DUKE POWER COMPANY

POWER BUILDING

422 SOUTH CHURCH STREET, CHARLOTTE, N. C. 28242

CHURCH STREET, CHAR

WILLIAM O. PARKER, JR VICE PRESIDENT STEAM PRODUCTION May 18, 1981

TELEPHONE: AREA 704 373-4083

OFFICIAL COPY

81-011-03LV

Mr. James P. O'Reilly, Director U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region II 101 Marietta Street, Suite 3100 Atlanta, Georgia 30303

. 10-721

Re: Oconee Nuclear Station Docket No. 50-287



Dear Mr. O'Reilly:

Please find attached Reportable Occurrence Report RO-287/81-03, Revision 1. This revision to the original report, submitted to your office on March 12, 1981, revises the corrective action section of the subject report. This report is submitted pursuant to Oconee Nuclear Station Technical Specification 6.6.2.1(2), which concerns operation in a mode less conservative than the least conservative aspect of a LCO, and describes an incident which is considered to be of no significance with respect to its effect on the health and safety of the public.

Very truly yours,

William O. Farker, Jr. ly &

JLJ:scs Attachment

cc: Director
Office of Management & Program Analysis
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, D. C. 20555

Mr. Bill Lavallee Nuclear Safety Analysis Center P. O. Box 10412 Palo Alto, California 94303

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# DUKE POWER COMPANY OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION UNIT 3

Report Number: RO-287/81-03, Revision 1

Report Date: May 18, 1981

Occurrence Date: February 26, 1981

Facility: Oconee Unit 3, Seneca, South Carolina

Identification of Occurrence: Over-Pressurization of "B" OTSG Secondary Side

Conditions Prior to Occurrence: Cold Shutdown

## Description of Occurrence:

At apprixomately 1600 hours on February 26, 1981, the Unit 3 "B" Steam Generator was pressurized to 550 psig. The Steam Generator was overfilled, and water got in the main steam line. This was a violation of Technical Specification 3.1.2.4 and is thus reportable pursuant to Technical Specification 6.6.2.1.a(2).

#### Apparent Cause of Occurrence:

This incident was apparently caused by the startup control valve leaking through and filling the "B" OTSG and main steam line. Since nothing could be found wrong with the control valve either electrically or mechanically, the reason for the excess valve leakage is unknown. However, the leakage through the control valve is not inconsistent with the design of the valve (i.e. the valve is not designed to shut off flow completely). Thus the major cause of the incident was the result of a procedural deficiency in that the block valves are not specified as shut in that particular mode of operation.

#### Analysis of Occurrence:

No systems or piping were damaged by this incident. The integrity of the main steam lines, hangers, inspection and the OTSG itself were verified by inspection and analyses. Thus, this incident was of no significance with respect to safe operation, and the health and safety of the public were not affected.

### Corrective Action:

The immediate corrective action was to open valves 3SD-5 and 3SD-290 in order to lower the OTSG pressure. The Condensate and Feedwater Procedure will be revised to lower OTSG level to between 60% and 80% on the operating range prior to initiating FDW recirculation. A note will also be added to close the start-up block valves if the control valves leak.

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0 2	On February 26, 1981, the "B" Steam Generator was pressurized to 550 psig.
013	No systems or piping were damaged by this incident. The integrity of the
0 4	main steam lines, hangers, and the OTSG itself were verified. Thus, this
0 5	incident was of no significance with respect to safe operation, and the
0 5	health and safety of the public were not affected.
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	CAUSE DESCRIPTION AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS (27)
10	The major cause of the incident was the result of a procedural deficiency.
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