

Department of Energy Washington, D.C. 20545

Docket No. 50-537 HQ:E:82:005

JAN 29 1982



Mr. Paul S. Check, Director CRBR Program Office Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555

Dear Mr. Check:

RESPONSE TO NRC QUESTIONS

This letter responds to your letter of January 12, 1982, which requested specific information with regard to the socioeconomic assessment provided in Environmental Report Amendment X (December 1981). Answers to Questions 40 and 41, as requested, are enclosed.

Sincerely,

John R. Longenecker, Manager Licensing & Environmental Coordination

Office of Nuclear Energy

Enclosure

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CRBRP ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT AMENDMENT X RESPONSES TO NRC QUESTIONS 40 AND 41

Question (40)

Appendix Section 1.0 What is the basis for the percentage distribution of operating work force in the counties? Why wouldn't the percentage distribution in Table 8.1-7 be a more accurate estimate of where CRBRP employees will choose to live than the distribution in Section 1.0?

Answer (40)

The distribution of the operating movers is based on the same factors utilized in the distribution of construction movers, i.e., distance and direction to the site, area housing availability, and data on location patterns from TVA employee surveys. Table 8.1-7 indicates the existing location of DOE employees, many of whom have been area residents for a long period of time. Therefore, the data do not reflect recent housing trends, the most important of which is the tremendous growth in west Knox County in the past decade. In addition, the proportion of DOE employees residing outside Oak Ridge has been increasing in the past several years.

Question (41)

Tables 3.3 to 3.12 Please prepare a series of tables similar to those indicated which show the revenues generated by the operating work force. Explain all assumptions and calculations.

Answer (41)

The assumptions used to estimate the construction-related nonproperty tax revenue were based on resident per capita figures, instead of specific construction worker characteristics. This results in a conservative estimate of revenues. Therefore, it is reasonable to utilize those same assumptions and calculations for the operational influx. The attached revenue projections were prepared by applying operation to construction population ratios for each governmental jurisdiction to the projections contained in Tables 3.3 - 3.12 of the ER. For example, the size of the operational population influx for Oak Ridge (50) is about 7 percent of that projected for Migration Condition A (760). Thus, the amount of nonproperty tax revenue generated by the operational influx is estimated to be about 7 percent of that revenue estimated for Migration Condition A.

The property tax revenue estimates could not be ratioed because housing characteristics of operational and construction movers are expected to be different. Based on the relative permanence of the operational movers and data from surveys of operational movers at three TVA nuclear plants, it was assumed that, in general, a large percentage of them would occupy single family homes (70 percent). The housing choice of the remaining movers is assumed to be evenly split between mobile homes and apartments (15 percent each). These overall percentages were varied somewhat among jurisdictions based on local housing characteristics. For example, Oak Ridge is not expected to have any movers occupying mobile homes. The property tax estimates were calculated with the same average housing values and tax rates used for the construction period estimates.

Our estimated distribution of the location of inmoving opertional employees is attached. For the purposes of these revenue calculations, half of the projected movers expected to reside in the vicinity of each municipal area, except for Oak Ridge and Knoxville, are assumed to locate outside the city limits. An identical assumption was made for the construction period revenue calculations.

CRBRP
DISTRIBUTION OF OPERATIONAL MOVERS

	Movers	Total Population Influx	School-Age Children
Anderson County			
Oak Ridge	19	50	10
Clinton Area	6	20	4
Knox County			
Knoxville	6	15	3
West Knox County Area	. 50	125	22
Loudon County			
Lencir City Area	13	30	6
Roane County			
Kingston Area	19	50	14
Rockwood Area	6	15	3
Harriman Area	6	15	3

TABLE 1

SELECTED REVENUES FOR ANDERSON COUNTY FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues

Property Tax Sales Tax Beer an Alcoholic	5,500 NA
Beverage Tax Fines, Fees, Charges	10 100
TOTAL	5,600

School Fund Revenues

Property Tax	8,100
Sales Tax	NA
State Funds	700
TOTAL	8,800

NA = Not Applicable

TABLE 2

SELECTED REVENUES FOR CLINTON FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues

Property Tax	600
Sales Tax	500
Beer and Alcoholic	
Beverage Tax	100
Fines, Fees, Charges	40
TOTAL	1,200

School Fund Revenues

Property Tax	1,300
Sales Tax	NA
State Funds	700
TOTAL	2,000

NA = Not Applicable

TABLE 3

SELECTED REVENUES FOR OAK RIDGE FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues		
Property Tax Sales Tax Beer and Alcoholic		7,500 1,200
Beverage Tax Fines, Fees, Charges		100 200
TOTAL		9,000
School Fund Revenues		
Property Tax		4,800

State Funds

TOTAL

Note: Estimates are for typical year of operation.

4,400

9,300

TABLE 4

SELECTED REVENUES FOR KNOX COUNTY FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues

Property Tax	6,600
Sales Tax	NA NA
Beer and Alcoholic	100
Beverage Tax	
Fines, Fees, Charges	400
TOTAL	7,100
School Fund Revenues	
Property Tax	. 3,900
Sales Tax	2,200
State Funds	12,000
TOTAL	18,100

NA = Not Applicable

Note: Estimates are for typical year of operation.

TABLE 5

SELECTED REVENUES FOR LOUDON COUNTY FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues

. Property Tax	900
Sales Tax	NA
Beer and Alcoholic	
Beverage Tax	10
Fines, Fees, Charges	200
TOTAL	1,100
	1,100
School Fund Revenues	
Property Tax	2,300
Sales Tax	200
State Funds	1,500

NA = Not Applicable

TABLE 6

SELECTED REVENUES FOR LENGIR CITY FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues	
Property Tax	900
Sales Tax	200
Beer and Alcoholic	
Beverage Tax	0
Fines, Fees, Charges	200
TOTAL	1,300
School Fund Revenues	
Property Tax	1,200
Sales Tax	100
State Funds	600
TOTAL	1,900

Note: Estimates are for typical year of operation.

TABLE 7

SELECTED REVENUES FOR ROANE COUNTY FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues

Property Tax Sales Tax		3,200 NA
Beer and Alcoholic		
Beverage Tax		30
Fines, Fees, Charges		300
TOTAL		3,500
School Fund Revenues	•	
Property Tax		2 000

Proper	rty Tax	. 2	,000
Sales	Tax		700
State	Funds	6	,400
TOTAL		9	,100

NA = Not Applicable

TABLE 8

SELECTED REVENUES FOR KINGSTON FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues

Property Tax	1,600
Sales Tax	700
Beer and Alcoholic	,
Beverage Tax	200
Fines, Fees, Charges	10
TOTAL	2,500

School Fund Revenues

Property Tax.	· NA
Sales Tax	NA
State Funds	NA
TOTAL.	

NA = Not Applicable

TABLE 9

SELECTED REVENUES FOR ROCKWOOD FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues

Property Tax	500
Sales Tax	200
Beer and Alcoholic	
Beverage Tax	40
Fines, Fres, Charges	100
TOTAL	800

School Fund Revenues

Property Tax	. NA
Sales Tax	NA
State Funds	NA
TOTAL	

NA = Not Applicable

TABLE 10

SELECTED REVENUES FOR HARRIMAN FROM CRBRP OPERATION-RELATED POPULATION INFLUX

General Fund Revenues

Property Tax	300
Sales Tax	200
Beer and Alcoholic	
Beverage Tax	20
Fines, Fees, Charges	10
TOTAL	500

School Fund Revenues

Property Tax	1,000
Sales Tax	300
State Funds	1,500
TOTAL	2,800