

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE 37401

400 Chestnut Street Tower II

December 14, 1982

Director of Licensing
Attention: Mr. Domenic B. Vassallo, Chief
Operating Reactors Branch No. 2
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, D.C. 20555

Dear Mr. Vassallo:

In the Matter of the	)	Docket Nos. 50-259
Tennessee Valley Authority	)	50-260
		50-296

By your letter dated July 22, 1982 to H. G. Parris, TVA received the draft technical evaluation report (TER) entitled "Control of Heavy Loads - NUREG-0554," on Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant. As a result of our review of the TER, a conference call was held with Fred Clemenson of the NRC staff on October 27, 1982. Specifically, Section 4.3, "Overall Evaluation and Recommendation," pages 32-34 of the TER was reviewed in the conference call to determine TVA compliance. Enclosed is an item-by-item description of TVA's responses which were presented to Mr. Clemenson in the conference call. It is our understanding these responses will fulfill the requirements of NUREG-0554 for the Browns Ferry Nuclear Plant.

If you have any questions, please call Jim Domer of my staff at FTS 858-2725.

Very truly yours,

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

L. M. Mills
L. M. Mills, Manager
Nuclear Licensing

Subscribed and sworn to before
me this 14th day of December 1982.

Paulette H. White
Notary Public

My Commission Expires 9-5-84

Enclosure
cc: See page 2

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Mr. Domenic B. Vassallo

December 14, 1982

cc (Enclosure):

U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Region II
ATTN: James P. O'Reilly, Regional Administrator
101 Marietta Street, Suite 3100
Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Mr. R. J. Clark
Browns Ferry Project Manager
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
7920 Norfolk Avenue
Bethesda, Maryland 20814

ENCLOSURE

NRC REQUIREMENTS

Brake modifications Bridge and trolley braking systems should be modified, as proposed by the Licensee, to provide control and holding brakes rated at 100% of maximum motor torque.

Test program The Licensee has agreed to perform a cold-proof test of the crane to satisfy NUREG-0554 requirements pertaining to brittle fracture. An expanded test program should be conducted which includes the verification of other aspects of crane design. Such a test should address:

1. Acceptable protection against brittle fracture by complying with the provisions of NUREG-0612, Article 2.4.1.
2. Verification that, following the failure of an active component of the drive system (bridge, trolley, or hoist drive motor or brake), either suitable procedures and physical features are available to repair or replace the failed component while the MCL is maintained in a stable condition or that, without repair, the MCL can be moved and placed in a safe laydown area. (Articles 3.4-1 and 8.2-3)
3. Verification of redundancy of electrical components (limit switches, relays) provided to prevent two-blocking and overload in the event of a load hangup. (Article 4.5-2)
4. Verification that maximum hoist stopping distance is acceptable (approximately 3 in). (Article 6.1-2)

TVA RESPONSE

Brake Modification--A Design Change Request (DCR) will be initiated by April 1, 1983 to update the reactor building crane bridge and trolley braking systems.

1. Cold-proof test--This test will be performed by March 1983.
2. This was performed during preoperational testing of the crane and is documented in Preoperational Test No. TVA-21 (attached).
3. This was performed during preoperational testing of the crane and is documented in Preoperational Test No. TVA-21A (attached).
4. This will be performed in conjunction with the cold-proof test.

NRC REQUIREMENTS

5. Verification that braking system design precludes inadvertent bridge, trolley, or hoist motions upon restoration of electrical power following an electrical power failure. (Article 5.1-3)

Post-test examination Following the operational/cold-proof test, a one time examination should be conducted to increase the assurance of future integrity of critical structural elements including the following:

1. A surface examination of accessible weldments in load-bearing joints.
2. A surface examination of the hook assembly to detect flaws affecting structural integrity.

Routine inspection The Licensee should institute an inspection program complying with the requirements of ANSI B30.2-1976, Chapter 2-2, enhanced to compensate for variations from NUREG-0554 requirements in certain areas.

1. Rope replacement criteria of ANSI B30.2-1976, Article 2-2.4.2, should be made more stringent to accommodate the differential between the NUREG-0554 requirement concerning the ratio of maximum load to breaking strength and that provided in the Browns Ferry crane.

TVA RESPONSE

5. TVA will review the design calculations and drawings to determine if any active components can be removed while suspending the MCL. Alternate mechanical applications to accomplish this requirement will also be reviewed. If no acceptable solution is derived from the above analysis, a system for moving the disabled bridge and/or trolley with MCL to a safe setdown area and mechanically lowering the load will be pursued. TVA expects to complete the above actions by April 1, 1983.

1. TVA will identify the critical load bearing welds and develop a procedure for visually inspecting all accessible load bearing welds. Also, TVA will perform nondestructive tests on some of the critical welds as necessary. TVA expects to complete the above actions by February 1, 1983, before cold-proof testing.
2. The hooks are inspected during the periodic inspection by means of magnetic particle testing (MT).

1. MMI-117 will be revised by April 1, 1983 to include the more stringent requirements.

NRC REQUIREMENTS

2. The periodic inspection requirements of ANSI B30.2-1976, Article 2-2.1.3, should be enhanced to include a visual inspection of accessible welded joints associated with load-bearing members to detect cracking in areas subject to potentially high residual stresses.

Lifting devices The acceptability of lifting devices, both those specially designed and general purpose devices (e.g., slings) should be established on the basis of conformance with ANSI N14.6-1978 or ANSI B30.9-1971, as appropriate, in accordance with the requirement of NUREG-0612. Dual attachment points should be provided for loads which, if dropped, could result in effects in excess of the criteria provided in NUREG-0612.

Miscellaneous

1. A label plate should be provided on the crane to clearly identify the MCL.
2. The Browns Ferry unit 1 crane cannot be found to satisfy single-failure-proof criteria for loads in excess of approximately 75 tons due to the lack of seismic analysis for such loads. The acceptability of this situation should be evaluated on the basis of additional information which should be required of the Licensee to identify:
 - o The weights of each load in excess of 75 tons expected to be carried.
 - o The duty cycle, or hours per year, each load in excess of 75 tons is expected to be carried.

TVA RESPONSE

2. MMI-117 will be revised by April 1, 1983 to include this inspection.

This item is being deferred as a response to NUREG-0612, pending TVA's review of the lifting devices.

1. A label plate will be provided by April 1, 1983.
2. The original seismic analysis of the reactor building crane was performed by idealizing the crane as a lumped-mass mathematical model. The stiffness of the model is the stiffness of the crane girders. The trolley was assumed to be rigid and was idealized in the mathematical model as rigid links connecting the crane girders. The trolley was assumed to be pinned to the crane girders in order to maximize the inertial affects of the trolley. The maximum load on the crane during a seismic event was assumed to be 150 kips, which is 60 percent of the design rated load.

NRC REQUIREMENTS

- o The estimated total duty cycle of the crane (i.e., hours/year the crane is expected to be under load).
- o The acceleration forces or recurrence interval associated with the seismic event during which the crane has been evaluated to be capable of carrying the MCL.

TVA RESPONSE

Seismic responses were calculated by use of the response spectrum method of analysis. Acceleration response spectra at the elevation of the runway were taken from the seismic analysis of the reactor building and used as input to the mathematical model. A damping value of one percent of critical damping was used in the response analysis for both the operating base earthquake and design base earthquake events.

The seismic loads were combined on an absolute basis with other loads in the appropriate loading combinations. Seismic loads from only one horizontal direction at a time were considered to occur simultaneously with the vertical direction.

Reanalyses of the crane and supporting structure were performed for 16 load cases in the vertical direction (four positions of crane on the supporting structure, two positions of trolley, and loaded and unloaded) and 8 cases in longitudinal (horizontal) (four positions on supporting structure and two positions of trolley).

The analyses were performed for a hook load of 105 tons which is 84 percent of design load. Damping values, load combinations and stress allowables are the same as original analyses. The results of the reanalysis revealed the crane is capable of maintaining the 105-ton hook load.

TVA-BROWNS FERRY

UNIT(S) 1, 2, 3

PREOPERATIONAL TEST NO. TVA- 21

TITLE: Reactor Building Crane

REVISION: 0

PREPARED BY: L. J. Johnson and L. H. Clark

SUBMITTED BY: R. T. Bathcote April 24, 1971
Date

TEST PROCEDURE APPROVALS:

W.P. Kellegren
TVA Construction Project Manager 8/10/71
Date

SITE AUTHORIZATION TO PERFORM TEST:

W.P. Kellegren
TVA Construction Project Manager 10/4/71
Date

H.J. Green
TVA Plant Superintendent 10/15/71
Date

CERTIFICATION OF TEST COMPLETION AND RESULTS

This test has been conducted in accordance with this procedure, and the system and equipment have met the requirements contained herein. Exceptions, if any, are listed in Appendix B.

Preop Test Engineer, TVA

Construction Project Manager, TVA

Plant Superintendent, TVA

Sam Given, Jr. Date 2-22-72
W.P. Kellegren Date 2-22-72
H.J. Green Date 5/20/72

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THE INSPECTOR'S GUIDE
PREOPERATIONAL TEST NO. 10A-01
BRACON BUILDING CODE

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See change
No. 1

1.0 PURPOSE

This test is designed to verify that the 125-ton Reactor Building crane will operate in good mechanical and electrical condition and that it handles its rated capacity.

This preop test will be scheduled concurrently with the acceptance test and the data necessary for acceptance on the 125-ton crane will also satisfy requirements of the preop test. Only the full load portion of the acceptance test is applicable to this preop.

In addition to the acceptance requirements, an inspection of mechanical and electrical equipment will be made.

2.0 REFERENCES

(See Appendix A)

3.0 PREREQUISITES

3.1 Construction testing complete and permanent power available.

Verified Lulu H. Clark Date 6/23/71

* 3.2 The crane emergency stop stations along north wall should be checked for proper operation. See Appendix B.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 8/30/72

* See exception sheet of

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4.0 PRELIMINARY

- 4.1 All tests will be made in an area away from the reactor pressure vessel and the fuel storage pool.
- 4.2 During the pendant control test, an operator should be in the crane cab.
- 4.3 Test area roped off and warning signs posted.

5.0 SPECIAL EQUIPMENT

- 5.1 Stopwatch
- 5.2 50' tape
- 5.3 Optical level
- 5.4 4 ft. steel scale
- 5.5 Voltmeter
- 5.6 Clamp on AC and DC ammeter
- 5.7 Bridge stops and limit switch tabs
- 5.8 Test weights

6.0 TEST PROCEDURE

6.1 Preoperational Inspection

See change
A6-1

6.1.1 Mechanical

Mechanical features to be inspected and tested for proper function shall include wire ropes, rope anchors, main hoist lower block and upper sheave nest, main hoist equalizing cylinder system, gear reducers, couplings, hold down bolts and shear bars for bearing, and tie down cables for trolley and bridge.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 9/14/71

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Rev. Change 6.1.2
No. 1

Essential functions inspected and tested per crane
functions shall include limit switches, emergency stop
breaking, all motor brakes, primary control slack lock,
emergency control from pendant of all motions except the
main hoist, and lights.

Verified John H. Clark Date 9/14/71

6.2 Preoperational Test

Perform acceptance test as described in acceptance test procedure
attached to this document as appendix C.

7.0 CERTIFICATION

This certifies that the Reactor Building crane has been tested in
accordance with this procedure and satisfactorily performed its
designed functions during all modes of testing.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 9/14/71
John H. Clark

8.0 RETURN SYSTEM TO NORMAL CONDITIONS

After the preoperational test is completed, the crane should be
returned to normal conditions; either to normal operation or shutdown.
If crane is shut down, pendant hoist should be raised to stored
position, lights turned off, and main power switch turned off.

9.0 DATA SHEETS

The data required for this test will be recorded on data sheets
included in acceptance test procedure (appendix C).

HANCOCK FERRY NUCLEAR PLANT
 PREOPERATIONAL TEST NO. TVA-21
 REACTOR BUILDING CRANE

AS-CONSTRUCTED DRAWING LIST

GE Drawing	36D-874821	Operating Notes, Sheet 1
"	"	One Line Dwg., Sheet 1
"	"	Main & Aux. Hoist Control, Sheet 2
"	"	Main & Aux. Regulator, Sheet 3
"	"	Bridge Control, Sheet 4
"	"	Trolley Control, Sheet 5
"	"	Interconnection, Sheet 6
"	"	Main & Aux. Hoist Connection, Sheet 7
"	"	Bridge Connection, Sheet 8
"	"	Trolley Connection, Sheet 9
"	"	Main & Aux. Hoist Reg. Connection, Sheet 10
"	"	Bridge Reg. Connection, Sheet 11
"	"	Trolley Reg. Connection, Sheet 12

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REACTOR BUILDING CRANE REFERENCES

- A. TVA Specification 9963
- B. TVA Test Procedure for Acceptance Tests for 125-ton Reactor Building Crane
- C. Contractor Instruction and Maintenance Manual
- D. TVA Contract 69C37-64542
- E. TVA Drawing 44E220 - Reactor Building 125-Ton Crane
- F. TVA Drawing 44E221 - Reactor Building 125-Ton Crane
- G. TVA Drawing 44E222 - Reactor Building 125-Ton Crane

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ENGINE TEST REPORT FORM

UNIT 2-3

TEST PROCEDURE FOR ACCEPTANCE TESTS

FOR

125-TON REACTOR BUILDING CRANE

Submitted T. S. Dougherty
Supervisor, Heavy Equipment

Reviewed J. B. Anderson
Principal Mechanical Engineer
(Heavy Equipment)

Approved S. K. Kiser
Lead Mechanical Engineer
(Heavy Equipment)

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All tests are to be made in an area away from the station pressure vessel and the fuel storage pool. Before beginning any tests, the emergency disconnects along the north wall should be checked for operation. An operator is to be in the crane cab when the crane is being tested from the pendant control station.

NO LOAD - PENDANT CONTROL

With no load on the hooks, test operation of the following functions.

1. Bridge travel - Each direction
2. Trolley travel - Each direction
3. Auxiliary hoist - Raise and lower
4. Pendant hoist - Raise and lower
5. Crane bridge lights
6. Main supply switch

NO LOAD - CAB CONTROL

With no load on the hooks and the pendant control in its storage position, test operation of the following functions.

1. Main hoist - Raise and lower
2. Auxiliary hoist - Raise and lower
3. Bridge travel - Each direction
4. Trolley travel - Each direction
5. Crane bridge lights
6. Pendant hoist - Lower and raise

Operate each travel drive and main hoist drive independently for 10 minutes. During and immediately after the operating period for each movement, check all parts subject to heating to detect any excessive heating. All overheating conditions found during the checks should be corrected before beginning the loaded tests. During the operating periods, check all movements for smooth acceleration, deceleration, and braking. Check each hook for its minimum high hook position and total hook travel as shown on TVA drawing 44N220R0. Check the main hoist equalizing cylinder during maximum travel of main hook to see that the piston does not bottom-out.

Operate trolley for total length of bridge and check hook approach at extreme travel at each end. The minimum hook coverage should be as shown on TVA drawing 44N220R0. During this operation, check trolley for skewing by measuring each side of the trolley from a fixed point before and after traversing the bridge. Stop the trolley at the north end of the bridge and check the emergency tiedown device on both sides of the trolley. Check the trolley travel limit switch on each side of the trolley for operation at maximum travel at each end of bridge.

Operate bridge over the available length of the reactor building and check hook approaches at extreme travel. The minimum hook coverage should be as shown on TVA drawing 44N220R0. During this operation, check bridge for skewing by measuring each end of the bridge from a fixed point before and after the crane travels the maximum distance in both directions. Stop the crane at the west end of the reactor building and check the

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NO LOAD - CRANE OPERATION (continued)

emergency tiedown device on either end of the bridge. Check the bridge travel limit switch on each end of the bridge for operation at maximum bridge travel.

Test each hoist for empty hook speed for both raising and lowering. The contract specifications require that the maximum empty hook hoisting and lowering speed of each hoist be not less than 3 times its full-load hoisting speed.

Check the bridge and trolley for travel speed. Determine the lowest and highest speed for each motion.

Check operation of lights in cab and under crane girder walkways.

Check operation of electrically operated horn. This horn is to sound whenever the bridge travel circuit is energized or when the horn button on the pendant control or in the cab is actuated.

WITH LOAD

Hoists

Each hoist brake is to be set for 150 percent of the rated full-load torque of the connecting motor, and the secondary brake for each hoist is to be timed to set only after the hoist motor has stopped. The suggested initial setting for the timer for each hoist secondary brake is 1-1/2 seconds. The final setting for the timer is to be determined by operation. After testing each hoist at rated capacity, the first electric holding

brake is to be checked so that it can be set and kept adjusted so that the hoist is stopped using only the secondary brake while operating at rated capacity.

Each main and auxiliary hoist is to be tested with loads of 85, 100, and 125 percent rated capacity. For the main hoists, these loads are 91.25, 125, and 156.25 tons respectively. For the auxiliary hoists, these loads are 1.25, 5, and 6.25 tons respectively. Each hoist is to be tested for the following with the three listed loads (except as noted).

1. Maximum speed, hoisting and lowering.
2. Minimum vertical movement when starting from rest, hoisting.
3. Minimum vertical movement when starting from rest, lowering.
4. Smooth acceleration and deceleration.
5. Speed control when lowering at intermediate speeds.
6. Float of load for 75 seconds (for rated load only).

Also, all elements of both hoists are to be checked for excessive heating after raising and lowering the rated load two times in succession from the operating floor to high hook position.

Section 61 of the contract specifications requires that the vertical movement of each hoist be controllable within 1/16 inch when starting from rest for lowering or hoisting.

During the hoist tests the motor and generator current readings for each MG set are to be recorded.

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Bridge and Trolley Brakes

Each trolley travel brake is to be set at 75 percent of the rated full-load torque of the drive motor, and the secondary brake is to be timed to set only after the motor has stopped. The suggested initial setting for the timer for the secondary brake is 1-1/2 seconds. After testing the crane with main hook rated capacity, the first trolley drive brake is to be blocked so that it cannot set and the trolley drive motor is to be stopped using only the secondary brake while operating with main hook rated capacity.

The brake for the bridge drive motor, located on the west girder, is to be set at 50 percent of the rated full-load torque of its drive motor. The brake for the other bridge drive motor is to be set at 100 percent of the rated full-load torque of its drive motor, and this brake is to be timed to set only after the crane has stopped. The suggested initial setting for this timer is 3 seconds. After testing the crane with main hook rated capacity, the brake on the west side drive is to be blocked so that it cannot set and the bridge is to be stopped using only the secondary brake while operating with main hook rated capacity.

Each travel motion is to be tested with the main hook loaded with the three listed loads for smooth acceleration and braking, for the maximum speed in both directions, and for minimum movement when starting from rest. Section 61 of the contract specifications requires that each travel motion be controllable within 1/4 inch when starting from rest.

During each travel test, current readings are to be recorded for the trolley drive motor and each bridge drive motor.

Check bridge and trolley for skew by measuring each end of bridge and trolley from a fixed point before and after the loaded tests.

Check deflection of bridge girders at the mid-point with rated load on main hook and with trolley at quarter-point and mid-point.

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Date Sheet 9.1

RE TEST

1.0 PENDANT CONTROL

1.1 Initial Conditions

1.1.1 No load on hooks

1.1.2 Operator in cab

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 9/14/71

1.2 Verify that the following features operate satisfactorily from the pendant control

Feature	Operates Properly	Checked By:	Remarks
Bridge Travel (Each direction)	Yes		
Trolley Travel (Each direction)	Yes		
Auxiliary Hoist (Raise and lower)	Yes		
* Pendant Hoist (Raise and lower)	Motor does not work in lower		Electricians to check 3-phase wiring
Crane Bridge Lights	Yes		
Main Supply Switch	Yes		
Horn	Yes		

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 9/14/71

1.3 Verify that cab controls are inoperative when the pendant control is lowered from its storage position.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 9/14/71

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* see exception sheet #2

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Table Sheet 9.8

2.0 CAB CONTROL

2.1 Initial Conditions

2.1.1 No load on hooks

2.1.2 Pendant control in stored position

2.2 Verify that the following features operate satisfactorily and show no evidence of excessive heating during operation from the cab.

Feature	Checked By:	Operates Properly	Remarks
Trolley Travel	REY	✓	None
Bridge Travel	"	✓	"
Main Hoist Travel	"	✓	"
Auxiliary Hoist Travel	"	✓	"

2.3 Trolley Operation

2.3.1 Trolley operates smoothly during acceleration, deceleration, and braking.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.3.2 Minimum hook coverage.

	NORTH END Distance from centerline of bridge rail to center- line of hook.	SOUTH END Distance from centerline of bridge rail to center- line of hook.
Hoist		
Main	7'-6"	6'-6"
Auxiliary	3'-3"	11'-0"

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6-8-71

2.3.3 Check trolley for shoving

	East Side	West Side	Difference (East-West)
Prior to Run	12'	12'-1/2"	1/2"
After Run	12'	12'-3/4"	3/4"

1/4" Amount
of Shove

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.3.4 Trolley emergency tie-down devices are present and operable.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.3.5 Trolley limit switches operate properly.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.3.6 Trolley speed (design 10 to 15 fpm)

Distance 10 ft. Time 1 min. Rate 10 fpm

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.4 Bridge Operation

2.4.1 Bridge operates smoothly during acceleration, deceleration, and braking.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.4.2 Minimum hook coverage

WEST END		EAST END	
Distance from R 1-1/4 Line		Distance from R 6-3/4 Line	
Design	Actual	Design	Actual
16'9"	16'9"	15'0"	15'0"

Inspection Report with comments of each item
 crane travel with respect to

2.4.3 Check bridge for shoving

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

	North End	South End	Difference (North-South)
Prior to Run	6'-0"	6'-2-1/2"	2-1/2
After Run	6'-0"	6'-3-1/2"	3-1/2

1" Amount
of Shove

2.4.4 Bridge emergency tie-down devices are present and operable.
 Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.4.5 Bridge limit switches operate properly.
 Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.4.6 Bridge travel speed (design 50 to 60 fpm).
 Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.5 Hoist Operation
 Distance 10 ft. Time 10 sec. Rate 60 fpm

2.5.1 Hoist Speeds

2.5.1.1 Main hoist (design 15 to 18 fpm)

	Distance	Time	min.	Speed
Hoisting	<u>5'-6"</u>	<u>min.</u>		<u>5'-6" fpm</u>
Lowering	<u>6'-0"</u>	<u>min.</u>		<u>6 fpm</u>

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

2.5.1.2 Auxiliary hoist (design 60 to 75 fpm)

	Distance	Time	min.	Speed
Hoisting	<u>22 ft.</u>	<u>min.</u>		<u>22 fpm</u>
Lowering	<u>22 ft.</u>	<u>min.</u>		<u>22 fpm</u>

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

See exception sheet

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2.5.2 High Hook Position

- 2.5.2.1 Main hoist (distance above 60' elev.) 30' (design 30')
- 2.5.2.2 Auxiliary hoist (distance above 60' elev.) 30' (design 30')
- 2.5.2.3 Upper hoist limit switches set and operate properly.

Hoist	Rotary	Counterweight
Main	✓	✓
Auxiliary	✓	✓

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 4/9/71

2.5.3 Total Hook Travel

- 2.5.3.1 Main hoist: extreme lower elevation 565'0" (design 565')
- 2.5.3.2 Auxiliary hoist: extreme lower elevation 565'0" (design 565')
- 2.5.3.3 Lower hoist limit switches set and operate properly.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 4/8/71

- 2.5.4 Lower main hook to its lowest point and insure cabling is free from interference and/or rubbing at each access hatch opening, and hoist drum area.

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 4/8/71

Data Sheet 9.3

LOAD TEST

(145 ton rated load used)

3.0 BRAKE TEST

3.1 Hoist brakes operate satisfactorily.

Hoist	Brakes	
	Holding	Secondary
Main	✓	✓
Auxiliary	✓	✓

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

3.2 Bridge and trolley brakes operate satisfactorily.

Bridge	Drive Brake	Secondary Brake
Bridge	✓	✓
Trolley	✓	✓

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

3.3 Hoist Test

3.3.1 Main hoist

3.3.1.1 Hoisting speed - design 5 to 6 fpm

Distance 6 ft. Time min. Speed 5 fpm

3.3.1.2 Lowering speed - design 5 to 6 fpm

Distance 8 ft. Time min. Speed 8 fpm

3.3.1.3 Minimum vertical movement

(design 1/16") Up 1/16" Down 1/16"

3.3.1.4 First load (design 75 sec min.) 20 sec.

Remarks: None

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3.3.1.5 Main motor accelerated and decelerated smoothly.

3.3.1.6 Current readings: Motor 120 amps Generator 100 amps
max. load

Verified John H. Clark Date 6/25/71

* 3.3.2 Auxiliary hoist

3.3.2.1 Hoisting speed - design 20 to 25 fpm

Distance 16 ft. Time min. Speed 18 fpm

3.3.2.2 Lowering speed - design 20 to 25 fpm

Distance 30 ft. Time min. Speed 30 fpm

3.3.2.3 Minimum vertical movement

(design 1/16") Up 1/16" Down 1/16"

3.3.2.4 Float load: Time 90 sec. (75 sec min.)

Remarks: None

3.3.2.5 Auxiliary hoist accelerated and decelerated smoothly.

3.3.2.6 Current readings: Motor 29 amps Generator 48 amps
max. load

Verified John H. Clark Date 6/25/71

4.0 BRIDGE AND TROLLEY

4.1 Travel Speed

	Distance	Time	Actual	Speed Design
Bridge	60	min	60 fpm	60 fpm
Trolley	50	min	50 fpm	50 fpm

Verified Barry E. Young Date 6/8/71

4.2 Minimum movement (starting from rest, design 1/4").

Bridge 1/4 in.

Trolley 1/4 in.

* see exception sheet #4

4.3 Skidding

4.3.1 Bridge

	North End	South End	Difference (North-South)
Prior to Run	6'-0"	6'-1/2"	1/2"
After Run	6'-0"	6'-1-1/2"	1-1/2"

1" Amount
of Skew

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6-8-71

4.3.2 Trolley

	East Side	West Side	Difference (East-West)
Prior to Run	6'-0"	6'-1/2"	1/2"
After Run	6'-0"	6'-3/4"	3/4"

1/4" Amount
of Skew

Verified Ronald E. Young Date 6/8/71

4.4 Current Readings

4.4.1 Trolley drive motor 9 amps - max load

4.4.2 Bridge drive motor Right 24 amps, left 18 amps
max load

Verified John H. Church Date 6/23/71

5.0 BRIDGE DEFLECTION

5.1 No Load Readings

5.1.1 End of girder	<u>.085"</u>
5.1.2 Quarter point	<u>.242"</u>
5.1.3 Mid-point	<u>.573"</u>

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Location	Mid	Quarter Point	Design
Mid Span	.005	.009	.013
Quarter Point	.005	.000	.000

Maximum deflection at mid-point: .722" with 196.25 tons
 Maximum deflection at quarter point: .456" with Design 196.25 tons

Verified Ronald E. Yagata 6/8/71

000300 313

PROVISIONAL TEST NO. TVA-21A

TEST NO. 2

DESIGNED BY J. E. Jones

October 25, 1975

SUBMITTED BY: M. N. Sanger

1-9-76
Date

TEST PROCEDURE APPROVALS:

R. J. Shepherd
TVA Construction Project Manager

4/18/75
Date

SITE AUTHORIZATION TO PERFORM TEST:

W. E. Jones
TVA Plant Superintendent

2-31-75
Date

R. J. Shepherd
TVA Construction Project Manager

4/1/75
Date

CERTIFICATION OF TEST COMPLETION AND RESULTS

This test has been conducted in accordance with the procedure, and the systems and equipment have met the requirements contained herein. Exceptions, if any, are listed in the appendix sheet.

Preop Test Engineer, TVA
Construction Project Manager, TVA
Plant Superintendent, TVA

Frank E. Jones
R. J. Shepherd
W. E. Jones

Date 4/18/75
Date 4/20/75
Date 4/20/75

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- 1.0 PURPOSE
2.0 REFERENCES
3.0 PREREQUISITES
4.0 PRECAUTIONS
5.0 SPECIAL TEST EQUIPMENT
6.0 SYSTEM AND COMPONENT TESTS
7.0 RETURN SYSTEM TO NORMAL
8.0 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA
9.0 DATA SHEETS

Appendix A - References

Appendix B - Functional Drawings

Appendix C - Permanent Instrument Calibration

Appendix D - Interface Statement

Appendix E - Exceptions

Appendix F - Special Test Equipment

Appendix G - GE 36A348166AB, Special Manufacturers Instructions

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1.0 PURPOSE

This test is designed to verify that the additional safety features for the all-terrain crawler crane for the reactor building, specifically that the crane is in good mechanical and electrical condition.

2.0 REFERENCE

(See Appendix A)

3.0 PREREQUISITES

3.1 Electric power must be available to operate crane equipment.

Verified By D. N. Jant Date 4/10/75

3.2 Modifications to crane in accordance with contract 72C33-75467 shall be complete in its entirety before the preoperational safety test is performed.

Verified By D. N. Jant Date 4/10/75

3.3 Visual inspection is to be performed prior to the operational tests.

3.3.1 The inspection should include inspection of the main hoist equalizing cylinders, backup brake, lower block and upper sheave nest, and the auxiliary hoist backup brake to see that hold-down bolts, shear pins, dowel pins, keeper plates, and similar parts are in place and are not loose or damaged.

Verified By Jimmy Robinson Date 4/10/75

3.3.2 Inspect for damage

- a. Main and auxiliary hoist backup brakes.
- b. Main hoist ropes.
- c. Main hoist blocks.
- d. Equalizer system.
- e. Main hoist drum and reeving.
- f. All belted parts and connections of modifications.
- g. Drum dropdown plates.

Verified By Jimmy Robinson Date 4/10/75

... corrections.

4.2 All personnel should remain clear of the crane during tests, and the tests should be conducted in an area that will cause the least interference with other plant operations.

4.2 After adjustments and tests have been made, all guards must be replaced and all safety devices reactivated before the crane is operated.

5.0 SPECIAL TEST EQUIPMENT

5.1 Test instruments required for this test will be standard equipment from project supply room.

5.2 Accuracy of stock instruments will be adequate.

6.0 TEST PROCEDURE

6.1 All functions of the crane modifications related to safe operation will be tested or checked.

6.2 Verify the following:

6.2.1 Verify the ability of each hoist backup brake to independently stop a rated load from full lowering speed within a distance of 6 inches. The ~~OVERSPEED~~ dynamic braking is to be disabled for this test. NOTE: The regenerative braking is still operable in this test.

Verified by Frank E. Denny Date 4/17/75

6.2.2 Verify the ability of the mechanical overspeed switch to cut the hoist power and set hoist brakes if speed reaches 125 percent of rated speed in either direction. NOTE: See GE instructions 36A348166AB, item 2.

Verified by Frank E. Denny Date 4/16/75

Verify that max. hoist pot P1 is returned to normal setting and speed is correct.

Verified by Frank E. Denny Date 4/16/75

6.2.3 Verify the ability of the phase reversal relay to prevent the manual magnetic disconnect switch from being energized when the 480 volt AC supply line phase is reversed.

Verified by Frank E. Denny Date 4/18/75

6.2.4 Verify the functioning of the drive stop or reverse command backup circuits for each drive. NOTE: See GE instruction 36A348166AB, item 3.

Verified by Frank E. Denny Date 4/18/75

6.2.5 Verify the operation of the emergency stop button. The button should stop the crane and the hoist should be able to be restarted by the operator. Verify the emergency stop button is located in the operator's cab and the emergency stop button is labeled "EMERGENCY STOP".

Verified By Frank E. Denny Date 4/18/75

6.2.6 Verify the trip setting and functioning of the emergency stop relays. NOTE: See GE Instructions M33451000, Item 1.

Verified By Frank E. Denny Date 4/18/75

6.3 Measurements shall be taken to verify:

- a. Hoist backup brakes adjusted to their design settings. Each backup brake adjusted to the percentage of its drive motor rated full load torque as follows:

- (1) Main hoist backup brake set at 150 percent or 400 ft/lbs.

Verified By Frank E. Denny Date 4/18/75

- (2) Auxiliary hoist backup brake set at 150 percent or 70 ft/lbs.

Verified By Frank E. Denny Date 4/18/75

7.0 RETURN SYSTEM TO NORMAL

After the preoperational test is completed, the crane should be returned to normal conditions; either to normal operation or shutdown. If crane is shutdown, pendant hoist should be raised to stored position, lights turned off, and main power switch turned off.

8.0 ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

This verifies that the 125-ton reactor building crane has been tested in accordance with this procedure and satisfactorily performed its designed functions during all modes of testing.

Verified By Frank E. Denny Date 4/18/75

9.0 DATA SHEETS

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1.1 Hoist backup brake (Main) (125 ton rated load used)

Lowering speed - design 30 to 40 fpm

Distance 1/2 inches to stop from full speed

1.2 Hoist backup brake (Main) (125 ton rated load used)

Lowering speed - design 30 to 40 fpm

Distance 1/2 inches to stop from full speed

1.3 Hoist backup brake (Auxiliary) (5 ton rated load used)

Lowering speed - design 60 to 70 fpm

Distance 1/2 inches to stop from full speed

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PREOPERATIONAL TEST NO. TBA-51A, UNIT 3

REACTOR BUILDING CRANE

REVISIONS

TVA Drawings

Reactor Building, 125-Ton Crane,
Hoist Modifications, SH-1

44N224-1

Reactor Building, 125-Ton Crane,
Hoist Modifications, SH-2

44N224-2

TVA Contracts and Specifications

TVA Contract Numbers

69C37-64542 and
72C33-75467

TVA Specification Numbers

9563 and 33-75467

TVA Test Procedures

Acceptance Test Procedures for the Additional Safety Features for
the 125-Ton Reactor Building Crane.

Contractor and Subcontractor Information

Instructions and Maintenance Manual TVA Contract 69C37-64542.

Contractor Instruction TVA Contract 72C33-75467.

General Electric Field Testing Instruction GE Drawing 36A348166AB.

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WANTED FOR

RENT

RENT

RENT

RENT

None Required

010178 0434

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Not Required

*Verification by the file custodian that the instrument calibration record is on file.

Certification by the test engineer that the file custodian verified that instrument calibration records are on file.

Certified By _____ Date _____

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NOT RECORDED

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PERFORMANCE TEST NO. TGA-21A, UNIT 3

CRASHOR BUILDING CRASH

EXCEPTIONS

This system fulfills all requirements as indicated in the program, test procedure, and each variance to the procedure as reported has been accounted for either with an approved change or has been listed on this exception sheet.

Rand E. Denny
Test Engineer

ABC

000178 0457

DISPOSITION OF EXCEPTIONS

_____ Project Manager, DEC

_____ Plant Superintendent, DPP

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OPERATIONAL TEST NO. TWA-21A, PAGE 3

INSTRUMENT NAME

SPECIAL TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

INSTRUMENT
NAME

Separate

INSTRUMENT
NAME

ISTW 320441

CALIBRATION VERIFIED •
VERIFIED BY/DATE

Frank E. Denny
4-15-75

CHECKED BY/DATE

Frank E. Denny
4-15-75

000179 0453

*Verification by the file custodian that the instrument calibration record is on file per BF-57.

**Certification by the test engineer that the file custodian verified that the instrument calibration record is on file.

-10-

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PROFESSIONAL TEST NO. TVA-21A, WTY 2

REACTOR BUILDING CODE

SPECIAL HANDLING AND STORAGE

1. CH-26A34816448 - Attached.

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9. OPERATIONAL CHECK RELAYS

9.1 THE OPERATIONAL CHECK TIME DELAY RELAY SHOULD BE ADJUSTED TO TIME
 ONE MINUS 1/8 SECOND LONGER THAN THE NORMAL STOPPING TIME.

9.2 OPERATE EACH DRIVE AT TOP SPEED NO LOAD. RETURN THE MASTER SWITCH
 QUICKLY TO THE "OFF" POSITION, AND OBSERVE THE TIME REQUIRED FOR
 THE DRIVE TO DECELERATE AND SET THE MECHANICAL BRAKE. (NOTE A
 SPIND RECORDER CONNECTED TO ARMATURE VOLTAGE IS A CONVENIENT
 METHOD OF MEASURING DECELERATION TIME.) TWO OR THREE STOPS SHOULD
 BE CHECKED TO INSURE OBTAINING A REPRESENTATIVE TIME.

9.3 MANUALLY PICK UP THE TIME DELAY RELAYS AND ADJUST THE HOIST,
 BRIDGE AND TROLLEY RELAYS (H-TD, T-TD & T-TD) TO OBTAIN A DROP OUT
 TIMES WHICH 1/2 TO 1 SECOND LONGER THAN THE RESPECTIVE DECELERATION
 TIMES.

2.1 sec 3.2 sec 3.2 sec set times

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