

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT

CONTROL BLOCK: 1 (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL REQUIRED INFORMATION)

0 1 M A P P S 1 2 0 0 - 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 0 3 4 1 1 1 1 4 5
7 8 9 14 15 25 26 30 57 CAT 58
LICENSEE CODE LICENSE NUMBER LICENSE TYPE

CON'T
0 1 L 6 0 5 0 - 0 2 9 3 7 0 8 1 4 8 1 8 0 8 2 4 8 1 9
7 8 60 61 68 69 74 75 90
REPORT SOURCE DOCKET NUMBER EVENT DATE REPORT DATE

EVENT DESCRIPTION AND PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES 10

0 2 On August 14, 1981, Boston Edison received an analysis report from the Yankee
0 3 Atomic Environmental Laboratory which indicated that a reportable concentration
0 4 of Cs-134 and Cs-137 existed in a sediment sample collected on May 27, 1981.
0 5 The above sediment sample concentrations do not present a hazard to the health
0 6 and safety of the public due to the extremely limited distribution of the
0 7 activity and the absence of any ingestion pathway or direct radiation hazard.
0 8 REFER TO ATTACHMENT FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.
7 8 9 80

0 9 X X 11 X 12 Z 13 Z Z Z Z Z 14 Z 15 Z 16
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
SYSTEM CODE CAUSE CODE CAUSE SUBCODE COMPONENT CODE COMP SUBCODE VALVE SUBCODE

17 8 1 0 4 2 0 4 T 0
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
LER/RO REPORT NUMBER EVENT YEAR SEQUENTIAL REPORT NO. OCCURRENCE CODE REPORT TYPE REVISION NO.

Z 18 Z 19 Z 20 Z 21 0 0 0 0 Y 23 N 24 Z 25 Z 9 9 9 9 26
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
ACTION TAKEN FUTURE ACTION EFFECT ON PLANT SHUTDOWN METHOD HOURS ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED NPRO-4 FORM SUB. PRIME COMP. SUPPLIER COMPONENT MANUFACTURER

CAUSE DESCRIPTION AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS 27

1 0 These concentrations were most likely due to a hot particle contained in the
1 1 controlled releases from PNPS-1 sometime during the past year.
1 2
1 3
1 4
7 8 9 80

1 5 E 28 1 0 0 0 29 N.A. 30 D 31 Notification by Environmental Lab 32
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
FACILITY STATUS % POWER OTHER STATUS METHOD OF DISCOVERY DISCOVERY DESCRIPTION

1 6 Z 33 Z 34 N.A. 35 N.A. 36
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
ACTIVITY CONTENT RELEASED OF RELEASE AMOUNT OF ACTIVITY LOCATION OF RELEASE

1 7 0 0 0 37 Z 38 N.A. 39
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
PERSONNEL EXPOSURES NUMBER TYPE DESCRIPTION

1 8 0 0 0 40 N.A. 41
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
PERSONNEL INJURIES NUMBER DESCRIPTION

1 9 Z 42 N.A. 43
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
LOSS OF OR DAMAGE TO FACILITY TYPE DESCRIPTION

2 0 N 44 N.A. 45
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
PUBLICITY ISSUED DESCRIPTION

8109010493 810824
PDR ADDCK 05000293
S PDR
NRC USE ONLY
68 69 80
617-746-7900
NAME OF PREPARER C.E. Bowman/G.G. Whitney PHONE: 617-746-7900

BOSTON EDISON COMPANY

PILGRIM NUCLEAR POWER STATION

DOCKET NO. 50-293

Attachment to LER #81-042/04T-0

On August 14, 1981, Boston Edison received an analysis report from the Yankee Atomic Environmental Laboratory (YAEI) which indicated that a reportable concentration of Cs-134 ($1491. \pm 27$ pCi/kg) and Cs-137 ($17733. \pm 80$ pCi/Ku. pCi/kg) existed in a sediment sample of 24-26cm taken from the Rocky Point Discharge Canal Outfall area on May 27, 1981.

The above concentrations are in excess of ten (10) times the Cs-134 LLD (29.0 pCi/kg) and Cs-137 (36.0 ± 7.9 pCi/kg) concentrations for the control station sediment sample of 24-26cm taken from Duxbury Beach of May 28, 1981.

The Cs-134/Cs-137 ratio of the indicator sample is indicative of older controlled liquid releases from PNPS-1.

The indicator sample underwent confirmatory reanalyses, and neither Cs-134 nor Cs-137 were detected above the LLD. In addition, neither Cs-134 nor Cs-137 were detected above the LLD in the other indicator sediment samples (top layer 0-2cm, bottom layer 28-30cm). This would indicate the existence of a "hot" particle, most likely due to past controlled liquid releases from PNPS-1.

The above sediment sample concentrations do not present a hazard to the health and safety of the public due to the extremely limited distribution of the activity and the absence of any ingestion pathway or direct radiation hazard.