LICENSEE EVENT REPORT

나는 사람들이 아니다 그 사람들이 가는 것이 아니는 사람들이 되었다면 하는데 아니는 사람들이 되었다면 하는데 아니는 사람들이 살아보다면 하는데 그 아니다.
CONTROL BLOCK: (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL REQUIRED INFORMATION)
0 1 M D C C N 1 2 0 0 - 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 0 3 4 1 1 1 1 1 4 5 6 TOTAL SE CODE 14 15 LICENSE NUMBER 25 26 LICENSE TYPE 30 57 CAT 58
CON'T O 1 SOURCE L 6 0 5 0 0 0 3 1 7 7 1 0 0 5 8 1 8 1 1 1 0 4 8 1 9 EVENT DESCRIPTION AND PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES 10 During normal operation at 0125, received a Group One Control Ele-
ment (CEA) Primary Deviation Alarm. During attempts to regain pro-
o a per indication, CEA #57 was inserted 15" further than all other
Group 1 CEA's. In accordance with T.S. 3.1.3.1, power was decreased
707 707 707 707 707 707 707 707 707 707
O 7 All other CER's remained fully withdrawn during the event. Similar
0 8 events: none. 7 8 9 SYSTEM CAUSE CAUSE COMP. VALVE
CODE CODE SUBCODE COMPONENT CODE SUBCODE SUBCO
[1 0 Electronic failure of CEA #57 Individual Control Module such that an in-
sertion signal was generated continuously caused the event. The Control
Element Drive System Panel was maintained deenergized to prohibit
1 3 CEA move ent until the module was replaced with a spare. Pending the
supplier's repair and analysis, no preventive action is planned.
FACILITY STATUS & POWER OTHER STATUS 30 METHOD OF DISCOVERY DESCRIPTION 32
7 8 9 10 11 AMOUNT OF ACTIVITY (35) 1 6 Z 33 Z 34 NA PERSONNEL EXPOSURES AMOUNT OF ACTIVITY (35) NA LOCATION OF RELEASE (36) NA 80
NUMBER TYPE DESCRIPTION (39) 1 7 0 0 0 (37) Z (38) NA
7 8 9 PERSONNEL INJURIES NUMBER DESCRIPTION (41)
1 8 0 0 0 40 NA
LOSS OF OR DAMAGE TO FACILITY (43) TYPE DESCRIPTION NA NA
7 8 9 10 PUBLICITY PDR ADOCK 05000317 S PDR 8111130472 811104 PDR ADOCK 05000317 PDR ADOCK 05000317 S PDR
G. Pavis/P. G. Rizzo 301-269-4742/4786

LER NO. 81-71/3L
DOCKET NO. 50-317
LICENSE NO. DPR-53
EVENT DATE 10-05-81
REPORT DATE 11-04-81
ATTACHMENT

CAUSE DESCRIPTION AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS (CONT'D)

Electronic failure of Control Element (CEA) #57 Individual Control Module (ICM) (Electro-Mechanics #23210) such that a continuous CEA insertion signal was generated caused the event. Initially, with the Control Element Drive System (CEDS) Control Panel power switch in the "off" position malfunction of the ICM caused no CEA movement.

The plant computer, however, responded to the false insertion signal and all Primary CEA Position Indication alarms for Group One and CEA deviations and Power Dependent Insertion Limits were actuated in proper sequence. Upon receipt of the Primary indication alarms, operators verified that no Secondary (originated by Reed Switch Position Transmitter) CEA Position Indication System alarms had occurred, and concluded that the plant computer CEA Position circuitry was at fault. Attempting to regain normal indications, the CEDS Control Panel was energized in Manual Group control mode. CEA #57 immediately began to move in, as indicated by the Secondary Position Indication System. This system initiated a CEA Motion Inhibit signal to stop the CEA motion at the appropriate CEA height. At this time, aware of the CEA channel at fault, operators selected CEA #57 for Primary System Group One indication. The computer indicated a false CEA #57 height of 70 inches. Operators then attempted, in Manual Individual control mode, to drive CEA #57 back out. CEA #57 continued its inward motion as soon as the CEA Motion Inhibit was bypassed for this purpose. CEA #57 inserted to II7 inches, by Secondary CEA Position Indication. Movement of the CEA had begun from its fully withdrawn height of 134 inches.

The CEDS Control Panel was deenergized until CEA #57 ICM was replaced with a spare. The malfunctioning module will be sent to its supplier for analysis and repair. Pending analysis by the supplier, no preventive action is planned.

A copy of this report will be routed to licensed operators for information.