IRC FO	IRM 366 U. S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
2-271	LICENSEE EVENT REPORT
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20NT	REPORT IL 6 01 51 01 01 01 21 810 0 1 10 10 15 18 11 0 10 3 0 8 1 0 SOURCE 50 BI DOCKET NUMBER 68 EVENT DATE 74 75 REPORT DATE 80 9 EVENT DESCRIPTION AND PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES 10
312	With the reactor coolant at approximately 200°F, and heating up, TV-CC-109A
313	(Component Cooling to RHR, isolation valve would not close. The trip valve was
0141	isolated by closing the downstream manual isolation valve. Since the integrity of
0181	the component cooling water piping inside of the containment was maintained, an
0 5	isolation barrier between inside containment and the environment was maintained.
3171	Therefore, the health and safety of the general public were not affected. This
318	event is contrary to T.S.3.8.A.1 and reportable per T.S.6.6.2.b(2).
0151	SYSTEM CAUSE CAUSE CAUSE COMPONENT CODE SUBCODE SUBCOD
	Image: Standard Report AL Occurrence Report AL Occurrence Report AL Report AL Image: Standard Albert AL Image: Standard Albert AL Image: Standard Albert AL Image: Standard Albert Alb
110	A mechanical cause for this valve failing to close could not be determined. Operating
<u></u>	air was disconnected from the top of the diaphram operator and the air line observed
112	to blow clear. The air line was reconnected and the pneumatic operator was found to
12	operate correctly. The valve was cycled several times satisfactorily and was
1.4	returned to service.
161	ACIUIT: N POWER OTHER STATUS 30 METHOD OS DISCOVERY DESCRIPTION 32 G 28 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 N/A 44 45 0 Operational Event 00
	CTIVITY CONTENT ELEASED OF RELEASE AMOUNT OF ACTIVITY 35 2 33 Z 54 N/A N/A
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1 <u>2 1</u> 5	Z_(42)
-	SSUED DESCRIPTION (45)

ATTACHMENT 1 SURRY POWER STATION, UNIT 1 LOCKET NO: 50-281 REPORT NO: 81-059/03L-0 EVENT DATE: 10-05-81

TITLE OF THE EVENT: TV-CC-109A WOULD NOT CLOSE

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE EVENT:

With the reactor coolant at approximately 200° F, and heating up, TV-CC-109A (Component cooling isolation value to residual heat removal) would not close. The value was manually isolated by closing the downstream manual isolation value. This event is contrary to T.S.3.8.A.1 and reportable per T.S.6.6.2.b(2).

2. PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES:

The Design Bases for the containment isolation system is that during accident conditions, at least two barriers exist between the atmosphere outside the containment structure and the atmosphere inside the containment. Failure of one valve or barrier will not prevent isolation of the containment.

Component cooling water piping is separated from the reactor coolant system, or a connecting system, and the containment atmosphere, by a closed valve under adminsitrative control and a membrane barrier.

Since the integrity of the membrane barrier, the component cooling water piping inside containment, was maintained, an isolation barrier between the inside of the containment structure and the environment was maintained during this event. Therefore, the health and safety of the public were not affected.

3. CAUSE:

The valve malfunction could not be attributed to any mechanical problem. The valve operated satisfactorily following the disconnectior and reconnection cf its air line.

4. IMMEDIATE CORRECTIVE ACTION:

The immediate corrective action was to manually isolate the valve and station an operator at the valve for Administrative control.

5. SUBSEQUENT CORRECTIVE ACTION:

Maintenance department verified the air supply to the valve and verified the pneumatic operator functioning correctly. The valve was cycled several times satisfactorily and returned to service.

6. ACTION TAKEN TO PREVENT RECURRENCE:

Since the valve cycled satisfactorily, no additional action is deemed necessary.

7. GENERIC IMPLICATION:

None.