TO
SNRC-1666

# DEFINITIONS

SECTION					
DEFINITIONS (Continued)					
1.25	OFF ITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM)	1-4			
1.26	OPERABLE - OPERABILITY	1-4			
1.27	OPERATIONAL CONDITION - CONDITION	1-4			
1.28	PHYSICS TESTS	1-4			
1.29	PRESSURE BOUNDARY LEAKAGE	1-5			
1.30	PRIMARY CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY	1-5			
1.31	PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM (PCP)	1-5			
1.32	PURGE - PURGING	1-5			
1.33	RATED THERMAL POWER	1-5			
1.34	REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME	1-5			
1.35	REPORTABLE EVENT	1-6			
1.36	ROD DENSITY	1-6			
1.37	SECONDARY CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY	1-6			
1.38	SHUTDOWN MARGIN	1-6			
1.39	SITE BOUNDARY	1-6			
1.40	SOLIDIFICATION (NOT USED) (REFER TO PCP)	1-6			
1.41	SOURCE CHECK	1-6			
1.42	STAGGERED TEST BASIS	1-7			
1.43	THERMAL POWER	1-7			
1.44	TURBINE BYPASS SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME	1-7			
1.45	UNIDENTIFIED LEAKAGE	1-7			
1.46	UNRESTRICTED AREA	1-7			
1.47	VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM	1-7			
1.48	VENTING	1-7			

# LIMITING CONDITIONS FOR OPERATION AND SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SECTION		PAGI	2
3/4.3	INSTRUMENTATION		
3/4.3.1	REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM INSTRUMENTATION	3/4	3-1
3/4.3.2	ISOLATION ACTUATION INSTRUMENTATION	3/4	3-9
3/4.3.3	EMERGENCY CORE COOLING SYSTEM ACTUATION INSTRUMENTATION	3/4	3-27
3/4.3.4	RECIRCULATION PUMP TRIP ACTUATION INSTRUMENTATION ATWS Recirculation Pump Trip System Instrumentation	3/4	3-36
	End-of-Cycle Recirculation Pump Trip System Instrumentation	3/4	3-40
3/4.3.5	REACTOR CORE ISOLATION COOLING SYSTEM ACTUATION INSTRUMENTATION.	3/4	3-46
3/4.3.6	CONTROL ROD BLOCK INSTRUMENTATION	3/4	3-51
3/4.3.7	MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION		
	Radiation Monitoring Instrumentation	3/4	3-57
	Seismic Monitoring Instrumentation	3/4	3-62
	Meteorological Monitoring Instrumentation	3/4	3-65
	Remote Shutdown Monitoring Instrumentation	3/4	3-68
	Accident Monitoring Instrumentation	3/4	3-71
	Source Range Monitors	3/4	3-75
	Traversing In-Core Probe System	3/4	3-76
	Chloride Intrusion Monitors	3/4	3-77
	Fire Detection Instrumentation	3/4	3-81
	Radioactive Liquid and Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4	3-84
	Explosive Gas Monitoring Instrumentation	3/4	3-89
	Loose-Part Detection System	3/4	3-94
	Safety Parameter Display System	3/4	3-95
	Diesel Generator 3300 KW Alarm	3/4	3-97
3/4.3.8	TURBINE OVERSPEED PROTECTION SYSTEM	3/4	3-98
3/4.3.9	FEEDWATER SYSTEM/MAIN TURBINE TRIP SYSTEM ACTUATION INSTRUMENTATION.	3/4	3-100

# LIMITING CONDITIONS FOR OPERATION AND SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SECTION		PAGE	
3/4.11	RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS		
3/4.11.1	LIQUID EFFLUENTS		
	Concentration (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	11-1
	Dose (NOT USED) (Refer to ODOM)	3/4 1	11-5
	Liquid Radwaste Treatment System (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)		
	Liquid Holdup Tanks	3/4 1	11-7
3/4.11.2	GASEOUS EFFLUENTS		
	Dose Rate (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	11-8
	Dose-Noble Gases (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	11-12
	Dose - Iodine 131, Iodine-133, Tritium and Radionuclides in Particulate Form (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	11/13
	Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM).	3/4 1	11-14
	Ventilation Exhaust Treatment System (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	11-15
	Explosive Gas Mixture	3/4 1	11-16
	Main Condenser	3/4 1	11-17
	Containment Purging and Venting (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	11-18
3/4.11.3	SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE (NOT USED) (Refer to PCP)	3/4 1	11-20
3/4.11.4	TOTAL DOSE (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	11-21
3/4.12	RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING		
3/4 12.1	MONITORING PROGRAM (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	2-1
3/4.12.2	LAND USE CENSUS (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	2-12
3/4.12.3	INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	3/4 1	2-13

BASES SECTION PAGE INSTRUMENTATION (Continued) 3/4.3.7 MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION Radiation Monitoring Instrumentation...... B 3/4 3~4 Seismic Monitoring Instrumentation..... B 3/4 3-4 Meteorological Monitoring Instrumentation..... B 3/4 3-4 Remote Shutdown Monitoring Instrumentation..... B 3/4 3-5 Accident Monitoring Instrumentation..... B 3/4 3-5 Source Range Monitors..... B 3/4 3-5 Traversing In-Core Probe System..... B 3/4 3-5 Chloride Intrusion Monitors..... B 3/4 3-5 Fire Detection Instrumentation..... B 3/4 3-6 Radioactive Liquid and Gaseous Effluent Monitoring Instrumentation (NOT USED) (Refer to ODOM)..... B 3/4 3-6 Explosive Gas Monitoring Instrumentation..... B 3/4 3-6 Loose-Part Detection System..... B 3/4 3-6 Safety Parameter Display System..... B 3/4 3-7 3/4.3.8 TURBINE OVERSPEED PROTECTION SYSTEM..... B 3/4 3-7 3/4.3.9 FEEDWATER SYSTEM/MAIN TURBINE TRIP SYSTEM ACTUATION INSTRUMENTATION..... B 3/4 3-7 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM 3/4.4 3/4.4.1 RECIRCULATION SYSTEM..... B 3/4 4-1 3/4.4.2 SAFETY/RELIEF VALVES..... B 3/4 4-1 3/4.4.3 REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM LEAKAGE Operational Leakage..... B 3/4 4-2 3/4.4.4 CHEMISTRY..... B 3/4 4-2 3/4.4.5 SPECIFIC ACTIVITY..... B 3/4 4-3 3/4.4.6 PRESSURE/TEMPERATURE LIMITS...... B 3/4 4-4 3/4.4.7 MAIN STEAM LINE ISOLATION VALVES...... B 3/4 4-5 3/4.4.8 STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY..... B 3/4 4-5 3/4.4.9 RESIDUAL HEAT REMOVAL..... P 3/4 4-5

SECTION		PAGE	
3/4.11 RADI	CACTIVE EFFLUENTS		
3/4.11.1	LIQUID EFFLUENTS		
	Concentration (NOT USED). (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	11-1
	Dose (NOT USED) (Refer to ODOM)	B 3/4	11-1
	Liquid Radwaste Treatment System (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	11-2
	Liquid Holdup Tanks	B 3/4	11-2
3/4 11.2	GASEOUS EFFLUENTS		
	Dose Rate (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	11-2
	Dose - Noble Gases (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	11-3
	Dose - Iodine-131, Iodine-133, Tritium and Radionuclides in Particulate Form (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	11-3
	Gaseous Radwaste Treatment System (NOT USED).(Refer to ODCM)	в 3/4	11-4
	Ventilation Exhaust Treatment System (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	11-4
	Explosive Gas Mixture	B 3/4	11-5
	Main Condense:	B 3/4	11-5
	Containment Purging and Venting (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	11-5
3/4.11.3	SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE (NOT USED) (Refer to PCP)	B 3/4	11-5
3/4.11.4	TOTAL DOSE (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	11-5
3/4.12 RADI	OLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING		
3/4.12.1	MONITORING PROGRAM (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	12-1
3/4.12.2	LAND USE CENSUS (NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)	B 3/4	12-1
3/4.12.3	INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM	D 2/A	12-2

ADMINISTRATIVE C	CONTROLS
------------------	----------

SECTION		PAGE
NUCLEAR REVIEW BOARD (NRB) (Continued)		
REVIEW		6-10
AUDITS		6-11
RECORDS		6-11
6.6 REPORTABLE EVENT ACTION		6-12
6.7 SAFETY LIMIT VIOLATION		6-12
6.8 PROCEDURES AND PROGRAMS		6-13
6.9 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS		6-14b
6.9.1 ROUTINE REPORTS		6-14b
STARTUP REPORT		6-14b
ANNUAL REPORTS		6-15
ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONM	ENTAL OPERATING REPORT	6-15
SEMIANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLU	ENT RELEASE REPORT	6-16
MONTHLY OPERATING REPORTS		6-18
6.9.2 SPECIAL REPORTS		6-18
6.10 RECORD RETENTION		6-18
6.11 RADIATION PROTECTION PROGRAM		6-19
6.12 HIGH RADIATION AREA		6-20
6.13 PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM (PCP)		6-21
6.14 OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (C		6-21
6.15 MAJOR CHANGES TO RADIOACTIVE LIQUI WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS (NOT USED)	ID, GASEOUS, AND SOLID	6-22

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

TABLE		PAGE	
4.3.7.4-1	REMOTE SHUTDOWN MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS.	3/4 3-	70
3.3.7.5-1	ACCIDENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION	3/4 3-1	72
4.3.7.5-1	ACCIDENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	3/4 3-1	74
3.3.7.8-1	CHLORIDE INTRUSION CONDUCTIVITY MONITORS	3/4 3-	78
3.3.7.8-2	CHLORIDE INTRUSION CONDUCTIVITY MONITOPS SETPOINTS	3/4 3-1	79
4.3.7.8-1	CHLORIDE INTRUSION CONDUCTIVITY MONITORS SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	3/4 3-8	80
3.3.7.9-1	FIRE DETECTION INSTRUMENTATION	3/4 3-8	82
3.3.7.11-1	EXPLOSIVE GAS MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION	3/4 3-9	90
4.3.7.11-1	EXPLOSIVE GAS MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	3/4 3-9	92
3.3.7.13-1	SAFETY PARAMETER DISPLAY SYSTEM	3/4 3-9	96
3.3.9-1	FEEDWATER SYSTEM/MAIN TURBINE TRIP SYSTEM ACTUATION INSTRUMENTATION	3/4 3-1	101
3.3.9-2	FEEDWATER SYSTEM/MAIN TURBINE TRIP SYSTEM ACTUATION INSTRUMENTATION SETPOINTS	3/4 3-1	102
4.3.9.1-1	FEEDWATER SYSTEM/MAIN TURBINE TRIP SYSTEM ACTUATION INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE		
	REQUIREMENTS	3/4 3-1	
3.4.3.2-1	REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM PRESSURE ISOLATION VALVES	3/4 4-1	.2
3.4.4-1	REACTOR COOLANT SYSTEM CHEMISTRY LIMITS	3/4 4-1	.5
4.4.5-1	PRIMARY COOLANT SPECIFIC ACTIVITY SAMPLE AND ANALYSIS PROGRAM	3/4 4-1	18

# LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

TARLE		PAGE
4.4.6.1.3-1	REACTOR VESSEL MATERIAL SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMWITHDRAWAL SCHEDULE.	3/4 4-22
3.6.3-1	PRIMARY CONTAINMENT ISOLATION VALVES	3/4 6-23
3.6.5.2-1	REACTOR BUILDING VENTILATION SYSTEM AUTOMATIC ISOLATION VALVES	3/4 6-39
3.7.7.5-1	FIRE HOSE STATIONS	3/4 7-30
3.7.7.6-1	YARD FIRE HYDRANTS AND ASSOCIATED HYDRANT HOSE STATIONS.	3/4 7-33
3.7.9-1	AREA TEMPERATURE MONITORING	3/4 7-37
3.7.11.1-1	LIMITING VALUES OF SETTLEMENTS OF REACTOR BUILDING (RB)	3/4 7-42
4.8.1.1.2-1	DIESEL GENERATOR TEST SCHEDULE	3/4 8-8
4.8.2.1-1	BATTERY SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS	3/4 8-12
3.8.4.1-1	4.16 kV PRIMARY CONTAINMENT PENETRATION CONDUCTOR OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVISES	3/4 8-20
3.8.4.1-2	LOW VOLTAGE CIRCUIT BREAKER PENETRATION CONDUCTOR PROTECTION	3/4 8-21
3.8.4.2-1	MOTOR-OPERATED VALVES THERMAL OVERLOAD PROTECTION.	3/4 8-25

LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST

1.21 A LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST shall be a test of all logic components.
i.e., all relays and contacts, all trip units, solid state logic elements, etc. of a logic circuit, from sensor through and including the actuated device, to verify OPERABILITY. The LOGIC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL TEST may be performed by any series of sequential, overlapping or total system steps such that the entire logic system is tested.

MAXIMUM FRACTION OF LIMITING POWER DENSITY

1.22 The MAXIMUM FRACTION OF LIMITING POWER DENSITY (MFLPD) shall be highest value of the FLPD which exists in the core.

MEMBER(S) OF THE PUBLIC

1.23 MEMBER(S) OF THE PUBLIC shall include all persons who are not occupationally associated with the plant. This category does not include employees of the utility, its contractors or vendors. Also excluded from this category are persons who enter the site to service equipment or to make deliveries. This category does include persons who use portions of the site for recreational, occupational or other purposes not associated with the plant.

MINIMUM CRITICAL POWER RATIO

1.24 The MINIMUM CRITICAL POWER RATIO (MCPR) shall be the smallest CPR which exists in the core.

OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM)

1.25 The OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (COCM) shall contain methodology and parameters used in the calculation of offsite doses resulting from radioactive gaseous and liquid effluents, in the calculation of gaseous and liquid effluent monitoring Alarm/Trip Setpoints, and in the conduct of the Environmental Radiological Monitoring Program. The ODCM shall also contain (1) the Radioactive Effluent Controls and Radiological Environmental Monitoring Programs required by Section 6.8.4 and (2) descriptions of the information that should be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating and Semi-annual Radioactive Effluent Release Reports required by Specifications 6.9.1.6 and 6.9.1.7.

OPERABLE - OPERABILITY

1.26 A system, subsystem, train, component or device shall be OPERABLE or have OPERABLITY when it is capable of performing its specified function(s) and when all necessary attendant instrumentation, controls, electrical power, cooling or seal water, lubrication or other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, train, component or device to perform its function(s) are also capable of performing their related support function(s).

OPERATIONAL CONDITION - CONDITION

1.27 An OPERATIONAL CONDITION, i.e., CONDITION, shall be any one inclusive combination of mode switch position and average reaccor coolant temperature as specified in Table 1.2.

PHYSICS TESTS

1.28 PHYSICS TESTS shall be those tests performed to measure the fundamental nuclear characteristics of the reactor core and related instrumentation and (1) described in Chapter 14 of the USAR, (2) authorized under the provisions of 10 CFR 50.59, or (3) otherwise approved by the Commission.

PRESSURE BOUNDARY LEAKAGE

1.29 PRESSURE BOUNDARY LEAKAGE shall be leakage through a nonisolable fault in a reactor coolant system component body, pipe wall, or vessel wall.

PRIMARY CONTAL NT INTEGRITY

- 1.30 PRIMARY CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY shall exist when:
  - a. All primary containment penetrations required to be closed during accident conditions are either:
    - Capable of being closed by an OPERABLE primary containment automatic isolation system, or
    - Closed by at least one manual valve, blind flange, or deactivated automatic valve secured in its closed position, except as provided in Table 3.6.3-1 of Specification, 3.6.3.
  - b. All primary containment equipment hatches are closed and sealed.
  - c. Each primary containment air lock is in compliance with the requirements of Specification 3.6.1.3.
  - d. The primary containment leakage rates are within the limits of Specification 3.6.1.2.
  - e. The suppression chamber is in compliance with the requirements of Specification 3.6.2.1.
  - f. The sealing mechanism associated with each primary containment penetration; e.g., welds, bellows, or O-rings, is OPERABLE.

PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM

1.31 The PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM (PCP) shall contain the current formulas, sampling, analyses, test, and determinations to be made to ensure that processing and packaging of solid radioactive wastes based on demonstrated processing of actual or simulated wet solid wastes will be accomplished in such a way as to assure compliance with 10 CFR Parts 20, 1, and 71, State regulations, burial ground requirements, and other requirements governing the disposal of solid radioactive waste.

PURGE - PURGING

1.32 PURGE or PURGING shall be the controlled process of discharging air or gas from a confinement to maintain temperature, pressure, humidity, concentration, or other operating condition, in such a manner that replacement air or gas is required to purify the confinement.

RATED THERMAL POWER

1.33 RATED THERMAL POWER shall be a total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant of 2436 MWt.

REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME

1.34 REACTOR PROTECTION SYSTEM RESPONSE TIME shall be the time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its trip setpoint at the channel sensor until deenergization of the scram pilot valve solenoids. The response time may be measured by any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps such that the entire response time is measured.

### REPORTABLE EVENT

1.35 A REPORTABLE EVENT shall be any of those conditions specified in Section 50.73 to 10 CFR Part 50.

### ROD DENSITY

1.36 ROD DENSITY shall be the number of control rod notches inserted as a fraction of the total number of control rod notches. All rods fully inserted is equivalent to 100% ROD DENSITY.

### SECONDARY CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY

- 1.37 SECONDARY CONTAINMENT INTEGRITY shall exist when:
  - a. All secondary containment penetrations required to be closed during accident conditions are either:
    - Capable of being closed by an OPERABLE secondary containment automatic isolation system, or
    - Closed by at least one manual valve, blind flange, or deactivated automatic valve secured in its closed position, except as provided in Table 3.6.5.2-1 of Specification 3.6.5.2.
  - b. All secondary containment hatches are closed and sealed.
  - c. The Reactor Building Standby Ventilation System is in compliance with the requirements of Specification 3.6.5.3.
  - d. At least one door in each access to the secondary containment is closed.
  - e. The sealing mechanism associated with each secondary containment penetration, e.g., welds, bellows, or O-rings, is OPERABLE.
  - f. The pressure within the secondary containment is less than or equal to the value required by Specification 4.6.5.la.

#### SHUTDOWN MARGIN

1.38 SHUTDOWN MARGIN shall be the amount of reactivity by which the reactor is subcritical or would be subcritical assuming all control rods are fully inserted except for the single control rod of highest reactivity worth which is assumed to be fully withdrawn and the reactor is in the shutdown condition; cold, i.e., 68°F; and xenon free.

#### SITE BOUNDARY

1.39 The SITE BOUNDARY shall be that line beyond which the land is neither owned, nor leased, nor otherwise controlled by the licensee.

### SOLIDIFICATION

1.40 (NOT USED - REFER TO PCP)

#### SOURCE CHECK

1.41 A SOURCE CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment of channel response when the channel sensor is exposed to a radioactive source.

## INSTRUMENTATION

## RADIOACTIVE LIQUID AND GASEOUS EFFLUENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

3/4.3.7.10 (NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and ODCM)

#### INSTRUMENTATION

### EXPLOSIVE GAS MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

#### LIMITING CONDITION FOR OPERATION

3.3.7.11 The explosive gas monitoring instrumentation channels shown in Table 3.3.7.11-1 shall be OPERABLE with their alarm/trip setpoints set to ensure that the limits of Specification 3.11.2.6 are not exceeded.

APPLICABILITY: As shown in Table 3.3.7.11-1

#### ACTION:

- a. With an explosive gas monitoring instrumentation channel alarm/trip setpoint less conservative than required by the above specification, declare the channel inoperable and take ACTION shown in Table 3.3.7.11-1.
- b. With less than the minimum number of explosive gas monitoring instrumentation channels OPERABLE, take the ACTION shown in Table 3.3.7.11-1. Restore the inoperable instrumentation to OPERABLE status within the time specified in the ACTION or prepare and submit a Special Report to the Commission pursuant to Specification 6.9.2 to explain why this inoperability was not corrected within the time specified.
- c. The provisions of Specifications 3.0.3 and 3.0.4 are not applicable.

#### SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

4.3.7.11 Each explosive gas monitoring instrumentation channel shall be demonstrated OPERABLE by performance of the CHANNEL CHECK, SOURCE CHECK, CHANNEL CALIBRATION, and CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST operations at the frequencies shown in Table 4.3.7.11-1.

# TABLE 3.3.7.11-1

# EXPLOSIVE GAS MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

	INS	TRUMENT	MINIMUM CHANNELS OPERABLE	APPLICABILITY	ACTION
1.	(NO	T USED)			
2.		N CONDENSER OFFGAS TREATMENT SYSTE LOSIVE GAS MONITORING SYSTEM	M		
	a.	Hydrogen Monitor (downstream of recombiner)	1#	**	121

### TABLE 3.3.7.11-1 (Continued)

### TABLE NOTATIONS

- \* (NOT USED)
- \*\* During main condenser offgas treatment system operation.
  - # A monitor connected to the operating offgas loop shall be OPERABLE.

### ACTION STATEMENTS

ACTION 121 - With the number of channels OPERABLE less than required by the Minimum Channels OPERABLE requirement, operation of main condenser offgas treatment system may continue for up to 30 days provided grab samples are collected at least once per 4 hours and analyzed within the following 4 hours.

# TABLE 4.3.7.11-1

# EXPLOSIVE GAS MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

INS"	TRUME	<u>MT</u>	CHANNELS CHECK	SOURCE	CHANNEL CALIBRATION	CHANNEL FUNCTIONAL TEST	MODES IN WHICH SURVEILLANCE REQUIRED
1.	(NO	T USED)					
2.	TRE	N CONDENSER OFFCAS ATMENT SYSTEM LOSIVE GAS LTORING SYSTEM					
	а.	Hydrogen Monitor (downstream of recombiner)	D	N.A.	Q(3)	М	

# TABLE 4.3.7.11-1 (Continued)

# TABLE NOTATIONS

- \* (NOT USED)
- \*\* During main condenser offgas treatment system operation.
- (1) (NOT USED)
- (2) (NOT USED)
- (3) The CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall include the use of standard gas samples containing a nominal one volume percent hydrogen, balance nitrogen.

## 3/4.11 RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

# 3/4.11.1 LIQUID EFFLUENTS

# CONCENTRATION

3/4.11.1.1 (NOT USED) (Fefer to Section 6.8.4 and ODCM)

# RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

# DOSE

3/4.11.1.2 (NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and ODCM)

# RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

# LIQUID RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM

3/4.11.1.3 (NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and ODCM)

# PADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

# 3/4.11.2 GASBOUS EFFLUENTS

# DOSE RATE

3/4.11.2.1 (NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and ODCM)

# RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

# DOSE - NOBLE GASES

3/4.11.2.2 (NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and the ODCM)

## RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

# DOSE - IODINE-131, IODINE-133, TRITIUM, AND RADIONUCLIDES IN PARTICULATE FORM

3/4.11.2.3 (NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and the ODOM)

## RADIOACTIVE EFFILIENTS

# GASBOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM

3/4.11.2.4 (NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and the ODCM)

## RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

# VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM

3/4.11.2.5 (NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and the ODCM)

## RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

## CONTAINMENT PURGING AND VENTING

3/4.11.2.8 (NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and the ODCM)

#### RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

## 3/4.11.3 SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE

(NOT USED) (Refer to PCP)

### RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENTS

# 3/4.11.4 TOTAL DOSE

(NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and ODCM)

# 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

(NOT USED)

# 3/4.12.1 MONITORING PROGRAM

(NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and ODCM)

# RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

(NOT USED)

# 3/4.12.2 LAND USE CENSUS

(NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and ODCM)

### RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

(NOT USED)

# 3/4.12.3 INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM

(NOT USED) (Refer to Section 6.8.4 and ODCM)

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#### MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION (Continued)

#### 3/4 3.7.9 FIRE DETECTION INSTRUMENTATION

OPERABILITY of the fire detection instrumentation ensures that adequate warming capability is available for the prompt detection of fires. This capability is required in order to detect and locate fires in their early stages. Prompt detection of fires will reduce the potential for damage to safety-related equipment and is an integral element in the overall facility fire protection program.

In the event that a portion of the fire detection instrumentation is inoperable, increasing the frequency of fire watch patrols in the affected areas is required to provide detection capability until the inoperable instrumentation is restored to OPERABILITY.

### 3/4,3.7.10 RADIOACTIVE LIQUID AND GASEOUS EFFILIENT MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

### 3/4.3.7.11 EXPLOSIVE GAS MONITORING INSTRUMENTATION

The instrumentation includes provisions for monitoring (and controlling) the concentrations of potentially explosive gas mixtures in the main condenser offgas treatment system. The OPERABILITY and use of this instrumentation is consistent with the requirements of General Design Criteria 60, 63, and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

# 3/4.3.7.12 LOOSE-PART DETECTION SYSTEM

The OPERABILITY of the loose-part detection system ensures that sufficient capability is available to detect loose metallic parts in the primary system and avoid or mitigate damage to primary system components. The allowable out-of-service times and surveillance requirements are consistent with the recommendations of Regulatory Guide 1.133, "Loose-Part Detection Program for the Primary System of Light-Water-Cooled Reactors," May 1981.

BASES

# 3/4 11.1 LIQUID EFFIUENTS

# 3/4 11.1.1 CONCENTRATION

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODOM)

# 3/4 11.1.2 DOSE

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODOM)

EASES

# 3/4.11.1.3 LIQUID RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

### 3/4.11.1.4 LIQUID HOLDUP TANKS

Restricting the quantity of radioactive material contained in the specified tanks provides assurance that in the event of an uncontrolled release of the tanks' contents, the resulting concentrations would be less than the limits of 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B. Table II, Column 2, at the nearest potable water supply and the nearest surface water supply in an UNRESTRICTED AREA.

### 3/4.11.2 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS

#### 3/4 11.2.1 DOSE RATE

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

BASES

3/4.11.2.2 DOSE - NOBLE GASES

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

3/4.11.2.3 DOSE - IODINE-131, IODINE-133, TRITIUM, AND RADIONUCLIDES IN PARTICULATE FORM

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

BASES

# 3/4.11.2.4 GASEOUS RADWASTE TREATMENT SYSTEM

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

# 3/4.11.2.5 VENTILATION EXHAUST TREATMENT SYSTEM

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODOM)

BASES

#### 3/4.11.2.6 EXPLOSIVE GAS MIXTURE

This specification is provided to ensure that the concentration of potentially explosive gas mixtures contained in the main condenser offgas treatment system is maintained below the flammability limit of hydrogen. The limits of Specification 3.11.2.6 are based upon the system's explosion-proof design. The only non-explosion-proof portion of the system is upstream of the recombiner, booster ejector, where the gas mixture is below the flammability limit. Maintaining the concentration of hydrogen below its flammability limit provides assurance that the releases of radioactive materials will be controlled in conformance with the requirements of General Design Criterion 60 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

#### 3/4.11.2.7 MAIN CONDENSER

Restricting the gross radioactivity rate of noble gases from the main condenser provides reasonable assurance that the total body exposure to an individual at the exclusion area boundary will not exceed a small fraction of the limits of 10 CFR Part 100 in the event this effluent is inadvertently discharged directly to the environment without treatment. This specification implements the requirements of General Design Criteria 60 and 64 of Appendix A to 10 CFR Part 50.

### 3/4 11.2.8 CONTAINMENT PURGING AND VENTING

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

### 3/4.11.3 SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE

(NOT USED) (Refer to PCP)

### 3/4.11.4 TOTAL DOSE

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

# 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

BASES

# 3/4.12.1 MONITORING PROGRAM

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

## 3/4.12.2 LAND USE CENSUS

(NOT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

# 3/4.12 RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

PASES

# 3/4.12.3 INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON PROGRAM

(MUT USED) (Refer to ODCM)

#### PROCEDURES AND PROGRAMS (Continued)

The program shall include the following:

- 1. Preventive maintenance and periodic visual inspection requirements, and
- Integrated leak test requirements for each system at refueling cycle intervals or less.

## b. In-Plant Radiation Monitoring

A program which will ensure the capability to accurately determine the airborne iodine concentration in vital areas under accident conditions. This program shall include the following:

- 1. Training of personnel,
- 2. Procedures for monitoring, and
- 3. Provisions for maintenance of sampling and analysis equipment.

### c. Post-accident Sampling

A program which will ensure the capability to obtain and analyze reactor coolant, radioactive iodines and particulates in plant gaseous effluents, and containment atmosphere samples under accident conditions. The program shall include the following:

- 1. Training of personnel,
- 2. Procedures for sampling and analysis, and
- 3. Provisions for maintenance of sampling and analysis equipment.

#### d. Radioactive Effluent Controls Program

A program shall be provided conforming with 10 CFR 50.36a for the control of radioactive effluents and for maintaining the doses to MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC from radioactive effluents as low as reasonably achievable. The program (1) shall be contained in the ODCM, (2) shall be implemented by operating procedures, and (3) shall include remedial actions to be taken whenever the program limits are exceeded. The program shall include the following elements:

- Limitations on the operability of radioactive liquid and gaseous monitoring instrumentation including surveillance tests and setpoint determination in accordance with the methodology in the ODCM,
- 2) Limitations on the concentrations of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to UNRESTRICTED AREAS conforming to 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2,

### d. Radioactive Effluent Controls Program (continued)

- Monitoring, sampling, and analysis of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents in accordance with 10 CFR 20.106 and with the methodology and parameters in the ODOM,
- 4) Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses or dose commitment to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from radioactive materials in liquid effluents released from each unit to UNRESTRICTED AREAS conforming to Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50,
- 5) Determination of cumulative and projected dose contributions from radioactive effluents for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM at least every 31 days,
- 6) Limitations on the operability and use of the liquid and gaseous effluent treatment systems to ensure that the appropriate portions of these systems are used to reduce releases of radioactivity when the projected doses in a 31-day period would exceed 2 percent of the quidelines for the annual dose or dose commitment conforming to Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50,
- 7) Limitations on the dose rate resulting from radioactive material released in gaseous effluents to areas beyond the SITE BOUNDARY conforming to the doses associated with 10 CFR Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 1,
- 8) Limitations on the annual and quarterly air doses resulting from noble gases released in gaseous effluents from each unit to areas beyond the SITE BOUNDARY conforming to Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50,
- 9) Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses to a MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC from Iodine-131, Iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days in gaseous effluents released from each unit to areas beyond the SITE BOUNDARY conforming to Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50,
- 10) Limitations on venting and purging of the Mark II containment through the Standby Gas Treatment System to maintain releases as low as reasonably achievable, and
- 11) Limitations on the annual dose or dose commitment to any MEMBER OF THE PUBLIC due to releases of radioactivity and to radiation from uranium fuel cycle sources conforming to the 40 CFR Park 190.

#### e. Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program

A program shall be provided to monitor the radiation and radionuclides in the environs of the plant. The program shall provide (1) representative measurements of radioactivity in the highest potential exposure pathways, and (2) verification of the accuracy of the effluent monitoring program and modeling of environmental exposure pathways. The program shall (1) be contained in the ODCM, (2) conform to the guidance of Appendix I to 10 CFR Park 50, and (3) include the following:

- Monitoring, sampling, analysis, and reporting of radiation and radionuclides in the environment in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM,
- 2) A Land Use Census to ensure that changes in the use of areas at and beyond the SITE BOUNDARY are identified and that modifications to the monitoring program are made if required by the results of this census, and
- 3) Participation in a Interlaboratory Comparison Program to ensure that independent checks on the precision and accuracy of the measurements of radioactive materials in environmental sample matrices are performed as part of the quality assurance program for environmental monitoring.

#### 6.9 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

#### ROUTINE REPORTS

6.9.1 In addition to the applicable reporting requirements of Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, the following reports shall be submitted to the Regional Administrator of the Regional Office of the NRC unless otherwise noted.

#### STARTUP REPORT

- 6.9.1.1 A summary report of plant startup and power escalation testing shall be submitted following (1) receipt of an Operating License, (2) amendment to the license involving a planned increase in power level. (3) installation of fuel that has a different design or has been manufactured by a different fuel supplier, and (4) modifications that may have significantly altered the nuclear, thermal, or hydraulic performance of the station.
- 6.9.1.2 The startup report shall address each of the tests identified in the Final Safety Analysis Report and shall include a description of the measured values of the operating conditions or characteristics obtained during the test program and a comparison of these values with design predictions and specifications. Any corrective actions that were required to obtain satisfactory operation shall also be described. Any additional specific details required in license conditions based on other commitments shall be included in this report.

#### STARTUP REPORT (Continued)

6.9.1.3 Startup reports shall be submitted within (1) 90 days following completion of the startup test program, (2) 90 days following resumption or commencement of commercial power operation, or (3) 9 months following initial criticality, whichever is earliest. If the startup report does not cover all three events (i.e., initial criticality, completion of startup test program, and resumption of commencement of commercial operation) supplementary reports shall be submitted at least every 3 months until all three events have been completed.

#### ANNUAL REPORTS

- 6.9.1.4 Annual reports covering the activities of the unit as described below for the previous calendar year shall be submitted prior to March 1 of each year. The initial report shall be submitted prior to March 1 of the year following initial criticality.
- 6.9.1.5 Reports required on an annual basis shall include a tabulation on an annual basis of the number of station, utility, and other personnel (including contractors) receiving exposures greater than 100 mrems/yr and their associated manrem exposure according to work and job functions\* (e.g., reactor operations and surveillance, inservice inspection, routine maintenance, special maintenance (describe maintenance), waste processing, and refueling). The dose assignments to various duty functions may be estimated based on pocket dosimeter, thermoluminescent dosimeters (TLD), or film badge measurements. Small exposures totalling less than 20% of the individual total dose need not be accounted for. In the aggregate, at least 80% of the total wholebody dose received from external sources should be assigned to specific major work functions.

#### ANNUAL RADIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENTAL OPERATING REPORT

6.9.1.6 That Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report covering the operation of the unit during the previous calendar year shall be submitted before May 1 of each year. The report shall include summaries, interpretations, and analysis of trends of the results of the Radiological Environmental Monitoring Program for the reporting period. The material provided shall be consistent with the objectives outlined in (1) the ODCM and (2) Sections IV.B.2, IV.B.3, and IV.C of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50.

<sup>\*</sup>This tabulation supplements the requirements of paragraph 20.407 of 10 CFR Part 20.

#### SEMIANNUAL RADIOACTIVE EFFLUENT RELEASE REPORT

6.9.1.7 The Semiannaul Radioactive Effluent Release Report covering the operation of the unit during the previous 6 months of operation shall be submitted within 60 days after January 1 and July 1 of each year. The report shall include a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from the unit. The material provided shall be (1) consistent with the objectives outlined in the ODCM and PCP and (2) in conformance with 10 CFR 50.36a and Section IV.B.1 of Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50.

#### RECORD RETENTION (Continued)

- b. Records of new and irradiated fuel inventory, fuel transfers, and assembly burnup histories.
- c. Records of radiation exposure for all individuals entering radiation control areas.
- d. Records of gaseous and liquid radioactive material released to the environs.
- e. Records of transient or operational cycles for those unit components identified in Table 5.7.1-1.
- f. Records of reactor tests and experiments.
- q. Records of training and qualification for current members of the unit staff.
- h. Records of inservice inspections performed pursuant to these Technical Specifications.
- i. Records of quality assurance activities required by the Quality Assurance Manual which are not listed in Section 6.10.2.
- Records of reviews performed for changes made to procedures or equipment or reviews of tests and experiments pursuant to 10 CFR 50.59.
- k. Records of meetings of the ROC and the NRB.
- Records of the service lives of all hydraulic and mechanical snubbers required by Specification 3.7.5 including the date at which the service life commences and associated installation and maintenance records.
- m. Records of analyses required by the radiological environmental monitoring program that would permit evaluation of the accuracy of the analysis at a later date. This should include procedures effective at specified times and QA records showing that these procedures were followed.
- n. Records of reviews performed for changes made to the OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL and the PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM.

#### 6.11 RADIATION PROTECTION PROGRAM

6.11.1 Procedures for personnel radiation protection shall be prepared consistent with the requirements of 10 CFR Part 20 and shall be approved, maintained, and adhered to for all operations involving personnel radiation exposure.

#### 6.13 PROCESS CONTROL PROGRAM (PCP)

#### Changes to the PCP:

- a. Shall be documented and records of reviews performed shall be retained as required Specification 6.10.3n. This documentation shall contain:
  - 1) Sufficient mation to support the change together with the appropriate wayses or evaluations justifying the change(s) and
  - A determination that the change will maintain the overall conformance of the solidified waste product to existing requirements of Federal, State, or other applicable regulations.
- b. Shall become effective after review and acceptance by the ROC and the approval of the Plant Manager.

#### 6.14 OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL (ODCM)

#### Changes to the ODCM:

- a. Shall be documented and records of reviews performed shall be retained as required by Specification 6.10.3n. This documentation shall contain:
  - 1) Sufficient information to support the change together with the appropriate analyses or evaluations justifying the change(s) and
  - 2) A determination that the change will maintain the level of radioactive effluent control required by 10 CFR 20.106, 40 CFR Part 190, 10 CFR 50.36a, and Appendix I to 10 CFR Part 50 and not adversely impact the accuracy or reliability of effluent, dose, or setpoint calculations.
- b. Shall become effective after review and acceptance by the ROC and the approval of the Plant Manager.
- c. Shall be submitted to the Commission in the form of a complete legible copy of the entire ODCM as a part of or concurrent with the Semiannual Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period of the report in which any change to the ODCM was made. Each change shall be identified by markings in the margin of the affected pages, clearly indicating the area of the page that was changed, and shall indicate the date (e.g., month/year) the change was implemented.

6.15 MAJOR CHANGES TO RADIOACTIVE LIQUID, GASEOUS, AND SOLID WASTE TREATMENT SYSTEMS

(NOT USED)

ATTACHMENT 3

TO

SNRC-1666