model and variations in material property data. Separate finite element models were used to evaluate the overall free-field behavior of the structure and the localized behavior at a specific penetration location. Three scenarios of static internal pressurization, based on gases building up slowly within the containment shell during a severe accident. were evaluated. The scenarios included pressure loading with temperatures uniformly increasing in the finite element model in correspondence to the properties of pressurized saturated steam, pressure loading with non-uniformly increasing temperatures, and pressure loading without a corresponding temperature increase, which was done for comparison with earlier published analyses. It is concluded that thermal effects do not change the overall response of the structure or the general shell failure mode, compared to the response due to pressurization at ambient temperature. The reduction in the predicted internal-pressure capacity of the containment building at temperature corresponds to the reduction in the ultimate strength of the A516 Grade 60 steel due to the temperature increase.

NUREG/CR-5419: AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYSTEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS. VILLARAN,M.: FULLWOOD,R.; SUBUDHI,M. Brookhaven National Laboratory. January 1990, 139pp. 9003070250. BNL-NUREG-52212. 52803:129.

NRC Generic issue 43, "Contamination of Instrument Air Lines", has been unresolved since 1980. The potential seriousness of this issue was reinforced in a 1987 study by the Office for Analysis and Evaluation of Operational Data. Aging of components within compressed air systems, leading to degraded function of the system, is the subject of this study. This work was performed under the auspices of the NRC's Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research as part of the Nuclear Plant Aging Research (NPAR) Program. The objective of this study was to identify all the aging modes and their causes, which should be mitigated to achieve a reliable operation of all safety-related at equipment. Also included is an interim review of typical mainte nance activities for air systems in the nuclear power industry. The Phase 2 effort of this study will make recommendations for developing an effective maintenance program industry-wide to counter the effects of aging. The analysis of operating experience data revealed that aging degradation occurs in the compressed air system, and becomes a factor as the system ages. Normal wear of the system and contamination of the air dominate the problems of system failure. Existing maintenance programs within the industry lack uniformity, and quality assurance is not rigorous because the system is classified as non-safety.

NUREG/CR-5421: LAPUR USER'S GUIDE. OTADUY,P.J.; MARCH-LEUBA,J. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. January 1990. 77pp. 9003070237. ORNL-TM/11285. 52801:001.

LAPUR, a computer program in FORTRAN-IV, is a mathematical description of the core of a boiling water reactor. Its two linked modules, LAPURX and LAPURW, respectively solve the steady state governing equations for the coolant and fuel and d e dynamic equations for the coolant, fuel, and neutron field in the frequency domain. General implementation descriptions are followed by a detailed description of input and output parameters of LAPURX and LAPURW. Sample inputs are included and stability benchmarks are noted.

NUREG/CR-5424: ELICITING AND ANALYZING EXPERT JUDGEMENT.A Practical Guide. MEYER.M.A.; BOOKER.J.M. Los Alamos National Laboratory. January 1990. 424pp. 9002120292, LA-11667-MS. 52574:303.

In this book we describe how to elicit and analyze expert judgment. Expert judgment is defined here to include both the experts' answers to technical questions and their mental processes in reaching an answer. It refers specifically to data that are obtained in a deliberate, structured manner that makes use of the body of research on human cognition and communication. Our aim is to provide a guide for lay persons in expert judgment. These persons may be from physical and engineering

sciences, mathematics and statistics, business, or the military. We provide background on the uses of expert judgment and on the processes by which humans solve problems, including those that lead to bias. Detailed guidarice is offered on how to elicit expert judgment ranging from selecting the questions to be posed of the experts to selecting and motivating the experts to setting up for and conducting the elicitation. Analysis procedures are introduced and guidance is given on how to understand the data base structure, detect bias and correlation, form models, and aggregate the expert judgments.

NUREG/CR-5435: ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON CORRO-SION IN THE TUFF REPOSITORY. BEAVERS, J.A.; THOMPSON, N.G. Cortest Columbus, Inc. February 1990. 149pp. 9003190296. 53012:133.

Cortest Columbus is investigating the long-term performance of container materials used for high-level waste packages as part of the information needed by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to assess the Department of Energy's application to construct a geologic repository for high-level radioactive waste. The scope of work consists of employing short-term techniques. such as electrochemical and slow strain rate mechanical test techniques, to examine a wide range of possible failure modes. Long-term tests are being used to verify and further examine specific failure modes identified as important by the short-term studies. This report summarizes the results of a literature survey performed under Task 1 of the program. The survey focuses on the influence of environmental variables on the corrosion behavior of candidate container materials for the Tuff repository. Environmental variables considered included: radiation, thermal and microbial effects.

NUKEG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL:TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6. NAUS,D.J.; KEENEY-WALKER; BASS,B.R.; et al. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. February 1990. 143pp. 9003070238. ORNL/TM-11352. 52802:055.

Two 152-mm-thick wide-plate crack-arrest tests (WP-2 series) are discussed in this report. Each test used a 1 x 1 x 0.15 m thick single-edge-notch specimen (a/w = 0.2), fabricated from a low-upper-shell base material, that was subjected to a linear thermal gradient along the plane of crack propagation. The tests were conducted at the National Institute of Standards and Technology and were designed to provide fracture-toughness measurements at temperatures approaching or above the oncet of the Charpy upper-shelf regime in a rising toughness region and with an increasing driving force. Results obtained from these tests have produced crack-arrest toughness values well above the limit recognized by the current ASME guidelines (220 MPa $\cdot \sqrt{m}$) with arrests occuring at 44 to 102 degrees C above the material DW(NDT) (60 degrees C). The fracture data support (1) the use of fracture mechanics concepts to analyze cleavage run-arrest events, (2) the treatment of cleavage run-arrest and ductile fracture modes as separate events, and (3) the fact that cleavage arrest occurs above the ASME limit.

NUREG/CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT A'R SYSTEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS. DEMOSS,G.; LOFGREN,E.; ROTHLEDER,B.; et al. Science Applications International Corp. (formerly Science Applications, Inc.). January 1990. 165pp. 9003070261. BNL-NUREG-52220. 52802:324.

The broad objective of this analysis was to provide risk-based information to help focus regulatory actions related to instrument Air (IA) systems at operating nuclear power plants. We first created an extensive data base of summarized and characterized IA-related events that gave a qualitative indication of the nature and severity of these events. Additionally, this data base was used to calculate the frequencies of certain events, which were used in the risk analysis. The risk analysis consisted of reviewing published PRAs and NRC Accident Sequence Precursor reports for IA-initiated accident sequences, IA interactions with frontline systems, and IA-related risk significant events. Sensitivity calculations were performed when possible. Generically, IA was found to contribute less to total risk than many safety systems; however, specific design weaknesses in safety systems, non-safety systems, and the IA system were found to be significant in risk.

NUREG/CR-5474: ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES. LUCKAS,W.J.; VANDENKIE-BOOM; LEHNER,J.R. Brookhaven National Laboratory. March 1990. 46pp. 9004100337. BNL-NUREG-52221. 53343:029.

A set of selected candidate accident management strategies, whose purpose is to prevent or mitigate in-vessel core damage, were developed from various NRC and industry reports. These strategies have been grouped in this report by the challenges they are intended to meet, and assessed to provide information which may be useful to individual licensees for consideration then they perform their individual Plant Examinations. Each asssment focused on describing and explaining the strategy, unsidering its relationship to existing requirements and practices as well as identifying possible associated adverse effects.

NUREG/CR-5476: POSTTEST ANALYSIS OF A 1:6-SCALE RE-INFORCED CONCRETE REACTOR CONTAINMENT BUILD-ING. WEATHERBY,J.R. Sandia National Laboratories. February 1990. 96pp. 9004030052. SAND89-2603. 53226:001.

In an experiment conducted at Sandia National Laboratories, a 1:6-scale model of a reinforced concrete light water reactor containment building was pressurized with nitrogen gas to more than three times its design pressure. The pressurization produced one large tear and several smaller tears in the steel liner plate that functioned as the primary pneumatic seal for the structure. This report describes posttest finite element analyses of the 1:6-scale model test and compares pretest predictions of the structural response to the experimental results. Strains and displacements calculated in axisymr.« tric finite element analyses of the 1:6-scale model are compared to strains and displacements measured in the experiment. Detailed analyses of the liner plate are also described in the report. The results from these analyses indicate that the primary mechanisms that initiated the tear can be captured in a two-dimensional finite element model. Furthermore, the analyses show that studs which were used to anchor the liner to the concrete wall, played an important role in initiating the liner tear.

NUREG/CR-5477: AN EVALUATION OF THE RELIABILITY AND USEFULNESS OF EXTERNAL-INITIATOR PRA METHODOLO-GIES. BUDNITZ,R.J.; LAMBERT,H.E. Future Resources Associates, Inc. January 1990. 111pp. 9002120348. 52577:129.

This report, prepared to assist policy-level decision-makers, evaluates the extent to which each category of external-initiators PRA methodology produces reliable and useful results and insights, at its current state-of-the-art level. This report addresses this need in the following five categories of external initiators: (1) earthquakes; (2) internal lines; (3) external floods; (4) extreme winds; and (5) transportation accidents. Each initiator is examined separately. The thrust is to identify and describe the principal aspects of the current state-of-the-art PRA methodology, what aspects are less robust and therefore provide less reliable insights, and why.

NUREG/CR-5478: IMPROVED EDDY-CURRENT INSPECTION FOR STEAM GENERATOR TUBING. Progress Report For January 1985 To December 1987. DODD,C.V.; DEEDS,W.E.; MCCLUNG,R.W. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. January 1990. 36pp. 9002120284. ORNL/TM-11389. 52597:255.

A major limitation of eddy-current inspection of steam generator tubing is that small flaw signals can be masked by the effects of benign variables, such as tube supports. To identify the critical flaw properties accurately and reliably in the presence of signals caused by these other property variations, we must have enough information to distinguish the flaw signals from the extraneous ones. Therefore, we developed instrumentation to measure both the amplitude and the phase of the eddy-current signal at several different frequencies, as well as computer equipment to process the data quickly and reliably. This need to detect small flaws in the presence perturbing property variations has also required the development of more sensitive and more complicated probes, such as pancake and reflection probes. These smaller coils can detect much smaller flaws and are less sensitive to artifacts outside the tube, such as tube supports, magnetite, or copper. By being pressed against the tube wall, they also avoid littoff effects. To increase the inspection speed an array of these small coils has been constructed and tested. Finally, new and more complicated tube standards were constructed to include the range of property variations.

NUREG/CR-5479: CURRENT APPLICATIONS OF VIBRATION MONITORING AND NEUTRON NOISE ANALYSIS.Detection And Analysis Of Structural Degradation Of Reactor Vessel Infornals From Operational Aging, DAMIANO,B.; KRYTER,R.C. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. February 1990. 43pp. 9004090190. ORNL/TM-11398. 53314:270.

This report, which was prepared under the Nuclear Plant Aging Research Program sponsored by the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission, discusses the application of vibration monitoring and neutron noise analysis for monitoring light water reactor (LWR) vessel internals. The report begins by describing the effects of loss of structural integrity on internals vibration and how sensible parameters can be used to detect and track the progress of degradation. This is followed by a description and comparison of vibration monitoring and neutron noise analysis, two methods for monitoring the mechanical integrity of reactor vessel internal components. The major section of the report describes the status of reactor vessel internals condition monitoring programs in the United States, Federal Republic of Germany, and France, three countries having substantial commitments to nuclear power. The last section presents guidelines for U.S. utilities wishing to establish reactor internals condition monitoring programs.

NUREG/CR-5482: LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATU-RATED FRACTURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF. CHUANG,Y.; HALDEMAN,W.R.; RASMUSSEN,T.C.; et al. Arizona, Univ. of, Tucson, AZ. February 1990. 332pp. 9003070258. 52801:083.

Laboratory techniques are developed that allow concurrent measurement of unsaturated matrix hydraulic conductivity and fracture transmissivity of fractured rock blocks. Two Apache Leap tuff blocks with natural fractures were removed from near Superior, Arizona, shaped into rectangular prisms, and instrumented in the laboratory. Porous ceramic plates provided solution to block tops at regulated pressures. Infiltration tests were performed on both test blocks. Steady flow testing of the saturated first block provided estimates of matrix hydraulic conductivity and fracture transmissivity. Fifteen centimeters of suction applied to the second block top showed that fracture flow was minimal and matrix hydraulic conductivity was an order of magnitude less than the first block saturated matrix conductivity. Coated-wire ion-selective electrodes monitored aqueous chlorided breakthrough concentrations. Minute samples of tracer solution were collected with filter paper. The techniques worked well for studying transport behavior at near-saturated flow conditions and also appear to be promising for unsaturated conditions. Breakthrough curves in the fracture and matrix, and a concentration map of chloride concentrations within the fracture, suggest preferential flow paths in the fracture and substantial diffusion into the matrix. Average travel velocity, dispersion coefficient and longitudinal dispersivity in the fracture are obtained.

NUREG/CR-5484: PH SENSORS BASED ON IRIDIUM OXIDE. TARLOV.M.J.; KREIDER,K.G.; SEMANCIK,S.; et al. National Institute of Standards & Technology (formerly National Bureau of Standa. March 1990. 21pp. 9004100360. 53344:092.

Results are presented on the pH-potential response of d.c. magnetron reactively sputtered indium oxide films. The films ex-

hibit a nearly Nernstian response to pH, no hysteresis effects, and minimal response to ionic interferences. Sensitivity to certain redox species is observed, however. In addition, methods are discussed for preparing model indium oxide sensor surfaces for ultrahigh vacuum surface analytical studies. Stoichiometric IrO(2)-like surfaces are shown to be relatively inert to gas phase water. However, hydroxylation of IrO(2)-like surfaces can be induced by rf water plasma treatment.

NUREG/CR-5491: SHIPPINGPORT STATION AGING EVALUA-TION, ALLEN,R.P.; JOHNSON,A.B. Battelle Memorial Institute, Pacific Northwest Laboratory. January 1990. 143pp. 9002120344. PNL-7191. 52577:240.

The Shippingport Atomic Power Station, the first U.S. largescale, central-station nuclear plant, now in the final stages of decommissioning, has been a major source of naturally aged equipment for the Nuclear Plant Aging Research (NPAR) and other U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) programs. The evaluation of naturally aged components is an integral part of the NPAR program strategy. Because naturally aged components and materials experience the actual service-related external stressors, corrosion and wear, testing procedures, and maintenance practices, their evaluation is valuable in verifying degradation models, validating aging projections based on the extrapolation of accelerated test data, and detecting unexpected aging mechanisms (surprises) that could significantly impact component or system safety performance. As part of the Shippingport Station aging evaluation work, more than 200 items, ranging in size from small instruments and materials samples to one of the main coolant pumps, have been removed and shipped to designated NRC contractors. Although detailed evaluations of the components and material from the Shippingport Station are just beginning, the preliminary results from the studies conducted to date are indicative of the value of the aging information that ultimately may be obtained.

NUREG/CR-5492: INVESTIGATIONS OF IRRADIATION-ANNEAL-REIRRADIATION (IAR) PROPERTIES TRENDS OF RPV WELDS.Phase 2 Final Report. HAWTHORNE,J.R.; HISER,A.L. Materials Engineering Associates, Inc. January 1990. 302pp. 9002120277. MEA-2088. 52574:001.

Notch ductility, fracture toughness and tensile property trends of two high copper content, submerged arc welds with 288 degrees C irradiation (I), 399 degrees C postirradiation annealing (IA) and 288 degrees C reirradiation (IAR) were investigated. Primary objectives included the determination of weld metal reembrittlement rate with fluence following an anneal and the influence of first cycle fluence level (high or low) on reembrittlement susceptibility. The welds were commercially made using a single lot of filler wire and two welding fluxes (Linde 80 and Linde 0091). A relatively-rapid reembrittlement of both weld types was observed with initial reirradiation; however, the reembrittlement rate decreased markedly after a reirradiation fluence of about ~0.3 x 10(19) n/cm(2), E greater than 1 Mev. In turn, the benefit of IA procedures toward reducing total properties change with fluence was retained. The reembrittlement trend was independent of first cycle fluence level for the range investigated. Residual embrittlement after 399 degrees C - 168 hour annealing, indexed by 41-J temperature, appears independent of the pre-anneal condition (I or IAR); however, wide variability among welds in percent recovery is indicated. Trends in IAR behavior from Charpy-V specimen tests were found to be reinforced by tensile specimen and fracture toughness (0.5T-CT specimen) test findings.

NUREG/CR-5493: INFLUENCE OF FLUENCE RATE ON RADI-ATION-INDUCED MECHANICAL PROPERTY CHANGES IN RE-ACTOR PRESSURE VESSEL STEELS.Final Report On Exploratory Experiments. HAWTHORNE, J.R.; HISER, A.L. Materials Engineering Associates, Inc. March 1990. 300pp. 9004100351. MEA-2376. 53344:299.

This report describes a set of experiments undertaken using a 2 MW test reactor, the UBR, to qualify the significance of fluence rate to the extent of embrittlement produced in reactor pressure vessel steels at their service temperature. The test materials included two reference plates (A 302-B, A 533-B steel) and two submerged arc weld deposits (Linde 80, Linde 0091 welding fluxes). Charpy-V (C(v)), tension and 0.5T-CT compact specimens were employed for notch ductility, strength and fracture toughness (J-R curve) determinations, respectively. Target fluence rates were 8 x 10(10), 6 x 10(11) and 9 x 10(12) n/cm(2)-s(-1). Specimen fluences ranged from 0.5 to 3.8 x 10(19) n/cm(2), E greater than 1 MeV. ... Sala describe a fluence-rate effect which may extend to power reactor surveillance as well as test reactor facilities now in use. The dependence of embrittlement sensitivity on fluence rate appears to differ for plate and weld deposit materials. Relatively good agreement in fluence-rate effects definition was observed among the three test methods.

NUREG/CR-5506: PRELIMINARY STRUCTURAL EVALUATION OF TROJAN RCL SUBJECT TO POSTULATED RPV SUPPORT FAILURE. LU,S.C. Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory. January 1990. 35pp. 9002120234. UCID-21831. 52611:224.

This report describes a preliminary structural evaluation made to determine whether the reactor coolant loop (RCL) piping of the Trojan nuclear power plant is capable of transferring the loads normally carried by the reactor pressure vessel (RPV) supports to other component supports in the RCL system if the RPV supports should fail, say from radiation damage. For the evaluation, we use the computer model of the RCL system of Unit 1 of the Zion nuclear power plant because it is readily available; the RCL systems of these two plants closely resemble each other. As a bounding case in the evaluation we postulate that all four RPV supports have failed. Two load combinations are evaluated: (1) the combination of dead weight, operating pressure, and the safe-shutdown earthquake, and (2) the combination of dead weight, operating pressure, and a loss-ofcoolant accident. Both load combinations are classified as Level D Service Limits in accordance with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Static and dynamic linear elastic analyses are conducted to comply with rules specified by Subsection NB in conjunction with Appendix F, Division 1, Section III of the ASME Code. Results of this preliminary evaluation indicate that ASME Code Appendix F requirements are satisfied by each of the load combinations considered in the analysis, leading to the conclusion that the Trojan RCL piping is capable of transferring the RPV support loads to the steam generator and reactor coolant pump supports.

NUREG/CR-5511: IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES-ARC STAINLESS STEEL WELD OVERLAY CLADDING HAGGAG,F.M.; CORWIN,W.R.; NANSTAD,R.K. Oak Ridge National Laboratory. February 1990. 155pp. 9003190328. ORNL/TM-11439. 53044:223.

The potential for stainless steel cladding to improve the fracture behavior of ... operating nuclear reactor pressure vessel. particularly during certain overcooling transients, may depend greatly on the properties of the irradiated cladding. Therefore, three-wire stainless steel cladding irradiated at temperatures and to fluences relevant to power reactor operation s a examined. Postirradiation tensile testing results show that, fro: -125 to 288 degrees C, the yield strength increased by 8 to 30%. ductility increased insignificantly, with almost no change in ultimate tensile strength. All cladding exhibited ductile-to-brittle transition behavior during Charpy impact testing, because of the dominance of delta ferrite failures at low temperatures. On the upper shelf, energy was reduced 15 and 20%, and lateral expansion 43 and 41%, owing to irradiation exposure of 2 and 5 x 10(19) neutrons /CM(2) (greater than I MeV), respectively. In addition, radiation damage resulted in 13 and 28 degrees C shifts of the Charpy impact transition temperature for the low and high fluences, respectively. Irradiation exposure of 12.5mm-thick compact specimens (0.5TCS), to a fluence of 2.41 x 10(19) neutrons/cm(2) (greater than I MeV), resulted in decreases in the initiation fracture toughness, J(Ic), and the tearing modules.

NUREG/CR-5512 DRF FC: RESIDUAL RADIOACTIVE CONTAMI-NATION FROM DECOMMISSIONING. Technical Basis For Translating Contamination Levels To Annual Dose.Draft Report For Comment. KENNEDY,W.E.; PELOQUIN,R.A. Battelle Memorial Institute, Pacific Northwest Laboratory. January 1990. 317pp. 9003070227. PNL-7212 52811:232.

This document describes the generic modeling of the total effective dose equivalent (TEDE) to an individual in a population from a unit concentration of residual radioactive contamination. Radioactive contamination inside buildings and soil contamination are considered. Unit concentration TEDE factors by radionuclide, exposure pathway, and exposure scenario are calculated. Reference radiation exposure scenarios are used to derive unit concentration TEDE factors for about 200 individual radionuclides and parent- daughter mixtures. For buildings, these unit concentration factors list the annual TEDE for volume and surface contamination situations. For soil, annual TEDE factors are presented for unit concentrations of radionuclides in soil during residential use of contaminated land and the TEDE per unit total inventory for potential use of drinking water from a groundwater source. Because of the generic treatment of potentiality complex ground-water systems, the annual TEDE factors for drinking water for a given inventory may only indicate when additional site data or modeling sophistication are warranted. Descriptions are provided of the models, exposure pathways, exposure scenarios, parameter values, and assumptions used. An analysis of the potential annual TEDE resulting from reference mixtures of residual radionuclides is provided to demonstrate application of the TEDE factors.

NUREG/CR-5516: CAUSES OF FAILING THE DRAFT ANSI STANDARD N13.30 RADIOBIOASSAY PERFORMANCE CRI-TERION FOR MINIMUM DETECTABLE AMOUNT. MACLELLAN, J.A. Battelle Memoria' Institute, Pacific Northwest Laboratory, February 1990. 43pp. 9003070190. PNL-7217. 52813:026.

The test methods used for PNL bioassay performance tests were evaluated by comparing the MDA based on performance tests results with the MDA calculated by PNL using the bioas-say laboratory's own quality control (QC) data. Two in vitro laboratories and two in vivo laboratories were studied and a correlation between the perfomance test MDA estimates and QC data was demonstrated. However, it was often necessary to examine the QC data to identify important characteristics of the blank distribution that affect the MDA calculation. Since the MDA equation must be based on the specific analysis and calculational methods of the procedure evaluated. Even when the correct MDA equation is applied, the MDA calculated will have a relatively large confidence interval when only a few replicates are used to estimate the standard deviation. For this reason, a relatively precise estimate of the MDA is generally only available when Poisson statistics may be applied. It was concluded that performance testing alone cannot provide all the information necessary to make an accurate estimate of the measurement process MDA. Review of the laboratory's QC data and the entire measurement procedure will be necessary. Specific rec-ommendations for changes to draft ANSI N13.30 "Performance Criteria for Radiobioassay" are given.

NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LASALLE PRA. WONG,S.; HIGGINS,J.; O'HARA,J.; et al. Brookhaven National Laboratory. March 1990. 152pp. 9004030071. BNL-NUREG-52228. 53226:169.

A sensitivity evaluation was conducted to assess the impact of human errors on the internal event risk parameters in the La-Salle plant. The results provide the variation in the risk parameters, namely, core melt frequericy and accident sequence fre-

×

Č

quencies, due to hypothetical changes in human error probabilities. Also provided are insights derived from the results, which highlight important areas for concentration of risk limitation efforts associated with human performance.

NUREG/IA-0012: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-01. HALL, P.C.; 8ROWN, G. Central Electricity Generating Board. January 1990. 40pp. 9002120283. GD/PE-N/544. 52597:215.

To assist CEGB in assessing the capabilities and status of RELAP5/MOD2, the code has been used to simulate SBLOCA test LP-SB-01 carried out in the LOFT experimental reactor under the OECD LOFT programe. This test simulated a 1.0% hot leg break in a PWR, with early tripping of the primary coolant circulating pumps. This report compares the results of the RELAP5/MOD2 analysis with experimental measurements.

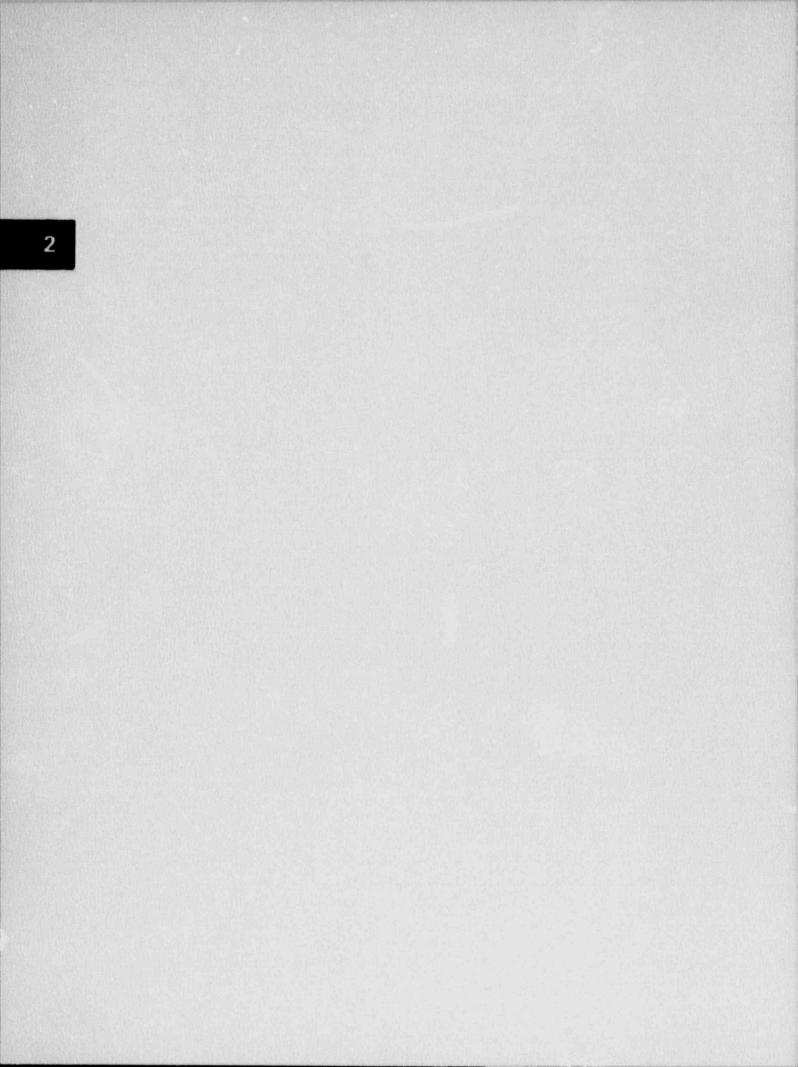
100 M

÷.

100

NUREG/IA-0013: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-03. HARWOOD,C.; BROWN,G. Central Electricity Generating Board. January 1990. 48pp. 9002120316. GD/ PE-N/535. 52611:083.

This report compares the results of the RELAP5/MOD2 analysis with experimental measurements. A simulation of test LP-SB-03 was previously carried out at GDCD using the RELAP5/ MODI code. RELAP5/MOD2 was developed from RELAP5/ MODI and contains more sophisticated hydraulic models and constitutive relationships. Comparison of the RELAP5/MOD2 and MOD1 calculations show that RELAP5/MOD2 performs better than RELAP5/MODI in a number of key areas; notably mass errors are much reduced, there is improved numerical stability, and improved separator modelling and modelling of accumulator injection.



Secondary Report Number Index

This index lists, in alphabetical order, the performing organization-issued report codes for the NRC contractor and international agreement reports in this compilation. Each code is cross-referenced to the NUREG number for the report and to the 10-digit NRC Document Control System accession number.

SECONDARY REPORT NUMBER	REPORT NUMBER	SECONDARY REPORT NUMBER	REPORT NUMBER
ANL-89/22	NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1	ORNL/NS/C-200	NUREG/CR-2000 V09 N2 NUREG/CR-2000 V09 N1
BAW-2078	NUREG/CR-5395 V10	ORNL/NSIC-200	NUREG/CR-5450
BAW-2080	NUREG/CR-5395 V02	ORNL/7M-11352	NUREG/CR-5478
BNL-NUREG-51454	NUREG/CR-2331 V09 N3	ORNL/TM-11389 ORNL/TM-11398	NUREG/CR-5479
BNL-NUREG-51742	NUREG/CR-3668	OR%L/TM-11439	NUREG/CR-5511
BNL-NUREG-52007	NUREG/CR-4659 V03	PARAMETER IE158	NUREG/CR-4661
BNL-NUREG-52198	NUREG/CR-5368	PARAMETER IE177	NUREG/CR-5288
BNL-NUREG-52212	NUREG/CR-5419	PARAMETER IE 180	NUREG/CR-5289
BNL-NUREG-52220	NUREG/CR-5472	PARAMETER IE189	NUREG/CR-5298
BNL-NUREG-52221	NUREG/CR-5474	PARAMETER IE193	NUREG/CR-5302
BNL-NUREG-52226	NUREG/CP-0110	PARAMETER IE198	NUREG/CR-5307
BNL-NUREG-52228	NUREG/CR-5527	PNL-6711	NUREG/CR-4469 V08 NUREG/CR-4469 V09
EGG-2469	NUREG/CR-4731 V02	Cist-5711	NUREG/CR-4882
EGG-2555	NUREG/CR-5273 V04	PNL-6179 PNL-6911	NUREG/CR-5386
EGG-2566	NUREG/CR-5376	PNL-0911 PNL-7154	NUREG/CR-5169
EGG-2577	NUREG/CR-5229 V02	PNL-7191	NUREG/CR-5491
EPRI/N2-6480	NUREG/CR-5395 V10	PNL-7212	NUREG/CR-5512 DRF FC
EPRI/NP-6480	NUREG/CR-5395 V02	PNL-721.	NUREG/CR-5516
GD/PE-N/535	NUREG/IA-0013	SAND85-7185	NUREG/CR-4214 R01 PI
GD/PE-N/544	NUREG/IA-0012	SAND86-1030	NUREG/CR-4668
IEB-79-17	NUREG/CR-5286	SAND86-1443	NUREG/CR-4671
IEB-79-23	NUF 2G/CR-5289	SAND86-1562	NUREG/CR-4691 V02 NUREG/CR-4691 V03
IEB-80-02	NUHEG/CR-5307	SAND86-1562	NUREG/CR-4550 V01 R1
IEB-85-001	NUREG/CR-5298	SAND86-2094 SAND88-3020	NUREG/CR-5256
IEB-85-003	NUREG/CR-4661	SAND88-3476	NUREG/CR-5316
LA-11667-MS	NUREG/CR-5424	SAND89-1302	NUREG/CR-5381
MEA-2088	NUREG/CR-5492	SAND89-1557	NUREG/CR-5398
MEA-2376	NUREG/CR-5493	SAND89-1650	NUREG/CR-5405
ORNL-6566	NUREG/CR-5404 V01	SAND89-2603	NUREG/CR-5476
ORNL-TM/11285	NUREG/C/A-5421	UCID-20674	NUREG/CR-4554 V07
ORNL/NOAC-232	NUREG/CR-4674 V10	UCID-20674	NUREG/CR-4554 V06 NUREG/CR-5506
ORNL/NOAC-232	NUREG/CR-4674 V09	UCID-21831	NUMEDION-0000



Personal Author Index

This index lists the personal authors of NRC staff, contractor, and international agreement reports in alphabetical order. Each name is followed by the NUREG number and the title of the report(s) prepared by the author. If further information is needed, refer to the main citation by the NUREG number.

ALLEN.R.P.

NUREG/CR-5491: SHIPPINGPORT STATION AGING EVALUATION.

ALLENSPACH,F

NUREG-1214 R05 HISTORICAL DATA SUMMARY OF THE SYSTEMAT. IC ASSESSMENT OF LICENSEE PERFORMANCE.

AMAR,A.S. NUREG/CR-4731 V02: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW

AULUCK.H

NUREG-1232 VO4: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT ON TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY WATTS BAR NUCLEAR PERFORMANCE PLAN

BAKR.M.H

NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW.

BANDYOPADHYAY NUREG/CR-4659 VN3: SF:3MIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II).Switchgear, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relavs.

BASS.D.R.

NUREG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6.

NUREG/CP-0110: PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL WORK-SHOP ON NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL DOSE CON-TROL AND ALARA IMPLEMENTATION AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS AND SIMILAR FACILITIES.

BEAUDOIN.B.F

NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW.

BEAVERS J.A.

NUREG/CR-5435: ENVIRIONMENTAL EFFECTS ON CORROSION IN THE TUFF REPOSITORY

- NUREG/CR-4674 VO9: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Main Report And Ap-
- Dendix A. NUREG/CR-4674 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And

BONANO.E.J

NUREG/CR-5256: COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY.

BOOKER,J.M. NUREG/CR-5424: ELICITING AND ANALYZING EXPERT JUDGEMENT A Practical Guide

BROSSEAU,D.A.

WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING.

BROWN,D.P

NUREG/CR-5386 BASIS FOR SNUBBER AGING RESEARCH: NUCLE-AR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM

BROWN.G.

2070

NUREG/IA-0012: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-01.

NUREG/IA-0013: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF DECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-03.

BUCCAFURNI,A.

CODE SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 NUREG/CR-5273 V04 MANUAL, VOLUME 4: MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP. ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

BUDNITZ.R.J

NUREG/CR-5477: AN EVALUATION OF THE RELIABILITY AND USE-FULNESS OF EXTERNAL-INITIATOR PRA METHODOLOGIES.

BUESCHER.B.J

NUREG/CR-4731 V02: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW.

NUREG/CR-4550 VOI R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY

CARLSON,E.P

- SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE NUREG/CH-5273 V04 MANUAL VOLUME 4 MATPRO A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP. ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS. NUREG/CR-5376: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF THE
- MACCS CODE, Version 1.5.

CARNES.B.A

NUREG/CR-4704 V03: RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVENESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS. Studies On The Gross And Microscopic Pathology Observed At Death Of Mice Exposed To 60 Equal Once-Weekly Doses Of Fission.

CASADA D.A.

NUREG/CR-5404 VO1: AUXILIARY FEEDWATER SYSTEM AGING STUDY

CHAMBERS.R.

SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE VO4 NUREG/CR-5273 MANUAL, VOLUME 4: MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP. ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

CHANIN.D.I.

- NUREG/CR-4691 V02 MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description. NUREG/CR-4691 V03: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE
- SYSTEM (MACCS).Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual.

CHAO.K.-S

NUREG/CP-0109: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEMINAR ON LEAK-BEFORE-BREAK Further Developments In Regulatory Policies And Supporting Research.

CHINN,D.J.

JUREG/CR-4554 VO6: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM):A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 6 - Theory Manual Buckling Of Circular Cylindrical Shells

CHMIELEWSKI,S.

SCDAP/RELAPS/MOD2 CODE NUREG/CR-5273 VO4 MANUAL VOLUME 4 MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP. ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS.

9

CHOPRA O K

NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1: LONG-TERM EMBRITTLEMENT OF CAST DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS. Semiannual Report October 1987 - March 1988.

20 Personal Author Index

CHUANG,Y

NUREG/CR-5482 LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATURATED FRAC-TURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF

CHUNG,H.M

NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1: LONG-TERM EMBRITTLEMENT OF CAST DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS.Semiannual Report,October 1987 - March 1988.

CLETCHER,J.W

NUREG/CR-4674 V09. PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT. Main Report And Appendix A. NUREG/CR-4874 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE

DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And

CONLEY,D.A.

NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW

CORWIN, W.R.

NUREG/CR-5511: IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES ARC STAINLESS STEEL WELD OVERLAY CLADDING.

CRAMOND, W.R.

NUREG/CR-4550 V01 R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY

CROUCH.D.

NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LA-SALLE PRA

DAMIANO.B

NUREG/CR-5479: CURRENT APPLICATIONS OF VIBRATION MONI-TORING AND NEUTRON NOISE ANALYSIS. Detection And Analysis Of Structural Degradation Of Reactor Vessel Internals From Operational Aging

DAVIS,A.B.

NUREG-1395 DRFT: INDUSTRY PERCEPTIONS OF THE IMPACT OF THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ON NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACTIVITIES Draft Report.

DAVIS.E.C.

NUREG/CR-5229 V02: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989 Annual Report.

DAVIS,P.A.

NUREG/CR-5256: COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

DEAN.R.S.

NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPER-ATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRAN-SIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER SWITCH SETTINGS. NUREG/CR-5286: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-17:PIPE CRACKS IN

STAGNANT BORATED WATER SYSTEMS AT PWR PLANTS. NUREG/CR-5289. CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-23:POTENTIAL FAILURE OF EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR FIELD EXCITER TRANSFORMER. NUREG/CR-5298: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND-

ING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS. NUREG/CR-5302: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-10: CCCITAMINA-

TION OF NONRADIOACTIVE SYSTEM AND RESULTING POTENTIAL FOR UNMONITORED, UNCONTROLLED RELEASE OF RADIOACTIV-ITY TO ENVIRONMENT. NUREG/CR-5307: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-02: INADEQUATE

QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR NUCLEAR SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT

DEEDS.W.E

NUREG/CR-5478 IMPROVED EDDY-CURRENT INSPECTION FOR STEAM GENERATOR TUBING. Progress Report For January 1985 To December 1987

DEFFENBAUGH,J.

NUREG/CR-4468 VOB: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report.October 1987 - March 1988 NUREG/CR-4469 V09 NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER

REACTORS.Semiannual Report, April-September 1968.

DEMOSS.G

NUREG/CR-5472 A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

DEWIT.R.

NUREG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6.

DIAMOND,D.J.

NUREG/CR-5368: REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS A Reassessment Of The Design-Basis Events.

DIONNE,B.J.

NUREG/CP-0110 PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL WORK-SHOP ON NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL DOSE CON-TROL AND ALARA IMPLEMENTATION AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS AND SIMILAR FACILITIES.

DOBBE,C.A.

NUREG/CR-5376: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF THE MACCS CODE, Version 1.5.

DOCTOR.S.R.

NUREG/CH-4469 VO8: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report, October 1987 - March 1988. NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-WATER

ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report.April-September 1988. NUREG (CR-4882: QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASONIC

TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICATIONS

DODD.C.V

NUPEG/CR-5178: IMPROVED EDDY-CURRENT INSPECTION FOR STEAM GENERATOR TUBING. Progress Report For January 1985 To December 1987

DOSANJH.S.S.

NUREG/CR-5316: MELT PROGRESSION, OXIDATION, AND NATURAL CONVECTION IN A SEVERELY DAMAGED REACTOR CORE

DRAHOS.F.R.

NUREG/CR-4731 V02: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW.

DROUIN.M.T.

NUREG/CR-4550 VO1 R .: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY

ERICSON,D.M.

NUREG/CR-4550 VOI R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY

ERIKSON,R.L

NUREG/CR-5169: MOBILIZATION AND TRANSPORT OF URANIUM AT URANIUM MILL TAILINGS DISPOSAL SITES Application Of A Chemical Transport Model

EVANS.D.D

NUREG/CR-5482: LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATURATED FRAC-TURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF.

EVANS.J.S.

NUREG/CR-4214 R01 PI: HEALTH EFFECTS MODELS FOR NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE ANALYSIS LOW LET Radiation.Part EIntroduction, Integration And Summary.

FIELDS.R.J

NUREG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6

FITZPATRICK.R.

NUREG/CR-5368: REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS A Reassessment Of The Design-Basis Events.

FOLEY W.J.

- NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPER-ATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRAN-SIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER SWITCH SETTINGS. NUREG/CR-5286: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-17:PIPE CRACKS IN
- STAGNANT BORATED WATER SYSTEMS AT PWR PLANTS

- NUREG/CR-5289: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-23:POTENTIAL FAILURE OF EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR FIELD EXCITER TRANSFORMER.
- NUREG/CR-5298 CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND-ING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS. NUREG/CR-5302. CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-10: CONTAMINA-
- TION OF NONRADIOACTIVE SYSTEM AND RESULTING POTENTIAL FOR UNMONITORED, UNCONTROLLED RELEASE OF RADIOACTIV-ITY TO ENVIRONMENT
- NUREG/CR-5307: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-02: INADEQUATE QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR NUCLEAR SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT

FRYER.C.P.

NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1. Results And Analyses

FULLWOOD,R. NUREG/CR-5419: AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

GALLEGOS.D.P

NUREG/CR-5256 COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY. NUREG/CR-5398: TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL

WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING.

GARDNER, J.B.

NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW

GARNER.R.W.

NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW

GASSER,R.D.

- NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1. Results And Analyses
- NUREG/CR-4671: THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX.

GAUNTT.R.O.

- NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1. Results And Analyses
- NUREG/CR-4671: THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX

GEISSLER.G.O.

NUREG/CR-5395 VO2: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT. Test Group 30. Mapping Tests.

GOOD.M.S

- NUREG/CR-4469 VOB: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS Semiannual Report, October 1987 - March 1988. NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-
- FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER ABILITY REACTORS Semiannual Report April-September 1988.

GOODRICH.M.T.

- NUREG/CR-5256: COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY. NUREG/CR-5398: TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL
- WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING.

GRAHN.D.

NUREG/CR-4704 V03: RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVENESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS. Studies On The Gross And Microscopic Pathology Observed At Death Of Mice Exposed To 60 Equal Once-Weekly Doses Of Fission.

GREEN.E.R.

- NUREG/CR-4469 V08: NONDESTRU: TIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER
- REACTORS Semiannual Report April-September 1988.

GUPPY.J.G.

NUREG/CR-3668: MINET CODE DOCUMENTATION.

GUZOWSKI,R.V.

NUREG/CR-5256 COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

HAGGAG.F.M.

NUREG/CR-5511: IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES-ARC STAINLESS STEEL WELD OVERLAY CLADDING.

HAGRMAN,D.L

UREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MGD2 CODE MANUAL, VOLUME 4:MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-NUREG/CR-5273 ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

HALDEMAN.W.R.

NUREG/CR-5462: LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FURN AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH & VARIABLY SATURAT, FRAC-TURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF.

HALL, P.C.

NUREG/1A-0012: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-01.

HAMPTON N.L.

CODE SCDAP/REL AP5/MOD2 V04: NUREG/CR-5273 MANUAL, VOLUME 4: MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIL ENT ANALYSIS.

HARPER.F.T.

NUREG/CR-4550 VOI R1: ANALYSIS OF COR: DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY

HARWOOD,C.

NUREG/IA-0013: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULA IONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-03.

HAWTHORNE, J.R.

- NUREG/CR-5492: INVESTIGATIONS OF LARADIATION-ANNEAL-REIR-RADIATION (IAR) PROPERTIES TRENDS OF RPV WELDS. Phase 2 Final Report
- NUREG/CR-5493 INFLUENCE OF FLUENCE RATE ON RADIATION-IN-DUCED MECHANICAL PROPERTY CHANGES IN REACTOR PRES-SURE VESSEL STEELS Final Report On Exploratory Experiments.

HEASLER.P.G.

- NUREG/CR-4469 V08: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT REACTORS Semiannual Report,October 1987 - March 1988. WATER
- NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report,April-September 1988.

HENNICK.A

- NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPER-ATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRAN-
- SIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER SWITCH SETTINGS. NUREG/CR-5286: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-17:PIPE CRACKS IN
- STAGNANT BORATED WATER SYSTEMS AT PWR PLANTS. NUREG/CR-5289: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-23:POTENTIAL FAILURE OF EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR FIELD EXCITER TRANSFORMER.
- NUREG/CR-5298: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND-
- ING QF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS. NUREG/CR-5302: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-10: CONTAMINA-TION OF NONRADIOACTIVE SYSTEM AND RESULTING POTENTIAL FOR UNMONITORED, UNCONTROLLED RELEASE OF RADIOACTIV-ITY TO ENVIRONMENT
- NUREG/CR-5307: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-02: INADEOUATE QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR NUCLEAR SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT

HIGGINS.J.

NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LA-SALLE PRA.

HISER.A.L

- NUREG/CR-5492: INVESTIGATIONS OF IRRADIATION-ANNEAL-REIR-RADIATION (IAR) PROPERTIES TRENDS OF RPV WELDS. Phase 2 Final Report.
- NUREG/CR-5493 INFLUENCE OF FLUENCE RATE ON RADIATION-IN-DUCED MECHANICAL PROPERTY CHANGES IN REACTOR PRES-SURE VESSEL STEELS Final Report On Exploratory Experiments.

HOFMAYER.C.H.

NUREG/CR-4659 V03: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II) Switchgear, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relays.

22 Personal Author Index

HOHORST, J.K.

NUREG/CR-5273 V04 SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL VOLUME 4 MATPRO . A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP. ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

HOSTETLER.C.J

NUREG/CR-5169: MOBILIZATION AND TRANSPORT OF URANIUM AT URANIUM MILL TAILINGS DISPOSAL SITES Application Of A Chemical Transport Model.

HSU.C.J

NUREG/CR-5368: REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS.A Reassessment Of The Design-Basis Events.

HUANG.P

NUREG/CR-5484: PH SENSORS BASED ON IRIDIUM OXIDE

ISKANDER.S.K

NUREG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL:TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6.

JACOBSON.J.

NUREG/CR-3145 VOB: GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATIONS OF THE WESTERN OHIO-INDIANA REGION Annual Report October 1988 . September 1989

JASTROW, J.D.

NUREG/CR-5229 V02: YMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA _____ DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989.Annual Report.

JOHNSON, A.B.

NUREG/CR-5491 SHIPPINGPORT STATION AGING EVALUATION

JOW,H

ž

- NUREG/CR-4691 VO2: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description. NUREG/CR-4691 V03: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE
- SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual

KASSIR,M.K.

NUREG/GR-4659 V03: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II).Switchgear, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relays

KEENEY-WALKER

HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST NUREG/CR-5450 TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATE RIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6.

KEMNER M.I

NUREG/CR-5169: MOBILIZATION AND TRANSPORT OF URANIUM AT URANIUM MILL TAILINGS DISPOSAL SITES Application Of A Chemical Transport Model

KENNEDY.W.E.

NUREG/CR-5512 DRF FC: RESIDUAL RADIOACT ... CONTAMINATION FROM DECOMMISSIONING. Technical Basis For Translating Contamination Levels To Annual Dose Draft Report For Comment.

KHAN.T.A

NUREG/CP-0110: PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL WORK-SHOP ON NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL DOSE CON-TROL AND ALARA IMPLEMENTATION AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS AND SIMILAR FACILITIES.

KIRKWOOD, B.J.

NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW

KIRKWOOD R

NUREG-1316 TECHNICAL FINDINGS AND REGULATORY ANALYSIS RELATED TO GENERIC ISSUE 70 Evaluation Of Power-Operated Relief Valve And Block Valve Reliability in PWR Nuclear Power Plants.

KLINGENFUS,J.A.

NUREG/CR-5395 V10. MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT. RELAPS/MOD2 MIST Analysis Comparisons.

KREIDER.K.G.

NUREG/CR-5484: PH SENSORS BASED ON IRIDIUM OXIDE.

KRYTER, R.C.

NUREG/CR-5479 CURRENT APPLICATIONS OF VIBRATION MONI-TORING AND NEUTRON NOISE ANALYSIS Detection And Analysis Of Structural Degradation Of Reactor Vessel Internals From Operational Aging

LAATS.E.T.

UREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL, VOLUME 4:MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP. NUREG/CR-5273 ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS.

4.9

1

LAMBERT,H.E.

NUREG/CR-547T: AN EVALUATION OF THE RELIABILITY AND USE-FULNESS OF EXTERNAL-INITIATOR PRA METHODOLOGIES

LAY.T.

NUREG/CR-3145 VOB GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATIONS OF THE WESTERN OHIO-INDIANA REGION Annual Report, October 1988 September 1989

LEHNER,J.R.

NUREG/CR-5474: ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MAN-AGEMENT STRATEGIES.

LO.T.

NUREG/CR-4554 VO6: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM):A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 6 - Theory Manual Buckling Of Circular Cylindrical Shells

NUREG/CR-4554 VOT: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM) A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 7: Theory Manual Puncture Of Shipping Casks.

LOFGREN.E

NUREG/CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

LOVELACE, W.H.

- NUREG-0020 V13 N11: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS SUMMARY REPORT Data As Of October 30, 1989, (Gray Book I) NUREG-0020 V13 N12: LICENSED OPERATING P_ACTORS STATUS
- SUMMARY REPORT Data As Of November 30,11 39. (Gray Book I)

NUREG-0020 V14 NO1: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS SUMMARY REPORT Data As Of December 31 (989.(Gray Book I)

LOW.S.R.

NUREG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE (RACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATE! OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2 6.

LU.S.C.

NUREG/CR-5506: PRELIMINARY STRUCTURAL EVALUATION OF TROJAN RCL SUBJECT TO POSTULATED R V SUPPORT FAILURE.

LUCKAS,W

NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LA-SALLE PRA

LUCKAS.W.J.

NUREG/CR-5474: ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MAN-AGEMENT STRATEGIES.

MACDONALD,P.E

NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW

MACLELLAN, J.A

NUREG/CR-5516 CAUSES OF FAILING THE DRAFT ANSI STANDARD N13.30 RADIOBIOASSAY PERFORMANCE CRITERION FOR MINI-MUM DETECTABLE AMOUNT

MALONEY,K.J

NUREG/CR-4550 V01 R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY

MARCH-LEUBA,J.

NUREG/CR-5421: LAPUR USER'S GUIDE.

MARSHALL.A.C.

NUREG/CR-4668 DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1 Results And Analyses

MARSHALL,N.H.

NUREG/CR-5376: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF THE MACCS CODE, Version 1.5

MARWIL,E.S.

NUREG/CR-5376 QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF THE MACCS CODE, Version 1.5

MASON.R.E.

UREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL, VOLUME 4:MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP. CODE NUREG/CR-5273 ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS.

MCCLUNG.R.W

NUREG/CR-5478 IMPROVED EDDY-CURRENT INSPECTION FOR STEAM GENERATOR TUBING. Progress Report For January 1985 To December 1987.

MCCOMAS.M.L

SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE NUREG/CR-5273 V04. MANUAL VOLUME 4 MATPRO . A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP. ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

MCCONNELL.J.W.

NUREG/CR-5228 V02: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 191 Annual Report

NUREG-0837 V09 N04: NRC TLD DIRECT RADIATION MONITORING NETWORK Progress Report October-December 1989.

MCNEIL.K.A

UREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL, VOLUME 4:MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS. CODE NUREG/CR-5273

MEYER.L.C

NUREG/CR-4731 V02: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW.

MEYER,M.A.

EXPERT AND ANALYZING NUREG/CR-5424: ELICITING JUDGEMENT A Practical Guide.

MILLER.J.D.

NUREG/CR-5405: ANALYSIS OF SHELL-RUPTURE FAILURE DUE TO HYPOTHETICAL ELEVATED-TEMPERATURE PRESSURIZATION OF THE SEQUOYAH UNIT 1 STEEL CONTAINMENT BUILDING.

MILLER,R.L

SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CC DE NUREG/CR-5273 V04 MANUAL, VOLUME 4: MATPRO . A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PP OP. ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS.

MINARICK.J.W

NUREG/CR-4674 V09: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS 1988 A STATUS REPORT Main Report And Ap-

pendix A. NUREG/CR-4674 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And

MOK.G.C.

NUREG/CR-4554 V06: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM):A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 6 - Theory Manual Buckling Of Circular Cylindrical Shells.

MORGAN.M.A.

UREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL VOLUME 4:MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS. NUREG/CR-5273

MUSCARA.J.

NUREG/CR-4882 QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASONIC TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICATIONS.

NANSTAD.R.K

NUREG/CR-5511: IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES-ARC STAINLESS STEEL WELD OVERLAY CLADDING.

NAUS,D.J.

NUREG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIALITESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6.

NEASE.R

NUREG-1214 R05. HISTOPICAL DATA SUMMARY OF THE SYSTEMAT-IC ASSESSMENT OF LICENSEE PERFORMANCE.

NEPSEE T.C.

NUREG/CR-3668 MINET CODE DOCUMENTATION.

O'HARAJ

NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LA-SALLE PRA.

OLAGUE N.E.

NUREG/CR-5398 TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING

OLIVE.K.L

NUREG-1350 VO2: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION INFORMA-TION DIGEST 1990 Edition

OLSEN.C.S.

CODE V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 NUREG/CR-5273 MANUAL VOLUME 4: MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS.

OTADUY.P.J.

NUREG/CR-5421: LAPUR USER'S GUIDE

NUREG/CR-4671: THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX.

OTT.L.J.

PALMER.G.P

NUREG/CR-5386 BASIS FOR SNUBBER AGING RESEARCH NUCLE-AR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM.

PARECE.M.V

NUREG/CR-5395 V10: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT RELAPS/MOD2 MIST Analysis Comparisons

PEDERSON.C.D.

NUREG-1395 DRFT: INDUSTRY PERCEPTIONS OF THE IMPACT OF THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ON NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACTIVITIES. Draft Report.

PELOQUIN,R.A.

NUREG/CR-5512 DRF FC: RESIDUAL RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION FROM DECOMMISSIONING. Technical Basis For Translating Contamination Levels To Annual Dose Draft Report For Comment.

PEPPERSE.

NUREG/CR-4659 VO3: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II) Switchgoar, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relays.

PHILBIN,J.S.

NUREG/CR-5381: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MATE-RIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS.

PRICE,L.L.

NUREG/CR-5256 COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY. NUREG/CR-5398: TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL

WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING.

RASMUSSEN.T.C.

NUREG/CR-5482: LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATURATED FRAC-TURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF.

REIL.K.O.

NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1 Results And Analyses

REYMANN,G.A.

SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE NUREG/CR-5273 V04: MANUAL, VOLUME 4 MATPRO . A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

RITCHIE.L.T.

NUREG/CR-4691 V02: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description.

ROGERS,R.D.

NUREG/CR-5229 V02: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989 Annual Report.

24 Personal Author Index

ROLLSTIN.J.

NUREG/CR-5381: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MATE-RIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS.

ROLLSTIN, J.A.

NUREG/CR-4691 VO2: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS). Volume 2: Model Description. NUREG/CR-4691 V03: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS). Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual.

ROTHLEDER,B.

NUREG/CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

RUGER.C.

NUREG/CR-5472 A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

SALOIO,J.H.

NUREG/CR-5381: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LAPGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MATE-RIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS.

SEMANCIK,S

NUREG/CR-5484 PH SENSORS BASED ON IRIDIUM OXIDE.

SERVER.W.L

NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW

SETSER.J.L

1ª

NUREG-1392: LEAKAGE OF AN IRRADIATOR SOURCE . THE JUNE 1988 GEORGIA RSI INCIDENT

SHAH.V.N

NUREG/CR-4731 V02: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW.

SIEGEL.E.A.

NUREG/CR-4731 V02: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW.

SIMONEN, F.A

- NUREG/CR-4469 VO8: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) F.ELI-
- NUREG/CH-4469 VOB: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) FIELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report.October 1987 March 1988. NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report.April-September 1988.

SINHA,U.P.

NUREG/CR-4731 V02: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW.

SFANNER, J.C.

NUREG/CR-4469 VO8: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report October 1987 - March 1988. NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-WATER

- INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT ABILITY FOR WATER
- REACTORS Semiannual Report April-September 1988. NUREG/CR-4882: QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASONIC TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICATIONS

SPRUNG,J.L.

NUREG/CR-4691 VO2: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description.

STALKER,K.T.

NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1. Results And Analyses.

STEINBRECHER,H.

NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPER-ATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRAN. SIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER SWITCH SETTINGS.

STRUCKMEYER.R.

NUREG-0837 V09 N04: NRC TLD DIRECT RADIATION MONITORING NETWORK.Progress Report. October-December 1989.

SUBUDHI.M

NUREG/CR-54 12. AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS

SYPE.T.T.

NUREG/CR-4550 VOI R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY. INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY

TARLOV.M.J.

NUREG/CR-5484: PH SENSORS BASED ON IRIDIUM OXIDE.

TAYLOR,T.T.

NUREG/CR-4469 VOB: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT REACTORS.Semiannual Report,October 1987 - March 1988. WATER

2

1 1 1 1

NUREG/CR-4469 V09. NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report.April-September 1988. NUREG/CR-1882: QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASONIC

TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICATIONS.

THOMPSON.N.G.

NUREG/CR-5435: ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON CORROSION IN THE TUFF REPOSITORY

THOMSON, J.F.

NUREG/CR-4704 V03: RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVENESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS. Studies On The Gross And Microscopic Patholo-gy Observed At Death Of Mice Exposed To 60 Equal Once-Weckly Doses Of Fission....

TOLLIJE

NUREG/CR-5376: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF THE MACCS CODE, Version 1.5.

VAN TUYLE.G.J.

NUREG/CR-3668: MINET CODE DOCUMENTATION.

VANDENKIEBOOM

NUREG/CR-5474: ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MAN-AGEMENT STRATEGIES.

VILLARAN.M.

NUREG/CR-5419: AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

NUREC. CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS

WAHLKK

NUREG/CR-5256: COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

NUREG/CR-5398: TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING.

WARE.A.G.

NUREG/CR-4731 V02: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS · OVERVIEW

WEATHERBY, J.R.

NUREG/CR-5476: POSTTEST ANALYSIS OF A 1:6-SCALE REIN-FORCED CONCRETE REACTOR CONTAINMENT BUILDING.

WEISS.A.J.

- NUREG/CP-0105 V01: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CP-0105 V02: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH
- WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING.
- WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CP-0105 V03: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CR-2331 V09 N3: SAFETY RESEARCH PROGRAMS SPON-SORED BY OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY
- RESEARCH. Progress Report, July-September 1989.

WERRY.E.V.

NUREG/CR-5386: BASIS FOR SNURBER AGING RESEARCH: NUCLE-AR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM.

WHEELER.T.A.

NUREG/CR-4550 VOI R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY.

WILKOWSKI,C.M.

NUREG/CP-0109 PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEMINAR ON LEAK BEFORE-BREAK.Furthe: Developments In Regulatory Policies And Supporting Research.

805

\$355

in the second second

×

100

-

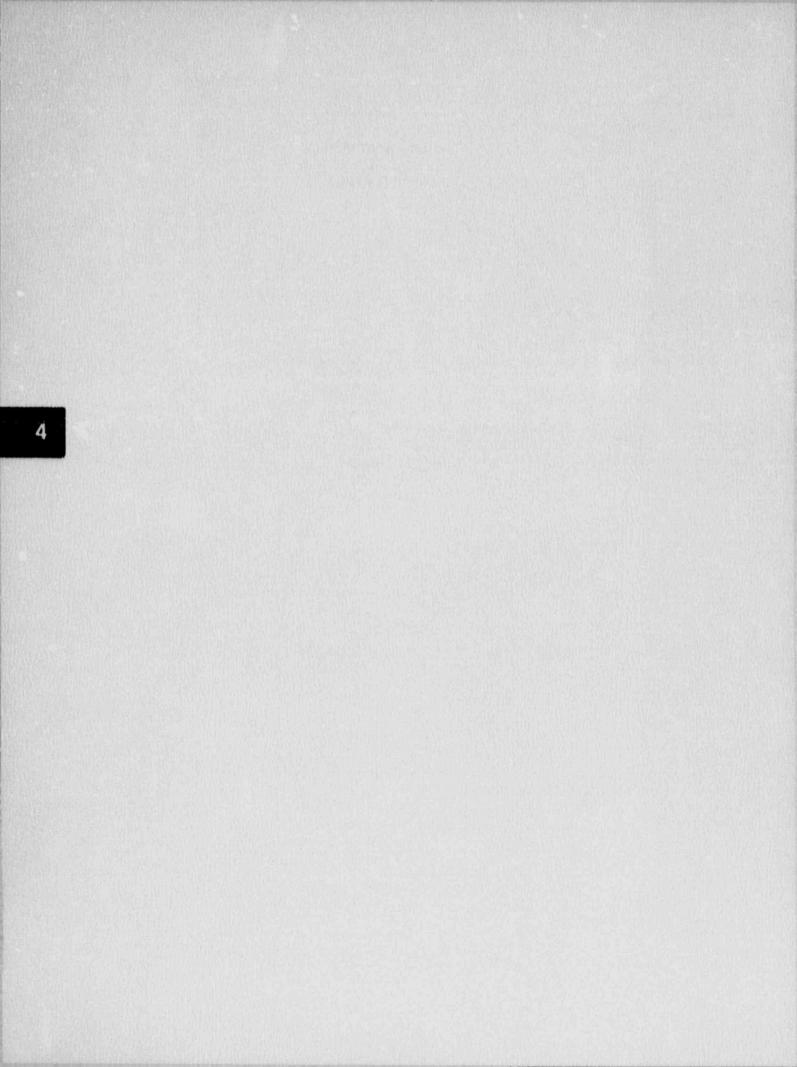
2

2.00

NONC.8. NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LA-SALLE PRA.

5-7

YOUNG, C.J. NUREG/CR-3145 V08: GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATIONS OF THE WESTERN OHIO-INDIANA REGION.Annual Report, October 1988 -September 1989.



Subject Index

This index was developed from keywords and word strings in titles and abstracts. During this development period, there will be some redundancy, which will be removed later when a reasonable thesaurus has been developed through experience. Suggestions for improvements are welcome.

ALARA

NUREG/CP-0110. PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL WORK-SHOP ON NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL DOSE CON-TROL AND ALARA IMPLEMENT. TION AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS AND SIMILAR FACILITIES.

ANSI Standard N13

NUREG/CR-5516: CAUSES OF FAILING THE DRAFT ANSI STANDARD N13.30 RADIOBIOASSAY PERFORMANCE CRITERION FOR MINI-MUM DETECTABLE AMOUNT

Abnormal Occurrence

NUREG-0090 V12 NO3 REPORT TO CONGRESS ON ABNORMAL OCCURRENCES.July-September 1989

Abstract

NUREG-0304 V14 N04 REGULATORY AND TECHNICAL REPORTS (ABSTRACT INDEX JOURNAL). Annual Compilation For 1989.

Accident

- NUREG/CR-4214 R01 PL HEALTH EFFECTS MODELS FOR NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE ANALYSIS.Low LET Radiation. Part Eintroduction, Integration And Summary, NUREG/CR-5273 V04 SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2
- CODE MANUAL, VOLUME 4:MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP. ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS.

Accident Consequence Code System NUREG/CR-4691 V02: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description. NUREG/CR-4691 V03: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE

SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual.

Accident Management

NUREG/CR-5474 ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MAN-AGEMENT STRATEGIES.

Accident Sequence

NUREG/CR-4674 V09: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Main Report And Ap-

pendix A. NUREG/CR-4674 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS 1988 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And

Aging NUREG/CR-4731 V02 RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS - OVERVIEW. NUREG/CR-5419: AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

Aging Study NUREG/CR-5404 V01: AUXILIARY FEEDWATER SYSTEM AGING STUDY.

Air Flow

NUREG/CR-5419: AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

Auxiliary Feedwater

NUREG/CR-5404 VO1: AUXILIARY FEEDWATER SYSTEM AGING STUDY.

Auxiliary Feedwater Pump

NUREG/CR-5298. CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND-ING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER P' 'MPS.

BWR

NUREG/CR-4671: THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX.

NUREG/CR-5421: LAPUR USER'S GUIDE

Bioassay

NUREG/CR-5516: CAUSES OF TAILING THE DRAFT ANSI STANDARD N13.30 RADIOBIOASSAY PERFORMANCE CRITERION FOR MINI-MUM DETECTABLE AMOUNT.

Biological Radiation Effect

NUREG/CR-4704 V03: RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVENESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS. Studies On The Gross And Microscopic Pathology Observed Ai Death Of Mice Exposed To 60 Equal Once-Weekly Doses Of Fission.

Boiling Water Reactor

NUREG/CR-4671: THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX.

NUREG/CR-5421 LAPUR USER'S GUIDE.

Budget

NUREG-1100 V06: BUDGET ESTIMATES Fiscal Year 1991.

Cleavage Fracture

HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS NUREG/CR-5450: USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6.

Closeout

NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPER-ATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRAN-SIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER SWITCH SETTINGS.

NUREG/CR-5286: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-17:PIPE CRACKS IN STAGNANT BORATED WATER SYSTEMS AT PWR PLANTS.

- NUREG/CR-5289 CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-23:POTENTIAL FAILURE OF EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR FIELD EXCITER TRANSFORMER
- NUREG/CR-5298: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND-ING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS. NUREG/CR-5302: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-10: CONTAMINA-
- TION OF NONRADIOACTIVE SYSTEM AND RESULTING POTENTIAL FOR UNMONITORED, UNCONTROLLED RELEASE OF RADIOACTIV-TY TO ENVIRONMENT
- NUREG/CR-5307: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-02: INADEQUATE QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR NUCLEAR SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT.

Computer Code

- NUREG/CR-4554 VO6: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM):A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 6 - Theory Manual Buckling Of Circular Cylindrical Shells.
- NUREG/CR-4554 V07: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM) A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW.Volume 7: Theory Manual Puncture Of Shipping Casks

Concrete Containment

NUREG/CR-5476: POSTTEST ANALYSIS OF A 1.6-SCALE REIN-FORCED CONCRETE REACTOR CONTAINMENT BUILDING.

Containment

NUREG/CR-5405: ANALYSIS OF SHELL-RUPTURE FAILURE DUE TO HYPOTHETICAL ELEVATED TEMPERATURE PRESSURIZATION OF THE SEQUOYAH UNIT 1 STEEL CONTAINMENT BUILDING

Contamination

NUREG-1392: LEAKAGE OF AN IRRADIATOR SOURCE - THE JUNE 1988 GEORGIA RSI INCIDENT

28 Subject Index

NUREG/CR-5512 DRF FC: RESIDUAL & ADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION FROM DECOMMISSIONING. Technical Basis For Translating Contami-nation Levels To Annual Dose.Draft Rep. 1 For Comment.

Contamination Cleanup

NUREG/CR-5381: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONR LACTOR NUCLEAR MATE-RIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS

Core Damage

- NUREG/CR-4550 VOI R1: ANALYSIS OF CC RE DAMAGE FREQUEN-
- CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY. NUREG/CR-4674 V09: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1968 A STATUS REPORT Main Report And Appendix #
- NUREG/CH-4674 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And

Corrosion

NUREG/CR-5435: ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON CORROSIOF. IN THE TUFF REPOSITORY

Crack-Arrest Toughness

NUREG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6.

Decommissioning

NUREG/CR-5491: SHIPPINGPORT STATION AGING EVALUATION. NUREG/CR-5512 DRF FC: RESIDUAL RADIOACTIVE CONT/ MINATION FROM DECOMMISSIONING. Technical Basis For Translatir g Contami-nation Levels To Annual Dose.Draft Report For Commont.

Design Basis Accident

NUREG/CR-5368: REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS A Reassessment Of The Design-Basis Events.

Digest

NUREG-0386 D05 R05: UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION STAFF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE DIGEST.Commission. Appeal Box Decisions.July 1972 - September 1989 Board And Licensing Board

NUREG/CR-5477: AN EVALUATION OF THE RELIABILITY AND USE-FULNESS OF EXTERNAL-INITIATOR PRA METHODOLOGIES.

Economic Risk

NUREG/CR-5381: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MATE. RIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS.

Eddy-Current

NUREG/CR-5478: IMPROVED EDDY-CURRENT INSPECTION FOR STEAM GENERATOR TUBING. Progress Report For January 1985 To December 1987

Embrittlement

NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1: LONG-TERM EMBRITTLEMENT OF CAST DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS.Semiannual Report.October 1987 - March 1988.

Environmental Effect

NUREG/CR-5435 ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON CORROSION IN THE TUFF REPOSITORY

Expert Judgement

NUREG/CR-5424 ELICITING AND ANALYZING EXPERT JUDGEMENT A Practical Guide.

Fiscal Year

NUREG-1100 VO6: SUDGET ESTIMATES Fiscal Year 1991.

Fluence Rate

NUREG/CR-5493: INFLUENCE OF FLUENCE RATE ON RADIATION-IN-DUCED MECHANICAL PROPERTY CHANGES IN REACTOR PRES-SURE VESSEL STEELS Final Report On Exploratory Experiments.

Fluid Flow

NUREG/CR-3668 MINET CODE DOCUMENTATION. NUREG/CR-5482: LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATURATED FRAC-TURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF.

Fracture

NUREG/CP-0109: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEMINAR ON LEAK BEFORE-BREAK.Further Developments In Regulatory Policies And and the second

.

Supporting Research. NUREG/CR-5482: LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATURATED FRAC-TURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF.

Fracture Mechanics

NUREG/CR-5450 HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6.

Fracture Toughness

- NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1: LONG-TERM EMBRITTLEMENT OF CAST DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS.Semiannual Report,October 1967 - March 1988. NUREG/CR-5492: INVESTIGATIONS OF IRRADIATION-ANNEAL-REIR-
- RADIATION (IAR) PROPERTIES TRENDS OF RPV WELDS. Phase 2 Final Report. NUREG/CR-5493: INFLUENCE OF FLUENCE RATE ON RADIATION-IN-
- DUCED MECHANICAL PROPERTY CHANGES IN REACTOR PRES-
- SURE VESSEL STEELS.Fin:) Report On Exploratory Experiments. NUREG/CR-5511: IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES-ARC STAINLESS STEEL WELD OVERLAY CLADDING.

Fuel Damage

NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1. Results And Analyses.

Gamma Source

NUREG/CR-4704 V03: RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVENESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS. Studies On The Gross And Microscopic Pathology Observed At Death Of Mice Exposed To 60 Equal Once-Weekly Doses Of Fission.

Generic Issue 70

NUREG-1316: TECHNICAL FINDINGS AND REGULATORY ANALYSIS RELATED TO GENERIC ISSUE 70. Evaluation Of Power-Operated Relief Valve And Block Valve Reliability In PWR Nuclear Power Plants.

Geologic Repository

- COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE NUREG/CR-525P ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY. NUREG/CR-5398: TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL
- WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING.

Health Effect

NUFEG/CR-4214 R01 PI: HEALTH EFFECTS MODELS FOR NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE ANALYSIS.Low LET Radiation.Part EIntroduction, Integration And Summary.

Heat Transfer

NUREG/CR-3668: MINET CODE DOCUMENTATION.

High-Level Waste

NUREG/CR-5398: TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING.

Human Error NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LA-

IE Bulletin 79-17

NUREG/CR-5286: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-17:PIPE CRACKS IN STAGNANT BORATED WATER SYSTEMS AT PWR PLANTS

IE Bulletin 79-23

NUREG/CR-5289: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-23:POTENTIAL FAILURE OF EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR FIELD EXCITER TRANSFORMER.

IE Bulletin 80-02

NUREG/CR-5307: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-02: INADEQUATE QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR NUCLEAR SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT.

IE Bulletin 80-10

NUREG/CR-5302: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-10: CONTAMINA-TION OF NONRADIOACTIVE SYSTEM AND RESULTING POTENTIAL FOR UNMONITORED, UNCONTROLLED RELEASE OF RADIOACTIV-ITY TO ENVIRONMENT

IE Bulletin 85-01

NUREG/CR-5298 CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND-ING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS

ulletin 85-03

NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPER-ATED VALVE COMMON : YODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRAN-SIENTS DUE TO IMPROPE I SWITCH SETTINGS.

Information Diget NUREG-1350 V02: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION INFORMA-TION DIGEST 1990 Edition.

rvice inspection

- NUREG/CR-4469 V08: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS Semiannual Report October 1987 March 1988. NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER

- ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report, April-September 1988. NUREG/CR-4731 V02 RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS OVERVIEW. NUREG/CR-4882: QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASONIC TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICATIONS.

Inspection

NUREG-0040 V13 N04: LICENSEE CONTRACTOR AND VENDOR IN-SPECT:ON STATUS REPORT. Quarterly Report, October-December 1989 (White Book)

Instrument Air System

- NUREG/CR-5419 AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS. NUREG/CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-
- TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

Iridium Oxide

NUREG/CR-5484: PH SENSORS BASED ON IRIDIUM OXIDE.

Irradiation

- NUREG/CR-5492: INVESTIGATIONS OF IRRADIATION-ANNEAL-REIR-RADIATION (IAR) PROPERTIES TRENDS OF RPV WELDS. Phase 2
- Final Report. NUREG/CR-5511: IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES-ARC STAINLESS STEEL WELD OVERLAY CLADDING.

Irradiator

NUREG-1392: LEAKAGE OF AN IRRADIATOR SOURCE . THE JUNE 1988 GEORGIA RSI INCIDENT.

LAPUR User's Guide NUREG/CR-5421 LAPUR USER'S GUIDE.

LEA

- NUREG/CR-2000 V08N12 LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) COMPILATION For Month Of December 1989. NUREG/CR-2000 V09 N1: LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)
- COMPILATION For Month Of January 1990. NUREG/CR-2000 (LER)

LWR

- NUREG/CR-4469 VOB NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-
- NUREG/CR-4469 V08: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report,October 1987 March 1988. NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATEH REACTORS.Semiannual Report April-September 1988. NUREG/CR-4674 V09: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCURENTS INSERVICE TURE DEPORT More Accurate
- DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Main Report And Ap-
- pendix A. NUREG/CR-4674 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS 1988 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And
- NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR
- LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS OVERVIEW NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1: LONG-TERM EMBRITTLEMENT OF CAST DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS.Semiannual Report,October 1987 - March 1988. NUREG/CR-5273 V04: S
- Habori, October 1987 March 1988. NUREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL, VOLUME 4:MATPRO A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS. NUREG/CR-5405: ANALYSIS OF SHELL-RUPTURE FAILURE DUE TO HYPOTHETICAL ELEVATED-TEMPERATURE PRESSURIZATION OF THE SECURICATION OF THE SECURICATION OF
- THE SEQUOYAH UNIT 1 STEEL CONTAINMENT BUILDING.

NUREG/CR-5476: POSTTEST ANALYSIS OF A 1:6-SCALE REIN FORCED CONCRETE REACTOR CONTAINMENT BUILDING

Leak Rate

NUREG/CP-0109. PROC EDINGS OF THE SEMINAR ON LEAK-BEFORE-BREAK.Furthy Developments In Regulatory Policies And Supporting Research.

Leak-Betore-Break

NUREG/CP-0109: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEMINAR ON LEAK BEFORE-BREAK Further Developments In Regulatory Policies And Supporting Research.

Leaking Source

NUREG-1392: LEAKAGE OF AN IRRADIATOR SOURCE - THE JUNE 1988 GEORGIA RSI INCIDENT.

Legal lesuances

- NUREG-0750 V30 101: INDEXES TO NUCLEAR REGULATORY COM-MISSION ISSUANCES.July-September 1989. NUREG-0750 V30 N01: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-
- SUANCES FOR JULY 1989 Pages 1-84. NUREG-0750 V30 NO2: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-
- SUANCES FOR AUGUST 1989 Pages 85-165. NUREG-0750 V30 N03: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-
- SUANCES FOR SEPTEMBER 1989. Pages 167-229.
- NUREG-0750 V30 N04: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-
- SUANCES FOR OCTOBER 1989, Pages 221-323. NUREG-0750 V30 NO5: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-SUANCES FOR NOVEMBER 1989, Pages 325-708.

- Licensed Operating Reactors NUREG-0020 V13 N11: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS SUMMARY REPORT Data As Of October 30,1989.(Gray Book I) NUREG-0020 V13 N12: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS
 - SUMMARY REPORT Data As Of November 30, 1989. (Gray Book I) NUREG-0020 V14 N01: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS
 - SUMMARY REPORT Data As Of December 31, 1989. (Gray Book I)

Licensee Event Report

- NUREG/CR-2000 VOBN12 LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) COMPILATION For Month Of December 1989 REPORT (LER)
- NUREG/CR-2000 V09 N1: LICENSEE EVENT COMPILATION For Month Of January 1990. NUREG/CR-2000 V09 N2: LICENSEE EVENT
- REPORT (LER) COMPILATION For Month Of February 1990

Light Water Reactor

- NUREG/CR-4469 VOB. NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report, October 1987 - March 1988. NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER
- ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSECTION OF LIGHT MATERIAN REACTORS.Semiannual Report, April-September 1988. NUREG/CR-4674 V09: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE
- DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Main Report And Ap-
- pendix A. NUREG/CR-4674 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1968 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And
- NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR
- LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS OVERVIEW NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1: LONG-TERM EMBRITTLEMENT OF CAST DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS Semiannual Report, October 1987 March 1988.
- Heport, October 1987 March 1988. NUREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL, VOLUME 4:MATPRO A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS. NUREG/CR-5405: ANALYSIS OF SHELL-RUPTUPE FAILURE DUE TO HYPOTHETICAL ELEVATED-TEMPERATURE PRESSURIZATION OF
- THE SEQUOYAH UNIT 1 STEEL CONTAINMENT BUILDING. NUREG/CR-5476: POSTTEST ANALYSIS OF A 1.6-SCALE REIN-FORCED CONCRETE REACTOR CONTAINMENT BUILDING.

Loss Of Coolant

NUREG/CR-5474: ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MAN-AGEMENT STRATEGIES.

Loss-Of-Cuolant Accident

- NUREG/CR-5395 VO2: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST):
- FINAL REPORT. Test Group 30. Mapping Tests. NUREG/CR-5395 V10: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT. RELAP5/MOD2 MIST Analysis Comparisons.

30 Subject Index

Low-Level Waste Data Base

NUREG/CR-5229 V02: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989.Annual Report.

MACCS

NUREG/CR-4691 VO2: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description. NUREG/CR-4691 V03: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE

SYSTEM (MACCS). Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual

MACCS Code

NUREG/CR-5376: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF THE MACCS CODE, Version 1.5.

MELCOR

NUREG/CR-4691 V02: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description. NUREG/CR-4691 V03: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE

SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual.

MELPROG Code

NUREG/CR-5316 MELT PROGRESSION, OXIDATION, AND NATURAL CONVECTION IN A SEVERELY DAMAGED REACTOR CORE

MINET Code

NUREG/OP-3666: MINET CODE DOCUMENTATION.

MIST

NUREG/CR-5395 VO2: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT Test Group 30, Mapping Tests.

Melt Progression

NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1. Results And Analyses

NUREG/CR-4671: THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX. NUREG/CR-5316: MELT PROGRESSION,OXIDATION, AND NATURAL

CONVECTION IN A SEVERELY DAMAGED REACTOR CORE.

Motor-Operated Valve

NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPER-ATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRAN-SIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER SWITCH SETTINGS.

Multiloop Integral System Test

NUREG/CR-5395 V02: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT.Test Group 30, Mapping Tesis. NUREG/CR-5395 V10: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST):

FINAL REPORT. RELAP5/MOD2 MIST Analysis Comparisons.

NSSS

NUREG/CR-4659 V03: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II). Switchgear, 18C Panels (NSSS) And Relays

Neutron Source

NUREG/CR-4704 V03: RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVENESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS.Studies On The Gross And Microscopic Pathology Observed At Death Of Mice Exposed To 60 Equal Once-Weekly Doses Of Fission

Nondestructive Examination

- NUREG/CR-4469 V08: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT REACTORS.Semiannual Report,October 1987 - March 1988. WATER NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-
- ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report.April-September 1988.

Nuclear Plant Aging

NUREG/CR-5491 SHIPPINGPORT STATION AGING EVALUATION.

Nuclear Plant Aging Research Program

NUREG/CR-5386: BASIS FOR SNUBBER AGING RESEARCH: NUCLE-AR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM.

Occupational Dose Control

NUREG/CP-0110: PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL WORK-SHOP ON NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL WORK-TROL AND ALARA IMPLEMENTATION AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS AND SIMILAR FACILITIES.

Operational Event

NUREG/CR-4674 VO9: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS 1988 A STATUS REPORT Main Report And Appendix A

NUREG/CR-4674 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And

PRA

NUREG/CR-4550 V01 R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-

CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY. NUREG/CR-5477: AN EVALUATION OF THE RELIABILITY AND USE-FULNESS OF EXTERNAL-INITIATOR PRA METHODOLOGIES.

NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LA-SALLE PRA

PWR

NUREG-1316: TECHNICAL FINDINGS AND REGULATORY ANALYSIS RELATED TO GENERIC ISSUE 70.Evaluation Of Power-Operated Relief Valve And Block Valve Reliability In PWR Nuclear Power Plants. NUREG/CR-5298: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND-ING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS.

NUREG/IA-0012: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-01.

Performance Asseasment

NUREG/CR-5256: COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

Performance History

NUREG-1214 R05: HISTORICAL DATA SUMMARY OF THE SYSTEMAT-IC ASSESSMENT OF LICENSEE PERFORMANCE.

Petitions For Rulemaking

NUREG-0936 VOG NO4: NRC REGULATORY AGENDA. Quarterly Report, October-December 1989.

Plant Transient

NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPER-ATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRAN-SIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER SWITCH SETTINGS.

Porous Tuff

NUREG/CR-5482: LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATURATED FRAC-TURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF.

Practice And Procedure Digest

NUREG-0386 D05 R05: UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION STAFF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE DIGEST.Commission, Appeal Boi Decisions.July 1972 - September 1989 And Appeal Board Licensing Board

Pressure Vessel

NUREG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6

Pressurized Water Reactor

- NUREG-1316: TECHNICAL FINDINGS AND REGULATORY ANALYSIS RELATED TO GENERIC ISSUE 70.Evaluation Of Power-Operated Relief Valve And Block Valve Reliability in PWR Nuclear Power Plants. NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1.Results And Analyses.
- NUREG/CR-5298: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND-ING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS. NUREG/IA-0012: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT
- TEST LP-SB-01.

Probabilistic Risk Assessment

NUREG/CR-4550 V01 R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY.

Quality Assurance

NUREG/CR-5376: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF THE MACCS CODE, Version 1.5.

RELAP5/MOD2

NUREG/IA-0012: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-01.

NUREG/IA-0013. RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-03

Radiation

NUREG/CR-4214 R01 PI: HEALTH EFFECTS MODELS FOR NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE ANALYSIS.Low LET Radiation Part Entroduction, Integration And Summary

Radiation Protection

NUREG/CP-0110: PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL WORK-SHOP ON NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL DOSE CON-TROL AND ALARA IMPLEMENTATION AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS AND SIMILAR FACILITIES.

Radioactive Waste

NUREG/CR-5381: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MATE-RIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS.

Radioactivity

NUREG/CR-5302: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-10: CONTAMINA-TION OF NONRADIOACTIVE SYSTEM AND RESULTING POTENTIAL FOR UNMONITORED, UNCONTROLLED RELEASE OF RADIOACTIV-ITY TO ENVIRONMENT

Radiobiology NUREG/OR-4704 V03: RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVENESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS. Studies On The Gruss And Microscopic Patholo-gy Observed At Death Of Mice Exposed To 60 Equal Once-Weekly Doses Of Fission.

Reactivity Accident NUREG/CR-5368: REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS.A Reassessment Of The Design-Basis Events.

Reactor Accident

NUREG/CP-0105 V01: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH NUREG/CP-0105 V01: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CP-0105 V02: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CP-0105 V03: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CR-4691 V02: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) VOINT 2: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE

- SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description. NUREG/CR-4691 V03: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE
- SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual NUREG/CR-5474: ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MAN-
- AGEMENT STRATEGIES. NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LA-SALLE PRA

Reactor Components NUREG/CR-5419: AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

Reactor Containment

NUREG/CR-5476 POSTTEST ANALYSIS OF A 1:6-SCALE REIN-FORCED CONCRETE REACTOR CONTAINMENT BUILDING.

Reactor Core

NUREG/CR-5316: MELT PROGRESSION, OXIDATION, AND NATURAL CONVECTION IN A SEVERELY DAMAGED REACTOR CORE.

Reactor Pressure Vessel

- NUREG/CR-5493. INFLUENCE OF FLUENCE RATE ON RADIATION-IN-DUCED MECHANICAL PROPERTY CHANGES IN REACTOR PRES-SURE VESSEL STEELS Final Report On Exploratory Experiments. NUREG/CR-5506 PRELIMINARY STRUCTURAL EVALUATION OF
- TROJAN RCL SUBJECT TO POSTULATED RPV SUPPORT FAILURE

Reactor Protection System

NUREG/CR-5474 ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MAN-AGEMENT STRATEGIES.

Reactor Safety

NUREG/CR-5368: REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS A Reassessment Of The Design-Basis Events. NUREG/CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-

TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

Reactor Vessel

NUREG/CR-5479 CURRENT APPLICATIONS OF VIBRATION MONI-TORING AND NEUTRON NOISE ANALYSIS. Detection And Analysis Of Structural Degradation Of Reactor Vessel Internals From Operational Aging

Regulatory Agenda NUREG-0936 V08 N04 NRC REGULATORY AGENDA.Quarterly Report,October-December 1989

Regulatory And Technical Report

NUREG-0304 V14 N04: REGULATORY AND TECHNICAL REPORTS (ABSTRACT INDEX JOURNAL). Annual Compilation For 1989.

Regulatory Impact

NUREG-1395 DRFT: INDUSTRY PERCEPTIONS OF THE IMPACT OF THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ON NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACTIVITIES. Draft Report.

Relay

NUREG/CR-4659 VO3: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II).Switchgear, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relays

Relief Valve

NUREG-1316: TECHNICAL FINDINGS AND REGULATORY ANALYSIS RELATED TO GENERIC ISSUE 70.Evaluation Of Power-Operated Relief Valve And Block Valve Reliability In PWR Nuclear Power Plants.

Report To Congress

NUREG-0090 V12 NO3: REPORT TO CONGRESS ON ABNORMAL OCCURRENCES July-September 1989.

Residual Radioactive

NUREG/CR-5512 DRF FC: RESIDUAL RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION FROM DECOMMISSIONING. Technical Basis For Translating Contamination Levels To Annual Dose.Draft Report For Comment.

Risk Assessment

- NUREG/CP-0105 V01: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH SEVENTEENTH
- WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CP-0105 V02: PROCEEDINGS OF THE S WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CP-0105 V03: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING

Rules

NUREG-0936 V08 N04: NRC REGULATORY AGENDA. Quarterly Report, October-December 1989

Rules Of Practice

NUREG-0366 D05 R05: UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE STAFF COMMISSION Appeal Board And Licensing Board DIGEST.Commission, Decisions July 1972 - September 1989.

SCANS

- NUREG/CR-4554 V06: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANA' YSIS SYSTEM):A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 6 . Theory Manual Buckling Of Circular Cylindrical Shells.
- NUREG/CR-4554 V07: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM) A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW.Volume 7: Theory Manual Puncture Of Shipping Casks.

SCDAP/RELAP5/MC02

UREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL,VOLUME 4:MATPRO - A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS. NUREG/CR-5273 CODE

Safety Evaluation Report

- NUREG-0797 S22: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC COMANCHE PEAK STEAM STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2. Docket Nos. 50-445 And 50-446. (Texas Utili-
- ties Electric Company, et al.) NUREG-0797 S23: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2. Docket Nos. 50-445 And 50-446. (Texas Utili-
- ties Electric Company,et al.) NUREG-0896 S09: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF SEABROOK STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2.Docket Nos. STN-50-443 And STN-50-444 (Public Service Company Of New Hampshire)
- VALLEY AUTHORITY: WATTS BAR NUCLEAR PERFORMANCE PLAN

Safety Research Program

NUREG/CR-2331 V09 N3: SAFETY RESEARCH PROGRAMS SPON-SORED BY OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY RESEARCH Progress Report July-September 1989.

32 Subject Index

Seismic Fragility

NUREG/CR-4659 V03: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II) Switchgear, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relays.

Seismicity

NUREG/CR-3145 VOB GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATIONS OF THE WESTERN OHIO-INDIANA REGION Annual Report. October 1988 -September 1989.

NUREG/CR-5484. PH SENSORS BASED ON IRIDIUM OXIDE

Severe Fuel Damage NUREG/CR-4671: THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX.

Shell-Rupture Failure

NUREG/CR-5405: ANALYSIS OF SHELL-RUPTURE FAILURE DUE TO HYPOTHETICAL ELEVATED TEMPERATURE PRESSURIZATION OF THE SEQUOYAH UNIT 1 STEEL CONTAINMENT BUILDING.

Shipping Cask

NUREG/CR-4554 VO6: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM) A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 6 - Theory Manual Buckling Of Circu-

lar Cylindrical Shells. NUREG/CR-4554 VU7: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM) A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW.Volume 7: Theory Manual Puncture Of Shipping Casks.

Small Break

NUREG/IA-0012 RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-01. NUREG/IA-0013: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT

YEST LP-SB-03.

NUREG/CR-5386: BASIS FOR SNUBBER AGING RESEARCH: NUCLE-AR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM.

Solute Transport

NUREG/CR-5482: LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATURATED FRAC-TURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF

Stainless Steel

NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report.April-September 1988. NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1: LONG-TERM EMBRITTLEMENT OF CAST

DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS. Semiannual Report,October 1987 - March 1988.

Stainless Steel Weld

NUREG/CR-5511: IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES-ARC STAINLESS STEEL WELD OVERLAY CLADDING.

Station Black Out

NUREG/CR-5395 V02: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT Test Group 30, Mapping Tests. NUREG/CR-5395 V10: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST):

FINAL REPORT. RELAP5/MOD2 MIST Analysis Comparisons.

Steam Generator

NUREG/CR-5478: IMPROVED EDDY-CURRENT INSPECTION FOR STEAM GENERATOR TUBING. Progress Report For January 1985 To December 1987

Structural Degradation

NUREG/CR-5479: CURRENT APPLICATIONS OF VIBRATION MONI-TORING AND NEUTRON NOISE ANALYSIS Detection And A alysis Of Structural Degradation Of Reactor Vessel Internals From Overational Aging.

Support Failure

NUREG/CR-5506: PRELIMINARY STRUCTURAL EVALUATION OF TROJAN RCL SUBJECT TO POSTULATED RPV SUPPORT FAILURE.

Switchgea

NUREG/CR-4659 V03: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAF POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II) Switchgear, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relays.

Systematic Assessment Of Licensee Performance

NUREG-1214 RUS: HISTORICAL DATA SUMMARY OF THE SYSTEMAT-IC ASSESSMENT OF LICENSEE PERFORMANCE.

TLD

NUREG-0837 V09 N04: NRC TLD DIRECT RADIATION MONITORING NETWORK.Progress Report. October-December 1989.

TMI-2 EPICOR-II

NUREG/CR-5229 V02: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989 Annual Report.

Tearing Resistance

NUREG/CR-5511: IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES-ARC STAINLESS STEEL WELD OVERLAY CLADDING.

Technical Specification

NUREG-1381: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS. COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION, UNIT 1. Docket No. 50-445, Appendix "A" To License No. NPF-28.

NUREG-1386: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEABROOK STA-TION, UNIT 1. Appendix "A" To License No. NPF-86.

Tectonics

NUREG/CR-3145 V06. GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATIONS OF THE WESTERN OHIO-INDIANA REGION Annual Report, October 1988 September 1989

Thermoluminscent Dosimeter

NUREG-3837 V09 NO4: NRC TLD DIRECT RADIATION MONITORING NETWORK.Progress Report. October-December 1989.

Title List

NUREG-0540 V11 N10: TITLE LIST OF DOCUMENTS MADE PUBLICLY AVAILABLE. October 1-31,1989. NUREG-C540 V11 N11: TITLE LIST OF DOCUMENTS MADE PUBLICLY

AVAILABLE.NOVEMBER 1-30, 1989.

Transport

NUREG/CR-5169: MOBILIZATION AND TRANSPORT OF URANIUM AT URANIUM MILL TAILINGS DISPOSAL SITES Application Of A Chemical Transport Model.

Transportation Accident

NUREG/CR-5477: AN EVALUATION OF THE RELIABILITY AND USE-FULNESS OF EXTERNAL-INI. TATOR PRA METHODOLOGIES.

Tubing Inspection

NUREG/CR-5478: IMPROVED EDDY-CURRENT INSPECTION FOR STEAM GENERATOR TUBING. Progress Report For January 1985 To December 1987

Tuff Repository

NUREG/CR-5435: ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON CORROSION IN THE TUFF REPOSITORY

Ultrasonic Testing

NUREG/CR-4882 QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASONIC TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICATIONS.

Uranium

NUREG/CR-5169: MOBILIZATICN AND TRANSPORT OF URANIUM AT URANIUM MILL TAILINGS DISPOSAL SITES Application Of A Chemical Transport Model.

Uranium Mill Tailing

NUREG/CR-5169: MOBILIZATION AND TRANSPORT OF URANIUM AT URANIUM MILL TAILINGS DISPOSAL SITES Application Of A Chemical Transport Model.

Ventilation System

NUREG/CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS.

Vibration Monitoring

NUREG/CR-5479: CURRENT APPLICATIONS OF VIBRATION MONI-TORING AND NEUTRON NOISE ANALYSIS Detection And Analysis Of Structural Degradation Of Reactor Vessel Internals From Operational Aging

.

× 11 -

аğ,

070

Waste Form Testing

200 **1**

 $W \approx$

an and

90 F

A DECK OF A DECK

.....

1. g. ...

NUREG/CR-5229 V02: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989 Annual Report.

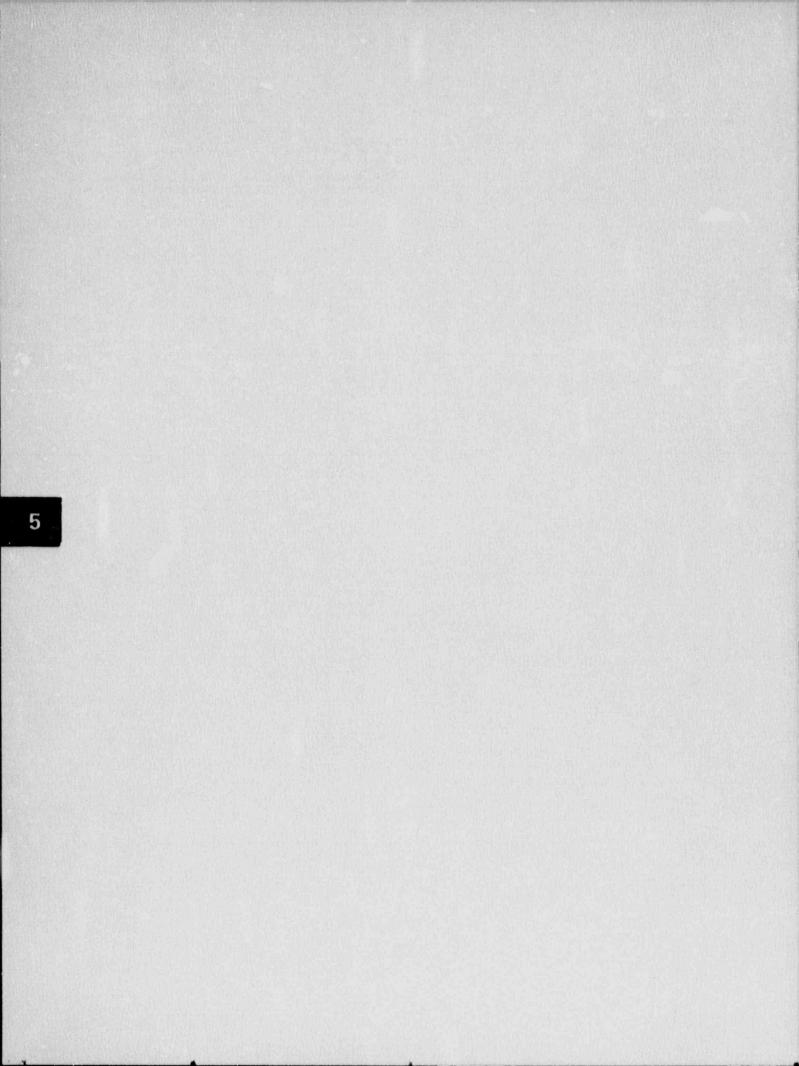
Water Reactor Salety

NUREG/CP-0105 V01: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING.

NUREG/CP-0105 V02: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING NUREG/CP-0105 V03: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING.

e ,

Weld NUREG/CR-5492: INVESTIGATIONS OF IRRADIATION-ANNEAL-REIR-RADIATION (IAR) PROPERTIES TRENDS OF RPV WELDS.Phase 2 Final Report.



NRC Originating Organization Index (Staff Reports)

This index lists those NRC organizations that have published staff reports. The index is arranged alphabetically by major NRC organizations (e.g., program offices) and then by subsections of these (e.g., divisions, branches) where appropriate. Each entry is followed by a NUREG number and title of the report(s). If further information is needed, refer to the main citation by NUREG number.

- OFFICE OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONS (EDO) REGION 1, OFC OF THE DIRECTOR NUREG-0837 V09 N04: NRC TLD DIRECT RADIATION MONITORING
 - NETWORK Progress Report. October-December 1989. REGION 3, OFC OF THE DIRECTOR NUREG-1395 DRFT: INDUSTRY PERCEPTIONS OF THE IMPACT OF THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION ON NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACTIVITIES. Draft Report.

EDO . OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION (PRE \$70413 & POST 890205)

DIVISION OF FREEDOM OF INFORMATION & PUBLICATIONS SERV-ICES (POST 890205

- NUREG-0304 V14 NO4: REGULATORY AND TECHNICAL REPORTS
- (ABSTRACT INDEX JOURNAL). Annual Compilation For 1989. NUREG-0540 V11 N10: TITLE LIST OF DOCUMENTS MADE PUBLIC-
- NUREG-0540 VTI NTO THEE LIST OF DOCUMENTS MADE PUBLIC-LY AVAILABLE. October 1-31,1989. NUREG-0540 V11 N11: TITLE LIST OF DOCUMENTS MADE PUBLIC-LY AVAILABLE.NOVEMBER 1-30, 1989. NUREG-0750 CI02: INDEXES TO NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMIS-
- SION ISSUANCES.January 1,1980 Through December 31,1985. NUREG-0750 V30 I01: INDEXES TO NUCLEAR REGULATORY COM-MISSION ISSUANCES.July-September 1989. NUREG-0750 V30 NO1: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-
- SUANCES FOR JULY 1989 Pages 1-84. NUREG-0750 V30 NO2: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-
- SUANCES FOR AUGUST 1989. Pages 85-165. NUREG-0750 V39 N03: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-
- SUANCES FOR SEPTEMBER 1989 Pages 167-229. NUREG-0750 V30 N04: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-
- SUANCES FOR OCTOBER 1869, Pages 231-323. NUREG-0750 V30 N05: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION IS-
- SUANCES FOR NOVEMBER 1989 Pages 325-708. NUREG-0936 V08 N04: NRC REGULATORY AGENDA.Quarterly
- Report, October-December 1989.

EDO - OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER (PRE 820418 & POST 890205) DIVISION OF BUDGET & ANALYSIS (POST 890205) NUREG-1100 V06: BUDGET ESTIMATES.Fiscal Year 1991. NUREG-1350 V02: NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION INFOR-

MATION DIGEST. 1990 Edition

EDO - OFFICE FOR ANALYSIS & EVALUATION OF OPERATIONAL

DATA OFFICE FOR ANALYSIS & EVALUATION OF OPERATIONAL DATA, DI-

NUREG-0090 V12 NO3: REPORT TO CONGRESS ON ABNORMAL OCCURRENCES July-September 1989.

OFFICE OF GOVERNMENTAL & PUBLIC AFFAIRS (POST 870413)

OFFICE OF GOVERNMENTAL & PUBLIC AFFAIRS (POST 870413) NUREG-1392: LEAKAGE OF AN IRRADIATOR SOURCE - THE JUNE 1988 GEORGIA RSI INCIDENT.

EDO · OFFICE OF INFORMATION RESOURCES MANAGEMENT & ARM (870413-890204)

- DIVISION OF COMPUTER & TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES (POST 890205)
 - NUREG-0020 V13 N11: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS SUMMARY REPORT Data As Of October 30, 1989. (Gray Book I)

NUREG-0020 V13 N12: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS SUMMARY REPORT. Data As Of November 30, 1989. (Gray Book I) NUREG-0020 V14 N01: LICENSED OPERATING REACTORS STATUS SUMMARY REPORT.Data As Of December 31,1989.(Gray Bcok I)

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Decisions.July 1972 - September 1989.

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL (POST 860701) NUREG-0386 D05 R05: UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION STAFF PRACTICE PROCEDURE AND DIGEST.Commission, Appeal Board And Licensing Board

EDO - OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY RESEARCH (POST 820405) VISION OF ENGINEEPING (POST 870413)

NUREG/CR-4882: QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASONIC TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICATIONS.

DIVISION OF SAFETY ISSUE RESOLUTION (POST 880717)

NUREG-1316: TECHNICAL FINDINGS AND REGULATORY ANALYSIS RELATED TO GENERIC ISSUE 70. Evaluation Of Power-Operated Relief Valve And Block Valve Reliability In PWR Nuclear Power Plants

EDO - OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REACTOR REGULATION (POST 4/28/80)

DIVISION OF REACTOR PROJECTS . I/II (POST 870411) NUREG-0896 SO9: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF SEABROOK STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2.Docket Nos. STN-50-443 And STN-50-444.(Public Service Compaapshire) ny Of New 4

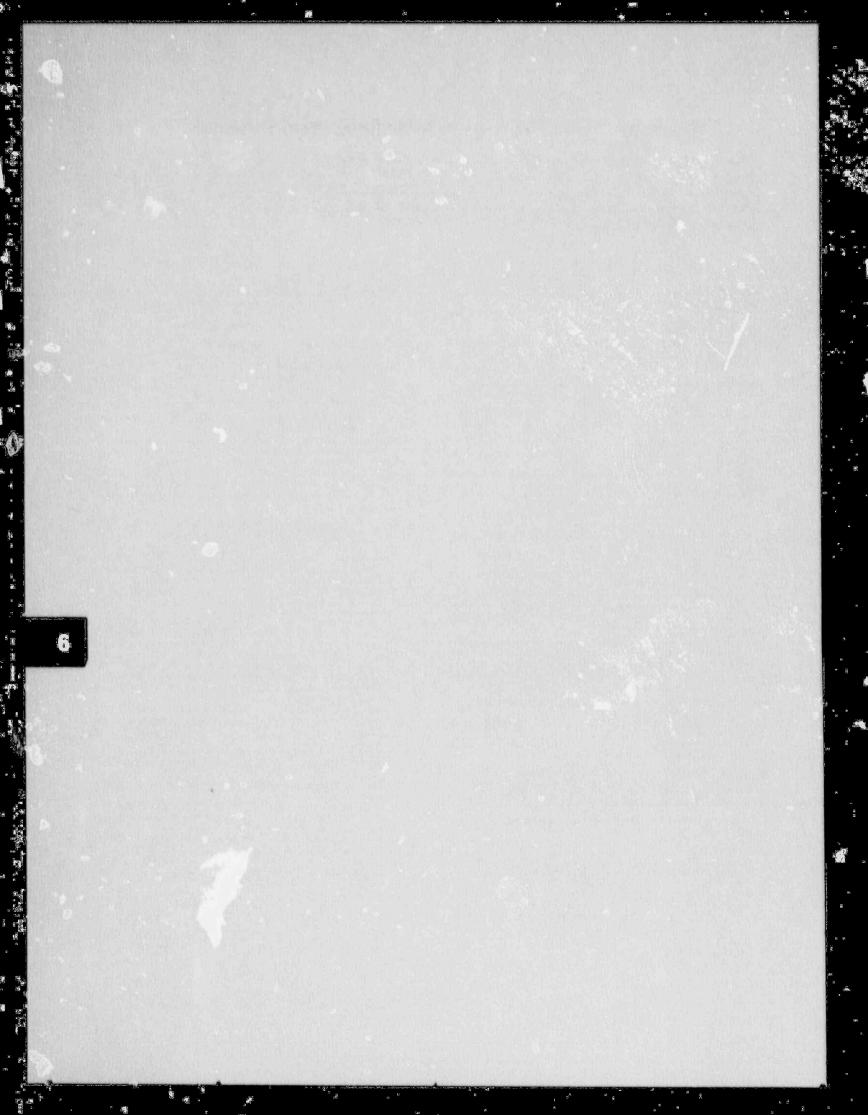
NUREG-1380 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEABROOK STA-TION, UNIT 1. Appendix "A" To License No. NPF-86. COMANCHE PEAK PROJECT DIVISION

- NUREG-0797 S22: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2. Docket Nos. 50-445 And 50-446. (Texas Utilities Electric Company,et al.)
- NUREG-0797 S23: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT RELATED TO THE OPERATION OF COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION, UNITS 1 AND 2. Docket Nos. 50-445 And 50-446. (Texas Utilities Electric Company.et al.)

NUREG-1381: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS, COMANCHE PEAK STEAM ELECTRIC STATION, UNIT 1.Docket No. 50-445, Appendix A" To License No. NPF-28.

TVA PROJECTS DIVISION

- NUREG-1232 VO4: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT ON TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY: WATTS BAR NUCLEAR PERFORMANCE PLAN
- DIVISION OF REACTOR INSPECTION & SAFEGUARDS (POST 87041
- NUREG-0040 V13 N04: LICENSEE CONTRACTOR AND VENDOR IN-SPECTION STATUS REPORT. Quarterly Report, October-December 1989.(White Book)
- DIVISION OF LICENSEE PERFORMANCE & QUALITY EVALUATION (POST 870411)
- NUREG-1214 R05: HISTORICAL DATA SUMMARY OF THE SYSTEM-ATIC ASSESSMENT OF LICENSEE PERFORMANCE.



NHC Originating Organization Index (International Agreements)

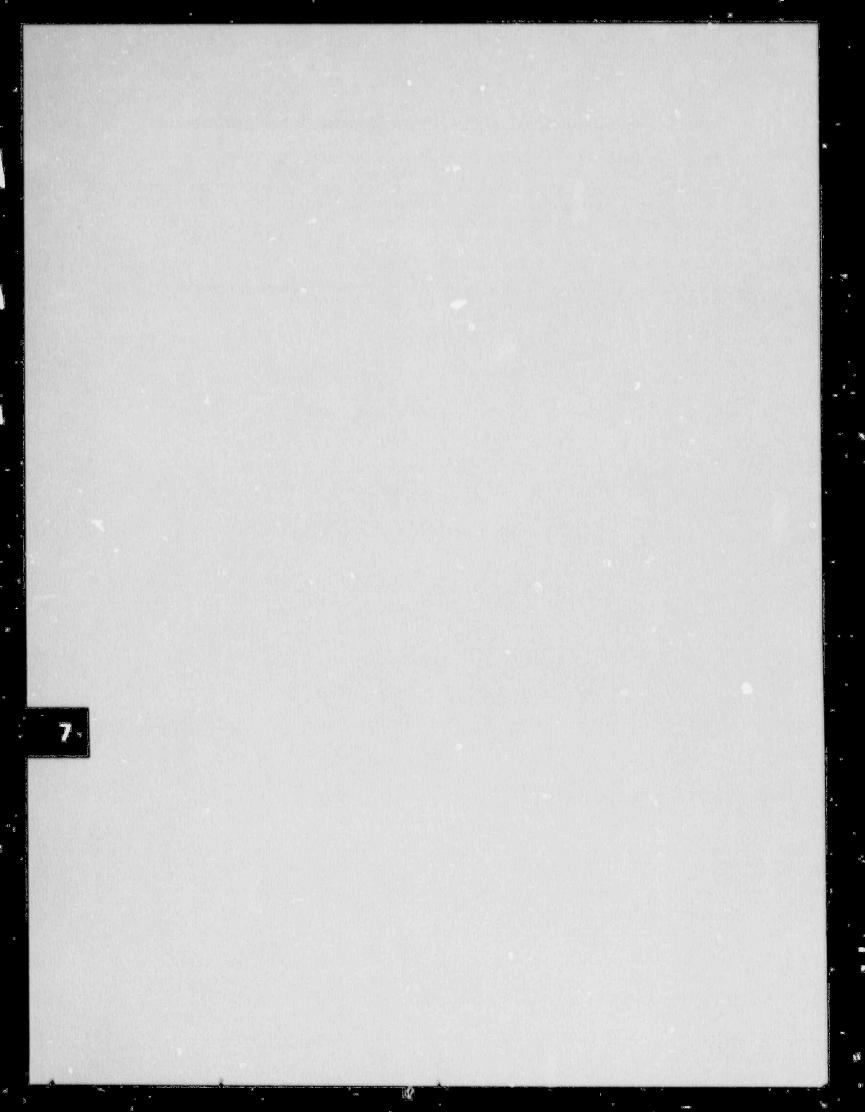
This index lists those NRC organizations that have published international agreement reports. The index is arranged alphabetically by major NRC organizations (e.g., program offices) and then by subsections of these (e.g., divisions, branches) where appropriate. Each entry is followed by a NUREG number and title of the report(s). If further information is needed, refer to the main citation by NUREG number.

EDO - OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY RESEARCH (POST \$20405) OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY RESEARCH, DIRECTOR (POST

660720) NUREG/IA-0012 RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF DECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-01

NUREG/IA-0013: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-03.

(0)



NRC Contract Sponsor Index (Contractor Reports)

This index lists the NFC organizations that sponsored the contractor reports listed in this compilation. It is arranged alphabetically by major NRC organization (e.g., program office) and then by subsections of these (e.g., divisions) where appropriate. The sponsor organization is followed by the NUREG/CR number and title of the report(s) prepared by that organization. If further information is needed, refer to the main citation by the NUREG/CR number.

ON OF OPERATIONAL EDO - OFFICE FOR ANALYSIS & EV

- DATA OFFICE FOR ANALYSIS & EVI JATION G ERATIONAL DATA, DI-RECTOR
 - NUREG/CR-2000 VOBN12 GENSE EVENT REPORT (LER) COMPILATION For Month L. NUREG/CR-2000 V09 N1 1969
 - Ê. EVENT REPORT (LER) -23 COMPILATION For Month OI J. 1990
- COMPLATION FOR MONTH OF SCIENCE EVENT REPORT (LER) COMPLATION FOR MONTH OF SETURY 1980. DIVISION OF SAFETY PROGRAMS (POST 870413) NUREG/CR-4674 V09 PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS 1988 A STATUS REPORT Main
 - Report And Appendix A NUREG/CR-4674 V10: Pre JURSONS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDE: 15:1988 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And C

- EDD OFFICE OF NUCLEAR MATERIAL SAFETY & SAFEGUARDS DIVISION OF HIGH-LEVEL WASTE MANAGEMENT (POST 870413) NUREG/CR-5256: COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY
 - NUREG/CR-5398: TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING. DIVISION OF 1.5W-LEVEL WASTE MANAGEMENT & DECOMMISSION-
 - ING (POST 670413) NUREG/CR-169 MOBILIZATION AND TRANSPORT OF URANIUM
 - AT URANIUM MILL TAILINGS DISPOSAL SITES Application Of A
 - Chemical Transport Model. NUREG/CR-5311 ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MA-TERIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS
- EDO OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY RESEARCH (POST 820405) OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY RESEARCH. DIRECTOR (POST 860720)
 - NUREG/CR-2331 VOB N3. SAFETY RESEATCH PROGRAMS SPON-OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY SORED BY RESEARCH Progress Report, July-September 1989. DIVISION OF ENGINEERING (POST 670413) NUREG/OR-3145 VOR GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATIONS OF THE

 - WESTERN OHIO-INDIANA REGION Annual Report, October 1988 -September 1989
 - NUREG/CR-4469 VOB NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RE-LIABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS Semiannual Report October 1987 - March 1988. NURES/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RE-WATER
 - LIABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS Semiannual Report April September 1988 NUREG/CR-4554 V06 SCANS (SHIPPING CAS
 - (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM: A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 6 - Theory Manual Buckling Of Circular Cylindrical Shells. NUREG/OR-4554 V07: SCANS
 - (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM) & MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 7: Theory Manual Punc-
 - ture Of Shipping Casks. NUREG/CR-4659 V03: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II). Switchgear, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relays. NUREG/CR-4731 V02 RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR
 - LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS OVERVIEW. NUREG/CR-4744 V03 N1: LONG-TERM EMBRITTLEMENT OF CAST
 - DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS.Semiannual Report October 1987 - March 1988. NUREG/CR-4882 QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASONIC
 - TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICATIONS.

- NUREG/CR-5220 VO2 TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGA-TION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PRO-
- GRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989 Annual Report. NUREG/CR-5386 BASIS FOR SNUBBER AGING RESEARCH: NU-CLEAR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM. NUREG/CR-5404 VOI: AUXILIARY FEEDWATER SYSTEM AGING
- STURY
- NUREG/CR-5405 ANALYSIS OF SHELL-RUPTURE FAILURE DUE TO HYPOTHETICAL ELEVATED TEMPERATURE PRESSURIZA-TION OF THE SEGUOYAH UNIT 1 STEEL CONTAINMENT BUILD. ING
- NUREG/CR-5419 AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-
- TEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS. NUREG/CR-5435 ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON CORROSION IN THE TUFF REPOSITORY
- NUREG/CR-5450 HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF
- BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP.2.2 AND WP.2.6. NUREG/CR.5476: POSTTEST ANALYSIS OF A 1.6-SCALE REIN-FORCED CONCRETE REACTOR CONTAINMENT BUILDING NUREG/CR.5478: IMPROVED EDDY-CURRENT INSPECTION FOR
- STEAM GENERATOR TUBING. Progress Report For January 1985 to December 1987
- NUREG/CR-5482 LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATURATED

- SOLUTE THANSPORT INFOOD A VARIABLE SALUTE FRACTURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF. NUREG/CR-5484: PH SENSORS BASED ON IRIDIUM OXIDE. NUREG/CR-5481: SHIPPINGPORT STATION AGING EVALUATION. NUREG/CR-5402: INVESTIGATIONS OF IRRADIATION-ANNEAL RPV REIRRADIATION (IAR) PROPERTIES TRENDS OF
- WELDS Phase 2 Final Report NUREG/CR-5493: INFLUENCE OF FLUENCE RATE ON RADIATION INDUCED MECHANICAL PROPERTY CHANGES IN REACTOR PRESSURE VESSEL STEELS Final Report On Exploratory Experimante
- NUREG/CR-5506 PRELIMINARY STRUCTURAL EVALUATION OF TROJAN ROL SUBJECT TO POSTULATED RPV SUPPORT FAIL-IFIE
- NUREG/CR-5511: IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES ARC STAINLESS STEEL

- WELD OVERLAY CLADDING WELD OVERLAY CLADDING DIVISION OF REGULATORY APPLICATIONS (POST 870413) NUREG/CR-3668 MINET CODE DOCUMENTATION NUREG/CR-4214 R01 PL HEALTH EFFECTS MODELS FOR NUCLE-AR POWER PLANT ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE ANALYSIS.LOW
 - LET Radiation Part Entroduction, Integration And Summary, NUREG/CR-4704 V03, RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVENESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPA-TIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS Studies On The Gross And Microscopic Pathology Observed At Death Of Mice Exposed To 60 Equal
 - Once-Weekly Doses OF Fission. NUREG/CR-5516 CAUSES OF FAILING THE DRAFT ANSI STAND-ARD N13.30 RADIOBIOASSAY PERFORMANCE CRITERION FOR MINIMUM DETECTABLE AMOUNT

- MINIMUM DETECTABLE AMOUNT. DIVISION OF SYSTEMS RESEARCH (POST 860717) NUREG/CR-4550 V01 R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY. NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1.Results And
- Analyses
- NUREG/CR-4671 THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX
- NUREG/CR-4691 VO2 MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2 Model Description. NUREG/CR-4691 V03 MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE
- SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual NUREG/CR-5273 V04: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE
- MANUAL VOLUME 4 MATPRO A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS

PROPERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALY-515

NUREG/CR-5316 MELT PROGRESSION, OXIDATION, AND NATU-RAL CONVECTION IN A SEVERELY DAMAGED REACTOR CORE. NUREG/CR-5368: REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS A Reassessment Of The

Design-Basis Events. NUREG/CR-5376: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF

THE MACCS CODE, Version 1.5. NUREG/CR-5385 VO2 MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST

(MIST): FINAL REPORT Test Group 30. Mapping Tests. NUREG/CR-5395 V10: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT. RELAP5/MOD2 MIST Analysis Compan-SCITIE. NUREG/CR-5424

ELICITING AND ANALYZING EXPERT JUDGEMENT A Practical Guide. NUREG/CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR

SYSTEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS NUREG/OR-5474: ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MAN-

AGEMENT STRATEGIES

NUREG/CR-5477: AN EVALUATION OF THE RELIABILITY AND USE-FULNESS OF EXTERNAL-INITIATOR PRA METHODOLOGIES

DIVISION OF REGULATORY APPLICATIONS (860720-870413) NUREG/CR-5512 DRF FC: RESIDUAL RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINA-TION FROM DECOMMISSIONING. Yechnical Basis For Translating Contamination Levels To Annual Dose.Draft Report For Comment.

EDO - OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REACTOR REGULATION (POST 4/26/09) DIVISION OF OPERATIONAL EVENTS ASSESSMENT (POST 870411) NUREG/CR-4861: CLOSEOUT OF BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OP-ERATED VALVE COMMON MOC AILURES DURING PLANT TRANSIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER 3P. (CH SETTINGS NUREG/CR-5286: CLOSEOUT OF # JULLETIN 7P-17.PIPE CRACKS IN STAGNANT BORATED WATES, JYSTEMS AT PWR PLANTS, NUREG/CR-5286: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 7P-29.POTENTIAL EAULIDE OF EMERGENCY DIFSEL GENERATOR EIELD EV/CTED

. 1634

1

FAILURE OF EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR FIELD EXCITER

FAILURE OF EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR FIELD EXCITER TRANSFORMER. NUREG/CR-5298 CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND-ING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS. NUREG/CR-5302: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-10: CONTAMINA-TION OF NONRADIOACTIVE SYSTEM AND RESULTING POTEN-TIAL FOR UNMONITORED, UNCONTROLLED RELEASE OF RA-DIOACTIVITY TO ENVIRONMENT. NUREG/CR-5307: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-02: INADEQUATE QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR NUCLEAR SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT. DIVISION OF ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY (POST 890827) NUREG/CR-5479: CURRENT APPLICATIONS OF VIBRATION MONI-TORING AND NEUTRON NOISE ANALYSIS.Detection And Analysis OI Structural Degradation Of Reactor Vessel Internals From Oper-

Of Structural Degradation Of Reactor Vessel Internals From Oper-

......

.

ational Aging DIVISION OF SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY (POST 890827) NUREG/CR-5421: LAPUR USER'S QUIDE DIVISION OF RADIATION PROTECTION & EMERGENCY PREPARED-NESS (POST 870411) NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERGOR IN THE LASALLE PRA

¥. 9

Contractor Index

This index lists, in alphabetical order, the contractors that prepared the NUREG/CR reports listed in this compilation. Listed below each contractor are the NUREG/CR numbers and titles of their reports. If further information is needed, refer to the main citation by the NUREG/CR number.

- ARGONNE NATIONAL LABORATORY NUREG/CR-4704 V03: RELATIVE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTIVENESS (RBE) OF FISSION NEUTRONS AND GAMMA RAYS AT OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS Studies On The Gross And Microscopic Patholo-gy Observed At Death Of Mice Exposed To 50 Equal Once-Weekly
- DUPLEX STAINLESS STEELS IN LWR SYSTEMS. Semiannual
- Report.October 1987 March 1986. NUREG/CR-5229 V02: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989 Annual Report.

ARIZONA, UNIV. OF, TUCSON, AZ NUREG/CR-5482: LABORATORY ANALYSIS OF FLUID FLOW AND SOLUTE TRANSPORT THROUGH A VARIABLY SATURATED FRAC-TURE EMBEDDED IN POROUS TUFF

- BABCOCK & WILCOX CO. NUREG/CR-5395 V02 MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST): FINAL REPORT Test Group 30, Mapping Tests NUREG/CR-5395 V10: MULTILOOP INTEGRAL SYSTEM TEST (MIST):
 - FINAL REPORT. RELAP5/MOD2 MIST Analysis Comparisons

BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE, COLUMBUS LABORATORIES

NUREG/CP-0109: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEMINAR ON LEAK. BEFORE-BREAK Further Developments In Regulatory Policies And Supporting Research

BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE, PACIFIC NORTHWEST

- LABORATORY
- LABORATORY NUREG/CR-4469 V08: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS.Semiannual Report.October 1987 March 1988 NUREG/CR-4469 V09: NONDESTRUCTIVE EXAMINATION (NDE) RELI-
- ABILITY FOR INSERVICE INSPECTION OF LIGHT WATER REACTORS Semiennual Report April September 1988. NUREG/CR-4882: QUALIFICATION PROCESS FOR ULTRASONIC TESTING IN NUCLEAR INSERVICE INSPECTION APPLICATIONS. NUREG/CR-5189: MOBILIZATION AND TRANSPORT OF URANIUM AT
- URANIUM MILL TAILINGS DISPOSAL SITES Application Of A Chemical Transport Model. NUREG/CR-5386: BASIS FOR SNUBBER AGING RESEARCH: NUCLE-
- AR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM. NUREG/CR-5401: SHIPPINGPORT STATION AGING EVALUATION NUREG/CR-5512 DRF FC: RESIDUAL RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION
- FROM DECOMMISSIONING. Technical Basis For Translating Contami-
- nation Levels To Annual Dose Draft Rep: /t For Comment NUREG/CR-5516: CAUSES OF FAILING THE DRAFT ANSI STANDARD N13.30 RADIOSIOASSAY PERFORMANCE CRITERION FOR MINI-MUM DETECTABLE AMOUNT

- BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY NUREG/CP-0105 V01: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH NUREG/CP-0105 V01: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CP-0105 V02: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CP-0105 V03: PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEVENTEENTH WATER REACTOR SAFETY INFORMATION MEETING. NUREG/CP-0110: PROCEEDINGS OF THE INTERNATIONAL WORK-

- SHOP ON NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL DOSE CON-
- SHOP ON NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN OCCUPATIONAL DOSE CON-TROL AND ALARA IMPLEMENTATION AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS AND SIMILAR FACILITIES. NUREG/CR-2331 V09 N3: SAFETY RESEARCH PROGRAMS SPON-SORED BY OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REGULATORY RESEARCH Progress Report, July-September 1989. NUREG/CR-3666: MINET CODE DOCUMENTATION. NUREG/CR-4659 V03: SEISMIC FRAGILITY OF NUCLEAR POWER PLANT COMPONENTS (PHASE II). Switchgear, I&C Panels (NSSS) And Relays.
- And Relays.

NUREG/CR-5368: REACTIVITY ACCIDENTS.A Reassessment Of The

-

5

.

- Design-Basis Events. NUREG/CR-5419: AGING ASSESSMENT OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-TEMS IN NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS. NUREG/CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SYS-
- TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS. NUREG/CR-5474: ASSESSMENT OF CANDIDATE ACCIDENT MAN-AGEMENT STRATEGIES.
- NUREG/CR-5527: RISK SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN ERROR IN THE LA-SALLE PRA

CORTEST COLUMBUS, INC.

NUHEG/CR-5435: ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS ON CORROSION IN THE TUFF REPOSITORY

EGAG IDAHO, INC. (SUBS. OF EGAG, INC.)

- NUREG/CR-4731 VO2: RESIDUAL LIFE ASSESSMENT OF MAJOR LIGHT WATER REACTOR COMPONENTS OVERVIEW. NUREG/CR-5229 VO2: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989 Annual Report. UREG/CR-5273 V04: S
- UREG/CR-5273 VOA: SCDAP/RELAP5/MOD2 CODE MANUAL.VOLUME 4:MATPRO A LIBRARY OF MATERIALS PROP-NUREG/CR-5273 ERTIES FOR LIGHT-WATER-REACTOR ACCIDENT ANALYSIS. NUREG/CR-5376: QUALITY ASSURANCE AND VERIFICATION OF THE
- MACCS CODE, Version 1.5.

ERC ENVIRONMENTAL & ENERGY SERVICES, INC.

- NUREG/CR-4550 VOI R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY.
- NUREG/CR-5381: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MATE-RIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS.

FUTURE RESOURCES ASSOCIATES, INC. NUREG/CR-5477: AN EVALUATION OF THE RELIABILITY AND USE-FULNESS OF EXTERNAL-INITIATOR PRA METHODOLOGIES.

GEORGIA, STATE OF

NUREG-1392 LEAKAGE OF AN IRRADIATOR SOURCE . THE JUNE 1988 GEORGIA RSI INCIDENT

GRAM. INC.

NUREG/CR-5381: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MATE. RIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS.

HARVARD SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH, BOSTON, MA

NUREG/CR-4214 RO1 PI HEALTH EFFECTS MODELS FOR NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE ANALYSIS.Low LET Radiation Part Lintroduction, Integration And Summary

LAKE ENGINEERING. INC.

NUREG/CR-5386: BASIS FOR SNUBBER AGING RESEARCH: NUCLE-AR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM

AWRENCE LIVERMORE NATIONAL LABORATORY

- NUREG/CR-4554 Voo: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM):A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 6 Theory Manual Buckling Of Circular Cylindrical Shells
- NUREG/CR-4554 VOT: SCANS (SHIPPING CASK ANALYSIS SYSTEM) A MICROCOMPUTER BASED ANALYSIS SYSTEM FOR SHIPPING CASK DESIGN REVIEW Volume 7: Theory Manual Puncture Of Ship-
- TROJAN ROL SUBJECT TO POSTULATED RPV SUPPORT FAILURE.

42 **Contractor Index**

LOS ALAMOS NATIONAL LABORATORY

NUREG/CR-5424 ELICITING AND ANALYZING EXPERT JUDGEMENT A Practical Guide

MATERIALS ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC.

NUREG/CR-5492 INVESTIGATIONS OF IRRADIATION-ANNEAL-REIR-RADIATION (IAR) PROPERTIES TRENDS OF RPV WELDS.Phase 2 Final Report

NUREG/CR-5493 INFLUENCE OF FLUENCE RATE ON RADIATION-IN-DUCED MECHANICAL PROPERTY CHANGES IN REACTOR PRES-SURE VESSEL STEELS.Final Report On Exploratory Experiments.

MICHIGAN, UNIV. OF, ANN ARBOR, MI

N'REG/CR-3145 VOB GEOPHYSICAL INVESTIGATIONS OF THE WESTERN OHIO-INDIANA REGION Annual Report October 1986 aptember 1989

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS & TECHNOLOGY (FORMERLY NATIONAL BUREAU OF

NUREG/CR-5450: HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6.

NUREG/CR-5484 PH SENSORS BASED ON IRIDIUM OXIDE

OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LABORATORY

- NUREG/CR-2000 V0BN12: LICENSEE EVENT REPORT COMPILATION.For Month Of December 1989. (LER)
- NUREG/CR-2000 VOB N1: LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER) COMPLATION For Month Of January 1990. NUREG/CR-2000 VG6 N2: LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)
- COMPILATION FOR MONTH OF FORMAT 1990. NUREG/CR-4671: THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRE WITH A BWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX. NUREG/CR-4674 VOP. PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCUPANTS OF A STATUS DEPOTION.
- DAMAGE ACCIDENTS: 1988 A STATUS REPORT Main Report And Apnotix A
- NUREG/OR-4674 V10: PRECURSORS TO POTENTIAL SEVERE CORE DAMAGE ACCIDENTS 1988 A STATUS REPORT Appendixes B And
- NUREG/CR-5220 V02: TMI-2 EPICOR-II RESIN/LINER INVESTIGATION: LOW-LEVEL WASTE DATA BASE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1989 Annual Report. NUREG/CR-5404 V01: AUXILIARY FEEDWATER SYSTEM AGING
- STUDY

NUREG/CR-5421: LAPUR USER'S GUIDE

- NUREG/CR-5450 HIGH-TEMPERATURE CRACK-ARREST TESTS USING 152-MM-THICK SEN WIDE PLATES OF LOW-UPPER-SHELF BASE MATERIAL TESTS WP-2.2 AND WP-2.6. NUREG/CR-5478 IMPROVED EDDY-CURRENT INSPECTION FOR
- STEAM GENERATOR TUBING. Progress Report For January 1985 To December 1987
- NUREG/CR-5479 CURRENT APPLICATIONS OF VIBRATION MONI-TORING AND NEUTRON NOISE ANALYSIS. Detection And Analysis Of Structural Degradation Of Reactor Vessel Internals From Operational
- UREG/CR-5511 IRRADIATION EFFECTS ON STRENGTH AND TOUGHNESS OF THREE-WIRE SERIES-ARC STAINLESS STEEL NUREG/CR-5511 WELD OVERLAY CLADDING.

PARAMETER, INC.

- NUREG/CR-4661: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-03: MOTOR-OPER-ATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES DURING PLANT TRAN-
- ATED VALVE COMMON MODE FAILURES OF THE SETTINGS. SIENTS DUE TO IMPROPER SWITCH SETTINGS. NUREG/CR-5286: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-17: PIPE CRACKS IN STAGNANT BORATED WATER SYSTEMS AT PWR PLANTS. NUREG/CR-5289: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 79-23: POTENTIAL FAILURE OF EMERGENCY DIESEL GENERATOR FIELD EXCITER
- TRANSFORMER. NUREG/CR-5298: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 85-01: STEAM BIND
- ING OF AUXILIARY FEEDWATER PUMPS. NUREG/CR-5302: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-10: CONTAMINA-TION OF NONRADIOACTIVE SYSTEM AND RESULTING POTENTIAL FOR UNMONITORED, UNCONTROLLED RELEASE OF RADIOACTIV-ITY TO ENVIRONMENT. NUREG/CR-5207: CLOSEOUT OF IE BULLETIN 80-02: INADEQUATE
- QUALITY ASSURANCE FOR NUCLEAR SUPPLIED EQUIPMENT.

SANDIA NATIONAL LABORATORIES NUREG/CR-4214 R01 PI: HEALTH EFFECTS MODELS FOR NUCLEAR POWER PLANT ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE ANALYSIS.LOW LET Radiation.Part Eintroduction, Integration And Summary. NUREG/CR-4550 V01 R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-

- CY INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY. NUREG/CR-4668: DAMAGED FUEL EXPERIMENT DF-1.Results And
- Analyses NUREG/OR-4671 THE DF-4 FUEL DAMAGE EXPERIMENT IN ACRR
- WITH A SWR CONTROL BLADE AND CHANNEL BOX. NUREG/CR-4691 V02: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE
- SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 2: Model Description. NUREG/CR-4691 V03: MELCOR ACCIDENT CONSEQUENCE CODE
- SYSTEM (MACCS) Volume 3: Programmer's Reference Manual NUREG/CR-5256: COMPONENTS OF AN OVERALL PERFORMANCE
- ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY, NUREG/CR-5316: MELT PROGRESSION, OXIDATION, AND NATURAL
- CONVECTION IN A SEVERELY DAMAGED REACTOR CORE. NUREG/CR-5361: ECONOMIC RISK OF CONTAMINATION CLEANUP COSTS RESULTING FROM LARGE NONREACTOR NUCLEAR MATE-
- RIAL LICENSEE OPERATIONS. NUREG/CR-5398. TECHNICAL BASIS FOR REVIEW OF HIGH-LEVEL
- NUREG/CR-5300 TEURING. WASTE REPOSITORY MODELING. NUREG/CR-5405: ANALYSIS OF SHELL-RUPTURE FAILURE DUE TO HYPOTHETICAL ELEVATED-TEMPERATURE PRESSURIZATION OF HYPOTHETICAL ELEVATED-TEMPERATURE PRESSURIZATION OF

THE SEQUOYAH UNIT 1 STEEL CONTAINMENT BUILDING NUREG/CR-5476: POSTTEST ANALYSIS OF A 1:6-SCALE FORCED CONCRETE REACTOR CONTAINMENT BUILDING. REIN

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORP. (FORMERLY SCIENCE APPLICATIONS, NUREG/CR-4550 V01 R1: ANALYSIS OF CORE DAMAGE FREQUEN-

- CY: INTERNAL EVENTS METHODOLOGY. NUREG/CR-5472: A RISK-BASED REVIEW OF INSTRUMENT AIR SVS-
- TEMS AT NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS

TAIWAN POWER CO.

NUREG/CP-0109 PROCEEDINGS OF THE SEMINAR ON LEAK-BEFORE-BREAK Further Developments In Regulatory Policies And Supporting Research.

WYLE LABORATORIES

NUREG/CR-536: BASIS FOR SNUBBER AGING RESEARCH: NUCLE-AR PLANT AGING RESEARCH PROGRAM.

90 <u>85</u>

1

International Organization Index

This index lists, in alphabetical order, the countries and performing organizations that pre-pared the NUREG/IA reports listed in this compilation. Listed below each country and per-forming organization are the NUREG/IA numbers and titles of their reports. If further infor-mation is needed, refer to the main citation by the NUREG/IA number.

5.1

No. of Concession, Name

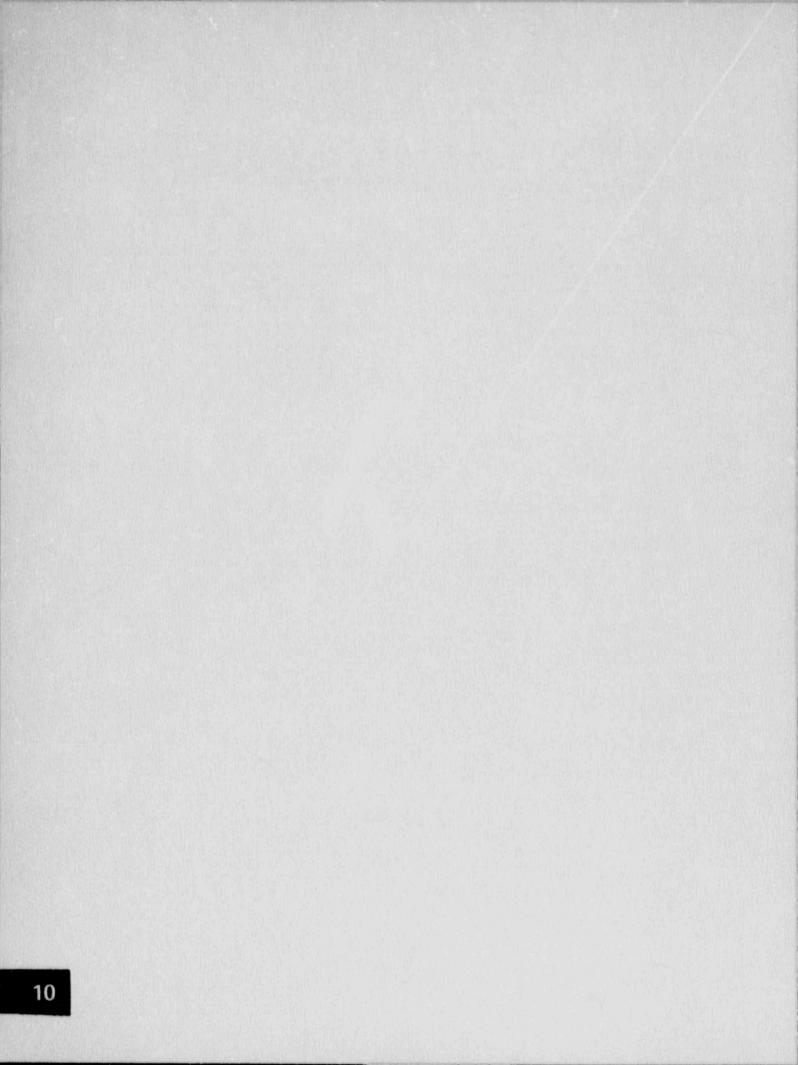
UNITED KINGDOM CENTRAL ELECTRICITY GENERATING BOARD NUREG/IA-0012: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF OECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-01

NUREG/1A-0013: RELAP5/MOD2 CALCULATIONS OF DECD-LOFT TEST LP-SB-03

60

1292

2.8 * * *



Licensed Facility Index

This index lists the facilities that were the subject of NRC staff or contractor reports. The facility names are arranged in alphabetical order. They are preceded by their Docket number and followed by the report number. If further information is needed, refer to the main citation by the NUREG number.

50-445	Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Unit 1.	NUREG-0797 522	50-374	LaSale County Station, Unit 2. Commonwealth	NUREG/CR-5527
50-445	Texas Utilities Electr Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Unit 1.	NUREG-0797 523	50-443	Edison Go. Seabrook Nuclear Station, Unit 1, Public Service	NUREG-0896 509
50-445	Texas Utinties Electr Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Unit 1.	NUREG-1381	50-443	Co. of New Hampshir Seabrook Nuclear Station, Unit 1, Public Service	NUREG-1396
50-446	Texas Utilities Electr Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Unit 2.	NUREG-0797 522	50-444	Co. of New Hampshir Seabrook Nuclear Station, Unit 2, Public Service	NUREG-0696 509
50-446	Texas Utilities Electr Comanche Peak Steam Electric Station, Unit 2.	NUREG-0797 523	50-327	Co. of New Hampshir Sequoyah Nuclear Plant, Unit 1, Tennessee	NUREG/CR-5405
	Texas Utilities Electr		50-344	Valley Authority Trojan Nuclear Plant, Portland General Electric	NUREG/CR-5506
50-373	LeSalle County Station, Unit 1, Commonwealth Edison Co.	NUREG/CR-5527	50-390	Watts Bar Nuclear Plant, Unit 1, Tennessee Valley Authority	NUREG-1232 V04

IRC FORM 335 U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISS (RCM 1102, 201, 3202 BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA SHEET (See Instructions on the reverse)	ION 1 REPORT NUMBER (Assigned by NRC Add Vol. Supp. Rev. and Addendum Numbers, If any.) NUREG-0304 Vol. 15, No. 1
TITLE AND SUBTITLE	
Regulatory and Technical Reports (Abstract Index Journal)	3 DATE REPORT PUBLISHED
Compilation for	May 1990
First Quarter 1990 January - March	4. FIN OR GRANT NUMBER
5. AUTHORISL	6. TYPE OF REPORT
	Reference
	7. PERIOD COVERED (Inclusive Dates)
	January-March 1990
B PERFORMING ORGANIZATION - NAME AND ADDRESS (1) NRC. provide Division, Office or Region, U.S. Nucleas Regulato	
Division of Freedom of Information and Publications Services Office of Administration U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555	
B. SPONSORING ORGANIZATION - NAME AND ADDRESS (II NRC. type "Same as reave", If contractor, provide NRC Divisio and mailing address, I	un, Office ar Region, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission,
Same as 8. above.	
10. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES	
11. ABSTRACT (200 words or Res.)	
This journal includes all formal reports in the NUREG series and contractors; proceedings of conferences and workshops; a agreement reports. The entries in this compilation are inde and abstract, secondary report number, personal author, subj staff and international agreements, contractor, international licensed facility.	s well as international xed for access by title ect, NRC organization for
12. KEY WORDS/DESCRIPTORS (Liss words or phrases that will assist researchers in locating the report.)	13. AVAILABILITY STATEMENT
compilation	Unlimit.ed
abstract index	(This Pape)
	Unclassified
	Unclassified
	15. NUMBER OF PAGES

ť,

1 .

UNITED STATES MUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 2022

OFFICIAL BUGINESS

POCIAL POURTH-CLASS RATE POSTAGE & POES PAID USING PENACIT No. 0-67 100

Main Citations and Abstracts

10

9

36

29

6

7

8 ¢

d a

10

107

É.

120555139531 1 1AN1AC19L1901 US NRC-DADM DIV FOIA & PUBLICATIONS SVCS TPS PDR-NUREG P-223 WASHINGTON DC 20555

* % S

ŝ.

Personal Author Index

Secondary Report

Number Index

Subject Index

NRC Originating Organization Index (Staff Reports)

NRC Originating Organization Index (International Agreements)

NRC Contractor Sponsor Index

Contractor Index

International Organization Index

Licensed Facility Index 1006

and a