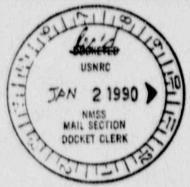
STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

POR Bernero

JUDD GREGG





December 29, 1989

Director
Office of Nuclear Material Safety
and Safeguards
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555

Dear Sirs:

Please consider this letter as certification that the State of New Hampshire will provide for storage, disposal, and management of any low-level radioactive waste generated within its borders and requiring disposal after December 31, 1992 in accordance with the 1990 milestone of the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act of 1985(LLRWPAA).

1) LLRW Volume Estimates

The following is an estimate of volumes and types of waste expected to be generated after December 31, 1992:

Generator	Waste Type*	Annual Waste volume(ft'3)
Univ. of NH	Byproduct, source & spec. nuclear (plus NARM)	38
Dartmouth College	Byproduct, source & spec. nuclear	15
Kollsman Instruments	Source material	50

*None of this is considered mixed waste.

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2)Storage, Disposal, and Management Actions

With respect to New Hampshire's proposed storage, disposal, and management practices, New Hampshire currently has a contract with the Rocky Mountain Low-Level Radioactive Waste Board. This contract extends through December 31, 1972. Since this state's volume of low level waste is so small, New Hampshire shall continue to dispose of low-level waste by contract with out-of-state sites.

3)Legal Authority

Actions proposed for our licensees are within the limits of New Hampshire Revised Statutes Annotated (RSA) 125-F. Responsibility for implementation of the provisions of this statute and those of Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 150 and the provisions of the Agreement entered into between the (then) Atomic Energy Commission and the State of New Hampshire on May 16, 1966 is vested within the Division of Public Health Services of the Department of Health and Human Services.

4) Logistics of the Proposed Actions

See section 2 above.

A part of our planning for future low-level radioactive waste management includes the possibility that the Seabrook Nuclear Power Plant may be licensed. If Seabrook is eventually licensed and becomes operational, then an estimated 5,500 cubic feet of low-level radioactive waste will be generated annually. Again, we shall dispose of the low-level waste from the Seabrook Plant through contractual arrangements with sites in other states.

Sincerely,

Judd Greog