## MAR 1 8 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR: Elinor G. Adensam, Director, BWR Project Directorate #3 Division of BWR Licensing

FROM:

F. Rosa, Chief Electrical, Instrumentation & Control Systems Branch Division of PWR Licensing-A

INSTALLATION OF A CATEGORY 1 (IN ACCORDANCE WITH R.G. 1.97) SUBJECT: NEUTRON FLUX INSTRUMENTATION AT NINE MILE POINT UNIT 2

As requested by the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Project Manager (M. Haughey) the purpose of this memorandum is to document our position on the installation of the subject instrumentation at NMP-2. Because this may be an appeal item Ms. Haughey requested this memorandum ahead of our formal SER so that she can pursue this item with the applicant in a timely manner prior to licensing.

R.G. 1.97 identifies neutron flux as one of the variables required to be monitored during and following an accident. The design and qualification criteria for the associated instrumentation is listed as Category 1 in the guide. One of the qualification criteria for a Category 1 instrument as defined by R.G. 1.97, is that it be environmentally qualified. The applicant indicated in his January 20, 1986 letter that the environmental qualification of his neutron flux instrumentation under harsh environment conditions is for a limited time. In subsequent conversations with him he indicated that the amount of time the instrumentation could survive in a harsh environment is only a matter of seconds. It is our position that, in accordance with R.G. 1.97, the environmental qualification of this instrumentation should ensure its survivability during and following an accident.

Because a Category 1 neutron flux instrument is presently not available but is an industry development item, we have been requiring utilities to follow the development of this hardware and install a Category 1 instrument when it becomes available. We have presently not received a commitment from the NMP-2 applicant to install a Category 1 instrument when it becomes available. We therefore intend to condition the NMP-2 license that this be done. Our position has been discussed with the NMP-2 applicant.

> \*Original Signed #¥ ] Faust Rosa"

Faust Rosa, Chief Electrical, Instrumentation & Control Systems Branch Division of PWR Licensing-A

> Distribution: Document Control 016 EICSB Rdg. J. Lazevnick (PF)(2) J. E. Knight F. Rosa M. Srinivasan

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E. Adensam

cc: C. E. Rossi G. Lainas M. Srinivasan M. Haughey R. Stevens J. Joyce



NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION / 300 ERIE BOULEVARD WEST, SYRACUSE, N.Y. 13202/TELEPHONE (315) 474-1511

March 3, 1986 (NMP2L 0644)

Ms. Elinor G. Adensam, Director BWR Project Directorate No. 3 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 7920 Norfolk Avenue Washington, DC 20555

Dear Ms. Adensam:

# Re: Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Docket No. 50-410

Attached is additional information concerning the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 compliance to Regulatory Guide 1.97. This response is in addition to the response provided on January 20, 1986.

This material was discussed in telephone conversations with your staff on February 13, 1986 and February 21, 1986. Niagara Mohawk expects that this material provides the necessary information to close Confirmatory Item 10.

Very truly yours,

C. V. Mangan Senior Vice President

TL:ja 1361G Attachment

xc: R. A. Gramm, NRC Resident Inspector Project File (2)

8603070317

# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the Matter of ) Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation ) (Nine Mile Point Unit 2) )

Docket No. 50-410

### AFFIDAVIT

C. V. Mangan, being duly sworn, states that he is Senior Vice President of Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation; that he is authorized on the part of said Corporation to sign and file with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission the documents attached hereto; and that all such documents are true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.

amangan

Subscribed and sworp to before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of New York and County of March, 1986.

tary Public in and for \_\_\_ County, New York

My		ion expires:
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# Attachment

 Neutron flux - The applicant should provide Class IE power sources for this instrumentation; the applicant should show that the source and intermediate ranges have sufficient overlap.

## Response

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In addition to the information provided in our January 20, 1986 letter, Niagara Mohawk will continue to follow and evaluate developments in the nuclear industry concerning neutron flux monitoring instrumentation. Prior to the conclusion of the first refueling outage, Niagara Mohawk will update and identify to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission the status of the neutron flux monitoring instrumentation issue for Nine Mile Point Unit 2.

4. Coolant level in reactor - The applicant should identify the remainder of this instrumentation in accordance with Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations, and justify those deviations identified.

#### Response

As stated in our January 20, 1986 letter, conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 3 is accomplished by the use of two transmitters per division, one fuel zone and one wide range. As noted in Section 3.3.3 of your November 15, 1985 letter, the wide range transmitters were omitted from Table 421.36-1 and will be added in the next Final Safety Analysis Report amendment.

The wide range transmitters (2ISC\*LT9C and D) are calibrated to monitor the 375.70 in. level, which is inside the fuel zone transmitter range, to the 585.70 in. level which is 62.3 in. below the centerline of the main steam lines at 648 in. It should be noted that all safety trips from reactor level occur within these level ranges.

This range meets the intent of the regulatory guide which is to restore and maintain reactor pressure vessel water level to ensure adequate core cooling.

Water level indication is available in the control room to the operator from one transmitter (2ISC\*LT105) covering the 525.70 to 925.70 in. level which is well above the main steam lines. A second transmitter (2ISC\*PDT110) covering the 525.70 to 705.70 in. level is also available to the control room operator on a strip chart recorder. However, neither of these transmitters (2ISC\*PDT110 and LT105) fully meet the qualification requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97.



4

NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION / 300 ERIE BOULEVARD WEST, SYRACUSE, N.Y. 13202/TELEPHONE (315) 474-1511

January 20, 1986 (NMP2L 0589)

Ms. Elinor G. Adensam, Director BWR Project Directorate No. 3 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 7920 Norfolk Avenue Washington, DC 20555

Dear Ms. Adensam:

# Re: Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Docket No. 50-410

Attached is the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 response to the letter from W. Butler (NRC) to B. G. Hooten (NMPC), dated November 15, 1986 concerning conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97.

This material provides the information necessary to close Confirmatory Item 10.

Very truly yours.

ucan

Senior Vice President

TRL:ja Attachment

xc: R. A. Gramm, NRC Resident Inspector Project File (2)

\$2001240044 8PP

### ATTACHMENT

 The licensee should identify plant-specific Type A variables and verify that the instrumentation for them is Category I.

#### Response

Table 421.36-1 of the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report will be revised to identify the following Type A variables.

- 1. Containment hydrogen concentration (2) (same as variables Clla and b)
- 2. Containment oxygen concentration (2) (same as variables Cl2a and b)
- 3. Reactor vessel pressure (2) (same as variables B6a and b)
- 4. Reactor vessel level (4) (same as variables B4a, b, c and d)
- 5. Suppression pool water temperature (8) (same as variables D6a and b)
- 6. Drywell atmosphere temperature (18) (same as variables D7a and b)
- 7. Drywell atmosphere pressure (2) (same as variables D4a and b)
- Neutron flux The applicant should provide redundant Class IE power sources for this instrumentation; the applicant should show that the source and intermediate ranges have sufficient overlap.

### Response

The source of power (see Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report Figure 8.3-10) for Source Range Monitors (SRMs) and Intermediate Range Monitors (IRMs) originates from reliable normal dc sources. Normal supply originates from stub buses (2NJS-US6 and US5) to 24/48-V dc distribution panels (2BWS-PNL300A and 2BWS-PNL300B). A normal power source feeds two battery chargers per division that service the 24/48-V dc distribution panel(s) and maintain the charge on two 24-V dc batteries. The batteries are available to service the 24/48-V dc distribution panels on loss of normal power.

The power source for Low Power Range Monitor (LPRM) groups and Average Power Range Monitor (APRM) channels is from the RPS/UPS channelized Divisions 1 through 4. This power is fed to RPS buses by means of a UPS which has normal, alternate and battery backup sources. Power sources are channelized RPS Divisions 1 through 4. The power distribution system for this instrumentation is described in detail in Section 8.3.1.1.3 of the Final Safety Analysis Report.

It is Niagara Mohawk's determination that this design provides reliable power sources.

Although the power supplies are classified as nonsafety-related, this does not impair the ability of the neutron monitoring instrumentation to perform its required detection and trip functions. The trip function is configured to trip and initiate a scram on loss of power. The instrumentation is seismically and environmentally qualified, so the trip function is ensured on loss of power.

The operating ranges of the source range (SRM) and intermediate range (IRM) devices are as follows:

SRM - 1 x 10<sup>3</sup> to 1.5 x 10<sup>9</sup> nv IRM = 1 x 10<sup>8</sup> to 1.5 x 10<sup>13</sup> nv

The overlap of the ranges is 1 x 108 to 1.5 x 109 nv.

Additionally, there is a typographical error in Table 421.36-1. The lower end of the IRM range should be  $4.0 \times 10^{-5}$  percent power. This will be corrected in the next Final Safety Analysis Report amendment.

 Reactor coolant system soluble boron concentration - The applicant should identify the range of the instrumentation being supplied for this variable.

## Response

The range is 50 to 2,000 ppm boron in solution. This information will be incorporated in the next Final Safety Analysis Report update.

 Coolant level in reactor - The applicant should identify the remainder of this instrumentation in accordance with Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations, and justify those deviations identified.

### Response

Conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 3, is accomplished by the use of two transmitters per division, one fuel zone and one wide range. As noted in Section 3.3.3 of your November 15, 1985 letter, the wide range transmitter, were omitted from the table and will be added in the next Final Safety Analysis Report amendment.

The wide range transmitters (2ISC\*LT9C and D) are calibrated to monitor the 375.70 in. level, which is inside the fuel zone transmitter range, to the 585.70 in. level which is 62.3 in. below the centerline of the main steam lines at 648 in.

This range is considered to meet the intent of the regulatory guide which is to restore and maintain reactor pressure vessel water level to ensure adequate core cooling.

 Drywell pressure - The applicant should provide independent Class IE power sources for these instrument channels.

### Response

The two instrument channels are powered from separate Class IE sources. Table 421.36-1 is incorrect and will be corrected in a future Final Safety Analysis Report amendment.

Drywell sump level - The applicant should provide instrumentation for this variable.

## Response

See Item 7.

 Drywell drain sumps level - The applicant should provide instrumentation for this variable.

Response (Items 6 and 7)

The drywell sump level instruments provide indication of identified and unidentified leakage during normal operating conditions. The instrumentation, which is nonsafety grade (Category 3), is located on drain tanks in the secondary containment, outside of the drywell. Under accident conditions, these drain tanks are automatically isolated from the primary containment to prevent the escape of any post-accident reactor fluid from the drywell. In this situation, the drywell sump level indication is no longer meaningful and thus serves no post-accident safety function.

Other instrumentation is available to identify leakage into the drywell. This includes drywell pressure, drywell temperature, and containment radiation. These instruments meet the Category I requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97.

 Radiation level in circulating primary coolant - The applicant should supply the recommended instrumentation and the information required by Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations from the regulatory guide, and justify those deviations.

## Response

This instrumentation is not provided at Nine Mile Point Unit 2.

## Justification

The usefulness of information obtained by monitoring the radiation level in the circulating primary coolant, in terms of helping the operator in his efforts to prevent and mitigate accidents has not been substantiated. The particular planned operator action to be taken based on monitoring this variable is not specified in the current draft of the Emergency Procedures. The critical actions taken to prevent and mitigate a gross breach of fuel cladding are to shutdown the reactor and maintain water level. Monitoring primary coolant radioactivity has no influence on either of these actions. The purpose of this monitor falls in the cateogry of "information that the barriers to release of radioactive material are being challenged" and "identification of degraded conditions and their magnitude, so the operator can take actions that are available to mitigate the consequences." Additional operator actions to mitigate the consequences of fuel barriers being challenged, other than those based on Type A and B variables, have not been identified.

Regulatory Guide 1.97 specifies measurement of the radioactivity of the circulating primary coolant as the key variable in monitoring fuel cladding status during isolation of the nuclear steam supply system (NSSS). The words "circulating primary coolant" are interpreted to mean coolant, or a representative sample of such coolant, that flows past the core. A basic criterion for a valid measurement of the specified variable is that the coolant being monitored is coolant that is in active contact with the fuel, i.e., flowing past the failed fuel. Monitoring the active coolant (or a sample thereof) is the dominant consideration. The post-accident sampling system (PASS) provides a representative sample which can be monitored.

The concern of Regulatory Guide 1.97 assumes a situation in which the NSSS is isolated and the reactor is shutdown. This assumption is justified because the monitors in the off-gas system and main steam tunnel provide reliable and accurate information on the status of fuel cladding when the plant is not isolated. Further, the PASS, once activated, provides an accurate status of coolant radioactivity and hence, cladding status. In the interim between NSSS isolation and operation of the PASS, monitoring of the primary containment radiation and hydrogen levels provides information on the status of the fuel cladding.

Present emergency procedures provide that once initial core damage is estimated using information obtained from the analysis of PASS samples, the estimate is confirmed using containment hydrogen analysis, containment high-range radiation monitoring, water level indications, and Sr. Ba, La, and Ru analyses. Therefore, no Type C Category I instrumentation is provided to measure the subject variable.

The Niagara Mohawk position agrees with the BWR Owners Group position on this variable.

 Analysis of primary coolant - The applicant should identify the range of the instrumentation being supplied for this variable.

#### Response

The Instrument range is  $10^{-6}$  to  $10^{1}$  Ci/gm and will be incorporated in the next Final Safety Analysis Report update.

 Radiation exposure rate - The applicant should show that the ranges encompass the expected radiation levels in their locations.

#### Response

Access is not required in any area of secondary containment to service safety-related equipment in a post-accident situation. When accessibility is reestablished in the long term, it will be done by a combination of portable radiation survey instruments and post-accident sampling of the secondary containment atmosphere. Area monitors provided in areas outside secondary containment where access may be required post-accident have ranges that envelop the dose rates expected in these areas at the time access is required.

 Residual heat removal heat exchanger outlet temperature - Environmental qualification should be addressed in accordance with IOCFR50.49.

### Response

The instrumentation for this variable is Category I and environmentally qualified to 10CFR50.49. It is in compliance with the requirement for Regulatory Guide 1.57, Category 2 instrumentation. Table 421.36-1 of the Final Safety Analysis Report is incorrect and will be corrected in a future amendment.

 Cooling water temperature to engineered safety feature system components - The applicant should justify the deviation in range.

### Response

The temperature range of 2SWP\*TE31A and B complies with the intent of Nuclear Regulatory Commission Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 3. The intent of the regulatory guide is to ensure that instrument ranges are selected so that the instrument will always be on scale. 2SWP\*TE31A and B are located on the service water supply header and are used to monitor service water supply temperature. The temperature range of service water instrument is based upon the range for Lake Ontario, which normally varies from 38°F to 77°F and which is well within the instrument range of 32°F to 130°F.

 Secondary containment area radiation - The applicant should supply the information required by Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations, and justify those deviations; environmental qualification should be addressed in accordance with 10CFR50.49.

## Response

Environmentally qualified area monitors with ranges of  $10^{-1}$  to  $10^4$  R/hr are not provided in secondary containment at Nine Mile Point Unit 2.

## Justification

The use of local area radiation monitors to detect breach or leakage through primary containment penetrations is inappropriate. In general, radiation levels in the secondary containment will be largely a function of radioactivity in primary containment and in the fluids flowing in emergency core cooling system (ECCS) piping. Localized hot spots due to piping sources and primary containment penetrations and hatches will provide ambiguous indications. Breach of primary containment will be detected by the reactor building exhaust gaseous effluent monitor prior to the reactor building isolation and the noble gas channel of the main stack gaseous effluent monitor following the isolation of the reactor building. Therefore, these area monitors are not necessary and are not implicimented at Nine Mile Point Unit 2. In the long term, accessibility to the secondary containment will be reestablished using a combination of portable radiation survey instruments and post-accident sampling of the secondary containment atmosphere.

 Noble gas, radwaste vent - The applicant should either provide the recommended range or justify the use of the lesser range.

Response

2.8

See Item 15.

 Noble gas, common plant vent - The applicant should either provide the recommended range or justify the use of the lesser range.

Response (Items 14 and 15)

The noble gas channels of the gaseous effluent monitors for the radwaste/reactor building vent and the main stack release points have design ranges of  $10^{-6}$  to  $10^4$  uCi/cc, which meet Regulatory Guide 1.97 requirements.

16. Plant and environs radiation - The applicant should identify the ranges of this instrumentation and show that the ranges are adequate.

#### Response

Two types of portable radiation detection and instrumentation are provided to monitor the plant and environs. An ion chamber detector with a range of  $10^{-3}$  to 50 R/hr is used for low-level gamma and beta radiation monitoring. A Geiger-Muller Teletector type detector with a range of  $10^{-2}$  to  $10^3$  R/hr is used for high level gamma radiation monitoring. With a combined range of  $10^{-3}$  to  $10^3$  R/hr, these instruments have adequate range to envelop the dose rates expected outside the plant buildings after an accident.

 Accident sampling (primary coolant, containment air and sump) - The applicant should provide the information required by Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations from the regulatory guide, and justify those deviations.

#### Response

- Instrument range Analysis range is given in Table II.B.3-2 (See Section 1.10, Table II.B.3-2 of Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report). The ranges meet or exceed requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97, within instrument limitations, with the exception of the dissolved gas sample analysis. The ranges given for dissolved gas analysis were approved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in a letter to General Electric (letter from W. Johnston [Nuclear Regulatory Commission] to G. Sherwood [General Electric] dated July 17, 1984).
- 2, 3, 4, 6. Environmental qualification, seismic qualification, quality assurance, and power supply These have been addressed in Table 421.36-1 and meet the requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97.

- Redundancy and sensor locations This is not applicable, since analysis is done in a chemistry laboratory on grab samples. Regulatory Guide 1.97 has no specific provision.
- Display location This is not applicable, since analysis is done in a chemistry laboratory, the display is on each individual instrument. This meets the requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97.
- Primary containment isolation valve position The applicant should provide justification for the exemption of instrumentation for the traversing incore probe system isolation valves.

## Response

The traversing incore probe (TIP) system isolation valves consist of ball valves, operated when the probe is out of the guide tube, and shear valves manually operated if the probe is in the guide tube.

The TIPs are normally withdrawn and the ball valves are closed. If an event occurs while the TIP is inserted into the core and the TIP should fail to retract, the shear valve can be operated manually to provide the necessary containment isolation.

These valves are classified nonessential and are provided with non-Class IE automatic isolation signals and power and as such, cannot meet Regulatory Guide 1.97, Category 1 or 2 requirements. (For further explanation, refer to the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report Section 1.10, TMI action item II.E.4.2 concerning the Containment Isolation Dependability.)

Additionally, any leakage through this line has been incorporated in the radiological LOCA analysis of Chapter 15.6.5 of the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report.

 Please verify that Category I instrumentation is or will be provided for neutron flux instrumentation (from W. R. Butler letter of October 15, 1985). (Table 421.36-1 of Final Safety Analysis Report commits to environmentally and seismically gualified equipment.)

### Response

Neutron flux measurement devices located in harsh environment areas are environmentally and <u>seismically</u> qualified for the anticipated environments. The environmental qualification under harsh environment conditions is for a limited time, but the time is sufficient to perform the detection, mitigation, and monitoring functions required of the instrumentation. Instrumentation located in mild environment areas is seismically qualified. REGULATURY INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (RIDS) ACCESSION NOR: 8410100488 DUC.DATE: 84/10/05 NUTARIZED: YES DOCKET # FACIL: 50-410 Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit 2, Niagara Mone US000410 AUTH.NAME AUTHUR AFFILIATION MANGAN, C.V. Niagara Mohawk Power Cord. RECIP.NAME EISENHUT, D.G. Division of Licensing

SUBJECT: Amend 14 to CI application, consisting of Amend 14 to FSAP. Affidavit encl.

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NOTES:

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TUTAL NUMBER OF CUPIES REQUIRED: LTTR 56 ENCL 48



NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION / 300 ERIE BOULEVARD WEST, SYRACUSE, NY 13202/TELEPHONE (315) 474-1511

OCTOBER 5, 1984 (NMP2L 0169)

Mr. Darrell G. Eisenhut, Director Division of Licensing Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555

Dear Mr. Eisenhut:

Re: Amendment 14 to Application to Operating License Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Docket No. 50-410

In accordance with 10CFR50.30 (c) (1), 10CFR51.24 and your March 29, 1983 letter, enclosed are three originals and 60 copies of Amendment 14 to the Final Safety Analysis Report. These changes incorporate certain responses into the text of the Final Safety Analysis Report as appropriate. Also included are changes which have resulted from our continuing review of these documents.

Very truly yours,

C. V. Mangan Vice President Nuclear Engineering & Licensing

360

JM:ja Enclosure xc: Project File (2)

> 8410100488 841005 PDR ADDCK 05000410 K PDR

# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the Matter of

Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

Docket No. 50-410

(Nine Mile Point Unit 2)

# AFFIDAVIT

C. V. Mangan being duly sworn, states that he is Vice President of Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation; that he is authorized on the part of said Corporation to sign and file with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission the documents attached hereto; and that all such documents are true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.

amayan\_

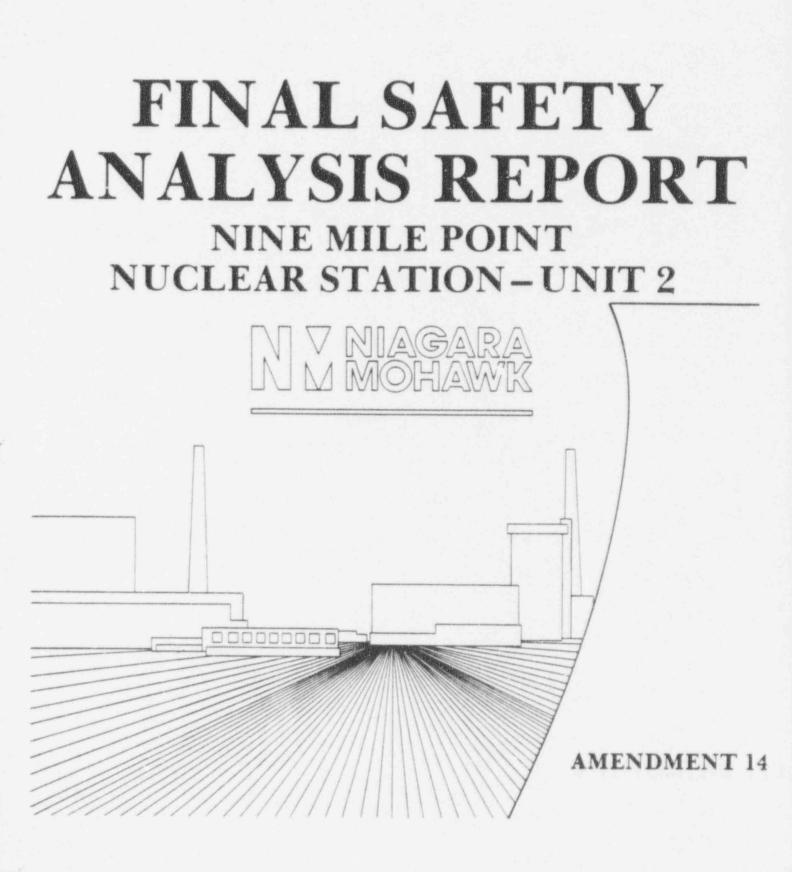
Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of New York and County of Annihon, this  $2^{\mu \pm 0}$  day of September. . 1984.

Notary Public in and for

anandaga County, New York

My Commission expires:

CHRESTINE AUSTIN Notary Public in the State of New York Qualified in Oceandage Co. No. 4787687 My Commission Experies Manue 30, 18-5



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## Nine Mile Point Unit 2 FSAR

### QUESTION F421.36 (7.5)

1

The NRC staff has recently issued Revision 2 to Regulatory Guide 1.97, "Instrumentation for Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant and Environs Conditions During and Following an Accident" via Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737. This Reg. Guide revision reflects a number of major changes in post-accident instrumentation. Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737 includes specific Reg. Guide 1.97 implementation requirements for plants in the operating license review stage.

Provide a description of how the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 design conforms to the provisions of Reg. Guide 1.97, Revision 2. This description should be in the form of a table that includes the following information for each Type A, B, C, D, E variable shown in Regulatory Guide 1.97:

- (1) instrument range
- (2) environmental gualification (as stipulated in guide or state criteria)
- (3) seismic qualification (as stipulated in guide or state criteria)
- (4) quality assurance (as stipulated in guide or state criteria)
- (5) redundancy and sensor(s) location(s)
- (6) power supply (e.g., Class 1E, non-Class 1E, battery backed)
- (7) location of display (e.g., control room board, SPDS, chemical laboratory

Deviations from the guidance in Reg. Guide 1.97 should be explicitly shown, and supporting justification or alternatives should be presented.

RESPONSE

See Table 421.36-1.

14

Amendment 14

Q&R F421.36-1

October 1984

### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 FSAR

#### TABLE 421.36-1

#### COMPORMANCE TO REGULATORY GUIDE 1.97

SW BC/	Parameter	P	le 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter	S	ensor	Qua	lification	OA	Power	Display		
GE-NED I.D.	Description	Yariable	Classification	Location	Instr. Fange		Enviropmental	Class	Supply	Location	Notes	
B13-D193	Power Png Flux Level	Bla.	1	Core	0.5-125% pwr	Tes	Tes	II	Non-1E	P603	1	
	Average Pwr Rng Flux Lv		1	H/A	0-125% per	No	Bo	11	Non-1E	P603	2	
C51-N002A-8	Inter- mediate Rng Plux Level	Bic.	1	Core	40x10-8 - 12.6% Pwr	Ĩes	ĩes	II	Non-12	P603		
C51-N001A-D	Source Rmg Flux Level	Bid.	1	Core cps	0.1-1x10*	īes	Tes	II	Non-18	P603	-1-1	
	Control Rod Position	82	3	Core	Withdrawn or Scram	īes	Tes	II	Non-1E	P603		
	Rx Coolant Boron Conc	B3	3	Unit 1 H.P. Lab.	(ltr)	(ltr)	(1tr)	II	Non-18	-	4	
2ISC*LT13A/ B22-N044A	Reactor Vsl Level - A (Fuel Zone)	Bāa.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	230.64- 430.69*	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	5	
2I SC*LT13B/ B22~N044B	Reactor Vsl Level - B (Fuel Zone)	B&b.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	230.69- 430.69*	Ĩes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601	5	
8/A 8/A	Core Tesperature	85	1			-	**	-	•	-	6	
21SC*PT6A/ B22-N062A	Reactor Vsl Pressure-A	B6a.	1	Ex Bldg (Sec Contet)	0-1500 psig	les	Tes	I	Div. 1	P60 1		
21 SC*PT6 B/ B22-#062 B	Peactor ¥sl Pressure-B	B6b.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-1500 psig	īes	les	I	Div. 2	P60 1	-	

### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 PSAP

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SW BC/	Parameter	Pe	le 1.97, Rev. 3 trameter		enser	Qual	lification	QA	Power	Display	
GE-NED I.D.*	Description	Variable	Classification	Location	Instr. Pange	Seismic	Environmental	Class	Supply	Location	Notes
2CBS*PT2A	Drywell Pressure-A	B7a.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-150 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	
2C 85*PT2 B	Drywell Pressure-B	87b.	1	Px Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-150 psig	Ies	ĭes	I	Di*. 1	P898	
2C85*PT7 &	Suppression Chamber Pressure-A	B7c.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec (Contat)	0-150 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	•
2C#5*PT7B	Suppression Chamber Pressure-B	B7đ.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-150 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P898	•
See Note 7	Drywell Sump Level	88	1	•	1	-	-	-	-	-	7
2CHS*PT1A	Primary Containment Pressure-A	89a.	1	Ex Bldg (Sec Contat)	-5 to +5 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	8
2CHS*PT18	Primary Containment Pressure-B	B9b.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contet)	-5 to +5 psig	īes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601/ P898	8
2885*8C¥134, 135	Primary Containment Viv Isolatio AAS	B10a1	1	8/A	8/1	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P851	-
2885*8CV 136, 137	Primary Containment Vlv Isolatic ASS		1	R/A	8/3	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P851	-
2CCP*80V 17&, 8:124, 265	Primary Containment Viv Isolatic CCP		1	R/1	8/1	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	9602/ 2873	37

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## Nine Mile Point Unit 2 PSAR

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

		Peg. Guid	le 1.97, Pev. 3								
SWBC/ GE-NED_I.C.#	Parameter Description		Classification	Location	ensor Instr. Range	Qua. Seismic	Environmental	QA Class	Power Supply	Display Location	Notes
2CCD*80¥16A, B: 94A, B: 122, 273			1	N/A	N/A	Yes	īes	I	Di∀. 2	₽602/ ₽873	37
2CMS*SOV24A, C;26A,C;32A; 33A;34A;35A; 60A,B;63A,B	Containment Isolation -	B10c1	1	N/A	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P873	
2CMS*SOV14B, D;26B,D;32B; 33B;348;35B; 61A,B;63A,B	Containment Isolation -	B10c2	1	N/A	8/3	Tes	īes	I	Di∀. 2	P875	
2CPS*A07104, 105,110,111 *S07119,120	Containment	B10d1	1	B/A	N/A	Tes	īes	I	Div. 1	₽873	
2CPS*MOV106, 107,108,109 *SOV121,122	Containment	B10d2	,	8/2	8/A	Ĭes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P875	
2C5H*A0¥108 *M0¥105,107 111,118 E33-F005 -F012,F004, F023,F015		B10e	,	8/R	¥/X	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 3	P60 1	•
2CSL*A07101 *MO7104,112 E21-P006 -P005,P001		B10£	1	8/L	#/k	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	-
2DER*NOV 120, 131	Primary Containment Isolation - DE8	B10g1	1	R/A	8/8	Tes	Tes	I	01v. 1	P873	•

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#### Nine Bile Point Unit 2 PSAR

TABLE 421. 36-1 (Cont)

	Sec. 1		le 1.97, Rev. 3						143		
SWBC/ GE-NED I.D.#			Classification	Location	Instr. Range	Seismic	Environmental	Class	Power Supply	Display Location	Notes
2DER*MOV119, 130	Primary Containment Isolation - DEF		1	H/A	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P873	
2028*80¥ 120, 139	Primary Containment Isolation - DPR		1	R/A	8/8	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	2873	
2028*80¥121, 140	Primary Containment Isolation - DFR	81051	1	8/2	8/3	Ťes.	Tes	I	Div. 2	P873	•
22998*507218, 220	Prisary Containment Isolation - PPW		1	8/2	8/1	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P849	36
2798*507219, 221	Primary Containment Isolation - FPN	B1012	1	8/2	8/2	Tes	Tes	1	Div. 2	P849	36
2795*80721A, B 822-F065A,B	Containment	810k1	1	8/2	¥/1	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P603	-
27#5*A0723A, B 822-7032A, B	Primary Containment Isolation - FWS	P10k2.	1	#/A	8/1	Tes	No	II	Non-18	P603	9
28C5*80812, 22,32,42, 52,68	Primary Containment Isolation - BCS		1	8/1	8/3	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P873	*
2HCS*BO¥1B, 2B,3B,4B, 5B,6B	Primary Containment Isolation - NCS	B1012	'	4/1	¥/A	ĭes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P875	-

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#### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 FSAR

## TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-MED_1.D.#	Parameter Description	Da	de 1.97, Rev. 3 trameter Classification	S	ensor Instr. Pange	<u>Qual</u> Seismic	lification Environmental	QA <u>Class</u>	Power Supply	Display Location	Notes
21AS*SOT 164, 166,167,168	Primary Containment Isolation - IAS	and the second sec	1	N/A	N/A	Tes	Ĩes	I	Div. 1	P601/ P851	38
	Primary Containment Isolation - IAS		1	N/A	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601/ P851	38
122, 126, 136	8, P019,		1	¥/1	H/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	-
148,170	Primary Containment Isolation - ICS	B10n2	1	N/X	8/1	Tes	Ĩes	I	Div. 2	P601	
2LMS*SOV 153, 157	Primary Containment Isolation - LMS	B10p1	1	8/1	8/1	Tes	Ĩes	I	Div. 1	P873	
21 #S*SO¥ 152, 156	Primary Containment Isolation - LSS	B10p2	'	¥/A	R/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	₽875	
20B	Primary Containment Isolation - MSS	Contraction of the second s	,	#/1	8/1	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P602	•
2855*81771, B,C,D B22-F0281,B, C,D	Primery Containment Isolation - MSS	B10g2	1	8/1	R/X	Tes	Yes	I	RPS Div. 1	P602	-

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#### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 PSAR

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWBC/	Parameter		ie 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter	q	ensor	0.0.5	lification				
GE-NED I.D.\$		Variable	Classification	Location	Instr. Pange	Selsmic	Pavironmental	Class	Supply	Display Location	Fotes
2MSS*MOV111 B22-F016	Primary Containment Isolation - MSS	B 10 g 3	1	N/X	N/A	Ies	Ies	I	Div. 2	₽602	1
2MSS*HTV6A, B,C,D B22-F022A,E, C,D	Containment	B10q4	1	N/A	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	RPS Div 2	P602	
C51-J004A, B, C, D, E	Primary Containment Isolation - BMS	B10r	1	N/A	R/N	Tes	80	11	Non-1E	P607	10
2RCS*SOV65A, B:66A,B:67A, B 2RCS*SOV104 B35-F020	Containment Isolation -	B10s1	1	N/A	B/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P602	•
2RCS*SO¥79A, B;80A,B;81A, B;82A,B 2RCS*SO¥105 B35-P019	Containment Isolation -	B10s2	1	8/A	8/8	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P602	-
28HS*HOV1A, 15A,16A,24A, 25A,26A,27A, 30A,33A,39A, 40A,67A,104, 113 B12-F004a,F0 F042A,F017A,1 F105A,F027A,1 F099A,F023,F0	Containment Isolation - RHS 164,F0414, 0744,F079A 0504,F0534	B10t1	1	8/A	R/A	Tes	<b>Yes</b>	I	Div. 1	P601	

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## Nine Mile Point Unit 2 FSAR

TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/		Pa	le 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter	S	ensor	Oual	lification	O A	Power	Dicolar		
GE-NED_I.D.#	Description	Variable	Classification	Location	Instr. Fange	Seismic	Environmental	Class	Supply	Location	Motes	
2RHS*MOV18, 1C:15B:16BC: 24A,B:25B: 26B:27B:30B: 33P:34B:40B; E12-F004B,C: F0418C:F042B F073B:F105B: F059B:F099B:	Containment Isolation - RHS 61B:112 P016B: ,C:F017B:P074 P0378:P050B:	B10t2	1	R/1	R/λ	Tes	les	I	Div. 2	P601	-	
25A5*8CV 160, 161	Primary Containment Isolation - SAS	B10u1		87A	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P851	-	
25A5*8CV 162, 163	Primary Containment Isolation - SAS	B10u2	1	R/A	H/X	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P851		
2515*80¥58 C41-F0068	Primary Containment Isolation - SLS	B 10 v 1	1	8/A	R/A	Ies	Ĩes	I	Div. 1	P601		
2515*80¥58 C41-P0068	Primary Containment Isolation - SLS	B10#2	1	R/A	8/1	īes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601		
29CS*807112, 2004 G33-P004, P040	Primary Containment Isolation - WCS	B 10 w 1	1	H/A	8/2	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P602		
28CS*NOV 102 G33-P001	Primary Containment Isolation ~ WCS	810#2	1	8/L	8/X	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P602		

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#### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 FSAR

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-NED I.D.#	Parameter Description	Pa	ie 1.97, Rev. 3 trameter Classification	Se	Instr. Pange	Qual Seissic		OA Class		Display Location	Notes
	Radioactive Concentra- tion in Primary Coolant	с1	1	Unit 1 H.P. Lab	(ltr)	(1tr)	(ltr)	11	Non-1E		8
	Analysis of Primary Coolant Gamma Spectrum	C2	3	Unit 1 N.P. Lab	(ltr)	(ltr)	(ltr)	11	808-18		8
#/A #/A	Core Temperature	C 3	۱				•	•	•		6
See Note 11 See Note 11	Coolast	Că	1				•	-			11
See Note 12	Primary Containment Area Badiation	c5	3	-		-		-	-	•	12
8/A 8/A	Drywell Drain Sumps Level	C6	1	-		-		-	-	-	13
2CMS*LT11A	Suppression Pool Water Level (Marrow Rag)	C7a	1	Ex Bldg (Sec Contet)	197- 202 ft	Tes	fes	I	Div. 1	P601	18
2C85*LT118	Suppression Pool Water Level (Marrow Bag)	С7Ъ	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	197- 202 ft	Tes	<u>Tes</u>	I	Div. 2	P898	14

### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 PSAP

# TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-NED I.D.#	Parameter Description	02	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter Classification	S	ensor Instrpange	Qual Seismic	lification Environmental	QA Class	Power Supply	Display Location	Notes
2C MS *LT9 &	Suppression Pool Water Level (Wide Png)	C7c	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contat)	192-217 £t		Tes	t	Div. 1		14
2C 85 *179 8	Suppression Pool Water Level (Wide Rng)		۲	Rx Bldg (Sec Contet)	192- 217 ft	īes	Tes	I	Di⊽. 2	P898	14
See Note 15	Drywell Pressure	C8	1	-	÷	<b>1</b> 0100		-	-		15
See Note 16 See Note 16	Coolant	С9	1				-		-		16
See Note 17	Primary Containment Pressure	C 10	1	•	- 1993	ā.			-		17
2085*81768	Containment Hydrogen Concentratio		1	Rx Bldg Worth Aux Bay		Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	9601	•
2CBS*AIT6B	Containment Bydrogen Concentratic B		1	Fx Bldg South Aux Bay	0-30%	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	2698	•
2C85*AIT71A	Containment Oxygen Concentratio A		1	Px Bldg North Aux Bay	0-109	Tes	Tes	1	Div. 1	P601	•
2CMS*AIT71B	Containment Oxygen Concentratio B		1	Fx Bldg North Aux Bay	0-10%	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	2898	•

#### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 FSAF

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/	Parameter	the second s	le 1.97, Rev. 3 trameter								
			Classification	Location	instr. Pange	Seismic	Environmental	QA Class	Supply	Display Location	Notes
2EBS-CAB170	Containment Effluent Fadioactivit		3	Main Stack Enclosure uci/cc	Isotopic 10-7-105	No	Tes	11	Non-1E	P882	39
2885-CAB 180	Effluent Radioactivit	C14 7	2	Turb Bldg Turb Oper Ploor		No	Ĩes	II	Non-1E (UPS)	P882	39
2FNS-FT1A,B C33-N001A,B	Main Feedwat Plow -A,B	er	3	Turb Bldg	Turb Bldg 0-8.5 lbs/hr (each)	90	₿0	11	Non-1E	P603	
2C#S-L78A,B	Condensate Storage Tk Level - A, 8		3	Cond Stor TR1A, TR1B		No	No	II	Non-1E	P851	•
28H5*P7648	Suppression Chamber Spray Header Flow - A	D 3a	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	0-\$50 gpæ	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	•
2RHS*FT64B	Suppression Chamber Spray Header Flow - B	D3b	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contet)	0-≋50 gp≋	Tes	Tes	I	D1v. 2	P601	
See Note 18	Drywell Pressure	D4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
See Note 19	Suppression Water Level (Weir Well)	D5	2	-	•	-		-	-	-	19
2CHS*TE67A, 68A,69A,70A	Suppression Pool Water Temp-A	D6a	2	Suppressio Pool	n 50- 250°r	les	Tes	I	Div. 1	P60 1	20
2C 85 *T 86 78, 688,698,708	Suppression Pool Water Temp-B	D65	2	Suppressio Pool	n 50- 250°r	Yes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601/ P598	20

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#### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 PSAR

## TABLE 421. 36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-NED_I.D.®	Parameter Description	P	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter Classification	S	ensor Instr. Range	Qual Seismic	lification Environmental	QA Class	Power Supply	Display Location	Notes
2CMS*TE101 tbru 8 inc 109	Drywell Atmos Temp - A	D7a	2	Drywell	0-#00 a b	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P873	20
2CMS*TE116 thru & inc 124	Drywell Atmos Temp - B	D7b	2	Drywell	0-400 °F	Yes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P875	20
28 HS * FT 6 3 A	Drywell Spray Header Plow - A	D8a	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-7,950 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	•
2RHS*PT63E	Drywell Spray Header Flow - B	D8b	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-7,950 gpm	Tes	Ĭes	I	Div. 2	P601	•
See Note 19 See Note 19	Main Steam Line Isolation Wa Leakage Cont System Press	lve rol	2			•	•				19
25¥¥*2T220 237		D10a	2	Acoustic Sensor on Tail Pipe (18 total)		Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	*S¥¥- PNL 140	-
2IAS*PT181	Primery Safety Relief Valve ADS Beader Pressure-A	D10b	2	*x Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-250 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Di*. 1	P601	*
21AS*PT230, 231,232	Primary Safety Relief Valve - ADS Tank Pressure	D10c		Rx Bldg {Sec Contmt}	0-200 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	

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#### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 FSAR

TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/	Parameter	Pa	le 1.97, Pev. 3 Arameter	S	PBSOL	Qual	ification	OA	Power	Display		
GE-NED I.D.	Description	Variable	Classification	Location	Instr. Pange	Seispic	Environmental	Class	Suppl*	Location	Notes	
21AS * 0T186	Primary Safety Relief Valve - ADS Header Pressure-B	D10d	2	Fx Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-250 psig	¥e s	Ťes	I	Div. 2	P601	-	
21AS*PT233, 234,235,236		010e	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contet)	0-200 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601		
See Note 19 See Note 19	Condenser - Shell Side	D11	2			•					19	
	Water Level											
See Note 19 Sec Note 19	Condenser	D12	2					•	-		19	
21CS*PT102 251-8051	RCIC Flow	D13	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-800 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	8/A		
2CSH*FT105 E22-N056	HPCI/S Flow	D14	2	Px Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-1000 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 3	8/2	21	
2CSL*PT107 E21-#051	LPCS Flow	D15	2	Fx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-10,000 gpm	Yes	Tes	I	Div. 1	8/2	•	
2885*7714A 212-80158	LPCI Flow	D16a	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-8,400 gpm	Ĩes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	•	
28HS*PT148,C E12-NO158,C	LPCI Flow	D16b	2		0-8,400 gpm	Yes	Tes	I	Div. 2	2601	-	

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#### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 FSAR

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-NED I.D.*	Parimeter Sescription	Pa	ie 1.97, Rev. 3 trameter Classification	5	ensor Instr. Panye					Display Location	Notes
2513*FT113 E91-N007	SLCS Flow	D17	2	Rx Bldg (Sec (Contat)	0-86 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	-
2515*11103 C41-N001	SLCS Storage Tank Level	D18	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-10,000 Gal	Tes	fes	I	Div. 1	P601	
See Note 22 See Note 22		D 19	2	5	1	•	-	<b>*</b>	÷.,		22
29H5*TE13A F12-H027A	RHR Heat Exchanger Outlet Temo - A	D20a	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	0-600°P	No	No	11	Non - 12	P601	
28H5*TE135 E12-N0278	RHP Heat Exchanger Outlet Temp - B	D20b	2	Rr Bldg (Sec Contet)	0-600°₽	No	Ro	II	Non-1E	P601	-
25#P*TE3 1A	Cooling Nater Temp to ESP Syste Components		2	Screen- well Blåg		Tes	Tes	ĩ	Div 1	P601	20
258P*TE3 1B	Cooling Water Temp to ESP Syste Components		2	Screen- well Bldg		īes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601	20
258P*FT13A E12-N007A	Cooling Water Flow to ESP Syste Components -		2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	0-10,000 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	23
2580*FT138 E12-N0078	Cooling Water Flow to ESP Syste Components		2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	0-10,000 gpm	Tes	īes	I	Div. 2	P601	23

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# Nine Mile Point Unit 2 PSAR

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-WED I.D.#	Parameter Description	P	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter Classification	St	Instr. Bange	Qual	Environmental	QA	Power	Display	Notes
2580*PT768		D22c	2		0-860 gpm	Ĭes	Tes	I	Div. 1	1202	24
25¥₽ <b>*₽</b> 76B	Cooling Water Plow to ESF Syste Components Div. 2 DSL	e 🛍	2	Diesel Gen. Bldg	0-860 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Dir. 2	P852	28
258 <b>9*7</b> 535	Cooling Water Plow to ESP Syste Components Div. 3 DSI	-	2	Diesel Gen. Bldg	0-650 gpm	ĩes	ĭes	I	Div. 2	P852	28
2185-24,8,C; 264,8;276; 280	High Radio- activity Liquid Tank Level	D23	3	Fidwaste Bldg	0-100%	No	No	II	Non-12	LWCS Computer Graphics	
28 VP * AOD 1A, 6A, 9A, 10 A	Emergency Ventilation Damper Position	D24a	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contat)	N/A	Tes	les	I	Div. 1	P870	
2878*ACD1B, 68,98,10%	Emergency Ventilation Damper Position	D24b	2	Rg Bldg (Sec Contat)	R/X	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P871	-
N/P	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Battery Voltage - 1	D25a	2	2BYS* SWG002A	0-150 vđc	Tes	les	I	Div. 1	P852	
2BYS*8/E1A	Status of Stdy Pwr Sources - Battery Currest - 1	D25b	2	2BYS* SWG003A	-2000 to 3000 amps	ĭes	Tes	1	Div. 1	P852	-

#### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 PSPR

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SREC/ GE-NED I.D.#	Parameter Description	P	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter Classification	S	ensor Instr. Pauge	Qual	lification	QA	Power	Display	Votos
8/P	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Battery Voltage - 2	D25c	2	2BTS* S¥G003B	0-150 vđc	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2		<u>Notes</u>
28¥5*E/E18	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Battery Current - 2	D25đ	2	2815* 5860028	-2000 to +2000 amps	Yes	Ĩes	I	Div. 2	P852	-
8/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Battery Voltage - 3	D25e	2	2EGS* PHL002	0-150 vđc	Tes	Ies	I	Div. 3	₽852	•
2815*E/E 101	Status of Stdby Per Sources - Battery Current - 3	D25£	2	2EGS* PNL002	-100 to +100 amps	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 3	P852	-
8/8	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - UPS Voltage - A	D25g	2	2185* UPS28	0 to 120 ¥ac	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	PP52	5
B/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - UPS Current - A	D25b	2	2185* UPS2A	0 to 250 amps	Ies	Tes	I	Di*. 1	#/1	
H/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - UPS Voltage - B	D251	2	2085* 09528	0 to 120 ¥ac	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	₽852	
N/R	Status of Stdby Pwr	D25k	2	2085* 0PS18	0 to 250 amps	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	N/A	
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## Nine Mile Point Unit 2 PSAR

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SR EC/	Parameter	P	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter	0	ensor	Onal	lification		Panar	Display	
<u>GE-NED_I.D.</u> #	Description Sources - OPS Current - B	<u>Variable</u>	Classification	Location	Instr. Range	Seismic	<u>Environmental</u>	Class	Supply	Location	<u>3889</u>
N/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 600V Swgr Voltage	D251	2	2EJ5*AS1	0 to 750 ¥ac	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	2EJS*US1	25
R/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 600¥ Swgr Current	D25m	2	2EJS* I1A,B	0 to 3,000 amps	Tes	Yes	I	Div. 1	8/X	26
<b>8/</b> 3	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 600¥ Swgr ¥oltage	D25n	2	2EJS* 053	0 to 750 vac	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	2835*053	25
R/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 600¥ Swgr Current	D25p	2	2EJS* X31,8	0 to 3,000 amps	īes	Tes	I	Div. 2	8/8	26
₩/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 4 k¥ Swgr Voltage	025g	2		0 to 4.16 kv	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	<b>9852</b>	25
	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 4 ) Swgr Current		2		0-1000 amp Diesel feed or 1,500 amp normal and alt feeds	Yes	Īes	I	Đi♥. 1	₽852	27

# Nine Mile Point Unit 2 PSAR

TABLE 421. 36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-NED I.D.	Parameter Description	P	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter Classification	S	ensor Instr. Range	Qual Seismic	lification Environmental	QA Class	Power Supply	Display Location	Botes
8/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 4 Swgr Voltage		2	Swgr	0 to 4.16 kv	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P852	25
₩/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 4 k¥ Swgr Curreat	D25t	2	Swgr	0-1,000 arp Diesel Feed 0-1,500 amp normal & alt feeds	Tes	Tes	I	Dit. 2	P852	27
N/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - & Swgr Voltage	k₹	2	Swgr	0 to 4.16 k¥	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 3	P852	25
¥/R	Status of Ståby Pwr Sources - 44 Swgr Current	t V	2	Swgr	0-600 amp Diesel Feed 0-1,500 amp normal & alt feeds	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 3	P852	27
See ∎ote 28	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Air for ADS	D25¥	2				•		-	-	28
2RBS*BE14,C	Primary Containment Area Radia- tion High Rn	Ela	1	Drywell	1-107 R/br	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P880	
28MS*RE18,D	Primary Containment Area Radiati Higà Eng	E1b on	1	Drywell	1-107 R/hr	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	9880	-
See Note 29	Secondary Containment Area Radia- tion	22	2	-		-	-	-	-	-	29
See Note 30	Vital Area Radiation	E3	3	See Note 30	See Note 30	NO	#o	II	Non-1B	Bads Computer	30,31
Amendment 14					17 of 18						

Amendment 14

October 1984

### Nine Mile Point Unit 2 FSAP

#### TABLE \$21.36-1 (Cont)

SWPC/	Parameter		le 1.97, Rev. 3 trameter	c.	ensor	0.0.5	lification	QA	Bayer	Display		
		Variable	Classification	Location	Instr. fange	Seismic	Environmental	Class	Supply	Location	Notes	
	Monitors									Graphics		
See Note 32	Effluent Radiation Released fro Plant	54 58	2	*	-	-					32	
See Note 33	Environs Radiation and Radio- activity	85	3	-	-		•				31,33	2 %
See Note 34	Meteorology	E6	3	-			<b>-</b> - 3-50 (b)	-	Nos-12	P882	31,34	
255P-IPNL101 D24-D007	Accident Sampling Primary Coolast and Costainment Air	E7	3	Padwaste Sample Room	8/8	No	No	II	Non-12	-	4,35	

07-464-91B



JAN 2 3 1920 \*

Docket Nos. 50-220 50-410

Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation ATTN: Mr. C. V. Mangan Senior Vice President c/o Miss Catherine R. Seibert 301 Plainfield Road Syracuse, New York 13212

Gentlemen:

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Subject: Inspection Report Nos. 50-220/88-34 and 50-410/88-32

This refers to the routine safety inspection conducted by R. J. Paolino of this office on November 14-18, 1988, of activities at Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation Units 1&2 Nuclear Power Plants, located in Scriba, New York. These activities are authorized by NRC Operating License Nos. DPR-63/NPF-69. Discussions of our findings were held by Mr. Paolino with Mr. J. Willis and other members of your staff at the conclusion of the inspection.

Specific areas examined during this inspection included your compliance with the order issued to implement R.G. 1.97 and are described in the NRC Region I Inspection Report which is enclosed with this letter. Within these areas, the inspection consisted of selective examinations of procedures and representative records, interviews with personnel, and observations by the inspector.

Based on the results of this inspection, it appears that several of your activities were not conducted in full compliance with NRC requirements, as set forth in the Notice of Violation, enclosed herewith as Appendix A. The Notice of Violation has been categorized by severity level in accordance with the "General Statement of Policy and Procedure for NRC Enforcement Actions," 10 CFR Part 2, Appendix C (Enforcement Policy). You are required to respond to this letter and in preparing your response, you should follow the instructions in Appendix A. In addition to this violation, a number of apparent deviations were noted with regard to Unit 1 post accident monitoring equipment and the guidance provided in Regulatory Guide 1.97 (Rev. 2). No technical basis was provided to the NRC to support these apparent deviations. During a post inspection meeting with the NRC on December 2D, 1988 your staff stated that a review was in process to identify Unit 1 deviations from R.G. 1.97. The results of this review are to be discussed with the NRC in a meeting scheduled for February 3, 1989. It is important that management attention be given to completing this review in a timely manner.

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TECIM

Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

The responses directed by this letter and the accompanying Notice are not subject to the clearance procedures of the Office of Management and Budget as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980, PL 96-511.

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Your cooperation with us in this matter is appreciated.

Sincerely,

Original Signed Dy: Thomas T. Martin

Thomas T. Martin, Director Division of Reactor Safety

Enclosures:

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. . . .

1. Appendix A, Notice of Violation

 Combined NRC Region I Inspection Report Number 50-220/88-34 and 50-410/88-32

cc w/encl:

J. A. Perry, Vice President, Quality Assurance

L. Burkehart, Vice President, Nuclear Generation

W. Hansen, Manager Corporate Quality Assurance

K. Dahlberg, Unit 1 Station Superintendent

R. Randall, Unit 1 Superintendent, Operations

C. Beckham, Manager Nuclear Quality Assurance Operations

W. Drews, Technical Superintendent

J. Willis, General Station Superintendent

C. Terry, Vice President Nuclear Engineering and Licensing J. F. Warden. New York Consumer Protection Branch

Troy B. Conner, Jr. Esquire John W. Keib, Esquire

Director, Power Division

State of New York, Department of Law

Licensing Project Manager, NRR

Public Document Room (PDR)

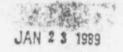
Local Public Document Room (LPDR)

Nuclear Safety Information Center (NSIC)

NRC Resident Inspector State of New York

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CIR NMP 88-32/34 - 0001.1.0 01/10/89



## Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation 3

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bcc w/encl: Region I Docket Room (with concurrences) Management Assistant, DRMA (w/o encl) DRP Section Chief PAD (2) SALP Reports and All Inspection Reports Robert J. Bores, DRSS B. Clayton, EDO

RI:DRS 37 Paolino/tlm/rw

1/10/89

¢∫⊊ RI:DRS Anderson

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### APPENDIX A

#### NOTICE OF VIOLATION

Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation Nine Mile Point Unit 1 Nuclear Power Plant

Docket No. 50-220 License No. DPR-63

As a result of the inspection conducted on November 14-18, 1988, and in accordance with the "General Statement of Policy and Procedure for NRC Enforcement Actions," 10 CFR Part 2, Appendix C (Enforcement Policy) (1988). the following violation has been identified:

10 CFR 50.49 paragraph (b)(3) and (f) requires that certain post accident monitoring equipment be qualified and qualification of each item of electrical equipment be based on testing or experience with identical equipment or with similar equipment with supporting analysis to show that the equipment is acceptable; 10 CFR 50.49, paragraph (g) requires that each item of electrical equipment important to safety be qualified and that qualification must be completed at a time no later than November 30, 1985.

Section 1.31 "Design and Qualification Criteria" - Category 1 of Regulatory Guide 1.97, Rev. 2 states in part: The instrumentation should be qualified in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.89. "Qualification of Class 1E Equipment for Nuclear Power Plants," and the methodology described in NUREG-0588, "Interim Staff Position on EQ of Safety-Related Electrical Equipment". Qualification applies to the complete instrumentation channel from sensor to display.

Contrary to the above, on November 18, 1988 the following Category 1, Regulatory Guide 1.97 instruments did not have sufficient documentation to establish their Environmental Qualification in accordance with 10 CFR 50.49 requirements:

- 1. Suppression Pool Water Level, Category 1, Type A variable (Downcomer submergence), Instrument No. 58-04.
- Drywell Atmosphere Temperature, Category 1, Type A variable. 2. Thermocouple Numbers 201-36A, 201-50A and 201-51A.
- Suppression Pool Water Temperature, Category 1, Type A variable, 3. Sensing Element Numbers TE201.2-491, TE201.2-492, TE201.2-517 and TE201.2-518.

This is a Severity Level IV violation. (Supplement I)

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PDR

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CIR NMP 88-32/34 - 0004.0.0 01/10/89

Pursuant to the provisions of 10 CFR 2.201, Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation is hereby required to submit to this office within thirty days of the date of the letter which transmitted this Notice, a written statement or explanation in reply, including: (1) the corrective steps which have been taken and the results achieved; (2) corrective steps which will be taken to avoid further violations; and (3) the date when full compliance will be achieved. Where good cause is shown, consideration will be given to extending this response time.

CIR NMP 88-32/34 - 0005.0.0 01/10/89

### U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION REGION I

Report	Nos.	50	-	22	0.	18	8-	34
		50	-	41	D.	18	8-	32

Docket Nos. 50-220/50-410

License Nos. DPR-63/NPI-69 Priority - Category C

Licensee: Niagara Mohawk Power Company 301 Plainfield Road Syracuse, New York 13212

Facility Name: Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station - Units 1 and 2

Inspection At: Scriba, New York

Inspection Conducted: November 14-18, 1988

Inspectors:

J Paolino, Senior Reactor Engineer/PSS 1-10 87 date

date /

Other Participants and Contributors to the Report Include:

R. K. Mathew, Reactor Engineer/PSS

Allan C. Udy, NRC Contractor - INEL

Ron VanderBeek, NRC Contractor - INEL

Approved by:

- 1. Caleson J VAnderson, Chief - Plant Systems Section - EB/DRS

Inspection Summary: Inspection on November 14-18, 1988 (Combined Inspection Reports Nos. 50-220/88-34 and 50-410/88-32)

Areas Inspected: A special announced inspection of representative subsystems of the post-accident monitoring instrumentation in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 2, for Unit 1 and Revision 3 for Unit 2. The inspection assessed the licensee conformance to requirements specified in the Order. dated June 12, 1984, to commitments made per generic letter 82-33 and supplement 1 to NUREG-0737.

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Results: Of the areas inspected there was one apparent violation with three examples of not complying with 10 CFR 50.49 requirements for safety related electrical equipment at NMP-1. In addition, significant deficiencies were identified by the licensee and the NRC. These deficiencies indicate that the licensee does not conform to Section 6 of Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737 regarding Regulatory Guide 1.97 "Applications to Emergency Response Facilities." The deficiencies related to the following areas:

- Redundancy A number of deficiencies were identified with control room R.G. 1.97 instrumentation regarding electrical and physical separation.
- Interfaces A number of circuits were identified which either lacked lE/non-lE isolation devices or which contained inadequate isolation devices.
- Tagging & Marking R.G. 1.97 instrumentation in the control room was not appropriately marked.
- Display & Recording Recording of instrumentation readout for one channel for certain instruments was not provided.

Specific findings for NMP-1 are identified in attachment 1 (A&B).

For NMP-2 minor deficiencies were identified involving differences in documented instrument ranges and installed instrument configuration. The majority of these deficiencies require changes to the FSAR and engineering drawings. Specific deficiencies for NMP-2 are identified in attachment 1(C).

### DETAILS

## 1.0 Persons Contacted

C'Hall

1.1 Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation (NMPC)

 W. B. Davey E. Dehart J. N. Duell W. P. James, Jr. J. Jirousek J. L. Kibbe J. R. Kinsley T. Kolceski E. W. Leach D. Lesurdo P. D. MacEwan G. H. Montgomery S. C. Nicolos R. J. Pasternak L. Price N. L. Rademacher B. Randall A. D. Sassani K. J. Sweet J. H. Snyder K. B. Thomas	QA/QC Nuclear Consultant Unit 2 Engineering Chem & Rad. Mgt, Unit 1 Nuclear Electrical Design Stations Manager, Operations, Unit 1 Supervisor QA Audits NMP2 Oper Engineering, Unit 2 Chem & Rad Mgt, Unit 1 I&C, Unit 1 EQ Manager NMP2 Oper I&C Supervisor EQ Engineering Radiation Protection PSC NYSEG Regulatory Compliance I&C, Unit 2 Manager, Site Engineering EQ Engineer Director of Compliance, Unit 1 Operations, Superintendent, Unit 1 Project Engineering, Unit 2 Maintenance Superintendent, Electr, Unit 1 Site Liasion Engineering Consulting Services
 P. Volza S. W. Wilczek, Jr. J. L. Willis K. Yackel	Rad Protection Manager Manager Nuclear Technology General Superintendent
	I&C, Unit 1

1.2 Stone and Webster Engineering Corporation

A. Issa	Seismic Engineer
L. Illy	EQ Engineer
A. Sclocchini	Design Engineer

1.3 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

 С.	Anderson	Chief Direct Current	
	Temps	Chief, Plant Systems Section EB/DRS Resident Inspector	

\* denotes personnel attending exit meeting of November 18, 1988

### 2.0 Introduction

### Background

The purpose of this inspection was to verify the implementation of instrumentation systems for assessing plant conditions during and following the course of an accident that meets the criteria specified in Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.97, Revision 2 for Unit 1 and Revision 3 for Unit 2. These systems were inspected to determine if they were installed in accordance with generic letter number 82-33 "Requirements for Emergency Response Capability" (Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737). This letter, issued on December 17, 1982, specifies those requirements regarding emergency response capabilities that have been approved by the NRC for implementation. This supplement also discusses, in part, the application of RG 1.97 to the emergency response facilities, including the control room (CR), technical support center (ISC) and the emergency response facility (EOF) at power plants. Regulatory Guide 1.97 identifies the plant variables to be measured and the instrumentation criteria for assuring acceptable emergency response capabilities during and following the course of an accident.

Regulatory Guide 1.97 divides Post Accident Instrumentation into 3 categories and 5 types. The three design categories are noted as 1, 2 and 3. Category 1 has the most stringent design requirements and category 3 has the least stringent. The five types of instrumentation identified in the Regulatory Guide are types A, B, C, D, and E. Type A variables are plant specific and classified by the licensee. Type B variables provide information to indicate that plant safety functions are being accomplished. Type C variables provide information regarding the breach of barriers for fission product release. Type D variables indicate the operation of individual the magnitude of the release of radioactive materials. Each variable type Category 1.

### Correspondence

The licensee's response to RG 1.97 for Unit 1 was provided in submittals dated April 2, 1984; October 18, 1985 and December 6, 1985. For Unit 2 the licensee's RG 1.97 response was provided in submittals dated October 5, 1984, January 20, 1986 and March 1986. The Safety Evaluation Report (SER) was issued by the NRC on March 3, 1986 for Unit 1 and May 5, 1986 for Unit 2. The SERs specify staff positions for licensee deviations and exceptions from the guidelines.

#### References

The specific references used to assess the licensee's response to Regulatory Guide 1.97 are as identified below:

- Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 2 and Revision 3 "Instrumentation for Light Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant and Environs Conditions During and Following an Accident."
- Safety Evaluation Report Emergency Response Capability, Conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97, Rev. 2 & 3.
- Niagara Monawk Power Corporation Units 1&2 Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR), Chapter 7.
- Licensee procedures and reference drawings as shown in attachments 1 & 2.
- Technical Supplement to Petition for Conversion from Provisional Operating Licenses to Full Term Operating License, Nine Mile Nuclear Station, July 1972.
- Amendment 1 to Application to Convert Provisional Operating License to Full Term Operating License, November 1973.

#### Inspection Scope

The NRC inspection scope included: equipment qualification (Seismic and Environmental), redundancy of power supplies, measured variables, display and recording methods used, independence and separation of electrical circuitr, range and overlapping features of multiple instrument indicators, equipment identification for RG 1.97 instruments, service, test and surveillance frequency, direct and indirect measurements of parameters of interest.

The safety related (Q) and EQ master equipment lists were reviewed for the instruments selected, to ascertain whether they had been evaluated and tested to the appropriate environmental, quality assurance (QA) and seismic qualification requirements. The QA procurement of these instruments was also reviewed.

### 3.0 Inspection Details

The inspectors held discussions with various members of the licensee's staff, reviewed drawings (Attachment 2) and procedures, and selected variables for systems walkdown. Walkdowns were performed for control room instruments to assess the implementation of the RG 1.97 Rev. 2 for Unit 1 and Rev. 3 for Unit 2.

Instrument variables reviewed for NMP-1 included reactor coolant level, reactor pressure, drywell pressure, drywell atmospheric temperature, containment hydrogen/oxygen concentration, suppression pool water level and suppression pool water temperature. The NMP-2 inspection included primary containment pressure, coolant water flow to ESF system component, coolant water temperature to ESF system component, RHR heat exchanger outlet temperature, LPCI system flow, drywell spray flow, suppression pool pressure and primary containment area radiation.

Characteristics examined for each variable include identity, location, function, separation (physical/electrical), isolation, seismic, power source, environmental qualification status and instrument range. Items not conforming with Section 6 of Supplement 1 to NUREG-0757 are discussed in the following section.

### 4.0 Regulatory Guide 1.97 Variables Evaluated (Unit 1)

### 4.1 Reactor Pressure

Regulatory Guide 1.97 classifies this as a Category 1 variable and the licensee's commitment to Section 6, Supplement 1 of NUREG-0737 resubmittal dated October 5, 1987 has specified that this variable is a Type A variable. The monitoring of this variable is accomplished by using two pressure sensing channels with indication in the control room. One channel has a recorder. The variable is also monitored by the Safety Parameter Display System (SPDS). The instrumentation for this variable does not meet the Category 1 criteria specified in Section 6. Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737 regarding Regulatory Guide 1.97 requirements for separation. Section 1.3.1.b of the Regulatory Guide states, in part, that redundant or diverse channels should be electrically independent and physically separated from each other. The pressure recorder PR-1075 interfaces with PT36-31 and PT36-32 through switch no 1020A. No isolation device or separation is provided between channels. Also, all power sources, numbers ACV-P, ACV-R, and ACV-S normally are powered by RPS Bus 11, Circuit 12. Therefore, they are not considered independent, redundant power sources. This apparent deviation from Section 6 of Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737 requirements regarding Regulatory Guide 1.97 is an unresolved item pending the licensee developing the technical basis for the variations from R.G. 1 97 and NRC review of this information. (88-220/88-34-01)

## 4.2 Drywell Atmospheric Temperature

Regulatory Guide 1.97 generally classifies the drywell atmospheric temperature as a Category 2 variable. However, the licensee has specified that this variable is a Type A variable. Because it is a Type A variable, the instrumentation supplied should be Category 1. The monitoring of this variable is accomplished by three channels of instrumentation. The instrumentation for this variable does not meet the Category 1 guidance specified in RG 1.97. Section 1.3.1(b) of the Regulatory Guide states, in part, that: "redundant or diverse channels should be electrically independent and physically separated from each other... At least one channel should be displayed on a direct indicating or recording device." All of these instrument channels (Nos. TE201-36, TE201-27 and TE201-33) have a common power supply. Therefore, the channels were not provided with complete independence and redundancy. No recorder for readout data is provided. This apparant deviation from Section 6 of Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737 regarding compliance with Regulatory Guide 1.97 criteria is an unresolved item pending the licensee developing the technical basis for the variations from R.G. 1.97 and NRC review of this information. (50-220/88-34-02)

In addition, environmental qualification for the three instrument channel temperature sensing elements (TE201-36A, TE-201-50A and TE201-51A) has not been established. This is a violation of 10 CFR 50.49 (b)(3) and (F) which requires that these items of electrical equipment be qualified. (50-220/88-34-03)

### 4.3 Suppression Pool Water Level

Regulatory Guide 1.97 classifies suppression pool water level as a Category 1 variable. The licensee's resubmittal commitment to Section 6 of Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737 dated October 5, 1987 has specified that this variable is a Type A variable. The monitoring of this variable is accomplished by three instrument channels (LT58-04, LT58-05 & LT58-06). The instrumentation for this variable does not fully meet the Category 1 criteria specified in RG 1.97. The level transmitter LT58-04 was not EQ listed and environmental qualification of this item has not been established. This is in violation of l0 CFR 50.49(b)(3) and (F) which requires that each item of electrical equipment important to safety be qualified. (50-220/88-34-04)

## 4.4 Suppression Pool Water Temperature

Regulatory Guide 1.97 classifies suppression pool water temperature as a Category 2 variable. However, the licensee has specified that this variable is a Type A variable. Therefore, the instrumentation should conform to Category 1 criteria. The monitoring of this variable is accomplished by two channels of instrumentation (TT201.2-517 and TT201.2-518). The instrumentation for this variable does not fully meet the Category 1 criteria specified in RG 1.97. The thermocouples (TE201.2-491, TE201.2-492) and transmitters (TT201.2-517, TT201.2-518) did not have supporting documentation to verify that they are environmentally qualified. This item is in violation of 10 CFR 50.49(b)(3) and (F) which requires that each item of electrical equipment important to safety be qualified. (50-220/38-34-05)

### 4.5 Isolation Devices

where a Category 1 signal is used as input to a non-Category 1 system. Regulatory Guide 1.97 specifies the use of isolation devices that are fully qualified for use in Category 1 circuits. The inspectors examined interconnecting diagrams for torus level (3), drywell pressure (4) and reactor coolant (5) instrumentation circuits. Six out of twelve circuits examined did not use any isolation devices. The six instrument channels include: level transmitter nos. LT58-04, LT58-05 and LT58-06, pressure transmitter nos. PT201.2-483, PT201.2-484 and reactor coolant level transmitter LT36-33. Typically, the inspectors found that either there were no isolation devices or that signals are directed to the plant computer by way of a dropping resistor, and in some cases. medium impedance line input resistors. This does not conform to the Regulatory Guide 1.97, Category 1 criteria for isolation. This apparent deviation from the Regulatory Guide 1.97 criteria is an unresolved item pending the licensee developing the technical basis for variations from R.G. 1.97 and NRC review of this information. (50-220/88-34-06)

One isolation device (RIS-SC326) was identified for which documentation was not available to establish performance characteristics or seismic requirements. This item is unresolved pending NRC review of licensee evaluation and corrective action. (50-220/88-34-07)

## 5.0 Regulatory Guide 1.97 Variables Evaluated (Unit 2)

### 5.1 Reactor Coolant Level

Regulatory Guide 1 97 classifies reactor coolant level as a Category 1 variable. The licensee has specified that this variable is a Type A variable. The monitoring of this variable is accomplished by two channels of instrumentation (2ISC\*LTI3A & 2ISC\*LTI3B) for wide range level and two channels of instrumentation (2ISC\*LT9A & 2ISC\*LT9B) for the fuel zone level. In addition to providing indicators in the reactor control room, the variable is recorded and displayed on demand on the Safety Parameter Display System (SPDS).

During the inspection of the instrumentation (2ISC\*LI13A & 2ISC\*LI13B) in the control room fur this variable, the range of the variable was found to be -165 to +35 inches of water, whereas the range specified by the FSAR is 230.69 to 430.69 inches of water. The licensee reviewed the design and determined that the range of 200" of water (-165" to +35") is required. The documentation will be changed to reflect actual field conditions. Other than the documentation correction, the instrumentation for this variable meets the criteria of RG 1.97 for Category 1 instrumentation and is acceptable.

This item is unresolved pending licensee document changes to reflect actual field conditions. (50-410/88-32-01)

# 5.2 Cooling Water Flow to Engineered Safety Features (ESF) System Components

Regulatory Guide 1.97 classifies cooling water flow to ESF system components as a Category 2 variable. Since it is a Category 2 variable, the instrumentation does not require seismic qualification. The monitoring of this variable is accomplished by two channels of instrumentation. The inspection for this variable noted that the range of the 2SWP\*F113A and 2SWP\*F113B channels is 0 to 8,000 gpm whereas the FSAR specifies 0 to 10,000 gpm. For the 2SWP\*F176A and B channels it was noted that the range is 0-1,400 gpm, whereas the FSAR specifies 0-860 gpm. It was also determined that the range for the 2SWP\*F1535 channel should have been 0 to 1,000 gpm. The licensee plans to submit an FSAR change to reflect the correct instrument range.

In addition to revising the FSAR to correct the difference in range, the licensee must determine whether the range of 0 to 8,000 gpm for the 2SWP\*FI13A and 2SWP\*FI13B channel meets or exceeds the 0 to 110 percent design flow range recommended by RG 1.97. The above items are unresolved. (50-410/88-32-02)

With the exception of the range deficiencies, this instrumentation meets the Category 2 recommendations specified in RG 1.97 and is acceptable.

## 5.3 Low Pressure Coolant Injection (LPCI) System Flow

Regulatory Guide 1.97 classifies LPCI system flow as a Category 2 variable. Since it is a Category 2 variable, the instrumentation does not require seismic qualification. The monitoring of this variable is accomplished by three channels of instrumentation. The inspection of the instrumentation (2SWP\*FI14A, 2RHS\*FI14B & C) for this variable noted that the indication range is 0 to 10,000 gpm; whereas, the FSAR and the FSAR question for this variable indicates ranges of 0 to 8,400 gpm and 0 to 8,000 gpm respectively. The licensee has committed to correct the differences in the ranges specified in the FSAR and will determine whether the 0 to 10,000 gpm range is the recommended zero to 110 percent design flow range specified by RG 1.97. With the exception of the determination of zero to 110 percent design flow for this variable, the instrumentation meets the recommendations of RG 1.97 and is acceptable.

This item is unresolved pending iicensee amendment of the FSAR and evaluation and determination on meeting 0-110 percent design flow range. (50-410/88-32-03)

### 5.4 Drywell Spray Flow

Regulatory Guide 1.97 classifies drywell spray flow as a Category 2 variable. Being a Category 2 variable, the instrumentation does not require seismic qualification. The monitoring of this variable is accomplished by two channels of instrumentation (2RHS\*FT63A & 2RHS\*FT63B). The inspection of the instrumentation (2RHS\*FI63A & 2RHS\*FT63B) for this variable noted that the indication range is 0 to 8,000 gpm; whereas, the FSAR specifies a range of 0 to 7950 gpm. The licensee has committed to correct the difference noted. The instrumentation meets the recommendations of RG 1.97 and is acceptable.

### 6.0 Physical Walkdown

The inspectors examined the Unit 1 and 2 control rooms to determine agreement with Regulatory Guide 1.97 guidance for electrical/physical separation, identification and adequacy of the instrumentation calibration program. For Unit 2, post-accident monitoring instruments designated as Type A, B and C and Categories 1 and 2 were specifically identified on the control panel (red outline) so that the operator would easily discern the intended use under accident conditions. Location and accessibility provides easy access for administrative control of all set point adjustments, module calibration and test points. The inspectors determined that the Unit 2 control room was in conformance with the Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 3 guidance for those portions examined.

For Unit 1, the inspectors guestioned the adequacy of electrical and physical separation of the control room post-accident monitoring components. Redundant channels were physically mounted side by side with electrical wiring from both divisions in a common bundle. This apparent deviation from Section 6 of Supplement 1 to NUREG-0736 requirement regarding Regulatory Guide 1.97 is an unresolved item pending the licensee developing a technical basis for variation from R.G. 1.97 and NRC review of this information. (50-220/88-34-08)

In addition, the Types A. B and C post-accident instrumentation on the control boards was not specifically identified. Regulatory Guide 1.97 Revision 2, section 1.4(B) states, in part, that: "the instruments designated as types A. B and C and categories 1 and 2 should be specifically identified on the control panels..." During this inspection the licensee issued a problem report and operator aid form (88-56) for temporary identification using color dots on accident assessment instrumentation. This apparent deviation from Regulatory Guide 1.97 is an unresolved item pending the licensee developing a technical basis for variations from R.G. 1.97 and NRC review of this information. (50-220/88-34-09)

### 7.0 Surveillance, Testing and Calibration

Nine Mile Point, Units No. 1 and 2, employ a computerized data base for instrument calibration. Part of the function of this data base is to generate the repetitive maintenance task orders for recalibration of instruments and to provide a historical record of instrument calibrations.

The inspectors reviewed the data base for the instruments inspected, the frequency of calibration, and the date that calibration is next due. Verification was made to determine that procedures are in place for the performance of the calibration. The maintenance and calibration data for Nine Mile Point, Units No. 1 and 2, instrumentation for the inspected variables are found in Attachment 3. The inspectors noted that Unit 1 is in a long term shutdown condition, and the calibration frequency is not a factor in regards to technical specifications. No abnormalities were noted

8.0 Unresolved Items

Unresolved items are matters for which more information is required in order to ascertain whether they are acceptable, violations, or deviations. Unresolved items are discussed in Sections 4.1, 4.2, 4.5, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, and 6.0 of this report.

### 9.0 Exit Meeting

The inspectors met with licensee representatives (denoted in Details, paragraph 1) on November 18, 1988 and discussed the findings for Units No. 1 and 2. For Unit 1 significant items discussed include channel separation, use of isolation devices, tagging and identification of post-accident monitoring instrumentation in the control room, and equipment qualification for the instrumentation inspected.

For Unit 2, significant items include: actual instrument ranges versus documented ranges.

### 10.0 Follow-Up Technical Meeting

A meeting was held with the licensee to discuss the results of this inspection of R.G. 1.97 activities as it pertains to Unit 1. The meeting was held on December 2D, 1988 at NRC/NRR offices in Rockville, Maryland. The licensee, NRR and Region I personnel participated in this meeting.

The primary purpose of this meeting was to discuss the reason for the numerous deviations from R.G. 1.97 noted during this inspection. The licensee explained that it was always their intention to limit their R.G. 1.97 implementation for Unit 1 to specific criteria delineated in Section 6.2 in Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737. They stated that the scope of their R.G. 1.97 implementation was identified in their letter dated

October 18, 1985 from C. V. Mangan of Niagara Mohawk to Domenick B. Vassalo of the NRC. They noted that they had not addressed other criteria identified in R.G. 1.97 (Rev. 2), since they were not explicity called out in Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737. The licensee is currently performing a re-review of Unit 1 to the R.G. 1.97 criteria. Another meeting is scheduled with the licensee on February 3, 1989 to discuss the results of this re-review and licensee plans to address proposed plant modifications associated with some of the R.G. 1.97 deficiencies at Unit 1.

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ATTACHMENT 1

	Description	Paragraph	Docket No. Identification
4.	Drywell atmosphere temperature sensing elements TE201-36A, TE201-50A and TE201-51A have common power supply and no recorder	4.2	50-220/88-34-02
5	Type A. B & C Post Accident variables not specifically identified on control boards	6.0	50-220/88-34-09
6. C	ircuit Isolation Device RI-SC326	4.5	50-220/88-34-07

### C. Unit 2 Unresolved Items

- Vessel level fuel zone (Device No. 2ISC\*LT13A,B) FSAR question 421.36-1 indicates range of 230.69 to 430.69. Actual field installed indication is -165 to +35 inches WC. No listing in Table 7.5-1 of FSAR. Paragraph 5.1 (50-410/88-32-01)
- 2) Service water to diesel generator Div. I & II (Device No. 2SWP\*FI76A3B) FSAR question 421.36-1 indicates a 0-860 gpm range. Drawing CO71M indicates a 0-1400 gpm. No listing in FSAR Table 7.5-1. Actual installed field indication 0-1400 x 10<sup>2</sup> gpm.

ESF cooling water flow (Device No. 2SWP\*F113A&B) FSAR question 421.36-1 indicates a 0-10,000 gpm range. FSAR Table 7.5-1 lists a 0-8000 ypm range. Actual installed field indication is 0-8000 gpm.

Service water to diesel generator - Div. III (Device No. 2SWP\*FI535) FSAR question 421.36-1 indicates a D-650 gpm range. Dwg. C071M indicates a D-1000 gpm range. No listing in FSAR Table 7.5-1.

Actual installed field indication D-1000 x 10 gpm. Paragraph 5.2 (50-410/88-32-02)

3) RHR (LPCI) flow (Device No. 2RHS\*FI14A, B&C) FSAR question 421.36-1 indicates range of 0-8400 gpm. General Electric dwg. and FSAR Table 7.5-1 indicate a range of 0-10,000 gpm. Actual installed field indicator is 0-8000 gpm. Paragraph 5.3 (50-410/88-32-03)

#### ATTACHMENT 2

### INSTRUMENT SCHEMATICS AND DRAWINGS

I. UNIT NO. 1 A. Reactor Coolant Level C-22005-C, E21 5 Sheets 1 through 17 C-18015-C, S18.8 C-22004-C, E21.5 Sheets 1 and 8 C-34853-C, E21 Sheet 1 C-34830, Sheet 2 C-34831, Sheet 2 C-23087-C C-23089-0 Β. Reactor Pressure C-22004-C, E21.5, Sheet 3 C-23077-C. Sheets 1, 2, 3, 6, and 7 C-18015-C, S18.8 Drywell Pressure C . C-22020-C, E21.5 Sheets 1, 2, and 15 C-18012 Sheet 2 C-18014 Sheet 1 C-22385, 16A and 17A C-22005-C, E21.5 Sheets 1, 5, 8, and 11 Drywell Atmosphere Temperature D C-22020-C, E21.5 Sheets 1 and 2 C-18014 Sheet 1 E. Suppression Chamber Water Level (Torus) Suppresion Chamber Water Level (Torus) Ε. C-22020-C, E21.5 Sheet 13 C-22015-C, E21.5 Sheet 14 C-18007-C Sheets 1 and 14 F. Containment Hydrogen/Oxygen Concentration C-27003-C, E21 Sheet 2 C-27004-C. E21 Sheet 2 C-22020-C, E21.5 Sheets 8 and 11 C-26939-C. 518.9 C-26949-C, S18.9 Suppression Pool Water Temperature G.

C-18014-C, E21 Sheet 1 C-34853-C, E21 Sheets 1 through 6 C-34854-C, E21 Sheets 1 through 6

II. UNIT NO. 2

Α.	Reactor Vessel Level - Wide Ra	nge and Fuel Zone
	PID 28B PID 28C NSSS 16.020-5003 16.130-001-055 LCR IL2ISC-068 7.241-001-030 7.510-001-183 7.510-001-231 7.510-001-234 7.510-001-249 7.510-001-251 807 E 171TY Sheet 7 EE-3CS EK-401V LOOP 2ISC*13	FSK27-19B FSK27-19C 16.130-001-054 16.130-001-056 LCR IL2ISC-069 7.241-001-011 7.510-001-187 7.510-001-233 7.510-001-240 7.510-001-250 7.241-001-006 EE-11C EK-401Y LOOP 2ISC*9
3.	Reactor Pressure	
	PID 28A LCR IL2ISC-050 7.510-001-250 7.510-001-240 NSSS 16 020-5003F 16 130-001-055 7.241-001-030 807 E 152TY Sheets 14 and 15 7.510-001-251 EE-3CS 7.520-001-447 7.520-001-442 7.242-001-009 EK-401V	FSK 27-19A LCR IL2ISC-051 7.212-001-057 EE-4R 16.130-001-054 16.130-001-056 7.241-001-006 7.510-001-249 EE-11C 7.212-001-039 7.520-001-454 7.242-001-008 EK-401Y LOOP 2ISC*6
	Containment Atmosphere H2/02 Con	ncentration
	PID 82A FSK 33-02B LSK 33-02C LCR IL2CMS-143 LCR IL2CMS-147 7.510-413-281	FSK 33-02A LSK 33-02A LCR IL2CMS-142 LCR TL2CMS-146 7.510-413-281C 7.510-413-273

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7.510-413-274 7.510-413-275 7.510-413-276 7.510-413-277 7.510-413-278 7.510-413-279 SPEC COOIC CALC 12177-CS-CMS\*08 LOOP 2CMS-006 Sheets 1 and 2 EE-3HJ EE-460CN EE-460CO DP-3848 DP-384AR LOOP 2CMS\*071 CALC 12177-CS-CMS\*07 D. Drywell Pressure/ Primary Containment Pressure 12177-CS-CMS\*06 PID 82A FSK 33-02A FSK 33-02B LCR IL2CMS-139 LCR IL2CMS-140 LSK 33-02E EE-11C EE-3AE EE-30 EE-JAL EE-3RC 7.159-401-507 7.159-401-508 7.159-401-509 7.159-401-124 7.159-401-126 7.159-401-085 7.159-401-144 EK-401AD EK-401AB LOOP 2CMS\*1 BK-16HV SPEC CO71M 7.131-400-004 7.131-400-003 7.131-400-005 LCR IL2CMS-DOS D. FSK 33D LCR IL2CMS-009 EE-4J LSK 33-02D LOOP 2CMS+1 EK-401Y LOOP 2CMS+2 7.159-401-145 7.159-401-086 Suppression Pool Water Temperature P1D 828 FSK 33-02C FSK 02D FSK 33-02K LCR IL2CMS-104 12177-LSK-33-2K LOOP 2CMS\*67 12177-FL2CMS-106 LOOP 2CM5\*68 LOOP 2CMS\*174 LOOP 2CMS\*69 LOOP 2CMS\*175 LOOP 2CMS \* 70 F. Suppression Chamber Pressure LOOP 2CMS\*7 Suppression Pool Water Level LOOP 2CMS\*9 LOOP 2CMS\*11 Drywell Atmosphere Temperature

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	2 CMS*101	
	2 CMS*130	2 CMS*116 2 CMS*140
1.	Status of Standby Power	
	12177-TL 28YS-002 12177-ESK-88YS13	12177-ESK-7CEC19
J.	LPC1/RHR Flow	
	12177-TL28HS-009	12177-TL2RHS-010
Κ.	Drywell Spray Flow	
	12177-TL2RHS-062	
L.	RHR Heat Exchanger Outlet 1	emperature
	EE114	
Μ.	Cooling Water Flow to ESF C	omponents
	C071-MAX C071-MA2 12177-EE-3AE-9 12177-EE-11E-8 12177-TL2SWP-131 12177-EE-3AL-6 12177-EE-11W	807E170TY SH6 and 11 12177-TLRSWP-002 12177-TL2SWP-046 12177-TL2SWP-048 7.159-401-478 7.159-401-488
Ν.	Cooling Water Temperature t	o ESF System Components
	12177-TL2SWP-401 12177.TL2SWP-002 12177-EE-3D-4 12177-EE-3AE-9 12177-EE-1C-5 12177-EE-3AL 12177-EE-11C-5	7.159-401-173 7.159-401-120 7.159-401-506 7.159-401-122 7.159-401-508 213AT/232

### ATTACHMENT 3

## MAINTENANCE AND CALIBRATION DATA

## 1. NINE MILE POINT, UNIT NO. 1

1.	Reactor Coolant Level	Vá	ariable	Frequency	Last Calibration Date	Nex Calibr Dat	ation
		LI	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	18m 18m	3/17/88 3/10/88	Outage Outage	
		LT LT	36-33 36-24A 36-24B	18m 18m 18m	5/7/88 1/29/88 1/29/88	Outage Outage Outage	90 88
2.	Reactor Pressure						
			36-31 36-32	18m 18m	7/12/88 7/12/88	Outage Outage	
3.	Drywell Pressure						
		PT PT	201.2-105 201.2-106 201.2-483 201.2-484	18m Monthly	10/27/86 10/27/86 7/11/88 7/11/88	Outage Outage Outage Outage	88 88
4.	Drywell Atmospheric T	empi	erature				
		TE	201-36A 201-50A 201-51A	18m 18m 18m	5/17/86 5/17/86 5/17/86	Outage Outage Outage	88
5	Suppression Chamber W	ater	Level				
		LT	58-04 58-05 58-06	6m 6m 6m	11/10/88 11/10/88 11/10/88	5/5/98 5/5/89 5/5/89	
6.	Containment Hydrogen/	Oxyg	en Concent	tration			
		201 201	.2-217 .2-218 .2-330 .2-518	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	1/15/88 12/2/87 1/15/88 12/2/87	Outage 8 Outage 8 Outage 8 Outage 8	38 38

1.

7. Suppression Pool Water Temperature

TE	201.2-517	18m	1/29/88	Outage	88
TE	201.2-518	18m	1/29/88	Outage	

II. NINE MILE POINT, UNIT NO. 2

1	Reactor Coolant Level	Vá	iriable	Frequency	Last Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
				18m 18m 18m 18m	4/14/87 4/14/87 5/12/88 5/12/88	3/1/89 3/1/89 3/30/90 3/30/90
2.	Reactor Pressure					•
3	Drywell Pressure		6A 6B	18m 18m	10/14/88 10/14/88	9/01/90 9/01/90
			27 28	18m 18m	4/6/88 4/6/88	2/21/89 2/21/89
4	Drywell Atmospheric T	empi	erature			
			116 117	18m 18m	4/7/87 4/7/87	2/22/89 2/22/89
		TE	118 119 120 121 122 123 124	18m 18m 18m 18m 18m 18m	4/7/87 4/7/87 4/7/87 4/7/87 4/7/87 4/7/87 4/7/87	2/22/89 2/22/89 2/22/89 2/22/89 2/22/89 2/22/89 2/22/89 2/22/89
5.	Containment Hydrogen/(	Dxyg	en Conce	entration		
		AIT	71A 71B 6A 6B	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	8/20/88 8/20/88 8/26/88 8/26/88	12/8/88 12/8/88 12/13/88 12/13/88

6.	Suppression Pool Wat	ter Level			
		LT 9A LT 9B LT 11A LT 11B	18m 18m 18m 18m	10/1/88 10/1/88 9/22/88 9/22/88	8/19/90 8/19/90 8/10/90 8/10/90
7.	Suppression Pool Wat	er Temperatur	e		
	•	TE 67A TE 68A TE 69A TE 70A TE 67B TE 67B TE 68B TE 69B TE 70B	18m 18m 18m 18m 18m 18m 18m	9/21/88 9/21/88 9/21/88 9/21/88 9/21/88 9/21/88 9/21/88 9/21/88	8/9/90 8/9/90 8/9/90 8/9/90 8/9/90 8/9/90 8/9/90 8/9/90
8.	Primary Containment	Pressure			
		PT 1A PT 1B	18m 18m	4/7/87 4/7/87	2/22/89
9.	Cooling Water Flow to	ESF System (	Components		
		FT 13A FT 13B FT 76A FT 768 FT 535	18m 18m 18m 18m 18m	8/29/87 8/29/87 1/11/88 1/11/88 1/16/88	7/16/89 7/16/89 11/30/89 11/30/89 12/3/89
10.	Cooling Water Tempera	ture to ESF S	ystem Compo	onents	
		TE 31A TE 31B	18m 18m	9/7/87 9/12/87	7/25/89 7/30/89
11.	RHR Heat Exchanger Ou	ilet Temperat	ure		
		TE 13A TE 13B	18m 18m	11/2/87 11/2/87	9/19/89 9/19/89
12.	LPCI System Flow				
		FT 14A FT 14B FT 14C	18m 18m 18m	4/27/88 4/3/88 4/3/88	3/01/90 2/19/90 2/19/90
13.	Drywell Spray Flow				
		FT 63A FT 63B	18m 18m	8/24/87 8/24/87	7/11/89 7/11/89

# 14. Primary Containment Area Radiation

RE	1A	18m	10/19/88	4/22/90
	1B	18m	10/19/88	4/22/90
	1C	18m	10/19/88	4/22/90
	1D	18m	10/19/88	4/22/90
15. Supression Pool Pressure				
PT	17A	18m	1/16/88	12/3/89
PT	17B	18m	1/16/88	12/3/89

## MAY 8 1985

MEMORANDIM FOR:	M. Haughey, Project Manager, BWR Project Directorate #3 Division of BWR Licensing
FROM:	Gus C. Lainas, Assistant Director for BWR Division of BWR Licensing
SUBJECT:	EMERGENCY RESPONSE CAPABILITY, CONFORMANCE TO R.G. 1.97, REV. 2
Plant Name: Utility: Docket Nos.: Licensing Status: Resp. Directorate: Project Manager: Review Branch: Review Status:	Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit #2 Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation 50-410 NTOL PD #3/DBL M. Haughey EICSB/DPA Complete

We are transmitting herewith our subject safety evaluation with its attachment, EG&G Idaho, Inc., Technical Evaluation Report (TER) dated March 1986. We find the instrumentation provided by the Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation for meeting the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.97 acceptable, except for the variable neutron flux.

Our safety evaluation is based on our review of EGRG's TER EGG-NTA-7059. This completes EICSB's action on this item.

The EICSB evaluation of licensee performance (SALP input) is also enclosed.

1.51

Gus C. Lainas, Assistant Director for BWR Division of BWR Licensing

Enclosures: As stated

cc (w/enc.): E. Adensam

C. E. Rossi D. Crutchfield R. W. Houston J. Mauck

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5/7/86

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### SAFETY EVALUATION NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT NO. 2 DOCKET NO. 50-410 CONFORMANCE TO REGULATORY GUIDE 1.97

### INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation (NMPC) was requested by Generic Letter 82-33 to provide a report to the NRC describing how the post-accident monitoring instrumentation meets the quidelines of Regulatory Guide 1.97 as applied to emergency response facilities. The applicant responded to the Regulatory Guide 1.97 portion of the generic letter on October 5, 1984. Additional information was provided by letter dated January 20, 1986 and by Revision 17 of the FSAR.

A detailed review and technical evaluation of the applicant's submittals was performed by EG&G Idaho, Inc., under contract to the NRC, with general supervision by the NRC staff. This work was reported by EG&G in their Technical Evaluation Report (TER), "Conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97, Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit No. 2," dated March 1986 (attached). We have reviewed this report and concur with the conclusion that the applicant either conforms to, or is justified in deviating from, the guidance of Regulatory Guide 1.97 for each post-accident monitoring variable, except for the variable neutron flux.

#### EVALUATION CRITERIA

Subsequent to the issuance of the generic letter, the NRC held regional meetings in February and March 1983 to answer licensee and applicant questions and concerns regarding the NRC policy on Regulatory Guide 1.97. At these meetings, it was noted that the NRC review would only address exceptions taken to the guidance of Regulatory Guide 1.97. Further, where licensees or applicants explicitly state that instrument systems conform to the provisions of the regulatory guide, it was noted that no further staff review would be necessary. Therefore, the review performed and reported by EG&G only addresses exceptions to the guidance of Regulatory Guide 1.97. This Safety Evaluation addresses the licensee's submittals based on the review policy described in the NRC regional meetings and the conclusions of the review as reported by EG&G.

#### EVALUATION

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We have reviewed the evaluation performed by our consultant contained in the enclosed TER and concur with its bases and findings. The applicant either conforms to, or has provided an acceptable justification for deviations from the guidance of Regulatorv Guide 1.97 for each post-accident monitoring variable except for the variable neutron flux.

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends that the neutron flux monitoring instrumentation be Categorv 1, however existing neutron flux monitoring instrumentation for BWR's is not fully environmentally oualified. A fully qualified Category 1 instrument is presently an industry development item. In his April 1, 1986 letter the applicant committed to monitor industry efforts to develop a qualified Neutron Monitoring System for long-term post-accident monitoring. He further committed that, when qualified equipment becomes available, he would install it at Unit 2 by the first refueling following availability, unless he justifies to the staff that installation of the specific equipment would

-2-

result in an overall decrease in the safety of the plant. In this case he would continue his efforts to identify and procure acceptable qualified equipment. The staff finds this commitment acceptable.

### CONCLUSION

Based on the staff's review of the enclosed Technical Evaluation Report and the applicant's submittals, we find that the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit No. 2, design is acceptable with respect to conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 2, except for the neutron flux instrumentation.

The staff also finds that the existing neutron flux instrumentation is acceptable for interim operation. When qualified neutron flux instrumentation becomes available the applicant should install it at Unit 2 by the first refueling following availability, unless he justifies to the staff that installation of the specific, equipment would result in an overall decrease in the safety of the plant.

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## EICSB SALP INPUT

Plant: Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit No. 2

Subject: R.G. 1.97/NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1

Eva	luation Criteria	Performance Category	Basis
1.	Management	1	Management has been cooperative in establishing communication to clarify their positions. Responses have been timely.
2.	Approach to Resolution of Technical Issues	1	The applicant demonstrated an adequate understanding of the issue and provided technically sound justification supporting their positions.
3.	Responsiveness	1	The applicant responded to staff request for additional information in a timely manner. Response was adequate.
4.	Enforcement History	N/A	No basis for assessment.
5.	Reportable Events	N/A	No basis for assessment.
6.	Staffing	N/A	No basis for assessment.
7.	Training	N/A	No basis for assessment.

EGG-NIA-7059

ABSTRACT

This EG&G Idaho, Inc., report reviews the submittal for Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 3, for Unit No. 2 of the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station and identifies areas of nonconformance to the regulatory guide. Exceptions to Regulatory Guide 1.97 are evaluated and those areas where sufficient basis for acceptability is not provided are identified. CONFORMANCE TO REGULATORY GUIDE 1.97 NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT NG. 2

A. C. Udy

Published March 1986

EG&G Idaho, Inc. Idaho Falls, Idaho 83415

Prepared for the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555 Under DOE Contract No. DE-ACO7-761001570 FIN No. A6493

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Docket No. 50-410

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1.8

#### FOREWORD

This report is supplied as part of the "Program for Evaluating Licensee/Applicant Conformance to RG 1.97," being conducted for the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation. Division of PWR Licensing-A, by EG&G Idaho, Inc., NRR and I&E Support Branch.

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission funded the work under authorization B&R 20-19-40-41-3.

Docket No. 50-410

#### 2. REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, sets forth the documentation to be submitted in a report to the NRC describing how the applicant complex with Regulatory Guide 1.97 as applied to emergency response facilities. The submittal should include documentation that provides the following information for each variable shown in the applicable table of Regulatory Guide 1.97.

- 1. Instrument range
- 2. Environmental qualification
- 3. Seismic qualification
- 4. Quality assurance
- 5. Redundance and sensor location
- 6. Power supply
- 7. Location of display
- 8. Schebule of installation or upgrade

The submittal should identify deviations from the regulatory guide and provide supporting justification or alternatives.

Subsequent to the issuance of the generic letter, the NRC held regional meetings in February and March 1983, to answer licensee and applicant questions and concerns regarding the NRC policy on this subject. At these meetings, it was noted that the NRC review would only address exceptions taken to Regulatory Guide 1.97. Where licensees or applicants explicitly state that instrument systems conform to the regulatory guide it was noted that no further staff review would be necessary. Therefore, this

#### CONFORMANCE TO REGULATORY GUIDE 1.97 NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT NO. 2

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

On December 17, 1982, Generic Letter No. 82-33 (Reference 1) was issued by D. G. Eisenhut, the Director of the Division of Licensing. Nuclear Reactor Regulation, to all licensees of operating reactors, applicants for operating licenses, and holders of construction permits. This letter included additional clarification regarding Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 2 (Reference 2), relating to the requirements for emergency response capability. These requirements have been published as Supplement No. 1 to NUREG-0737, "TMI Action Plan Requirements" (Reference 3).

The Niagara Mohawk Power Company, the applicant for the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, submitted Revision 14 to the final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR, Reference 4), that included a response to Section 6.2 of the generic letter, on October 5, 1984. Revision 17 of the FSAR updates this information. This information addresses Revision 3 of Regulatory Guide 1.97 (Reference 5). Additional information was provided on January 20, 1986 (Reference 6) and March 3, 1986 (Reference 7).

This report provides an evaluation of this material.

report only addresses exceptions to Regulatory Guide 1.97. The following evaluation is an audit of the applicant's submittals based on the review policy described in the NRC regional meetings.

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#### 3. EVALUATION

The applicant provided a response to Item 6.2 of MRC Generic Letter 82-33, on October 5, 1984. The response describes the applicant's position on post-accident monitoring instrumentation in answering FSAR question F421.36(7.5). This evaluation is based on Revision 17 of the FSAR and on additional information provided on January 20, 1986 and March 3, 1986.

#### 3.1 Adherence to Regulatory Guide 1.97

The applicant has provided a review of their post-accident monitoring instrumentation that compares the instrumentation characteristics against the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.97. Revision 3 (Reference 5). Table 1.8-1 of the FSAR states that Unit No. 2 complies with the regulatory intent of Regulatory Guide 1.97. We understand that the instrumentation presently identified for Regulatory Guide 1.97 will be operational prior to the units' initial fuel load. Therefore, we conclude that the applicant has provided an explicit commitment on conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97. Exceptions to and deviations from the regulatory guide are noted in Section 3.3.

#### 3.2 Type A Variables

Regulatory Guide 1.97 does not specifically identify Type A variables, i.e., those variables that provide the information required to permit the control room operator to take specific manually controlled safety actions. The applicant hat identified the following Type A variables.

- . Containment hydrogen concentration
- 2. Containment oxygen concentration
- Reactor vessel pressure
- 4. Reactor vessel level

5. Suppression pool water temperature

6. Drywell atmosphere temperature

7. Drywell atmosphere pressure

The above variables meet the Category 1 recommendations as required for Type A variables except as listed in Section 3.3.

#### 3.3 Exceptions to Regulatory Guide 1.97

The applicant identified deviations and exceptions from Regulatory Guide 1.97. These are discussed in the following paragraphs.

#### 3.3.1 Neutron Flux

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 1 instrumentation with a range of  $10^{-6}$  to 100 percent of full power for this variable. There are three sets of instrumentation with overlapping ranges. The licensee states that the instrumentation is seismically qualified and environmentally qualified for short term post-accident operation. The power range has a range of 0.5 to 125 percent; the intermediate range has a range of 4.0 x  $10^{-5}$  to 12.6 percent (1 x  $10^{8}$  to 1.5 x  $10^{13}$  nu); the source range has a range of 1 x  $10^{3}$  to 5 x  $10^{9}$ nu.

The power sources for the instrumentation is as follows:

Source and intermediate range monitors--24/48 Vdc (battery chargers and batteries)

Linear and average power range monitors--110 Vac from reactor protection system uninterruptable power supplies with normal, alternate and battery sources.

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In the process of our review of the neutron flux instrumentation for boiling water reactors, we note that the detectors and their cables are not fully environmentally qualified as required by Regulatory Guide 1.97. A Category 1 system that meets all the criteria of Regulatory Guide 1.97 in an industry development item. Based on our review, we conclude that the existing instrumentation is acceptable for interim operation. The applicant has committed to follow industry development of this equipment, and provide further information for this variable prior to the completion of the first refueling outage.

#### 3.3.2 Reactor Coolant System Soluble Boron Concentration

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends a range of D to 1000 parts per million for this variable. Reference 6 identifies the range as 50 to 2000 parts per million.

The applicant deviates from Regulatory Guide 1.97 with respect to the range of this post-accident sampling capability. This deviation goes beyond the scope of this review and is being addressed by the NRC as part of their review of NUREG-0737, Item, II.8.3.

#### 3.3.3 Coolant Level in Reactor

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range from the bottom of the core support plate to the centerline of the main steamline. The applicant identifies fuel zone instrumentation with a range of 230.69 to 430.69 inches, and wide range instrumentation with a range of 375.7 to 587.7 inches (above vessel zero). Thus, the range covered is 62.3 inches short of reaching the centerline of the main steamline. All safety trips occur within these two ranges.

With all safety trips occurring before the range would be exceeded, there are no additional manual operations to be taken should the level range of the above instrumentation be exceeded.

#### 3.3.6 Primary Containment Isolation Valve Position

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 1 indication for this variable. With the exception of the transversing incore probe system isolation valves, the instrumentation identified by the applicant for this variable meets the Category 1 requirements. Check valves are specifically excluded by Regulatory Guide 1.97.

The transversing incore probe (TIP) system isolation valves consist of ball valves (used when probe is out of the guide tube) and shear valves (detonated if the probe is in the guide tube). The TIPs are normally withdrawn with the ball valves closed. The shear valves are operated manually if a probe is in a guide tube. As these valves are non-safety related, we find this exception from Regulatory Guide 1.97 acceptable.

#### 3.3.7 Radiation Level in Circulating Primary Coolant

The applicant states that radiation level measurements to indicate fuel cladding failure are provided by the following instruments:

- 1. Post-accident sampling system
- 2. Condenser off-gas radiation monitors
- 3. Main steamline radiation monitors
- 4. Primary containment radiation monitors
- 5. Containment hydrogen concentration monitors

Based on the alternate instrumentation provided by the applicant, we conclude that the instrumentation supplied for this variable is adequate and, therefore, acceptable.

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In addition, there is a Category 3 instrument covering from 525.7 to 925.7 inches. Besides this channel, there is a Category 3 recorder that monitors from 525.7 to 705.7 inches.

Based on the applicant's justification and Category 3 instrumentation that monitors levels beyond the fuel zone and the wide range instruments, we find the instrumentation provided for this variable acceptable.

#### 3.3.4 Drywell Pressure

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 1 instrumentation for this variable. Thus, redundant Class 1E power sources should be provided. Reference 4 identifies Division 1 Class 1E power for all this instrumentation. Reference 6 corrects this, stating that divisional independence is maintained by separate Class 1E power sources. We find this acceptable.

#### 3.3.5 <u>Drywell Sump Level</u> Drywell Brain Sumps Level

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 1 instrumentation for these variables with a range from the bottom to the top. The applicant states, in Reference 6, that Category 3 instruments are used for this variable.

We conclude that the instrumentation provided by the licensee will provide appropriate monitoring of the parameters of concern. This is based on (a) for small leaks, the instrumentation is not expected to experience harsh environments during operation. (b) for larger leaks, the sumps fill promptly and the sump drain lines isolate due to the increase in drywell pressure, thus negating the drywell sump level and drywell drain sumps level instrumentation and (c) this instrumentation neither automatically initiates nor alerts the operator to initiate operation of a safety-related system in a post-accident situation. Therefore, we find the Category 3 instrumentation provided acceptable.

#### 3.3.11 Drywell Atmosphere Temperature

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of 40 to 440°F. The instrumentation provided by the licensee for this variable has a range of 0 to 400°F.

Section 6.2,1.1.1 of the FSAR identifies the maximum drywell atmosphere temperature as 340°F. Since the worst case postulated accident will not increase the drywell atmosphere temperature above 340°F, we find the range of 0 to 400°F adequate to monitor this variable during all accident and post-accident conditions.

#### 3.3.12 Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger Outlet Temperature

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 2 instrumentation for this variable. In Reference 4, the licensee instrumentation was not identified as environmentally qualified. Reference 6 identifies environmentally qualified instrumentation that is Category 2. We find this acceptable.

### 3.3.13 <u>Cooling Water Temperature to Engineered Safety Feature System</u> <u>Components</u>

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of 32 to 200\*F. The applicant's instrumentation has a range of 35 to 130\*F. The licensee states that this range is adequate because the service water is always between 38 and 77\*F, the temperature limits of the water from Lake Ontario.

We find this temperature range acceptable for this once through system.

#### 3.3.14 Secondary Containment Area Radiation

The applicant states that this variable need not be implemented. The applicant reports that the use of local radiation monitors to detect breach or leakage through primary containment penetrations results in ambiguous indications. This is due to the radioactivity in the primary containment,

#### 3.3.8 Analysis of Primary Coolant

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of  $10^{-6}$  to 10 Ci/gm. The applicant, in Reference 6, identifies the range as  $10^{-6}$  to 10 Ci/gm. This range satisfies the regulatory guide recommendation.

#### 3.3.9 Radiation Exposure Rate

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of  $10^{-1}$  to  $10^{4}$  R/hr. The licensee has instrumentation that has a range of either  $10^{-1}$  to  $10^{4}$  mR/hr ( $10^{-4}$  to 10 R/hr) or  $10^{-2}$  to  $10^{3}$  mR/hr ( $10^{-5}$  to 1 R/hr). A deviation exists in the upper limit of the range. The applicant states that when accessibility is re-established to service safety-related equipment, it is done by post-accident sampling and portable instrumentation.

From a radiological standpoint, if the radiation levels reach or exceed the upper limit of the range, personnel would not be permitted into the areas without portable monitoring (except for life saving). Based on the alternate instrumentation used by the applicant with this variable, we find the proposed ranges for the radiation exposure rate monitors acceptable.

### 3.3.10 Suppression Pool Water Temperature

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of 40 to 230°F. The instrumentation supplied by the applicant has a range of 50 to 250°F. The deviation of the lower limit of the range is 10° out of 250° or 4 percent. Considering instrument accuracy, we find this deviation minor and acceptable. the radioactivity in the fluids flowing in emergency core coolant system piping and the amount and location of fluid and electrical penetrations. The applicant concludes that the use of the reactor building exhaust gaseous and the stack gaseous effluent monitors is the proper way to accomplish the detection of releases, release assessment and long term surveillance recommended for this variable. The applicant states that these gas effluent monitors are adequate to monitor this variable. We find the alternate instrumentation provided is acceptable for this variable.

#### 3.3.15 Noble Gas-Radwaste Vent Noble Gas-Common Plant Vent

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for these variables with ranges of  $10^{-6}$  to  $10^{3}$  µCi/cc for the radwaste vent and  $10^{-6}$  to  $10^{6}$  µCi/cc for the common plant vent. In Reference 6, the applicant states the range of both of these variables is in conformance with the regulatory guide.

#### 3.3.16 Plant and Envrions Radiation

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends portable instrumentation for this variable with ranges of  $10^{-3}$  to  $10^{4}$  R/hr-photons, and  $10^{-3}$  to  $10^{4}$  rads/hr-beta and low energy photons. The applicant's instrumentation covers ranges of  $10^{-3}$  to 50 R/hr low energy gamma and beta and  $10^{-2}$  to  $10^{3}$  R/hr gamma. The licensee states that this combination is adequate to monitor the dose rates expected post-accident.

As the applicant has determined that the instrument range is adequate, the supplied instrumentation is acceptable.

#### 3.3.17 Accident Sampling (Primary Coolant, Containment Air and Sump)

The applicant's post-accident sampling facility provides sampling and analysis. However, the range for dissolved gas analysis does not meet the recommended range of 0 to 2000 cc/kg.

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The applicant deviates from Regulatory Guide 1.97 with respect to the range of this post-accident sampling capability. This deviation goes beyond the scope of this review and has been addressed by the NRC as part of their review of NURE6-0737. Item II.8.3.

#### 5. REFERENCES

#### 4. CONCLUSIONS

Based on our review, we find that the applicant either conforms to or is justified in deviating from Regulatory Guide 1.97, with the following exception:

 Neutron flux--the applicant's present instrumentation is acceptable on an interim basis until Category 1 instrumentation is developed and installed. The applicant should commit to install Category 1 instrumentation for this variable when it becomes available (Section 3.3.1).

- NRC letter, D. G. Elsenhut to All Licensees of Operating Reactors, Applicants for Operating Licenses, and Holders of Construction Permits, "Supplement No. 1 to NUREG-0737--Requirements for Emergency Response Capability (Generic Letter No. 82-33)," December 17, 1982.
- Instrumentation for Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant and Environs Conditions During and following an Accident, Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 2, NRC, Office of Standards Development, December 1980.
- <u>Clarification of TMI Action Plan Requirements, Requirements for</u> <u>Emergency Response Capability, NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, NRC.</u> Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, January 1983.
- Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation letter, C. V. Mangan to D. G. Eisenhut, NRC, "Amendment 14 to Application to Operating Licensee," October 5, 1984, NMP2L 0169.
- Instrumentation for Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant and Environs Conditions During and Following an Accident. Regulatory Builde 1.97, Revision 3, NRC, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research, May 1983.

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- Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation letter, C. V. Mangan to E. G. Adensam, NRC, January 20, 1986, NMP21 0589.
- Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation letter. C. V. Mangan to E. G. Adensam, NRC, March 3, 1986, NMP2L 0644.

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#### 13 ABSTRACT (200 words or mai

This EG&G Idaho, Inc. report reviews the submittals for Unit No. 2 of the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, and identifies areas of nonconformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97. Exceptions to these guidelines are evaluated and those areas where sufficient basis for acceptability is not provided are identified.

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# Safety Evaluation Report related to the operation of Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit No. 2 Docket No. 50-410

Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation Central Hudson Gas and Electric Corporation New York State Electric and Gas Corporation Long Island Lighting Company

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

September 1986



The digital isolator utilizes a Hewlett-Packard HCPL-2630 optocoupler located in the safety isolation modules (SIMs). The HCPL-2630 is the Class IE to non-Class IE boundary, and provides the required electrical isolation between safety-related and non-safety-related systems. On application of the MCF, the safety-related and non-safety-related systems. On application of the MCF, the communication link between the SIM and the ICU changed by two least-significant digits; after 1 sec, the indication returned to its pretest reading. The SIM was damaged by the test.

The analog isolator utilizes an Intronic Model 1A-184 isolation amplifier module to provide the required electrical isolation between safety-related and nonsafety-related systems. This amplifier is located in the analog isolation modules (AIMs). On the application of the MCF (as stated above), the communication link between the AIMs and the ICU changed by one least-significant digit. This change was permanent. The staff found the significant-digit changes for both the digital and analog isolators acceptable.

However, further evaluation of the April 15, 1986, submittal showed that the Kaman analog isolation device is a three-output device and that the applicant had only tested the output being used and not the other two. The untested outputs were of concern to the staff. As a result, the staff requested that the applicant test these outputs or render the connections inaccessible to the MCF. By letter dated May 9, 1986, the applicant stated that the unused output connections would be rendered inaccessible to the MCF and further agreed to test any spare output connection should its use ever become necessary. The applicant further agreed to notify the staff of the test results before the two untested output connections are used.

The tests performed by the applicant demonstrated the ability of the Kaman isolation modules to effectively stop the propagation of the MCF from output to input and to adequately protect the Class 1E inputs. Therefore, the staff concludes that these devices may be used as electrical isolation devices between Class 1E signals and non-safety-related systems and between redundant safety systems. This resolves Confirmatory Issue 20 concerning the isolation of circuits.

# 7.5 Safety-Related Display Instrumentation

7.5.2 Specific Findings

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7.5.2.2 Postaccident Monitoring Instrumentation

Generic Letter 82-33 requested that applicants provide a report to the NRC staff describing how the postaccident monitoring instrumentation meets RG 1.97 as it applies to emergency response facilities. The applicant responded to the RG 1.97 portion of the generic letter on October 5, 1984, and supplied additional information by letter dated January 20, 1986, and by FSAR Amendment 17.

EG&G Idaho, Inc., under contract to the NRC with general supervision by the NRC staff, performed a detailed review and technical evaluation of the applicant's submittals. This work was reported by EG&G in its Technical Evaluation Report (TER), "Conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97, Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit 2," dated March 1986 (attached as Appendix M to this supplement). The

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staff has reviewed this report and concurs with the conclusion that the applicant either conforms to, or is justified in deviating from, RG 1.97 for each postaccident monitoring variable except neutron flux.

After the generic letter was issued, the NRC staff held regional meetings in February and March 1983 to answer licensee and applicant questions and concerns regarding the NRC policy on RG 1.97. At these meetings, it was noted that the NRC review would only address exceptions taken to RG 1.97. Furthermore, where licensees or applicants explicitly state that instrument systems conform to the regulatory guide, no further staff review would be necessary. Therefore, the review performed and reported by EG&G only addresses exceptions to RG 1.97. This safety evaluation addresses the applicant's submittals on the basis of the review policy described in the NRC regional meetings and the conclusions of the review as reported by EG&G.

The staff has reviewed the evaluation performed by its consultant as discussed in the TER attached as Appendix M to this supplement. The staff concurs with its bases and findings. The applicant either conforms to, or has provided an acceptable justification for deviations from, RG 1.97 for each postaccident monitoring variable except neutron flux.

RG 1.97 recommends that the neutron flux monitoring instrumentation be Category 1; however, existing neutron flux monitoring instrumentation for boilingwater reactors is not fully environmentally qualified. A fully qualified Category 1 instrument currently is an industry development item. By letter dated April 1, 1986, the applicant committed to monitor industry efforts to develop a qualified neutron monitoring system for long-term postaccident monitoring. The applicant further committed to install qualified equipment at NMP-2 by the first refueling outage after the qualified equipment became available, unless the applicant justifies to the staff that installation of the specific equipment would result in an overall decrease in the safety of the plant. In this case the applicant would continue efforts to identify and procure acceptable qualified equipment. The staff finds this commitment acceptable.

On the basis of its review of the TER (Appendix M) and the applicant's submittals, the staff finds that the NMP-2 design is acceptable with respect to conformance to RG 1.97, Revision 2, except for the neutron flux instrumentation.

The staff also finds that the existing neutron flux instrumentation is acceptable for interim operation. When qualified neutron flux instrumentation becomes available, the applicant should install it at Unit 2 by the first refueling following availability, unless the applicant justifies to the staff that installation of the specific equipment would result in an overall decrease in the safety of the plant.

# APPENDIX M

CONFORMANCE TO REGULATORY GUIDE 1.97, NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT NO. 2

NMP-2 SSER 4

Appendix M

CONFORMANCE TO REGULATORY GUIDE 1.97 NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT NO. 2

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ABSTRACT

This EG&G Idaho. Inc., report reviews the submittal for Regulatory Guide 1.97. Revision 3, for Unit No. 2 of the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station and identifies areas of nonconformance to the regulatory guide. Exceptions to Regulatory Guide 1.97 are evaluated and those areas where sufficient basis for acceptability is not provided are identified.

Published March 1985

EG&G Idaho, Inc. Idaho Falls, Idaho 83415

Prepared for the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555 Under DOE Contract No. DE-AC07-761001570 FIN No. A6493

Docket No. 50-410

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Appendix M

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#### FOREWORD

This report is supplied as part of the \*Program for Evaluating Licensee/Applicant Conformance to RG 1.97,\* being conducted for the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, Division of PWR Licensing-A, by EG&G Idaho, Inc., NRR and I&E Support Branch.

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission funded the work under authorization B&R 20-19-40-41-3.

Docket No. 50-410

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# CONFORMANCE TO REGULATORY GUIDE 1.97 NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT NO. 2

1. INTRODUCTION

On December 17, 1982, Generic Letter No. 82-33 (Reference 1) was issued by D. G. Eisenhut, the Director of the Division of Licensing. Nuclear Reactor Regulation, to all licensees of operating reactors, applicants for operating licenses, and holders of construction permits. This letter included additional clarification regarding Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 2 (Reference 2), relating to the requirements for emergency response capability. These requirements have been published as Supplement No. 1 to NUREG-0737, "TMI Action Plan Requirements" (Reference 3).

The Niagara Mohawk Power Company, the applicant for the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, submitted Revision 14 to the Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR, Reference 4), that included a response to Section 6.2 of the generic letter, on October 5, 1984. Revision 17 of the FSAR updates this information. This information addresses Revision 3 of Regulatory Guide 1.97 (Reference 5). Additional information was provided on January 20, 1986 (Reference 6) and March 3, 1986 (Reference 7).

This report provides an evaluation of this material.

#### 2. REVIEW REQUIREMENTS

Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, sets forth the documentation to be submitted in a report to the NRC describing how the applicant complies with Regulatory Guide 1.97 as applied to emergency response facilities. The submittal should include documentation that provides the following information for each variable shown in the applicable table of Regulatory Guide 1.97.

1. Instrument range

- 2. Environmental qualification
- 3. Seismic qualification
- 4. Quality assurance
- 5. Redundance and sensor location
- 6. Power supply
- 7. Location of display
- 8. Schedule of installation or upgrade

The submittal should identify deviations from the regulatory guide and provide supporting justification or alternatives.

Subsequent to the issuance of the generic letter, the NRC held regional meetings in February and March 1983, to answer licensee and applicant questions and concerns regarding the NRC policy on this subject. At these meetings, it was noted that the NRC review would only address exceptions taken to Regulatory Guide 1.97. Where licensees or applicants explicitly state that instrument systems conform to the regulatory guide it was noted that no further staff review would be necessary. Therefore, this report only addresses exceptions to Regulatory Guide 1.97. The following evaluation is an audit of the applicant's submittals based on the review policy described in the NRC regional meetings.

# 3. EVALUATION

The applicant provided a response to Item 6.2 of NRC Generic Letter 82-33, on October 5, 1984. The response describes the applicant's position on post-accident monitoring instrumentation in answering FSAR question F421.36(7.5). This evaluation is based on Revision 17 of the FSAR and on additional information provided on January 20, 1986 and March 3, 1986.

### 3.1 Adherence to Regulatory Guide 1.97

The applicant has provided a review of their post-accident monitoring instrumentation that compares the instrumentation characteristics against the recommendations of Regulatory Suide 1.97, Revision 3 (Reference 5). Table 1.8-1 of the FSAR states that Unit No. 2 complies with the regulatory intent of Regulatory Guide 1.97. We understand that the instrumentation presently identified for Regulatory Guide 1.97 will be operational prior to the units' initial fuel load. Therefore, we conclude that the applicant has provided an explicit commitment on conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97. Exceptions to and deviations from the regulatory guide are noted in Section 3.3.

# 3.2 Type A Variables

Regulatory Guide 1.97 does not specifically identify Type A variables, i.e., those variables that provide the information required to permit the control room operator to take specific manually controlled safety actions. The applicant has identified the following Type A variables.

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- 1. Containment hydrogen concentration
- 2. Containment oxygen concentration
- 3. Reactor vessel pressure
- 4. Reactor vessel level

5. Suppression pool water temperature

6. Drywell atmosphere temperature

7. Drywell atmosphere pressure

The above variables meet the Category 1 recommendations as required for Type A variables except as listed in Section 3.3.

# 3.3 Exceptions to Regulatory Guide 1.97

The applicant identified deviations and exceptions from Regulatory Guide 1.97. These are discussed in the following paragraphs.

#### 3.3.) Neutron Flux

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 1 instrumentation with a range of 10<sup>-6</sup> to 100 percent of full power for this variable. There are three sets of instrumentation with overlapping ranges. The licensee states that the instrumentation is setsmically qualified and environmentally qualified for short term post-accident operation. The power range has a range of 0.5 to 125 percent; the intermediate range has a range of 4.0 x  $10^{-5}$  to 12.6 percent (1 x  $10^{-8}$  to 1.5 x  $10^{-13}$  nu); the source range has a range of 1 x  $10^{-5}$  to 5 x  $10^{-9}$  m.

The power sources for the instrumentation is as follows:

Source and intermediate range monitors--24/48 Vdc (battery chargers and batteries)

Linear and average power range monitors--110 Vac from reactor protection system uninterruptable power supplies with normal, alternate and battery sources. In the process of our review of the neutron flux instrumentation for boiling water reactors, we note that the detectors and their cables are not fully environmentally qualified as required by Regulatory Guide 1.97. A Category 1 system that meets all the criteria of Regulatory Guide 1.97 in an industry development item. Based on our review, we conclude that the existing instrumentation is acceptable for interim operation. The applicant has committed to follow industry development of this equipment, and provide further information for this variable prior to the completion of the first refueling outage.

### 3.3.2 Reactor Coolant System Soluble Boron Concentration

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends a range of 0 to 1000 parts per million for this variable. Reference 6 identifies the range as 50 to 2000 parts per million.

The applicant deviates from Regulatory Guide 1.97 with respect to the rarge of this post-accident sampling capability. This deviation goes beyond the scope of this review and is being addressed by the NRC as part of their review of NUREG-0737. Item, II.8.3.

### 3.3.3 Coolant Level in Reactor

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range from the bottom of the core support plate to the centerline of the main steamline. The applicant identifies fuel zone instrumentation with a range of 230.69 to 430.69 inches, and wide range instrumentation with a range of 375.7 to 587.7 inches (above vessel zero). Thus, the range covered is 62.3 inches short of reaching the centerline of the main steamline. All safety trips occur within these two ranges.

With all safety trips occurring before the range would be exceeded, there are no additional manual operations to be taken should the level range of the above "astrumentation be exceeded. In addition, there is a Category 3 instrument covering from 525.7 to 925.7 inches. Besides this channel, there is a Category 3 recorder that monitors from 525.7 to 705.7 inches.

Based on the applicant's justification and Calegory 3 instrumentation that monitors levels beyond the fuel zone and the wide range instruments, we find the instrumentation provided for this variable acceptable.

#### 3.3.4 Drywell Pressure

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Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 1 instrumentation for this variable. Thus, redundant Class IE power sources should be provided. Reference 4 identifies Division 1 Class IE power for all this instrumentation. Reference 6 corrects this, stating that divisional independence is maintained by separate Class IE power sources. We find this acceptable.

# 3.3.5 Drywell Sump Level

Drywell Drain Sumps Level

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 1 instrumentation for these variables with a range from the bottom to the top. The applicant states, in Reference 6, that Category 3 instruments are used for this variable.

We conclude that the instrumentation provided by the licensee will provide appropriate monitoring of the parameters of concern. This is based on (a) for small leaks, the instrumentation is not expected to experience harsh environments during operation. (b) for larger leaks, the sumps fill promptly and the sump drain lines isolate due to the increase in drywell pressure, thus negating the drywell sump level and drywell drain sumps level instrumentation and (c) this instrumentation neither automatically initiates nor alerts the operator to initiate operation of a safety-related system in a post-accident situation. Therefore, we find the Category 3 instrumentation provided acceptable.

#### 3.3.6 Primary Containment Isolation Valve Position

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 1 indication for this variable. With the exception of the transversing incore probe system isolation valves, the instrumentation identified by the applicant for this variable meets the Category 1 requirements. Check valves are specifically excluded by Regulatory Guide 1.97.

The transversing incore probe (TIP) system isolation valves consist of ball valves (used when probe is out of the guide tube) and shear valves (detonated if the probe is in the guide tube). The TIPs are normally withdrawn with the ball valves closed. The shear valves are operated manually if a probe is in a guide tube. As these valves are non-safety related, we find this exception from Regulatory Guide 1.97 acceptable.

#### 3.3.7 Radiation Level in Circulating Primary Coolant

The applicant states that radiation level measurements to indicate fuel cladding failure are provided by the following instruments:

- 1. Post-accident sampling system
- 2. Condenser off-gas radiation monitors
- 3. Main steamline radiation monitors
- Primary containment radiation monitors
- 5. Containment hydrogen concentration monitors

Based on the alternate instrumentation provided by the applicant, we conclude that the instrumentation supplied for this variable is adequate and, therefore, acceptable.

#### 3.3.8 Analysis of Primary Coolant

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of  $10^{-6}$  to 10 Ci/gm. The applicant, in Reference 6, identifies the range as  $10^{-6}$  to 10 Ci/gm. This range satisfies the regulatory guide recommendation.

# 3.3.9 Radiation Exposure Rate

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of  $10^{-1}$  to  $10^{4}$  R/hr. The licensee has instrumentation that has a range of either  $10^{-1}$  to  $10^{4}$  mR/hr ( $10^{-4}$  to 10 R/hr) or  $10^{-2}$  to  $10^{3}$  mR/hr ( $10^{-5}$  to 1 R/hr). A deviation exists in the upper limit of the range. The applicant states that when accessibility is re-established to service safety-related equipment, it is done by post-accident sampling and portable instrumentation.

From a radiological standpoint, if the radiation levels reach or exceed the upper limit of the range, personnel would not be permitted into the areas without portable monitoring (except for life saving). Based on the alternate instrumentation used by the applicant with this variable, we find the proposed ranges for the radiation exposure rate monitors acceptable.

#### 3.3.10 Suppression Pool Water Temperature

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of 40 to 230°F. The instrumentation supplied by the applicant has a range of 50 to 250°F. The deviation of the lower limit of the range is 10° out of 250° or 4 percent. Considering instrument accuracy, we find this deviation minor and acceptable.

#### 3.3.11 Drywell Atmosphere Temperature

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of 40 to 440°F. The instrumentation provided by the licensee for this variable has a range of 0 to 400°F.

Section 6.2.1.1.1 of the FSAR identifies the maximum drywell atmosphere temperature as 340°F. Since the worst case postulated accident will not increase the drywell atmosphere temperature above 340°F, we find the range of 0 to 400°F adequate to monitor this variable during all accident and post-accident conditions.

# 3.3.12 Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger Outlet Temperature

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends Category 2 instrumentation for this variable. In Reference 4, the licensee instrumentation was not identified as environmentally qualified. Reference 6 identifies environmentally qualified instrumentation that is Category 2. We find this acceptable.

# 3.3.13 <u>Cooling Water Temperature to Engineered Safety Feature System</u> Components

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for this variable with a range of 32 to 200°F. The applicant's instrumentation has a range of 35 to 130°F. The licensee states that this range is adequate because the service water is always between 38 and 77°F, the temperature limits of the water from Lake Ontario.

We find this temperature range acceptable for this once through system.

#### 3.3.14 Secondary Containment Area Radiation

The applicant states that this variable need not be implemented. The applicant reports that the use of local radiation monitors to detect breach or leakage through primary containment penetrations results in ambiguous indications. This is due to the radioactivity in the primary containment.

the radioactivity in the fluids flowing in emergency core coolant system piping and the amount and location of fluid and electrical penetrations. The applicant concludes that the use of the reactor building exhaust gaseous and the stack gaseous effluent monitors is the proper way to accomplish the detection of releases, release assessment and long term surveillance recommended for this variable. The applicant states that these gas effluent monitors are adequate to monitor this variable. We find the alternate instrumentation provided is acceptable for this variable.

### 3.3.15 Noble Gas-Radwaste Vent Noble Gas-Common Plant Vent

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends instrumentation for these variables with ranges of  $10^{-6}$  to  $10^{3}$  µCi/cc for the radwaste vent and  $10^{-6}$  to  $10^{4}$  µCi/cc for the common plant vent. In Reference 6, the applicant states the range of both of these variables is in conformance with the regulatory guide.

# 3.3.16 Plant and Envrions Radiation

Regulatory Guide 1.97 recommends portable instrumentation for this variable with ranges of  $10^{-3}$  to  $10^{4}$  R/hr-photons, and  $10^{-3}$  to  $10^{4}$  rads/hr-beta and low energy photons. The applicant's instrumentation covers ranges of  $10^{-3}$  to 50 R/hr low energy gamma and beta and  $10^{-2}$  to  $10^{3}$  R/hr gamma. The licensee states that this combination is adequate to monitor the dose rates expected post-accident.

As the applicant has determined that the instrument range is adequate, the supplied instrumentation is acceptable.

# 3.3.17 Accident Sampling (Primary Coolant, Containment Air and Sump)

The applicant's post-accident sampling facility provides sampling and analysis. However, the range for dissolved gas analysis does not meet the recommended range of 0 to 2000 cc/kg.

The applicant deviates from Regulatory Guide 1.97 with respect to the range of this post-accident sampling capability. This deviation goes beyond the scope of this review and has been addressed by the NRC as part of their review of NUREG-0737. Item II.B.3.

# 4. CONCLUSIONS

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Based on our review, we find that the applicant either conforms to or is justified in deviating from Regulatory Guide 1.97, with the following exception:

 Neutron flux--the applicant's present instrumentation is acceptable on an interim basis until Category 1 instrumentation is developed and installed. The applicant should commit to install Category 1 instrumentation for this variable when it becomes available (Section 3.3.1).

#### 5. REFERENCES

- NRC letter, D. G. Eisenhut to All Licensees of Operating Reactors, Applicants for Operating Licenses, and Holders of Construction Permits, "Supplement No. 1 to NUREG-0737--Requirements for Emergency Response Capability (Generic Letter No. 82-33)," December 17, 1982.
- Instrumentation for Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant and Environs Conditions During and Following an Accident. Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 2, NRC, Office of Standards Development, December 1980.
- <u>Clarification of TMI Action Plan Requirements, Requirements for</u> <u>Emergency Response Capability</u>, NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, NRC, Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation, January 1983.
- Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation letter, C. V. Mangan to D. G. Eisenhut, NRC, "Amendment 14 to Application to Operating Licensee," October 5, 1984, NMP2L 0169.
- Instrumentation for Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant and Environs Conditions During and Following an Accident, Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 3, NRC, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research, May 1983.
- Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation letter, C. V. Mangan to E. G. Adensam, NRC, January 20, 1986, NMP2L 0589.
- Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation letter, C. V. Mangan to E. G. Adensam, NRC, March 3, 1986, NMP2L 0644.

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# MAR 1 8 1986

MEMORANDUM FOR: Elinor G. Adensam, Director, BWR Project Directorate #3 Division of BWR Licensing

FROM:

F. Rosa, Chief Electrical, Instrumentation & Control Systems Branch Division of PWR Licensing-A

INSTALLATION OF A CATEGORY 1 (IN ACCORDANCE WITH R.G. 1.97) SUBJECT: NEUTRON FLUX INSTRUMENTATION AT NINE MILE POINT UNIT 2

As requested by the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Project Manager (M. Haughey) the purpose of this memorandum is to document our position on the installation of the subject instrumentation at NMP-2. Because this may be an appeal item Ms. Haughey requested this memorandum ahead of our formal SER so that she can pursue this item with the applicant in a timely manner prior to licensing.

R.G. 1.97 identifies neutron flux as one of the variables required to be monitored during and following an accident. The design and qualification criteria for the associated instrumentation is listed as Category 1 in the guide. One of the qualification criteria for a Category 1 instrument as defined by R.G. 1.97, is that it be environmentally qualified. The applicant indicated in his January 20, 1986 letter that the environmental qualification of his neutron flux instrumentation under harsh environment conditions is for a limited time. In subsequent conversations with him he indicated that the amount of time the instrumentation could survive in a harsh environment is orly a matter of seconds. It is our position that, in accordance with R.G. 1.97, the environmental qualification of this instrumentation should ensure its survivability during and following an accident.

Because a Category 1 neutron flux instrument is presently not available but is an industry development item, we have been requiring utilities to follow the development of this hardware and install a Category 1 instrument when it becomes available. We have presently not received a commitment from the NMP-2 applicant to install a Category 1 instrument when it becomes available. We therefore intend to condition the NMP-2 license that this be done. Our position has been discussed with the NMP-2 applicant.

> \*Original Signed Syl Faust Reps"

Faust Rosa, Chief Electrical, Instrumentation & Control Systems Branch Division of PWR Licensing-A

> Distribution: Document Control 016 EICSB Rdg. J. Lazevnick (PF)(2) J. E. Knight F. Rosa M. Srinivasan

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cc: See attached list

J. Lazevnick, EICSB/DPA

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E. Adensam

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cc: C. E. Rossi G. Lainas M. Srinivasan M. Haughey R. Stevens J. Joyce



NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION / 300 ERIE BOULEVARD WEST, SYRACUSE, N.Y. 13202/TELEPHONE (315) 474-1511

April 1, 1986 (NMP2L 0676)

Ms. Elinor G. Adensam, Director BWR Project Directorate No. 3 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 7920 Norfolk Avenue Washington, DC 20555

Dear Ms. Adensam:

# Re: Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Docket No. 50-410

During discussions regarding Regulatory Guide 1.97, your staff requested that we identify our plans for installing a Neutron Monitoring System at Nine Mile Point Unit 2. This would be qualified to withstand a post-accident environment.

In principle, Niagara Mohawk believes such a system would be beneficial and is predisposed to install an environmentally qualified system should a thorough evaluation demonstrate the system's qualification, performance and safety. At the present time, however, we are not aware of any system available that has been demonstrated to meet that c.iteria, and, therefore, we have no current plans to install such a system at Unit 2.

Niagara Mohawk will continue to monitor industry efforts to develop a qualified Neutron Monitoring System for long-term post-accident monitoring. When qualified equipment becomes available, Niagara Mohawk will install it at Unit 2 by the first refueling following availability, unless we justify to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission that installation of the specific equipment would result in an overall decrease in the safety of the plant. In this case, Niagara Mohawk will continue its efforts to identify and procure acceptable qualified equipment.

Very truly yours,

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C. V. Mangan Senior Vice President

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xc: R. A. Gramm, NRC Resident Inspector Project File (2)

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NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION / 300 ERIE BOULEVARD WEST, SYRACUSE, N.Y. 13202/TELEPHONE (315) 474-1511

March 3, 1986 (NMP2L 0644)

Ms. Elinor G. Adensam, Director BWR Project Directorate No. 3 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 7920 Norfolk Avenue Washington, DC 20555

Dear Ms. Adensam:

# Re: Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Docket No. 50-410

Attached is additional information concerning the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 compliance to Regulatory Guide 1.97. This response is in addition to the response provided on January 20, 1986.

This material was discussed in telephone conversations with your staff on February 13, 1986 and February 21, 1986. Niagara Mohawk expects that this material provides the necessary information to close Confirmatory Item 10.

Very truly yours,

C. V. Mangan

860307-0317 34P.

C. V. Mangan Senior Vice President

TL:ja 1361G Attachment

xc: R. A. Gramm, NRC Resident Inspector Project File (2)

# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the Matter of )
Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation )
(Nine Mile Point Unit 2) )

Docket No. 50-410

#### AFFIDAVIT

C. V. Mangan, being duly sworn, states that he is Senior Vice President of Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation; that he is authorized on the part of said Corporation to sign and file with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission the documents attached hereto; and that all such documents are true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.

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Subscribed and sworp to before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of New York and County of Churchenge, this 3th day of March, 1986.

otary Public in and for County, New York

My Commission expires: JAtric 1 10000 Notery P-Qualifier in 1. Style="background-color: blue;">87

#### Attachment

 Neutron flux - The applicant should provide Class IE power sources for this instrumentation; the applicant should show that the source and intermediate ranges have sufficient overlap.

### Response

In addition to the information provided in our January 20, 1986 letter, Niagara Mohawk will continue to follow and evaluate developments in the nuclear industry concerning neutron flux monitoring instrumentation. Prior to the conclusion of the first refueling outage, Niagara Mohawk will update and identify to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission the status of the neutron flux monitoring instrumentation issue for Nine Mile Point Unit 2.

4. Coolant level in reactor - The applicant should identify the remainder of this instrumentation in accordance with Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations, and justify those deviations identified.

### Response

As stated in our January 20, 1986 letter, conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 3 is accomplished by the use of two transmitters per division, one fuel zone and one wide range. As noted in Section 3.3.3 of your November 15, 1985 letter, the wide range transmitters were omitted from Table 421.36-1 and will be added in the next Final Safety Analysis Report amendment.

The wide range transmitters (2ISC\*LT9C and D) are calibrated to monitor the 375.70 in. level, which is inside the fuel zone transmitter range, to the 585.70 in. level which is 62.3 in. below the centerline of the main steam lines at 648 in. It should be noted that all safety trips from reactor level occur within these level ranges.

This range meets the intent of the regulatory guide which is to restore and maintain reactor pressure vessel water level to ensure adequate core cooling.

Water level indication is available in the control room to the operator from one transmitter (2ISC\*LT105) covering the 525.70 to 925.70 in. level which is well above the main steam lines. A second transmitter (2ISC\*PDT110) covering the 525.70 to 705.70 in. level is also available to the control room operator on a strip chart recorder. However, neither of these transmitters (2ISC\*PDT110 and LT105) fully meet the qualification requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97.



1.12

NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION / 300 ERIE BOULEVARD WEST, SYRACUSE, N.Y. 13202/TELEPHONE (315) 474-1511

LP-25

January 20, 1986 (NMP2L 0589)

Ms. Elinor G. Adensam, Director BWR Project Directorate No. 3 U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 7920 Norfolk Avenue Washington, DC 20555

Dear Ms. Adensam:

# Re: Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Docket No. 50-410

Attached is the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 response to the letter from W. Butler (NRC) to B. G. Hooten (NMPC), dated November 15, 1986 concerning conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97.

This material provides the information necessary to close Confirmatory Item 10.

Very truly yours.

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C. V. Manga Senior Vice President

TRL:ja Attachment

xc: R. A. Gramm, NRC Resident Inspector Project File (2)

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### ATTACHMENT

1. The licensee should identify plant-specific Type A variables and verify that the instrumentation for them is Category I.

#### Response

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Table 421.36-1 of the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report will be revised to identify the following Type A variables.

- 1. Containment hydrogen concentration (2) (same as variables Clla and b)
- 2. Containment oxygen concentration (2) (same as variables Cl2a and b)
- 3. Reactor vessel pressure (2) (same as variables B6a and b)
- 4. Reactor vessel level (4) (same as variables B4a, b, c and d)
- 5. Suppression pool water temperature (8) (same as variables D6a and b)
- 6. Drywell atmosphere temperature (18) (same as variables D7a and b)
- 7. Drywell atmosphere pressure (2) (same as variables D4a and b)
- Neutron flux The applicant should provide redundant Class IE power sources for this instrumentation; the applicant should show that the source and intermediate ranges have sufficient overlap.

#### Response

The source of power (see Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report Figure 8.3-10) for Source Range Monitors (SRMs) and Intermediate Range Monitors (IRMs) originates from reliable normal dc sources. Normal supply originates from stub buses (2NJS-US6 and US5) to 24/48-V dc distribution panels (2BWS-PNL300A and 2BWS-PNL300B). A normal power source feeds two battery chargers per division that service the 24/48-V dc distribution panel(s) and maintain the charge on two 24-V dc batteries. The batteries are available to service the 24/48-V dc distribution panels on loss of normal power.

The power source for Low Power Range Monitor (LPRM) groups and Average Power Range Monitor (APRM) channels is from the RPS/UPS channelized Divisions 1 through 4. This power is fed to RPS buses by means of a UPS which has normal, alternate and battery backup sources. Power sources are channelized RPS Divisions 1 through 4. The power distribution system for this instrumentation is described in detail in Section 8.3.1.1.3 of the Final Safety Analysis Report.

It is Niagara Mohawk's determination that this design provides reliable power sources.

Although the power supplies are classified as nonsafety-related, this does not impair the ability of the neutron monitoring instrumentation to perform its required detection and trip functions. The trip function is configured to trip and initiate a scram on loss of power. The instrumentation is seismically and environmentally qualified, so the trip function is ensured on loss of power.

The operating ranges of the source range (SRM) and intermediate range (IRM) devices are as follows:

SRM = 1 x  $10^3$  to 1.5 x  $10^9$  nv IRM = 1 x  $10^8$  to 1.5 x  $10^{13}$  nv

The overlap of the ranges is  $1 \times 10^8$  to  $1.5 \times 10^9$  nv.

Additionally, there is a typographical error in Table 421.36-1. The lower end of the IRM range should be  $4.0 \times 10^{-5}$  percent power. This will be corrected in the next Final Safety Analysis Report amendment.

 Reactor coolant system soluble boron concentration - The applicant should identify the range of the instrumentation being supplied for this variable.

#### Response

The range is 50 to 2,000 ppm boron in solution. This information will be incorporated in the next Final Safety Analysis Report update.

 Coolant level in reactor - The applicant should identify the remainder of this instrumentation in accordance with Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations, and justify those deviations identified.

#### Response

Conformance to Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 3, is accomplished by the use of two transmitters per division, one fuel zone and one wide range. As noted in Section 3.3.3 of your November 15, 1985 letter, the wide range transmitters were omitted from the table and will be added in the next Final Safety Analysis Report amendment.

The wide range transmitters (2ISC\*LT9C and D) are calibrated to monitor the 375.70 in. level, which is inside the fuel zone transmitter range, to the 585.70 in. level which is 62.3 in. below the centerline of the main steam lines at 648 in.

This range is considered to meet the intent of the regulatory guide which is to restore and maintain reactor pressure vessel water level to ensure adequate core cooling.

 Drywell pressure - The applicant should provide independent Class IE power sources for these instrument channels.

# Response

The two instrument channels are powered from separate Class IE sources. Table 421.36-1 is incorrect and will be corrected in a future Final Safety Analysis Report amendment.

 Drywell sump level - The applicant should provide instrumentation for this variable.

Response

See Item 7.

 Drywell drain sumps level - The applicant should provide instrumentation for this variable.

Response (Items 6 and 7)

The drywell sump level instruments provide indication of identified and unidentified leakage during normal operating conditions. The instrumentation, which is nonsafety grade (Category 3), is located on drain tanks in the secondary containment, outside of the drywell. Under accident conditions, these drain tanks are automatically isolated from the primary containment to prevent the escape of any post-accident reactor fluid from the drywell. In this situation, the drywell sump level indication is no longer meaningful and thus serves no post-accident safety function.

Other instrumentation is available to identify leakage into the drywell. This includes drywell pressure, drywell temperature, and containment radiation. These instruments meet the Category I requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97.

 Radiation level in circulating primary coolant - The applicant should supply the recommended instrumentation and the information required by Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations from the regulatory guide, and justify those deviations.

Response

This instrumentation is not provided at Nine Mile Point Unit 2.

#### Justification

The usefulness of information obtained by monitoring the radiation level in the circulating primary coolant, in terms of helping the operator in his efforts to prevent and mitigate accidents has not been substantiated. The particular planned operator action to be taken based on monitoring this variable is not specified in the current draft of the Emergency Procedures. The critical actions taken to prevent and mitigate a gross breach of fuel cladding are to shutdown the reactor and maintain water level. Monitoring primary coolant radioactivity has no influence on either of these actions. The purpose of this monitor falls in the cateogry of "information that the barriers to release of radioactive material are being challenged" and "identification of degraded conditions and their magnitude, so the operator can take actions that are available to mitigate the consequences." Additional operator actions to mitigate the consequences of fuel barriers being challenged, other than those based on Type A and B variables, have not been identified.

Regulatory Guide 1.97 specifies measurement of the radioactivity of the circulating primary coolant as the key variable in monitoring fuel cladding status during isolation of the nuclear steam supply system (NSSS). The words "circulating primary coolant" are interpreted to mean coolant, or a representative sample of such coolant, that flows past the core. A basic criterion for a valid measurement of the specified variable is that the coolant being monitored is coolant that is in active contact with the fuel, i.e., flowing past the failed fuel. Monitoring the active coolant (or a sample thereof) is the dominant consideration. The post-accident sampling system (PASS) provides a representative sample which can be monitored.

The concern of Regulatory Guide 1.97 assumes a situation in which the NSSS is isolated and the reactor is shutdown. This assumption is justified because the monitors in the off-gas system and main steam tunnel provide reliable and accurate information on the status of fuel cladding when the plant is not isolated. Further, the PASS, once activated, provides an accurate status of coolant radioactivity and hence, cladding status. In the interim between NSSS isolation and operation of the PASS, monitoring of the primary containment radiation and hydrogen levels provides information on the status of the fuel cladding.

Present emergency procedures provide that once initial core damage is estimated using information obtained from the analysis of PASS samples, the estimate is confirmed using containment hydrogen analysis, containment high-range radiation monitoring, water level indications, and Sr. Ba, La, and Ru analyses. Therefore, no Type C Category I instrumentation is provided to measure the subject variable.

The Niagara Mohawk position agrees with the BWR Owners Group position on this variable.

 Analysis of primary coolant - The applicant should identify the range of the instrumentation being supplied for this variable.

#### Response

The Instrument range is  $10^{-6}$  to  $10^{1}$  Ci/gm and will be incorporated in the next Final Safety Analysis Report update.

 Radiation exposure rate - The applicant should show that the ranges encompass the expected radiation levels in their locations.

### Response

Access is not required in any area of secondary containment to service safety-related equipment in a post-accident situation. When accessibility is reestablished in the long term, it will be done by a combination of portable radiation survey instruments and post-accident sampling of the secondary containment atmosphere. Area monitors provided in areas outside secondary containment where access may be required post-accident have ranges that envelop the dose rates expected in these areas at the time access is required.

 Residual heat removal heat exchanger outlet temperature - Environmental qualification should be addressed in accordance with 10CFR50.49.

## Response

The instrumentation for this variable is Category I and environmentally qualified to IOCFR50.49. It is in compliance with the requirement for Regulatory Guide 1.97, Category 2 instrumentation. Table 421.36-1 of the Final Safety Analysis Report is incorrect and will be corrected in a future amendment.

 Cooling water temperature to engineered safety feature system components - The applicant should justify the deviation in range.

### Response

The temperature range of 2SWP\*TE31A and B complies with the intent of Nuclear Regulatory Commission Regulatory Guide 1.97, Revision 3. The intent of the regulatory guide is to ensure that instrument ranges are selected so that the instrument will always be on scale. 2SWP\*TE31A and B are located on the service water supply header and are used to monitor service water supply temperature. The temperature range of service water instrument is based upon the range for Lake Ontario, which normally varies from 38°F to 77°F and which is well within the instrument range of 32°F to 130°F.

 Secondary containment area radiation - The applicant should supply the information required by Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations, and justify those deviations; environmental qualification should be addressed in accordance with 10CFR50.49.

## Response

Environmentally qualified area monitors with ranges of  $10^{-1}$  to  $10^4$  R/hr are not provided in secondary containment at Nine Mile Point Unit 2.

## Justification

The use of local area radiation monitors to detect breach or leakage through primary containment penetrations is inappropriate. In general, radiation levels in the secondary containment will be largely a function of radioactivity in primary containment and in the fluids flowing in emergency core cooling system (ECCS) piping. Localized hot spots due to piping sources and primary containment penetrations and hatches will provide ambiguous indications. Breach of primary containment will be detected by the reactor building exhaust gaseous effluent monitor prior to the reactor building isolation and the noble gas channel of the main stack gaseous effluent monitor following the isolation of the reactor building. Therefore, these area monitors are not necessary and are not implemented at Nine Mile Point Unit 2. In the long term, accessibility to the secondary containment will be reestablished using a combination of portable radiation survey instruments and post-accident sampling of the secondary containment atmosphere.

 Noble gas, radwaste vent - The applicant should either provide the recommended range or justify the use of the lesser range.

Response

• 1.1

See Item 15.

 Noble gas, common plant vent - The applicant should either provide the recommended range or justify the use of the lesser range.

Response (Items 14 and 15)

The noble gas channels of the gaseous effluent monitors for the radwaste/reactor building vent and the main stack release points have design ranges of  $10^{-6}$  to  $10^4$  uCi/cc, which meet Regulatory Guide 1.97 requirements.

16. Plant and environs radiation - The applicant should identify the ranges of this instrumentation and show that the ranges are adequate.

## Response

Two types of portable radiation detection and instrumentation are provided to monitor the plant and environs. An ion chamber detector with a range of  $10^{-3}$  to 50 R/hr is used for low-level gamma and beta radiation monitoring. A Geiger-Muller Teletector type detector with a range of  $10^{-2}$  to  $10^3$  R/hr is used for high level gamma radiation monitoring. With a combined range of  $10^{-3}$  to  $10^3$  R/hr, these instruments have adequate range to envelop the dose rates expected outside the plant buildings after an accident.

 Accident sampling (primary coolant, containment air and sump) - The applicant should provide the information required by Section 6.2 of NUREG-0737, Supplement No. 1, identify any deviations from the regulatory guide, and justify those deviations.

# Response

- Instrument range Analysis range is given in Table II.B.3-2 (See Section 1.10, Table II.B.3-2 of Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report). The ranges meet or exceed requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97, within instrument limitations, with the exception of the dissolved gas sample analysis. The ranges given for dissolved gas analysis were approved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission in a letter to General Electric (letter from W. Johnston [Nuclear Regulatory Commission] to G. Sherwood [General Electric] dated July 17, 1984).
- 2, 3, 4, 6. Environmental qualification, seismic qualification, quality assurance, and power supply These have been addressed in Table 421.36-1 and meet the requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97.

- Redundancy and sensor locations This is not applicable, since analysis is done in a chemistry laboratory on grab samples. Regulatory Guide 1.97 has no specific provision.
- Display location This is not applicable, since analysis is done in a chemistry laboratory, the display is on each individual instrument. This meets the requirements of Regulatory Guide 1.97.
- Primary containment isolation valve position The applicant should provide justification for the exemption of instrumentation for the traversing incore probe system isolation valves.

### Response

The traversing incore probe (TIP) system isolation valves consist of ball valves, operated when the probe is out of the guide tube, and shear valves manually operated if the probe is in the guide tube.

The TIPs are normally withdrawn and the ball valves are closed. If an event occurs while the TIP is inserted into the core and the TIP should fail to retract, the shear valve can be operated manually to provide the necessary containment isolation.

These valves are classified nonessential and are provided with non-Class IE automatic isolation signals and power and as such, cannot meet Regulatory Guide 1.97, Category 1 or 2 requirements. (For further explanation, refer to the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report Section 1.10, TMI action item II.E.4.2 concerning the Containment Isolation Dependability.)

Additionally, any leakage through this line has been incorporated in the radiological LOCA analysis of Chapter 15.6.5 of the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Final Safety Analysis Report.

 Please verify that Category I instrumentation is or will be provided for neutron flux instrumentation (from W. R. Butler letter of October 15, 1985). (Table 421.36-1 of Final Safety Analysis Report commits to environmentally and seismically gualified equipment.)

### Response

Neutron flux measurement devices located in harsh environment areas are environmentally and <u>seismically</u> qualified for the anticipated environments. The environmental qualification under harsh environment conditions is for a limited time, but the time is sufficient to perform the detection, mitigation, and monitoring functions required of the instrumentation. Instrumentation located in mild environment areas is seismically qualified. REGULATURY INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (RIDS)

 ACCESSION NOR:8410100480 DUC.DATE: 84/10/05 NOTARIZED: YES DOCKET # FACIL:50-410 Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Unit 2, Niegera Mone U5000410 AUTH.NAME AUTHUR AFFILIATION MANGAN,C.V. Niegera Monewk Power Corp. RECIP.NAME RECIPIENT AFFILIATION EISENHUT,D.G. Division of Licensing

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SUBJECT: Amend 14 to DI application, consisting of Ameno 14 to FSAP. Affidavit encl.

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NIAGARA MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION / 300 ERIE BOULEVARD WEST, SYRACUSE, N.Y. 13202/TELEPHONE (315) 474-1511

OCTOBER 5, 1984 (NMP2L 0169)

Mr. Darrell G. Eisenhut, Director Division of Licensing Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555

Dear Mr. Eisenhut:

Re: Amendment 14 to Application to Operating License Nine Mile Point Unit 2 Docket No. 50-410

In accordance with 10CFR50.30 (c) (1), 10CFR51.24 and your March 29, 1983 letter, enclosed are three originals and 60 copies of Amendment 14 to the Final Safety Analysis Report. These changes incorporate certain responses into the text of the Final Safety Analysis Report as appropriate. Also included are changes which have resulted from our continuing review of these documents.

Very truly yours,

C. V. Mangan Vice President Nuclear Engineering & Licensing

360

JM:ja Enclosure xc: Project File (2)

> 8410100488 841005 PDR ADDCK 05000410

PDR

# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the Matter of

Docket No. 50-410

Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

(Nine Mile Point Unit 2)

## AFFIDAVIT

C. V. Mangan , being duly sworn, states that he is Vice President of Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation; that he is authorized on the part of said Corporation to sign and file with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission the documents attached hereto; and that all such documents are true and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.

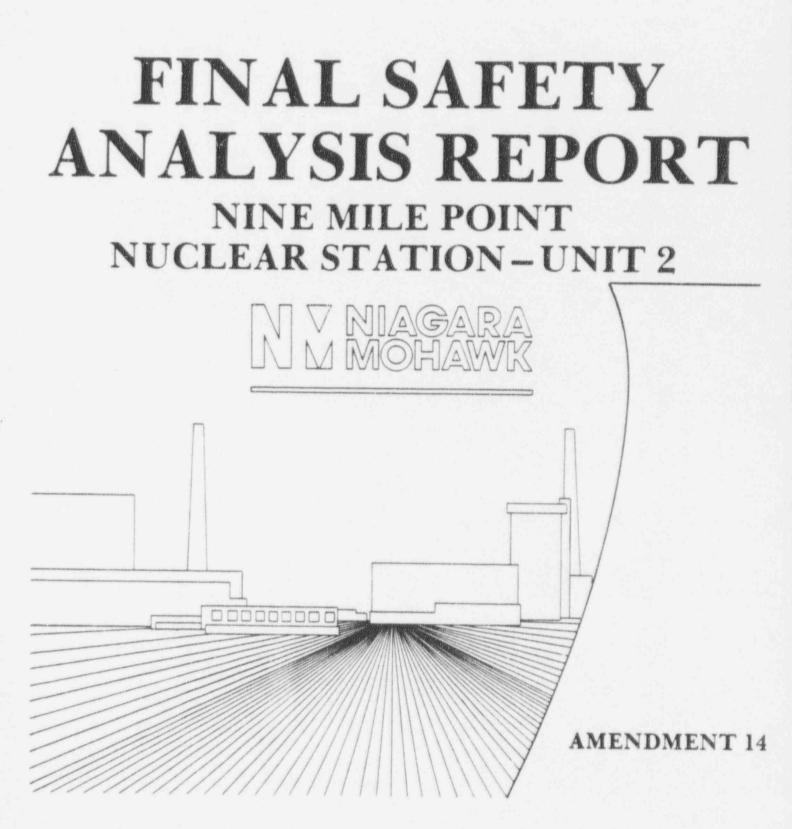
amayon\_

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for the State of New York and County of <u>Applying</u>, this <u>2420</u> day of <u>September</u>, 1984.

Notary Public in and for Grandaga County, New York

My Commission expires:

CHERSTENE ALISTER Natary Public in the State of New York Qualified in Oncendage Co. No. 4787687 My Commission Expires March 30, 18



B410100548 B41005 PDR ADDCK 05000410 K PDR

## QUESTION F421.36 (7.5)

The NRC staff has recently issued Revision 2 to Regulatory Guide 1.97, "Instrumentation for Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant and Environs Conditions During and Following an Accident" via Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737. This Reg. Guide revision reflects a number of major changes in post-accident instrumentation. Supplement 1 to NUREG-0737 includes specific Reg. Guide 1.97 implementation requirements for plants in the operating license review stage.

Provide a description of how the Nine Mile Point Unit 2 design conforms to the provisions of Reg. Guide 1.97, Revision 2. This description should be in the form of a table that includes the following information for each Type A, B, C, D, E variable shown in Regulatory Guide 1.97:

- (1) instrument range
- (2) environmental gualification (as stipulated in guide or state criteria)
- (3) seismic gualification (as stipulated in guide or state criteria)
- (4) guality assurance (as stipulated in guide or state criteria)
- (5) redundancy and sensor(s) location(s)
- (6) power supply (e.g., Class 1E, non-Class 1E, battery backed)
- (7) location of display (e.g., control room board, SPDS, chemical laboratory

Deviations from the guidance in Reg. Guide 1.97 should be explicitly shown, and supporting justification or alternatives should be presented.

RESPONSE

See Table 421.36-1.

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Amendment 14 Q&R F421.36-1 October 1984

# TABLE 421.36-1

## CONFORMANCE TO REGULATORY GUIDE 1.97

SW BC/	Parameter	P	le 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter	c	ensor	Qua	lification	QA	Power	Display	
GD-BDU 160.8	<u>Vescription</u>	Yariable	Classification	Location	Instr. Range	Seismic	Environmental	Class	Supply	Location	Notes
B13-D193	Power Png Flux Level	Bla.	1	Core	0.5-125% pwr		Yes	II	Non-1g		1
	Average Pwr Rng Plux Lv		1	N/A	0-125% per	No	No	11	Non-1E	P603	2
C51-8002A-8	Inter- mediate Rng Plux Level	Bic.	1	Core	40x10-5 - 12.6% Pwr	Tes	Ĩes	II	Non -1E	P603	
C51-N001A-D	Source Rng Flux Level	B1d.	1	Core cps	0.1-1110*	Tes	Tes	11	Non-1E	P603	-
	Control Bod Position	B2	3	Core	Withdrawn or Scram	Tes	Tes	II	Non-1E	P603	-
	Rx Coolant Boron Conc	83	3	Unit 1 H.P. Lab.	(ltr)	(]tr)	(ltr)	11	Non-18	-	
2ISC*LT13A/ B22-H044 &	Reactor Vsl Level - A (Fuel Zone)	B4a.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	230.64- 430.69*	Tes	īes	I	Div. 1	P601	5
21 SC*LT1 3B/ B22-B044 B	Reactor Vsl Level - B (Fuel Zone)	Bab.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contat)	230.69- \$30.69*	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601	5
8/A R/A	Core Temperature	85	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
2ISC*PT61/ B22-N0621	Reactor Vsl Pressure-A	B6a.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Costmt)	0-1500 psig	ĭes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	-
215C*PT6B/ B22-B062B	Peactor Vsl Pressure-B	86b.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-1500 psig	Tes	Ĩes	I	Div. 2	P601	-

TABLE \$21.36-1 (Cont)

SH BC/	Parameter	Pa	le 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter	S	ensor	Oual	lification	OA	Power	Display	
GE-MED I.D.	Description	Variable	Classification	Location	Instr. Pange	Seismic	Environmental	Class	Supply	Location	Fotes
2CN5*PT2&	Drywell Pressure-A	B7a.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-150 psig	les	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	-
2C85*PT2 E	Drywell Pressure-B	87b.	1	Px Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-150 psig	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	2898	1.1
2CHS*PT7 &	Suppression Charber Pressure-A	B7c.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec (Contat)	0-150 psig	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P501	-
2CHS*PT7B	Suppression Chamber Pressure-B	B7đ.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-150 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P898	-
See Note 7	Drywell Samp Level	88	1	•		11. je	•	-	-	- 6.2	7
2C85*PT18	Primary Containment Pressure-A	89a.	1	Ex Bldg (Sec Contet)	-5 to +5 psig	īes	Tes	T	Div. 1	P501	8
2CMS*PT18	Primary Containment Pressure-B	895.	1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	-5 to +5 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601/ P898	8
2885*8CV134, 135	Primary Containment Viv Isolatio AAS		1	N/A	8/1	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P851	•
2AAS*NCV 136, 137	Primary Containment Vlv Isolatic ASS	B10a1	'	R/A	8/2	Tes	<u>Ť</u> es	I	Div. 1	P851	•
2CCP*809 174, 8:124, 265			1	R/A	8/8	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	9602/ 2873	37

TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-NED I.C.#	Parameter Description	Pa	le 1.97, Pev. 3 Trameter Classification	5	ensor Instr. Range		lification	QA	Power	Display	Kabar	
2CCD*80¥16A, B; 94A, B; 122, 273	Primary	B10b2	1	N/A	N/A	Yes	Tes	I	Div. 2		Motes 37	
2CMS*SOV24A, C;26A,C;32A; 33A;34A;35A; 60A,B;63A,B	Containment Isolation -	B10c1	1	N/A	N/A	Tes	īes	I	Di*. 1	P873		
2CMS*SOV 14B, D; 26P, D; 32B; 33B; 34B; 35B; 61A, B; 63A, B	Containment Isolation -	810c2	1	N/A	R/A	Tes	Tes	I	Diw. 2	P875		
2CPS*A07104, 105,110,111 *S07119,120	Containment	B10d1	1	B/A	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	₽873	•	
2CPS*80¥106, 107,108,109 *S0¥121,122	Containment	81042	,	8/A	8/1	Ies	Tes	I	Div. 2	₽875	-	
2C58+A0V108 +H0V105,107 111,118 E33-P005 -P012,P004, F023,P015	Primary Containment Isolation - CSB	B10e	•	R/A	R/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 3	P60 1	•	
2CSL*A0¥101 *HO¥104,112 B21-F006 -F005,F001	orimary Containment Isolation - CSL	B10£	1	8/1	8/2	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	-	
2DER*NOV 120, 131	Primary Containment Isolation - DER	B10g1	1	R/A	8/8	Tes	Ĭes	I	Div. 1	P873	-	

#### TABLE 421. 36-1 (Cont)

		Sec										
SWEC/	Parameter	Pa	le 1.97, Pev. 3 trameter Classification	S	Ensor Instr. Rande	Qual	lification Environmental	QA	Power	Display	Notes	
2DER+HOV119, 130		B10g2.		N/A	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2		-	
20F8+NOV 120, 139	Primery Containment Isolation - DFR		1	R/A	N/A	Ĩes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P873	•	
2DF8+809121, 180	Primary Containment Isolation - DFR	81051	1	#/2	8/1	Tes	Tes	I	Di♥. 2	P873	•	
2FPH*507218, 220	Primary Containment Isolation - PPN		1	H/X	B/A	Tes	īes.	I	Di*. 1	2849	36	
2FP8*507219, 221	Primery Costainment Isolation - FPW		1	H/2	8/A	Tes	Tes	1	Di*. 2	P849	36	
2785*807214, B 822-F0654,B	Primary Containment Isolation - FWS	81011	1	¥/A	8/3	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P603	-	
2785*80¥238, B 822-70328, B	Conteinment		1	N/A	8/3	Tes	Bo	11	Non-1E	P603	9	
2HC5+MOV 11, 21,31,41, 51,61	Primary Containment Isolation - NCS	B1011	1	8/3	8/1	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P873	•	
28CS*80718, 28,38,48, 58,68	Primery Containment Isolation - NCS	B1012	,	¥/A	8/A	Ies	Tes	I	Div. 2	P875	a	

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### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-NED I.D.#	Parameter Description	pa	le 1.97, Rev. 3 rameter Classification	S	ensor Instr. Pange	Qual	Lification	QA	Power	Display	Notes
2IAS*507164, 166,167,168	Primary	B 10 m 1		N/A	N/A	Tes	Tes	I		P601/ P851	38
21&S*SO¥ 165, 180,184,185	Primary Containment Isolation - IAS	B10m2	1	N/A	N/A	īes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601/ P851	38
21 SC * BOY 121, 122, 126, 136 143, 164 *AOY 156, 157 E51-P064, P064 P013, P031, 1 P080, E51-P0	Containment Isolation - ICS 8, P019,	810 <u>n</u> 1	1	8/1	N/A	Tes	Tes	T	Div. 1	P601	-
2ICS*807128, 138,170 E51~P063, F086,F076	Primary Containment Isolation - ICS	B10n2	1	N/A	8/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601	
2185*50¥153, 157	Primary Containment Isolation - LAS	B10p1	1	B/A	8/3	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P873	
21 MS*SO¥152, 156	Primary Containment Isolation - LHS	B10p2	1	¥/X	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P875	•
2855*80¥112, 208 822-9019,8/A	Containment	B10q1	1	#/A	8/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P602	•
2555*81477A, B,C,D B22-F028A,B, C,D	Containment	B10g2	1	R/A	8/A	Tes	Tes	I	RPS Div. 1	P602	-

### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SHEC/	Parameter	Pa	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter Classification	5	ensor Instr. Pange	Cua	lification	0A Class	Power	Display	Rotes
2855*80¥111 822-9016	Primary Containment Isolation - MSS	B10q3		N/A	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2		-
2MSS*HYV6A, B,C,D B22-F022A, B, C,D	Containment	B10q4	1	N/A	N/A	Tes	īes	I	RPS Div 2	P602	
C51-J004A,B, C,D,E	Primary Containment Isolation - NRS	B10r	1	8/8	R/A	Tes	No	11	Non-1E	P607	10
2RCS*507658, 8:668,8:678, 8 29CS*507104 835-P020	Containment Isolation -	B10s1	1	N/A	8/8	Tes	<u>Yes</u>	I	Div. 1	P502	
2RCS*SO¥79A, B;80A, B;81A, B;82A, B 2RCS*SO¥105 B35-F019	Containment Isolation -	B10s2	1	N/A	8/A	īes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P602	
2RHS*NOV1A, 15A, 16A, 24A, 25A, 26A, 27A, 30A, 33A, 39A, 40A, 67A, 104, 113 B12-P004A, P0 P042A, P017A, 1 P042A, P027A, 1 P099A, P023, P0	Containment Isolation - RHS 164,F0414, P0744,F0794 P0504,F0534	B10t1	1	8/2	R/A	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	

## TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ Parameter GE-NED I.D.# Description	Pa	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter	S	ensor	Oua	lification	0.8	Power	Display		
GE-NED I.D.	Description	Variable	Classification	Location	Instr. Fange	Seismic	Environmental	Class	Supply	Location	Notes
1C:15B:16BC; 24A,B:25B; 26B:27B:30B; 33B:34B:40B; E12-F004B,C; F0418C;F042B	61B:112 F016B: ,C:F017B:F07 F037B:F050B:	₩B;	1	N/X	N/A	Tes	Tes	I	Di*_ 2	P601	-
2585*NC¥ 160, 161	Primary Containment Isolation - SAS			8/8	N/A	īes	TPS	I	Div. 1	P851	1
25AS*BCV162, 163	Primary Containment Isolation - SAS	810u2	1	8/A	H/R	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P851	•
2515*M075A C41-P006A	Primary Containment Isolation - SLS	B10v1	1	R/A	B/A	les	ĩes	I	Div. 1	P601	•
2515*80758 C41-F0068	Primary Containment Isolation - SLS	B10#2	1	R/A	8/X	Ĭes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601	•
28CS*807112, 200A G33-P004, P040	Primary Containment Isolation - WCS	B 10 w 1	'	R/A	8/8	Tes	īes	I	Div. 1	P602	
28C5*NO¥ 102 G33-F001	Primary Containment Isolation - WCS	B10w2	1	¥/A	B/A	Tes	Yes	I	Div. 2	P602	•

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### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/	Parameter		de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter Classification	5	ensor Instr. Pange	Qual	Lification Environmental	OA Class	Power Supply	Display Location	Notes
<u>GC-BED_LEUR</u>	Radioactive Concentra- tion in Primary Coolant		1	Unit 1 H.P. Lab	(ltr)	(1tr)	(ltr)	II	Ron-1E		٩
	Analysis of Primary Coolant Gamma Spectrum	C2	3	Unit 1 N.P. Lab	(ltr)	(1tr)	(ltr)	II	Non-18		ti I
N/A N/A	Core Tesperature	C3	1	**	•	*		-	Č. 1	9. S - 1	6
See Note 11 See Note 11	Coolast	Cđ	1	i. Santa		•					"
See Note 12	Primary Containment Area Radistion	C5	3		•		•				12
8/A 8/A	Drywell Drain Sumps Level	C6	1		-	•					13
2CMS*LT11A	Suppression Pool Water Level (Marrow Rag)	c7a	1	Ex Bldg (Sec Contat)	197- 202 ft	Tes	¥es	I	Div. 1	P601	18
2C85*LT118	Suppression Pool Water Level (Warrow Rng)	n C7b	1	<pre>%x Bldg (Sec Contmt)</pre>	197- 202 ft	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P898	14

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#### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/	Parameter		le 1.97, Rev. 3 trameter		ensor	Qua	lification	OA	Power	Pisplay	
GE-NED I.P.	Description	Variable	Classification	Location	Instr. Pange					Location	Notes
2C MS *1.T9 A	Suppression Pool Water Level (Wide Png)		1	Rx Fldg (Sec Contmt)	192-217 ft	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	14
2C 85 *179 B	Suppression Pool Water Level (Wide Rng)		1	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	192- 217 ft	Ĩes	īes	I	Div. 2	₽898	14
See Note 15	Drywell Pressure	C8	۱		1.1	•	-	*	-	-	15
See Note 16	Reactor	C9	1	-161	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
See Note 16											
See Note 17	Primary Containment Pressure	C 10	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		17
2CMS*AIT6A	Containment Hydrogen Concentratio		1	Rz Bldg Morth Aux Bay		Tes	Tes	I	Diw. 1	P501	-
2085*11768	Containment Bydrogen Concentratio B		1	Px Bldg South Aux Bay		Tes	Tes	I	Di*. 2	898	-
2CMS*AIT71A	Containment Oxygen Concentratio		1	Px Bldg North Aux Bay		Tes	Tes	1	Div. 1	P601	-
2CMS*AIT718	Containment Oxygen Concentratio B		1	Rx Bldg North Aux Bay		Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P898	-

#### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-MED I.D.#	Parameter Description	Pa	te 1.97, Rev. 3 trameter Classification		ensor Instr. Pange		Lification Environmental	QA Class		Display Location	Notes
	Containment Effluent Radioactivit	C 13	3		Isotopic	No	Tes	II	Non-1E		39
2PNS-CAB 180	Effluent Radioactivit	C14 7	2	Turb Bldg Turb Oper Floor	Isotopic 10-7-105 uci/cc	No	Tes	II	Non-1E (UPS)	P882	39
2F#S-FT1A,B C33-#001A,B	Main Feedwat Plow -A,B	er	3	Turb Bldg	Turb Bldg 0-8.5 lbs/hr (each)	¥o	#o	II	Non-1E	P603	
2CWS-LT8A,B	Condensate Storage Tk Level - A, 8		3	Cond Stor TR1A, TR1B		No	No	II	Non-1E	P851	5 8
2845 <b>*776</b> 48	Suppression Chamber Spray Beader Flow - A	D3a	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-450 gpa	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	
2885 <b>*776</b> 48	Suppression Chamber Spray Header Flow - B	D3b	2	Rz Bldg (Sec Contst)	0-#50 gpm	Tes	ĩes	I	Div. 2	P601	-
See Note 18	Drywell Pressure	D4	2				<b>.</b>	-	-	-	18
See Note 19	Suppression Water Level (Weir Well)	D5	2	-		1		-	-	-	19
2CMS*TE67A, 68A,69A,70A	Suppression Pool Water Temp-à	D6a	2	Suppressio Pool	250°F	Tes	Ĩes	I	Div. 1	P60 1	20
2C 85*TE678, 688,698,708	Suppression Pool Water Temp-B	D6b	2	Suppressio Pool	250°F	Ies	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601/ P598	20

#### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/	Parameter	Pa	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter Classification	Se	Instr Fange	Qual	lification			Display	Notes
2CMS*TE101 tbru & inc 109	Drywell Atros Temp - A	D7a			0-400°P	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1		20
2CHS*TE116 thru 8 inc 124	Drywell Atmos Temp - B	D7b	2	Drywell	0-400 °F	Yes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P875	20
2RHS*FT63A	Drywell Spray Header Flow - A	DBa	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-7,950 gp≋	Ĩes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	
2RHS*PT63E	Drywell Spray Header Flow - B	D8b	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	0-7,950 grm	Tes	Ies	I	Div. 2	P601	-
See Note 19	Main Steam Line Isolation 74		2	-	•	1	-	1	•	-	19
See Note 19	Leakage Cont System Press										
2577*27220 237	Primary Safety Relief Valve Position	910a	2	Acoustic Sensor on Tail Pipe (18 total)		Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	*SVY- PRL 140	-
2IAS*PT181	Primary Safety Relief Valve ADS Header Pressure-A	D10b	2	Px Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-250 psig	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	•
21AS*PT230, 231,232	Primary Safety Relief Valve - ADS Tank Pressure	D 10c	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-200 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	-

#### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/	Parameter	Pa	le 1.97, Pev. 3 trameter	S	ensor	Qual	ification	QA	Power	Display	
GE-NED I.D.	Description	Variable	Classification	Location	InstrBange	Seismic	Environmental	<u>Class</u>	Suppl*	Location	Notes
21A5*PT186	Primary Safety Relief Valve - ADS Header Pressure-B	D10đ	2	Fx Bldg (Sec Contet)	0-250 psig	Yes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601	-
21A5*PT233, 234,235,236		010e	2	Rx Fldg (Sec Contat)	0-200 psig	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601	•
See Note 19 See Note 19		D11	2		•						19
	Water Level										
See Note 19 Sec Note 19	Condenser	D12	2						-	- -	19
2ICS*FT102 E51-H051	RCIC Plow	D13	2	Bx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-800 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	8/X	왕의
2C38*FT105 E22-8056	HPCI/S Flow	D3#	2	Px Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-1000 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 3	8/A	21
2CSL*FT107 E21-8051	LPCS Flow	D15	2	Px Bldg (Sec Contmt)	0-10,000 gpm	īes	Tes	1	Div. 1	8/A	
2885*7714A 212-8015A	LPCI Flow	D16a	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-8,400 gpm	Ies	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	•
28HS*PT148,C E12-NO158,C	LPCI Plow	D16b	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	0-8,400 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P601	-

## TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SW BC/	Parameter		de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter		ensor	Qual	lification	0 8	Power	Display	
			Classification	Location	Instr. Panye	Seismic	Environmental	Class	Supply	Location	Notes
25LS*FT113 E41-N007	SLCS Flow	D17	2	Rx Bldg (Sec (Contmt)	0-86 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	
25L5*LT103 C41-N001	SLCS Storage Tank Level	D18	2	Bx Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-10,000 Gal	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	- 18
See Note 22 See Note 22	RHR System Flow	D 19	2	÷		*	*	•	-		22
20 HS*TE13A 212-N027A	RHP Heat Exchanger Outlet Temo - A	D20a	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contst)	0-600°P	BO	No	11	Non-12	P601	
28HS*TE139 E12-N0278	RHP Heat Exchanger Outlet Temp - B	D20b	2	Br Bldg (Sec Contat)	0-600°₽	No	Ro	II	Non-1E	P601	
25#P*TE318	Cooling Rater Temp to ZSF Syst Components		2	Screen- well Bldg		Tes	Tes	I	Div 1	P601	20
2SUP*TE3 18	Cooling Water Temp to ESF Syst Components		2	Screen- well Bldg		Ies	Yes	I	Div. 2	P601	20
2580*713A 212-8007A	Cooling Water Plow to ESP Syst Components	ez	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contet)	0-10,000 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P601	23
2580*FT138 E12-N0078	Cooling Water Flow to ESF Syst Components		2	Rx Blåg (Sec Contet)	0-10,000 gpm	ĭes	īes	I	Div. 2	P601	23

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### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-WED I.D.#	Parameter Description	Variable	Classification	Location	Thete Range	Qual	Lification	QA	Somer.	Display	
						SGTRWIC	FRETTORSCOLGT	Liass	20PP11	10041100	Notes
25# <b>P</b> *PT76A	Cooling Fater Flow to ESF Syste	D22c	2	Diesel Gen. Bldg	0-860 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P852	24
	Components - Div. 1 psi										
25¥ <b>P*F</b> T6B	Cooling Water Plow to ESF Syste Components Div. 2 DSL		2	Diesel Gen. Bldg	0-860 gpm	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P852	24
259p*PT535	Cooling Rater Flow to ESF Syste Components Div. 3 DSI		2	Diesel Gen. Bldg	0-650 gpm	Yes	īes	I	Div. 2	P852	28
2185-2A, B, C; 26A, B; 276; 280	High Radio- activity Liquid Tank Level	D23	3	Radwaste Bldg	0-100%	No	No	II	Non-1E	LWCS Computer Graphics	
H VP* &OD 1A, A, 9A, 10A	Emergency Ventilation Damper Position	D24a	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contmt)	8/8	Tes	Ĩes	I	Div. 1	P870	
H¥R*AOD1B, B,9B,10 N	Emergency Ventilation Damper Position	D24b	2	Rx Bldg (Sec Contat)	N/A	Yes	Ĩes	I	Div. 2	P871	
/P	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Battery Foltage - 1	D25a	2	2815* SWG002A	0-150 vđc	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P852	
	Status of Stdy Pwr Sources - Battery Current - 1	D25b	2		-2000 to 3000 amps	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P852	-

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# TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/		eg. Gui	de 1.97, Rev. 3								
	Parameter Description	Yariable	classification	ocation	ensor Instr. Pauge	Qua Seismic	lification Environmental	QA Class	Power Supply	Display Location	Notes
¥/9	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Battery Voltage - 2	D25c	2	2815* 5860038	0-150 vdc	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2		-
28¥S*E/E18	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Battery Current - 2	D25ð	2	28¥S* SWG0028	-2000 to +2000 amps	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	P852	-
₩/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Battery Voltage - 3	D25e	2	2EGS* PNL002	0-150 vđc	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 3	₽852	-
28Y5*E/E 101	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Battery Current - 3	D25£	2	2EGS* P#L002	-100 to +100 amps	īes	Tes	I	Div. 3	P852	
W/B	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - UPS Voltage - A	D25g	2	2185* UPS2A	0 to 120 ¥ac	Ĩes	Tes	I	Div. 1	PP52	-
N/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - UPS Current - A	D25b	2	2185* 09528	0 to 250 amps	Ĩes	Yes	I	Div. 1	H/A	-
₩⁄R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - UPS Voltage - B	D25j	2	2085* 0P528	0 to 120 vac	ĭes.	Tes	I	Div. 2	₽852	-
	Status of I Stdby Pwr	025k	2	and the second s	0 to 250 amps	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	8/A	-
Amendment 14					15 of 18					October 1	184

TABLE 421.36-1 (Cost)

SREC/	Parameter	and the second se	le 1.97, Rev. 3 grameter		ensor	Qual	lification	QA	Power	Display	
			Classification								Notes
	Sources - UPS Current - B										
N/E	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 600V Swgr Voltage	D251	2	2EJS*AS1	0 to 750 vac	īes	Tes	I	Div. 1	2835*051	25
R/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 600V Swgr Current	D25m	2	2EJS* I1A,B	0 to 3,000 amps	Tes	fes	I	Div. 1	N/X	26
W/2	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 6007 Swgr Foltage	D25b	2	2EJS* US3	0 to 750 vac	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	2835*053	25
N/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 600¥ Swgr Current	D25p	2	28J5* X3%,8	0 to 3,000 amps	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2	8/2	25
8/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 4 k¥ Swgr ¥oltage	D25g	2	Søgr	0 to 4.16 kv	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	<u>9852</u>	25
N/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 4 Swgr Current		2	Swgr	0-1000 amp Diesel feed or 1,500 amp normal and alt feeds	<u>Yes</u>	Tes	I	Div. 1	₽852	27

October 1984

### TABLE 421. 36-1 (Cont)

SWEC/ GE-NED I.D.	Parameter Description	P	de 1.97, Rev. 3 arameter Classification	S	ensor Instr. Range	Qua Seismic	lification Environmental	QA Class	Power Supply	Display Location	Notes
₩∕R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 4 Swgr ¥oltag	D25s	2	Swgt	0 to 4.16 k♥	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 2		25
N∕R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - & k¥ Swgr Current	D25t	2	Swgr	0-1,000 arp Diesel Peed 0-1,500 amp normal 5 alt feeds		Tes	I	Div. 2	P852	27
W/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - & Swgr Voltage	k₹	2	Sædi	0 to 4.16 k♥	Tes	Tes	I	D1*. 3	P852	25
₩/R	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - 4 Swgr Curren	k∀	2	Swgr	0-600 amp Diesel Feed 0-1,500 amp normal & alt feeds	Tes	ĩes	I	Div. 3	P852	27
See Note 28	Status of Stdby Pwr Sources - Air for ADS		2		-	•	•	-	-	-	28
2RES*RE1A,C	Primary Containment Area Radia- tion High Pu		1	Drywell	1-107 R/br	Tes	Tes	I	Div. 1	P880	-
28MS*RE1B,D	Primary Containment Area Radiati High Rng	Elb	1	Drywell	1-107 R/hr	Tes	Tes	I	Di*. 2	9880	
See Note 29	Secondary Containment Area Radia- tion	E2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29
See Note 30	Vital Area Radiation	23	3	See Note 30	See Note 30	RO	No	11	Bon-18	Rada Computer	30,31
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### TABLE 421.36-1 (Cont)

SWFC/	Parameter		le 1.97, Rev. 3 acameter	S	ensor	Qua	lification	OA	Pover	Display	
GE-NED I.D.#			Classification								Notes
	Bonitors									Graphics	
See Note 32	Effluent Radiation Released fro Plant	D B	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
See Note 33	Environs Radiation and Radio- activity	₽5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31,33
See Note 34	Neteorology	E6	3	-	÷	-	-	-	Non-1E	P882	31,34
255P-1PH1101 D24-D007	Accident Sampling Primary Coolant and Containment Air		3	Padwaste Sample Room	Ħ/A	No	Жо	II	Non-1E		4,35

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Docket No. 50-220

AUG 0 8 1990

Mr. Lawrence Burkhardt III Executive Vice President, Nuclear Operation Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation 301 Plainfield Road Syracuse, New York 13212

Dear Mr. Burkhardt:

SUBJECT: RESPONSE TO NRC GENERIC LETTER 89-06 ON THE SAFETY PARAMETER DISPLAY SYSTEM FOR NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION, UNIT 1 (MPA F-072, TAC NO. 73678)

NRC Generic Letter (GL) 89-06, dated April 12, 1989, requested you to provide certification regarding the implementation of a Safety Parameter Display System (SPDS) at your facility. The GL and its attachment, NUREG-1342, provided clarification of the requirements for an acceptable SPDS as originally defined in NUREG-0737, Supplement 1, issued January 1983. The GL further requested you to complete a checklist and take photographs of your SPDS and to retain these records for three years from the date of certification.

On July 11, 1989, Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation (the licensee) certified that the SPDS at Nine Mile Point Unit 1 met the requirements of NUREG-0737, Supplement 1, taking into account the information provided in NUREG-1342. This letter also identified that the EOPs are located away from the SPDS terminals. The staff concludes that this item is beyond the explicit scope of NUREG-0737, Supplement 1 for the SPDS and therefore does not require implementation to support our conclusion that the requirements of NUREG-0737, Supplement 1 have been met. Accordingly, based upon the certification provided in the NMPC letter of July 11, 1989, the NRC staff concludes that your facility has satisfactorily met all the requirements for an SPDS specified in NUREG-0737, Supplement 1. Therefore, staff review and licensee implementation of the SPDS are considered complete for your facility. Please contact the NRC project manager if you have any questions.

The reporting and/or recordkeeping requirements of this letter affect fewer than ten respondents; therefore OMB clearance is not required under PL 96-511.

Sincerely,

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

Robert E. Martin, Senior Project Manager Project Directorate I-1 Division of Reactor Projects - I/II Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

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AUG 0 8 1990

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On July 11, 1989, Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation (the licensee) certified that the SPDS at Nine Mile Point Unit 1 met the requirements of NUREG-0737, Supplement 1, taking into account the information provided in NUREG-1342. Based upon this certification, the NRC staff concludes that your facility has satisfactorily met all the requirements for an SPDS specified in NUREG-0737, Supplement 1. Therefore, staff review and licensee implementation of the SPDS are considered complete for your facility. Please contact the NRC project manager if you have any questions.

The reporting and/or recordkeeping requirements of this letter affect fewer than ten respondents; therefore OMB clearance is not required under PL 96-511.

Sincerely.

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY:

Robert E. Martin, Senior Project Manager Project Directorate I-1 Division of Reactor Projects - I/II Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

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PDI-1 RACapra / /90 Mr. L. Burkhardt III Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

cc:

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