## **Official Transcript of Proceedings**

## NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Title: 10 CFR 2.206 Petition Review Board (PRB) Conference Call Re: San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station Units 2 and 3

Docket Number: N/A

Location: Teleconference

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Pages 1-36

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NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

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10 CFR 2.206 PETITION REVIEW BOARD (PRB)

CONFERENCE CALL

RE:

SAN ONOFRE NUCLEAR GENERATING STATION UNITS 2 AND 3

+ + + + +

TUESDAY

JANUARY 21, 2020

+ + + + +

The conference call was held at 1:00 p.m.,

Kevin Williams, Chairperson of the Petition Review Board, presiding.

PETITIONER: PUBLIC WATCHDOGS

PETITION REVIEW BOARD MEMBERS

KEVIN WILLIAMS, Deputy Director, Office of

Nuclear Materials Safety and Safeguards

WILLIAM CHRIS ALLEN, Project Manager, Office

of Nuclear Materials Safety and

Safeguards

STEPHANIE ANDERSON, Region IV\*

PERRY BUCKBERG, Petition Coordinator for 2.206

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petition

ROBERT CARPENTER, Senior Attorney, Office of General Counsel

RICHARD CHANG, Project Manager, Office of

Nuclear Materials Safety and Safeguards

ZAHIRA CRUZ, Project Manager, Office of

Nuclear Materials Safety and Safeguards MARLAYNA DOELL, Office of Nuclear Materials

Safety and Safeguards\*

LATIF HAMDAN, Office of Nuclear Materials Safety and Safeguards

BRUCE WATSON, Office of Nuclear Material

Safety and Safeguards

JOHN WOODFIELD, Office of Nuclear Materials

Safety and Safeguards

NRC HEADQUARTERS STAFF

ANDREW AVERBACH, Office of General Counsel DAN DOYLE, Office of Nuclear Materials Safety and Safequards

PETITIONERS

RANDY GORDON, Barnes & Thornburg (on behalf of

Public Watchdogs)

LUKE WOHLFORD, Barnes & Thornburg (on behalf of

		3
1	Public Watchdogs)	
2	PAUL BLANCH	
3		
4	ALSO PRESENT	
5	AL BATES, Southern California Edison	
6	DEREK BRICE, Southern California Edison	
7	DONNA GILMORE	
8	MARK MORGAN, Southern California Edison	
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1	P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S
2	1:01 p.m.
3	MS. CRUZ: Okay, I would like to thank
4	everybody for attending this meeting. The purpose of
5	today's meeting is to provide the Petitioner, the Public
6	Watchdogs, an opportunity to address the Petition
7	Review Board regarding their petition to suspend all
8	the commissioning activities at SONGS.
9	Can you please mute your lines? Thank you.
10	My name is Zahira Cruz and I am the Project
11	Manager in the Division of the Decommissioning Uranium
12	Recovery and Waste Programs in the Office of Nuclear
13	Material Safety and Safeguards. I am also the petition
14	manager for this petition.
15	The PRB Chairman is Kevin Williams.
16	Deputy Director of the Division of Material Safety
17	Security State and title programs in the Office of
18	Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards.
19	This is a Category 1 meeting. The public
20	is invited to observe this meeting and will have one
21	or more opportunities to communicate with the NRC after
22	the business portion, but before the meeting is
23	adjourned.
24	I ask that you
25	PARTICIPANT: Can you speak a little
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1	slower? It's hard to hear you.
2	MS. CRUZ: Okay, I'll try. I ask that you
3	please silence your cell phones at this time as to not
4	interrupt the meeting or any of its speakers.
5	In case of an emergency, please follow the
6	Staff to the appropriate muster location. If any
7	non-NRC Staff need to use the restroom, please remember
8	that an escort is required so please ask one of the
9	Staff.
10	There is a sign-up sheet going around the
11	room. Please fill it out either now or some time before
12	you leave.
13	As part of the PRB's review of this
14	petition, Public Watchdogs has requested this
15	opportunity to address the PRB. The meeting was
16	scheduled to begin at 1:00 p.m. Eastern time.
17	And after introductory remarks, we'll have
18	allowed the Public Watchdogs 35 minutes to address the
19	Board.
20	The meeting is being recorded by the NRC
21	Operation Center and will be transcribed by a court
22	reporter. The transcript will become a supplement to
23	the petition and will be made publicly available.
24	No sensitive or proprietary information
25	should be presented. I'd like to open this meeting
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1	with introductions.
2	As I have stated, the PRB Chairperson is
3	Kevin Williams. I would like the rest of the Petition
4	Review Board to introduce themselves. First at
5	headquarters and then on the phone.
6	Please be sure to clearly state your name,
7	your position and the office that you work for within
8	the NRC, for the record.
9	Again, my name is Zahira Cruz, I am a
10	project manager in the division of the Decommissioning
11	Uranium Recovery and Waste Programs in the Office of
12	Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards.
13	PRB members on the phone, please introduce
14	yourself. Are you on mute, Stephanie, Marlayna?
15	MS. ANDERSON: All right. This is
16	Stephanie Anderson, health physicist, NRC Region IV
17	Office.
18	MS. DOELL: Marlayna Doell, I'm a former
19	project manager in the Reactor Decommissioning Branch.
20	MS. CRUZ: Okay. So will the Staff
21	present here in headquarters introduce yourself? The
22	PRB Staff.
23	MR. WOODFIELD: John Woodfield, NMSS,
24	Inspections Operation Oversight Branch. I'm an
25	inspector in that branch.
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1	MR. CARPENTER: Robert Carpenter, NRC
2	Office of General Counsel.
3	MR. BUCKBERG: Perry Buckberg, NRC Agency
4	Petition Coordinator.
5	MR. HAMDAN: Latif Hamdan, project manager
6	in the Division of Fuel Management in the Office of
7	Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards. I'm also the
8	office coordinator for the 2.206 petitions.
9	MR. WATSON: Bruce Watson, and I'm Chief
10	of the Reactor Decommissioning Branch in the Office
11	of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards.
12	MS. HOLIDAY: Sophie Holiday, Office of
13	Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards enforcement
14	coordinator.
15	MR. ALLEN: Chris Allen, project manager,
16	Division of Fuel Management, Licensing Branch.
17	MS. CRUZ: Will any other NRC headquarters
18	participants on the phone please introduce themselves?
19	MR. DOYLE: This is Dan Doyle, acting chief
20	of the Storage Transportation Licensing Branch and
21	NMSS.
22	MS. CRUZ: Is there any participants from
23	the regional offices or any resident on the phone please
24	introduce themselves?
25	Public Watchdogs, can you please introduce
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1	yourselves for the record?
2	MR. WOHLFORD: My name is Luke Wohlford,
3	I'm here with Randy Gordon. We are both with the law
4	firm of Barnes & Thornburg and are Attorneys for the
5	Petitioner, Public Watchdogs.
6	MS. CRUZ: And I think Charles Langley,
7	right? Okay.
8	Is there any representative from the
9	Licensee on the phone that wants to introduce
10	themselves?
11	MR. BATES: Yes. This is Al Bates,
12	regulatory manager representing Southern California
13	Edison. Here with me, I have Mark Morgan from our
14	regulator department, as well as Derek Brice, our legal
15	counsel.
16	MS. CRUZ: Okay. It is not required for
17	the members of the public to introduce themselves for
18	this call, but however, if there are any members of
19	the public on the phone that wish to do so at this time,
20	please state your name for the record.
21	MR. BLANCH: Yes, my name is Paul Blanch.
22	I am a technical expert representing Public Watchdogs
23	on this petition, on technical issues.
24	MS.CRUZ: Anyone else? Okay, so I'd like
25	to emphasize that we each need to speak clearly and
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1	loudly to make sure that the court reporter can
2	adequately transcribe this meeting.
3	If you do so, if you have something to say,
4	please first state your name for the record.
5	For those dialing in to the meeting, please
6	remember to mute your phones to minimize any background
7	noises or distractions. If you do not have a mute
8	button, this can be done by pressing the keys star-6.
9	And to unmute, press again star-6.
10	Thank you. I'll now turn over to the PRB
11	Chairman Kevin Williams.
12	CHAIR WILLIAMS: All right. Welcome to
13	the meeting regarding the 2.206 petition submitted by
14	Public Watchdogs.
15	I'd like to share some background on the
16	NRCs process. Section 2.206 of Title 10 of the Code
17	of Federal Regulations describes the petition process.
18	The primary mechanism for the public to request
19	enforcement action by the NRC in a public process.
20	This process makes anyone to petition to
21	the NRC to take enforcement type action regulated
22	actions to the NRC's licensees or license activities.
23	Depending on the results of its evaluation, the NRC
24	can modify, suspend or revoke any NRC issued license
25	or take any other appropriate enforcement action to
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1	resolve a problem.
2	The NRC Staff's guidance for the
3	disposition of 2.206 petition requests is in management
4	directive 8.11, which is publicly available.
5	The purpose of today's meeting is to give
6	the petitioner an opportunity to provide any relevant,
7	additional explanation for support for the petition
8	after having received the Petition Review Board's
9	initial assessment.
10	This meeting is not a hearing, nor is it
11	an opportunity for the Petitioner or other members of
12	the public to question or examine the PRB on the merits
13	or the issues presented in the petition request. No
14	decisions regarding the merits of this position will
15	be made at this meeting.
16	Following the meeting, the PRB will conduct
17	its internal deliberations. The outcome of this
18	internal meeting will be discussed with the Petitioner.
19	As described in our process, the NRC Staff
20	may ask clarifying questions in order to better
21	understand the Petitioners' presentation and to reach
22	a reason decision on whether or not to accept the
23	Petitioner's request for review under 2.206 process.
24	I would like to summarize the scope of the
25	petition under consideration and the NRC activities
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1	to date.
2	On September 24th, 2019, Public Watchdogs
3	submitted to the NRC a petition under 2.206 regarding
4	concerns about decommissioning activities at SONGS.
5	Specifically, Public Watchdogs requested that NRC
6	immediately suspend all decommissioning operations at
7	SONGS and require the Licensee to submit an amended
8	decommissioning plan to account for the spent nuclear
9	fuel being placed in storage at SONGS.
10	In addition, Public Watchdogs requested
11	that the NRC prepare a supplemental environment impact
12	statement that evaluates site specific environmental
13	issues not addressed in the decommissioning generic
14	environmental impact statement.
15	On December 18th, 2019, the petition
16	manager contacted Public Watchdogs to inform them of
17	the PRB's initial assessment that the petition does
18	not meet mandatory Directive 8.11, Section 3.C.1
19	criteria for petition evaluation.
20	Given that the NRC Staff has continued to
21	carefully regulate the Licensee's decommissioning
22	activities at SONGS, including its review of the fuel
23	storage facility design, inspections encompassing the
24	physical facility as well as the Licensee's operation
25	of performance and appropriate enforcement actions.
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Regarding the concern about environmental impacts of the decommissioning activities, NRC Staff concluded that these activities are bounded by issued generic environmental previously impact statements and did not find any deviations from previously issued environmental statement for SONGS. The petition manager offered Public Watchdogs the opportunity to address the PRB, to clarify or submit the petition in response to this assessment.

And Public Watchdogs request to address the PRB in person.

As a reminder for the phone participants, please identify yourself if you make any remarks as this will help us in the preparation of the meeting transcript that will be made publicly available. Thank you for your time and consideration.

Public Watchdogs, you now have the opportunity to provide any additional information for the PRB to consider as part of this petition. And there will be 35 minutes for your presentation.

21 MR. WOHLFORD: My name is Luke Wohlford 22 and I am one of the Attorneys representing Petitioner, 23 Public Watchdogs, in connection with the 10 CFR 2.206 24 petition submitted to the NRC on September 24th, 2019. 25 On behalf of Petitioner, I want to thank

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the Petition Review Board for this opportunity to both clarify this serious public health and safety issues raised in the 2.206 petition and to present supplemental information related to the petition, which was not available to Petitioners at the time the petition was filed nor available to the Petition Review Board at the time it made its preliminary decision not to accept the petition for review.

I will begin by summarizing and clarifying the issues raised in the 2.206 petition, and then I will follow that up with a discussion of supplemental information relevant to the petition that was not available to Petitioner at the time the petition was filed.

In its 2012 decision in New York v. NRC, the United States Court of Appeals from the District of Columbia Circuit cautioned that spent nuclear fuel poses a "dangerous long-term health and environmental risk. It will remain dangerous for time spans seemingly beyond human comprehension."

Despite the incalculable hazards posed by spent nuclear fuel, long-term storage and management of spent nuclear fuel has proven to be an intractable Sisyphean task in the United States. Decade long efforts by Congress, Federal Agencies and various

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1	stakeholders to construct a geological permanent
2	repository for the country's every growing stockpile
3	of spent nuclear fuel have been ineffective and no
4	viable plant currently exists for a permanent storage
5	solution.
6	Lacking a centralized permanent storage
7	solution, the NRC has permitted the vast majority of
8	the country's every growing stockpile of spent nuclear
9	fuel to be stored onsite at nuclear power plants across
10	the country.
11	When the nuclear power plant licensee
12	ceases operations, it is required by NRC regulations
13	to submit various plans and reports to the NRC.
14	Including a post-shutdown decommissioning activities
15	report, and a radiated fuel management plan and site
16	specific decommissioning processes.
17	Although it is understood by all in
18	government in the industry that there is currently no
19	permanent storage solution for spent nuclear fuel, or
20	even a meaningful progress toward a viable plan to
21	create one, licensee's routinely submit
22	decommissioning plans, which are predicated on the
23	false assumption that the spent nuclear fuel will be
24	removed from onsite storage facilities and transferred
25	to a centralized permanent repository in the relatively
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near future.

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The NRC, knowing full well that this fundamental predicate underling licensee's decommissioning plans is fanciful at best, routinely grants licensing amendments allowing licensees to implement these falsely predicated plans, effectively authorizing licensees to store spent nuclear fuel indefinitely without any plan or strategy for management or funding such indefinite storage operations.

This general policy of willful ignorance taints various aspects of the NRC's regulatory mandate related to the long-term storage and management of spent nuclear fuel. For instance, the NRC issues certificates of compliance for spent fuel storage systems and devices. Like the Holtec HI-STORM UMAX Canister Storage System and the Holtec MPC-37 canisters, which are currently in use at SONGS.

19 These systems and devices have limited 20 useful life spans and cannot safely store spent nuclear 21 fuel for its entire radioactive lifecycle. However, 22 based on the false premises of these systems and devices 23 will only be necessary for a relatively short time 24 frame, the NRC permits licensees to use them for onsite 25 storage of spent nuclear fuel without demonstrating

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16 any ability to replace them at the end of their useable life.

Similarly, the NRC regulation could require licensees to provide assurance that they have the financial capability to pay for the total cost of decommissioning and managing spent nuclear fuel. If the NRC permits licensees to provide these financial assurances based on the false premise that they will only be managing spent nuclear fuel onsite temporarily.

Quite simply, the NRC permits licensee's to implement falsely predicated decommissioning plans with little more than a faint hope that a permanent storage solution will become available when necessary or that the industry will develop the technological and financial capabilities to manage indefinite onsite storage of nuclear fuel if a permanent storage solution never comes available.

18 In her comments on the NRC's generic 19 environmental impact statement and continued storage 20 for spent nuclear fuel, former NRC Chairwoman, Allison 21 Macfarlane, issued a pressure warning regarding the 22 uncertainty and deficiencies in permitting licensees 23 to store spent nuclear fuel onsite indefinitely. 24 Specifically, Chairwoman Macfarlane 25 highlighted, one, the lack of experience and repeatedly

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repackaging spent fuel into new storage devices every time, two, the lack of a guarantee the responsible parties would pay for the cost of repackaging and return, and three, unforeseen events in our natural environment and society.

As Chairwoman Macfarlane warned, "decommissioned licensees will likely not have sufficient revenue to pay for the reoccurring expenses, such as repackaging of spent fuel, construction of dry transform facilities, an increase in security needs assumed in the GEIS.

The NRC's general policy of allowing licensees to implement falsely predicated decommissioning plans pose a serious public health and safety risk at all decommission nuclear facilities across the country. But it poses unique, particularly acute and holy unreasonable public health and safety risks at SONGS.

Like other decommissioning plans submitted to the NRC, the decommission plan for SONGS falsely assumes that the Department of Energy will begin accepting spent nuclear fuel from the industry by 2024. That all spent nuclear fuel will be transferred offsite by 2049 and that the site will be restored to a condition acceptable for unrestricted use by 2051.

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1	In other words, Licensee's entire
2	decommission plan is predicated on the arbitrary and
3	false assumption that spent nuclear fuel will be stored
4	at SONGS only for the next 30 years.
5	Situated only 108 feet from the pacific
6	ocean near one of California's most populated beaches,
7	within tsunami innovation zone and surrounding by
8	active fault lines, the SONGS independent fuel storage
9	insulation system is in perhaps the most perilous
10	location possible.
11	In considering licensee's application for
12	a coastal development permit to construct the SONGS
13	ISFSI, the California Coastal Commission discussed what
14	it considered to be reasonably foreseeable impacts of
15	the proposed development.
16	Specifically, the California Coastal
17	Commission found that "there remained a number of
18	significant uncertainties related to Edison's ability
19	to decommission and remove the ISFSI facility by 2051
20	as proposed. In the absence of the permanent federal
21	repository for spent nuclear fuel or the development
22	of some other federal, state or private interim offsite
23	interim storage facility, the SONGS spent fuel could
24	remain in the proposed ISFSI for many years beyond the
25	intended date of renewal.
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1	There is therefore the potential that the
2	proposed ISFSI site will be undermined by shoreline
3	retreat and/or subject to flooding as a result of sea
4	level rise, storm rains or tsunami event."
5	The potential consequences in flooding at
6	SONGS could be disastrous. Including, but not limited
7	to, deformation or rupture of the canisters and the
8	simultaneous release of radioactive geysers from the
9	ISFSI.
10	Because of the significant uncertainties
11	and risk associated with Licensee's decommissioning
12	plan, the California Coast Commission approved
13	licensee's development permit for a period of 20 years.
14	Notably, however, the California Coastal Commission
15	expressly did not assess the impact of any failure,
16	malfunction or defect in the proposed ISFSI system on
17	radiological safety because that assessment is within
18	the exclusive regulatory purview of the NRC.
19	To Petitioner's knowledge, the NRC also
20	has not connected a site specific analysis regarding
21	the unique geological coastal and other environmental
22	hazards posed by the location of the SONGS ISFSI, nor
23	has it required licensee's to provide any assurances
24	that the ISFSI will remain viable at that location
25	beyond 2051, when Licensees arbitrarily assume that
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1	all spent nuclear fuel be transferred offsite.
2	Petitioners therefore respectfully submit
3	that the NRC should immediately suspend all
4	decommissioning operations at SONGS, including all fuel
5	transfer operations, conducting environmental site
6	specific environmental impact statement and require
7	licensees to submit an amended decommission plan that,
8	one, provides reasonable assurance that the current
9	SONGS ISFSI will remain viable beyond 2051 and, two,
10	contains specific plans supported by objective evidence
11	demonstrating the Licensee will be able to safely
12	retrieve and transfer the spent nuclear fuel from the
13	SONGS ISFSI to another location, if and when that
14	becomes necessary.
15	Now, these public health and safety risks
16	posed by the location and the SONGS ISFSI are multiplied
17	by Licensee selection, defective canisters and
18	demonstrating a track record for negligence, if not
19	recklessness, and transferring the spent nuclear fuel
20	from the relative safety of the wet storage pools to
21	the SONGS ISFSI.
22	The NRC is fully aware, over a couple of
23	weeks in 2018 Licensee nearly dropped two fully loaded
24	canisters nearly 18 feet into the ISFSI when the
25	canisters become caught on a quarter inch deck sealed
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1	guide rail.
2	Although Licensees failed to timely
3	disclose these near disasters to the NRC, subsequent
4	investigation ultimately forced Licensees to admit not
5	that these near disasters had occurred, but also that
6	each and every canister that is buried in the SONGS
7	ISFSI is damaged to some extend during installation.
8	In addition, Licensees have publicly
9	admitted that they do not currently have technology
10	available to them that would allow them to retrieve
11	and repackage spent nuclear fuel into new canister if
12	a failure occurs or even if routine replacement is
13	required. And that any process for retrieving and
14	repackaging spent nuclear fuel that might eventually
15	be developed would require either a spent fuel pool
16	or a dry transfer station.
17	Nevertheless, in July 2019 the NRC
18	concluded that Licensees would resume, could resume
19	fuel transfer operations without supplying Licensees
20	to demonstrate their ability to retrieve and repackage
21	spent nuclear fuel being buried at SONGS. On the 10
22	CFR 72.122L, "storage systems must be designed to allow
23	ready retrieval of spent fuel, high level with

24 radioactive waste, and reactor-related GTCC waste for 25 further processing or disposal."

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By Licensee's own admission, the SONGS ISFSI does not satisfy this clear regulatory Accordingly, requirement. Petitioner respectful NRC immediately suspend requests that the all decommissioning operations, including all spent fuel transfer operations, until such time as Licensees have demonstrated that the SONGS ISFSI satisfies the retrievability requirements set forth in the NRC's regulations.

In addition to these serious public health and safety hazards, there's a serious question as to when the Licensees have provided or can provide the requisite assurance that they will have adequate financial resources to pay for the full cost of decommissioning and spent fuel management in SONGS.

Licensees decommissioning costs estimate estimates that the total cost of decommissioning and restoring the SONGS site to a condition suitable for unrestricted use will exceed \$4 million. \$1.3 billion of which is allocated to spent fuel management in 2049. This cost estimate is, again, based on the arbitrary assumption that the Department of Energy will begin accepting spent nuclear fuel from the industry in 2024 and that all spent nuclear fuel will be transferred from SONGS in an offsite storage facility

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1	by 2049.
2	Licensees have since updated their cost
3	estimate pushing back the anticipated date on which
4	the Department of Energy will begin accepting spent
5	nuclear fuel from the industry to 2028.
6	Notably, however, Licensees did not
7	provide the date by which they expect all spent nuclear
8	fuel to be removed from SONGS nor do they explain how
9	they will pay for the cost of spent fuel management
10	if an alternative storage solution does not become
11	available and spent fuel has to remain at SONGS beyond
12	2049.
13	NRC regulations expressly require
14	Licensees to provide assurance that they will have the
15	financial ability to pay for the entire cost of
16	decommissioning and spent fuel management.
17	Because it is all unlikely that spent
18	nuclear fuel will remain at SONGS beyond 2049, and
19	because Licensees has not provided any assurance that
20	they will have the financial ability to pay for the
21	cost of spent fuel management at SONGS beyond 2049,
22	Petitioner respectfully submits that the NRC should
23	immediately suspend all decommissioning and fuel
24	transfer operation at SONGS until such time as Licensees
25	provide the NRC with reasonable assurance supported
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1	by objective evidence that that will have the financial
2	ability to maintain and managing spent fuel beyond 2049.
3	All of these reasons, which are set forth
4	in detail in Petitioner's 2.206 petition, necessity
5	an immediate suspension in all decommissioning
6	operations at SONGS, including all fuel transfer
7	operations. And require the NRC to demand Licensee
8	to submit a decommission, amended decommissioning plan
9	that accounts for the reality that spent fuel will
10	likely be stored at SONGS indefinitely.
11	I would now like to briefly address recent
12	developments that have only intensified the urgent need
13	for the NRC to immediately suspend Licensees
14	decommissioning and fuel transfer operations.
15	Notably, these developments occurred after Petitioner
16	submitted its 2.206 petition and after the Petition
17	Review Board made its preliminary decision not to
18	petition for review.
19	Now, the Petition Review Board has not had
20	occasion to consider these facts in its review of
21	Petitioners' 2.206 petition. First, on December 4th,
22	2019 Edison submitted in an advice letter to the
23	California Coastal Commission, requesting
24	authorization to disburse \$405.5 million from the SONGS
25	decommissioning trust to pay for decommissioning and
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1	fuel transfer operations in 2020.
2	This requests amounted to nearly threefold
3	increase in Edison's previous estimate of 2020
4	decommissioning fuel transfer cost. Edison
5	represented to the Public Utilities Commission that
6	this significant increase was largely due to regulatory
7	delays and nearly a year long suspension for fuel
8	transfer operations following the "canister gambling
9	event in 2018."
10	Public Watchdogs objected to Edison's
11	request, and on January 6th, 2020, the Public Utilities
12	Commission suspended the request of disbursement by
13	up to 120 days, finding that Edison's advice letter
14	requires staff review.
15	During the course of the advice letter
16	process, Edison represented to the Department's
17	Utilities Commission that these funds were necessary
18	for it to continue its decommissioning and fuel transfer
19	operations.
20	As Edison currently does not have access
21	to funds and admits are necessary to continue its fuel
22	transfer operation, and it may not have access to such
23	firms for 120 days or potentially longer.
24	As already discussed, Petitioner
25	respectfully submits that the NRC should immediately
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1	suspend all decommissioning operations at SONGS until
2	Licensees provide reasonable assurance supported by
3	objective evidence if they lack the financial ability
4	to pay for the full cost of spent fuel storage and
5	management beyond 2049.
6	At a minimum, however, the NRC should
7	suspend all decommissioning and fuel transfer
8	operations at SONGS until such time that the Public
9	Utility's Commission releases the funds that Edison
10	has stated are necessary for us to continue
11	decommissioning the fuel transfer operations in 2020.
12	Allowing Licensees to continue fuel
13	transfer operations to provide access to the funds
14	necessary to pay for those operations would
15	significantly heighten the risk of those operations
16	to public health and safety as licensees would have
17	incentive to cut corners and ignore costly and time
18	consuming safety measures.
19	Plus, even if the NRC does not suspend all
20	decommissioning and fuel transfer operations until
21	Licensees provide the long-term financial assurances
22	required by NRC regulation that should at least suspend
23	all such operations until safety regulators have
24	authorized licensees to access the funds necessary to

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pay for those operations.

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1	Now, in addition to this recent suspension
2	and necessary decommissioning funds, Licensees have
3	also recently confirmed they intend to demolish the
4	wet storage pools at SONGS, once all spent nuclear fuel
5	is transferred to dry storage.
6	Licensees have represented to the 9th
7	Circuit Court of Appeals that they expect to remove
8	all spent nuclear fuel from the wet storage pools by
9	July or August of this year and that they will demolish
10	the wet storage pools shortly thereafter.
11	As I discussed previously, Licensees have
12	publicly acknowledged that they do not currently have
13	access to technology that would enable them to retrieve
14	and repackage the spent nuclear fuel stored at SONGS
15	in the Holtec canisters if that becomes necessary.
16	Once more, Licensees have acknowledged
17	that any such technology that might be developed in
18	the future would require either a wet storage fuel or
19	a dry transfer station.
20	NRC's regulations require storage systems
21	to be designed to allow ready retrievable spent fuel
22	for further process in their disposal. By Licensees
23	own public admissions, they do not currently have the
24	technological capability to retrieve and repackage the
25	spent fuel being buried at SONGS upon the failure of
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1	a canister or even if routine replacement became
2	necessary.
3	Moreover, by confirming that they intended
4	to demolish the wet storage pools in a matter of months,
5	Licensees admit that they intend to remove structures
6	that would be necessary for the retrieval and
7	repackaging of spent nuclear fuel, when such
8	technological capabilities are achieved.
9	This further supports Petitioner's request
10	to sustain all fuel transfer operations at SONGS until
11	Licensees demonstrate that they can satisfy the
12	retrievability requirements that are plainly set forth
13	in the NRC's regulations.
14	In closing, I want to be clear that the
15	Petitioner appreciates the incredibly difficult
16	challenges the NRC is facing because of our government's
17	failure to obtain a permanent storage solution for our
18	countries ever growing stockpile of spent nuclear fuel.
19	However, the NRC is advocating its
20	paramount responsibility to protect public health and
21	safety by allowing Licensees to bury spent fuel at SONGS
22	in one of the most dangerous locations imaginable and
23	defective and damaged canisters cannot be retrieved,
24	repaired or repackage. And based on a knowingly false
25	assertion that all spent nuclear fuel will be removed
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29 1 from SONGS and transferred to a permanent repository 2 in the relatively near future. 3 Where this might strike some as an abstract problem that will not require a solution for decades, 4 for the millions of people who live, work and play in 5 the vicinity of SONGS, Licensees' decommissioning 6 operations represent a luring eminent disaster that 7 8 threatens their homes, coast lines and their very lives. Given all the uncertainties surrounding 9 10 the SONGS decommissioning, with all the incalculable 11 potential risks posed by Licensees decommissioning and 12 fuel transfer operations, is it possible to comprehend why Licensees are in such a rush to move forward with 13 14 a falsely predicated decommission plan and burial of 15 spent nuclear fuel at SONGS. 16 The only reasonable, prudent and safe 17 course of actions for the NRC to immediately suspend 18 all decommissioning operations at SONGS and require 19 Licensees to submit an amended decommissioning plan 20 that accounts for the legality that spent nuclear fuel 21 will remain at SONGS indefinitely. 22 We thank you for the opportunity to make 23 this presentation and we'll follow up immediately after

24 this public meeting with a written supplement that 25 memorializes the points I've discussed today.

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1	I look forward to answering any questions
2	you might have and we look forward to your final decision
3	on this petition. Thank you.
4	CHAIR WILLIAMS: All right, thank you,
5	Luke. At this time, does the Staff here at NRC
6	headquarters have any question for the Petitioners?
7	All right.
8	Are there any questions from NRC Staff on
9	the phone?
10	Does the Licensees have any questions?
11	MR. BATES: This is Al Bates, we have no
12	questions or comments.
13	CHAIR WILLIAMS: All right, thank you, Al.
14	Before I conclude the meeting, members of the public
15	may provide comments regarding the petition and ask
16	questions about the 2.206 petition process.
17	However, as
18	MR. BLANCH: Yes, this is
19	CHAIR WILLIAMS: I apologize, I couldn't
20	hear what you said.
21	MR. BLANCH: Yes, this is Paul Blanch, I
22	have a brief statement that I would like to make
23	representing the Petitioners and supplementing the
24	previous presentation.
25	CHAIR WILLIAMS: Okay. Give me
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1	MR. BLANCH: If I may have your permission.
2	CHAIR WILLIAMS: Yes, give me one minute,
3	I need to finish one more sentence and then I'll turn
4	it over to you.
5	MR. BLANCH: Sure.
6	CHAIR WILLIAMS: As stated at the opening,
7	the purpose of this meeting is not to provide an
8	opportunity for the Petitioner or the public to question
9	or examine the PRB regarding the merits of the petition
10	request.
11	So at this time I'll, Paul, is it?
12	MR. BLANCH: Yes, it is.
13	CHAIR WILLIAMS: Okay. Go ahead.
14	MR. BLANCH: Yes, I'm representing Public
15	Watchdogs and there was two issues that I have. In
16	early October a Freedom of Information Act request was
17	submitted by Public Watchdogs. And that number is
18	2019-00441, with expedited processing granted by the
19	Freedom of Information Act Office.
20	That particular FOIA request requested the
21	identification of the current licensing basis that is
22	discussed and defined in 10 CFR 54.3. And that is to
23	have a complete understanding of what the regulatory
24	applications with regulations are applicable.
25	It's vital that we need a complete list
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1	of the current licensing basis that is defined in 54.3.
2	Our confusion is that portions of 10 CFR may or may
3	not apply. They may extend over to the ISFSI system.
4	Some of the ISFSI regulations defined in
5	10 CFR Part 72 may carry over into the 10 CFR 50 licensing
6	area.
7	That is one FOIA request that we absolutely
8	need. We cannot fully explain our petition unless we
9	know the applicable regulations.
10	The second is another Freedom of
11	Information Act request that I discussed with the FOIA
12	Office just last week. And his name was Mr. Wise in
13	the FOIA Office, was on the phone.
14	And that FOIA request was a request for
15	the flood analysis for the ISFSI system that the NRC
16	claims in NUREG-2214, has been conducted and is
17	available. Mr. Wise, the FOIA Office and I have
18	clarified what my needs were for that analysis. And
19	we are under a complete understanding of exactly what
20	is required.
21	We, as Public Watchdogs, need that analysis
22	requested under FOIA. Now, once we have that
23	information we may, or we may not, obtain additional
24	information that would supplement through our attorneys
25	or through an independent 2.206 additional concerns
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1	that we may have.
2	And management Directive 8.11 allows
3	supplements, but until we have that information from
4	the NRC we can't totally close the door, so I support
5	what our attorneys have just stated as far as their
6	requested action, however, depending on the NRC's
7	ability to provide the brief question information,
8	there may be more supplemental information forthcoming
9	on this particular 2.206 petition.
10	CHAIR WILLIAMS: All right, thank you.
11	So, I'm going to go back to the room. Is there anyone
12	in the room has any questions for Paul?
13	MR. ALLEN: This is Chris Allen, I'm the
14	project manager at NMSS. Mr. Blanch, you mentioned
15	a Mr. Wise. Would you happen to know Mr. Wise's first
16	name?
17	MR. BLANCH: His name is Charles, but this
18	conversation we had, obviously documented. He's, I'm
19	not even sure which branch of the NRC he's with. It's,
20	W-I-S-E, is his last name.
21	MR. ALLEN: Thank you.
22	MR. BLANCH: I think it's Charles.
23	MR. ALLEN: Okay, thank you.
24	MR. BLANCH: You're welcome.
25	CHAIR WILLIAMS: All right. Is there any
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1	other member of the public that wanted to make a
2	statement?
3	MS. GILMORE: Yes, this is Donna Gilmore.
4	Can you hear me?
5	CHAIR WILLIAMS: Yes, Donna.
6	MS. GILMORE: Yes. As Lee Brookhart, the
7	senior NRC, senior inspector said, these canisters
8	cannot be inspected by ASME codes, nuclear pressure
9	vessel codes.
10	It is just unconscionable that the NRC will
11	allow all the exemptions to minimum manufacturing
12	requirements, SME re-certification should be required.
13	I'm aware that CASTOR, that makes thick-walled casks,
14	already meets all ASME requirements so there is no
15	reason for the NRC to base their approvals on hope that
16	nothing is going to go wrong. Thank you.
17	CHAIR WILLIAMS: All right, thank you.
18	Is there any other person that would like to make a
19	statement? All right.
20	Public Watchdogs and their Attorney's, I
21	thank you for taking the time to provide the NRC Staff
22	with clarifying information on the petition that you've
23	submitted.
24	Following the meeting, the PRB will
25	consider the supplemental information presented during
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1	the meeting, together with the original petition, in
2	making its final recommendation on whether to accept
3	the petition for review.
4	Public Watchdogs will be informed of the
5	final recommendation. And the final recommendation
6	will then be documented in an acknowledgment letter
7	if the petition is accepted, or a closure letter, if
8	the petition is not accepted.
9	Before we close, does the court reporter
10	need any additional information for the meeting
11	transcript?
12	COURT REPORTER: No, I think I have
13	everyone who is on the line.
14	CHAIR WILLIAMS: All right. With that,
15	this meeting is concluded, and we will be terminating
16	the phone connection. Thank you for your time.
17	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went
18	off the record at 1:45 p.m.)
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